

March 11, 1987

DMBoll

Docket No. 50-389

Mr. C. O. Woody  
Group Vice President  
Nuclear Energy  
Florida Power & Light Company  
P. O. Box 14000  
Juno Beach, Florida 33408

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Dear Mr. Woody:

The Commission has issued the enclosed Amendment No. 18 to Facility Operating License No. NPF-16 for the St. Lucie Plant, Unit No. 2. This amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications in response to your application dated June 17, 1983.

This amendment includes a revision to the pressure/temperature limits for the steam generators and also includes several administrative/editorial changes.

Your application also proposed to revise the main feedwater isolation valves' closure time to 4.2 seconds. However, the staff recognizes the correct closure time (as stated in Section 10.4.7.3 of the Final Safety Analysis Report) as 4.0 seconds. Furthermore, the response time is defined as the closure time associated with the valve plus the associated instrumentation delay time. In the case of the main feedwater isolation valve, the response time is the 4.0 second closure time plus the 1.15 second instrumentation delay time, or 5.15 seconds. Therefore, the staff takes no action on this request at this time, but hereby recognizes the inconsistency in the St. Lucie Unit 2 Technical Specifications and requests the Florida Power & Light Company to respond as to their disposition regarding this issue within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

The information requested in this letter affects fewer than 10 respondents; therefore, OMB clearance is not required under P.L. 96-511.

A copy of the related Safety Evaluation is also enclosed. The notice of issuance will be included in the Commission's next bi-weekly Federal Register notice.

Sincerely,

Original signed by

E. G. Tourigny, Project Manager  
PWR Project Directorate #8  
Division of PWR Licensing-B

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Enclosures:

- 1. Amendment No. 18 to NPF-16
- 2. Safety Evaluation

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BWilson  
3/5/87

cc w/enclosures: See next page

PBD#8	PBD#8 RMP	PBD#8	PBEB	OGC-Beth	PBD#8 AT
PMKreutzer*	RPerfetti;cf	ETourigny*	LMarsh*	MYoung*	ATHadani
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Docket No. 50-389

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Dear Mr. Woody:

The Commission has issued the enclosed Amendment No. to Facility Operating License No. NPF-16 for the St. Lucie Plant, Unit No. 2. This amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications in response to your application dated June 17, 1983.

This amendment includes a revision to the pressure/temperature limits for the steam generators and also includes several administrative/editorial changes.

Your application also proposed revisions to the main feedwater isolation valves' closure times. Revised closure times were incorporated into Technical Specification (TS) 4.7.1.6 by Amendment No. 8 issued on November 9, 1984. However, the staff notes that these closure times (5.15 seconds) reflect the response times as listed in Table 3.3-5, "Engineered Safety Features Response Times."

The staff hereby recognizes the main feedwater isolation valve's closure time as 4.0 seconds, as stated in Section 10.4.7.3 of the Final Safety Analysis Report. Furthermore, you are requested to respond as to your disposition regarding this issue within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

The information requested in this letter affects fewer than 10 respondents; therefore, OMB clearance is not required under P.L. 96-511.

A copy of the related Safety Evaluation is also enclosed. The notice of issuance will be included in the Commission's next bi-weekly Federal Register notice.

Sincerely,

E. G. Tourigny, Project Manager  
PWR Project Directorate #8  
Division of PWR Licensing-B

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. to NPF-16
2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/enclosures: See next page

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PMKreutzer  
2/9/86

PBD#8  
RPerfetti;cf  
2/5/86

PBD#8  
ETourigny  
2/9/86

PBE  
LMarsh  
2/12/86

OGC-Beth  
Myung  
2/16/87

PBD#8  
ATHadani  
2/11/87

*Myung in noted revisions  
check STATE & SECY  
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*AT*

Mr. C. O. Woody  
Florida Power & Light Company

St. Lucie Plant

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UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

ORLANDO UTILITIES COMMISSION OF

THE CITY OF ORLANDO, FLORIDA

AND

FLORIDA MUNICIPAL POWER AGENCY

DOCKET NO. 50-389

ST. LUCIE PLANT UNIT NO. 2

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 18  
License No. NPF-16

1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The application for amendment by Florida Power & Light Company, et al. (the licensee), dated June 17, 1983, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.

