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August 29, 2001 NMP1L 1607

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

> RE: Nine Mile Point Unit 1 Docket No. 50-220 DPR-63

Subject: January - June 2001 Semi-Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Gentlemen:

In conformance with the Nine Mile Point Unit 1 (NMP1) Technical Specifications, we are enclosing the Semi-Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the reporting period January - June 2001. Included in this report is a summary of gaseous, liquid, and solid effluents released from the station during the reporting period (Attachments 1 - 6), a summary of revisions to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual and the Process Control Program during the reporting period (Attachments 7 and 8), and an explanation as to the cause and corrective actions regarding the inoperability of any station liquid and/or gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation (Attachment 9).

The format used for the effluent data is outlined in Appendix B of Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1. Dose assessments were made in accordance with the NMP1 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual. Distribution is in accordance with 10CFR50.4(b)(1) and the Technical Specifications.

Attachment 10 to this report is an update of actual data for the fourth quarter 2000 used in the July – December 2000 Semi-Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

During the reporting period from January - June 2001, NMP1 did not exceed any 10CFR20, 10CFR50, or Technical Specification limits for gaseous or liquid effluents.



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If you have any questions concerning the attached report, please contact Mr. Anthony M. Salvagno, (315) 349-1456, Engineering Services, Nine Mile Point.

Very truly yours,

Richard & Colort

Richard B. Abbott Vice President Nuclear Engineering

RBA/CLW/cld Attachments

Mr. H. J. Miller, NRC Regional Administrator, Region I
 Mr. G. K. Hunegs, NRC Senior Resident Inspector, Region I
 Mr. P. S. Tam, Senior Project Manager, NRR (2 copies)
 Records Management

NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION - UNIT 1

SEMI-ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

January – June 2001

NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION

NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION - UNIT 1

SEMI-ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

JANUARY – JUNE 2001

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Facility: Nine Mile Point Unit #1

Licensee: Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

1. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION LIMITS

A) FISSION AND ACTIVATION GASES

- 1. The dose rate limit of noble gases released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be less than or equal to 500 mrem/year to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrem/year to the skin.
- 2. The air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents from Nine Mile Point Unit 1 to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited during any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 5 milliroentgen for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mrad for beta radiation, and during any calendar year to less than or equal to 10 milliroentgen for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 milliroentgen for gamma radiation.

B&C) TRITIUM, IODINES AND PARTICULATES, HALF LIVES > 8 DAYS

- 1. The dose rate limit of Iodine-131, Iodine-133, Tritium and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days, released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be less than or equal to 1500 mrem/year to any organ.
- 2. The dose to a member of the public from Iodine-131, Iodine-133, Tritium and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days in gaseous effluents released from Nine Mile Point Unit 1 to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited during any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 7.5 mrem to any organ and, during any calendar year to less than or equal to 15 mrem to any organ.

D) LIQUID EFFLUENTS

- 1. The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas shall be limited to the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2E-04 microcuries/ml total activity.
- 2. The dose or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from Nine Mile Point Unit 1 to unrestricted areas shall be limited during any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 1.5 mrem to the total body and to less than or equal to 5 mrem to any organ, and during any calendar year to less than or equal to 3 mrem to the total body and to less than or equal to 10 mrem to any organ.

2. MEASUREMENTS AND APPROXIMATIONS OF TOTAL RADIOACTIVITY

Described below are the methods used to measure or approximate the total radioactivity and radionuclide composition in effluents.

A) FISSION AND ACTIVATION GASES

Noble gas effluent activity is determined by on-line gamma spectroscopic monitoring (intrinsic germanium crystal) or gross activity monitoring (calibrated against gamma isotopic analysis of a 4.0L Marinelli grab sample) of an isokinetic stack sample stream.

B) IODINES

Iodine effluent activity is determined by gamma spectroscopic analysis (at least weekly) of charcoal cartridges sampled from an isokinetic stack sample stream.

C) PARTICULATES

Activity released from the main stack is determined by gamma spectroscopic analysis (at least weekly) of particulate filters sampled from an isokinetic sample stream and composite analysis of the filters for non-gamma emitters.

D) TRITIUM

Tritium effluent activity is measured by liquid scintillation or gas proportional counting of monthly samples taken with an air sparging/water trap apparatus. Tritium effluent activity is measured during purge and weekly when fuel is offloaded until stable tritium release rates are demonstrated.

E) EMERGENCY CONDENSER VENT EFFLUENTS

The effluent curie quantities are estimated based on the isotopic distribution in the Condensate Storage Tank water and the Emergency Condenser shell water. Actual isotopic concentrations are found via gamma spectroscopy. Initial release rates of Sr-89, Sr-90 and Fe-55 are estimated by applying scaling factors to release rates of gamma emitters and actual release rates are determined from post offsite analysis results. The activity of fission and activation gases released due to tube leaks is based on reactor steam leak rates using offgas isotopic analyses.

F) LIQUID EFFLUENTS

Isotopic contents of liquid effluents are determined by isotopic analysis of a representative sample of each batch and composite analysis of non-gamma emitters. Tritium activity is estimated on the most recent analysis of the Condensate Storage Tank water. Initial release rates of Sr-89, Sr-90, and Fe-55 are estimated by applying scaling factors to release rates of gamma emitters and actual release rates are determined from post offsite analysis results.

G) SOLID EFFLUENTS

Isotopic contents of waste shipments are determined by gamma spectroscopy analysis of a representative sample of each batch. Scaling factors established from primary composite sample analyses conducted off-site are applied, where appropriate, to find estimated concentration of non-gamma emitters. For low activity trash shipments, curie content is estimated by dose rate measurement and application of appropriate scaling factors.

