		INFO	CTRL	EPIP/TEP Instruction Memo
	B. Siebler			
*Backup TSC,NOB-3	M. Vyenielo		1	Date 04-15-02 Verif: 5.2. Box No. 20020140 T1 72
*Bureau of Rad Protection	S. Van Ormer			
*Control Rm-U/1 File Copy, OOB-1	S. Van Ormer		Î	Please update your file with the attached listed below, destroy the superseded/cancelled document(s). Also,
Control Rm-U/1 Shift Mgrs Station, OOB	S. Van Ormer			if <u>Controlled Documents</u> please sign the acknowledgment at the bottom of this memo and return to Debbie
*Control Rm-U/1 Work Copy, OOB-1	R. Sorrelle			Marshbank, Configuration Cntrl., Rm. 135, SOB
Coatesville EOF, Kennett Square	IMC Dept.			Marshoank, Configuration Churr, 101, 202
*Document Center, NOB-2	NRC	1		TC Page TC/PROC
*Document Control Desk, Label	D. College		—	
Dosimetry, Serv. Bldg.	N. D. Brown	—	ī	
EACC	N. D. Brown	_		EPIP-TMI-01 13
*EP – NDB, Trng. Bldg. #2		1		<u>EP2P-7M2-01 /3 </u>
*Emerg. Prep. Dept.	D. Light		1	
*EOF, Trng. Bldg.	N. D. Brown			
EOF Communicator, Trng. Bldg.	N. D. Brown		Ī	
EOF (PEMA Area), Trng. Bldg.	N. D. Brown			
*EP Drills, Trng. Bldg.	N. D. Brown		1	
EP Rep	N. D. Brown		Ī	
ESD, Trng. Bldg	N. D. Brown N. D. Brown		-	ADDITIONAL DISTRIBUTION:
ESD Asst.			—	<u>I 3H C 3H</u>
Environ. Affairs-TMI, NOB-1	W. Ressler	— 1	T	
GLRE&C	N. D. Brown	—		
Kennett EOF, Kennet Square	R. Sorrelle		1	
Logisitcal Support, Trng. Bldg	N. D. Brown			
*NRC – Onsite, Service Bldg.	P. Sauder		<u>+</u>	
*NRC - Region 1, (Chief EP Section)	N. McNama	—	$\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ -2\\ 1\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
*PEMA – Bureau of Plans	D. Fleck		_	
PI Rep	N. D. Brown		-	
Personnnel/Vehicle Monitor Kit Trng Ctr.	T. Berstler		1	
*Plant Maint. (Library), Serv. Bldg.	J. Eckroth			
RLM, Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler		—	
Rad Con -RAC Locker, Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler		—	
Rad Con -Kit 1 PC, Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler		-	I hereby acknowledge receipt of this memo and have complied with the instructions. Signature and returned memo
Rad Con Kit 2 PC, Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler			required ONLY if CONTROLLED.
Rad Con-Kit 3 EOF Bldg Rad Field Ops	T. Berstler			Signature Date
Rad Con-Kit 4 EOF Bldg Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler			
Rad Con-Kit 5 EOF Bldg Rad Field Ops.	T. Berstler		ľ	Procedure Distribution:
Rad Con-Simulator Locker, Rad Field Ops	T. Berstler	-		
*Rad Engineers-U1, OOB	T. Griffith	—		Info Copy 2 Stapled, 3 Hole Punch Memo Distribution:
*Rad Instrument, Bldg. 159	T. Griffith			
Radwaste/Chemistry, OOB-1	S. Van Ormer	-		
Secondary Chem Lab-, OOB-1	S. Van Ormer		<u> </u>	Ctrl Copy 3 Stapled, 3 Hole Punch
*Security Mgr., PC	M. Bruecks	<u> </u>		
Security U-1, PC	M. Bruecks	-	-	Plain Copy 2 Stapled (Central File & Record Box)
*Simulator Room/File Copy, Trng.	C. Flory		11	
Simulator Room/Shift Supvs Office, Trng	C. Flory		11	TC Distribution:
*Simulator Room/Working Copy, Trng.	C. Flory			
Tech Support Rep	N. D. Brown	_		Plain Copies Stapled, 3-hole punch
*TSC - Unit 1, NOB-3	B. Siebler	-	1	
*Training Dept., Trng	C. Flory	-	1	Plain Copy Stapled, 3-hole punch for Central File (if TC is original)
*OSC, Rad Field Ops	T. Berstler		11	1 Mill Copy Supres, 5 Hore F
Record Box, SOB + History Package	S. Zimmerman	<u>Plain</u>	<u>Copy</u>	

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

	_	_					Number	
	Ame	erGer	1		II - Unit 1 ncy Procedure		EPIP-1	MI- 01
Ę	Title		I	Emerge	ncy Flocedule		Revision No.	111-101
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	Emergend	y Classificat	ion and Ba	sis			1	3
-	Applicability/Sco	ope			USAG	ELEVEL	Effective Date	
-	TMI Division					2	04/1	5/02
		ent is within QA p		X Yes	No			
	50.59 Applic	able		X Yes	No			
				List of Effe	ctive Pages			
	Page	Revision	Page	Revision	<u>Page</u>	Revision	Page	Revision
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Emergency Class	Emergency Classification and Basis			

1.0 **PURPOSE**

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This procedure provides guidance for the Emergency Director for determination of emergency classification based on given initiating emergency conditions (emergency action levels). The emergency action levels stated in this procedure are TMI specific and consistent with federal guidance.

2.0 APPLICABILITY/SCOPE

This procedure applies to all Emergency Plan Implementations at TMI.

3.0 **DEFINITIONS**

Effluent Monitor	-	An on-line instrument monitoring radiological conditions of a designed pathway to the environment (e.g., station ventilation exhaust).
Emergency Action	-	Those measures or steps taken to ensure that an emergency situation is assessed (assessment actions) and that the proper corrective and/or protective actions are taken.
Emergency Action Levels (EAL's)	-	Predetermined conditions or values, including radiological dose, specific contamination levels of airborne or waterborne concentrations of radioactive materials; events such as material disasters or fire; or specific instrument indications which, when met or exceeded, require the implementation of the Emergency Plan.
Imminent	-	This is when the loss condition will occur in an hour or less. Additionally it is when equipment needed to prevent the loss is not available and it is unknown when the equipment will be available. It is also applicable if necessary equipment is not expected to be returned before the loss condition occurs.
Loss	-	The conditions exist that have resulted in the failure of a protective barrier.
Plant Conditions		
Cold Shutdown		 The plant is in the Cold Shutdown (CSD) Condition when the reactor is subcritical by at least one percent delta k/k and Tavg is no more than 200°F. Additionally the reactor coolant system pressure allowed is defined by Technical Specification 3.1.2.

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Plant Conditions (cont'd)			
Containment Integrity	-	The requirements for Containment In	tegrity are as follows:
		a. Must meet the requirements of th definition 1.7.	e Technical Specification
		 b. Containment integrity requirement 3.6) must be met whenever all 3 exist: 	
		 RCS pressure ≥ 300 psig RCS temperature ≥ 200°F Nuclear fuel is in the core 	
		c. Other integrity conditions are liste	ed in T.S. 3.6.2.
Heatup/Cooldown	-	The plant is in the Heatup/Cooldown reactor coolant temperature is greate 525°F.	
Hot Shutdown	-	The plant is in the Hot Shutdown (HS is subcritical by at least one percent o greater than 525°F.	
Hot Standby	-	The plant is in the Hot Standby (HStb following conditions exist:	y) condition when all of the
		 a. Tavg is greater than 525°F b. The reactor is critical c. Indicated neutron power on t less than two percent of rated 	
Power Operation	-	The plant is in the Power Operation (indicated neutron power is two perce as indicated on the power range char	nt of rated power, or greater,
Refueling Shutdown	-	The plant is in the Refueling Shutdow with all of the control rods removed, t by at least one percent delta k/k and temperature at the decay heat remov than 140°F. Additionally, the allowat pressure is defined by Technical Spe of a refueling shutdown is to replace the fuel assemblies including the con	the reactor would be subcriticate the reactor coolant val pump suction is no more ble reactor coolant system ecification 3.1.2. One purpose or rearrange all or a portion o
Startup	-	The plant shall be considered to be in the shutdown margin is reduced with	
Potential Loss	-	The conditions exist that have the po of a protective barrier.	ssibility to result in the failure

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Sabotage -	Sabotage is defined as "The intentional or threat followed up with tangible evide attempt to cause an interruption of norm the unauthorized use of, tampering with components, or controls of the facility". category.	nce, investigation, etc.) act or nal operations of the facility through or destruction of machinery,
Unplanned -	An event occurring that was <u>NOT</u> projec NOT EXPECTED) in the procedure or p	
Valid (on Confirmed)	An indication that is conclusively justified	from oltornata ar supportivo

Valid (or Confirmed) - An indication that is conclusively justified from alternate or supportive (backup) indicators, (e.g., other meters, manual calculations, etc.) such that all doubt related to the indicators operability is removed, including prior knowledge related to the indicator.

4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Emergency Director is responsible for implementing this procedure.

5.0 **PROCEDURE**

5.1 Upon recognition of an abnormal (unplanned, valid) condition, use the <u>Emergency Action Level</u> (EAL) Index to compare existing plant conditions to the general areas stated in the index, then refer to the referenced exhibit for the specific Emergency Action Levels.

NOTE

The detailed EAL specifications and bases provided in Exhibits 1 through 8 should be used for formal event classification activities. EAL matrices at the beginning of each exhibit provide abbreviated action level descriptions intended to facilitate general evaluation and consideration of event escalation.

- 5.1.1 Declare the highest classification of emergency (i.e., General Emergency [G], Site Area Emergency [S], Alert [A], Unusual Event [U]) for which an emergency action level has been met or exceeded, as determined by using the EAL index, EAL matrix and specific EAL and Basis.
 - 5.1.1.1 Always refer to Exhibit 8 (JUDGEMENT) to determine if an emergency declaration is warranted based on Shift Manager/Emergency Director (SM/ED) judgement. The purpose of this action is to insure that the highest level of emergency is declared based on uncertain or ambiguous conditions.
- 5.1.2 Implement EPIP-TMI-.02, <u>Emergency Direction</u>, following determination that an emergency action level (specific or judgement) has been met or exceeded.
- 5.2 Review Administrative Procedure AP 1044, <u>Incident Reporting Procedure</u> and AP 1097, <u>Corrective</u> <u>Action Process</u> to ensure that applicable reporting requirements are being met.
- 5.3 Ensure that the appropriate plant procedures are being implemented.

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		EMERGENCY ACTION LEVEL (EAL) INDEX *	**
1.0	RADIOLOGICAL CONTRO	LS	EXHibiT 1
	1.1 Airborne Effluent M		
	1.2 Radioactive Materia		
	1.3 Liquid Effluent Mon	itoring	
	1.4 Spent Fuel Pool		
	1.5 Reactor Cavity	1:	
	1.6 Fuel Clad Degrada	lion	
2.0	FISSION PRODUCT BARF	RIER	EXHIBIT 2
	2.1 Multiple Barriers 2.2 RCS Leakage		
	2.2 RUS Leakaye		
3.0	ELECTRICAL		EXHIBIT 3
	3.1 AC		
	3.2 Shutdown AC		
	3.3 DC		
4.0		TUATION AND TECH SPECS	EXHIBIT 4
	4.1 Annunciators		
	4.1.1 Communications 4.2 Tech Specs/Actua	ation Failure	
	4.3 Shutdown Invento		
	4.4 Hot Shutdown Fu		
5.0	NATURAL PHENOMENA		EXHIBIT 5
••••	5.1 High River Water		
	5.2 High Wind		·
	5.3 Tornado		
	5.4 Earthquake		
6.0	MAN-MADE PHENOMEN	A	EXHIBIT 6
	6.1 Fire		
	6.2 Control Room Eva	cuation	
	6.3 Hazardous Gas 6.4 Non-Bomb Explosi		
	6.4 Non-Bomb Explosi 6.5 Turbine Failure		
	6.6 Vehicle Crash		
7.0	SECURITY		EXHIBIT 7
	7.1 Security Event		
8.0	JUDGEMENT		EXHIBIT 8
0.0	8.1 Judgement (SM/E	ED)	

