UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

X

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

	For the transition period from to	
Commission <u>File Number</u>	Registrant, State of Incorporation, Address of Principal Executive Offices and Telephone Number	IRS Employer <u>Identification No.</u>
1-11299	ENTERGY CORPORATION (a Delaware corporation) 639 Loyola Avenue New Orleans, Louisiana 70113 Telephone (504) 576-4000	72-1229752
1-10764	ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. (an Arkansas corporation) 425 West Capitol Avenue, 40th Floor Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 Telephone (501) 377-4000	71-0005900
1-2703	ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. (a Texas corporation) 350 Pine Street Beaumont, Texas 77701 Telephone (409) 838-6631	74-0662730
1-8474	ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. (a Louisiana corporation) 4809 Jefferson Highway Jefferson, Louisiana 70121 Telephone (504) 840-2734	72-0245590
0-320	ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. (a Mississippi corporation) 308 East Pearl Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 Telephone (601) 368-5000	64-0205830
0-5807	ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. (a Louisiana corporation) 1600 Perdido Building New Orleans, Louisiana 70112 Telephone (504) 670-3674	72-0273040
1-9067	SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. (an Arkansas corporation) Echelon One 1340 Echelon Parkway Jackson, Mississippi 39213 Telephone (601) 368-5000	72-0752777

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

2 . A. P.

Title of Class

Registrant

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Entergy Corporation

Entergy Arkansas Capital I

Entergy Gulf States, Inc.

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Entergy Gulf States Capital I

Entergy Louisiana Capital I

9% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred Securities, Series A

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Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value - 236,145,752

8-1/2% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred

Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par Value:

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\$4.40 Dividend Series

Adjustable Rate Series B (Depository Receipts)

Preference Stock, Cumulative, without Par Value \$1,75 Dividend Series

and the second stranges where the second second second

8.75% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred

shares outstanding at February 29, 2000

Securities, Series A approximate

\$4.52 Dividend Series

\$5.08 Dividend Series

Securities, Series A

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Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered

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New York Stock Exchange, Inc. Chicago Stock Exchange Inc. Pacific Exchange Inc.

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

New York Stock Exchange, Inc. New York Stock Exchange, Inc. New York Stock Exchange, Inc. New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

RegistrantTitle of ClassEntergy Arkansas, Inc.Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par Value
Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$0.01 Par ValueEntergy Gulf States, Inc.Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par ValueEntergy Louisiana, Inc.Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par Value
Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$25 Par ValueEntergy Mississippi, Inc.Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par Value
Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par ValueEntergy New Orleans, Inc.Preferred Stock, Cumulative, \$100 Par Value

Indicate by check mark whether the registrants (1) have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrants were required to file such reports), and (2) have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $\sqrt{}$ No_____

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrants' knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

The aggregate market value of Entergy Corporation Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value, held by nonaffiliates, was \$4.8 billion based on the reported last sale price of such stock on the New York Stock Exchange on February 29, 2000. Entergy Corporation is directly or indirectly the sole holder of the common stock of Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, Inc., Entergy Mississippi, Inc., Entergy New Orleans, Inc., and System Energy Resources, Inc.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

11

Portions of the Proxy Statement of Entergy Corporation to be filed in connection with its Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be held May 12, 2000, are incorporated by reference into Parts I and III hereof.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page Number

Definiti	ons			i
Part I	Item	1	Business	1
	Item		Properties	34
	Item		Legal Proceedings	34
	Item		Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	34
	Item	4.	Directors and Executive Officers of Entergy Corporation	34
Part II				36
	Item		Market for Registrants' Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters	30
	Item	6.	Selected Financial Data	57
	Item	7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and	20
			Results of Operations	37
	Item	7A.		37
	Item	8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	38
	Item	9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and	
			Financial Disclosure	195
Part III				195
	Item		Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants	195
	Item		Executive Compensation	207
	Item		Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	207
	Item	13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions	210
Part IV			This River 10, () Old Julian and Departs on Form 9 K	211
	Item	14.	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules, and Reports on Form 8-K	211
Signati				220
			lent Accountants on Financial Statement Schedules	220 S-1
-			Statement Schedules	E-1
Exhibit	t Index	K		11

This combined Form 10-K is separately filed by Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, Inc., Entergy Mississippi, Inc., Entergy New Orleans, Inc., and System Energy Resources, Inc. Information contained herein relating to any individual company is filed by such company on its own behalf. Each company makes representations only as to itself and makes no other representations whatsoever as to any other company.

This report should be read in its entirety. No one section of the report deals with all aspects of the subject matter.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Investors are cautioned that forward-looking statements contained herein with respect to the revenues, earnings, competitive performance, or other prospects for the business of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, Inc., Entergy Mississippi, Inc., Entergy New Orleans, Inc., and System Energy Resources, Inc. or their affiliated companies may be influenced by factors that could cause actual outcomes to be materially different than anticipated. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the effects of weather, the performance of generating units, the risk of owning and operating nuclear plants, fuel prices and availability, regulatory decisions and the effects of changes in law, litigation results, capital spending requirements, the evolution of competition, changes in technology, changes in accounting standards, changes in capital structure and ownership of assets, risks associated with the electricity and other energy commodity markets, interest rate changes and changes in financial markets generally, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and other factors.

DEFINITIONS

Certain abbreviations or acronyms used in the text and notes are defined below:

Certain addreviations o	
Abbreviation or Acronym	Term
	and a second
AFUDC	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction
Algiers	15th Ward of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana
ALJ	Administrative Law Judge
ANO 1 and 2	Units 1 and 2 of Arkansas Nuclear One Steam Electric Generating Station
	(nuclear), owned by Entergy Arkansas
APB	Accounting Principles Board
APSC	Arkansas Public Service Commission
Availability Agreement	Agreement, dated as of June 21, 1974, as amended, among System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New
	Orleans, and the assignments thereof
Deerd	Board of Directors of Entergy Corporation
Board Boston Edison	Boston Edison Company
BPS for the second second second	
Cajun	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc. (currently in Chapter 11 bankruptcy
Cajun	reorganization)
Capital Funds Agreement	
Cupitur I under Broomme	Entergy Concoration, and the assignments thereof
CitiPower	CitiPower Pty, an electric distribution company serving Melbourne, Australia and
	surrounding suburbs, which was acquired by Entergy effective January 5, 1996,
	and was sold by Entergy effective December 31, 1998
Council	Council of the City of New Orleans, Louisiana
D.C. Circuit	United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit
DOE: AN ANT AND AN AND	United States Department of Energy
domestic utility companies	Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi,
	and Entergy New Orleans, collectively
EITF	Emerging Issues Task Force
EMF	Electromagnetic fields
ENHC	Entergy Nuclear Holding Company
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
EPAct	Energy Policy Act of 1992
EPDC	Entergy Power Development Corporation
EPMC	Entergy Power Marketing Unportation
	Entergy Trading and Marketing, Ltd. Entergy Technology Holding Company
ETHC	Exempt wholesale generator under PUHCA
EWG	Entergy Corporation and its various direct and indirect subsidiaries
Entergy	Entergy Arkansas, Inc. 20 and a statistic statistics and a statistics and a statistical statistics and a statistics and a statistical statistics and a statistics and a statistical statistics and a statistics and a statistical statistics and a statistical statistics and a statistical statistics and a st
Entergy Arkansas	
Entergy Corporation	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., including its wholly owned subsidiaries - Varibus
Entergy Out States	Corporation, GSG&T, Inc., Prudential Oil & Gas, Inc., and Southern Gulf
<pre>4</pre>	Railway Company and the second and the second s
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DEFINITIONS (Continued)

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Abbreviation or Acronym

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Term

Entergy London	Entergy London Investments plc, formerly Entergy Power UK plc (including its
	wholly owned subsidiary, London Electricity plc), which was sold by Entergy
	effective December 4, 1998
Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.
Entergy Mississippi	Entergy Mississippi, Inc.
Entergy New Orleans	Entergy New Orleans, Inc.
Entergy Nuclear	Entergy Nuclear, Inc. and the state of the s
Entergy Operations	Entergy Operations, Inc.
Entergy Power	Entergy Power, Inc.
Entergy Services	Entergy Services, Inc.
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
FUCO	an exempt foreign utility company under PUHCA
Grand Gulf 1 and 2	Units 1 and 2 of Grand Gulf Steam Electric Generating Station (nuclear), 90%
	owned or leased by System Energy
GWH	one million kilowatt-hours
Independence and assess	Independence Steam Electric Station (coal), owned 16% by Entergy Arkansas,
-	25% by Entergy Mississippi, and 7% by Entergy Power
IRS and the second second second	Internal Revenue Service
KV - at starspectation	kilovolt sama saka
KW	kilowatt and a second
KWH	kilowatt-hour(s)
London Electricity	London Electricity plc - a regional electric company serving London, England,
	which was acquired by Entergy London effective February 1, 1997, and was sold
	by Entergy effective December 4, 1998
LDEQ	Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
LPSC	Louisiana Public Service Commission
MCF	1,000 cubic feet of gas
Merger	The combination transaction, consummated on December 31, 1993, by which
	Entergy Gulf States became a subsidiary of Entergy Corporation
MPSC	Mississippi Public Service Commission
MW	Megawatt(s)
N/A	Not applicable
Nelson Unit 6	Unit No. 6 (coal) of the Nelson Steam Electric Generating Station, owned 70% by
	Entergy Gulf States
NISCO	Nelson Industrial Steam Company
	n an an Anna an
NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Pilgrim	Pilgrim Nuclear Station, 670 MW facility located in Plymouth, Massachusetts
_	purchased in July 1999 from Boston Edison by Entergy's non-utility nuclear
	power business
PRP	Potentially Responsible Party (a person or entity that may be responsible for
	remediation of environmental contamination)
PUCT	Public Utility Commission of Texas
PUHCA	Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, as amended
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DEFINITIONS (Concluded)