ATTACHMENT 1

Summary Data

Page 1 of 2

Summar	/	· · · ·
Unit 1 X Unit 2	Reportir	ng Period January – June 2001
Liquid Effluents:		
10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2		
Average MPC - uCi/ml (Qtr. $\underline{1}$) = $\underline{N/A}$ Average MPC - uCi/ml (Qtr. $\underline{2}$) = $\underline{N/A}$	<u>.</u>	
Average Energy (Fission and Activation gases – Mev):		
Qtr. 1: $\hat{E}_{\gamma} = 0.247$ Qtr. 2: $\hat{E}_{\gamma} = 0.159$	$\begin{array}{rcl} \bar{\mathrm{E}}_{\rho} &=& \underline{0.317}\\ \bar{\mathrm{E}}_{\rho} &=& \underline{0.253} \end{array}$	
Liquid:		
Number of batch releases	: 0	
Total time period for batch releases (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	
Maximum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	
Average time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	
Minimum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Total volume of water used to dilute the liquid effluent during release period (L)	: <u>N/A</u>	2 nd N/A
Total volume of water used to dilute the liquid effluent during reporting period (L)	1 st : <u>1.12E+11</u>	2 nd 9.70E+10
Gaseous - (There were no releases from the operation of the Emer	gency Condenser Vent):
Number of batch releases	:	
Total time period for batch releases (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	·
Maximum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	<u></u>
Average time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	
Minimum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>N/A</u>	······································
Gaseous (Primary Containment Purge):		
Number of batch releases	:	
Total time period for batch releases (hrs)	: <u>1,35E+01</u>	
Maximum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>1.35E+01</u>	
Average time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>1.35E+01</u>	
Minimum time period for a batch release (hrs)	: <u>1.35E+01</u>	

ATTACHMENT 1

Summary Data

Uni	it 1 <u>X</u> Ur	nit 2		Reporting Period January - June 2001
Ab	normal Relea	ses:		
Α.	Liquids:1			
		Number of releases	<u>0</u>	
		Total activity released	<u>N/A</u>	Ci
В.	Gaseous:			
i i		Number of releases	Ō	
		Total activity released	N/A	Ci
1	identified. I impact efflue	Details will be reported in th	e July	1, incidental leakage from a closed cooling system to the service water was – December 2001 Semi-Annual Report. Should the evaluation of that event .e., January – June 2001, an update will be provided in the July – December

Page 2 of 2

	GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL	RELEASES,	ELEVATED AND G	ROUND LEVEL	
			<u>1st</u> QUARTER	<u>2nd</u> QUARTER	EST. TOTAL ERROR, %
A.	Fission & Activation gases 1. Total release 2. Average release rate	Ci µCi/sec	<u>1.71E-03</u> 2.20E-04	<u>1.38E-02</u> <u>1.76E-03</u>	5.00E+01
В.	<u>Iodines</u> 1. Total Iodine-131 2. Average release rate for period	Ci μ Ci/sec	<u>1.31E-03</u> <u>1.67E-04</u>	<u>2.77E-04</u> <u>3.56E-05</u>	3.00E+01
с.	Particulates ¹ 1. Particulates with half-lives >8 days 2. Average release rate for period 3. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci µCi/sec Ci	<u>5.82E-03</u> 7.41E-04 <u>3.38E-05</u>	<u>2.63E-03</u> <u>3.38E-04</u> <u>5.46E-05</u>	3.00E+01 2.50E+01
D.	<u>Tritium¹</u> 1. Total release 2. Average release rate for period	Ci µCi/sec	<u>4.60E+01</u> <u>5.91E+00</u>	<u>3.26E+01</u> <u>4.19E+00</u>	5.00E+01
E.	Percent of Tech. Spec. Limits Fission and Activation Gases Percent of Quarterly Gamma Air Dose Limit (5 mR) Percent of Quarterly Beta Air Dose Limit (10 mrad) Percent of Annual Gamma Air Dose Limit to Date (10 mR) Percent of Annual Beta Air Dose Limit to Date (20 mrad) Percent of Whole Body Dose Rate Limit (500 mrem/yr) Percent of Skin Dose Rate Limit (3000 mrem/yr) <u>Tritium, Iodines, and Particulates</u> ¹	% % % %	1.38E-05 8.86E-06 6.90E-06 4.43E-06 3.69E-07 1.62E-07	4.12E-05 2.07E-05 2.75E-05 1.48E-05 1.10E-06 4.19E-07	
	(with half-lives greater than 8 days) Percent of Quarterly Dose Limit (7.5 mrem) Percent of Annual Dose Limit (15 mrem) Percent of Organ Dose Rate Limit (1500 mrem/yr)	% % %	<u>2.00E+00</u> <u>1.01E+00</u> <u>4.01E-02</u>	<u>5.16E-01</u> <u>1.27E+00</u> <u>1.05E-02</u>	

¹ Tritium, Iron-55, and Strontium results for the second quarter were not received from the off-site vendor at the time of this report. These values include estimates, and actual numbers will be provided in the next Semi-Annual Report.

