March 10, 1986

| Docket No. 50-311 | DISÆRIBUTION | |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| booked not as all | ₩Docket File | NRC PDR |
| | LPDR | Gray File 4 |
| | PAD-3 Rdg | H. Thompson |
| Mr. C. A. McNeill, Jr. | 0ELD 0 | C. Vogan |
| Vice President - Nuclear | D. Fischer | L. Harmon |
| Public Service Electric and Gas Company | E. Jordan | B. Grimes |
| Post Office Box 236 | J. Partlow | T. Barnhart 4 |
| Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038 | W. Jones | V. Benaroya |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | ACRS 10 | OPA |
| Dear Mr. McNeill: | LFMB | B. Elliot |

The Commission has issued the enclosed Amendment No.⁴⁷ to Facility Operating License No. DPR-75 for the Salem Nuclear Generating Station, Unit No. 2. This amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications in response to your request dated October 15, 1984.

The amendment revises the Heatup Limits Curve and the Cooldown Limits Curve for Unit No. 2.

A copy of the Safety Evaluation is enclosed. A Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next regular bi-weekly Federal Register notice.

Sincerely,

/s/DFischer

Donald C. Fischer, Senior Project Manager PWR Project Directorate #3 Division of PWR Licensing-A

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 47 to DPR-75

2. Safety Evaluation

cc: w/enclosures
See next page

PAD-3 CVogan (A) 03/8/86 PAN 3 DFischer;ps 03/3/86 05Lb (DXPAD-M. X. man SVarga 036 /86 03/108

8603170463 860310 PDR ADDCK 05000311 PDR PDR Mr. C. A. McNeill Public Service Electric & Gas Company Salem Nuclear Generating Station

cc: Mark J. Wetterhahn, Esquire Conner and Wetterhahn Suite 1050 1747 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20006

Richard Fryling, Jr., Esquire Assistant General Solicitor Public Service Electric & Gas Company P. O. Box 570 - Mail Code T5E Newark, New Jersey 07101

Gene Fisher, Bureau of Chief Bureau of Radiation Protection 380 Scotch Road Trenton, New Jersey 08628

Mr. John M. Zupko, Jr. General Manager - Salem Operations Public Service Electric & Gas Company Post Office Box E Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038

Robert Traae, Mayor Lower Alloways Creek Township Municipal Hall Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038

Thomas Kenny, Resident Inspector Salem Nuclear Generating Station U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038

Richard F. Engel Deputy Attorney General Department of Law and Public Safety CN-112 State House Annex Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Frank Casolito, Action Chief Bureau of Radiation Protection Department of Environmental Protection 380 Scotch Road Trenton, New Jersey 08628

Richard B. McGlynn, Commission Department of Public Utilities State of New Jersey 101 Commerce Street Newark. New Jersey 07102

Mr. David Wersan Assistant Consumer Advocate Office of Consumer Advocate 1425 Strawberry Square Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17120

Regional Administrator, Region I U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 631 Park Avenue King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Lower Alloways Creek Township c/o Mary O. Henderson, Clerk Municipal Building, P.O. Box 157 Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038

Mr. Bruce A. Preston, Manager Nuclear Licensing & Regulation Public Service Electric & Gas Company Hancocks Bridge, New Jersey 08038



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC COMPANY DELMARVA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 50-311

SALEM NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION, UNIT NO. 2

AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 47 License No. DPR-75

- 1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment by Public Service Electric and Gas Company, Philadelphia Electric Company, Delmarva Power and Light Company and Atlantic City Electric Company (the licensees) dated October 15, 1984, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act) and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
- 2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C.(2) of Facility Operating License No. DPR-75 is hereby amended to read as follows:

(2) Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendices A and B, as revised through Amendment No. 47, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of its issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Steven A. Varga, Director
AWR Project Directorate #3
Division of PWR Licensing-A

Attachment: Changes to the Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: March 10, 1986

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 47 FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-75 DOCKET NO. 50-311

