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(UNIT 2)

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TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL REVISION: 6

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REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

FLOW PATHS - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

- 3.1.2.1 As a minimum, one of the following boron injection flow paths shall be OPERABLE:
- a. A flow path from the boric acid makeup tank via either a boric acid makeup pump or a gravity feed connection and charging pump to the Reactor Coolant System if only the boric acid makeup tank in TRM Specification 3.1.2.7a is OPERABLE, or
 - b. The flow path from the refueling water tank via either a charging pump or a high pressure safety injection pump to the Reactor Coolant System if only the refueling water tank in TRM Specification 3.1.2.7b is OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

With none of the above flow paths OPERABLE, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes until at least one injection path is restored to OPERABLE status.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1.2.1 At least one of the above required flow paths shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:
- a. At least once per 7 days by verifying that the temperature of the flow path from the discharge of the boric acid makeup tank to the suction of the charging pump is above 55°F when a flow path from the boric acid makeup tanks is used.
 - b. At least once per 31 days by verifying that each valve (manual, power operated or automatic) in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in its correct position.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

FLOW PATHS - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

- 3.1.2.2 The following boron injection flow paths shall be OPERABLE, depending on the volume available in the boric acid makeup Tanks.
- a. If the contents of ONE boric acid makeup tank meet the volume requirements of TRM Figure 3.1-1, two of the following three flow paths to the Reactor Coolant System shall be OPERABLE:
1. One flow path from the appropriate boric acid makeup tank via a boric acid makeup pump and a charging pump.
 2. One flow path from the appropriate boric acid makeup tank via a gravity feed connection and a charging pump.
 3. One flow path from the refueling water tank via a charging pump.

OR

- b. If the contents of Both boric acid tanks are needed to meet the volume requirements of TRM Figure 3.1-1, four of the following five flow paths to the Reactor Coolant System shall be OPERABLE:
1. One flow path from boric acid makeup tank A via a boric acid makeup pump and a charging pump.
 2. One flow path from boric acid makeup tank B via a boric acid makeup pump and a charging pump.
 3. One flow path from boric acid makeup tank A via a gravity feed connection and a charging pump.
 4. One flow path from boric acid makeup tank B via a gravity feed connection and a charging pump.
 5. One flow path from the refueling water tank via a charging pump.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4

ACTION:

With any of the boron injection flow paths to the Reactor Coolant System required in (a) or (b) above inoperable, restore the inoperable flow path to the Reactor Coolant System to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN equivalent to at least that specified in the CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT at 200°F within the next 6 hours; restore the flow paths to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1.2.2 The above required flow paths shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:
- a. At least once per 7 days by verifying that the temperature of the flow path from the discharge of the boric acid makeup tank(s) to the suction of the charging pumps is above 55°F.
 - b. At least once per 31 days by verifying that each valve (manual, power operated or automatic) in the flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in its correct position.
 - c. At least once per 18 months during shutdown by verifying that each actuated valve in the flow path actuates to its correct position on a SIAS test signal.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

CHARGING PUMPS - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.3 At least one charging pump in the boron injection flow path required OPERABLE pursuant to TRM Specification 3.1.2.1 shall be OPERABLE and capable of being powered from an OPERABLE emergency bus.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

With no charging pump OPERABLE, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes until at least one of the required pumps is restored to OPERABLE status.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.3 No additional Surveillance Requirements other than those required by Specification 4.0.5.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

CHARGING PUMPS - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.4 At least two charging pumps shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

ACTION:

With only one charging pump OPERABLE, restore at least two charging pumps to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN equivalent to at least that specified in the CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT at 200°F within the next 6 hours; restore at least two charging pumps to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.4 No additional Surveillance Requirements other than those required by Specification 4.0.5.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORIC ACID MAKEUP PUMPS - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

- 3.1.2.5 At least one boric acid makeup pump shall be OPERABLE and capable of being powered from an OPERABLE emergency bus if only the flow path through the boric acid makeup pump in TRM Specification 3.1.2.1a above, is OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

With no boric acid makeup pump OPERABLE as required to complete the flow path of TRM Specification 3.1.2.1a, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes until at least one boric acid makeup pump is restored to OPERABLE status.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1.2.5 No additional Surveillance Requirements other than those required by Specification 4.0.5.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORIC ACID MAKEUP PUMPS - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

- 3.1.2.6 At least the boric acid makeup pump(s) in the boron injection flow path(s) required OPERABLE pursuant to TRM Specification 3.1.2.2 shall be OPERABLE and capable of being powered from an OPERABLE emergency bus if the flow path through the boric acid makeup pump(s) in TRM Specification 3.1.2.2 is OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

ACTION:

With one boric acid makeup pump required for the boron injection flow path(s) pursuant to TRM Specification 3.1.2.2 inoperable, restore the boric acid makeup pump to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN equivalent to at least that specified in the CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT at 200°F; restore the above required boric acid pump(s) to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1.2.6 No additional Surveillance Requirements other than those required by Specification 4.0.5.

REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCES - SHUTDOWN

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.1.2.7 As a minimum, one of the following borated water sources shall be OPERABLE:

- a. One boric acid makeup tank with:
 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 3,400 gallons (equivalent to 31% of indicated tank level),
 2. A boric acid concentration between 2.5 WT% and 3.5 WT%, and
 3. A minimum solution temperature of 55°F.
- b. The refueling water tank with:
 1. A minimum contained borated water volume of 61,370 gallons (equivalent to 7.5% of indicated tank level),
 2. A minimum boron concentration of 2500 ppm, and
 3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

ACTION:

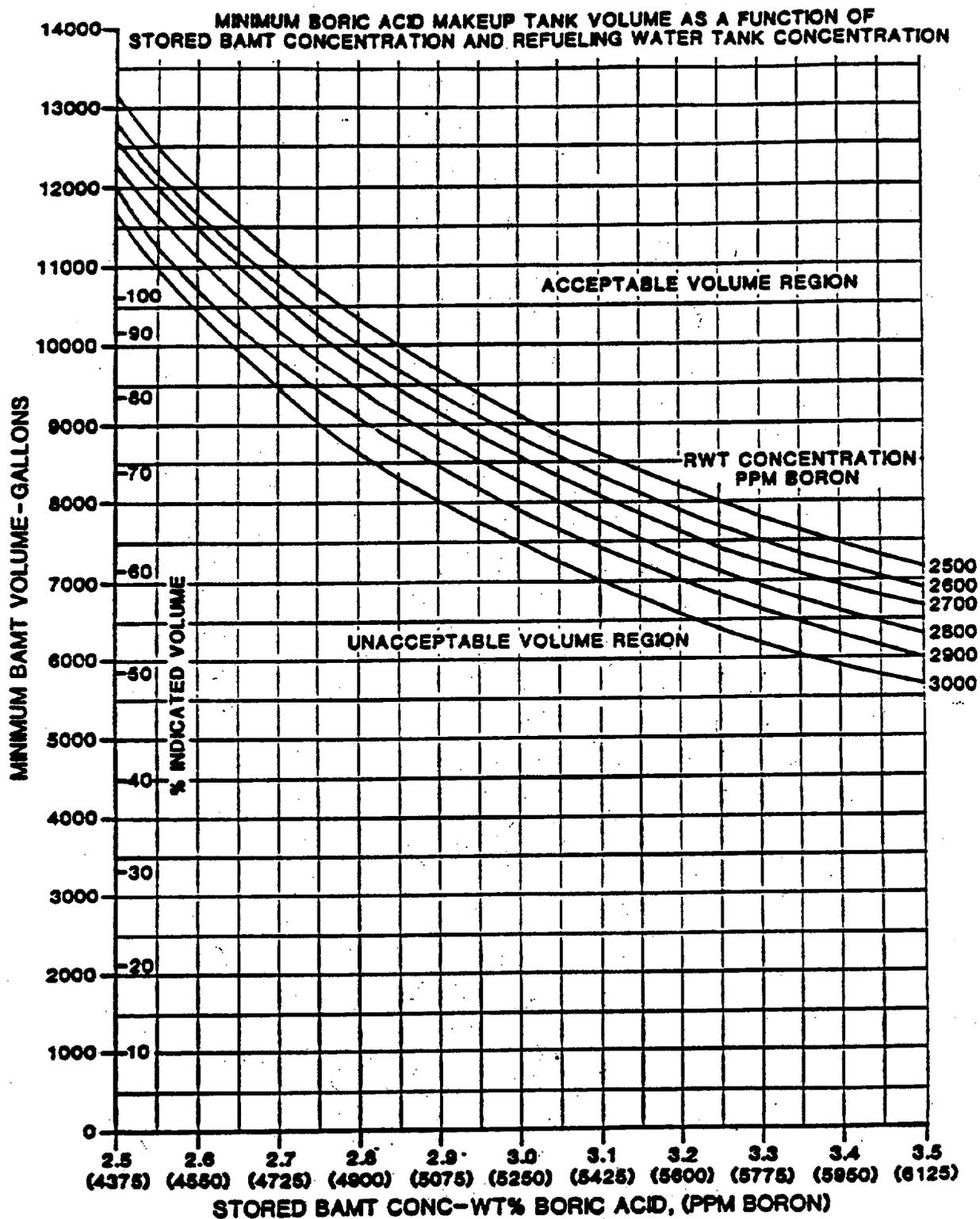
With no borated water sources OPERABLE, suspend all operations involving CORE ALTERATIONS or positive reactivity changes until at least one borated water source is restored to OPERABLE status.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.7 The above required borated water source shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 7 days by:
 1. Verifying the boron concentration of the water,
 2. Verifying the contained borated water volume of the tank, and
 3. Verifying the boric acid makeup tank solution temperature is greater than 55°F.
- b. At least once per 24 hours by verifying the RWT temperature when it is the source of borated water and the outside air temperature is < 40°F.