nit 1 <u>X</u>	Unit 2	GASEOUS E	FFLUEN	ITS – ELEVATEI	D RELEASE		
				CONTINU	DUS MODE ³	There wei releases	MODE re no batch during the g period.
	Nuclide	s Released		<u>_1st</u> QUARTER	_2nd QUARTER	<u>1st</u> QUARTER	<u>2nd</u> QUARTER
	1.	Fission Gases ¹					
		Argon-41 Krypton-85 Krypton-85m Krypton-87 Krypton-88 Xenon-127 Xenon-131m Xenon-133 Xenon-133 Xenon-135 Xenon-135m Xenon-137 Xenon-138	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*** 1.38E-02 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *		
	2.	<u>Iodines</u> ¹ Iodine-131 Iodine-133	Ci Ci Ci	<u>1.31E-03</u> <u>1.00E-02</u> **	<u>2.77E-04</u> <u>7.80E-04</u> **		
	3.	Iodine-135 <u>Particulates</u> 1,2	Ci				
		Strontium-89 Strontium-90 Cesium-134 Cesium-137 Cobalt-60 Cobalt-58 Manganese-54 Barium-Lanthanum-140 Antimony-125 Niobium-95 Cerium-141 Cerium-144 Iron-59 Cesium-136 Chromium-51 Zinc-65 Iron-55 Molybdenum-99 Neodymium-147	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.06E-05 *** 5.24E-06 3.17E-03 2.71E-04 1.41E-03 *** *** *** 1.18E-04 *** 3.30E-04 *** 4.75E-04 ***	5.34E-04 6.68E-05 ** 8.52E-04 1.75E-05 2.60E-04 *** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *		
	4.	<u>Tritium</u> ²	Ci	<u>1.14E+01</u>	<u>3.11E+01</u>		

Concentrations less than the lower limit of detection of the counting system used are indicated with a double asterisk. A lower limit 1 of detection of 1.00E-04 μ Ci/ml for required noble gases, 1.00E-11 μ Ci/ml for required particulates, 1.00E-12 μ Ci/ml for required Indicates and 1.00E-06 μ Ci/ml for Tritium, as required by Technical Specifications, has been verified.

Tritium, Iron-55, and Strontium results for the second quarter were not received from the off-site vendor at the time of 2

this report. These values include estimates, and actual numbers will be included in the next Semi-Annual Report.

з Contributions from purges are included.

Unit 1 X Unit 2 _

Reporting Period January - June 2001

GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

		CONTINUOUS MODE			There we releases	HODE re no batch during the lg period.
			<u>_1st</u> QUARTER	<u>2nd</u> QUARTER	<u>1st</u> QUARTER	<u>_2nd</u> QUARTEF
1.	Fission Gases ¹					
	Argon-41 Krypton-85 Krypton-85m Krypton-87 Krypton-88 Xenon-127 Xenon-131m Xenon-133 Xenon-133 Xenon-135 Xenon-135m Xenon-137 Xenon-138	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	** ** ** ** ** <u>**</u> ** <u>**</u> <u>**</u> <u>**</u> <u></u>	* * * * * * * * * * *		
2.	Iodines ¹					
	Iodine-131 Iodine-133 Iodine-135	Ci Ci Ci	<u>**</u> <u>1.02E-08</u> <u>**</u>	** ** **		
3.	Particulates ^{1,2}					
	Strontium-89 Strontium-90 Cesium-134 Cesium-137 Cobalt-60 Cobalt-58 Manganese-54 Barium-Lanthanum-140 Antimony-125 Niobium-95 Cerium-141 Cerium-144 Iron-59 Cesium-136 Chromium-51 Zinc-65 Iron-55 Molybdenum-99 Neodymium-147	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	*** 2.68E-07 *** 2.32E-08 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	2.16E-08 2.70E-09 *** 5.36E-08 1.07E-08 1.07E-08 1.42E-08 *** *** *** *** *** 1.79E-08 ** 3.32E-09 ** 5.36E-08 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *		
4.	<u>Tritium</u> ²	Ci	<u>3.46E+01</u>	<u>1.46E+00</u>		

Concentrations less than the lower limit of detection of the counting system used are indicated with a double asterisk.
 Tritium, Iron-55, and Strontium results for the second quarter were not received from the off-site vendor at the time of this report. These numbers include estimates and actual numbers will be included in the next Semi-Annual Report.

Unit 1 X Unit 2

Reporting Period January - June 2001

0					
	LIQUID EFFLUENTS SUMMAT	ON OF ALL	RELEASES		
			<u>1st</u> QUARTER	<u>2nd</u> QUARTER	<u>EST.</u> TOTAL ERROR, %
Α.	<u>Fission & Activation Products</u> 1. Total release (not including Tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during reporting period	Ci µCi/ml	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	<u>No Releases</u> No Releases	5.00E+01
В.	<u>Tritium</u> 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during reporting period	Ci µCi/ml	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	5.00E+01
C.	Dissolved and Entrained Gases 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during reporting period	Ci µCi/ml	No Releases No Releases	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	5.00E+01
D.	Gross Alpha Radioactivity 1. Total release	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u>	5.00E+01
E.	<u>Volumes</u> 1. Prior to dilution 2. Volume of dilution water used during release period 3. Volume of dilution water available during reporting period:	Liters Liters Liters	No Releases No Releases 1.12E+11	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>9.70E+10</u>	5.00E+01 5.00E+01 5.00E+01
F.	Percent of Technical Specification Limits Percent of Quarterly Whole Body Dose Limit (1.5 mrem) Percent of Quarterly Organ Dose Limit (5 mrem) Percent of Annual Whole Body Dose Limit to Date (3 mrem) Percent of Annual Organ Dose Limit to Date (10 mrem) Percent of 10CFR20 Concentration Limit Percent of Dissolved or Entrained Noble Gas Limit (2.00E-04 µCi/ml)	% % % % %	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>	