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1.1

EXHIBIT 1

1.0 RADIOLOGICAL CONTROLS

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
EFFLUENT RADIOLOGICAL DOSE	S1.1 (Airborne Effluent) HIGH RADIOLOGICAL DOSES at the SAB as indicated by:	A1.1 (Airborne Effluent) RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS significantly exceeded (200X Tech Specs) as indicated by:	U1.1 (Airborne Effluent) RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS being exceeded (2X Tech Specs) as indicated by:
 Dose Assessment information is not available for ≥ 15 minutes and any of the following RMS indications exist: 	 Dose Assessment information is not available for ≥ 15 minutes and any of the following RMS indications exist: 	1) The RELEASE HAS or WILL exceed 15 minutes.	1) The RELEASE HAS or WILL exceed 60 minutes.
RM-G-25 Off Scale high RM-A-8GH ≥ 1 E+05 CPM	RM-G-25 ≥ 3 E+05 mR/hr RM-A-8GH ≥ 1 E+04 CPM	2a) Any of the following VALID RMS indications:	AND 2a) Any of the following VALID RMS indications:
RM-A-9GH ≥ 6 E+05 CPM RM-A-14 ≥ 4 E+02 μCi/cc	RM-A-9GH ≥ 6 E+04 CPM RM-A-14 ≥ 4 E+01 μCi/cc	RM-G-25 ≥ 2 E+04 mR/hr RM-A-8GH ≥ 8 E+02 CPM RM-A-9GH ≥ 4 E+03 CPM	RM-G-25 ≥ 2 E+02 mR/hr RM-A-8G ≥ 2 E+05 CPM RM-A-9G ≥ 6 E+05 CPM
	 OR 2) Field Monitoring Team results indicate an integrated dose of ≥ 100 	RM-A-14 ≥3 E+00 μCi/cc OR	RM-A-14 \ge 3 E-02 μ Ci/cc
total Whole Body (TEDE) OR ≥ 5000 mRem Child Thyroid organ dose (CDE)	mRem but < 1000 mRem total Whole Body (TEDE) OR ≥ 500 mRem but < 5000 mRem Child Thyroid organ dose (CDE)	2b) Sample results equal or exceed the following values (μCi/cc): Noble Gas Iodine Offgas 1.5 E+03 8.4 E-02 Vent 9.1 E+00 5.0 E-04	OR 2b) Sample results equal or exceed the following values (µCi/cc): Noble Gas Iodine Offgas 1.5 E+01 8.4 E-04
OR 3) VALID dose projection for the SAB or	OR	Purge 2.0 E+01 1.0 E-03	Vent 9.1 E-02 5.0 E-06 Purge 2.0 E-01 1.0 E-05
 3) VALID dose projection for the SAB or beyond of ≥ 1000 mRem total Whole Body dose (TEDE) OR ≥ 5000 mRem child thyroid organ dose (CDE) 	 3) VALID dose projection for the SAB or beyond of ≥ 100 mRem but < 1000 mRem total Whole Body dose (TEDE) OR ≥ 500 mRem but < 5000 mRem Child Thyroid organ dose (CDE) 	OR 2c) The Dose Assessment system calculates a dose rate of: ≥ 10 mRem/hr but < 100 mRem/hr Whole Body (TEDE) OR ≥ 30 mRem/hr but < 500	OR 2c) The Dose Assessment system calculates a dose rate of: ≥ 0.1 mRem/hr but < 10 mRem/hr Whole Body (TEDE) OR
APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 9)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 10)	mRem/hr Child Thyroid (CDE) APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 11)	≥ 0.3 mRem/hr but < 30 mRem/hr Child Thyroid (CDE) APPLICABIL;TY: All Plant Conditions

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EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
		A1.2 (In Plant) VALID UNEXPECTED RADIATION LEVELS impede Safe Operation/Cold Shutdown As indicated by:	U1.2 (In Plant) VALID UNEXPECTED IN PLANT AREA RADIATION MONITOR (RM-G) readings of ≥ 500 mR/hr.
		 > 15 mR/hr on RM-G-1 (Control Room) OR 2) Select in plant area radiation monitors read > 1000 mR/hr 	
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 13)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 14)
		$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{A1.3 (Liquid Effluents)} \\ \mbox{RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS significantly} \\ \mbox{exceeded (200X Tech Spec) as indicated by ANY} \\ \mbox{of the following indications for \geq 15 minutes:} \\ \mbox{1)} & \mbox{RM-L-7 \geq 1 E+05 CPM} \\ \mbox{OR} \\ \mbox{2)} & \mbox{RM-L-12 Off Scale High} \\ \mbox{OR} \\ \mbox{3)} & Sample results of \geq 2E-03 $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$	$ \begin{array}{ll} & \text{U1.3 (Liquid Effluent)} \\ & \text{RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS being} \\ & \text{exceeded (2X Tech Spec) as indicated by ANY of} \\ & \text{the following indications for } \geq 60 \\ & \text{minutes:} \\ & 1) \\ & \text{RM-L-7} \geq 1 \\ & \text{E+03 CPM} \\ \hline & \text{OR} \\ & 2) \\ & \text{RM-L-12} \geq 1 \\ & \text{E+05 CPM} \\ & \text{OR} \\ & 3) \\ & \text{Sample results of} \geq 2 \\ & \text{E-05 } \\ & \mu \\ & \text{Circc} \\ & \text{APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions} \\ \end{array} $
		(BASIS: Page 15) A1.4 (Spent Fuel Pool) 1) Report that the irradiated fuel in the Spent Fuel Pool is uncovered OR 2) Decreasing level in the Spent Fuel Pool and RM-G-9 ≥ 1000 mR/hr OR 3) Report of damage to irradiated fuel AND Either of the following VALID RMS indications: RM-A-4G ≥ 8.0 E + 05 CPM or RM-A-14 ≥ 2.0E – 02 µCi/cc	(BASIS: Page 16) U1.4 (Spent Fuel Pool) Low Spent Fuel Pool Level alarm with uncontrolled leakage.
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 17)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 18)

EXHIBIT 1

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GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
GENERAL EMERGENCY		ALERT A1.5 (Reactor Cavity) 1) Report that the irradiated fuel in the Fuel Transfer Canal is uncovered. OR 2) Decreasing water level in the Fuel transfer Canal and either of the following VALID RMS indications: RM-G-6 ≥ 1000 mR/hr or RM-G-7 ≥ 1000 mR/hr OR 3) Report of damage to the irradiated fuel. AND Either of the following VALID RMS indications: RM-A-9G ≥ 1.0 E + 05 CPM or RM-A-2G ≥ 8.0 E + 05 CPM APPLICABILITY: CSD, RSD (BASIS: Page 19)	UNUSUAL EVENT U1.5 (Reactor Cavity) Low Fuel Transfer Canal Level alarm with uncontrolled leakage. APPLICABILITY: CSD, RSD (BASIS: Page 20) U1.6 (Fuel Clad Degration) RCS activity exceeds one of the following: 1) UNPLANNED VALID Alert Alarm on either: a) RM-L-1 low or b) RM-L-1 high
			 OR 2) Power Operations radiochemistry analysis indicates any of the following: a) Activity > 100/ Ē μCi/gm b) DEI-131 > 0.35 μCi/gm for > 48 hours. or c) DEI-131 > 60 μCi/gm OR 3) Hot Standby radiochemistry analysis indicates any of the following: a) Activity > 100/ Ē μCi/gm OR 3) Hot Standby radiochemistry analysis indicates any of the following: a) Activity > 100/ Ē μCi/gm OR OR C) DEI-131 > 0.35 μCi/gm for > 48 hours. or b) DEI-131 > 0.35 μCi/gm for > 48 hours. or c) DEI-131 > 275 μCi/gm OR 4) All other plant conditions radiochemistry analysis indicated DEI-131 > 275 μCi/gm APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS: Page 21)

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Eme	rgency Classification		13
		EXHIBIT 1	Page 4 of 16
	(Airborne Effluent) (GENER UENT RADIOLOGICAL DO	AL EMERGENCY) SES at the Site Area Boundary as indicated by the follo	owing:
1)	Dose Assessment informa exist:	ion is NOT available for \ge 15 minutes and ANY of the f	ollowing RMS indications
	RM-A-8GH ≥ 1 RM-A-9GH ≥ 6	Scale High 0 E+05 CPM 0 E+05 CPM 0 E+02 μCi/cc (When ESF ventilation is required)	
OR 2)		ults indicate an integrated dose of Body dose (TEDE)	
OR 3)		the Site Area Boundary (SAB) or beyond of Body dose (TEDE)	
- (1 O F	R 2 OR 3)		
APPI	ICABILITY: All Plant Condi	tions	
BASI •	S: TMI has "REAL TIME" do:	se assessment capability.	

- The dose assessment code accesses current plant data to automatically perform a dose assessment as frequently as the user selects this option.
- The Emergency Procedures and alarm response procedures direct the Operations personnel to have the GRCS (Group Rad Con Supervisor) evaluate abnormal and unexpected radiological indications.
- The Radiation Monitoring System indications are in accordance with calculation RAF 6612-96-030.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 General Emergency AG1.

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	(Airborne Effluent) (SITE AR I RADIOLOGICAL DOSES at	EA EMERGENCY) the Site Area Boundary as indicated by the following:	
1)	Dose Assessment informat exist:	ion is NOT available for \ge 15 minutes and ANY of the 1	following RMS indications
	$\begin{array}{ll} RM\text{-}A\text{-}8GH & \geq 1. \\ RM\text{-}A\text{-}9GH & \geq 6. \end{array}$	0 E+05 mR/hr 0 E+04 CPM 0 E+04 CPM 0 E+01 μCi/cc (When ESF ventilation is required)	
OR 2)	Field Monitoring Team resu ≥ 100 mRem but < 1000 m OR	Its indicate an integrated dose of Rem total Whole Body dose (TEDE) Rem Child Thyroid organ dose (CDE)	
OR 3)	≥ 100 mRem but < 1000 m OR	he Site Area Boundary (SAB) or beyond of Rem total Whole Body dose (TEDE) Rem Child Thyroid organ dose (CDE)	
- (1 O I	R 2 OR 3)		
APPI	LICABILITY: All Plant Condit	ions	
BASI •	S: TMI has "REAL TIME" dos	e assessment capability.	
•	The dose assessment code frequently as the user selection of the selection	accesses current plant data to automatically perform ts this option.	a dose assessment as
	The Emergency Procedure	s and alarm response procedures direct the Operation	s personnel to have the

- The Emergency Procedures and alarm response procedures direct the Operations personnel to have the GRCS (Group Rad Con Supervisor) evaluate abnormal and unexpected radiological indications.
- The Radiation Monitoring System indications are in accordance with calculation RAF 6612-96-030.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency AS1.

				Number	
		F	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01	
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			EXHIBIT 1	Page 6 of 16	
	Airborne Effluent) (ALEF DLOGICAL EFFLUENT		SPECS) being exceeded, as indicate	ed by the following:	
1) AND	The RELEASE HAS o	or WILL exceed 15 mi	nutes.		
2a)	Any one of the following	ng VALID effluent Ra	diation Monitoring System indications	are present:	
	5	RM-G-25 RM-A-8GH	≥ 2.0 E+04 mR/hr ≥ 8.0 E+02 CPM		
		RM-A-9GH	≥ 4.0 E+03 CPM		
	OR	RM-A-14	≥ 3.0 E+00 $\mu \text{Ci/cc}$ (When ESF ve		
2b)	Sample results for any	y of the following efflu	ent pathways equal or exceed the va	lues listed:	
		TOTAL Noble Gas	TOTAL lodine		
		Concentrations 1.5 E+03 µCi/cc	Concentrations 8.4 E-02 μCi/cc		
		9.1 E+00 μCi/cc	5.0 E-04 μ Ci/cc		
		2.0 E+01 µCi/cc	1.0 E-03 μCi/cc		
2c)	The Dose Assessmer ≥ 10 mRem/hour but · OR		ne of the following dose rates: ole body (TEDE)		
	\geq 30 mRem/hour but	< 500 mRem/hour chi	ld thyroid dose (CDE)		
(1 ANI) 2a, OR 1 AND 2b, OF	R 1 AND 2c)			
APPLI	CABILITY: All Plant Co	onditions			
BASIS •	ASIS: The Emergency Director SHALL declare the event as soon as it is determined that the release duration HAS or WILL LIKELY exceed fifteen minutes, with the indications that the Technical Specification limits have been exceeded by a factor of 200 (two hundred times higher than the amount specified in TS).				
•	Calculation RAF 6612 Specification values in		basis for the RMS indications for two 10-PLN-4200.01.	hundred times Technical	
•	The sample results a	re based on the assur	nptions in OP 1101-2.1, RMS Setpoi	nt.	
•	This EAL satisfies NE	SP-007 Alert AA.1.			

					Number
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		E	(HIBIT 1		Page 7 of 16
	Airborne Effluent) (UNUS DLOGICAL EFFLUENT L) being exceeded as ir	ndicated by th	ne following:
1) AND	The RELEASE HAS or V	WILL exceed 60 minute	S.		
2a)	Any one of the following	VALID effluent Radiati	on Monitoring System	indications a	re present:
	÷ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	RM-G-25	≥ 2.0 E+02 mR/hr		
		RM-A-8G	≥ 2.0 E+05 CPM		
	ESF Vent R	RM-A-9G RM-A-14	≥ 6.0 E+05 CPM ≥ 3.0 E-02 μCi/cc(W	hen ESF ven	tilation is required)
2b)	OR Sample results for any o	of the following effluent	pathways exceed the	values listed:	
	т	OTAL Noble Gas	TOTAL lodine		
	C	Concentrations	Concentrations		
		1.5 E+01 μCi/cc	8.4 E-04 μCi/cc		
		9.1 E-02 μCi/cc	5.0 E-06 μCi/cc		
	RB Purge 2 OR	2.0 E-01 μCi/cc	1.0 E-05 μCi/cc		
2c)	The Dose Assessment s ≥ 0.1 mRem/hour but < 1 OR	•		ates:	
	\geq 0.3 mRem/hour but < 3	30 mRem/hour child th	yroid dose (CDE)		
(1 AN	D 2a, OR 1 AND 2b, OR	1 AND 2c)			
APPL	ICABILITY: All Plant Cor	nditions			
BASI: •	The Emergency Director	d sixty minutes, with the	e indications that the T	etermined tha echnical Spe	t the release duration HAS cification limits have been
•	Calculation RAF 6612-9 values in accordance wi		sis for the RMS indicat	ions for two t	imes Technical Specification
•	The sample results are	based on the assumpti	ons in OP 1101-2.1, R	MS Setpoint	
•	This EAL satisfies NES	P-007 Unusual Event A	VU1.		