Abbreviation or Acronym

<u>Term</u>

PURPA Reallocation Agreement	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 1981 Agreement, superseded in part by a June 13, 1985 decision of FERC, among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy relating to the sale of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf
Ritchie 2	Unit 2 of the R. E. Ritchie Steam Electric Generating Station (gas/oil)
River Bend	River Bend Steam Electric Generating Station (nuclear)
SEC	Securities and Exchange Commission
SFAS	Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, promulgated by the FASB
SMEPA	South Mississippi Electric Power Agency, which owns the remaining 10% interest in Grand Gulf 1
System Agreement	Agreement, effective January 1, 1983, as modified, among the domestic utility companies relating to the sharing of generating capacity and other power resources
System Energy	System Energy Resources, Inc.
System Fuels	System Fuels, Inc.
UK	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Unit Power Sales Agreement	Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, as amended and approved by FERC, among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy, relating to the sale of capacity and energy from System Energy's share of Grand Gulf 1
Waterford 3	Unit No. 3 (nuclear) of the Waterford Steam Electric Generating Station, 100% owned or leased by Entergy Louisiana
White Bluff	White Bluff Steam Electric Generating Station, 57% owned by Entergy Arkansas

PART I

BUSINESS OF ENTERGY

General

Item 1. Business

Entergy Corporation is a Delaware corporation which, through its subsidiaries, engages principally in the following businesses: domestic utility operations, power marketing and trading, global power development, and domestic non-utility nuclear operations. It has no significant assets other than the stock of its subsidiaries. Entergy Corporation is a registered public utility holding company under PUHCA. As such, Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries generally are subject to the broad regulatory provisions of PUHCA. PUHCA generally limits registered public utility holding company activity to domestic integrated utility businesses, domestic and foreign electric generation ventures, foreign utility ownership, telecommunications and information service businesses, and certain other domestic energy related businesses. Financial information regarding Entergy Corporation's operating segments is contained in Note 14 to the financial statements.

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Domestic Utility Operations

Entergy Corporation has five wholly-owned domestic retail electric utility subsidiaries: Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans. As of December 31, 1999, these utility companies provided retail electric service to approximately 2.5 million customers primarily in portions of the states of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas. In addition, Entergy Gulf States furnishes natural gas utility service in and around Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans furnishes natural gas utility service in New Orleans, Louisiana. The business of the domestic utility companies is subject to seasonal fluctuations, with the peak sales period normally occurring during the third quarter of each year. During 1999, the domestic utility companies' combined retail electric sales as a percentage of total electric sales were: residential - 27.8%; commercial - 21.6%; and industrial - 39.5%. Retail electric revenues from these sectors as a percentage of total electric revenues were: residential - 35.6%; commercial - 24.0%; and industrial - 30.0%. Sales to governmental and municipal sectors and to nonaffiliated utilities accounted for the balance of energy sales. The major industrial customers of the domestic utility companies are in the chemical, petroleum refining, paper, and food products industries. The retail rates and services of Entergy's domestic retail utility subsidiaries are regulated by state and/or local regulatory authorities.

Entergy Corporation also owns 100% of the voting stock of System Energy, an Arkansas corporation that owns and leases an aggregate 90% undivided interest in Grand Gulf. System Energy sells all of the capacity and energy from its interest in Grand Gulf 1 at wholesale to its only customers, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans. Management discusses sales from Grand Gulf 1 more thoroughly in "CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND FUTURE FINANCING - Certain System Financial and Support Agreements - Unit Power Sales Agreement" below. System Energy's wholesale power sales are subject to the jurisdiction of FERC. Sec. Sec.

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Entergy Services, a Delaware corporation wholly-owned by Entergy Corporation, provides management, administrative, accounting, legal, engineering, and other services primarily to the domestic utility subsidiaries of Entergy Corporation. Entergy Operations, a Delaware corporation, is also wholly-owned by Entergy Corporation and provides nuclear management, operations and maintenance services under contract for ANO, River Bend, Waterford 3, and Grand Gulf 1, subject to the owner oversight of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy, respectively. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans own 35%, 33%, 19%, and 13%, respectively, of the common stock of System Fuels, a Louisiana corporation that implements and manages certain programs to procure, deliver, and store fuel supplies for those companies. Entergy Services, Entergy Operations, and System Fuels provide their services to the domestic utility companies and System Energy on an "at cost" basis, pursuant to service agreements approved by the SEC under PUHCA. Information regarding affiliate transactions is contained in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Entergy Gulf States has wholly-owned subsidiaries that (i) own and operate intrastate gas pipelines in Louisiana used primarily to transport fuel to two of Entergy Gulf States' generating stations; (ii) own the Lewis Creek Station, a gas-fired generating plant, which is leased to and operated by Entergy Gulf States; and (iii) own several miles of railroad track constructed in Louisiana primarily for the purpose of transporting coal for use as boiler fuel at Entergy Gulf States' Nelson Unit 6 generating facility.

Power Marketing and Trading

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Entergy conducts its power marketing and trading business primarily through three subsidiaries, Entergy Power, EPMC, and ET&M. Entergy Power is a domestic power producer that owns 665 MW of fossil-fueled generation assets located in Arkansas. Entergy Power's capacity and energy is sold at wholesale principally to EPMC and Entergy Arkansas. Entergy Power's wholesale power sales are subject to the jurisdiction of FERC. EPMC engages in the marketing and trading of physical and financial energy commodity products, industrial energy management, and risk management services. It has authority from the SEC to deal in a wide range of energy commodities and related financial products. ET&M is engaged in the marketing and trading of physical and financial energy commodity products in the UK. Entergy has announced its intent to combine the power marketing and trading business with the global power development business beginning in 2000, and the combined businesses will be called Entergy Wholesale Operations.

Global Power Development

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Entergy's global power development business is focused on acquiring or developing power generation projects in North America and Western Europe and will evaluate potential opportunities in Latin America. This business owns interests in the following foreign electric generation assets:

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	Investment	Percent	<u>Ownership</u>	Status
	Argentina - Costanera, 1,260 MW	4 ⁹ 4	6%	operational
17	Argentina - Costanera expansion, 220 MW	an the second	10%	operational
	Chile - San Isidro, 375 MW	and the second	25%	operational
an an the	Pakistan - Hub River, 1,200 MW		5%	operational
	Peru - Edegel - 833 MW	م الم الم	24%	operational
	United Kingdom - Saltend, 1,200 MW		100%	under construction
	United Kingdom - Damhead Creek, 800 MW	V	100%	under construction

Entergy's global power development business has several other development projects in the planning stages, including projects in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Spain, and Bulgaria. Fairfield is a planned 1,000 MW combined cycle gas turbine merchant power plant to be constructed in Fairfield, Texas, adjacent to Entergy Gulf States' service territory. Riverside is a planned 425 MW combined cycle gas turbine cogeneration plant to be constructed in Lake Charles, Louisiana. Riverside is expected to be owned 50% by Entergy's global power development business and 50% by PPG Industries, an industrial customer of Entergy Gulf States. A 300 MW combined-cycle gas turbine merchant power plant is in the planning stages for construction in Vicksburg, Mississippi. An 800 MW combined cycle gas turbine merchant power plant is in the planning stages for construction near Castelnou, Spain. Entergy plans to work with the National Electric Company of Bulgaria to modernize and upgrade Maritza East III, an 840 MW coal-fired power plant located in Bulgaria. In preparation for its development plans, Entergy has obtained an option to acquire turbines from GE Power Systems. See "CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND FUTURE FINANCING" below for further information on the turbines.

Entergy divested the 24 MW Nantong project in China in 1999 and does not intend to pursue further developments in Asia. In June 1999, Entergy sold its 5% interest in Edesur, S.A., which is the retail electric distribution company for the southern part of Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Domestic Non-Utility Nuclear Operations

Entergy's domestic non-utility nuclear power business is focused on acquiring nuclear power plants and providing operations and management services to nuclear power plants owned by other utilities in the United States. Plant acquisitions are made through Entergy's wholly-owned subsidiary, ENHC, and operations and management services, including decommissioning services, are provided by Entergy's wholly-owned subsidiary, Entergy Nuclear. In July 1999, Entergy acquired the 670 MW Pilgrim Nuclear Station located in Plymouth, Massachusetts from Boston Edison. The facility has firm total output power purchase agreements (PPAs) with Boston Edison and other utilities that expire at the end of 2004. One hundred percent of the plant output is committed through 2001, which decreases to 50% by 2003.