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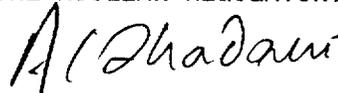
2. Accordingly, Facility Operating License No. NPF-16 is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and by amending paragraph 2.C.2 to read as follows:

2. Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 18, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of its issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



Ashok C. Thadani, Director  
PWR Project Directorate #8  
Division of PWR Licensing-B

Attachment:  
Changes to the Technical  
Specifications

Date of Issuance: March 11, 1987

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 18  
TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-16  
DOCKET NO. 50-389

Replace the following pages of the Appendix "A" Technical Specifications with the enclosed pages. The revised pages are identified by amendment number and contain vertical lines indicating the area of change. The corresponding overleaf pages are also provided to maintain document completeness.

<u>Remove Pages</u>	<u>Insert Pages</u>
3/4 4-1	3/4 4-1
3/4 7-12	3/4 7-12
3/4 7-30	3/4 7-30
B 3/4 7-4	B 3/4 7-4
6-18	6-18

### 3/4.4 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM

#### 3/4.4.1 REACTOR COOLANT LOOPS AND COOLANT CIRCULATION

##### STARTUP AND POWER OPERATION

##### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

---

3.4.1.1 Both Reactor Coolant loops and both Reactor Coolant pumps in each loop shall be in operation.

APPLICABILITY: 1 and 2.\*

ACTION:

With less than the above required Reactor Coolant pumps in operation, be in at least HOT STANDBY within 1 hour.

##### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

---

4.4.1.1 The above required Reactor Coolant loops shall be verified to be in operation and circulating Reactor Coolant at least once per 12 hours.

\*See Special Test Exception 3.10.3.

## REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM

### HOT STANDBY

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

---

3.4.1.2 The Reactor Coolant loops listed below shall be OPERABLE and at least one of these Reactor Coolant loops shall be in operation.\*

- a. Reactor Coolant Loop 2A and its associated steam generator and at least one associated Reactor Coolant pump.
- b. Reactor Coolant Loop 2B and its associated steam generator and at least one associated Reactor Coolant pump.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 3\*\*

#### ACTION:

- a. With less than the above required Reactor Coolant loops OPERABLE, restore the required loops to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in HOT SHUTDOWN within the next 12 hours.
- b. With no Reactor Coolant loop in operation, suspend all operations involving a reduction in boron concentration of the Reactor Coolant System and immediately initiate corrective action to return the required Reactor Coolant loop to operation.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

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4.4.1.2.1 At least the above required Reactor Coolant pumps, if not in operation, shall be determined to be OPERABLE once per 7 days by verifying correct breaker alignments and indicated power availability.

4.4.1.2.2 At least one Reactor Coolant loop shall be verified to be in operation and circulating reactor coolant at least once per 12 hours.

4.4.1.2.3 The required steam generator(s) shall be determined OPERABLE verifying the secondary side water level to be  $\geq 10\%$  indicated narrow range level at least once per 12 hours.

---

\*All Reactor Coolant pumps may be deenergized for up to 1 hour provided (1) no operations are permitted that would cause dilution of the Reactor Coolant System boron concentration, and (2) core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.

\*\*The requirements of Specification 3.4.1.2 may be suspended for natural circulation training prior to initial criticality.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### ATMOSPHERIC DUMP VALVES

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

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3.7.1.7 The atmospheric dump and associated block valves shall be OPERABLE with:

- a. All atmospheric dump valves in manual control above 15% of RATED THERMAL POWER, and
- b. No more than one atmospheric dump valve per steam generator in automatic control below 15% of RATED THERMAL POWER.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1.

#### ACTION:

- a. With less than one atmospheric dump and associated block valve per steam generator OPERABLE, restore the required atmospheric dump and associated block valve to OPERABLE status within 72 hours, or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours.
- b. With more than the permissible number of atmospheric dump valves in automatic control, return the atmospheric dump valves to manual control within 1 hour, or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

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4.7.1.7 Each atmospheric dump valve shall be verified to be in the manual operation mode at least once per 24 hours during operation at  $\geq$  15% of RATED THERMAL POWER.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### 3/4.7.2 STEAM GENERATOR PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE LIMITATION

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

---

3.7.2 The temperature of the secondary coolant in the steam generators shall be greater than 100°F when the pressure of the secondary coolant in the steam generator is greater than 200 psig.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

With the requirements of the above specification not satisfied:

