UNITED STATES



NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON. D.C. 20555-0001

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EPRI

	DATE OF MEETING	
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The attached document(s), which was/were handed out in this meeting, is/are to be placed in the public domain as soon as possible. The minutes of the meeting will be issued in the near future. Following are administrative details regarding this meeting:

Docket Number(s)

PROJECT NO. 669

DECEMBER 29,2000

Plant/Facility Name

TAC Number(s) (if available)

Reference Meeting Notice

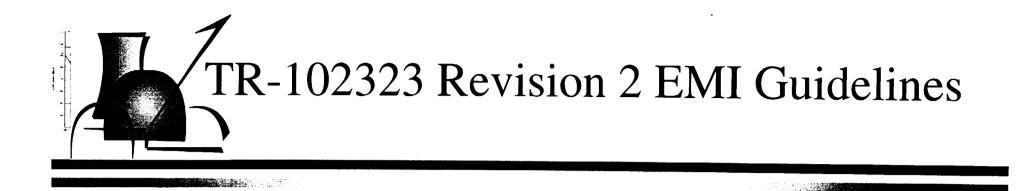
Purpose of Meeting (copy from meeting notice)

TO DISCUSS EPRI'S REPORT TR-102323-R2,

"GUIDELINES FOR EMI TESTING IN POWER

PLANTS"

NAME OF PERSON WHO ISSUED MEETING NOTICE	TITLE	
L. N. OLSHAN	PROJECT MANAGER	
OFFICE		
NRR		
DIVISION	······································	
DLPM		
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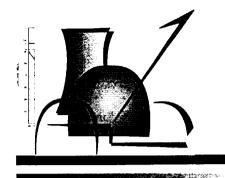


The EPRI EMI Working Group

Group Chairman: Jim Shank (PSEG Nuclear) EPRI Project Manager: Ramesh Shankar 704-547-6127 rshankar@epri.com EPRI Charlotte Science & Technology Division

U.S. NRC- EPRI EMI Working Group Meeting U.S. NRC White Flint, MD January 16, 2001





EMI Working Group Members

- ► Rick Brehm TVA
- ► Finbarr O'Connor IIT Research Institute
- ► Rober Carritte MPR Associates, Inc.
- ► James Press National Technical Systems
- ► Norman Eisenmann Entergy
- ► James W. Shank PSEG Nuclear
- ► Joseph Hazeltine Wyle Laboratories, Inc.
- ► Ramesh Shankar EPRI
- ► Sang D. Lee Southern Nuclear
- ► Moazam Syed TXU Electric
- ► Wade Messer Duke Energy
- ► Carl Vitalbo Westinghouse Electric Co.





- ► Revise Testing Standards & Limits
 - ► Update recommended and referenced standards
 - ► Focus on endorsement of commercial standards where possible
 - ► Incorporate lessons learned
- ► Improve understanding of the applicability of requirements
- ► Seeking NRC endorsement

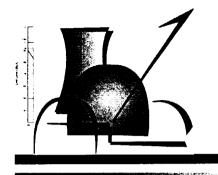




Reg. Guide 1.180 & TR-102323-R1

- ► Regulatory Guide 1.180 "Guidelines for EMI...", 1/2000
- ► Identical approach to TR-102323-R1
- ► Major differences:
 - ► Emissions Testing Limits
 - ► Endorsement of the IEC Standard
- EPRI-NRC Subgroup Formed to Review ORNL Plant Emissions Data
- ► Joint NRC-EPRI-DOE Project recommended





EMI Working Group

➤ Working Group identified 30+ issues for resolution in TR-102323-R1

- ► Susceptibility and Emissions testing limits and frequencies
- ► Updating reference to Standards
- ► General Testing requirements (systems vs components tests, e.g.)
- ► Graded EMI Environments
- ► Updating section on Limiting Practice
- ► Guidance on acceptance of commercial equipment tests
 - ► ("CE" mark, FCC Testing, etc.)
- ► Document User Friendliness





TR-102323-R2

Relief in some susceptibility and emission limits

Scope of testing for other than safetyrelated equipment included

Endorses equipment qualified to IEC testing standards where possible

Qualification, testing philosophy and limiting practices unchanged

Eases Compliance

Clarifies applicability of testing for nonsafety related equipment and equipment important to power production.

Reduces testing burden and improves number of design options

Maintain continuity



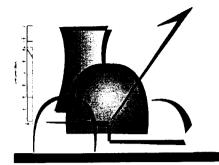


Table 5.1 Testing Applicability

	Susceptibility Tests						Emissions Tests				
	Conducted		Radiated			EE	FC	Conducted		Radiated	
	Frequenc y	High- Frequenc y	Low- Frequenc y	High- Frequenc y	Surge EF T	ES D	Low- Frequenc y	High- Frequenc y	Low- Frequen cy	High- Frequen cy	
-Safety- Related	A	A	Е	A	A	A	0	Е	E	E	A
Important to Power Production	R	R	E	R	R	R	О	E	E	Е	A
Non-Safety- Related	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Е	E	E	A

A = Applicable. These tests shall be performed, or an exemption including a technical justification for why the test is not required shall be documented.