Unit 1 X Unit 2 _

Reporting Period January – June 2001

	LIQUID EFFLUENTS REL		
		BATC	CH MODE ¹
		<u>_1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>
Nuclides Released		QUARTER	QUARTER
Strontium-89	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Strontium-90	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Cesium-134	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Cesium-137	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Iodine-131	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u>
Tound 191			
Cobalt-58	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	No Releases
Cobalt-60	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Iron-59	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	No Releases
Zinc-65	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u>
Manganese-54	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	No Releases
Chromium-51	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u>
Zirconium-Niobium-95	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Molybdenum-99	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	No Releases
Technetium-99m	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u>
Barium-Lanthanum-140	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Cerium-141	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	<u>No Releases</u>
Tungsten-187	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
			No Belances
Iodine-133	Ci	No Releases	<u>No Releases</u> No Releases
Iron-55	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Neptunium-239	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	NO Releases
·			No <u>Releases</u>
Iodine-135	Ci	<u>No Releases</u>	NO Releases
	Ci	No Releases	No Rel <u>eases</u>
Dissolved or Entrained Gases	CI	NV Releases	10 10 10 10
	Ci	No Releases	No Releases
Tritium	Ci Ci	<u>no tteresso</u>	
	- the upper horizon		
¹ No continuous mode release occurred duri	ng the report period.		

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	SOLID W	ASTE AND IRF	ADIATED FU	EL SHIPMENTS					
A.1 TYPE		<u>Volume</u> (m ³)			Activity ¹ (Ci)				
 Spent Resins (Class A), Mechanical Filters (Class C) (Dewatered) 	<u>Class</u>			esins (Class A), cal Filters (Class C)				<u>Class</u>	
	A	В	с	A	В	с			
	<u>8.45E+01</u>	Q	<u>0</u>	<u>3.37E+02</u>	Q	<u>0</u>			
 Dry Active Waste (Contaminated Equipment) 	<u>5.55E+00</u>	Q	Q	<u>1.06E+00</u>	Q	Q			
 Other: (to vendor for processing or consolidation) 									
a. Dry Active Waste	<u>4.71E+02</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5.19E-01</u>	Q	<u>0</u>			
b. Misc. Filters and Equipment	<u>1.53E+01</u>	Q	<u>0</u>	<u>7.18E+00</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>0</u>			

Unit 1 X Unit 2	Reportin	g Period Janua	ry – June 2001
SOLID WASTE AND IRRADI	ATED FUEL SHIPMENTS		
A.1 TYPE	<u>Container</u>	Package	Solidification
1. Spent Resins, Mechanical Filters (Dewatered)	<u>Poly HIC w/</u> <u>steel shell</u>	<u>STP</u>	None
	Poly HIC	<u>Type B</u>	
	Poly HIC w/ steel shell	<u>Түре А</u>	
2. Dry Active Waste (Contaminated Equipment)	Poly HIC	<u>STP</u>	None
3. Other: (To Vendor for Processing or Consolidation)			
a. Dry Active Waste	<u>Metal Box</u> (sealand)	STP	None
b. Misc. Filters and Equipment	Poly HIC	-	
	Poly HIC w/ steel shell	STP	None
	<u>Metal Drum</u>		
	Metal Box		

Unit 1 X Unit 2	Reporting Period <u>January – June 2001</u>				
SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS					
A.2 ESTIMATE OF MAJOR NUCLIDE COMPOSITION (BY TYPE OF	WASTE)				
a. Spent Resins, Mechanical Filters (Dewatered)					
<u>Nuclide (Resins)</u> (1) Co-60 (2) Mn-54 (3) Co-58 (4) Cs-137 (5) Other	Percent (Resins) 4.75E+01 4.44E+01 2.74E+00 1.04E+00 4.32E+00				
b. Dry Active Waste (Contaminated Equipment)					
Nuclide (1) Co-60 (2) Mn-54 (3) Cr-51 (4) Cs-137 (5) Fe-59 (6) Fe-55 (7) Co-58 (8) Other c. Other: (to Vendor for Processing or Consolidation)	Percent 5.91E+01 1.26E+01 1.17E+01 8.56E+00 2.84E+00 1.56E+00 1.43E+00 2.21E+00				
1. Dry Active Waste					
Nuclide (1) Fe-55 (2) Co-60 (3) Cs-137 (4) Mn-54 (5) Cr-51 (6) Ni-63 (7) Other	Percent 4.30E+01 3.61E+01 8.22E+00 5.90E+00 4.01E+00 1.03E+00 1.74E+00				
2. Misc. Filters and Equipment					
<u>Nuclide</u> (1) Co-60 (2) Mn-54 (3) Cs-137 (4) Ni-63 (5) Other	Percent 8.05E+01 8.82E+00 5.50E+00 1.01E+00 4.17E+00				

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			Reporting Period January – June 2001					
	SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS							
N	DLID WASTE DISPOSITION:		······································					
	umber of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination					
	<u>15</u>	<u>Truck</u>	Chem Nuclear Systems, Inc. <u>Barnwell, SC</u>					
	9	Truck	GTS Duratek <u>Oak Ridge, TN</u>					
	<u>3</u>	<u>Truck</u>	Barnwell Waste Management Facility <u>Barnwell, SC</u>					
	1	Truck	GTS Duratek- Memphis Service <u>Oak Ridge, TN</u>					
B. IF	RADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (DISPOSITIO	N): There were no shipments.						
<u>N</u>	umber of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination					
	<u>O</u>	Q	Q					