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A1.2 (In Plant) (ALERT)

VALID UNEXPECTED RADIATION LEVELS impede Safe Operation or Reaching and Maintaining Cold Shutdown as indicated by the following:

- 1) Greater than 15 mR/hour on RM-G-1 (Control Room)
- ÓR
- 2) Select in-plant area radiation monitors (listed in Basis, below) indicating greater than 1000 mR/hour

(1 **OR** 2) APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

The EAL address increased radiation levels that may impede safe operation or safe shutdown.

- This is not intended to address planned temporary conditions such as fuel transfer, or radiography for example.
- This EAL addresses increased radiation levels that limit effective safe operation of the plant or limit the transition to and maintenance of Cold Shutdown conditions.
- This is a degraded condition and warrants event declaration with additional support to assist in achieving safe conditions without severely impairing the health and safety of the public.
 - The first part of this EAL addresses the Control Room, an area of continuous occupancy required for normal safe operation and safe shutdown.
 - The second part of this EAL addresses areas outside of the Control Room. SELECT AREA RADIATION MONITORS RM-G-2 (Radio Chem Lab), RM-G-3 (Primary Sampling Room), RM-G-4 (Hot Tool Room Area), RM-G-10 (Aux Bldg entrance 305'), RM-G-11 (Aux Bldg near Waste Tank 305'), RM-G-12 (Aux Bldg 305', outside Solidification Valve alley), RM-G-13 (Aux Bldg entrance 281'), RM-G-14 (Aux Bldg near Waste Tank 281'), and RM-G-15 (Aux Bldg Ht Exchanger Vault 271')
 - Unexpected radiation levels of this magnitude represent a serious degradation in the control of radioactive material and degradation in the level of safety of the plant.
 - The basis for the 1000 mR/hr criteria is that such areas would require locked high radiation controls by Technical Specifications. These controls will slow down personnel response to these areas.
 - This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert AA3.

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U1.2 (In Plant) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

VALID UNEXPECTED IN-PLANT ÁREA RADIATION MONITOR (Any in-plant RM-G monitors) readings of ≥ 500 mR/hr.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- Normal levels are the highest reading in the past 24 hours, excluding the current peak, which typically range as high as .5 mR/hr.
- This value of 500 mR/hr identifies that an abnormal condition exists (this is an approximate increase by a factor of 1000 over normal readings, background).
- Unexpected radiation levels of this magnitude represent a degradation in the control of radioactive material and potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant.
- This EAL does not include the Control Room. (Refer to EAL A1.2 for Control Room habitability.)
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event AU2.

			Number			
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01			
Title			Revision No.			
Eme	ergency Classification a	nd Basis	13			
	EXHIBIT 1 Page 10 of 16					
	A1.3 (Liquid Effluent) (ALERT) RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS being EXCEEDED (200X TECH SPECS) with ANY of the following indications:					
1) OR	RM-L-7 \ge 1 E+05 CPM for \ge	15 minutes				
2) OR	2) RM-L-12 Off Scale High for \geq 15 minutes					
3)	Sample results (Cesium and	lodine) indicate $\ge 2 \text{ E-03 } \mu \text{Ci/cc}$				
(1 O F	R 2 OR 3)					
APPI	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions					

BASIS:

- This is based on exceeding, by 200 times the Technical Specification limit for a 15 minute release.
- This is meant to satisfy, in part, NESP-007 Alert, AA.1.

			Number		
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Eme	ergency Classification a	13			
		EXHIBIT 1	Page 11 of 16		
	U1.3 (Liquid Effluent) (UNUSUAL EVENT) RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT LIMITS being EXCEEDED (2X TECH SPEC) as indicated by ANY of the following:				
1) OR	VALID RM-L-7 indication of \geq 1 E+03 CPM for greater than or equal to 60 minutes				
2) OR	VALID RM-L-12 indication of \geq 1 E+05 CPM for greater than or equal to 60 minutes				
3)	Sample results (Cesium and Iodine) indicate \geq 2 E-05 $\mu Ci/cc$				
(1 O F	R 2 OR 3)				
APPL	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions				
BASI	BASIS:				

- This is based on exceeding, by two (2) times, the applicable limits for liquid effluent.
- This is meant to satisfy, in part, NESP-007 Unusual Event AU.1.

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Title		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	Number EPIP-TMI01 Revision No.		
Eme	ergency Classification	and Basis	13		
		EXHIBIT 1	Page 12 of 16		
A1.4	(Spenc Fuel Pool) (ALERT)				
1)	Report that the irradiated fuel in the Spent Fuel Pool is uncovered				
OR 2)	Decreasing level in the Spent Fuel Pool and RM-G-9 \ge 1000 mR/hr				
OR 3)	Report of damage to irradiated fuel AND				
	Either of the following VAI	ID RMS indications: 0.0 E+05 CPM			
		2.0 E-02 μCi/cc			
(1 O F	R 2 OR 3)				
APPL	LICABILITY: All Plant Cond	litions			
BASI	S:				
•		overed is sufficient for event declaration because of the ontrol of radioactive material.	potential damage to the fuel		

- Calculation RAF 6612-96-022 provides guidance for radiation monitor response to uncovering of irradiated fuel.
- Potential for increased doses to plant personnel due to damage or uncovering of irradiated fuel.
- This EAL satisfies part of NESP-007 Alert AA.2.

		Number
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U1.4 (Spent Fuel Pool) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Low Level alarm on the Spent Fuel Pool due to uncontrolled Spent Fuel Pool leakage, as determined by the Shift Manager.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- Early indication of a problem with cooling the Spent Fuel and potential for increased doses to the plant staff.
- Uncontrolled is when the leakage exceeds or is expected to exceed the makeup and collection capability.
- Event classification is warranted as a precursor to a more serious event.
- This EAL satisfies part of NESP-007 Unusual Event AU.2.

				Number
			TMI - Unit 1	
			Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title				Revision No.
Eme	rgency Classifi	cation and Basis		13
			EXHIBIT 1	Page 14 of 16
A1.5 ((Reactor Cavity) (AL	.ERT)		
1) OR	Report that the irra	idiated fuel in the Fuel	Transfer Canal is uncovered	
2)	Decreasing water RM-G-6 or	level in the Fuel Trans ≥ 1000 mR/hr	fer Canal and either of the following VAL	ID RMS indications:
	RM-G-7	≥ 1000 mR/hr		
OR				
3)	Report of damage AND	to irradiated fuel		
	Either of the follow	ing VALID RMS indica	tions:	
	RM-A-9G	≥ 1.0 E +05 CPM		
	or RM-A-2G	≥ 8.0 E +05 CPM		
(1 OR	2 OR 3)			
APPL	ICABILITY: Cold S	hut Down, Refueling S	hut Down	

BASIS:

- Potential for increased doses to plant personnel due to damage or unrecovering of irradiated fuel.
- The EAL is intended to identify problems in the Fuel Transfer Canal with the handling of irradiated fuel, such that, it may become uncovered or damaged.

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• The EAL satisfies part of NESP-007 Alert AA.2.

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		Number			
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01			
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Emergen	cy Classification and Basis	13			
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U1.5 (React	U1.5 (Reactor Cavity) (UNUSUAL EVENT)				
1) Low	1) Low Fuel Transfer Canal Level alarm with uncontrolled leakage.				
APPLICABI	APPLICABILITY: Cold Shut Down, Refueling Shut Down				
	 BASIS: Indication of a problem with cooling the fuel in the Reactor Vessel and potential for increased doses to the plant staff. 				

- Level alarm is only energized when the Transfer canal is filled. Alarm is PLB-4-9.
- Uncontrolled is when the leakage exceeds or is expected to exceed the makeup and collection capability.
- Event classification is warranted as a precursor to a more serious event.
- The EAL satisfies part of NESP-007 Unusual Event AU.2.

				Number
			TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title				Revision No.
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U1.6 (I	-uel Cla	d Degradation) (UNI	JSUAL EVENT)	
Reacto	or Coolar	nt activity exceeds o	ne of the following:	
1)	UNPL/ a)	NNED VALID Alert RM-L-1 low or	Alarm on either:	
OR	b)	RM-L-1 high		
2)	Power	Operations radioche	emistry analysis indicates any of the following:	
	a)	Activity > $100/\overline{E} \mu$	Ci/gm	
	b)	or Dose Equivalent Ic or	dine (DEI) 131, > 0.35 μ Ci/gm for > 48 hours	
OR	c)	Dose Equivalent lo	dine (DEI) 131, > 60 μCi/gm	
3)	Hot Sta a)	andby radiochemistr Activity > 100/Ε μ or	y analysis indicates any of the following: Ci/gm	
<	b)		dine (DEI) 131, > 0.35 μ Ci/gm for > 48 hours	
OR	c)	•••	odine (DEI) 131, > 275 μCi/gm	
4)	radioch	nemistry analysis inc	Hot Shutdown, Heat Up/Cool Down, Cold Shutdown, l licates ΞΙ) 131, > 275 μCi/gm	Refueling Shutdown)
(1 OR	2 OR 3 (OR 4)		

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- The stated conditions are indications of potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant and potential precursor of more serious problems.
- The Letdown monitor (RM-L-1) low and high range monitor being in alarm are possible indications that the activity of the Reactor Coolant System is in excess of the Technical Specification limits as stated in TS 3.1.4.
- UNPLANNED is added to preclude event declaration when an activity that causes a crud burst is implemented. Results from the radiochemistry analysis required by EP 1202-12 should be carefully examined to verify that the increased activity was a result of the <u>planned</u> crud burst and not an <u>unplanned</u> fuel clad degradation.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event, SU4.

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EXHIBIT 2

2.0 FISSION PRODUCT BARRIERS

METHOD TO DETERMINE EMERGENCY LEVEL: EVALUATE EACH BARRIER FOR POTENTIAL LOSS/LOSS. RECORD POINTS BELOW FOR <u>MOST</u> <u>SEVERE</u> CONDITION FOR EACH <u>BARRIER</u>. IF <u>LOSS</u> CRITERIA IS MET FOR A BARRIER IT IS <u>NOT</u> AUTOMATICALLY RECOVERABLE, AN EVALUATION IS REQUIRED BEFORE CHANGING THE BARRIER STATUS. ENTER A ZERO IF THRESHOLD CONDITIONS ARE NOT MET. ADD POINTS FOR TOTAL AND DECLARE EVENT.

G2.1	GENERAL EMERGENCY	S2.1 SITE AREA EMERGENCY	A2.1 ALERT (Points 4-6)	U2.1 UNUSUAL EVENT
	(Points 11-13)	(Points 7-10)		(Points 1-3)
	OF ANY TWO BARRIERS AND	OSS of BOTH FUEL CLAD and RCS r OTENTIAL LOSS of BOTH FUEL CLAD nd RCS r OTENTIAL LOSS OF EITHER FUEL LAD or RCS and LOSS of ANY OTHER	LOSS or POTENTIAL LOSS of EITHER FUEL CLAD or RCS NOTE: The reference basis document (NESP-007) does not address the status of containment, however, potential loss of containment is considered and included in the ALERT evaluation.	LOSS or POTENTIAL LOSS of CONTAINMENT
				U2.2 (RCS/Total OTSG Leakage)
			SPECIAL CASE	
				Any of the following:
				 Unidentified RCS or Pressure Boundary leakage ≥ 10 gpm
				OR
				 Total OTSG leakage ≥ 10 gpn to the condenser
				OR
				 Identified RCS leakage ≥ 25 gpm
				Applicability: All Plant Conditions
				(Basis Page 24)