 $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{Evaluate}$. These tests shall be performed, or design features/conditions as specified for each test type shall be satisfied. If testing is not performed, the design conditions/features that address this equipment emissions source shall be documented.

R = **Recommended.** These tests should be performed, or an exemption including a technical justification for why the test is not needed should be documented.

O = Optional. These tests are optional. Noise sources local to the equipment and installation practices should be considered in determining susceptibility testing needs for non-

safety-related equipment.



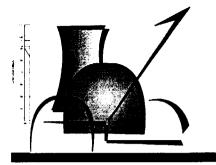


Table 5.2 Susceptibility Testing Standards

Susceptibility Tests					
	MIL-STD-461E	Commercial Standard			
Low-Frequency Conducted	CS101	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 13			
High-Frequency Conducted	CS114	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 6			
Low-Frequency Radiated	RS101	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Sections 8, 9, and 10			
High-Frequency Radiated	RS103	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 3			
Surge	CS116	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 5			
Electrically-Fast Transient	CS115	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 4			
Electrostatic Discharge	N/A	IEC EN 61000 Part 4 Section 2			



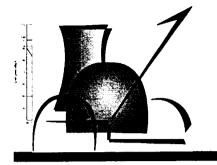
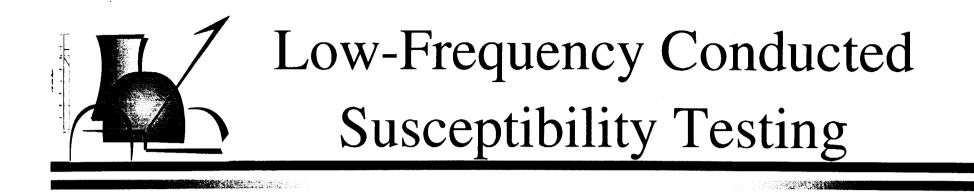


Table 5.2 Emissions Testing Standards

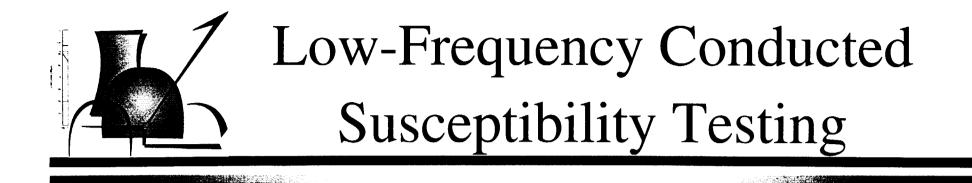
Emissions Tests					
	MIL-STD-461E	Commercial Standard			
Low-Frequency Conducted	CEI0I	IEC EN 61000 Part 3 Section 2			
High-Frequency Conducted	CE102	None			
Low-Frequency Radiated	RE101	None			
High-Frequency Radiated	RE102	FCC 47 CFR Part 15 or EN 55022			





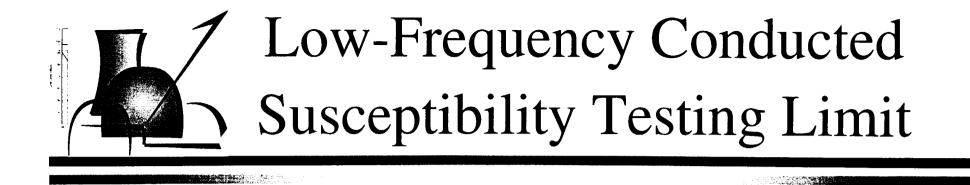
- ► High frequency roll-off beyond 5 kHz
- Introduced a new level for EUT operating at 28 VDC or below
- Low frequency starting point of 2nd harmonic of power frequency
- These changes are consistent with MIL-STD-461E and RG 1.180

