4/12/59

Outline of SPLB/BOP input:

- Description of accident scenarios
 - Extended loss of SFP cooling
 - Rapid reduction in SFP level (e.g., siphon) w/ loss of SFP cooling
 - Structural failure due to external phenomena (e.g., seismic)
 - Cask or heavy load handling
 - Spent fuel handling accident
 - Loss of offsite power
 - Aircraft
 - **D** Tornado missile
- Comparison/Evaluation of design considerations for wet ISFSI
 - defense in depth
 - minimum decay time
 - design events
 - Controls
- Evaluation of RTM-96 actions for spent fuel pool damage
 - Actions based on GSI 82 studies
 - Assumes 24 hour response capability (full EP?)
- Current Analyses: Evaluation of conclusions from previous studies on spent fuel heatup analysis compared to current operating practices (coordinate with SRXB)
 - D NUREG/CR-4982
 - D NUREG/CR-0649

Discussion of possible controls and provide recommendation

- Detection, Mitigation, and Prevention Features Available
- SFP level indication
 - During and in preparation of fuel movement (STS)
 - During periods of no fuel movement (suggested PDTS)
- SFP temperature limit
- SFP cooling and cleaning system
- Power sources
- SFP coolant chemistry (suggested PDTS program)
- Radiation monitors
- SFP makeup source
- SFP liner leak detection
- Recommend criteria or acceptable methods for exemptions, if possible