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g = 0

	RCS (BASIS on Page 25)		FUEL CLAD (BASIS on Page 26	i)	CONTAINMENT (RB) (BASIS on Page 27)	
CONDITIONS	POTENTIAL LOSS (4 Points)	LOSS (5 Points)	POTENTIAL LOSS (4 Points)	LOSS (5 Points)	POTENTIAL LOSS (1 Point)	LOSS (3 Points)
RB RAD		1) RM-G-22 OR RM-G-23 ≥ 22 R/hr		1) RM-G-22 OR RM-G-23 ≥ ALERT ALARM	1) RM-G-22 or RM-G-23 ≥ 12000 R/hr	
NCORE TEMPERATURE		2) < 25°SCM	1) >25° Super Heat	2) T _{ctad} ≥ 1400°F	2) T _{clad} ≥ 1800°F	
RCS ACTIVITY				3) ≥ 2500 μCi/CC		
RCS INTEGRITY	 Cycling PORV OR RCS Code Safety Valves Exceeds pressure/temperature limits of TS HU/CD Curve 	 Stuck open PORV OR RCS Code Safety Valve OR HPI-PORV Cooling 				
PRIMARY LEAKAGE	 VALID High flow (D-3-1) or calculated leakrate ≥ 160gpm. 					
PRI/SEC LEAKAGE	 VALID High flow (D-3-1) or calculated leakrate ≥ 160gpm. 					1) Total OTSG lea > 1 gpm TS to atmosphere
CONTAINMENT					 3.1)RB Press. ≥ 50 psig OR 3.2)RB Hydrogen concentration ≥ 4% OR 3.3) RB pressure ≥ 30 psig and RB Emergency Cooling is less than assumed in the FSAR 	 2.1) RB Press ≥ 10 psig OR 2.2) RB Isolation faresulting in a release pathwat OR 2.3) Rapid unexplained lo of RB pressure following an inite pressure increase OR 2.4) RB pressure of sump level response not consistent with LOCA conditio
RADIATION LEVEL READINGS				4) LETDOWN LINE > 15 R/hr		3) RM-A-8GH ≥ 20 cpm (Gas High Range)

RCS POINTS

CONTAINMENT = POINTS +

FUEL CLAD POINTS +

TOTAL POINTS (refer below for event level)

		NOTE
Point Total		Event Classification
1 or 3	=	Unusual Event (U2.1)
4, 5, 6	=	Alert (A2.1)
7, 8, 9, 10	=	Site Area Emergency (S2.1)
11, 12, 13	=	General Emergency (G2.1)

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	2 (RCS/OTSG Leakage) (UNU CIAL CASE, DOES NOT MEE		
RCS 1) OR	7 Total OTSG leakage as indi Unidentified RCS or Pressu	cated by any of the following: re Boundary leakage is \geq 10 gpm	
2) OR	Total OTSG leakage \ge 10 g	pm to the condenser	
3)	RCS identified leakage is \geq	25 gpm	
(1 O	R 2 OR 3)		
APF	LICABILITY: All Plant Conditi	ons	
BAS The		erious conditions and potential degradation of the leve	el of safety of the plant.
•		ntified and pressure boundary leakage was selected b Room indications. The value is above that typically re-	

- The 25 gpm value for identified leakage is set higher because if the leak location and magnitude are known, there is less significance than unknown leakage. Typically this leakage is recoverable or has been evaluated as safe in accordance with Technical Specifications.
- The numbers used are greater than those allowed by Technical Specifications and these are the ones that have the potential for causing a degradation in the level of safety of the plant.
- The Fission Product Barrier EALs provide guidance on escalation of this event.

tests, such as mass balance, to determine the leak magnitude.

- "RCS" includes any interfacing system i.e., MU, DHR.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 EAL SU5.

EXHIBIT 2 BARRIER status. Potential Loss of RCS Fission Product Barrier Cycling (2 or more times) the PORV or RCS Code Safety Valves BASIS: Rather than depend on instrumentation to determine the potential loss of this barrier the over pressure protection is

monitored. The safety valves open between 2450 psig and 2510 psig (Allowance for set pressure and Code Safety valve accumulation). This is at the limit of design of the RCS but well within tested values (2750 psig) verifying intearity.

TMI - Unit 1

Emergency Procedure

Pressure transients that cause multiple cycles (>2) increases the probability of failure.

Exceed the pressure and temperature limits of the Technical Specification Heat Up or Cool Down curve 2) BASIS:

This curve (Figure 3.1-1) represents the RT_{NDT} Limits to prevent brittle fracture of the vessel. Specific analysis would be required if violated therefore it is conservative to assume the RCS boundary is potentially lost.

RCS leakage: VALID High Make Up Flow alarm (D-3-1) or calculated leak rate of \geq 160 gpm. 3) BASIS:

The 160 gpm is based upon the makeup capability of a single Make Up Pump, which is normally running. Additionally, even with elevated pressure, the normal makeup line bypass (MU-V-217) does not have to be used.

Total OTSG leakage: VALID High Make Up Flow alarm (D-3-1) or calculated leak rate of \geq 160 gpm and 4) the loss of RCS inventory is into the OTSG.

BASIS:

Title

RCS

1)

The 160 gpm is based upon the makeup capability of a single Make Up Pump, which is normally running. Additionally, even with elevated pressure, the normal makeup line bypass (MU-V-217) does not have to be used.

Loss of RCS Fission Product Barrier

Emergency Classification and Basis

RM-G-22 **OR** RM-G-23 ≥ 22R/hr 1)

BASIS:

- Calculation RAF 6612-96-023 documents RM-G-22/23 readings under LOCA conditions with Tech Spec RCS activity.
- This should be considered a loss of RCS.

< 25° SCM (Subcooled Margin) 2)

BASIS:

While there is effective heat removal to protect the Fuel Cladding, this is indicative of a loss in the RCS barrier.

3) Stuck open PORV OR RCS Code Safety Valve OR HPI-PORV Cooling BASIS:

The PORV to be included must be stuck open and its isolation valve stuck in the open position (PORV cannot be isolated) or being used in the HPI-PORV Cooling mode. One or both of the Code Safety Valves is assumed to be open. Unisolable flow through either the PORV or a Code Safety Valve places a hole in the RCS and therefore the barrier is lost.

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BARRIER status. **FUEL CLAD** <u>Potential Loss of Fuel Clad Fission Product Barrier</u>

1) > 25° Superheat

BASIS:

The RCS may be sub-cooled or at saturated conditions and still be effective in removing heat from the core. The case of 25° superheat addresses the concern of inadvertent declaration based on instrument error. Valid indication of superheat places the cladding in a potential loss condition because the amount of heat removal from the core can be less than expected allowing further heatup and actual cladding failure.

Loss of Fuel Clad Fission Product Barrier

NOTE	
 Loss of this barrier is NOT RECOVERABLE.	

1) RM-G-22 OR RM-G-23 ≥ ALERT ALARM

- BASIS:
- The alarm set point is based on cladding failure to provide a reading this high. Additional reference is OP 1101-2.1, the RMS setpoint procedure for additional information.
- 2500 μ Ci/cc total RCS activity corresponds to approximately 300 μ Ci/cc DEI 131, per the EDCM. This is approximately 5% fuel clad damage.

2) $T_{CLAD} \ge 1400^{\circ}F$ curve

BASIS:

The RCS is in a very poor heat transfer region and the potential for cladding damage is greatly increased. This is the starting point where certain fuel pins could experience eutectic effects and release the gap activity from the fuel pins.

3) RCS Activity $\ge 2500 \ \mu Ci/cc$ (Total)

BASIS:

These are cladding damage numbers, indication that 5% of the core has experienced cladding damage and has released its gap activity. In the absence of sample results, the TSC evaluates fuel cladding status. A report of greater than or equal to damage class 2 or fuel clad barrier lost is sufficient to meet this activity requirement.

4) Letdown line reading > 15 R/hr BASIS:

These are cladding damage numbers, indication that 5% of the core has experienced cladding damage and has released its gap activity.

The letdown line reading taken at the letdown monitor provides a quick conservative approach to ascertain this minimum level without the delay associated with a post accident sample.

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BARRIER status.		

CONTAINMENT <u>Potential loss of Containment Fission Product Barrier</u>

1) RM-G-22 or RM-G-23 reading ≥ 12000 R/hr

BASIS:

Based on calculation RAF 9140-89-002, RM-G-22 or RM-G-23 readings would correspond to a LOCA with 20% release of fuel gap activity.

2) $T_{CLAD} \ge 1800^{\circ}F$ curve

BASIS:

This condition is a conservative estimate that if conditions continue degrading the Containment barrier could be lost. This is the point where exothermic reactions are taking place inside the RCS based on the steam envelope around the hot zirconium clad fuel pellets. Based on the assumption that the Core could melt through the RCS barrier and interact with the hydrogenous containment floor, the subsequent loss of containment could result in the release of large amounts of radioactivity to the general public.

3.1) RB Pressure \geq 50 psig

BASIS:

This is the closest major instrument division below the design pressure of the Reactor Building. This is about the pressure to which the building is leak tested.

3.2) RB Hydrogen $\geq 4\%$

BASIS:

Sandia Laboratory analysis on ignition of hydrogen supports that in a steam environment, hydrogen is not flammable in concentrations of less than 4%.

3.3) The Reactor Building Pressure is ≥ 30 psig and the Reactor Building Emergency Cooling is less than the minimum assumed in the FSAR.

BASIS:

• This condition of less than minimum is exceeded if any one of the following conditions are not met:

SPRAY	COOLERS
2	0
0	3
1	1

 This is consistent with the Level 2 Probability Risk Assessment (PRA) assumptions of no Coolers and no Spray where the pressure could increase to 4 times the value with a combustion or similar event to cause a pressure spike. Four times the setpoint (30 psig) is still below the assumed failure value from the PRA of 144 psig. However, above 30 psig there could be a pressure spike that could exceed 144 psig; therefore the RB is in jeopardy.

[CONTAINMENT continued on the next page]

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CONTAINMENT (Cont'd)

Loss of Containment Fission Product Barrier

1) Total OTSG leak > 1 gpm (Tech Spec) and steam to atmosphere from the affected generator.

BASIS:

- This magnitude of leakage, assuming an 8 hour release duration, will result in expected measurable doses to the public. These doses are above those received normally, therefore the barrier to prevent the release of radioactivity has been lost.
- The OTSG leak and path from the affected generator to the environment have the potential to impact the public with small doses.
- This is anticipatory because dose assessment will validate the event classification.
- Paths are Steam Line Break, Main Steam Relief stuck open or steaming via the Atmospheric Dump Valves. (Affected generator)
- The direct to atmosphere means that the condenser function has been lost for the affected (leaking) generator.
- 2.1) RB Pressure ≥ 100 psig

BASIS:

- An analysis was performed to verify integrity of the containment as a barrier to the release of fission products. This showed that, mathematically, the building would be intact at up to three times the design pressure or 150 psig. The margin of safety would be greatly decreased at that point. The calculations showed that cracking could be expected at 120 psig, therefore a conservative value of 100 psig was assumed to be the point where the containment barrier was lost. This does not consider the status of the steel liner on preventing the release of fission products. Another condition is that an analysis would be performed for any pressure over design to verify the integrity of the barrier.
- This loss is NOT RECOVERABLE.
- 2.2) RB isolation

Failure of the RB isolation resulting in a release pathway.

BASIS:

Attempt isolation from the Control Room prior to event classification.

• This condition has at least two valves failed and a pathway exists for the release of fission products from the containment.

(Isolation can be considered successful if at least one valve closes.)

[CONTAINMENT continued on the next page]

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Emergency Classification and Basis

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CONTAINMENT (Cont'd)

- A breach of containment includes any unisolable containment penetration that opens a release pathway to the environment. (A breach is when it cannot be isolated from the Control Room OR an unsuccessful attempt for isolation has been made from the Control Room.)
- Reactor Building isolation failure on an INTACT interfacing system does not satisfy this EAL, an event should not be declared.
- Rapid unexplained loss of RB pressure, following an initial pressure increase above normal levels. 2.3)

BASIS:

- The rapid (<1 minute) decrease in pressure is not attributable to containment spray or condensation effects.
- The pressure drop is to normal or near normal RB pressure (i.e., less than 2 psig, typically 0 psig).
- Normal RB pressure is between -1 and +2 psig.
- A LOCA has occurred and the RB sump and/or RB pressure indications are not increasing. 2.4)

BASIS:

- Radiation monitors support that a loss of coolant has occurred but other containment parameters are in disagreement.
- This address the condition when RB pressure and sump level do not increase as a result of mass and energy released into the RB from a LOCA (\geq 100 gpm).
- This lack of increase (pressure sump level) indicates preincident failure of the RB or that the LOCA is outside the RB (e.g., interfacing system LOCA or a V-sequence failure).
- 3) Plant Exhaust

RM-A-8 Gas Hi Range ≥ 200 CPM

BASIS:

This is indicative of a 120 gpm leak with the RCS activity ≥ Tech Spec, assuming leakage in the Auxiliary building that cannot be isolated. This provides for fission products to be outside the containment barrier (bypassed) and can be considered as lost.