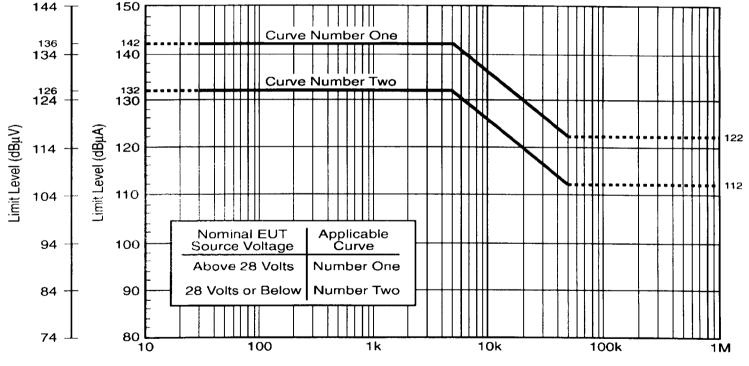




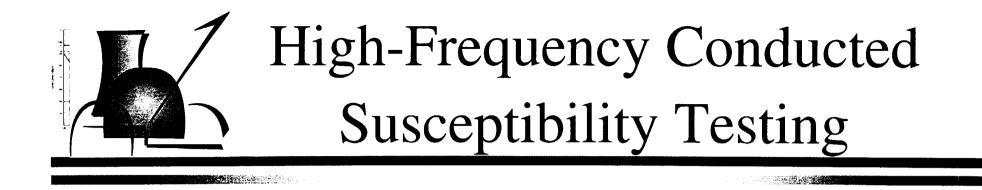
- We now accept testing in accordance with IEC 61000-4-13 to Class 3 limits
- The CS101 and 61000-4-13 testing methodologies are similar; however, the most significant difference is that 4-13 terminates at 2.4 kHz. This issue has been addressed by documenting that this test is not acceptable if EUT will be exposed to switching power supplies, static frequency converters, induction motors, welding machines or similar equipment





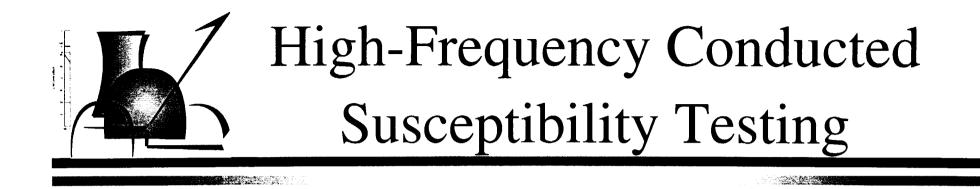






- ► Added new limit for signal cables
- Previous limit was established based on plant emissions measured on power cables, therefore a new limit was introduced to allow relaxation for signal cables based on 461E CS114 Curve #2 which is supported by comparison with collected plant emissions data beyond 1 MHz.





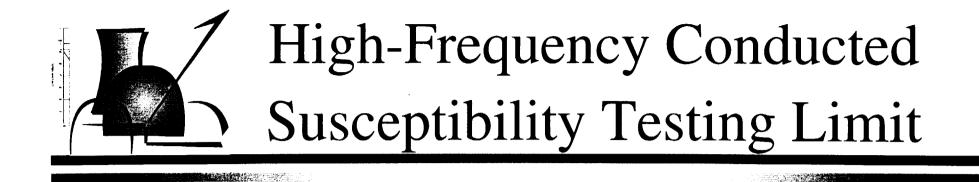
- Limit reduced for power cables from 103 dBµA to 97 dBµA.
- The limit was reduced to allow for relaxation and a new margin of 6 dBµA. The new limit of 97 dBµA was selected because it aligns with 461E limit Curve #4
- ► High frequency roll-off beyond 20 MHz
- The previous limit was flat across all tested frequencies. The high frequency roll-off brings this test into better alignment with 461E CS114 and Reg. Guide 1.180

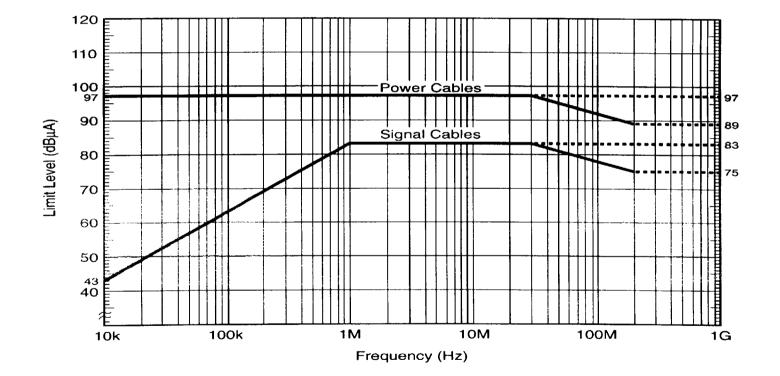




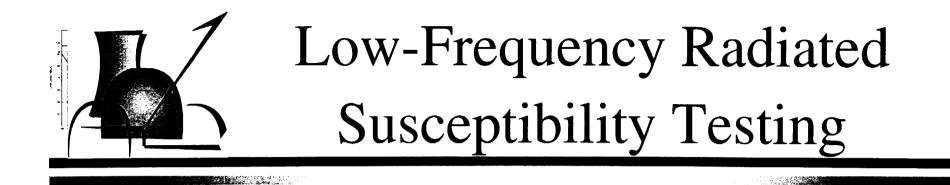
- Testing terminates at 200 MHz as opposed to 400 MHz
- There is no need to perform this test above 200 MHz since high frequency radiated testing starts at 2MHz. This change also brings this test into better alignment with 461E CS114 and Reg. Guide 1.180





