

Regulatory Conference Emergency Diesel Generator #3

Surry Power Station November 30, 2001





• Introduction

Richard Blount

- Technical Assessment
- Updated Risk Assessment
- Additional Considerations

Bryan Foster

Tom Hook

Bryan Foster Tom Hook

• Management Perspective

Richard Blount



Introduction

Richard Blount Site Vice President



Technical Assessment

Bryan Foster

Director - Station Safety and Licensing

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- Purpose
 - Perspective on two apparent violations
 - Evaluation of EDG #3 exposure time
 - Application of common cause factor
 - 2 Hour EDG demand run



Apparent Violations

- Agree with the apparent violations as stated
- RCE underway to verify causes and validate further corrective action



Evaluation of EDG #3 Exposure Time

- Progressive phases of degradation
- Cumulative test hours
- Fault exposure assessment

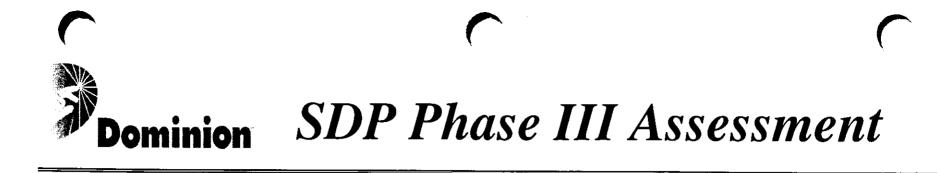


- Variability of degradation rates
- As-found EDG bearing conditions differ
- Nominal common cause factor appropriate



Updated Risk Assessment

Tom Hook Probabilistic Safety Analysis



- Preliminary risk assessment resulted in overly conservative CDP values
 - Did not account for monthly surveillance runs of EDGs
 - Assumed similar accelerated wear rates for all three EDGs
 - Did not credit Alternate AC diesel in fire analysis
 - Did not consider reliability degradation was start and run-time dependent, not random



Updated Risk Assessment

- Impact of monthly EDG surveillance runs
 - All three EDGs demonstrated capability to start and run for 2 hours each month
 - Parse loss of offsite power events to more accurately model risk
 - Loss of offsite power events lasting 2 hours or less
 - Loss of offsite power events lasting longer than 2 hours

Dominion Updated Risk Assessment

- Impact of dissimilar wear rates
 - No potential for overlap of failure points based on lube oil silver trend and as found condition of No. 1 and 3 EDGs
 - No increased common cause impact during period that No. 3 EDG was degrading
 - Considered potential for increased common cause impact as a sensitivity, not best-estimate



- Impact of crediting Alternate AC diesel
 - Not credited in IPEEE fire analysis since installed after its completion
 - AAC diesel capable of safely shutting down both units and maintaining safe shutdown
 - Assumed 0.1 reduction in frequency of each applicable fire core damage cutset due to availability of AAC diesel



- RCP Seal Replacement Status
 - One RCP at Unit 1 contained both high temperature and non-high temperature endurance seals
 - One RCP at Unit 2 contained all non-high temperature endurance seals
 - RCP seal LOCA probabilities based on the Rhodes model
 - 2 of 3 RCPs utilized high temperature endurance seals
 - 1 of 3 RCPs utilized non-high temperature endurance seals

Dominion Updated Risk Assessment

- Impact of additional deterministic evaluations
 - Reliability degradation was wear related, not random
 - Failure point can be predicted more accurately at some time following October 3, 2000
 - Exposure time was evaluated for two different exposure times
 - NRC proposed exposure time of 201 days
 - Dominion proposed exposure time of 104 days based on October 3, 2000 starting point



Case	CDP (Unit's 1 and 2)	SDP Color	
104 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	2.2E-6	White	
104 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	3.3E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	4.2E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	6.5E-6	White	



Additional Considerations

Bryan Foster/Tom Hook



Demand Run Time

- Guidelines for calculating potential engine life:
 - 1 fast start \cong 10 hours run-time
 - 1 slow start \cong 1 to 2 hours run-time
- To consider exclusion of risk for LOOPs $\leq 2hrs$, EDG equivalent run time should be $\geq 12 hrs$, i.e.,
 - 1 fast start + 2 hrs run time, or
 - number of slow starts + cumulative run time ≥ 12 hours
- On 01/21/01, EDG No. 3 had \geq 12 hours of total equivalent run time

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Demand Run Time

Run Date	Run Time	Run Time	# of	# of Slow Starts	#of	Fast Start	Equivalent
	(Mins)	(Cumulative	Slow	(Cumulative	Fast	(Amilative	Run Time
		H r s)	Starts	Hrs)	Starts	Hrs)	(Hrs)
04/15/01	143	2.38	1	1			3.4 hrs
03/18/01	160	5.05	1	2			7.1 hrs
02/18/01	157	7.67	1	3			10.7 hrs
01/21/01	161	10.35	1 84	4			14.4 hrs
01/02/01	64	11.42	1	5			16.4 hrs
12/24/00	187	14.53	1	6			20.5 hrs
11/26/00	142	16.90	1	7			23.9 hrs
11/01/00	38	17.53	1	8			25.5 hrs
10/31/00	163	20.24	1	9			29.2 hrs
10/31/00	42	20.95	3	12			33.0 hrs
10/03/00	180	23.94		12	1	10	45.9 hrs



Sensitivity Analysis #1

Case (All cases assumed EDG #3 incapable of a fast start following January 21, 2001)	CDP (Unit's 1 And 2)	SDP Color	
104 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	5.5E-6	White	
104 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	8.6E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	7.6E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	1.2E-5	Yellow	



- Confirmed that Alternate AC diesel and other emergency diesel generators were not unavailable concurrently over period
- Reduced probability of core uncovery due to RCP seal LOCA prior to restoration of offsite power by 40% for cases where batteries available and RCS cooldown/depressurization would occur using WOG guideline



Case (All cases assumed EDG #3 incapable of a fast start following January 21, 2001)	CDP (Unit's 1 and 2)	SDP Color	
104 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	3.9E-6	White	
104 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	6.4E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	5.4E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	8.9E-6	White	



Case (All cases assumed EDG #3 incapable of a fast start over exposure period)	CDP (Unit's 1 and 2)	SDP Color	
104 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	4.0E-6	White	
104 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	6.7E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with no increased common cause impact	7.8E-6	White	
201 days exposure time with NRC assumed common cause impact	1.3E-5	Yellow	



Updated Conclusions

- All sensitivity cases with additional considerations are White except for case with:
 - 201 day exposure time, NRC common cause impact, and no credit for EDG #3 running for 2 hours during any of the exposure time



Management Perspective

Richard Blount Site Vice President

EDG Wrist Pin Bearing