Figure 3.1-1



REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

BORATED WATER SOURCES - OPERATING

LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

- 3.1.2.8 Each of the following borated water sources shall be OPERABLE:
- a. At least one of the following sources with a minimum solution temperature of 55°F.
 - 1. One boric acid makeup tank, with the tank contents in accordance with TRM Figure 3.1-1, or
 - 2. Two boric makeup tanks, with the combined contents of the tanks in accordance with TRM Figure 3.1-1, and
 - b. The refueling water tank with:
 - 1. A contained borated water volume of between 464,900 and 500,500 gallons (equivalent to an indicated tank level of between 91.7% and 100%, respectively),
 - 2. Between 2500 and 3000 ppm of boron,
 - 3. A minimum solution temperature of 40°F, and
 - 4. A maximum solution temperature of 110°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3 and 4.

ACTION:

- a. With the above required boric acid makeup tank(s) inoperable, restore the make up tank(s) to OPERABLE status within 72 hours or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and borated to a SHUTDOWN MARGIN equivalent to at least that specified in the CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT at 200°F; restore the above required boric acid makeup tank(s) to OPERABLE status within the next 7 days or be in COLD SHUTDOWN within the next 30 hours.
- b. With the refueling water tank inoperable, restore the tank to OPERABLE status within one hour or be in at least HOT STANDBY within the next 6 hours and in COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.1.2.8 Each of the above required borated water sources shall be demonstrated OPERABLE:

- a. At least once per 7 days by:
 1. Verifying the boron concentration in each water source,
 2. Verifying the contained borated water volume in each water source, and
 3. Verifying the boric acid makeup tank(s) solution temperature is greater than 55°F.
- b. At least once per 24 hours by verifying the RWT temperature.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

TRM BASES

3/4.1.2 BORATION SYSTEMS

The boron injection system ensures that negative reactivity control is available during each mode of facility operations. The components required to perform this function include 1) borated water sources, 2) charging pumps, 3) separate flow paths, 4) boric acid makeup pumps, 5) an emergency power supply from OPERABLE diesel generators.

With the RCS average temperature above 200°F, a minimum of two separate and redundant boron injection systems are provided to ensure single functional capability in the event an assumed failure renders one of the systems inoperable. Allowable out-of-service periods ensure that minor component repair or corrective action may be completed without undue risk to overall facility safety from injection system failures during the repair period.

The boration capability of either system is sufficient to provide a SHUTDOWN MARGIN from expected operating conditions of that specified in the CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT after xenon decay and cooldown to 200°F. The maximum expected boration capability requirement occurs at EOL from full power equilibrium xenon conditions and requires boric acid solution from the boric acid makeup tanks in the allowable concentrations and volumes of TRM Specification 3.1.2.8 and a small fraction of the borated water from the refueling water tank required in TRM Specification 3.1.2.8.

The requirement in TRM Specification 3.1.2.8 for a minimum contained volume of borated water 464,900 gallons of 2500-3000 ppm borated water in the refueling water tank ensures the capability for borating the RCS to the desired concentration. The value listed is consistent with the plant ECCS requirements.

With the RCS temperature below 200°F, one injection system is acceptable without single failure consideration on the basis of the stable reactivity condition of the reactor and the additional restrictions prohibiting CORE ALTERATIONS and positive reactivity change in the event the single injection system becomes inoperable.

The boron capability required below 200°F is based upon providing a sufficient SHUTDOWN MARGIN after xenon decay and cooldown from 200°F to 140°F. This condition requires either borated water from the refueling water tank or boric acid solution from the boric acid makeup tank(s) in accordance with the requirements of TRM Specification 3.1.2.7. The contained water volume limits includes allowance for water not available because of discharge line location and other physical characteristics.

The contained water volume limits includes allowances for water not available because of discharge line location and other physical characteristics. The 61,370 gallon limit for the refueling water tank is based upon having an indicated level in the tank of at least 7.5%.

The OPERABILITY of one boron injection system during REFUELING ensures that this system is available for reactivity control while in MODE 6.

The limits on contained water volume and boron concentration of the boric acid sources, when mixed with the trisodium phosphate, ensures a long term pH value of ≥ 7.0 for the solution recirculated within containment after a LOCA. This pH limit minimizes the evolution of iodine and helps to inhibit stress corrosion cracking of austenitic stainless steel components in containment during the recirculation phase following an accident.