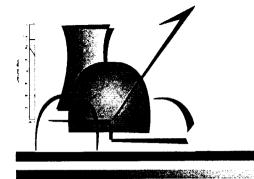




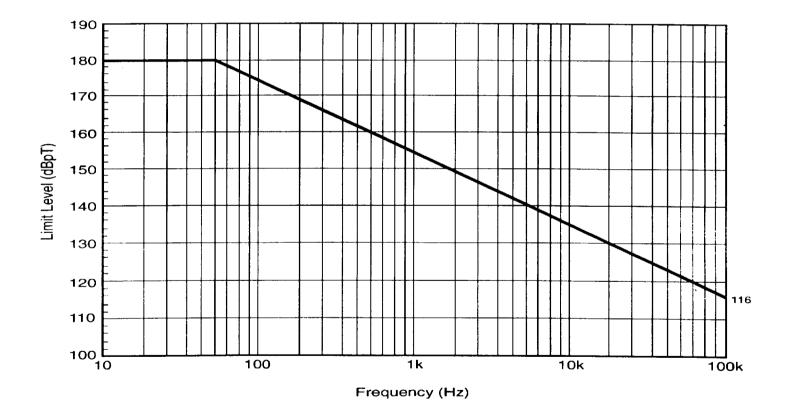


- ► Endorsement of IEC 61000-4-8
- Although there are major differences in the scope and methodology of the MIL-STD 461E RS101 test and the IEC 61000-4-8 test, this test meets the intent of demonstrating immunity of equipment to radiated magnetic fields

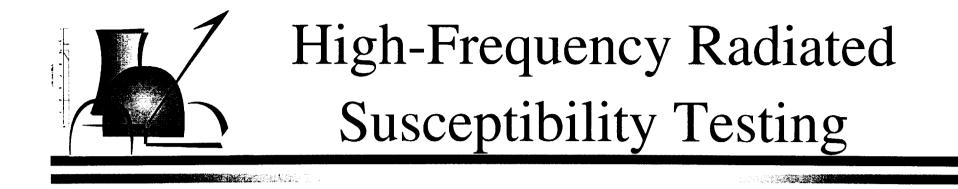




Low-Frequency Radiated Susceptibility Testing Limit







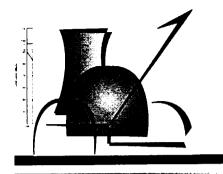
- Allowance to start test at 30 MHz provided test CS114 or 61000-4-6 is also performed
- This change brings this test recommendation into better alignment with 461E RS103 and Reg. Guide 1.180
- Extended tested frequency range from 1 GHz to 10 GHz
- Extending the tested frequency range was necessary to address the increased demand and use of equipment operating at frequencies above 1 GHz





- Reduced secondary or derived power distribution system voltage test limit from 3 kV to 2 kV. Increased primary power connected to external lines voltage test limit from 3 kV to 4 kV. Reduced shields & ground leads connected to remote (> 30m) grounds voltage test limit from 3 kV to 2 kV
- This change brings this test recommendation into better alignment with IEC 61000-4-5 and is supported by the existing compatibility margins documented in TR-102323. The changes noted above are changes to both TR-102323 Rev. 1 and R.G. 1.180 which both currently specify 3 kV limits

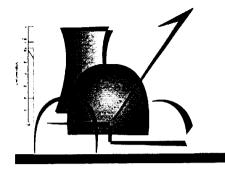




Electrically-Fast Transients/Bursts

- Differentiated testing for power ports vs. I/O, data & control ports. Specified the use of the coupling/decoupling network for testing power ports. Allowed the use of the coupling clamp for testing I/O, data and control ports
- This change brings this test recommendation into better alignment with IEC 61000-4-4



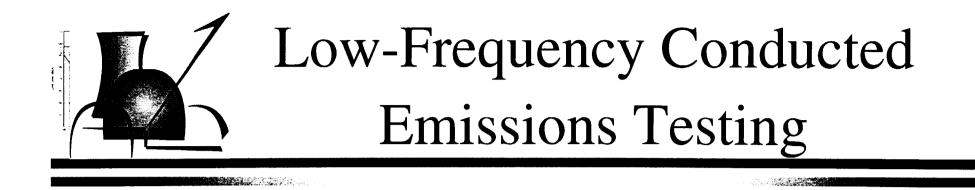


Reverses States

Electrically-Fast Transients/Bursts

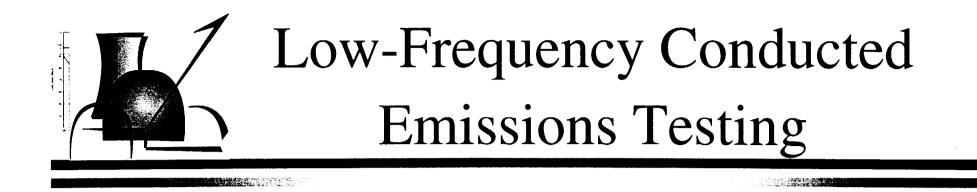
- Reduced testing level for power ports voltage from 3 kV to 2 kV. Reduced testing level for I/O, data and control ports from 3 kV to 1 kV. Specified that Control ports that control unsuppressed inductive loads shall be tested to +/- 2 kV_{p-p}. Specified that Input/Output (I/O), data and control cables routed with power supply or control cables with unsuppressed inductive loads shall also be tested to +/- 2 kV_{p-p}
- This change brings this test recommendation into better alignment with IEC 61000-4-4 and is supported by the existing compatibility margins documented in TR-102323. The changes noted above are changes to both TR-102323 Rev. 1 and R.G. 1.180 which both currently specify 3 kV limits for all connection ports