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Unit 1 <u>X</u> Unit 2		Reporting Period January – June 2001
	SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FU	EL SHIPMENTS
C. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFF-	SITE TO VENDORS FOR PROCESSING AND	SUBSEQUENT BURIAL
reported separately from "10 the vendors, and (b) Technic by 10CFR61) shipped off-site the off-site vendors of our ra metal, and resins) that was p	CFR61 Solid Waste Shipped for Burial" since al Specification 6.9.1 requires reporting of "i during the reporting period." The following dwaste (e.g., compacted and non-compacte processed and commingled prior to burial.	g January – June 2001 These totals were (a) waste classification and burial was performed by nformation for each class of solid waste (as defined data represents the actual shipments made from d trash, dry non-compressible waste, asbestos, scrap
C.1. TYPE OF WASTE – Com compressible waste, ast by vendor facilities prior	pacted and noncompacted trash, dry non- sestos, scrap metal, and resins processed to burial.	Burial Volume Activity Est. Total (m³)(Ci) Error, % 1.71E+01 1.72E-01 5.00E+01
C.2. ESTIMATE OF MAJOR	NUCLIDE COMPOSITION	
Nuclide	Percent	
(1) Fe-55 (2) Co-60 (3) Cs-137 (4) Mn-54 (5) Ni-63 (6) Other	6.776E+01 2.436E+01 3.75E+01 2.58E+00 1.48E+00 7.00E-02	
C.3. SOLID WASTE DISPOSI	ITION	
Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
17	Truck	<u>Clive, UT</u>

Unit 1 X Unit 2 _

Reporting Period January - June 2001

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

D. SEWAGE WASTES SHIPPED TO A TREATMENT FACILITY FOR PROCESSING AND BURIAL

There were no shipments of sewage sludge with detectable quantities of plant-related nuclides from NMP to the treatment facility during the reporting period.

Unit 1 X Unit 2 ____

Reporting Period January – June 2001

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO THE OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

There were no changes to the Unit 1 ODCM during the reporting period.

Unit 1 X Unit 2 ____

Reporting Period January – June 2001

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO THE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)

The Unit 1 Radwaste Process Control Program (RPCP) Revision 5 was implemented in February 2001. Administrative changes were made to reflect the procedures used for Non-Waste Radioactive Shipments, and editorial changes for clarification. The RPCP changes do not reduce the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing criteria for solid waste in accordance with Technical Specifications. A copy of the RPCP, Revision 5 is attached and below is a summary of the changes accepted by the Station Operations Review Committee on February 27, 2001.

Old Page #	New Page #	New/Amended Section #	Change	Reason for Change		
Entire Document	Entire Document	N/A	The General Supervisor Radwaste is now referred to as the Supervisor Radwaste	Editorial Correction		
3	3	4.1.4	Referral to procedures N1-LWPP-4 and N1-WHP-4 is replaced with the phrase "with approved procedures"	Editorial change made to reduce the frequency of editorial revisions to the RPCP		
4	4	4.3.3	4.3.3 The phrase "applicable Radiation Protection procedures for packaging and transportation of radioactive material" is replaced with "approved procedures"			
5	5	4.4.1.c	The phrase "designated area" is now "designated storage area" and the phrase "radioactive material storage area" is replaced with "radioactive material storage procedures"Cla			
8	. 8	6.3.13	Reference GAP-RMP-01 added to the policies, programs, and procedures references	Adds the procedure for Interim Storage of Low-Level Radioactive Waste to the RPCP		
8	8	6.4.1	Chem Nuclear Systems, Inc. is replaced with "vendor"	Editorial change made to reduce the frequency of revisions to the RPCP		
10 & 11	9	Attachment 1	The listing of all individual procedures has been replaced with general listing, e.g., N1-WHP-01 is referred to N1-WHPs. Generation Administrative Procedures (GAPs) is added to the list.	Editorial change made to reduce the frequency of revisions to the RPCP		
12	10	Attachment 2, Section 4.1	The phrase "concentrated waste" is replaced with "concentrate"	Clarification		
Entire Document	Entire Document	N/A	The phrase "sluiced" is replaced with "transferred"	Clarification		

ORIGINAL

NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 1

<u>RPCP</u>

REVISION 05

UNIT 1 RADWASTE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION REQUIRED

Approved by: L. A. Hopkins

Plant Manager Unit 1

27/01 <u>2</u> Da

THIS IS A FULL REVISION

Effective Date: _____

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1.0 <u>PURPOSE</u>

To describe the methods for processing, packaging, transporting, and storing low-level radioactive waste and provide assurance of complete stabilization of various radioactive wastes in accordance with applicable NRC & DOT regulations and guidelines.

2.0 <u>RESPONSIBILITIES</u>

- 2.1 The Plant Manager is responsible for:
 - 2.1.1 Ensuring the Unit 1 Radwaste Process Control Program provides for the health and safety of the general public as it applies to Radwaste Management.
 - 2.1.2 Reviewing and approving changes to the Unit 1 Radwaste Process Control Program in accordance with the applicable Technical Specification.
- 2.2 <u>The Radiation Protection Manager</u> is responsible for the content and maintenance of this program.
- 2.3 <u>The Supervisor Radwaste</u> is responsible for overall implementation of the Radwaste Process Control Program.
- 3.0 <u>PROGRAM</u>
- 3.1 <u>System Description</u>
 - 3.1.1 General
 - a. The Solid Waste Management System (SWMS) implemented by the procedures identified in the Unit 1 Radwaste Process Control Program Implementing Procedures (Attachment 1) collects, reduces the volume, dewaters and packages wet and dry types of radioactive waste in preparation for shipment off-site for further processing or disposal at a licensed burial site. The processing and storage methods used for interim storage are consistent with the present waste form stability requirements.
 - Types of solid waste sources are identified in Solid Waste Sources (Attachment 2).