Entergy's nuclear business has an outstanding offer to the New York Power Authority (NYPA) for the acquisition of NYPA's 825 MW James A. FitzPatrick nuclear power plant located near Oswego, New York and NYPA's 980 MW Indian Point 3 nuclear power plant located in Westchester County, New York. On February 24, 2000, NYPA received a competing offer for the purchase of these plants. It is anticipated that the NYPA Board of Trustees will meet in mid to late March to consider the offers. If Entergy's offer is accepted, management expects to close the acquisition by the fourth quarter of 2000.

In December 1999, Entergy signed an agreement with Rochester Gas and Electric (RG&E) to lease and operate the Nine Mile Point 1 and 2 nuclear power plants, totaling 1,754 MW, located in Scriba, New York. Nine Mile Point 1 is owned by Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (Niagara), and Nine Mile Point 2 is co-owned by RG&E, Niagara, New York State Electric & Gas Corporation (NYSEG), Long Island Lighting Company (doing business as LIPA), and Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation. The lease and operating agreement is subject to RG&E's ability to close on its exercise of its right of first refusal to acquire Niagara's and NYSEG's ownership interests in the plants and is subject to approval by the New York Public Service Commission (NYPSC). Niagara and NYSEG filed a proceeding with the NYPSC for the sale of their ownership interests to a third party. Entergy's non-utility nuclear business intervened as a party to the NYPSC proceeding. In that proceeding, the staff of the NYPSC has stated that it will explore various alternatives for the future ownership and operation of the Nine Mile plants.

Entergy Nuclear provides services to plants owned by other utilities, including engineering, operations and maintenance, fuel procurement, management and supervision, technical support and training, administrative support, and other managerial or technical services required to operate, maintain, and decommission nuclear electric power facilities. Currently Entergy is providing decommissioning services for the Maine Yankee and Millstone Unit 1 nuclear power plants. The cost of decommissioning and insuring the plants that Entergy provides decommissioning services for are the responsibility of the plant owners.

Business Sales

In January 1999, Entergy disposed of its security monitoring business which operated primarily in North and South Carolina, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas. In June 1999, Entergy disposed of its interest in the Hyperion Telecommunications joint ventures, which operate three Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in Little Rock, Arkansas; Jackson, Mississippi; and Baton Rouge, Louisiana. These CLECs provide long distance carrier access and local exchange services.

Domestic and Foreign Generation Investment Restrictions and Risks

Entergy's ability to invest in domestic and foreign generation businesses is subject to the SEC's regulations under PUHCA. Absent SEC approval, these regulations limit Entergy Corporation's aggregate investment in domestic and foreign generation businesses to an amount equal to 50% of consolidated retained earnings at the time an investment is made. Using the proceeds from the sale of electric distribution businesses in the UK and Australia in 1998, Entergy has the ability to make significant additional investments in domestic and foreign generation businesses without the need of further investment by Entergy Corporation.

International operations are subject to the risks inherent in conducting business abroad, including possible nationalization or expropriation, price and currency exchange controls, inflation, limitations on foreign participation in local enterprises, and other restrictions. Changes in the relative value of currencies may favorably or unfavorably affect the financial condition and results of operations of Entergy's non-U.S. businesses. In addition, exchange control restrictions in certain countries may limit or prevent the repatriation of earnings.

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Selected Data

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Selected domestic utility customers and sales data for 1999 are summarized in the following tables:

Area ServedElectricEntergy ArkansasPortions of Arkansas and Tennessee638Entergy Gulf StatesPortions of Texas and Louisiana669Entergy LouisianaPortions of Louisiana635Entergy MississippiPortions of Mississippi395Entergy New OrleansCity of New Orleans, except Algiers, which185	: of 1999
Entergy ArkansasPortions of Arkansas and Tennessee638Entergy Gulf StatesPortions of Texas and Louisiana669Entergy LouisianaPortions of Louisiana635Entergy MississippiPortions of Mississippi395Entergy New OrleansCity of New Orleans, except Algiers, which395	Gas
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Entergy Mississippi Portions of Mississippi 395 Entergy New Orleans City of New Orleans, except Algiers, which	89
Entergy MississippiPortions of Mississippi395Entergy New OrleansCity of New Orleans, except Algiers, which395	-
Entergy New Orleans City of New Orleans, except Algiers, which	-
is provided electric service by Entergy Louisiana 185	
TO THE STATE AND	146
Total customers	235

1999 - Selected Domestic Utility Electric Energy Sales Data

	1999 - Se	lected Domest		ectric Energy	Sales Data	1 - 2 Ale	
and a second state of the second s	"Entergy Arkansas	Entergy Gulf States	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	System Energy	Entergy (a)
Electric Department:		and and an	•. بد.	(In GWH)			
Sales to retail	APPENDENT.	search and a	tar ay				a de la composición d
customers	18,664	34,348	29,095	12,518	5,895	-	100,519
Sales for resale:	7,592	6 77	415	1,774	441	7,567	··· · ·
Others	4,868	3,408	831	426	180	· · · -	9,714
Total	31,124	38,433	30,341	14,718	6,516	7,567	110,233
Steam Department:					,	· • •	,
Sales to steam products customer	gener ingestren. •	464	-		······································	_	464
Total	31,124	38,897	30,341	14,718	6,516	7,567	110,697
Average use per residential customer	1 1						
(KWH)	11,955	15,322 ,,	15,033	14,180	12,674	: "	14,034

Includes the effect of intercompany eliminations. (a) . .

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1999 - Selected Natural Gas Sales Data

Entergy New Orleans and Entergy Gulf States sold 15,106,716 and 6,064,879 MCF, respectively, of natural gas to retail customers in 1999. For the periods ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997, revenues from natural gas operations were not material for Entergy Gulf States. Entergy New Orleans' products and services are discussed and the second 1. 1. 1. 1. V. below in "BUSINESS SEGMENTS."

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and the second sec 1.1.21 Refer to "SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON OF ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES, ENTERGY ARKANSAS, ENTERGY GULF STATES, ENTERGY LOUISIANA, ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, and SYSTEM ENERGY" which follow each company's financial statements in this report, for further information with respect to operating statistics. The first sector of the and the state of the second n in statistics of مهجعين المحاويتين कर्म भाषा the second of the second second

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Employees

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As of December 31, 1999, Entergy had 12,375 employees as follows: and the second 19 A. and the most of the state of the state of the Full-time: and the second state of the second states and . . . **Entergy Corporation** Entergy Arkansas State State 1,595 **Entergy Gulf States** 833 Entergy Louisiana 811 Entergy Mississippi and the second second . 362 Entergy New Orleans a farmer and the and a second strategy and a y letter e 🗧 t System Energy 3.249 **Entergy Operations** 499 B. C. C. C. 2.772 de Entergy Services F 2 1 14.1.1 1.102 1. A. B. Other subsidiaries 12,214 Total Full-time 161 Part-time 12,375 di. Total Entergy 52.4 1 en and a state of the أحجر والمحجر وا and a start of the start of the

Competition

As a result of the actions of federal legislative and regulatory bodies over the period of approximately the past twenty years, wholesale markets have developed in which electricity, gas, and other energy related products and services are purchased and sold at market-based (rather than traditional cost-based) rates. These wholesale markets are continuing to grow and evolve. This has resulted in changes in the ways in which public utilities conduct their business and in the nature of the participants in these wholesale markets, which now include not only public utilities but also power marketers and traders, other energy commodity marketers and traders, wholesale generators of electricity, and a wide range of wholesale customers.

Major changes in the retail utility business are now occurring in some parts of the United States, including states in which Entergy's domestic utility companies operate. Both Texas and Arkansas adopted legislation in 1999 aimed at separating ("unbundling") traditional integrated public utilities into distinct distribution, transmission, generation, and various types of retail marketing businesses and introducing competition into the generation component of utility service. Other jurisdictions in which the Entergy domestic utility businesses operate have yet to decide whether to embrace retail competition and utility unbundling, but each of these other jurisdictions is studying the matter.

It is anticipated that changes in the retail electricity markets in the Entergy system will take place over a number of years, and it is not necessarily the case that regulators or legislators in different jurisdictions will coordinate their changes. In some cases, actions by one jurisdiction may even come into conflict with actions by another, creating mutually incompatible obligations for public utilities and holding companies, including the Entergy system. It is too early to accurately predict all of the effects of the changes that are beginning to take place in the retail energy market. However, it is anticipated that these changes will result in fundamental alterations in the way traditional integrated utilities and holding company systems, like Entergy and its domestic utility companies, conduct their business. Some of these alterations will be positive for Entergy and its affiliates, while others will not be.

These changes will likely result in increased costs associated with utility unbundling and transitioning to new organizational structures and ways of conducting business. It is possible that the new organizational structures that will be required will result in lost economies of scale, less beneficial cost sharing arrangements within utility holding company systems, and, in some cases, greater difficulty and cost in accessing capital.

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Utilities, including the domestic utility companies, may be required or encouraged to sell generating plants or interests therein, or the output from such plants. They also may be required or encouraged to sell or turn over operating and management responsibility for some or all of their transmission systems to independent parties. In the case of the domestic utility companies, this would cause a fundamental shift away from the operation of their electric generation and transmission assets as an integrated system supporting utility service throughout their combined service territories.

As a result of restructuring, Entergy's domestic utility companies may no longer be able to apply regulated utility accounting principles to some or all of their operations, and they may be required to write off certain regulatory assets or recognize asset impairments.