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EXHIBIT 3

3.0 ELECTRICAL

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
G3.1 (AC) Prolonged Station Blackout exists as	S3.1 (AC) Station Blackout exists as indicated by:	A3.1 (AC) Risk of Station Blackout, redundant power	U3.1 (AC) Risk of Station Blackout, with redundant
indicated by:		NOT available, as indicated by:	power available, as indicated by:
 LOOP AND No emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized. AND 3a) > 25° Superheat 	 LOOP > 15 minutes AND No emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized for greater than 15 minutes. 	 LOOP >15 minutes; AND 2a) Only 1 emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized. OR 2b) ONE on-site power source available 	 LOOP >15 minutes; AND Both emergency 4 KV Buses (1D or 1E) energized. AND 3) ≥ TWO on-site power sources
OR 3b) 4 KV restoration not likely within 4 hours			available
of loss. APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, HStby, HSD, SU,	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, HStby, HSD, SU, HU/CD	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, HStby, HSD, SU, HU/CD	
HU/CD (BASIS Page 31)	(BASIS Page 32)	(BASIS Page 33)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 34)
		 A3.2 (Shutdown AC) Station Blackout, during Cold Shutdown or Refueling Shutdown, as indicated by: 1) LOOP > 15 minutes AND 2) No emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized for greater than 15 minutes. 	
		APPLICABILITY: CSD, RSD (BASIS Page 35)	
	S3.3 (DC) Unplanned loss of ALL on-site DC power for greater than 15 minutes as indicated by:		U3.3 (DC) Unplanned loss of ALL on-site DC power for greater than 15 minutes as indicated by:
	 Receipt of all annunciators per EP 1202-9A or local meter < 105 volts. AND Receipt of all annunciators per 		 Receipt of all annunciators per EP 1202-9A or local meter < 105 volts. AND Receipt of all annunciators per EP 1202-9B or local meter < 105 volts.
	EP 1202-9B or local meter < 105 volts APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hstby, HSD, SU, HU/CD (BASIS Page 36)		APPLICABILITY: CSD, RSD (BASIS Page 37)

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		NERAL EMERGEN ion Blackout exists a			
1) AND	Loss o	f off-site power (LOC	DP) to both 1A and 1B Auxiliary Transformers		
2) AND	No emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized				
3a) OR	> 25° Superheat				
3b)	Restor	ation of a 4KV Bus	1D or 1E), from any source, is not likely within 4 h	ours of the loss	
(1 ANI	D 2 AND	3a or 1 AND 2 ANI) 3b)		
APPLI	CABILIT	Y: Power Operation	ns, Hot Standby, Startup, Hot Shutdown, Heatup/C	ooldown	
BASIS •			or not it is likely that a 4KV Bus will be restored wit	hin 4 hours of the loss, consider	
/	а.	The likelihood that with a potential los	power can be restored in time to prevent a loss of s of the third.	two Fission Product Barriers	
	b.	The level of dama	ge and resources available to restore at least 1 4K	V Bus.	
	C.	The availability of	indications to monitor the transient.		
		ENERAL EMERGE	NCY declaration should be made as early as appro ajectory.	opriate, based on a reasonable	

- TMI is a 4 hour coping plant.
- Beyond the 4 hours the potential exists to breach the RCS and CLAD. The CONTAINMENT is still intact. This is an anticipatory declaration.
- This satisfies NESP-007 GENERAL EMERGENCY SG.1.

	·	
		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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	AC) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY) Blackout condition exists, as indicated by:	
1)	Loss of off-site power (LOOP) to both 1A and 1B Auxiliary Transformers for grea	ter than 15 minutes.
AND 2)	No emergency 4 KV bus (1D or 1E) energized for greater than 15 minutes.	
(1 AN	02)	
APPLI	CABILITY: Power Operation, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Coold	own
BASIS	: · · ·	
ECCS	f AC power compromises all plant safety systems requiring electric power, includir , containment heat removal systems, and closed/river water cooling systems. Fifte shold to exclude transient or momentary losses.	
•	The 1D or 1E 4KV busses may be energized automatically or manually by their r generators or manually by the SBO diesel generator. Additionally the Main Turb to energize the buses.	
•	Prolonged loss of all AC power will cause core uncovering and loss of containme can escalate to a General Emergency via a Fission Product Barrier Degradation	
•	Subsequent start and load of one on-site power source (EG-Y-1A, EG-Y-1B, EG energize 1D or 1E 4KV bus enables the event to be downgraded to an Alert.	-Y-4 or Main Turbine) to
•	Subsequent start and load of two on-site power sources (EG-Y-1A, EG-Y-1B, EG energize 1D or 1E 4KV bus enables the event to be downgraded to an Unusual	
•	This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency SS1.	

			Number		
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01		
Title			Revision No.		
Emergency Classification and Basis		13			
		EXHIBIT 3	Page 4 of 8		
•	1 (AC) (ALERT) (of Station Blackout, redundant backup power is NOT available, as indicated by:				
1) AND	Loss of off-site power (LOOP) to both 1A and 1B Auxiliary Transformers for greater than 15 minutes				
2a) OR	Only one (1) emergency 4KV Bus (1D or 1E) energized.				
2b)	There is only ONE on-site power source available and supplying power to ONE emergency bus.				
(1 AND 2a OR 1 AND 2b)					
APPLICABILITY: Power Operation, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown					

BASIS:

This EAL is based upon degradation of off-site and on-site power systems such that any additional single failure would result in a station blackout.

- This EAL is met if a loss of off-site power is sustained for more than 15 minutes, and if 1D or 1E 4KV bus remains energized or becomes energized without a backup on-site power source.
- The 1D or 1E 4KV busses may be energized automatically or manually by their respective emergency diesel generators or manually by the SBO diesel generator or the Main Turbine Generator.
 - A load rejection (separation from the grid with the main generator supplying station loads) meets this EAL if either 1D or 1E 4KV bus is de-energized and there are no emergency diesel generators operable.
 - The subsequent loss of the single on-site power source would escalate the event to a SITE AREA EMERGENCY.
 - This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert SA5.

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Emergency Classificatio	nergency Classification and Basis 13	

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1 . .

U3.1 (AC) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

A risk of a Station Blackout exists although redundant backup power is available, as indicated by:

1) Loss of off-site power (LOOP) to both 1A and 1B Auxiliary Transformers for greater than 15 minutes **AND**

2) Both emergency 4KV Buses (1D or 1E) energized

Т

AND

3) There are 2 or more on-site power sources providing power to at least one emergency bus.

(1 **AND** 2 **AND** 3)

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

Loss of off-site AC power reduces required redundancy and potentially degrades the level of safety of the plant by rendering the plant more vulnerable to a complete Loss of AC Power (Station Blackout). Fifteen minutes was selected as a threshold to exclude transient or momentary losses.

- This EAL is met if a loss of off-site power is sustained for 15 minutes and, either 1D or 1E 4KV bus remains energized or becomes energized within that 15 minutes.
- The 1D or 1E 4KV busses may be energized automatically or manually by their respective emergency diesel generators or manually by the SBO diesel generator. Additionally, a second on-site source of power must be available.

The 2 or more sources of power are made up from the following list:

'A' Diesel Generator 'B' Diesel Generator 'SBO' Diesel Generator Main Turbine Generator (Load Rejection)

- A load rejection (separation from the grid with the main generator supplying station loads) meets this EAL.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event SU1.

		Number
T(4) -	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Class	ification and Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 3	Page 6 of 8
A3 2 (Shutdown AC) (

A3.2 (Shutdown AC) (ALERT) Station Blackout during Cold Shutdown or Refueling Shutdown as indicated by:

Loss of off-site power (LOOP) to both 1A and 1B Auxiliary Transformers for greater than 15 minutes. 1) AND

2) No emergency 4KV bus (1D or 1E) energized for greater than 15 minutes.

(1 **AND** 2)

APPLICABILITY: Cold Shutdown, Refueling Shutdown

BASIS:

Loss of AC power compromises all safety systems requiring electric power, including Decay Heat Removal, Spent Fuel Cooling, and closed/river water cooling systems. When in Cold Shutdown, refueling, or defueled, the event can be classified as an Alert because of the significantly reduced decay heat, temperature, and pressure, increasing the time to restore one of the emergency busses, relative to that specified for the Site Area Emergency EAL. Fifteen minutes was selected as a threshold to exclude transient or momentary losses.

- The 1D or 1E 4KV busses may be energized automatically or manually by their respective emergency diesel generators (EG-Y-1A or EG-Y-1B) or manually by the SBO diesel generator (EG-Y-4).
- Subsequent start and load of at least one on-site power source (EG-Y-1A, EG-Y-1B OR EG-Y-4) to energize the 1D or 1E 4K bus enables the event to be downgraded to an Unusual Event.
- Escalation to a Site Area Emergency, if appropriate, would be due to abnormal radiation levels/radiological effluent, or SM/ED judgement.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert SA1.

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| Number

S3.3 (DC) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY)

Unplanned loss of ALL on-site DC power for greater than 15 minutes as indicated by:

T

1) Receipt of all annunciators listed under the SYMPTOMS in EP 1202-9A (1A DC Distribution) or local meter < 105 volts.

AND

 Receipt of all annunciators listed under the SYMPTOMS in EP 1202-9B (1B DC Distribution) or local meter < 105 volts.

(1 AND 2)

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown

BASIS:

Extended loss of DC requires coordination of efforts for control of equipment. This has the potential to reduce capability of public protection. The 15 minute threshold was selected to exclude transient or momentary losses.

• Emergency Organization activation is necessary to mitigate the event to allow sufficient capability to operate equipment locally in the plant.

• The loss of DC compromises the ability to monitor and control the plant safely.

• This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency SS3.

		Number		
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01		
Title		Revision No.		
Emergency Classification and Basis		13		
	EXHIBIT 3	Page 8 of 8		
U3.3 (DC) (UNUSUAL EVENT) Unplanned loss of ALL on-site DC power for greater than 15 minutes as indicated by:				
1) Receipt of all annunciators listed under the SYMPTOMS in EP 1202-9A (1A DC Distribution) or local meter				

- AND
- 2) Receipt of all annunciators listed under the SYMPTOMS in EP 1202-9B (1B DC Distribution) or local meter < 105 volts.

(1 **AND** 2)

< 105 volts.

APPLICABILITY: Cold Shutdown, Refueling Shutdown

BASIS:

Extended loss of DC requires coordination of efforts for control of equipment. This has the potential to reduce capability of public protection. The 15 minute threshold was selected to exclude transient or momentary losses.

- Emergency Organization activation is necessary to mitigate the event to allow sufficient capability to operate equipment locally in the plant.
- The loss of DC compromises the ability to monitor and control the plant safely.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency SU7.

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4.0 INSTRUMENTATION, ACTUATION AND TECH SPECS

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
	S4.1 (Transient with Annunciator/Indicator Loss)	A4.1 (Transient with Annunciator/Indicator Loss)	U4.1 (Annunciator/Indicator Loss)
	 Loss of ALL safety system annunciators; AND 2) Loss of indicators needed to monitor safety functions 	 1a) Unplanned loss of majority of Safety System ANNUNCIATORS for ≥15 minutes; OR 1b) Unplanned loss of majority of Safety System INDICATORS for ≥15 minutes 	 1a) Unplanned loss of majority of Safety System ANNUNCIATORS for ≥15 minutes; OR 1b) Unplanned loss of majority of Safety System INDICATORS for ≥15 minutes
	AND 3) Loss of compensatory non-alarming indicators; AND	AND 2a) Compensatory non-alarming indicators are unavailable; OR	 AND Compensatory non-alarming indicators are available; AND
	 A significant plant transient is in progress. 	 2b) A significant plant transient is in progress; AND 3) SM requires increased surveillance to safely operate the plant. 	 SM requires increased surveillance to safely operate the plant.
	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hot Stby, HSD, SU, HU/CD	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hot Stby, HSD, SU, HU/CD	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hot Stby, HSD, SU, HU/CD
	(BASIS Page 40)	(BASIS Page 41)	(BASIS Page 42)
			U4.1.1 (Communications) Unplanned loss of 1) All on-site communications; OR 2) All off-site communications
			APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 43)
G4.2 (ATWS Unsuccessful followup)	S4.2 (ATWS, unsuccessful followup)	A4.2 (ATWS, successful followup)	U4.2 (TS SD)
 Failure of RPS to execute an auto reactor trip with Reactor power ≥ 5%; AND Manual trip from Control Room was <u>NOT</u> successful AND 	 Failure of RPS to execute an auto reactor trip with reactor power ≥ 5%; AND Manual trip from Control Room was NOT successful. 	 Failure of RPS to execute an auto reactor trip; AND Manual trip from Control Room was successful. 	Failure to complete TS required shutdown or cooldown within LCO time limit.
3a) T _{olad} > 1800°F OR 3b) All means of heat removal (MFW/EFW/HPI-PORV) lost			
APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hslby, HSD, SU, HU/CD (BASIS Page 44)	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops (BASIS Page 45)	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hstby, HSD, SU, HU/CD (BASIS Page 46)	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, Hstby, HSD, SU, HU/CD (BASIS Page 47)

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∠XHIBIT 4

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4.0 INSTRUMENTATION, ACTUATION AND TECH SPECS

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
	 S4.3 (DHR) 1) Loss of ALL means of DHR (Core Heat Removal) per EP 1202-35 AND 2a) Indicated level < 0 inches OR 2b) Core evit temperature indicates > 25° SH 	 A4.3 (DHR) 1) Loss of ALL means of DHR (Core Heat Removal) per EP 1202-35 AND 2a) Temperature is ≥ 200°F OR 2b) Temperature is eppressible 200°E in an 	
	2b) Core exit temperature indicates > 25° SH APPLICABILITY: (CSD and RSD) (BASIS Page 48)	2b) Temperature is approaching 200°F in an uncontrolled manner APPLICABILITY: (CSD and RSD) (BASIS Page 49)	
	 S4.4 (HSD Function) 1) Loss of all means to feed AND steam OTSGs AND 2) Loss of RCS makeup and Pzr 		
	APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, HStby, SU, HSD (BASIS Page 50)		

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title			Revision No.
Emer	gency Classification a	Ind Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 3 of 13
		ndicator Loss) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY) nsient in progress as indicated by:	
1) AND	Loss of ANNUNCIATORS	associated with ALL safety systems	
2) AND	Loss of indicators needed	to monitor essential safety functions	
3) AND	Loss of compensatory non	-alarming indicators	
4)	A significant plant transient	t is in progress	

(1 **AND** 2 **AND** 3 **AND** 4)

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown

BASIS:

This EAL addresses the inability of the control room staff to monitor plant response to a transient. A Site Area Emergency is considered to exist if the control room staff cannot monitor safety functions needed for the protection of the public.