- Introduced a new level for EUT operating at 28 VDC or below
- These changes are consistent with MIL-STD-461E for Navy & Army aircraft; however, RG 1.180 specifies limits that most closely match a submarine platform.
- Low frequency starting point of 2nd harmonic of power frequency
- These changes are consistent with MIL-STD-461E and RG 1.180

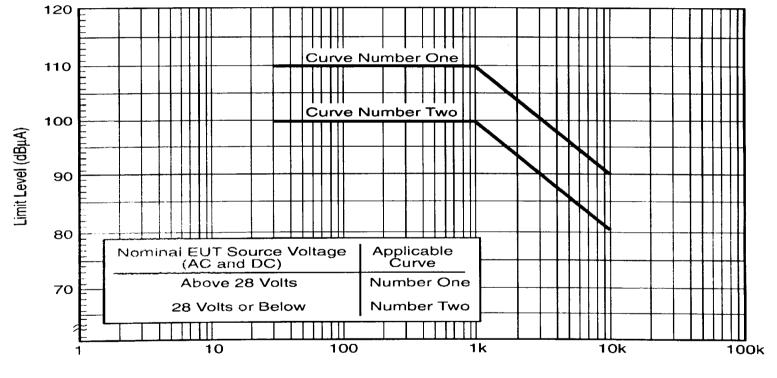




- We now allow a db relaxation limit defined as db Relaxation = 20 log (Fundamental Power Frequency Current)
- These changes are consistent with RG 1.180; however, MIL-STD-461E does not specify a limit dB relaxation for CE101-4 (Navy & Army aircraft)
- Reduced TR-102323 Rev. 1 limit (more restrictive) from 122 dBµA at 30Hz to 110 dBµA at 60 Hz for source voltages greater than 28 V and down to 100 dBµA for source voltages less than or equal to 28 V
- Because the primary concern of this test is to control fundamental power frequency harmonics, reduction of the limit up to 1kHz is appropriate





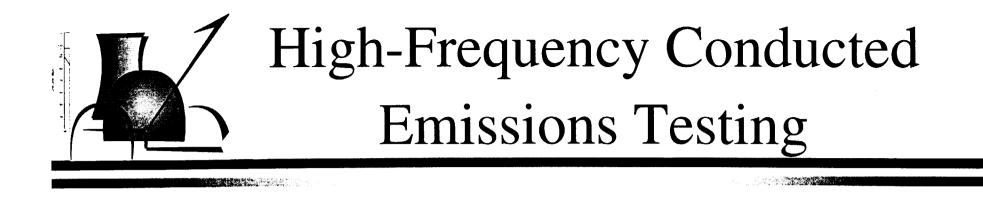


Note:

For equipment and subsystems with a fundamental current greater than one ampere, the limit shall be relaxed as follows:

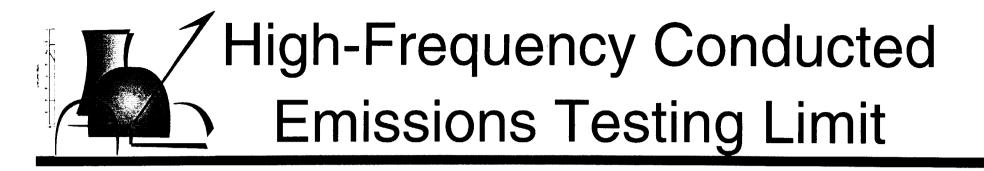
dB Relaxation = 20 Log (Fundamental Power Frequency Current)

