

The background of the slide is a brown spiral-bound notebook. The spiral binding is on the left side, and the notebook pages are a light tan color with a fine, woven texture. The title text is centered on the pages.

Preliminary Results: Beaver Valley PTS Analyses

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presented by

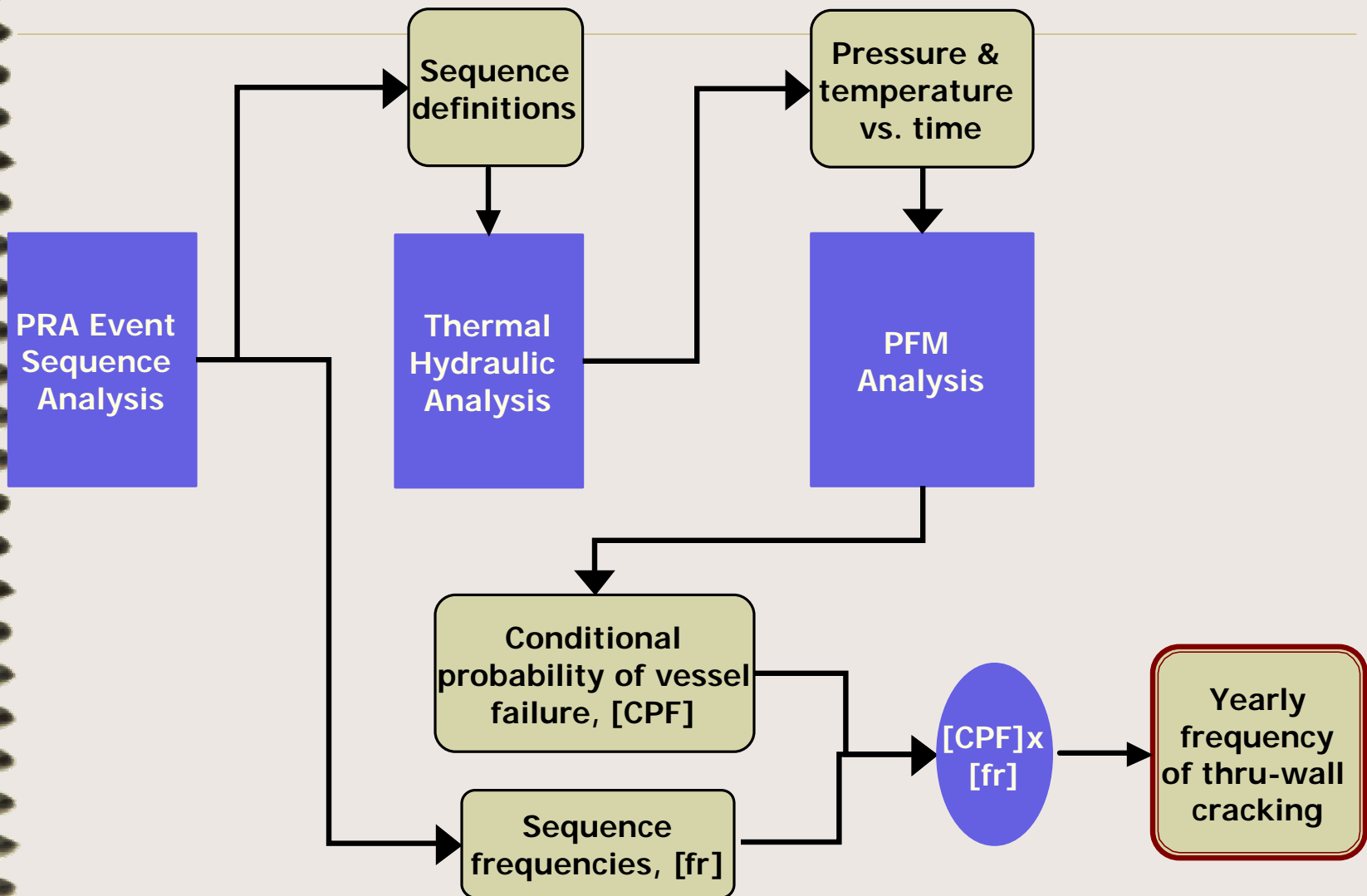
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Beaver Valley PTS Analysis

- PRA model (SAPPHIRE)
 - Large event trees / small fault trees
 - Nearly all data is generic based on actual experience
 - Human action values considered “realistic” but with conservative bias (basis: BV procedures, training...)
 - Multiple initiators (many are BV support system losses)
 - Beaver Valley systems/dependencies
- Thermal hydraulic model
 - RELAP of Beaver Valley
- Probabilistic Fracture Mechanics
 - FAVOR (post-2/2002 version) of Beaver Valley

PRA, T/H, PFM Interaction & Integration



Scenario Modeling Considerations

- In model (prelim CPI/CPF x scenario frequency is potentially high)
 - LOCAs: 1.5" to 22"
 - 2 PORVs open/both reclose
 - 1 PZR SRV open/recloses
 - 2 PZR SRVs stuck-open including possible reclosures
 - Feed & bleed (all 3 PORVs)
 - Small (at least equivalent to 3 secondary safeties) to large main steam line break (upstream of MSIVs)
 - SG overfeeds (but probably will be relatively unimportant)
- Excluded from model (prelim CPI/CPF x scenario frequency is low { $\sim E-11/\text{yr}$ })
 - 1 or 2 PORVs stuck-open
 - 1 PZR SRV stuck-open
 - 3 or less stuck-open secondary valves even with cont'd. feed
 - Combinations of secondary valve openings & PZR PORV/SRV openings/LOCAs
 - SGTR events

PRELIMINARY Results

- LOCA frequencies ($<E-3$ - $E-6$ /yr) x CPFs ($<E-2$ - $E-4$) yield $\leq E-7$ /yr thru-wall failure frequencies
- Feed and bleed ($<E-5$ /yr) x CPF ($<2E-4$) yields $\sim E-9$ /yr thru-wall failure frequency
- 2 stuck-open SRVs ($\sim E-5$ /yr) x CPF ($<2E-5$) yields $\sim E-10$ /yr thru-wall failure frequency
- 1 ($\sim E-3$ /yr) or 2 ($\sim E-5$ /yr) stuck-open SRVs and reclosures are still being looked at but could be $\sim E-8$ /yr thru wall failure frequencies
- Large main steam line break with failure to isolate feed ($\sim 2E-5$ /yr) still being checked including inadvertent RCPs shutoff ($\sim E-7$ /yr)
- Other scenarios still being looked at but are expected to be lower contributors
- Bottom line: LOCAs & multiple PZR stuck-open valves (including reclosures) appear to dominate PTS risk

Next Steps (PRA model)

- We Are Requesting Comments

- Initiators, event tree structures & dependencies
- Data (do any look very inappropriate?)
- Human actions (do values appear reasonable?)

(Note: HPI throttling/subsequent RCS pressure control is still a key action with a screening value of 50-50; in most cases will be ~0.1 or less in final analysis)

- Other comments / observations
- Revise/complete analysis including full integration with uncertainties