- Planned and Unplanned losses are included in the EAL, (e.g., scheduled maintenance and testing activities) since the loss of this much instrumentation during a transient is a significant factor.
- Specific ANNUNCIATORS for this EAL include only those identified in ATOG, Abnormal and Emergency operating procedures, and in other EALs (e.g., area, process, and/or effluent radiation monitors).
- Specific INDICATORS needed to monitor safety functions necessary for protection of the public include control room indications and dedicated annunciation capability used to shutdown the reactor, maintain core cooling and a coolable core geometry, to maintain the integrity of the RCS and containment.
- "Compensatory non-alarming indications" may include computer based information and displays such as SPDS. This may include all other computer systems available for use.
- "Significant transient" includes response to automatic or manually initiated functions such as reactor trips, runbacks greater than 25% thermal power change, ECCS injections, or thermal power oscillations of 10% or more.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency SS6.

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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Eme	rgency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 4 of 13
	ess or compensatory non-ala	rol Room ANNUNCIATORS or INDICATORS with a s rming INDICATORS unavailable as indicated by: ority of safety system ANNUNCIATORS ≥ 15 minutes	-
,		only of salety system Annonicia TORS 2 15 minutes	
1b)	OR	prity of safety system indications \geq 15 minutes	
1b) AND	OR Unplanned loss of the majo		
1b) AND 2a) 2b)	OR Unplanned loss of the maje Compensatory non-alarmir	prity of safety system indications \ge 15 minutes ng indications are not available	
1b) AND 2a) 2b) AND 3)	OR Unplanned loss of the majo Compensatory non-alarmin OR A significant plant transien	ority of safety system indications ≥ 15 minutes ng indications are not available t is in progress Manager, the loss of the ANNUNCIATORS or INDICA	
1b) AND 2a) 2b) AND 3)	OR Unplanned loss of the major Compensatory non-alarmin OR A significant plant transien In the opinion of the Shift M	ority of safety system indications ≥ 15 minutes ng indications are not available t is in progress Manager, the loss of the ANNUNCIATORS or INDICA ate the plant.	

BASIS:

This EAL recognizes the difficulty associated with monitoring changing plant conditions without the use of a major portion of the annunciation or indication equipment.

- "Unplanned" losses exclude scheduled maintenance and testing activities. Fifteen minutes was selected as a threshold to exclude transient or momentary losses.
- Specific ANNUNCIATORS and INDICATORS for this EAL shall include those associated with:
 - ESAS
 - RPS
 - Radiation Monitors
 - Core Flood
 - BWST/NaOH
 - EFW/HSPS
 - ES Diesel Generators
 - ES Electrical
 - RBAT/BAMT
- "Compensatory non-alarming indications" may include computer based information and displays such as SPDS. This may include all other computer systems available for use.
- "Significant transient" includes response to automatic or manually initiated functions such as reactor trips, runbacks greater than 25% thermal power change, ECCS injections, or thermal power oscillations of 10% or more.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert SA4.

Number

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Emergency Classification a	nd Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 4	Page 5 of 13

U4.1 (Annunciator/Indicator Loss) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

1

Unplanned, sustained loss of Control Room ANNUNCIATORS or INDICATORS requiring increased surveillance to safely operate the plant as indicated by:

- 1a) Unplanned loss of the majority of safety system ANNUNCIATORS \geq 15 minutes OR
- 1b) Unplanned loss of the majority of safety system INDICATORS \geq 15 minutes.
- AND
- 2) Compensatory non-alarming indications are available.
- AND
- 3) In the opinion of the Shift Manager, the loss of the ANNUNCIATORS or INDICATORS requires increased surveillance to safely operate the plant.

(1a OR 1b AND 2 AND 3)

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown

BASIS:

This EAL is intended to recognize the difficulty associated with monitoring changing plant conditions without the use of a major portion of the annunciation or indication equipment.

- "Unplanned" losses exclude scheduled maintenance and testing activities. Fifteen minutes was selected as a threshold to exclude transient or momentary losses.
- Specific ANNUNCIATORS and INDICATORS for this EAL shall include those associated with:
 - ESAS
 - RPS
 - Radiation Monitors
 - Core Flood
 - BWST/NaOH
 - EFW/HSPS
 - ES Diesel Generators
 - ES Electrical
 - RBAT/BAMT
- "Compensatory non-alarming indications" may include computer based information and displays such as SPDS. This may include all other computer systems available for use.
- If the majority of the safety system ANNUNCIATORS or INDICATORS are lost, there is increased risk that a degraded plant condition could go undetected. It is not intended that plant personnel perform a detailed count of the instrumentation lost but use the value as a judgement threshold for determining the severity of the plant conditions. This judgement is supported by the specific opinion of the Shift Manager that additional operating personnel will be required to provide increased monitoring of system operation to safely operate the plant.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event SU3.

		Number	
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01	
Title		Revision No.	
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U4.1.1 (Communications) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

1) Unplanned loss of **ALL** on-site communications capabilities affecting the ability to perform routine operations **OR**

2) Unplanned loss of ALL off-site communications capabilities.

(1 **OR** 2)

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

The purpose of this EAL is to recognize a loss of communications capability that either defeats the plant operations staff ability to perform routine tasks necessary for plant operations or the ability to communicate problems to off-site authorities.

- "Unplanned" losses as specified in the EAL exclude scheduled maintenance and testing activities.
- On-site communications systems addressed in this EAL include all means of routine communications (plant page, telephones, sound powered phones, radios, etc.) Loss of all of these capabilities would severely hamper routine operations. This would degrade the level of safety of the plant.
- Off-site communications systems include those systems addressed in EPIP-TMI-.03, which also provides guidance for alternate methods of communications.

This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event SU6.

			Number	
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01	
Title			Revision No.	
Emer	gency Classification a	and Basis	13	
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 7 of 13	
G4.2 (ATWS, unsuccessful followup) (GENERAL EMERGENCY)				
1) AND	reactor trip when any RPS trip set point has been exceeded with Reactor Power remaining \geq 5%.			
2) AND	The manual reactor trip fro	m the Control Room was NOT successful		
3a)	T _{clad} > 1800°. OR			
3b)	All means of heat removal	(Main Feedwater, Emergency Feedwater, PORV-HPI	Cooling) have been lost.	
(1 AND 2 AND 3a OR 1 AND 2 AND 3b)				
APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Startup, Hot Shutdown, Heatup/Cooldown				

BASIS:

- This meets the anticipatory criteria for a General Emergency because of the loss of coolant and failure of the CLAD.
- No RCS leakage is expected. However, the heatup will reduce RCS inventory.
- Under this condition the reactor is producing more heat than is being removed and a General Emergency is warranted because conditions exist for loss of fuel clad and RCS inventory.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 GENERAL EMERGENCY SG.2.

			Number		
		TMI - Unit 1			
Title		Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01 Revision No.		
Emer	gency Classification a	and Basis	13		
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 8 of 13		
S4.2 (A	TWS, unsuccessful followu	p) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY)			
1)		ection System (RPS trip string) to; automatically <u>INITI</u> , trip setpoint has been exceeded with Reactor Power			
AND					
2)	The manual reactor trip fro	om the Control Room was NOT successful.			
(1 AN	D 2)				
APPLICABILITY: Power Operations					
 BASIS: Automatic and manual tripping of the reactor is not considered successful if action outside the control room was required to trip the reactor. 					
•	 Under this condition the reactor is producing more heat than the design decay heat load (5%) and a Site Area Emergency is warranted because conditions exist that lead to imminent loss or potential loss of both fuel clad and RCS inventory. 				
		NOTE			
	Product Barr	ed that this specific condition closely parallels the Fiss ier EALs, but is provided for rapid declaration in the ev t condition (ATWS) occurred.			
•	This EAL satisfies NESP-0	007 Site Area Emergency SS2.			

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification and Basis		13
	EXHIBIT 4	Page 9 of 13
A4.2 (ATWS, successful follow	up) (ALERT)	

1) Failure of the Reactor Protection System (RPS trip string) to automatically <u>INITIATE AND COMPLETE</u> a reactor trip when any RPS trip setpoint has been exceeded

AND

2) The manual reactor trip from the Control Room was successful.

(1 **AND** 2)

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown

BASIS:

Reactor Protection System (RPS) trip setpoints are designed and set to maintain the plant inside (less than) the Core Safety Limits.

- An Alert is warranted because conditions exist that lead to potential loss of fuel clad or RCS inventory.
- Successful followup to the ATWS means that the Control Personnel were able to de-energize the Control Rod drives from the control room. This may occur by depressing the main or backup trip pushbutton. Additionally, the electrical bus may be de-energized from the Control Room.
- The activation of the Emergency Organization is essential to evaluate and possibly mitigate the consequences of the event.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert SA2.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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Emergency Classification and Basis		13

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U4.2 (TS SD) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Failure to complete a Technical Specification plant shutdown or plant cooldown within the Limiting Condition for Operation (LCO) time limit.

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown, Startup, Heatup/Cooldown

BASIS:

This condition exceeds the normal Technical Specification envelope and the plant safety is in a potentially degraded condition. Declaration of an Unusual Event is based on the time at which the LCO specified action statement time period elapses under the Technical Specifications and is not related to how long a condition may have existed.

NOTE

A Technical Specification LCO has an associated time limit to allow continued operation while actions are taken to correct the deficiency. If during the LCO time limit, it becomes apparent that the time limit will be exceeded before repairs are effected then the required actions must be taken to shutdown and/or cooldown the plant. If ANY of the shutdown or cooldown times are NOT met then the EAL is met.

This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event SU2.

			Number
·		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title			Revision No.
Eme	rgency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 11 of 13
S4.3 (DHR) (SITE AREA EMERGE	ENCY)	
1)	Loss of ALL means of Dec	ay Heat Removal (Core Heat Removal) per EP 1202-	35
AND 2a)	Indicated RCS level is < 0 OR	inches on draindown level indicator (RC-LT-1037 or F	C-LT-1138)
2b)	Core exit temperature indicates $\geq 25^{\circ}$ Superheat.		
(1 AN	D 2A OR 2b)		
APPL	ICABILITY: Cold Shutdown,	Refueling Shutdown	
		iling following a loss of Decay Heat Removal and is ind egrity being assured.	dicative of potential core
•	•	pecial condition of Shutdown and the available invento particular plant conditions it is possible to have the RC	

• A core exit temperature of 25° Superheat is an indication that fuel is uncovered and is relied upon when level indication is not available. The loss of level indication is anticipatory because inventory is still available for some finite time. Conservatively core uncovery is assumed when the level indication is lost.

This is an unexpected and potentially prolonged condition with normal and backup means of cooling not

This level ensures that the Emergency Organization is activated to insure protection of the health and safety

- Zero inches on the draindown level indicators (RC-LT-1037 or RC-LT-1138) is at the 314' elevation and the centerline of the cold legs.
- This EAL does not apply if all irradiated fuel has been removed from the Reactor vessel.

not have Containment Integrity as it may not be required by Technical Specifications.

This satisfies NESP-007 EAL SS5.

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available.

of the public.

		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title			Revision No.
Emer	gency Classification a	Ind Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 12 of 13
A4.3 ([DHR) (ALERT)		
1) AND	Loss of ALL means of Dec	ay Heat Removal (Core Heat Removal) per EP 1202-3	35
2a)	Temperature is ≥ 200°F OR		
2b)	Temperature is approachir	g 200°F in an uncontrolled manner.	
(1 ANI) 2a OR 2b)		

APPLICABILITY: Cold Shutdown, Refueling Shutdown

BASIS:

This EAL addresses potential boiling following a loss of Decay Heat Removal and is indicative of potential core damage without RCS boundary integrity being assured.

- This EAL addresses the special condition of Shutdown and the available inventory to maintain the integrity . of the fuel clad. In these particular plant conditions it is possible to have the RCS open (Breached) and to not have Containment Integrity as it may not be required by Technical Specifications.
- This is an unexpected and potentially prolonged condition with normal and backup means of cooling not available.
 - This level ensures that the Emergency Organization is activated to insure protection of the health and safety of the public.
 - The time to uncover the fuel is based on level before the loss of Decay Heat Removal and the time since reactor shutdown. The loss of Decay Heat Removal Emergency Procedure (1202-35) contains the information to predict core uncovery.
 - This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert SA.3.