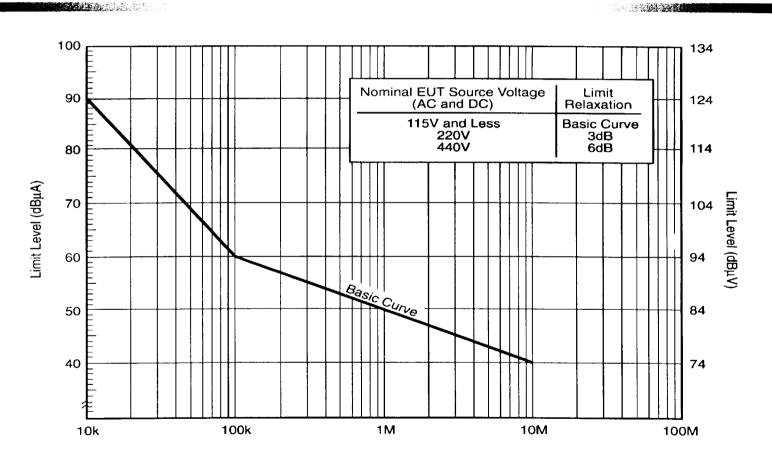




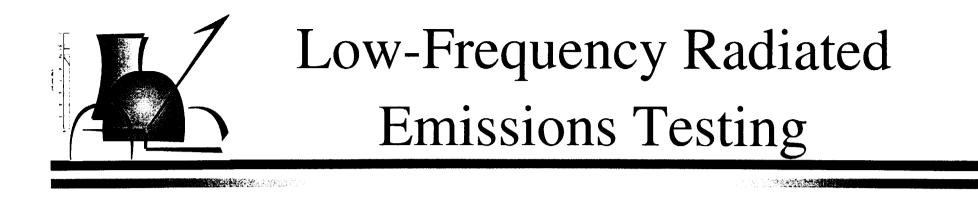
- Changed part of limit curve from 78 dBµA at 50 kHz & 60 dBµA at 100 kHz to 90 dBµA at 10 kHz & 60 dBµA at 100 kHz. This change effectively reduced the TR-102323 Rev. 1 limit (more restrictive) from 50 kHz to 100 kHz
- This change was necessary to support starting this test at 10 kHz. The new section of the limit curve remains at or below the highest composite plant emissions level
- Change tested frequency range from 50 kHz 400 MHz to 10 kHz - 10 MHz and the allowance of a db relaxation limit for equipment operating voltages above 115 VAC
- These changes were made to better align these tests with the recommendations of MIL-STD-461E & R.G. 1.180







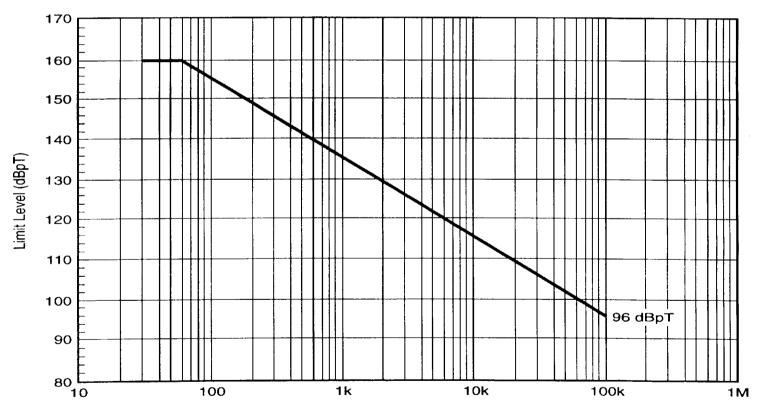




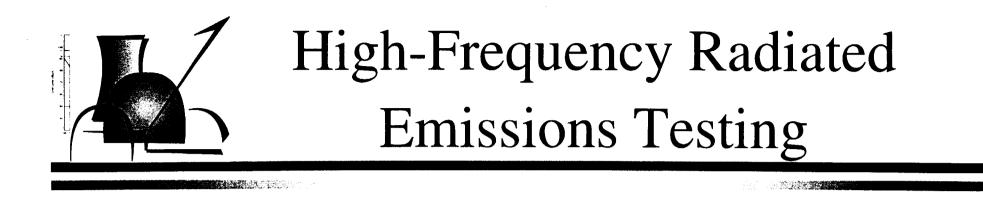
- Specified measurements be performed at 7 cm
- This change was made to better align this test with the recommendations of MIL-STD-461E





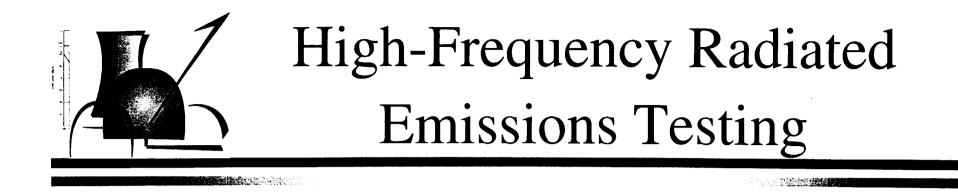






- Changed limit curve to allow the maximum allowable equipment emissions from either TR-102323 Rev. 1 or R.G. 1.180 from 10 kHz to 1 GHz
- This change was made to provide testing relief where it was supported by either TR-102323 Rev. 1 or R.G. 1.180 while still maintaining equipment emissions levels low enough to prevent significant increases in plant emissions levels
- Extended tested frequency range from 1 GHz to 10 GHz or 10 times the highest intentionally generated frequency within the equipment under test, whichever is greater
- Extending the tested frequency range was necessary to address the increased demand and use of equipment operating at frequencies above 1 GHz

