

September 14, 2001 RC-01-0161

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission **Document Control Desk** Washington, DC 20555

Gentlemen:

Subject:

VIRGIL C. SUMMER NUCLEAR STATION

**DOCKET NO. 50/395** 

OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-12

NPDES PERMIT NO. SC0030856 MODIFICATION

South Carolina Electric & Gas Company (SCE&G) hereby submits a copy of a modification to the Virgil C. Summer Nuclear Station National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The revision was approved by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control on August 21, 2001 with an effective date of August 1, 2001.

Should you have any questions regarding this submittal, please contact Mr. Charles McKinney at (803) 345-4723.

Very truly yours,

CJM/GHH/cm **Attachments** 

N. O. Lorick

N. S. Carns

T. G. Eppink

R. J. White

L. A. Reyes

R. R. Assa

NRC Resident Inspector

K. M. Sutton

W. R. Higgins

RTS (0-C-00-0348)

File (814.07-1)

DMS (RC-01-0161)



2600 Bull Street Columbia, SC 29201-1708

### **CERTIFIED MAIL/RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED**

August 21, 2001

Mr. Greg Halnon General Manager SCE&G PO Box 88 Jenkinsville, SC 29065

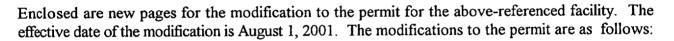
Re:

Modification to NPDES Permit No. SC0030856

SCE&G/V C Summer Nuclear Station

Fairfield County

Dear Mr. Halnon:

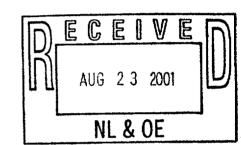


- 1. OUTFALL 001 The limits for Plume Temperature Rise have been eliminated from this outfall.
- 2. RATIONALE changed due to the above modification.

Please replace pages in your current permit with these new pages.

This modification is effective on August 1, 2001, provided no appeal for an adjudicatory hearing is made. In the event an appeal is filed, the entire modification is automatically stayed. After the start of the administrative review, any party may request the Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) to lift the automatic stay. The ALJ will then determine which portions of the permit modification, if any, will go into effect before the administrative review has been completed.

If you wish to appeal the staff's decision, you must submit an initial pleading in accordance with Regulation 61-72, Volume 25, S.C. Code of Laws, 1976, as amended. As required by this regulation, the initial pleading must be served on the Board of SCDHEC, ATTN: Clerk of the Board, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201, (803) 898-3300. The submission of the initial appeal will be within the time period if delivered by First Class mail or other parcel delivery service on or before the fifteenth day.



Greg Halnon SCE&G Page 2

The following elements must, at a minimum, be included within the request:

- 1. The name of the party requesting the hearing and the issue(s) for which review the hearing is requested;
- 2. The caption or other information sufficient to identify the permit decision being appealed;
- 3. The relief requested.

If you have any questions about the technical aspects of this permit, please contact Francile Shelley at (803) 898-4214. Information pertaining to adjudicatory matters may be obtained by contacting the Legal Office, SCDHEC, 2600 Bull Street, Columbia, SC 29201, or by calling them at (803) 898-3350.

Sincerely,

Marion J. Soller, fr.

Marion F. Sadler, Jr., Director Industrial, Agricultural, and Storm Water Permitting Division

#### Enclosure

cc: EPA

Lewis Bedenbaugh, Central Midlands Sandra Hursey, WP Enforcement Columbia EQC Lab Christina Lewis, BOW Vernon Beaty, Lab NPDES Administration

## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 001: once through noncontact cooling water to Monticello Reservoir.

Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	<b>DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS</b>			MONITORING REQUIREMENTS		
1	kg/day (lbs/day)		Other Units (Specify)			
	Monthly	Daily	Monthly	Inst.	Measurement	Sample
<u>.</u>	Average	Maximum	Average	Maximum	Frequency	Type
Flow	N/A	N/A	MR, MGD	MR, MGD	Continuous	Estimate*
Intake Temperature <sup>4b</sup>	N/A	N/A	MR, MGD	MR, MGD	Continuous	Continuous
Plume Temperature °C(°F)4c	N/A	N/A	32.2(90)	MR	Continuous	Continuous
Discharge Temperature °C(°F) <sup>4a</sup>	N/A	N/A	MR	45(113)	Continuous	Continuous

- (\*) See Part III, Special Condition 11. MR = Monitor and Report
- 2. There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts; nor, shall the effluent cause a visible sheen on the receiving waters.
- 3. There shall be no addition of chlorine to the main condenser cooling water.
- 4. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following locations:
  - a. Discharge temperature shall be monitored at the outlet corresponding to an individual unit prior to mixing with the receiving stream.
  - b. Intake temperature shall be measured on the inlet side of the main condenser.
  - c. Plume temperatures shall be taken at the intake structure of Fairfield Pumped Storage Facility when the Fairfield Pumped Storage Facility is generating.
- 5. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 8.5 standard units and shall be monitored by grab sample at a frequency of 1/month.