There are a number of other changes that may result from retail competition and unbundling, including but not limited to changes in labor relations, management and staffing, environmental compliance responsibility, and other aspects of the utility business.

"MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AND KNOWN TRENDS" and Note 2 to the financial statements contain detailed discussions of competitive challenges Entergy faces in the utility industry, including the status of the transition to a more competitive utility business environment for the domestic utility companies.

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND FUTURE FINANCING

For the years 2000 through 2004, Entergy plans to spend \$9.8 billion in a capital investment plan focused on improving service at the domestic utility companies and growing its global power development and nuclear operations businesses. The estimated allocation in the plan is \$4.2 billion to the domestic utility companies, \$3.9 billion to the global power development business, and \$1.7 billion to the nuclear operations business. The capital investment plan is subject to modification based on the ongoing effects of transition to competition planning and the ability to recover the regulated utility costs in rates. Additionally, the plan is contingent upon Entergy's ability to access the capital necessary to finance the planned expenditures, and significant borrowings may be necessary for Entergy to implement these capital spending plans. Construction expenditures (including environmental expenditures and AFUDC, but excluding nuclear fuel) for Entergy are estimated at \$1.5 billion in 2000, \$1.7 billion in 2001, and \$1.8 billion in 2002. Included in these totals are estimated construction expenditures for the domestic utility companies and System . . **.** . Energy as follows:

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	and the second	2000	2001	2002	Total		•1
* - <i>I</i> 49			(In Mi	llions)	. • .	· · ·	1
	Entergy Arkansas	\$350	\$248	\$188	\$786	2°.	
	Entergy Gulf States	298			. 771	1.1	54 J.
		202	- 188	162	552	. : .	- 7
	Entergy Louisiana		122	123	360		
	Entergy Mississippi	-		45	141	<u>;</u> .	s (
	Entergy New Orleans System Energy			12			la c
	e e at las					ana si	
	and the second		·	in the state of		· e,	

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and the second states of the second The domestic utility companies' anticipated spending is focused mainly on (i) distribution and transmission projects that will support continued reliability improvements; (ii) return to service of generation stations that have been held in reserve shutdown status; and (iii) transitioning to a more competitive environment. Projected construction expenditures for the replacement of ANO 2's steam generators, which is scheduled for the third quarter of 2000, are included in Entergy Arkansas' estimated figures above. The replacement of ANO 2's steam generators is discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements. Entergy, in addition to meeting construction expenditure requirements, must meet scheduled long-term debt and preferred stock maturities and cash sinking fund requirements. Entergy's capital and financing requirements and available lines of credit are discussed in Notes 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 to the financial statements. Actual construction costs may vary from these estimates for a number of reasons, including changes in load growth estimates; environmental regulations; labor, equipment, materials, and capital costs; modifications to generating units to meet regulatory requirements; and the transition to competition.

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Entergy's global power development business is currently constructing two combined-cycle gas turbine merchant power plants in the UK. Saltend, a 1,200 MW plant, will provide steam and electricity to BP Chemicals' nearby complex with the remaining electricity to be sold into the UK national power pool. Approximately 75 MW of the capacity will be sold to BP Chemicals under a PPA with a term of 15 years. Originally scheduled for commercial operation in January 2000, Saltend's completion has been delayed due to construction problems at the site. The construction contractor has submitted a revised construction schedule after substantial analysis, and currently estimates a phased-in completion of the three-unit plant with the full plant in service by June 30, 2000. The total cost of this project is currently estimated to be approximately \$824 million. The second plant is an 800 MW facility known as Damhead Creek. It is expected to begin commercial operation in the fourth quarter of 2000. Management estimates the total cost of this project at approximately \$582 million. The financing of the construction of these two power plants is discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

In October 1999, Entergy's global power development business obtained an option to acquire twenty-four GE7FA advanced technology gas turbines, four steam turbines, and eight GE7EA advanced technology gas turbines. Delivery of the turbines is scheduled for 2001 through 2004. The total cost of the turbines, including long-term service agreements with GE Power Systems, is approximately \$2.0 billion. The turbines are expected to be used in

future generation projects. Management anticipates that the acquisition of these turbines will be funded by a combination of cash on hand, project financing, and other external financing. Payments scheduled for the acquisition of these turbines are \$273 million in 2000, \$415 million in 2001, and \$311 million in 2002.

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Entergy Corporation's primary capital requirements are to invest periodically in, or make loans to, its subsidiaries and to invest in new enterprises. Management discusses Entergy Corporation's current and future planned investments in its subsidiaries and the financial sources for such investments in "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES." The principal sources of funds for Entergy Corporation are dividend distributions from its subsidiaries, funds available under its bank credit facilities, funds received from its dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan, and funds received from and the second the sale of assets. prins en beer 4.13 and the second

Certain System Financial and Support Agreements

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Unit Power Sales Agreement (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New **Orleans, and System Energy**)

The Unit Power Sales Agreement allocates capacity, energy, and the related costs from System Energy's 90% ownership and leasehold interests in Grand Gulf 1 to Entergy Arkansas (36%). Entergy Louisiana (14%), Entergy Mississippi (33%), and Entergy New Orleans (17%). Each of these companies is obligated to make payments to System Energy for its entitlement of capacity and energy on a full cost-of-service basis regardless of the quantity of energy delivered, so long as Grand Gulf 1 remains in commercial operation. Payments under the Unit Power Sales Agreement are System Energy's only source of operating revenues The financial condition of System Energy depends upon the continued commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1 and the receipt of such payments. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans generally recover payments made under the Unit Power Sales Agreement through the rates charged to their customers. In the case of Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Louisiana, payments are also recovered through sales of electricity from their respective retained shares of Grand Gulf 1. The retained shares are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements under the heading "Grand Gulf 1 Deferrals and Retained Shares." Advances of the second second second second second second and and and the states of the

Availability Agreement (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy) n en la servición de la companya en especial. El face de la companya en la companya especial de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de l 2024

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The Availability Agreement among System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans was entered into in 1974 in connection with the financing by System Energy of Grand Gulf. The Availability Agreement provided that System Energy would join in the System Agreement on or before the date on which Grand Gulf 1 was placed in commercial operation and would make available to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans all capacity and energy available from System Energy's share of Grand Gulf. States in the states of the

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans also agreed severally to pay System Energy monthly for the right to receive capacity and energy from Grand Gulf in amounts that (when added to any amounts received by System Energy under the Unit Power Sales Agreement, or otherwise) would at least equal System Energy's total operating expenses for Grand Gulf (including depreciation at a specified rate) and interest charges. The September 1989 write-off of System Energy's investment in Grand Gulf 2, amounting to approximately \$900 million, is being amortized for Availability Agreement purposes over 27 years.

The allocation percentages under the Availability Agreement are fixed as follows: Entergy Arkansas -17.1%; Entergy Louisiana - 26.9%; Entergy Mississippi - 31.3%; and Entergy New Orleans - 24.7%. The allocation percentages under the Availability Agreement would remain in effect and would govern payments made under such agreement in the event of a shortfall of funds available to System Energy from other sources, including payments under the Unit Power Sales Agreement.

System Energy has assigned its rights to payments and advances from Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans under the Availability Agreement as security for its first mortgage bonds and reimbursement obligations to certain banks providing the letters of credit in connection with the equity funding of the sale and leaseback transactions described in Note 10 to the financial statements under "Sale and Leaseback Transactions - Grand Gulf 1 Lease Obligations." In these assignments, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans further agreed that, in the event they were prohibited by governmental action from making payments under the Availability Agreement (for example, if FERC reduced or disallowed such payments as constituting excessive rates), they would then make subordinated advances to System Energy in the same amounts and at the same times as the prohibited payments. System Energy would not be allowed to repay these subordinated advances so long as it remained in default under the related indebtedness or in other similar circumstances.

Each of the assignment agreements relating to the Availability Agreement provides that Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans will make payments directly to System Energy. However, if there is an event of default, those payments must be made directly to the holders of indebtedness that are the beneficiaries of such assignment agreements. The payments must be made pro rata according to the amount of the respective obligations secured.

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The obligations of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans to make payments under the Availability Agreement are subject to the receipt and continued effectiveness of all necessary regulatory approvals. Sales of capacity and energy under the Availability Agreement would require that the Availability Agreement be submitted to FERC for approval with respect to the terms of such sale. No such filing with FERC has been made because sales of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf are being made pursuant to the Unit Power Sales Agreement. If, for any reason, sales of capacity and energy are made in the future pursuant to the Availability Agreement, the jurisdictional portions of the Availability Agreement would be submitted to FERC for approval. Other aspects of the Availability Agreement are subject to the jurisdiction of the SEC, whose approval has been obtained, under PUHCA. 4 - 1958 - 14 1.32

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4 Since commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1 began, payments under the Unit Power Sales Agreement to System Energy have exceeded the amounts payable under the Availability Agreement. Therefore, no payments under the Availability Agreement have ever been required. If Entergy Arkansas or Entergy Mississippi fails to make its Unit Power Sales Agreement payments, and System Energy is unable to obtain funds from other sources, Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans could become subject to claims or demands by System Energy or its creditors for payments or advances under the Availability Agreement (or the assignments thereof) equal to the difference between their required Unit Power Sales Agreement payments and their required Availability Agreement payments.