- a. Reduce the steam generator pressure to less than or equal to 200 psig within 30 minutes, and
- b. Perform an engineering evaluation to determine the effect of the overpressurization on the structural integrity of the steam generator. Determine that the steam generator remains acceptable for continued operation prior to increasing its temperatures above 200°F.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

---

4.7.2 The pressure of the secondary side of the steam generators shall be determined to be less than 200 psig at least once per hour when the temperature of the secondary coolant is less than 100°F.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (Continued)

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- b. Stored sources not in use - Each sealed source and fission detector shall be tested prior to use or transfer to another licensee unless tested within the previous 6 months. Sealed sources and fission detectors transferred without a certificate indicating the last test date shall be tested prior to being placed into use.
- c. Startup sources and fission detectors - Each sealed startup source and fission detector shall be tested within 31 days prior to being subjected to core flux or installed in the core and following repair or maintenance to the source or detector.

4.7.10.3 Reports - A report shall be prepared and submitted to the Commission on an annual basis if sealed source or fission detector leakage tests reveal the presence of greater than or equal to 0.005 microcuries of removable contamination.

PLANT SYSTEMS

3/4.7.11 FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS

FIRE SUPPRESSION WATER SYSTEM\*

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

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- 3.7.11.1 The fire suppression water system shall be OPERABLE with:
- a. Two fire suppression pumps, each with a capacity of 2350 gpm, with their discharge aligned to the fire suppression header,
  - b. Separate water supplies, each with a minimum contained volume of 300,000 gallons, and
  - c. An OPERABLE flow path capable of taking suction from the city water storage tank 1A and the city water storage tank 1B and transferring the water through distribution piping with OPERABLE sectionalizing control or isolation valves to the yard hydrants, the last valve ahead of the water flow alarm device on each sprinkler or hose standpipe required to be OPERABLE per Specifications 3.7.11.2, 3.7.11.3 and 3.7.11.4.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

ACTION:

- a. With one pump and/or one water supply inoperable, restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status within 7 days or prepare and submit a Special Report to the Commission pursuant to Specification 6.9.2 within the next 30 days outlining the plans and procedures to be used to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status or to provide an alternate backup pump or supply. The provisions of Specifications 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.
- b. With the fire suppression water system otherwise inoperable, establish a backup fire suppression water system within 24 hours.

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\* This system is shared between St. Lucie Units 1 and 2.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### BASES

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#### 3/4.7.1.4. ACTIVITY

The limitations on secondary system specific activity ensure that the resultant offsite radiation dose will be limited to a small fraction of 10 CFR Part 100 limits in the event of a steam line rupture. This dose also includes the effects of a coincident 1.0 gpm primary to secondary tube leak in the steam generator of the affected steam line and a concurrent loss of offsite electrical power. These values are consistent with the assumptions used in the safety analyses.

#### 3/4.7.1.5 MAIN STEAM LINE ISOLATION VALVES

The OPERABILITY of the main steam line isolation valves ensures that no more than one steam generator will blow down in the event of a steam line rupture. This restriction is required to (1) minimize the positive reactivity effects of the Reactor Coolant System cooldown associated with the blowdown, and (2) limit the pressure rise within containment in the event the steam line rupture occurs within containment. The OPERABILITY of the main steam isolation valves within the closure times of the Surveillance Requirements is consistent with the assumptions used in the safety analyses.

#### 3/4.7.1.6 MAIN FEEDWATER LINE ISOLATION VALVES

The main feedwater line isolation valves are required to be OPERABLE to ensure that (1) feedwater is terminated to the affected steam generator following a steam line break and (2) auxiliary feedwater is delivered to the intact steam generator following a feedwater line break. If feedwater is not terminated to a steam generator with a broken main steam line, two serious effects may result: (1) the post-trip return to power due to plant cooldown will be greater with resultant higher fuel failure and (2) the steam released to containment will exceed the design.

Due to removal of the main feed check valve from the plant design and its replacement with a second main feedwater line isolation valve, there is nothing other than the main feedwater line isolation valves to prevent back flow of AFW following a feed line break. This may result in a loss of condensate inventory and the potential for not being able to feed the steam generator.

The concern is the failure of one main feedwater line isolation valve to close with the other main feedwater line isolation valve in that line being inoperable (i.e., stuck open). It is thus desired to preclude operation for extended periods with a main feedwater line isolation valve known to be stuck in the open position.