Number

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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Emei	gency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 4	Page 13 of 13
S4.4 (HSD Function) (SITE AREA	EMERGENCY)	
1) AND	Loss of all means to feed A	AND steam the Once Through Steam Generators (O	TSG)

2) Loss of RCS makeup AND pressurizer level is less than 20".

(1 **AND** 2)

APPLICABILITY: Hot Shutdown, Hot Standby, Startup and Power Operations

BASIS:

Under the conditions listed there is an actual major failure of systems/components intended for the protection of the public.

- Loss of both functions that are necessary to achieve and maintain Hot Shut Down
- This is a case where functions needed for the protection of the health and safety of the public have been lost (Heat Sink, and RCS inventory).
- RCS makeup is "normal makeup" and HPI.
- The emergency organization is activated to monitor and control the situation to restore the lost protection. Accident mitigation is essential.
- This satisfies NESP-007 EAL SS4.

ÉXHIBIT 5



5.0 NATURAL PHENOMENA

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
		A5.1 (High River Water) Actual river water elevation ≥302 ft.	U5.1 (High River Water) Actual river water elevation ≥ 300 ft.
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 52)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 53)
		A5.2 (High Wind) Wind Speeds > 80 mph sustained > 1 minute	U5.2 (High Wind) Wind speed > 70 mph sustained > 1 minute
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 54)	APPLICABILITY: Al: Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 55)
		A5.3 (Tornado) Report of Tornado with damage to structures/equipment inside Vital Area	U5.3 (Tornado) Report of Tornado inside Protected Area
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 56)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 57)
		A5.4 (Earthquake) VALID alarm PRF-1-3 "Operating Basis Earthquake"	U5.4 (Earthquake) VALID alarm PRF-1-2 "Threshold Seismic Condition"
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 58)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 59)

		Number		
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01		
Title		Revision No.		
Emergency Classification	and Basis	13		
	EXHIBIT 5	Page 2 of 9		
A5.1 (High River Water) (ALERT) High River Water Level, as indicated by:				
Actual river water level e	levation at the river water intake structure \ge 302 ft.			
APPLICABILITY: All Plant Cond	itions			
BASIS:				
Portions of the site would	d be flooded at this level and there is a potential for dam	nage to vital equipment.		
The design flood corresp	onds to river water level at 303 ft. elevation at the river	water intake structure.		

- Dike elevation at the intake structure is 305 ft.
- Southern dike elevation is 304 ft.
- This EAL partially satisfies NESP-007 Alert HA1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
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	EXHIBIT 5	Page 3 of 9
U5.1 (High River Water) (UNUSUAL EVENT) High River Water Level, as indicated by:		

Actual river water level elevation at the river water intake structure \geq 300 ft.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- The design flood corresponds to river water level at 303 ft. elevation at the river water intake structure.
- Dike elevation at the intake structure is 305 ft.
- Southern dike elevation is 304 ft.
- This EAL partially satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event HU1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification a	and Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 5	Page 4 of 9

A5.2 (High Wind) (ALERT)

High wind speeds, as indicated by:

Wind speed greater than 80 mph sustained for greater than 1 minute, indicated on Wind Speed Recorder NDS-501.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This EAL recognizes potential damage to vital equipment or structures due to exceeding structural design limits.

- The containment building is designed to withstand 80 mph sustained winds and 300 mph tangential tornado winds. Only F5 tornadoes have tangential winds in excess of 300 mph. There is a potential for damage to vital equipment.
- The wind speed may be determined by the strip chart in the Control Room or the PPC. These indications are from the weather tower located on the island. Failure of the weather tower requires alternate sources of data such as the Harrisburg Airport or the National Weather Service.
- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas for damage: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. and Fuel Handling Building, and Diesel Generator Building.
 - This EAL partially satisfies NESP-007 Alert HA1.

		Number	
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01	
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U5.2 (High Wind) (UNUSUAL EVENT) High wind speeds, as indicated by:

Wind speed greater than 70 mph sustained for greater than 1 minute, indicated on Wind Speed Recorder NDS-501.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This EAL recognizes potential damage to vital equipment or structures due to exceeding structural design limits.

- The containment building is designed to withstand 80 mph sustained winds and 300 mph tangential tornado winds. Only F5 tornadoes have tangential winds in excess of 300 mph. There is a potential for damage to vital equipment.
- The wind speed may be determined by the strip chart in the Control Room or the PPC. These indications are from the weather tower located on the island. Failure of the weather tower requires alternate sources of data such as the Harrisburg Airport or the National Weather Service.
- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas for damage: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. & Fuel Handling Buildings, and Diesel Generator Building.
 - This EAL partially satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event HU1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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A5.3 (Tornado) (ALERT)

Report by station personnel that a Tornado has touched down damaging structures/equipment inside the Vital Area.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

Plant design is to be able to withstand severe winds on specific buildings (refer to EP 1202-33) and protect Safety equipment. This EAL addresses where equipment necessary for the protection of the public is damaged.

- Damage to equipment or structures inside the Vital Area that could impact on the ability of the plant to protect the health and safety of the public.
- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas for damage: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. and Fuel Handling Building, and Diesel Generator Building.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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U5.3 (Tornado) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Report by station personnel that a Tornado has touched down inside the Protected Area.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This EAL is a precursor to actual evaluation of damage and assumes that the tornado damages structures and components.

- Potential damage to equipment or structures inside the Protected Area that could impact on the safe shutdown of the plant.
- This EAL partially satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event HU1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification and Basis		13
	EXHIBIT 5	Page 8 of 9
A5.4 (Earthquake) (ALERT) VALID alarm PRF-1-3 "Op	erating Basis Earthquake".	

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

An earthquake of this magnitude may cause damage to safety equipment and additional evaluation is warranted.

- The Operating Basis Earthquake assumes some minor damage has occurred to the plant, therefore the emergency organization is needed for evaluation and potential event mitigation.
- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas for damage: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. and Fuel Handling Building, and Diesel Generator Building.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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	EXHIBIT 5	Page 9 of 9

U5.4 (Earthquake) (UNUSUAL EVENT) VALID alarm PRF-1-2 "Threshold Seismic Condition".

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

An earthquake of this magnitude may cause damage to some portions of the plant but it is not expected to affect safety systems.

- This EAL insures that the emergency plan is implemented even though the Operating Basis Earthquake levels have not been reached or exceeded.
- The emergency organization is established if escalation is required.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU1.

EXHIB

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6.0 MAN-MADE PHENOMENA

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
		A6.1 (Fire) 1) Fire affects operability of 1 safety system train OR 2) Fire inside Protected Area requires off-site assistance	U6.1 (Fire) VALID fire inside Protected Area which CANNOT be controlled within 15 minutes of verification.
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 61)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 62)
	S6.2 (Control Room Evacuation) Control Room evacuation initiated and plant control is NOT established within 15 minutes	A6.2 (Control Room Evacuation) Control Room evacuation initiated	
	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 63)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 64)	
		A6.3 (Hazardous Gas) Report flammable/toxic gases detected in Vital Area in life threatening concentrations	U6.3 (Hazardous Gas) Report of flammable/toxic gases potentially affecting normal plant operations
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 65)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 66)
		A6.4 (Equipment Failure) NON Bomb explosion inside Vital Area (Violent combustion/pressurized equipment failure)	U6.4 (Equipment Failure) NON Bomb explosion inside Protected Area (Violent combustion/pressurized equipment failure)
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 67)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 68)
			U6.5 (Turbine Failure) 1) Turbine failure peneëating casing OR 2) Damage to generator seals
			APPLICABILITY: Pwr Ops, H Stby, HSD (BASIS Page 69)
		A6.6 (Vehicle Crash) Vehicle Crash inside Vital Area (Equipment/Structure damage)	U6.6 (Vehicle Crash) Vehicle crash inside Protected Area (Potential Equipment/Structure damage)
		APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 70)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 71)

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification a	and Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 2 of 12

A6.1 (Fire) (ALERT)

- 1) Fire which affects the operability of one safety system train. **OR**
- 2) A fire inside the Protected Area which requires off-site fire fighting assistance, as determined by the Shift Manager/Emergency Director,

(1 **OR** 2)

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

The purpose of this EAL is to identify when the level of safety of the plant is in question because of a fire. The fire may be impacting safety systems directly (Fire in a Vital Area) or indirectly (Fire in the Protected Area) but it is challenging a Vital Area (Area where vital equipment for Safe Shutdown is located).

- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas (TMI-1) for damage based on fire location: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. and Fuel Handling Building, and Diesel Generator Building.
- Part **one** is considered to be met if a single Emergency Diesel Generator or Engineered Safeguards system string is rendered inoperable AND it is required to be operable for present plant conditions for event mitigation.
- Part **two** considers that extensive damage to a structure inside the Protected Area may affect normal day to day operations. This is especially true for the TMI-2 buildings that do not have water and off-site assistance is required to extinguish a fire.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA2.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classificatio	n and Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 3 of 12

U6.1 (Fire) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

A **VALID** fire inside the Protected Area which CANNOT be controlled by the Fire Brigade within 15 minutes from the time of verification.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

The purpose of this EAL is to address fires whose extent and magnitude may be potentially significant precursors to damage to safety systems.

- This condition is considered met if the Fire Brigade cannot bring the fire under control within 15 minutes of verification that a fire exists.
- This excludes fires in administrative buildings, trash containers and other small fires with NO safety consequences.
- Verification is confirmatory alarms or visual indication.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU2.

		Number	
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01	
Title	······································	Revision No.	
Emergency Classification and Basis		13	

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S6.2 (Control Room Evacuation) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY)

Evacuation of the Control Room has been INITIATED and all of the following have NOT been performed within 15 minutes of the evacuation as determined by the Shift Manager/Emergency Director:

- protected supply of electrical power established or available
- protected supply of RCS make-up, letdown and seal injection is established
- primary to secondary heat transfer is established and controlled.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- The level of safety of the plant is further degraded and thus warrants additional Emergency Organization personnel to assist in evaluation and event mitigation. This level of commitment is essential for the protection of the health and safety of the public.
- The concern of this EAL is when the plant is above Cold Shutdown to maintain plant safety by following ATOG guidance.
- When the plant is in Cold Shutdown or colder the main concern is for keeping the core cooled.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HS2.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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	EXHIBIT 6	Page 5 of 12

A6.2 (Control Room Evacuation) (ALERT) Evacuation of the Control Room is initiated.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- The level of safety of the plant is uncertain and thus warrants activation of the Emergency Organization to assist in evaluation and event mitigation.
- Control Room evacuation warrants additional support, monitoring, and direction from the TSC and other facilities essential for event mitigation.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA5.

		Number
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A6.3 (Hazardous Gas) (ALERT)

Report (On-Site personnel) that flammable/toxic gases have been detected within the Vital Area in concentrations that are life threatening and will affect the safe operation of the plant.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

Hazardous materials (toxic/flammable) inside the Vital Area places operation of equipment and safety of personnel in great danger, substantially degrading the safety of the plant.

- Detectable concentrations of toxic/flammable gases inside the Vital Area could be life threatening (Plant personnel) and affect the safe operation of the plant.
- Additionally, it could jeopardize the ability to establish and maintain Cold Shutdown.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA3.

TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title Emergency Classification and Basis	Revision No.

U6.3 (Hazardous Gas) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Report (On-Site personnel or Off-Site) that flammable/toxic gases could enter within the Site Area potentially affecting normal plant operation or requiring evacuation per DOT Emergency Response.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

Certain Hazardous Materials, if released off-site, can impact plant personnel safety and equipment operation on-site.

- Concentrations of toxic/flammable gases are projected on the site because the site is within an evacuation zone. Hazardous materials evacuation zone guidance is published by the Department of Transportation (DOT). Environmental Controls has a current document with the recommended evacuation zones for all hazardous materials.
- Hazardous materials (toxic/flammable) may impact the safety and health of plant personnel.
- Hazardous materials could impact the operation of safety related equipment, potentially degrading in the level of safety of the plant.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU3.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification and I	Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 8 of 12
A6.4 (Equipment Failure) (ALERT) Unanticipated NON Bomb explo	sion detected inside the Vital Area.	

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APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This EAL addresses violent unconfined combustion or a catastrophic failure of pressurized equipment.

- Evaluate, as a minimum, the following areas (TMI-1) for damage based on the explosion location: Reactor Building, Intake Building, Intermediate Building, Control Tower, Aux. and Fuel Handling Building, and Diesel Generator Building.
- Damage to equipment or structures inside Vital Area that could impact on the ability of the plant to protect the health and safety of the public.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA2.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification a	and Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 9 of 12
U6.4 (Equipment Failure) (UNUSU Unanticipated NON Bomb	AL EVENT) explosion detected inside the Protected Area.	
APPLICABILITY: All Plant Condition	ons	
BASIS: This EAL addresses violent unconf	ined combustion or a catastrophic failure of pressurize	ed equipment.