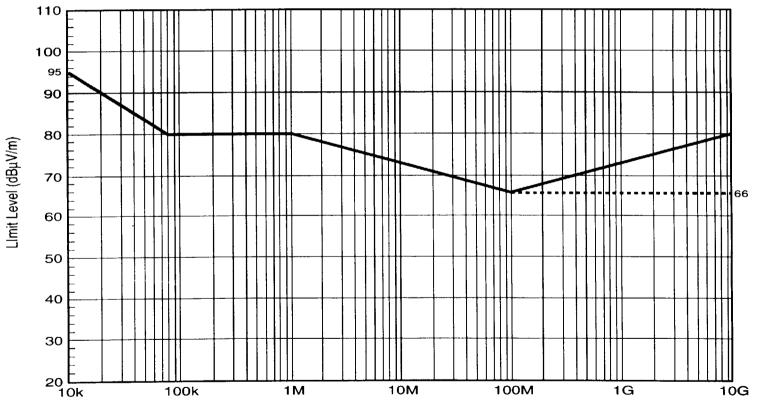




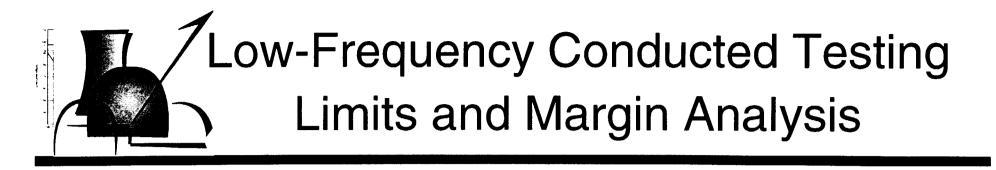
- Endorsed testing in accordance with commercial standards FCC 47CFR Part 15 Class A or B and EN 55022 Class A or B
- ➤ Although there are differences in the methodology and range of tested frequencies, this test controls equipment emissions to prevent an increase in plant emissions that would potentially invalidate the susceptibility limit. This change is acceptable due to the large margin (> 43 dBµV/m) between the emissions and susceptibility limits.

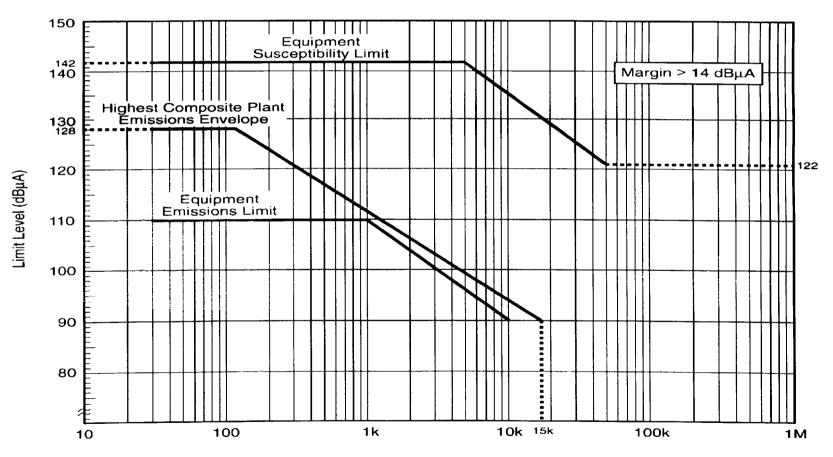






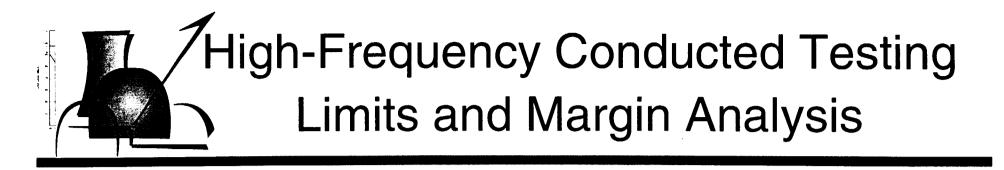


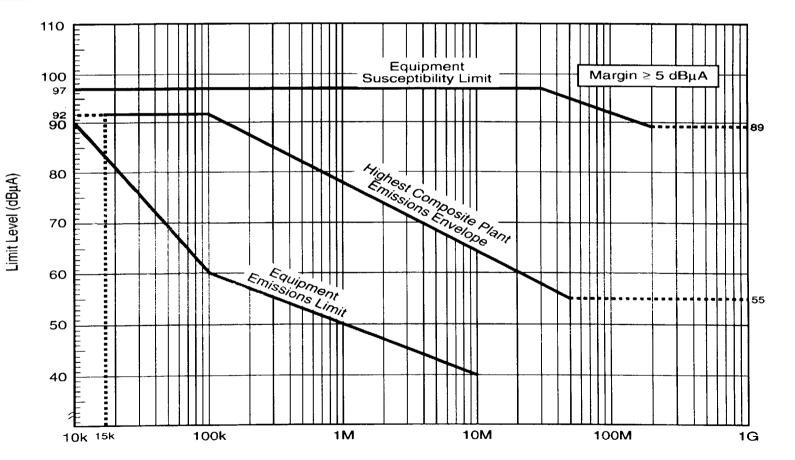




Frequency (Hz)

