ACNW'S INTEGRATED STRATEGY TO EVALUATE THE STAFF'S LICENSING CAPABILITY AND SUFFICIENCY REVIEW

Dr. B. John Garrick Chairman, ACNW March 22, 2001

Introduction

- Strategy involves evaluating the staff's licensing review capability
- Strategy integrates several ACNW first-tier priorities (Figure 1)
- Strategy features a "vertical slice review" of DOE's technical basis documents for the site recommendation



Introduction (Cont'd)

- Strategy Integrates (Figure 2):
 - Vertical Slice Review of Technical Basis Documents
 - Key Technical Issue (KTI)
 Resolution
 - Specific Technical Issues (e.g., Alloy 22)

Introduction (Cont'd)

- Strategy Integrates (Figure 2) cont'd:
 - Performance Assessment (PA) tools
 - Proposed 10 CFR 63
 - Draft YMRP and Guidance



Figure 2

ACNW'S VERTICAL SLICE REVIEW

Dr. George M. Hornberger ACNW March 22, 2001

Vertical Slice Review

- ACNW's original approach to a sufficiency review (6/29/00) described an evaluation of DOE's technical basis documents
- Current approach is not a comprehensive review of DOE's technical basis
- Revised approach is a vertical slice review of NRC's sufficiency review

Vertical Slice Objectives

- Is NRC's sufficiency review risk informed and performance based?
- Are the staff's sufficiency comments logical and defensible?
- Are there gaps in the staff's tools, guidance, and capability to review a possible LA for Yucca Mountain?

Vertical Slice Approach

- Review selected KTIs to evaluate transparency, traceability, and defensibility
- Evaluate whether the staff's approach is reasonable and RIPB
- Become familiar with DOE's technical basis documents

Vertical Slice Approach (Cont'd)

- Use YMRP guidance, IRSRs, and technical exchange agreements to guide review
- Interact with the NRC staff during review

Vertical Slice Topics

- HLW chemistry review
- Saturated zone flow
- Thermal effects on flow
- Total system performance assessment

Example of Vertical Slice Review – Saturated Zone KTI

- NRC subissue: ambient flow and dilution in the saturated zone flow
- NRC Status: closed-pending

Example of Vertical Slice Review – Saturated Zone KTI

- ACNW Approach:
 - Is the staff's basis for closedpending status transparent?
 - Is NRC's approach RIPB?

Example of Vertical Slice Review – Saturated Zone KTI

- DOE's current modeling approach
 - 3D flow and transport model
 - principal axis oriented in SW-NE direction
 - anisotropic, stochastic parameters, alluvial uncertainty zone

Some NRC staff concerns about SZ flow:

- Anisotropy?
- Flow paths in alluvium?

- Alternative conceptual models?



Some NRC staff requests: - Detailed plan for alluvial testing

- Justification for uncertainty of paths



Products

- Status of Issue Resolution
- Report on vertical slice reviews
- Comments on DOE's technical basis documents
- Report on the staff's sufficiency comments on DOE's technical basis documents

KEY TECHNICAL ISSUE (KTI) RESOLUTION

Mr. Milton Levenson ACNW March 22, 2001

KTI Resolution

- Goal of issue resolution is to clarify what is needed for license application
- Based on technical exchange meetings, DOE submittals, and staff reviews
- Issue resolution is not compliance determination

Observations

- Issue resolution process appears to be working
- Staff has capability to evaluate issue closure requirements
- Progress has been made in adopting risk-informed and performance-based (RIPB) approach

Concerns

- Have all subissues been identified?
- Has integration been achieved?
- Has RIPB been implemented?
- Has public participation been appropriate?
- Will design evolution require major changes?

Follow-up Questions

- Is the risk of the various KTI subissues and integrated subissues (ISIs) known or understood?
- Are the KTIs the most risksignificant issues identified by PA?

ALLOY 22 CORROSION

Dr. Raymond G. Wymer ACNW March 22, 2001

Importance of Issue

- Longevity of waste packages is a key attribute of DOE's Repository Safety Strategy
- DOE expects Alloy 22 to contain radionuclides for more than 10,000 years

Previous ACNW Advice

- Bound environmental conditions affecting corrosion
- Understand corrosion mechanisms (e.g., stress corrosion cracking and pitting)
- Develop confirmatory data

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Observations and Conclusions

- Experiments by Nevada consultants not representative of Yucca Mountain
- Role of trace elements in corrosion not yet thoroughly investigated by DOE and NRC
- NRC and CNWRA identifying conditions where trace elements could influence results

Recommendations

- Verify that absence of trace elements in previous work did not bias conclusions
- Evaluate key corrosion conditions at Yucca Mountain
- Understand corrosion mechanisms

Follow-up Questions

- Are expectations of waste package performance limiting study of other features or processes (multiple barriers) that affect performance?
- For example, is radionuclide transport in the near-field being adequately addressed?

NRC STAFF PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT CAPABILITY

Dr. B. John Garrick ACNW

March 22, 2001

Previous Recommendations

- Strengthen capability in specific disciplines
- Improve methods for evaluating individual barrier performance
- Ranking importance of risk contributors

Previous Recommendations (Cont'd)

- Peer review NRC's TPA code
- Utilize realistic models and parameters
- Improve transparency of the analyses

TPA Peer Review

- Peer review of TPA Code conducted by independent team
- Peer members' comments currently being considered by staff

Conclusions

- Staff is addressing ACNW concerns and improving their overall PA capability
- TPA code is evolving as an effective tool for evaluating DOE TSPA
- Committee is satisfied with progress

Follow-up Questions

- How has uncertainty been evaluated?
- Are the key issues treated with conservative bounding assumptions or assessed more realistically?

Summary

- Integrated strategy to evaluate staff's licensing capability and sufficiency review
- Includes works in progress and past letters
- Other aspects of the strategy include proposed 10 CFR 63 and draft YMRP