## PLANT SYSTEMS

### BASES

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#### 3/4.7.1.7 ATMOSPHERIC DUMP VALVES

The limitation on maintaining the atmospheric dump valves in the manual mode of operation is to ensure the atmospheric dump valves will be closed in the event of a steam line break. For the steam line break with atmospheric dump valve control failure event, the failure of the atmospheric dump valves to close would be a valid concern were the system to be in the automatic mode during power operations.

#### 3/4.7.2 STEAM GENERATOR PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE LIMITATION

The limitation on steam generator pressure and temperature ensures that the pressure-induced stresses in the steam generators do not exceed the maximum allowable fracture toughness stress limits. The limitations to 100°F and 200 psig are based on a steam generator  $RT_{NDT}$  of 20°F and are sufficient to prevent brittle fracture.

#### 3/4.7.3 COMPONENT COOLING WATER SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of the Component Cooling Water System ensures that sufficient cooling capacity is available for continued operation of safety-related equipment during normal and accident conditions. The redundant cooling capacity of this system, assuming a single failure, is consistent with the assumptions used in the safety analyses.

#### 3/4.7.4 INTAKE COOLING WATER SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of the Intake Cooling Water System ensures that sufficient cooling capacity is available for continued operation of equipment during normal and accident conditions. The redundant cooling capacity of this system, assuming a single failure, is consistent with the assumptions used in the safety analyses.

## ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

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### ANNUAL REPORTS (Continued)

greater than 100 mrems/yr and their associated man-rem exposure according to work and job functions,<sup>2/</sup> e.g., reactor operations and surveillance, inservice inspection, routine maintenance, special maintenance (describe maintenance), waste processing, and refueling. The dose assignments to various duty functions may be estimated based on pocket dosimeter, TLD, or film badge measurements. Small exposures totalling less than 20% of the individual total dose need not be accounted for. In the aggregate, at least 80% of the total whole body dose received from external sources should be assigned to specific major work functions.

### MONTHLY OPERATING REPORTS

6.9.1.6 Routine reports of operating statistics and shutdown experience, including documentation of all challenges to the PORVs or safety valves, shall be submitted on a monthly basis to the Director, Office of Resource Management, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, with a copy to the Regional Administrator of the Regional Office of the NRC, no later than the 15th of each month following the calendar month covered by the report.

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<sup>2/</sup>This tabulation supplements the requirements of §20.407 of 10 CFR Part 20.

## ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

### SEMIANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT\*

6.9.1.7 Routine Radioactive Effluent Release Reports covering the operation of the unit during the previous 6 months of operation shall be submitted within 60 days after January 1 and July 1 of each year. The period of the first report shall begin with the date of initial criticality.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Reports shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants," Revision 1, June 1974, with data summarized on a quarterly basis following the format of Appendix B thereof.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report to be submitted within 60 days after January 1 of each year shall include an annual summary of hourly meteorological data collected over the previous year. This annual summary may be either in the form of an hour-by-hour listing on magnetic tape of wind speed, wind direction, atmospheric stability, and precipitation (if measured), or in the form of joint frequency distributions of wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric stability.\*\* This same report shall include an assessment of the radiation doses due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the unit or station during the previous calendar year. This same report shall also include an assessment of the radiation doses from radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY (Figure 5.1-1) during the report period. All assumptions used in making these assessments, i.e., specific activity, exposure time and location, shall be included in these reports. The meteorological conditions concurrent with the time of release of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents, as determined by sampling frequency and measurement, shall be used for determining the gaseous pathway doses. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM).

Every 2 years using the previous 6 months release history for isotopes and historical meteorological data determine the controlling age group for both liquid and gaseous pathways. If changed from current submit change to ODCM to reflect new tables for these groups and use the new groups in subsequent dose calculations.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report to be submitted 60 days after January 1 of each year shall also include an assessment of radiation doses to the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from reactor releases for the previous

\*

A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine those sections that are common to all units at the station; however, for units with separate radwaste systems, the submittal shall specify the releases of radioactive material from each unit.

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In lieu of submission with the Radioactive Effluent Release Report, the licensee has the option of retaining this summary of required meteorological data on site in a file that shall be provided to the NRC upon request.



UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION

RELATED TO AMENDMENT NO. 18

TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-16

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, ET AL.