- This EAL does not attempt to assess the actual magnitude of damage.
- The occurrence of the explosion with reports of damage is sufficient for event declaration.
- Potential damage to equipment or structures inside Protected Area that could impact on the safe shutdown
 of the plant.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title Emergency Classification and Basis		Revision No.
		13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 10 of 12
U6.5 (Turbine Failure) (UNUSUAL EVENT) 1)Turbine failure resulting in casing penetration OR		

2)Damage to generator seals

(1 **OR** 2)

APPLICABILITY: Power Operations, Hot Standby, Hot Shutdown

BASIS:

- The hazard of projectiles from the turbine and penetration of the casing decreases the level of plant safety.
- An additional concern is for the release of combustible fluids (lubricating oils) and gases (hydrogen).
- Any fires resulting from this event would be classified via U6.1 or A6.1.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU1.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification and	Basis	13
	EXHIBIT 6	Page 11 of 12
A6.6 (Vehicle Crash) (ALERT)		

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- Damage to equipment or structures inside Vital Area that could impact the ability of the plant to protect the health and safety of the public.
- This EAL is limited to vehicles (train, airplane, helicopter, etc.) which can inadvertently enter the Vital Area. Other vehicles entering the Vital Area by crashes are covered under Security events.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HA1.

Vehicle crash inside the Vital Area (Equipment/Structure damage).

		Number
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	EXHIBIT 6	Page 12 of 12

U6.6 (Vehicle Crash) (UNUSUAL EVENT) Vehicle crash inside the Protected Area (Potential Equipment/Structure Damage).

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

- Potential damage to equipment or structures inside Protected Area that could impact the safe shutdown of the plant.
- The EAL is limited to those vehicles (train, airplane, helicopter, etc.) which can inadvertently enter the Protected Area. Other vehicles entering the Protected Area by crashes are covered under Security events.
- This EAL is meant to satisfy NESP-007 EAL HU1.

EXHIP

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7.0 SECURITY

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
G7.1 (Security) Security Event resulting in inability to reach or maintain Cold Shutdown as indicated by:	S7.1 (Security) Security Event in the VA indicated by:	A7.1 (Security) Security Event degrading Plant safety indicated by:	U7.1 (Security) Confirmed Security Event indicated by:
 Loss of physical control of the Control Room. <u>OR</u> 2) Loss of physical control of remote shutdown capability. 	 Bomb explosion inside the VA. <u>OR</u> Hostile force inside the VA. 	 Bomb discovered inside the VA. OR Hostile force inside the PA. 	 A credible threat to the station per NRC. <u>OR</u> Actual threat per the following: Credible threat per other agency or Threat Assessment procedure Specific to station Imminent (< 2 hours) OR PA attack or intrusion <u>OR</u> Sabotage in PA OR Hostage/Extortion impacting operation
APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 73)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 74)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 75)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 76)

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title			Revision No.
Emer	gency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 7	Page 2 of 5
G7.1 (S	Security) (GENERAL EMER	GENCY)	
Securit	y Event resulting in loss of a	ability to reach and maintain Cold Shutdown as indicat	ed by:
1) OR	Loss of physical control of	the control room due to security event.	
2)	Loss of physical control of	remote shutdown capability due to security event.	
(1 OR 2	2)	,	
APPLIC	CABILITY: All Plant Conditi	ons	
BASIS	:		

This class of security event represents conditions under which a hostile force has taken physical control of vital area(s) required to reach and maintain Cold Shutdown.

- A hostile force is defined as one or more persons that have entered the site, without the company's permission, for the purpose of committing an illegal act against the plant.
- Bomb explosions in the control room or remote shutdown control areas are included in this EAL. Bomb damage represents loss of physical control in the effected area.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 General Emergency HG1.

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		and the second	Revision No.
Emei	rgency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 7	Page 3 of 5
S7.1 (Security) (SITE AREA EMER	RGENCY)	
Securi	ty Event in a Vital Area (VA)	as indicated by:	
1) OR	Bomb device exploding ins	ide the Vital Area (VA).	
2)	Hostile Force inside the Vi	tal Area (VA).	
(1 OR	2)		
APPLI	CABILITY: All Plant Condition	ons	
BASIS			
This cl	ass of security event represe	ents an escalated threat to plant safety above that con	tained in the Alert.
•		s one or more persons that have entered the site, with e of committing an illegal act against the plant.	nout the company's
•	A civil disturbance that per	netrates the Vital Area can be considered a hostile for	e.
•	A bomb exploding inside the	ne Vital Area represents a significant threat to plant sa	fety. Equipment essential

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 A bomb exploding inside the Vital Area represents a significant threat to plant safety. Equipment essential for protection of the health and safety of the public is located here. Damage to this equipment raises a doubt on insuring the health and safety of the public. Timely classification activates assistance to assess the magnitude of damage and mitigate the consequences.

• This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Site Area Emergency HS1.

			Number
		TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title			Revision No.
Emer	gency Classification a	and Basis	13
		EXHIBIT 7	Page 4 of 5
A7.1 (\$	Security) (ALERT)		·
Securi	ty Event degrading level of p	lant safety as indicated by:	
1) OR	Bomb device discovered in	side a Vital Area (VA).	
2)	Hostile Force inside the Pre-	otected Area (PA).	
(1 OR	2)		
APPLI	CABILITY: All Plant Condition	ons	
BASIS	:		
This cl Event.	ass of security event represe	ents an escalated threat to plant safety above that con	tained in the Unusual

- A hostile force is defined as one or more persons that have entered the site, without the company's permission, for the purpose of committing an illegal act against the plant.
- A civil disturbance that penetrates the Protected Area can be considered a hostile force.
- A bomb inside the Vital Area represents a significant threat to plant safety even though it has not exploded. A Vital Area is where equipment essential for protection of the health and safety of the public is located. Damage to this equipment places a greater risk on insuring the health and safety of the public.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert HA-4.

U7.1 (Security) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Confirmed Security Event which represents a potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant as indicated by:

- 1) A credible threat to the station by the NRC
- **OR** 2)
 - An actual threat reported by any other outside agency or determined by the Threat Assessment Procedure **AND**

is specifically directed towards the station

AND

Is imminent (within 2 hours)

- OR
- 3) Attempted intrusion and attack to the Protected Area **OR**
- 4) Attempted sabotage discovered within the Protected Area
- 5) Hostage/Extortion situation that threatens normal plant operations.

(1 OR 2 OR 3 OR 4 OR 5)

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This is based upon the TMI Physical Security Contingency Plan.

- A hostile force is defined as one or more persons that have entered the site, without permission, for the purpose of committing an illegal act against the plant. This is incorporated into the Intrusion, Attack and Threat criterion of this EAL.
- A civil disturbance that penetrates the Owner Controlled Area can be considered a hostile force.
- A bomb inside the Protected Area represents a threat to plant safety even though it has not exploded. The threat to the safety of the plant is by damaging equipment or equipment responsible for plant operations and maintenance.
- A security threat that is identified as being directed towards the station and represents a potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant. This is satisfied if physical evidence exists, if independent information exists or if a specific group claims responsibility. Shift Management will declare an Unusual Event following consultation with the Shift Security Representative to determine the credibility of the security event.

Security threats which meet the threshold for Unusual Event declaration are:

- 1. A credible threat to the station reported by the NRC.
- 2. A threat that meets ALL of the following criteria:
 - Credible threat reported by any other outside agency OR as determined by the Threat Assessment procedure (Exelon SY-AA-101-132, TMI SY-TM-101-132-1001), AND
 - Is specifically directed towards the station, AND
 - Is imminent (within 2 hours).

NOTE

For conditions 1 or 2, utilize a Level 4 activation to "STAFF" the Emergency Response Facilities (ECC, TSC, OSC, JIC and EOF).

- 3. Attempted intrusion and attack to the Protected Area.
- 4. Sabotage discovered within the Protected Area.
- 5. A Hostage or Extortion situation that threatens normal plant operations.

NOTE

Security events that do not represent potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant are not included in the EAL. However, they may still be reportable under 10 CFR 73.71 or 10 CFR 50.72.

This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event HU-4.

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8.0 JUDGEMENT

GENERAL EMERGENCY	SITE AREA EMERGENCY	ALERT	UNUSUAL EVENT
G8.1 (Judgement) Actual or imminent substantial core damage and potential uncontrolled release that exceeds EPA PAG levels at the Site Area Boundary (SM/ED judgement)	S8.1 (Judgement) Actual or likely failures of functions needed for the protection of the public (SM/ED judgement)	A8.1 (Judgement) Actual or potential substantial degradation of the level of safety of the plant (SM/ED judgement)	U8.1 (Judgement) Potential degradation of the level of safety of the plant (SM/ED judgement)
APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (Basis Page 78)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (Basis Page 79)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (Basis Page 80)	APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions (BASIS Page 81)

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G8.1 (Judgement) (CENERAL EMERGENCY)

Other conditions existing which may indicate actual or imminent substantial core damage and potential uncontrolled radionuclide release such that the EPA PAG levels are exceeded at the Site Area Boundary as determined by the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director.

NOTE

In exercising the judgement as to the need for declaring a General Emergency, uncertainty concerning the status of plant functions needed for the protection of the public, the length of time the uncertainty exists, and the prospects for resolution of ambiguities in a reasonable time period is sufficient basis for declaring a General Emergency.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This provides the Shift Manager/Emergency Director the flexibility to declare an event, within the bounds of accident analysis, when it is believed to be necessary based on conditions not specifically covered by an EAL.

- The inability to monitor the parameters to make a proper EAL classification.
- EAL criteria is not presently met, but there are no foreseen possible actions that would prevent meeting or exceeding the criteria.
- A Fission Product Barrier may be assumed to be lost if there are no indicators available to determine its status.
- If it is known or expected that an action can not be taken to prevent exceeding Fission Product Barrier criteria, the Fission Product Barrier is to be regarded as LOST.
- This relies heavily on the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director and it is not feasible to give specific guidance.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert HG2 item 1.

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S8.1 (Judgement) (SITE AREA EMERGENCY)

Other conditions existing which may indicate an actual or likely failure of plant functions needed for the protection of the public as determined by the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director.

NOTE

In exercising the judgement as to the need for declaring a Site Area Emergency, uncertainty concerning the status of plant functions needed · for the protection of the public, the length of time the uncertainty exists, and the prospects for resolution of ambiguities in a reasonable time period is sufficient basis for declaring a Site Area Emergency.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This provides the Shift Manager/Emergency Director the flexibility to declare an event, within the bounds of accident analysis, when it is believed to be necessary based on conditions not specifically covered by an EAL.

- The inability to monitor the parameters to make a proper EAL classification.
- EAL criteria is not presently met, but there are no foreseen possible actions that would prevent meeting or exceeding the criteria.
- A Fission Product Barrier may be assumed to be lost if there are no indicators available to determine its status.
- If it is known or expected that an action can not be taken to prevent exceeding Fission Product Barrier criteria, the Fission Product Barrier is to be regarded as LOST.
- This relies heavily of the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director and it is not feasible to give specific guidance.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert HS3 item 1.

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	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
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A8.1 (Judgement) (ALERT)

Other conditions existing which may indicate an actual or potential substantial degradation in the level of safety of the plant as determined by the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director.

NOTE

In exercising the judgement as to the need for declaring an Alert, uncertainty concerning the safety of the plant, the length of time the uncertainty exists, and the prospects for resolution of ambiguities in a reasonable time period is sufficient basis for declaring an Alert.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This provides the Shift Manager/Emergency Director the flexibility to declare an event, within the bounds of accident analysis, when it is believed to be necessary based on conditions not specifically covered by an EAL.

- The inability to monitor the parameters to make a proper EAL classification.
- EAL criteria is not presently met, but there are no foreseen possible actions that would prevent meeting or exceeding the criteria.
- A Fission Product Barrier may be assumed to be lost if there are no indicators available to determine its status.
- If it is known or expected that an action can not be taken to prevent exceeding Fission Product Barrier criteria, the Fission Product Barrier is to be regarded as LOST.
- This EAL relies heavily on the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director, it is difficult to give very specific guidance.
- This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Alert HA6.

		Number
	TMI - Unit 1 Emergency Procedure	EPIP-TMI01
Title		Revision No.
Emergency Classification and Basis		13

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U8.1 (Judgement) (UNUSUAL EVENT)

Other conditions existing which may indicate a potential degradation in the level of safety of the plant as determined by the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director.

NOTE

In exercising the judgement as to the need for declaring an Unusual Event, uncertainty concerning the safety of the plant, the length of time the uncertainty exists, and the prospects for resolution of ambiguities in a reasonable time period is sufficient basis for declaring an Unusual Event.

APPLICABILITY: All Plant Conditions

BASIS:

This provides the Shift Manager/Emergency Director the flexibility to declare an event when it is believed to be necessary based on conditions not specifically covered by an EAL. Since this relies heavily of the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director, it is difficult to give very specific guidance.

- The inability to monitor the parameters to make a proper EAL classification.
- EAL criteria is not presently met, but there are no foreseen possible actions that would prevent meeting or exceeding the criteria.
- However, examples of conditions that may require the judgement of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director are as follows:
 - Aircraft crash on-site (not in the Protected Area)
 - Train derailment on-site
 - Explosion near the site which may adversely affect normal site activities
 - Uncontrolled RCS cooldown due to secondary depressurization

This list is NOT intended to be all inclusive or limit the discretion of the Shift Manager/Emergency Director.

This EAL satisfies NESP-007 Unusual Event HU5 item 1.