The Availability Agreement may be terminated, amended, or modified by mutual agreement of the parties thereto, without further consent of any assignees or other creditors. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

Capital Funds Agreement (Entergy Corporation and System Energy)

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System Energy and Entergy Corporation have entered into the Capital Funds Agreement, whereby Entergy Corporation has agreed to supply System Energy with sufficient capital to (i) maintain System Energy's equity capital at an amount equal to a minimum of 35% of its total capitalization (excluding short-term debt) and (ii) permit the continued commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1 and pay in full all indebtedness for borrowed money of System 大学社 Energy when due.

Entergy Corporation has entered into various supplements to the Capital Funds Agreement. System Energy has assigned its rights under such supplements as security for its first mortgage bonds and for reimbursement obligations to certain banks providing letters of credit in connection with the equity funding of the sale and leaseback transactions described in Note 10 under "Sale and Leaseback Transactions - Grand Gulf 1 Lease Obligations." Each such supplement provides that permitted indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by System Energy in connection with the financing of Grand Gulf may be secured by System Energy's rights under the Capital Funds Agreement on a pro rata basis (except for the Specific Payments, as defined below). In addition, in the supplements to the Capital Funds Agreement relating to the specific indebtedness being secured, Entergy Corporation has agreed to make cash capital contributions directly to System Energy sufficient to enable System Energy to make payments when due on such indebtedness (Specific Payments). However, if there is an event of default, Entergy Corporation must make those payments directly to the holders of indebtedness benefiting from the supplemental agreements. The payments (other than the Specific Payments) must be made pro rata according to the amount of the respective obligations benefiting from the supplemental agreements.

The Capital Funds Agreement may be terminated, amended, or modified by mutual agreement of the parties thereto, upon obtaining the consent, if required, of those holders of System Energy's indebtedness then outstanding who have received the assignments of the Capital Funds Agreement. د منجر اود رود منابع

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RATE MATTERS AND REGULATION

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Rate Matters

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The retail rates of Entergy's domestic utility companies are regulated by state or local regulatory authorities, as described below. FERC regulates their wholesale rates (including intrasystem sales pursuant to the System Agreement) and interstate transmission of electricity, as well as rates for System Energy's sales of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf 1 to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans pursuant to the Unit Power Sales Agreement. and the method of the

Wholesale Rate Matters

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System Energy

As described above under "CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS AND FUTURE FINANCING - Certain System Financial and Support Agreements," System Energy recovers costs related to its interest in Grand Gulf 1 through rates charged to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans for capacity and energy under the Unit Power Sales Agreement. - All and the state of the second second

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In December 1995, System Energy implemented a \$65.5 million rate increase, subject to refund. In 1998, FERC approved requests by Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi to accelerate a portion of their Grand Gulf purchased power obligations. The rate increase request filed by System Energy with FERC and the Grand Gulf accelerated recovery tariffs are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

System Agreement (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

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The domestic utility companies have historically engaged in the coordinated planning, construction, and operation of generation and transmission facilities pursuant to the terms of the System Agreement, as described under "PROPERTY - Generating Stations," below. Restructuring in the electric utility industry will affect these coordinated activities in the future.

and the second In connection with the Merger in 1993, FERC approved certain rate schedule changes to integrate Entergy Gulf States into the System Agreement. In approving the Merger, FERC also initiated a new proceeding to consider whether the System Agreement permits certain out-of-service generating units to be included in reserve equalization calculations under Service Schedule MSS-1 of that agreement. The LPSC and the MPSC submitted testimony in this proceeding seeking retroactive refunds for Entergy Louisiana and Entergy Mississippi estimated at \$22.6 million and \$13.2 million plus related interest charges, respectively. In August 1997, the FERC decided that retroactive refunds should not be ordered and that the System Agreement should be amended to allow out-of-service units to be included in reserve equalization. Appeals made by the LPSC and the MPSC were denied in 1999.

In March 1995, the LPSC filed a complaint with FERC alleging that the System Agreement results in unjust and unreasonable rates. The LPSC requested that FERC modify the System Agreement to exclude curtailable load from the cost allocation determination and to permit Entergy's domestic utility companies that engage in real-time pricing at the retail level to be assessed only the marginal cost for energy sold among the domestic utility companies. In August 1996, FERC found that the LPSC's claim that the System Agreement is unjust and unreasonable was without merit and dismissed the LPSC's complaint. The FERC confirmed this finding in a September 1997 order denying the LPSC's request for rehearing. On appeal, the D.C. Circuit remanded the matter to FERC for further consideration, including the taking of evidence. A procedural schedule has not been set by FERC, and no assurance can be given as to the timing or outcome of this proceeding.

Open Access Transmission (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans)

In October 1994, Entergy's domestic utility companies filed revised transmission tariffs. In January 1995, FERC made the transmission tariffs effective, subject to refund, and ordered an investigation of Entergy Power's market pricing authority, thereby making Entergy Power's market price rate schedules subject to refund.

In 1996 FERC issued two orders designed to implement open access transmission for wholesale customers by allowing third party suppliers to transmit energy to customers over transmission facilities owned by other companies. Order No. 888 requires all public utilities regulated by FERC to provide wholesale transmission access to third parties and specifically addresses issues related to nondiscriminatory transmission and stranded costs. Order No. 889 addresses codes of conduct and requires the implementation and maintenance of an open access same-time information system by each public utility. Order Nos. 888 and 889 led to open access transmission and an increase in marketing and trading activities by utilities and power marketers, which intensified competition within the wholesale power market.

In July 1996, in order to comply with FERC Order No. 888, the domestic utility companies filed an open access transmission tariff which superseded the October 1994 tariffs. In January 1997, FERC accepted the non-rate terms and conditions of the July 1996 tariff, subject to limited modifications. In March 1997 FERC issued Order No. 888-A addressing rehearing requests from Order No. 888 and directing public utilities to file revised tariffs to reflect the new requirements established in Order No. 888-A. In July 1997, Entergy Services filed with the FERC its wholesale transmission access compliance tariff incorporating the non-rate terms and conditions of FERC Order No. 888-A.

In October 1998, FERC issued an order addressing the outstanding tariff rate and market power issues. The order stipulated that Entergy's open access transmission tariff mitigated any transmission market power and determined that no further action is needed in the investigation of Entergy Power's market pricing authority. The order also affirmed that transmission service should be priced at a rolled-in, system-wide rate rather than the bifurcated bulk and local transmission pricing proposed by Entergy. The FERC also rejected customers' requests to receive credits for customer-owned facilities, finding that the facilities were not integrated with and did not support Entergy's transmission system. Requests for rehearing or clarification of the October 1998 order are pending before FERC.

FERC policy strongly favors independent control over transmission operations as a means of enhancing competitive wholesale power markets. In response to this policy, Entergy proposed to FERC the formation of a regional transmission company (Transco). The proposed Transco would be:

o a separate legal entity regulated by FERC;

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• composed of the transmission system transferred to it by the domestic utility companies and other transmission owners in Entergy's region;

 operated and maintained by employees who would work exclusively for the Transco and would not be employed by Entergy or the domestic utility companies; and o passively owned by the domestic utility companies and other members who transfer assets, which will not control or otherwise direct its operation and management.

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In July 1999, FERC responded to Entergy's proposal. FERC concluded that passive ownership of a Transco by a generating company or other market participant could meet FERC's current independence and governance requirements, provided the Transco is structured to address certain issues and concerns raised by FERC. The issues and concerns identified by FERC relate to: en en en en en en en el este en e 15.1

the selection process for the Transco's board of directors; ο

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- enere entre the Transco board's fiduciary obligations to the member companies; o
- the ability of the Transco to raise additional capital; and ο
- restrictions on transactions between the Transco and the member companies. o

Management expects to make additional filings with federal, state, and local regulatory authorities addressing these and other issues and seeking necessary approvals for the formation of the Transco. If approved, the Transco would likely become operational in 2001. the contract of the second second second

In a rulemaking that will affect the Transco, FERC issued Order 2000 in December 1999. Order 2000 calls for owners and operators of transmission lines in the United States to join regional transmission organizations ("RTOs") on a voluntary basis. Order 2000 requires public utilities that own, operate, or control interstate transmission facilities to file by October 15, 2000 a proposal for how they intend to participate in an RTO or, alternatively, to describe the steps they have taken to do so or the reasons why it is not feasible to participate in an RTO. FERC's Order 2000 requires that RTOs be effective no later than December 15, 2001.

uter and FERC is maintaining flexibility as to the structure of RTOs. For example, it appears that RTOs may be forprofit or not-for-profit and may be organized as joint ventures or legal entities of various types. However, RTOs will be required, among other things, to be independent market participants, to have sufficient regional scope to maintain reliability and efficiency, to be non-discriminatory in granting service, and to maintain operational control over their regional transmission systems, in the second state to be the second state of the secon

The Transco, an independent, for-profit transmission company which has already been proposed to FERC by the domestic utility companies, is Entergy's preferred approach for complying with FERC's Order 2000. However, Entergy is also exploring other means for complying with Order 2000.