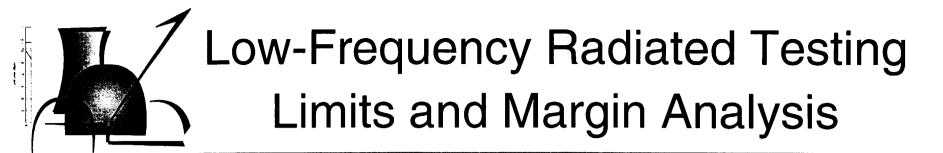


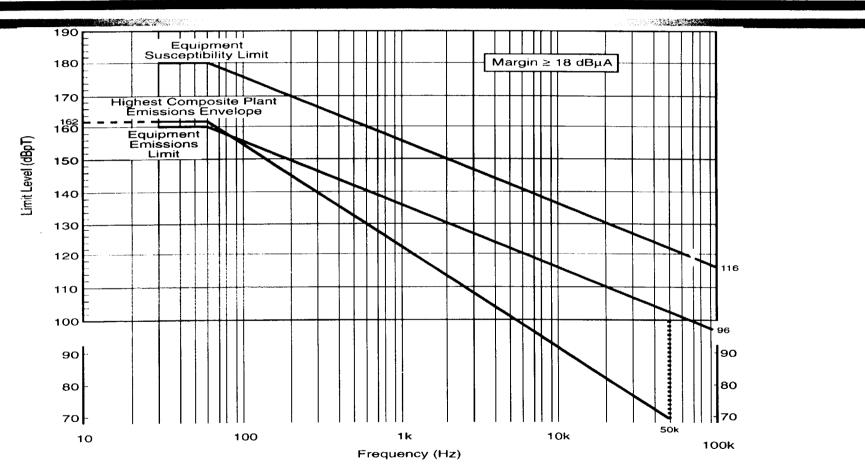




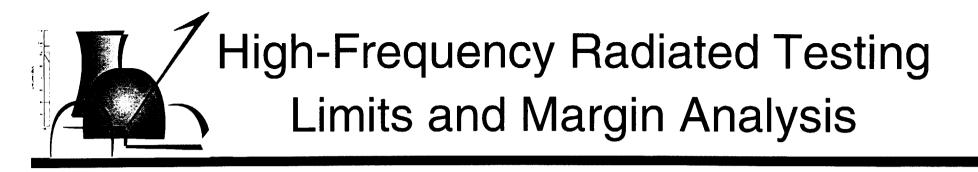
Frequency (Hz)

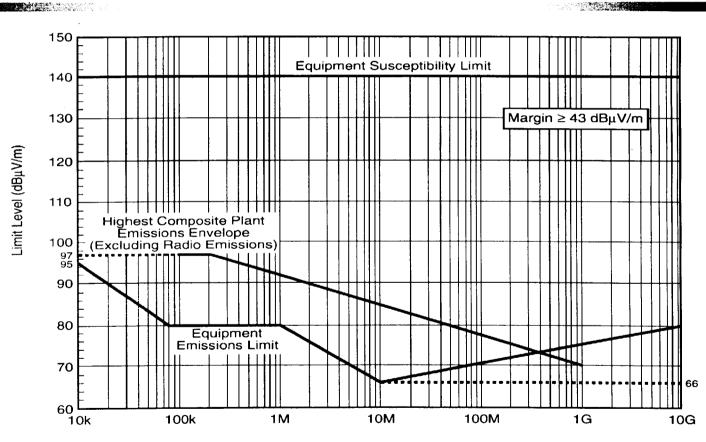




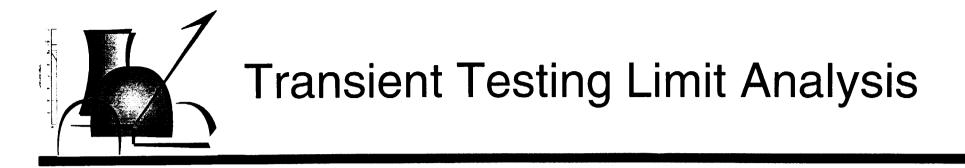












180 Margin ≥ 22 dBµA 170 160 Equipment Susceptibility Limit 152 152 150 Limit Level (dBµA) 140 Highest Composite Plant Emissions Envelope 130 130 120 110 100M 10k 100k 1M 10M 1G

Frequency (Hz)





Summary

- ► TR-102323 Revision 2 complete
- ► Includes Changes to Testing Standards & Limits:
 - ► Updates recommended and referenced standards
 - ► Focuses on endorsement of commercial standards where possible
 - ► Incorporates lessons learned
- Improves understanding of the applicability of requirements
- Working Group now seeking NRC review and endorsement