Revise Appendix A as follows:

| Remove Pages | <u>Insert Pages</u> | |
|--------------|---------------------|--|
| 3/4 4-20 | 3/4 4-20 | |
| 3/4 4-29 | 3/4 4-29 | |
| R 3/4 4-9 | B 3/4 4-9 | |

MATERIAL PROPERTY BASIS:

CONTROLLING MATERIAL : WELD METAL (UPPER BOUND OF REGULATORY GUIDE

TREND CURVE)

ATNOT INITIAL : 0°F

RT_{NDT} AFTER 7 EFPY : 1/4 T, 167°F : 3/4 T, 76°F

CURVES APPLICABLE FOR HEATUP RATES UP TO 60° F/HR FOR THE SERVICE PERIOD UP TO 7 EFPY AND CONTAINS MARGINS OF 10° F AND 60 PSIG FOR POSSIBLE INSTRUMENT ERRORS

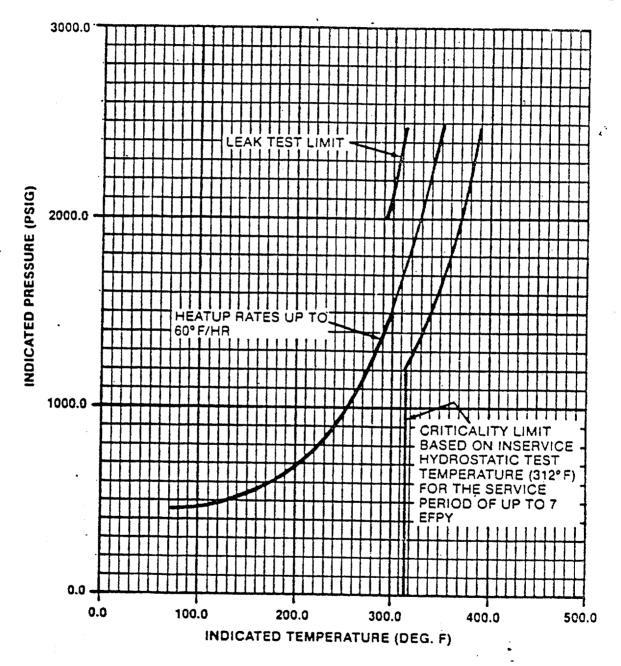


Figure 3.4-2 Salem Unit 2 Reactor Coolant System Heatup Limitations
Applicable Up to 7 EFPY

MATERIAL PROPERTY BASIS:

CONTROLLING MATERIAL: WELD METAL (UPPER BOUND OF REGULATORY GUIDE

TREND CURVE)

RT NOT INITIAL

0°F

RTNDT AFTER 7 EFPY

1/4 T, 167°F 3/4 T, 76°F

CURVES APPLICABLE FOR COOLDOWN RATES UP TO 100° F/HR FOR THE SERVICE PERIOD UP TO 7 EFPY AND CONTAINS MARGINS OF 10° F AND 60 PSIG FOR POSSIBLE INSTRUMENT ERRORS .