Retail Rate Matters

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General (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans)

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and the second state of th Certain costs related to Grand Gulf 1, Waterford 3, and River Bend were phased into retail rates over a period of years in order to avoid the "rate shock" associated with increasing rates to reflect all such costs at once. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and the portion of Entergy Gulf States regulated by the LPSC have fully recovered such deferred costs associated with one or more of the plants. Entergy New Orleans' phase-in plan expires in 2001.

The retail regulatory philosophy has shifted in some jurisdictions from traditional, exclusively cost-of-service regulation to include performance-based rate elements. Performance-based formula rate plans are designed to encourage efficiencies and productivity while permitting utilities and their customers to share in the benefits. Entergy Mississippi and Entergy Louisiana have implemented performance-based formula rate plans.

The domestic utility companies have initiated proceedings with state and local regulators regarding transition to a more competitive market for electricity. In addition, retail open access laws have been enacted in Arkansas and Texas. These matters are discussed more thoroughly in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Entergy Arkansas

Retail Rate Proceedings

Entergy Arkansas' material retail rate proceedings that were resolved during the past year, are currently pending, or affect current year results are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements. 1 d 1

Recovery of Grand Gulf 1 Costs

Under the settlement agreement entered into with the APSC in 1985 and amended in 1988, Entergy Arkansas retains 22% of its share of Grand Gulf 1 costs and recovers the remaining 78% of its share through rates. Under the Unit Power Sales Agreement, Entergy Arkansas' share of Grand Gulf 1 costs is 36%. In the event Entergy Arkansas is not able to sell its retained share to third parties, it may sell such energy to its retail customers at a price equal to its avoided energy cost, which is currently less than Entergy Arkansas' cost of energy from the retained share. Second and the

Fuel Recovery

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Entergy Arkansas' rate schedules include an energy cost recovery rider to recover fuel and purchased energy costs. The rider utilizes projected energy costs for the twelve month period commencing on April 1 of each year to develop an energy cost rate, which is redetermined annually and includes a true-up adjustment reflecting the overrecovery or under-recovery of the energy cost for the prior calendar year. Section 200 Bars

Rate Freeze nav mar apparent som har an for and other and and

In December 1997, the APSC approved a settlement agreement resolving Entergy Arkansas" transition to competition case. One provision in that settlement was that base rates would remain at the level resulting from that case until July 1, 2001. The terms of the settlement agreement are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements. 1 - 14 - F . $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{C}$ 1.1.1 213 P - 223 and the second second

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Entergy Gulf States 17 17<u>77 85</u>7 4600

Retail Rate Proceedings

Entergy Gulf States' material retail rate proceedings that were resolved during the past year, are currently pending, or affect current year results are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements. In addition, the 1999 agreement that settled Entergy Gulf States' 1996 and 1998 rate proceedings, which is currently under appeal, and 1. 1. 1. various other matters is discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Texas Jurisdiction - River Bend

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In March 1998, the PUCT issued an order disallowing recovery of \$1.4 billion of company-wide abeyed River Bend plant costs which have been held in abeyance since 1988. Entergy Gulf States has appealed the PUCT's decision on this matter to a Texas District Court. The settlement agreement mentioned above addresses the treatment of abeyed plant costs, and, as a result, Entergy Gulf States removed the reserve for these costs and reduced the plant asset in 1999. Based on advice of counsel, management believes that it is probable that the matter will be remanded again to the PUCT for a further ruling on the prudence of the abeyed plant costs and it is reasonably possible that some portion of these costs will be included in rate base. The abeyed plant costs are discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Fuel Recovery

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Entergy Gulf States' Texas rate schedules include a fixed fuel factor to recover fuel and purchased power costs not recovered in base rates. The settlement agreement mentioned above established a methodology for semiannual revisions of the fixed fuel factor in March and September based on the market price of natural gas. This agreement is effective through December 2001 or until otherwise ordered by the PUCT. To the extent actual costs vary from the fixed fuel factor, refunds or surcharges are required or permitted. Fuel costs are also subject to reconciliation proceedings at least every three years.

Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana electric rate schedules include a fuel adjustment clause designed to recover the cost of fuel and purchased power costs in the second prior month, adjusted by a surcharge or credit for deferred fuel expense arising from the monthly reconciliation of actual fuel costs incurred with fuel revenues billed to customers. The LPSC and the PUCT fuel cost reviews that were resolved during the past year or are currently pending are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana gas rates include a purchased gas adjustment based on estimated gas costs for the billing month adjusted by a surcharge or credit for deferred fuel expense arising from the monthly reconciliation of actual fuel costs incurred with fuel cost revenues billed to customers.

Entergy Louisiana

Retail Rate Proceedings

Entergy Louisiana's material retail rate proceedings that were resolved during the past year, are currently pending, or affect current year results are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Recovery of Grand Gulf 1 Costs

In a series of LPSC orders, court decisions, and agreements from late 1985 to mid-1988, Entergy Louisiana was granted rate relief with respect to costs associated with Entergy Louisiana's share of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf 1, subject to certain terms and conditions. In November 1988, Entergy Louisiana agreed to retain, and not recover from retail ratepayers, 18% of its 14% share of the costs of Grand Gulf 1's capacity and energy. Non-fuel operation and maintenance costs for Grand Gulf 1 are recovered through Entergy Louisiana's base rates. Additionally, Entergy Louisiana is allowed to recover, through the fuel adjustment clause, 4.6 cents per KWH for the energy related to its retained portion of these costs. Alternatively, Entergy Louisiana may sell such energy to nonaffiliated parties at prices above the fuel adjustment clause recovery amount, subject to the LPSC's approval.

Performance-Based Formula Rate Plan

Entergy Louisiana's performance-based formula rate plan filings are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

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Fuel Recovery

Entergy Louisiana's rate schedules include a fuel adjustment clause designed to recover the cost of fuel in the second prior month, adjusted by a surcharge or credit for deferred fuel expense arising from the monthly reconciliation of actual fuel costs incurred with fuel cost revenues billed to customers. In May 1999, the LPSC issued an order requiring Entergy Louisiana to realign approximately \$15.9 million of certain fuel costs from the fuel adjustment clause to base rates.

Entergy Mississippi

Retail Rate Proceedings

Entergy Mississippi's material retail rate proceedings that were resolved during the past year, are currently pending, or affect current year results are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Performance-Based Formula Rate Plan

Under its performance-based formula rate plan, Entergy Mississippi's earned rate of return is calculated automatically every 12 months and compared to and adjusted against a benchmark rate of return. The benchmark is calculated under a separate formula within the formula rate plan. The formula rate plan allows for periodic small adjustments in rates based on a comparison of actual earned returns to benchmark returns and upon certain performance factors. The formula rate plan filing for the 1998 test year is discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements. The formula rate plan filing for the 1999 test year will be submitted in March 2000.

Fuel Recovery

 The second s Second se Second sec second sec Entergy Mississippi's rate schedules include an energy cost recovery rider to recover fuel and purchased energy costs. The rider utilizes projected energy costs for the coming calendar year to develop an energy cost rate, which is redetermined annually and includes a true-up adjustment reflecting the over-recovery or under-recovery of the energy cost as of September 30 immediately preceding the annual redetermination.

Entergy New Orleans

Retail Rate Proceedings Entergy New Orleans' material retail rate proceedings that were resolved during the past year, are currently pending, or affect current year results are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Recovery of Grand Gulf 1 Costs

199 Auto Under Entergy New Orleans' various rate settlements with the Council in 1986, 1988, and 1991, Entergy New Orleans agreed to absorb and not recover from ratepayers a total of \$96.2 million of its Grand Gulf 1 costs. Entergy New Orleans was permitted to implement annual rate increases in decreasing amounts each year through 1995, and to defer certain costs and related carrying charges for recovery on a schedule extending from 1991 through 2001. As of December 31, 1999, the uncollected balance of Entergy New Orleans' deferred costs was \$35.7 million.

Fuel Recovery

Entergy New Orleans' electric rate schedules include a fuel adjustment clause designed to recover the cost of fuel in the second prior month, adjusted by a surcharge or credit for deferred fuel expense arising from the monthly reconciliation of actual fuel costs incurred with fuel cost revenues billed to customers. The adjustment also includes the difference between non-fuel Grand Gulf 1 costs paid by Entergy New Orleans and the estimate of such costs, which are included in base rates, as provided in Entergy New Orleans' Grand Gulf 1 rate settlements. Entergy New Orleans' gas rate schedules include an adjustment to reflect estimated gas costs for the billing month, adjusted by a surcharge or credit similar to that included in the electric fuel adjustment clause.

Regulation

Federal Regulation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

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PUHCA

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Entergy Corporation and its various direct and indirect subsidiaries (with the exception of its EWG and FUCO subsidiaries) are subject to the broad regulatory provisions of PUHCA. Except with respect to investments in certain domestic power projects and foreign utility company projects, the principal regulatory provisions of PUHCA:

- limit the operations of a registered holding company system to a single, integrated public utility system, plus certain ancillary and related systems and businesses;
- o regulate certain transactions among affiliates within a holding company system;

• govern the issuance, acquisition and disposition of securities and assets by registered holding companies and their subsidiaries;

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- limit the entry by registered holding companies and their subsidiaries into businesses other than electric and/or gas utility businesses; and
- require SEC approval for certain utility mergers and acquisitions.