- 3.1.1 (Cont)
 - c. Bead resins, powdered resins and charcoal are dewatered using approved vendor equipment in:
 - 1. Vendor certified polyethylene containers, or
 - 2. Carbon steel liners, or a
 - 3. High Integrity Container (HIC)
 - d. Concentrated wastes are processed off-site to dryness by an approved vendor.
 - e. Evaporator bottoms are transferred to a liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for off-site processing by an approved vendor.
 - f. Dry solid trash is collected in the Radwaste Facility, sorted, and sent off-site for further separation and processing.

3.1.2 Ventilation Systems

- a. The Radwaste Building Ventilation System provides filtered, conditioned outside air to various areas of the Radwaste Building and exhausts the air to the atmosphere through the Turbine Building stack. (The system maintains the building at a pressure below atmospheric to help prevent any unmonitored air leakage to the environment.)
- b. The Radwaste Solidification and Storage Building (RSSB) Ventilation System provides filtered, conditioned outside air to selected areas in the RSSB. Recirculation fans continuously filter and condition the air, and exhaust fans, taking a suction on the truck bays, exhaust the air to the Turbine Building stack. (The system maintains the building at a pressure below atmospheric to help prevent any unmonitored air leakage to the environment.)

3.1.3 Crane

a. All liner movements are completed using a remote controlled/operated crane. The movements are facilitated by the use of remote controlled cameras and monitors.

- 3.1.3 (Cont)
 - b. Liners are moved when required using a ceiling grid coordinated system for placement of the liner.
 - c. When liners stored in the RSSB storage area are to be shipped, the liners scheduled for shipment are moved to the East-West Truck Bay and then loaded for transportation.

4.0 RADIOACTIVE WASTES

4.1 <u>Waste Processing System</u>

The Supervisor Radwaste shall ensure:

- 4.1.1 Radioactive waste is processed using approved equipment with approved procedures.
- 4.1.2 Radioactive waste may be processed using approved vendor equipment and procedures.
- 4.1.3 Radioactive wastes are disposed of in the applicable approved containers.
- 4.1.4 Radioactive waste is transferred into shipping casks in accordance with approved procedures.
- 4.1.5 Waste is transferred between units and placed in interim storage in accordance with approved procedures.

4.2 <u>Solid Dry Radioactive Wastes (SDRW)</u>

The Supervisor Radwaste shall ensure:

- 4.2.1 Low Specific Activity (LSA) Solid Dry Radioactive Waste (SDRW) is collected and prepared in accordance with the applicable procedure, meeting 10CFR61, Sub Part D, Technical Requirements for Land Disposal Facilities and Final Waste Classification and Waste Form Technical Position Papers requirements.
- 4.2.2 SDRW is examined for liquids or items that could compromise the integrity of the package or violate the burial site license and/or criteria. These items are removed or separated.

- 4.2.3 SDRW is shipped in containers meeting the transport requirements of 49CFR173.427, Transport Requirements for Low Specific Activity (LSA) Radioactive Materials.
- 4.2.4 Waste precluded from disposal in LSA boxes or drums, due to radiation limits, is disposed of in the applicable containers.
- 4.2.5 Waste segregation and volume reduction processing techniques are used for waste generated during operation, maintenance, and modifications.
- 4.2.6 Scrap metal is separated from waste, when possible, for onsite or off-site decontamination.
 - <u>NOTE:</u> Vendor services may be used for waste segregation and further volume reduction processes.
- 4.2.7 Waste is placed in interim storage in accordance with approved procedures.

4.3 Waste Classification/Characterization

- 4.3.1 The Supervisor Radwaste shall ensure:
 - a. The minimum waste classification/characteristic requirements identified in 10CFR61.56, Waste Characteristics, are satisfied.
 - b. The radionuclide concentration determination methods and frequency are conducted in accordance with approved procedures.
- 4.3.2 The Manager Chemistry shall ensure the chemical and radionuclide content of waste is determined in accordance with the applicable Chemistry procedures.
- 4.3.3 The Manager Radiation Protection shall ensure classification of waste is performed in accordance with approved procedures.
- 4.4. Administrative Controls
 - 4.4.1 The Supervisor Radwaste is responsible for overall administrative control of the Radwaste Process Control Program, ensuring:

- 4.4.1 (Cont)
 - a. Changes to the Unit 1 Radwaste Process Control Program are submitted to the NRC in the Semiannual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period in which the change(s) was made, and contain the information required by the applicable Technical Specification.
 - b. Shipping manifests are completed and tracked to satisfy the requirements of 10CFR20.2006, Transfer for Disposal and Manifests, in accordance with Waste Handling Procedures.
 - c. Temporary storage of solid radioactive material awaiting shipment in an area other than a designated storage area is done in accordance with the applicable radioactive material storage procedures.
 - d. Interim storage of low level waste is performed in accordance with approved procedures.
- 4.4.2 The Nuclear Division Quality Assurance Program assures effective implementation of the Process Control Program, as follows:
 - <u>NOTE</u>: The Manager, Nuclear QA, Operations has the authority to stop work when significant conditions adverse to quality exist and require corrective action.
 - a. Under the cognizance of the Safety Review and Audit Board (SRAB), the Process Control Program and implementing procedures for processing and packaging of radioactive waste are audited at least once every 24 months as required by the applicable Unit 1 Technical Specification.
 - QA audits waste classification records to ensure compliance with 10CFR20.2006, Transfer for Disposal and Manifests.
 - c. QA Inspectors performing Radwaste inspections receive training in Department of Transportation and NRC Radwaste Regulatory requirements.
 - d. Management reviews results of QA audits.

