

December 20, 2001

Kirksey E. Whatley, Director
Office of Radiation Control
Alabama Department of Public Health
The RSA Tower, Suite 700
P.O. Box 303017-3017
Montgomery, AL 36130-3017

Dear Mr. Whatley:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Alabama concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either
Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

/RA/
Paul H. Lohaus, Director
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:
As stated

December 20, 2001

Aubrey Godwin, Director
Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency
4814 South 40th Street
Phoenix, AZ 85040

Dear Mr. Godwin:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Arizona concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

Bernard Bevill
Division of Radiation Control
and Emergency Management
Arkansas Department of Health
4815 West Markham, Mail Slot #30
Little Rock, AR 72205-3867

Dear Mr. Bevill:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Arkansas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

Robert A. Laurie, Commissioner
California Energy Commission
1516 Ninth Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Mr. Laurie:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If California concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

Dr. Edward L. Wilds, Jr.,
Director
Division of Radiation
Department of Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Dear Dr. Wilds:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Connecticut concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

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December 20, 2001

Dr. Harry W. Otto
Administrator for Interagency Programs
Office of the Director
Division of Water Resources
Department of Natural Resources
and Environmental Control
P. O. Box 1401, 89 Kings Highway
Dover, DE 19901

Dear Dr. Otto:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Delaware concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

William A. Passetti, Chief
Bureau of Radiation Control
Florida Department of Health
4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin #C21
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1741

Dear Mr. Passetti:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Florida concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

James Setser, Chief
Program Coordination Branch
Environmental Protection Division
Department of Natural Resources
205 Butler Street, Suite 1152 East Tower
Atlanta, GA 30334

Dear Mr. Setser:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Georgia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

Thomas W. Ortziger, Director
Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety
1035 Outer Park Drive
Springfield, IL 62704

Dear Mr. Ortziger:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Illinois concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

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December 20, 2001

Daniel K. McGhee
Bureau of Radiological Health
Iowa Department of Public Health
401 SW 7TH Street, Suite D
Des Moines, IA 50309

Dear Mr. McGhee:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Iowa concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

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December 20, 2001

Vick L. Cooper, Chief
Bureau of Air and Radiation
Radiation Control Program
Department of Health and Environment
Forbes Field, Building 283
Topeka, KS 66620

Dear Mr. Cooper:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Kansas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

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December 20, 2001

Michael E. Henry, Senior Environmental Scientist
Permitting Division
Office of Environmental Services
Department of Environmental Quality
7290 Bluebonnet Road., P. O. Box 82135
Baton Rouge, LA 70884-2135

Dear Mr. Henry:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

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If Louisiana concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

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December 20, 2001

Ann Marie DeBiase, Director
Air and Radiation Management Administration
Maryland Department of the Environment
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

Dear Ms. DeBiase:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Maryland concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Stephen McGrail, Director
Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency
400 Worcester Road, P. O. Box 1496
Framingham, MA 01701

Dear Mr. McGrail:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Massachusetts concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Flint C. Watt, Chief
Drinking Water & Radiological Protection Division
Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
CPH Mail Room, P. O. Box 30630
525 West Allegan Street
Lansing, MI 48909-8130

Dear Mr. Watt:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Michigan concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Jan Malcolm, Commissioner
Minnesota Department of Health
85 E. 7th Place, Suite 400
P. O. Box 64882
St. Paul, MN 55164-0882

Dear Ms. Malcolm:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Minnesota concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

Jan Malcolm

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If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either
Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

/RA/

Paul H. Lohaus, Director
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:
As stated

cc: Audrey Kohnen, President
Prairie Island Indian Community

December 20, 2001

Audrey Kohnen, President
Prairie Island Indian Community
5636 Sturgeon Lake Road
Welch, MN 55089

Dear Ms. Kohnen:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States and Federally-recognized Native American tribal governments that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States and affected Native American governments. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI upon written request.

If the Prairie Island Indian Community concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. You are encouraged to begin the process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States and Native American governments on a first come, first serve basis.

Audrey Kohnen

- 2 -

If you have questions or require assistance in this matter, please contact either
Kathy Halvey Gibson, NRC, 301-415-1086 or Vanessa Quinn, FEMA, 202-646-3664.

Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

Sincerely,

/RA/

Paul H. Lohaus, Director
Office of State and Tribal Programs

Enclosures:

As stated

cc: Jan Malcolm, Commissioner
Minnesota Department of Health

December 20, 2001

Robert W. Goff, Director
Division of Radiological Health
State Department of Health
3150 Lawson Street, P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Dear Mr. Goff:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Mississippi concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Ronald A. Kucera, Deputy Director for Policy
Department of Natural Resources
205 Jefferson Street
Jefferson City, MO 65102

Dear Mr. Kucera:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Missouri concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Robert E. Leopold, Administrator
Public Health Assurance Division
Department of Regulation and Licensure
Nebraska Health and Human Services Systems
301 Centennial Mail South, P.O. Box 95007
Lincoln, NE 68509-5007

Dear Mr. Leopold:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Nebraska concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Donald Bliss, Acting Director
New Hampshire Office of Emergency Management
State Office Park South
107 Pleasant Street
Concord, NH 03301

Dear Mr. Bliss:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New Hampshire concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Robert C. Shinn, Jr., Commissioner
Department of Environmental Protection
CN-402
Trenton, NJ 08625-0402

Dear Mr. Shinn:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New Jersey concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

William M. Flynn, President
New York State Energy Research and
Development Authority
Corporate Plaza West
286 Washington Avenue Extension
Albany, NY 12203-6399

Dear Mr. Flynn:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If New York concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Richard M. Fry, Director
Division of Radiation Protection
Department of Environment, and
Natural Resources
3825 Barrett Drive
Raleigh, NC 27609-7221

Dear Mr. Fry:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If North Carolina concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Carol O'Claire, Supervisor
Radiological Branch
Ohio Emergency Management Agency
2855 West Dublin-Granville Road
Columbus, OH 43235-2206

Dear Mr. O'Claire:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Ohio concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

David J. Allard, Director
Bureau of Radiation Protection
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection
Rachel Carson State Office Building
P. O. Box 8469
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8469

Dear Mr. Allard:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Pennsylvania concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Henry Porter, Assistant Director
Division of Waste Management
Bureau of Land and Waste Management
SC Department of Health & Environmental Control
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, SC 29201

Dear Mr. Porter:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If South Carolina concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

L. Edward Nanney, Director
Division of Radiological Health
Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation
3rd Floor, L & C Annex
401 Church Street
Nashville, TN 37243-1532

Dear Mr. Nanney:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Tennessee concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Roger Mulder
State Energy Conservation Office
Comptroller of Public Accounts
P. O. Box 13528
Austin, TX 78711-3528

Dear Mr. Mulder:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Texas concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Christine Salembier
Commissioner of Public Service
112 State Street
Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

Dear Ms. Salembier:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Vermont concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Arthur S. Warren, Chief
Radiological Planning
Virginia Department of Emergency Services
10501 Trade Court
Richmond, VA 23236-3713

Mr. Warren:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Virginia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Bob Nichols
Natural Resources Assistant
Executive Policy Division
Office of the Governor
P. O. Box 43113
Olympia, WA 98504-3113

Dear Mr. Nichols:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Washington concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Randy C. Curtis, Director
Radiation, Toxics and Indoor Air Division
West Virginia Department of Health
815 Quarrier Street - Suite 418
Charleston, WV 25301

Dear Mr. Curtis:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If West Virginia concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

December 20, 2001

Edward J. Gleason, Administrator
Division of Emergency Management
2400 Wright Street
P. O. Box 7865
Madison, WI 53707-7865

Dear Mr. Gleason:

As you know, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has amended its emergency planning regulations to require that States consider including the prophylactic use of potassium iodide (KI) as a protective measure for the general public in the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) (66 FR5427, January 19, 2001). The use of KI would serve as a supplement to sheltering and evacuation. Subject to available funding, the NRC will provide an initial supply of KI for States that choose to incorporate KI for the general public in their emergency plans. The term "States" includes local governments that have been designated by the State to request such funding.

The NRC, in coordination with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), is developing the means to provide KI to States. Within approximately 30 days, the NRC should be able to supply KI to States upon written request.

If Wisconsin concludes that incorporating KI for use by the general public is appropriate, you may request the NRC to provide KI by writing to Kathy Halvey Gibson, Chief, Emergency Preparedness and Health Physics Section, U.S. NRC, Washington, D.C. 20555. Your letter must provide the following information: the nuclear power plant (NPP) site(s); the population in the NPPs' 10-mile EPZ for which you are responsible; the contact person authorized to receive the KI; and the "Ship to" address for KI delivery. Upon receipt of this information, the NRC will validate the data and make arrangements for NRC's contractor to ship KI directly to your designated contact/address. The NRC will supply two KI tablets for each person in the 10-mile EPZ(s). You may also fax your request to (301) 415-2968.

We request that one request for KI be submitted for each State or Native American government. If decisions about emergency planning and the use of KI are the responsibility of local, rather than State authorities, we request that the State consolidate the local requests and forward the consolidated request covering all NPPs within the State to the NRC.

The following information is enclosed to this letter for your consideration and use: FDA guidance on use of KI (Enclosure 1); FEMA guidelines for KI program implementation (Enclosure 2); NRC Statements of Consideration published in support of the final KI rule (Enclosure 3); and NRC Disclaimer (Enclosure 4). A revision to the KI Federal policy will be issued shortly and will be provided to you when it is available. States are encouraged to begin their process for considering the use of KI as early as possible, recognizing that the NRC's resources for this purpose will be limited. NRC will provide KI to requesting States on a first come, first serve basis.