Entergy Corporation and other electric utility holding companies have supported legislation in the United States Congress to repeal PUHCA and transfer certain aspects of the oversight of public utility holding companies from the SEC to FERC. Entergy believes that PUHCA inhibits its ability to compete in the evolving electric energy marketplace and largely duplicates the oversight activities otherwise performed by FERC and other federal regulators and by state and local regulators. In June 1995, the SEC adopted a report proposing options for the repeal or significant modification of PUHCA.

Federal Power Act

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The domestic utility companies, System Energy, Entergy Power, and EPMC are subject to the Federal Power Act as administered by FERC and the DOE. The Federal Power Act provides for regulatory jurisdiction over the transmission and wholesale sale of electric energy in interstate commerce, licensing of certain hydroelectric projects and certain other activities, including accounting policies and practices. Such regulation includes jurisdiction over the rates charged by System Energy for Grand Gulf 1 capacity and energy provided to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans.

Entergy Arkansas holds a FERC license for two hydroelectric projects (70 MW), which was renewed on July 2, 1980 and expires in February 2003. In February 1998, Entergy Arkansas filed notice of its intent to relicense these hydroelectric projects.

Regulation of the Nuclear Power Industry (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy)

Regulation of Nuclear Power

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Under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 and the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, the operation of nuclear plants is heavily regulated by the NRC, which has broad power to impose licensing and safety-related requirements. In the event of non-compliance, the NRC has the authority to impose fines or shut down a unit, or both, depending upon its assessment of the severity of the situation, until compliance is achieved. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy, as owners of all or portions of ANO, River Bend, Waterford 3, and Grand Gulf 1, respectively, and Entergy Operations, as the licensee and operator of these units, are subject to the jurisdiction of the NRC. Additionally, Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business is subject to the NRC's jurisdiction as the owner and operator of Pilgrim. Revised safety requirements promulgated by the NRC have, in the past, necessitated substantial capital expenditures at these nuclear plants, and additional expenditures could be required in the future.

The nuclear power industry faces uncertainties with respect to the cost and long-term availability of sites for disposal of spent nuclear fuel and other radioactive waste, nuclear plant operations, the technological and financial aspects of decommissioning plants at the end of their licensed lives, and requirements relating to nuclear insurance. These matters are briefly discussed below.

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Regulation of Spent Fuel and Other High-Level Radioactive Waste

Under the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, the DOE is required, for a specified fee, to construct storage facilities for, and to dispose of, all spent nuclear fuel and other high-level radioactive waste generated by domestic nuclear power reactors. However, the DOE has not yet identified a permanent storage repository and, as a result, future expenditures may be required to increase spent fuel storage capacity at Entergy's nuclear plant sites. Information concerning spent fuel disposal contracts with the DOE, current on-site storage capacity, and costs of providing additional on-site storage is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements. 1.2

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Service and commission of 10.35 Regulation of Low-Level Radioactive Waste

The availability and cost of disposal facilities for low-level radioactive waste resulting from normal nuclear plant operations are subject to a number of uncertainties. Under the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act of 1980, as amended, each state is responsible for disposal of waste originating in that state, but states may participate in regional compacts to fulfill their responsibilities jointly. The States of Arkansas and Louisiana participate in the Central Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact (Central States Compact), and the State of Mississippi participates in the Southeast Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact (Southeast Compact). Both the Central States Compact and the Southeast Compact have experienced significant delays in the development of waste storage facilities. Massachusetts, where Pilgrim is located, does not participate in any regional compact and has been slow to fulfill its responsibility. Two disposal sites are currently operating in the United States, but only one site, the Barnwell Disposal Facility (Barnwell) located in South Carolina, is open to out-of-region generators. The availability of Barnwell provides only a temporary solution for Entergy's low-level radioactive waste storage, and does not alleviate the need to develop new disposal capacity. 和國政部的 化动动物 动物的

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The Southeast Compact process is currently on hold pending resolution of future funding. In December 1998, the host state for the Central States Compact, Nebraska, denied the license application. In December 1998, Entergy and two other utilities in the Central States Compact filed a lawsuit against the state of Nebraska seeking damages resulting from delays and a faulty license review process. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Gulf States, along with other waste generators, fund the development costs for new disposal facilities relating to the Central States Compact. Development costs to be incurred in the future are difficult to predict. The current schedules for the site development in both the Central States Compact and the Southeast Compact are undetermined at this time. Until long-term disposal facilities are established, Entergy will seek continued access to existing facilities. If such access is unavailable, Entergy will store low-level waste at its nuclear plant sites.

Regulation of Nuclear Plant Decommissioning the Section advectory operation of the section of the

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy are recovering through electric rates the estimated decommissioning costs for ANO, River Bend, Waterford 3, and Grand Gulf 1, respectively. These amounts are deposited in trust funds which, together with the related earnings, can only be used for future decommissioning costs. Estimated decommissioning costs are periodically reviewed and updated to reflect inflation and changes in regulatory requirements and technology. Applications are periodically made to appropriate regulatory authorities to reflect, in rates, the changes in projected decommissioning costs. In conjunction with the Pilgrim acquisition, Entergy received Pilgrim's decommissioning trust fund. Based on cost estimates provided by an outside consultant, Entergy believes that Pilgrim's decommissioning fund will be adequate to cover future decommissioning costs for the plant without any additional deposits to the trust. Additional information with respect to decommissioning costs for ANO, River Bend, Waterford 3, Grand Gulf 1, and Pilgrim is found in Note 9 to the 1.1 financial statements.

The EPAct requires all electric utilities (including Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy) that purchased uranium enrichment services from the DOE to contribute up to a total of \$150 million annually over approximately 15 years (adjusted for inflation, up to a total of \$2.25 billion) for decontamination and decommissioning of enrichment facilities. In accordance with the EPAct, contributions to decontamination and decommissioning funds are recovered through rates in the same manner as other fuel costs. The estimated annual contributions by Entergy for decontamination and decommissioning fees are discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Nuclear Insurance

The Price-Anderson Act limits public liability for a single nuclear incident to approximately \$9.5 billion. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, System Energy, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business have protection with respect to this liability through a combination of private insurance and an industry assessment program, as well as insurance for property damage, costs of replacement power, and other risks relating to nuclear generating units. Insurance applicable to the nuclear programs of Entergy is discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Nuclear Operations

energen in the first first second second General (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy)

Entergy Operations operates ANO, River Bend, Waterford 3, and Grand Gulf 1, subject to the owner oversight of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy, respectively. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy pay directly or reimburse Entergy Operations at cost for its operation of the nuclear units. Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business is the operator of Pilgrim.

ANO Matters (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

The replacement of steam generators at ANO 2 is discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

In February 2000, Entergy Arkansas applied to the NRC for an extension of ANO 1's operating license. The current license expires in 2014, and, if granted, the extension would provide the authority to continue operating the plant until 2034. Management expects the NRC consideration process to take two years.

State Regulation (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and **Entergy New Orleans**)

General

Entergy Arkansas is subject to regulation by the APSC, which includes the authority to:

- oversee utility service; 0
- set rates: o
- set rates; determine reasonable and adequate service; o

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- require proper accounting; 0
- control leasing; ο
- control the acquisition or sale of any public utility plant or property constituting an operating unit or o system;

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- set rates of depreciation; 0
- issue certificates of convenience and necessity and certificates of environmental compatibility and public 0 need: and
- regulate the issuance and sale of certain securities. ο

Entergy Gulf States is subject to the jurisdiction of the municipal authorities of a number of incorporated cities in Texas as to retail rates and service within their boundaries, with appellate jurisdiction over such matters residing in the PUCT. Entergy Gulf States' Texas business is also subject to regulation by the PUCT as to:

retail rates and service in rural areas;

- certification of new generating plants; and **n**
- o extensions of service into new areas.

Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana electric and gas business and Entergy Louisiana are subject to regulation by the LPSC as to:

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- o utility service;
- o rates and charges;
- o certification of generating facilities;
- o power or capacity purchase contracts; and
- o depreciation, accounting, and other matters.

and a second A second secon Entergy Louisiana is also subject to the jurisdiction of the Council with respect to such matters within and the second Algiers in Orleans Parish.

Entergy Mississippi is subject to regulation by the MPSC as to the following:

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 retail rates	- 김승규는 이 왕 나서 사람이 너 귀엽에서 걸렸다. 이 나는 것이 많은 것이 문제했던 것이 가지?	•••
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Entergy Mississippi is also subject to regulation by the APSC as to the certificate of environmental compatibility and public need for the Independence Station, which is located in Arkansas.

Entergy New Orleans is subject to regulation by the Council as to the following:

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- o rates and charges:
- o standards of service:
- depreciation, accounting, and issuance of certain securities; and 0
- or other matters and the second s
- $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i$ Para Maria Maria

Franchises

an an an ann an Anna an المدينية المجريق Entergy Arkansas holds exclusive franchises to provide electric service in approximately 303 incorporated cities and towns in Arkansas. These franchises are unlimited in duration and continue unless the municipalities purchase the utility property. In Arkansas, franchises are considered to be contracts and, therefore, are terminable upon breach of the terms of the franchise. and the second second

Entergy Gulf States holds non-exclusive franchises, permits, or certificates of convenience and necessity to provide electric and gas service in approximately 55 incorporated municipalities in Louisiana and approximately 63 incorporated municipalities in Texas. Entergy Gulf States typically is granted 50-year franchises in Texas and 60year franchises in Louisiana. Entergy Gulf States' current electric franchises will expire during 2007 - 2036 in Texas and during 2015 - 2046 in Louisiana. The natural gas franchise in the City of Baton Rouge will expire in 2015. In addition, Entergy Gulf States holds a certificate of convenience and necessity from the PUCT to provide electric service to areas within 21 counties in eastern Texas.