- 4.4.3 The Nuclear Division Training Program assures personnel responsible for implementation of the Process Control Program are effectively trained in accordance with the applicable training procedures as follows:
 - Qualification as a Radwaste Operator requires satisfactory completion of the Radwaste Operations Unit 1 Initial Training Program and participation in continued training. This includes:
 - 1. Demonstrating an acceptable level of skill and familiarity associated with Radwaste operations by achieving an average grade of 80 percent or above on written examinations.
 - 2. Receiving on-the-job training in accordance with applicable training procedures.
 - 3. Continued training conducted on a cyclical basis and includes a fundamental review of system modifications, revisions or changes to procedures, and changes or experiences in the nuclear industry.
 - 4. Individuals that demonstrate a significant deficiency in a given area of knowledge and/or proficiency (as identified during continued training) are placed in a remedial training program as directed by approved training procedures.
 - 4.4.4 Training records and Waste Management records are maintained in accordance with applicable Quality Assurance procedures.

5.0 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

5.1 The applicable Radwaste packaging, processing, and transportation definitions will be used in accordance with 49CFR171 and 49CFR Sub Part I.

6.0 <u>REFERENCES</u>

6.1 Licensee Documentation

- 6.1.1 Unit 1 Technical Specifications
 - a. System 3.6.16.c, Radioactive Effluent Treatment Systems
 - Section 4.6.16.c, Radioactive Effluent Treatment Systems
 - c. Section 6.5.2.11, Technical Review and Control
 - d. Section 6.5.3.8.k, Audits of Facility Activities
 - e. Section 6.9.1.e, Semiannual Radioactive Effluent Release Report
- 6.1.2 Unit 1 Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications, Amendment No. 66
- 6.1.3 Nine Mile Point Unit 1 Operating License No. DPR-63 (Docket No. 50-220)
- 6.1.4 QATR-1, Quality Assurance Program Topical Report for Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station Operations, Section 17.0, Quality Assurance Records
- 6.1.5 UFSAR, Section XII.A, Radioactive Wastes
- 6.1.6 UFSAR, Section III.I, RSSB
- 6.1.7 Safety Evaluation 92-049, Rev. 04, Interim Storage

6.2 Standards, Regulations, and Codes

- 6.2.1 10CFR20, Standards for Protection Against Radiation
- 6.2.2 10CFR61, Sub Part D, Technical Requirements for Land Disposal Facilities and Final Waste Classification and Waste Form Technical Position Papers
- 6.2.3 10CFR61.55, Waste Classification
- 6.2.4 10CFR61.56, Waste Characteristics
- 6.2.5 10CFR71, Packaging and Transportation of Radioactive Material, (Refer to applicable S-RPIPs for the packaging and transportation of radioactive material)
- 6.2.6 49CFR173, Shippers General Requirements for Shipment and Packagings, (Refer to applicable S-RPIPs for the packaging and transportation of radioactive material)

- 6.2.7 49CFR173.427, Transport Requirements for Low Specific Activity (LSA) Radioactive Materials
- 6.2.8 NUREG-0133, Section 3.5, Preparation of Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants
- 6.2.9 NUREG-0473, Sections 3.11.3 and 6.14, Draft Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Boiling Water Reactors
- 6.2.10 NUREG-0800, Section 11.4, Standard Review Plan for Solid Waste Management Systems
- 6.3 Policies, Programs, and Procedures
 - 6.3.1 NDD-LPP, Licenses, Plans, and Programs
 - 6.3.2 NDD-OPS, Operations
 - 6.3.3 NDD-RMP, Radioactive Material Processing, Transport, and Disposal
 - 6.3.4 NIP-ECA-01, Deviation/Event Report
 - 6.3.5 NIP-PRO-03, Preparation and Review of Technical Procedures
 - 6.3.6 NIP-RMG-01, Records Management
 - 6.3.7 NIP-TQS-01, Qualification and Certification
 - 6.3.8 GAP-ALA-01, Site ALARA Program
 - 6.3.9 GAP-INV-02, Control of Material Storage Areas
 - 6.3.10 GAP-OPS-01, Administration of Operations
 - 6.3.11 GAP-RPP-01, Radiation Protection Program
 - 6.3.12 GAP-RPP-02, Radiation Work Permit
 - 6.3.13 GAP-RMP-01, Interim Storage of Low-Level Radioactive Waste

6.4 Supplemental References

- 6.4.1 Vendor Training and Requalification Procedure
- 6.4.2 Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Branch Technical Position of Waste Classification and Waste Form, May 1983
- 6.4.3 DER 1-94-0549
- 6.4.4 Structural Calculation S.2.3-R5252-Tank 01
- 6.4.5 Modification N1-91-033
- 6.4.6 Procedure N1-MFT-30

ATTACHMENT 1: UNIT 1 RADWASTE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES

<u>Waste Handling Procedures</u> (N1-WHPs and S-WHPs)

Liquid Waste Processing Procedures (N1-LWPPs)

Radiation Protection Procedures (S-RPIPs)

Chemistry Technical Procedures (N1-CTPs)

Quality Assurance Audit and Surveillance Procedures (QAPs)

Nuclear Training Procedures (NTPs)

Generation Administrative Procedures (GAPs)

ATTACHMENT 2: SOLID WASTE SOURCES

(Sheet 1 of 3)

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1.0 <u>RADWASTE FILTERS</u>

- 1.1 Mechanical Radwaste filters filter resin and crud (backwash material) from the Waste Collector Sub-System.
- 1.2 When a filter reaches a pre-determined differential pressure, the filter is backwashed into the filter sludge tank, which is then processed via the clarifier to the thickener tanks.