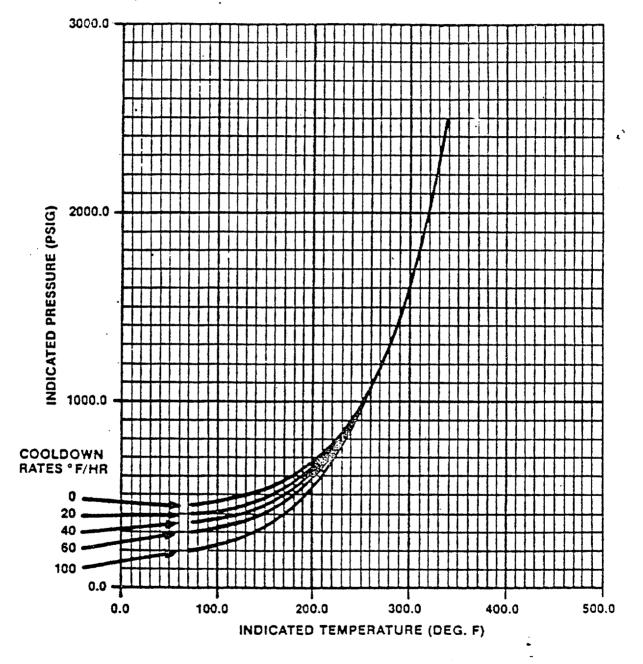


Figure 3.4-3 Salem Unit 2 Reactor Coolant System Cooldown Limitations
Applicable Up to 7 EFPY
-

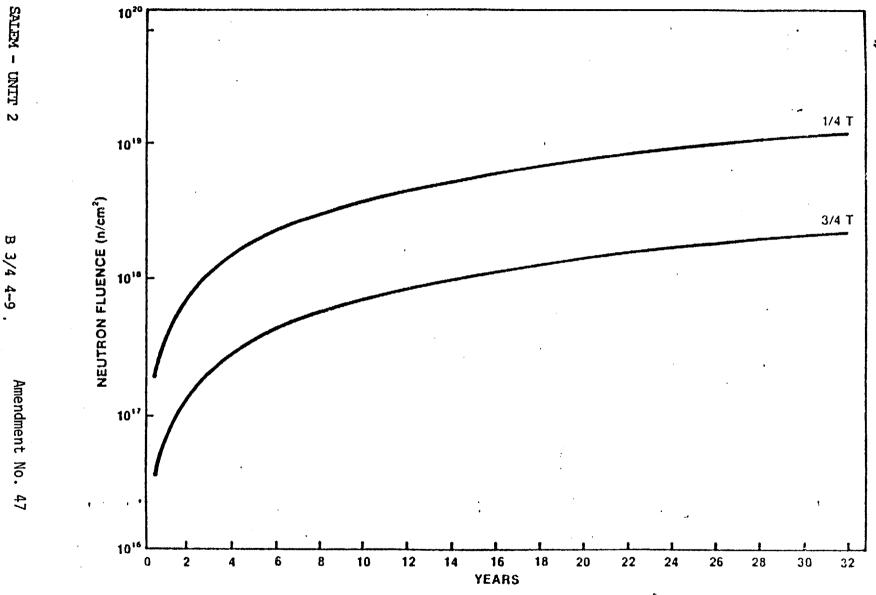


Figure B3/4.4-1 Fast Neutron Fluence (E > 1 MeV) as a Function of Full Power Service Life (EFPY)



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF MUCLEAR PEACTOR REGULATION RELAYED TO AMENDMENT NO. 47 TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-75

PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC COMPANY
DELIGRAVA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY, AND
ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

SALEM NUCLEAR GENERATION STATION, UNIT NO. 2

DOCKET NO. 50-311

Introduction

In a letter from E. A. Liden to S. A. Varga dated October 15, 1984, the Public Service Electric & Gas Company (the licensee) proposed an amendment to their Facility Operating License DPR-75 for Salem Generating Station, Unit No. 2 (Salem-2). The amendment proposes to revise heatup and cooldown limit curves in Figures 3.4-2 and 3.4-3, and bases Figure B 3/4.4-1 in Appendix A of the Salem-2 Technical Specification. The revised curves are to be applicable through seven (7) effective full power years (EFPY). The bases for these changes are the test results from the Salem-2 surveillance program, which are contained in Report WCAP 10492, "Analysis of Capsule T, Salem Unit 2 Reactor Vessel", dated March 1984. Report WCAP 10492 was submitted for staff review in a letter from E. A. Liden to S. A. Varga dated July 3, 1934.