ST. LUCIE PLANT, UNIT NO. 2

DOCKET NO. 50-389

INTRODUCTION

By application dated June 17, 1983, the Florida Power and Light Company (FP&L) requested various changes to Appendix A of Facility Operating License NPF-16 for the St. Lucie Plant, Unit No. 2. The proposed amendment consists of a revision to the steam generator pressure/temperature limits, as well as the inclusion of several changes considered to be administrative and/or editorial in nature. The specific changes are discussed and evaluated below.

Technical Specification (TS) 3.7.2, Surveillance Requirement TS 4.7.2, and the applicable Bases, B 3/4.7.2, would be revised such that only the secondary side coolant temperature in the steam generators would be required to be greater than 100°F when the pressure of the secondary coolant in the steam generator is greater than a reduced pressure of 200 psig. The basis for this change is to ensure that pressure induced stresses in the steam generator do not exceed the fracture toughness stress limits of the steam generator materials.

The pressure/temperature limits for the steam generators are reviewed in accordance with the fracture toughness requirements of Standard Review Plan SRP 5.4.2.1, "Steam Generator Materials." This SRP requires that the primary side steam generator materials must meet the fracture toughness requirements of Appendix G, 10 CFR Part 50, and that the secondary side steam generator materials must meet the fracture toughness requirements of Section III, Subarticle NC 2300 of the ASME Code. The Edition and Addenda of the ASME Code applicable to the secondary side materials is described in Section 50.55a, 10 CFR Part 50, as the 1980 Edition and Addenda through the Winter 1980 Addenda. Pressure/temperature limits, which meet these code and regulatory requirements, will ensure that pressure induced stresses in the steam generator do not exceed the fracture toughness of the steam generator materials. The proposed pressure/temperature limits are based on a steam generator reference temperature nil ductility transition ( $RT_{NDT}$ ) of 20°F.

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The staff's review indicates that the pressure/temperature limits proposed by the licensee meet the fracture toughness requirements of SRP 5.4.2.1 and, therefore, the staff finds the proposed changes acceptable.

TS 3.4.1.1, which refers to the startup and power operation of the reactor coolant loops and coolant circulation, would be revised such that the footnote associated with the APPLICABILITY statement would no longer read, "See Special Test Exceptions 3.10.3 and 3.10.6", but would instead read, "See Special Test Exception 3.10.3". The staff finds this change acceptable, as our review concludes that there is no Special Test Exception 3.10.6.

TS 3.7.11.1, which refers to the fire suppression water system of the fire suppression systems, would be revised such that TS 3.7.11.1c would no longer read, "per Specifications 3.7.11.2, 3.7.11.4 and 3.7.11.5", but would instead read, "per Specifications 3.7.11.2, 3.7.11.3 and 3.7.11.4". The staff finds this change acceptable, as our review concludes that there is no Specification 3.7.11.5 and that the inclusion of Specification 3.7.11.3 is correct.

FP&L proposed to revise TS 6.9.1.10, "Semiannual Radioactive Effluent Release Report," such that the words "first half year" would be deleted from the first line of the double asterisk footnote. This revision was proposed prior to the implementation of Amendment 13. Amendment 13 revised the specification number from 6.9.1.10 to 6.9.1.7. The staff finds this change acceptable, as it serves to clarify the statement and is editorial in nature.

FP&L proposed to revise the main feedwater line isolation valves' closure times referred to in TS 4.7.1.6. Revised closure times were incorporated into TS 4.7.1.6 by Amendment No. 8 issued on November 9, 1984. Therefore, the staff takes no action on this item, as it has been previously addressed.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION

This amendment involves a change in the installation or use of a facility component located within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20 or changes an inspection or a surveillance requirement. The staff has determined that the amendment involves no significant increase in the amounts, and no significant change in the types, of any effluents that may be released offsite, and that there is no significant increase in individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. The Commission has previously issued a proposed finding that this amendment involves no significant hazards consideration and there has been no public comment on such finding. Accordingly, this amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR §51.22(c)(9). This amendment also involves changes in recordkeeping, reporting, or administrative procedures or requirements. Accordingly, with respect to these items, the amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR 51.22(c)(10). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.22(b), no environmental impact statement or environmental assessment need be prepared in connection with the issuance of the amendment.

CONCLUSION

We have concluded, based on the considerations discussed above, that (1) there is reasonable assurance that the health and safety of the public will not be endangered by operation in the proposed manner, and (2) such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations, and the issuance of the amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

Date: March 11, 1987

Principal Contributors:

B. Elliot

R. Perfetti