2.0 RADWASTE DEMINERALIZER

- 2.1 The Radwaste Demineralizer is used as anionic exchange media for processing high quality water from the Waste Collector Tanks.
- 2.2 When determined the resin can <u>NO</u> longer be used, the depleted resin is transferred to the Spent Resin Tank.

3.0 CONDENSATE DEMINERALIZERS

- 3.1 The Condensate Demineralizers remove soluble and insoluble impurities from the condensate water to maintain reactor feedwater purity.
- 3.2 After it is determined these resins can <u>NO</u> longer be used, the depleted resin are transferred to the Radwaste Demineralizer or Spent Resin Tank.

4.0 <u>THERMEX SYSTEM</u>

- 4.1 Concentrate will be pumped to the Spent Resin Tank and dewatered or stored in a liner and eventually pumped to a transport liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for off-site processing.
- 4.2 Exhausted resin and charcoal are transferred to the Spent Resin Tank, mixed to a homogenous mixture and then transferred to a liner in the truck bay for dewatering.
- 4.3 Exhausted Reverse Osmosis membranes will be processed as DAW.

5.0 FUEL POOL FILTER SLUDGE TANK

This tank receives the exhausted powdered filter media (resins) from the Fuel Pool Cleanup System, which is subsequently pumped to the Filter Sludge Tank for processing.

ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont)

(Sheet 2 of 3)

6.0 <u>CLEANUP FILTER SLUDGE TANK</u>

This tank receives the exhausted powdered filter media (resins) from the Reactor Cleanup System, which is subsequently pumped to the Filter Sludge Tank, Clarifier, or directly to a liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for processing.

7.0 FILTER SLUDGE STORAGE TANK

This tank receives waste from the Radwaste filters, Fuel Pool and Cleanup Sludge Tanks, Clarifier and Thickener Tank overflows, and Radwaste Floor Drain Sump #11. Tank discharge is to the Clarifier (Filter Sludge Thickener System) or directly to a liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for processing.

8.0 FILTER SLUDGE THICKENER TANKS (CLARIFIER)

Waste from the Filter Sludge Storage Tank or the Cleanup Filter Sludge Tank is pumped to the Clarifier, mixed with a flocculent and drained in the Thickener Tanks. The Thickener Tanks are pumped to a liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for processing.

9.0 SPENT RESIN STORAGE TANK

Exhausted resin from the Condensate Demineralizers, Radwaste Demineralizer, and THERMEX System are transferred to the Spent Resin Tank. The tank is subsequently pumped to a liner in the Radwaste Truck Bay for dewatering and further processing.

10.0 CONTAMINATED OIL

Oil from sources within Unit 1 that becomes contaminated is stored in containers to be shipped off-site for incineration.

ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont)

(Sheet 3 of 3)

11.0 COMPACTIBLE SOLIDS

- 11.1 Compactible low level trash is shipped off-site for vendor separation and processing.
- 11.2 Shoe covers, trash, contaminated paper from the Chemistry Lab, and similar materials are included in this category.

12.0 FILTERS AND MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

Solid items with high dose rates are handled on a case-by-case basis, being disposed of by methods acceptable to the burial site or shipped off-site for vendor recovery or disposal.

13.0 WASTE EVAPORATOR

- 13.1 The Waste Evaporator processes low quality waste from the Floor Drain Collector System.
- 13.2 The Waste Evaporator is designed to concentrate waste to a 25% solid concentration, which may then be discharged to the Evaporator Bottoms Tank for transfer to the Radwaste Truck Bay for vendor processing.

Unit 1 X Unit 2

Reporting Period January - June 2001

SUMMARY OF INOPERABLE MONITORS

One stack effluent radiation monitor was inoperable for the entire reporting period. However, the minimum number of channels required be Technical Specification 3.6.14.B was always maintained. The inoperable monitor was returned to operable status in July 2001.

ATTACHMENT 10

Update of Actual Data for the Fourth Quarter 2000

Page 1 of 1

			US (ELEVATED AND GRO								
Jpdate of data using actua	l results from the	offsite vendo	rs for Strontium, Tritium, ar	d Iron-55 for the fourt	quarter of 2000.						
		4th	GASEOUS QUARTER 2000	LIQUID 4 th QUARTER 2000							
Nuclide			Activity (Ci)	<u>Activity (Ci)</u>							
Sr-89			<u>3.59E-05</u>	No Releases							
Sr-90			<u>4.59E-09</u>	No Re	No Releases						
H-3			<u>8.57E+01</u>	No Releases							
Fe-55			<u>2.18E-03</u>	No Releases							
<u> </u>		· ·		GASEOUS	LIQUID						
Particulates	1. Particulates lives >8 day		Ci	<u>9.96E-03</u>	<u>No Releases</u>						
	2. Average rele		μCi/sec (gaseous) μCi/ml (liquid)	<u>1.27E-03</u>	<u>No Releases</u>						
Tritium	1. Total releas 2. Average rele for period		Ci µCi/sec (gaseous) µCi/ml (liquid)	<u>8.57E+01</u> <u>1.09E+01</u>	<u>No Releases</u> <u>No Releases</u>						
Tritium, Iodines, and Particulates (with half- lives greater than 8 days)				GASEOUS	LIQUID						
	 Percent ol Dose Rate (Gaseous -Dose Lim (Quarterly 4. Percent o 	f Annual f Annual it to Date ¹ f Organ t Limit)(Quarterly) nit (Liquid) y & Annual) f 10CFR20 ation Limit ² f Dissolved ned Noble	% % % %	2.19E+00 (Quarteriy) 3.93E+00 (Annual) 4.41E-02 (Quarterly)	No Releases (Quarterly) No Releases (Annual) No Releases (Quarterly) No Releases (Annual) No Releases No Releases						