Evaluation and Summary

Pressure-temperature limits must be calculated in accordance with the requirements of Appendix G, 10 CFR 50, which became effective on July 26, 1983. Pressure-temperature limits that are calculated in accordance with the requirements of Appendix G, 10 CFR 50 are dependent upon the initial RT_{NDT} for the limiting materials in the beltline, and closure flange regions of the reactor vessel and the increase in RT_{NDT} resulting from neutron irradiation damage to the limiting beltline material. The Salem-2 reactor vessel was procured to ASME Code requirements, which did not specify fracture toughness testing to determine the initial RT_{NDT} for each vessel material. The licanian

indicates that the initial RT_{NOT} for the limiting materials in the closure flange and beltline regions of the Salen vessel were estimated using the method recommended by the staff in Branch Technical Position MTEB 5-2, "Fracture Toughness Requirements." This method results in an initial RT_{NOT} for the limiting beltline reld metal of $6^{\circ}F$ and an initial RT_{NOT} for the limiting closure plate material of $25^{\circ}F$.

The increase in RT_{RET} resulting from neutron irradiation damage was estimated by the licensee using the empirical relationship documented in Regulatory Guide 1.99, Rev. 1, April 1977, "Effects of Residual Elements on Predicted Radiation Damage to Reactor Vessel Materials." This method of predicting neutron irradiation damage is dependent upon the predicted amount of neutron fluence and the amounts of residual elements (copper and phosphorus) in the beltline material. The neutron fluence predictions were verified by measurements from passive neutron flux monitors and by analysis, which was made with the DOT two-dimensional discrete ordinates code. Inputs into the analysis included 47 neutron energy groups, P3 expansion of the scattering cross section, and power distributions representative of time-averaged conditions derived from statistical studies of long-term operation of Westinghouse 4-loop plants. The cross sections used in the analysis were obtained from the SAILOR cross section library. Using this method of analysis, the measured saturated activity and neutron fluences (E>1NeV) for five foil reactions, which were calculated from neutron dosimetry in Capsule T, were less than that predicted from the design basis calculated neutron fluences. The authors of WCAP 10492 recommended that projections of vessel toughness into the future be based on the design calculated fluence levels, since the calculated fluence levels were based on conservative representations of core power distributions derived for long-term operation while the Capsula I data are representative only of cycle 1 operation. The staff agrees with this recommendation.

The predicted amounts of neutron irradiation damage are based on design basis calculated neutron fluences and the Regulatory Guide 1.99, Rev. 1 upper limit curves for increase in $RT_{\rm NOT}$. The measured increase in $RT_{\rm NOT}$ from the weld

samples in Capsule T is 155° F. The increase in RT_{NDT} predicted using Regulatory Guide 1.99, Rev. I upper limit curves is 165° F. Since the increase in RT_{NDT} predicted using the upper limit curves exceeds that measured from the sample material, the upper limit curves should conservatively predict the amounts of neutron irradiation damage.

The staff has used the method of calculating pressure-temperature limits in USNRC Standard Review Plan 5.3.2, NUREG-0800, Rev. 1, July 1931 to evaluate the proposed pressure-temperature limits. The amounts of neutron irradiation damage was calculated using design basis calculated neutron fluences and the Regulatory Guide 1.99, Rev. 1 upper limit prediction curve. Our conclusion is that the proposed pressure-temperature limits meet the safety margins of Appendix G, 10 CFR 50 for 7 EFPY and may be incorporated into the plant's technical specifications.

Environmental Consideration

This amendment involves a change in the installation or use of a facility component located within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20. The staff has determined that the amendment involves no significant increase in the amounts, and no significant change in the types, of any effluents that may be released offsite, and that there is no significant increase in individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. The Commission has previously issued a proposed finding that this amendment involves no significant hazards consideration and there has been no public comment on such finding. Accordingly, this amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR Sec 51.22(c)(9). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.22(b) no environmental impact statement or environmental assessment need be prepared in connection with the issuance of this amendment.

Conclusion

We have concluded, based on the considerations discussed above, that:

(1) there is reasonable assurance that the health and safety of the public will not be endangered by operation in the proposed manner, and (2) such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations and the issuance of this amendment will hot be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

Dated: March 10, 1986

Principal Contributor:

B. Elliot