Addressees for the December 20, 2001 letters to the State Liaison Officers Regarding KI

Kirksey E. Whatley, Director
Office of Radiation Control
Alabama Department of Public Health
The RSA Tower, Suite 700
P.O. Box 303017-3017
Montgomery, AL 36130-3017

Aubrey Godwin, Director
Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency
4814 South 40th Street
Phoenix, AZ 85040

Bernard Bevill
Division of Radiation Control
and Emergency Management
Arkansas Department of Health
4815 West Markham, Mail Slot #30
Little Rock, AR 72205-3867

Robert A. Laurie, Commissioner
California Energy Commission
1516 Ninth Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dr. Edward L. Wilds, Jr., Director
Division of Radiation
Department of Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

Dr. Harry W. Otto
Administrator for Interagency Programs
Office of the Director
Division of Water Resources
Department of Natural Resources
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P.O. Box 1401, 89 Kings Highway
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Bureau of Radiation Control
Florida Department of Health
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James Setser, Chief
Program Coordination Branch
Environmental Protection Division
Department of Natural Resources
205 Butler Street, Suite 1152 East Tower
Atlanta, GA 30334

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1035 Outer Park Drive
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Bureau of Radiological Health
Iowa Department of Public Health
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Des Moines, IA 50309

Vick L. Cooper, Chief
Bureau of Air and Radiation
Radiation Control Program
Department of Health and Environment
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Topeka, KS 66620

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Permitting Division
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Ann Marie DeBiase, Director
Air and Radiation Management Administration
Maryland Department of the Environment
2500 Broening Highway
Baltimore, MD 21224

Stephen McGrail, Director
Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency
400 Worcester Road, P. O. Box 1496
Framingham, MA 01701

Flint C. Watt, Chief
Drinking Water & Radiological Protection Division
Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
CPH Mail Room, P. O. Box 30630
525 West Allegan Street
Lansing, MI 48909-8130

Jan Malcolm, Commissioner
Minnesota Department of Health
85 E. 7th Place, Suite 400
P. O. Box 64882
St. Paul, MN 55164-0882

Audrey Kohnen, President
Prairie Island Indian Community
5636 Sturgeon Lake Road
Welch, MN 55089

Robert W. Goff, Director
Division of Radiological Health
State Department of Health
3150 Lawson Street, P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215-1700

Ronald A. Kucera, Deputy Director for Policy
Department of Natural Resources
205 Jefferson Street
Jefferson City, MO 65102

Robert E. Leopold, Administrator
Public Health Assurance Division
Department of Regulation and Licensure
Nebraska Health and Human Services Systems
301 Centennial Mail South, P.O. Box 95007
Lincoln, NE 68509-5007

Donald Bliss, Acting Director
New Hampshire Office of Emergency Management
State Office Park South
107 Pleasant Street
Concord, NH 03301

Robert C. Shinn, Jr.
Commissioner
Department of Environmental Protection
CN-402
Trenton, NJ 08625-0402

William M. Flynn, President
New York State Energy Research and
Development Authority
Corporate Plaza West
286 Washington Avenue Extension
Albany, NY 12203-6399

Richard M. Fry, Director
Division of Radiation Protection
Department of Environment, and Natural Resources
3825 Barrett Drive
Raleigh, NC 27609-7221

Carol O'Claire, Supervisor
Radiological Branch
Ohio Emergency Management Agency
2855 West Dublin-Granville Road
Columbus, OH 43235-2206

David J. Allard, Director
Bureau of Radiation Protection
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection
Rachel Carson State Office Building
P.O. Box 8469
Harrisburg, PA 17105-8469

Henry Porter, Assistant Director
Division of Waste Management
Bureau of Land and Waste Management
SC Department of Health & Environmental Control
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, SC 29201

L. Edward Nanney, Director
Division of Radiological Health
Tennessee Department of Environment & Conservation
3rd Floor, L & C Annex
401 Church Street
Nashville, TN 37243-1532

Roger Mulder
State Energy Conservation Office
Comptroller of Public Accounts
P. O. Box 13528
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Christine Salembier
Commissioner of Public Service
112 State Street
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Arthur S. Warren, Chief
Radiological Planning
Virginia Department of Emergency Services
10501 Trade Court
Richmond, VA 23236-3713

Bob Nichols
Natural Resources Assistant
Executive Policy Division
Office of the Governor
P.O. Box 43113
Olympia, WA 98504-3113

Randy C. Curtis, Director
Radiation, Toxics and Indoor Air Division
West Virginia Department of Health
815 Quarrier Street - Suite 418
Charleston, WV 25301

Edward J. Gleason, Administrator
Division of Emergency Management
2400 Wright Street
P.O. Box 7865
Madison, WI 53707-7865