# A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this Permit and lasting through the expiration date the Permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 001: once through cooling water to Monticello Reservoir.

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS  Monthly Daily		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS  Measurement Sample		
(i)Whole Effluent Chronic	Average	Maximum	Frequency	Type	
Toxicity Testing Percent Increase Mortality	20%	50%	1/Quarter(1)	Grab	
Percent Reduction in Reproduction	20%	50%	1/Quarter(1)	Grab	

# (1) See Part III Special Condition 12 a,b

2. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the following location(s): Prior to mixing with the receiving waters.

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### **Permit Modification**

In the NPDES Permit issued September 29, 1997, Part I.C.1. set forth a schedule for addressing the copper limits at Outfall 014. The copper limits in the renewed permit were more stringent than in the previous permit. The permittee requested a compliance schedule because it appeared the limit would occasionally be exceeded. On September 23, 1997, the permittee submitted a mixing zone study plan that fulfilled Part I.C.1.a.. The plan proposed a study to determine a mixing zone for the copper. The plan was approved September 29, 1997, and carried out in October during the plant outage. The outage allowed a "worst case scenario" for the study. Copper concentration was evaluated at various points around the outfall to determine the spatial extent of the mixing zone. The copper was below detection at all sampling points. Based on the results of the study, a mixing zone will be proposed with copper limits of 0.028 mg/l (ave) and 0.039 mg/l (max).

## Permit Modification dated May 2001

The thermal component of the discharge from this facility is subject to compliance with South Carolina Water Classifications and Standards (Reg. 61-68). Section D.(8)(a) of the standards stipulates that the water temperature of all Class A waters "shall not be increased more than 5°F(2.8°C) above natural temperature conditions or exceed a maximum of 90°F(32.2°C) as a result of the discharge of heated liquids," unless a different temperature standard has been established, a mixing zone has been established, or a Section 316(a) determination under the Federal Clean Water Act (the Act) has been completed. Section 316(a) of the Act allows the permitting authority to impose alternative and less stringent thermal limitations after demonstration that the water quality standards limitations are more stringent than necessary to assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish, and wildlife in and on the receiving water.

On April 7, 1975, as a part of permitting activities of the original NPDES permit, SCE&G provided information to support its request that alternative thermal effluent limitations be allowed under Section 316(a) of the Act. In April 30, 1976, a determination was made that the permittee had submitted adequate information to demonstrate that the alternative limitations for the thermal component of the discharge would assure the protection and propagation of a balanced, indigenous population of shellfish, fish and wildlife in and on the Monticello Reservoir. The alternate maximum discharge temperature for Outfall 001 is 45°C(113°F). A maximum thermal plume temperature of 32.2°C(90°F) and temperature rise of 1.66°C(3.0°F) is also imposed.

On July 1, 1984 a continuation of the 316(a) variance was allowed by the reissuance of the NPDES permit. On January 3, 1989, a request to continue the variance was included as part of the application for reissuance of the NPDES Permit. To support the request, the permittee has indicated there has been no change in facility operation and no change in the biological community. A tentative determination was made that continuation of the 316(a) variance was appropriate in the reissuance of this permit.

On April 3, 1997, the permittee submitted an application for reissuance of the permit. A request to continue the 316(a) variance was included as part of the application. On June 19, 1997, the Department determined that continuance was appropriate.

On December 4, 2000, the permittee requested that the requirement to monitor the plume temperature rise be eliminated from Outfall 001. Since the requirement to monitor the plume temperature rise was added to the permit, there have been no observed adverse impacts to the aquatic environment. Most environmental impacts, if any were to occur, would be observed at Parr Reservoir on the Broad River. DMR data from 1993 until present shows that there have

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been no violations of the 3°F plume temperature rise. The Department therefore agrees that there is no useful data being generated by the continuous monitoring at Monticello Resevoir and the request to remove plume temperature rise monitoring requirements from the permit is granted.