Entergy Louisiana holds non-exclusive franchises to provide electric service in approximately 116 incorporated Louisiana municipalities. Most of these franchises have 25-year terms, although six of these municipalities have granted 60-year franchises. Entergy Louisiana also supplies electric service in approximately 353 unincorporated communities, all of which are located in Louisiana parishes in which it holds non-exclusive franchises.

Entergy Mississippi has received from the MPSC certificates of public convenience and necessity to provide electric service to areas within 45 counties, including a number of municipalities, in western Mississippi. Under Mississippi statutory law, such certificates are exclusive. Entergy Mississippi may continue to serve in such municipalities upon payment of a statutory franchise fee, regardless of whether an original municipal franchise is still in existence.

Entergy New Orleans provides electric and gas service in the City of New Orleans pursuant to city ordinances (except for in Algiers, which is served by Entergy Louisiana). These ordinances contain a continuing option for the City of New Orleans to purchase Entergy New Orleans' electric and gas utility properties.

The business of System Energy is limited to wholesale power sales. It has no distribution franchises. Environmental Regulation

General

Entergy's facilities and operations are subject to regulation by various domestic and foreign governmental authorities having jurisdiction over air quality, water quality, control of toxic substances and hazardous and solid wastes, and other environmental matters. Management believes that its affected subsidiaries are in substantial compliance with environmental regulations currently applicable to their facilities and operations. Because environmental regulations are subject to change, future compliance costs cannot be precisely estimated. However, management estimates that future capital expenditures for environmental compliance will not be material for Entergy or any of its reporting subsidiaries.

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Clean Air Legislation

The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (the Act) established the following three programs that currently or in the future may affect Entergy's fossil-fueled generation:

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- o an acid rain program for control of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and nitrogen oxides (NOx);
- o an ozone nonattainment area program for control of NOx and volatile organic compounds; and
- o an operating permits program for administration and enforcement of these and other Act programs.

Under the acid rain program, Entergy's subsidiaries do not anticipate that they will require additional equipment to control SO_2 The Act provides allowances to most of the affected Entergy generating units for emissions based upon past emission levels and operating characteristics. Each allowance is an entitlement to emit one ton of SO_2 per year. Under the Act, utilities are or will be required to possess allowances for SO_2 emissions from affected generating units. All Entergy fossil-fueled generating units are classified as "Phase II" units under the Act and are subject to SO_2 allowance requirements beginning in the year 2000. Management believes that it will be able to operate the domestic utility companies' generating units efficiently without installing scrubbers or experiencing other significant expenditures.

Additional control equipment was recently installed at certain Entergy Gulf States generating units to achieve NOx reductions due to the ozone nonattainment status of areas served in and around Beaumont and Houston, Texas. Texas environmental authorities imposed NOx controls on power plants that had to be in place by November 1999. Entergy Gulf States believes the cost of additional control equipment necessary to maintain this compliance is immaterial. In December 1999, Texas authorities proposed future control strategies for public comment. Depending on the final strategies adopted, additional costs will likely be incurred between 2000 and 2007. Entergy Gulf States will be refined during 2000 based on the final adopted strategies approved by the EPA.

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As part of legislation passed in Texas in June 1999 to restructure the electric power industry in the state, certain generating units of Entergy Gulf States will be required to obtain operating permits and meet new, lower emission limits for NOx. It is expected that Entergy Gulf States will incur costs of approximately \$6 million between 2000 and 2003 to meet these new standards. These costs may or may not be recoverable in the restructured electric and the second utility environment.

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Other Environmental Matters

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The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), authorizes the EPA and, indirectly, the states, to mandate cleanup, or reimbursement of clean-up costs, by parties that generate or transport hazardous substances released from or at a site. Owners and operators of such sites also are deemed liable by CERCLA. CERCLA has been interpreted to impose joint and several liability on responsible parties. The domestic utility companies have sent waste materials to various disposal sites over the vears. In addition, environmental laws now regulate certain of the domestic utility companies' operating procedures and maintenance practices which historically were not subject to regulation. Some of Entergy's disposal sites have been the subject of governmental action under CERCLA, resulting in site clean-up activities. The domestic utility companies have participated to various degrees in accordance with their respective potential liabilities in such site cleanups and have developed experience with clean-up costs. The affected domestic utility companies have established reserves for such environmental clean-up and restoration activities.

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Entergy Arkansas and a stread of a second and the action of the second second

Entergy Arkansas has received notices from the EPA and the Arkansas Department of Environmental Ouality (ADEO) alleging that Entergy Arkansas, along with others, may be a PRP for clean-up costs associated with various sites in Arkansas. Contaminants at the sites include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), lead, and other 1.18 hazardous substances. . . . i

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Entergy Arkansas identified PCB contamination at the Little Rock Radio Tower site (formerly Pulaski Heights Substation) during the fall of 1998. Entergy Arkansas performed extensive sampling to determine the extent of contamination and received approval from the EPA on its work plan for remediation. Cleanup of the site was completed in November 1999 at a cost of approximately \$320,000. Entergy Arkansas does not believe that any further liability, if any, with respect to this site will be material.

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Entergy Arkansas entered into a Consent Administrative Order with the ADEQ in 1991 that named Entergy Arkansas as a PRP for the initial stabilization associated with contamination at the Utilities Services, Inc. state Superfund site located near Rison, Arkansas. This site is neither owned nor operated by any Entergy-affiliated company. This site was found to have soil contaminated by PCBs and pentachlorophenol (a wood preservative). Containers and drums that contained PCBs and other hazardous substances were found at the site. Entergy Arkansas worked with the ADEQ to identify and notify other PRPs with respect to this site. Approximately twenty PRPs have been identified to date. In December 1999, Entergy Arkansas, along with several other PRPs, met with ADEQ representatives to discuss the cleanup of the site. The PRPs are being encouraged to undertake a voluntary cleanup and have begun discussions regarding the sharing of costs. Entergy Arkansas' share of total remediation costs at this site is estimated at \$2.7 million. As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Arkansas had incurred approximately \$400,000 of these costs.

Entergy Gulf States

Entergy Gulf States has been designated by the EPA as a PRP for the cleanup of certain hazardous waste disposal sites. Entergy Gulf States is negotiating with the EPA and state authorities regarding the cleanup of these sites. Several class action and other suits have been filed in state and federal courts seeking relief from Entergy Gulf States and others for damages caused by the disposal of hazardous waste and for asbestos-related disease allegedly resulting from exposure on Entergy Gulf States' premises (see "Other Regulation and Litigation" below).

In August 1999, Entergy Gulf States received notice from the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC) that it is considered to be a PRP for the Spector Salvage Yard in Orange, Texas. The Spector Salvage site operated from approximately 1944 until ceasing operations in 1971. In addition to general salvage, the facility functioned as a repository for military surplus equipment and supplies purchased from military, industrial, and chemical facilities. Soil samples from the site indicate the release of heavy metals and various organics, including PCBs. The TNRCC requested of all PRPs a submission of a good faith offer to fully fund or conduct a remedial investigation. Entergy Gulf States is still developing its submission and has yet to determine the extent of its participation as a PRP. Based on the size of the site, future expenditures for investigation and clean-up are estimated at \$400,000.

Entergy Gulf States is currently involved in a remedial investigation of the Lake Charles Service Center site, located in Lake Charles, Louisiana. A manufactured gas plant (MGP) is believed to have operated at this site from approximately 1916 to 1931. Coal tar, a by-product of the distillation process employed at MGPs, was apparently routed to a portion of the property for disposal. The same area has also been used as a landfill. In 1999, Entergy Gulf States signed a second Administrative Consent Order with the EPA to perform removal action at the site. Entergy Gulf States believes that its ultimate responsibility for this site will not materially exceed its existing clean-up provision of \$19 million.

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Entergy Gulf States is currently involved in the second phase of an investigation of contamination of an MGP site, known as the Old Jennings Ice Plant, located in Jennings, Louisiana. The MGP is believed to have operated from approximately 1909 to 1926. The site is currently used for an electrical substation and storage of transmission and distribution equipment. In July 1996, a petroleum-like substance was discovered on the surface soil, and notification was made to the LDEQ. The LDEQ was aware of this site based upon a survey performed by an environmental consultant for the EPA. Entergy Gulf States obtained the services of an environmental consultant to collect core samples and to perform a search of historical records to determine what activities occurred at Jennings. Results of the core sampling, which found limited amounts of contamination on-site, were submitted to the LDEQ. A plan to determine a cost-effective remediation strategy will be developed upon completion of a review of the sampling report by the LDEQ. Entergy does not expect that its ultimate financial responsibility with respect to this site will be material. The amount of its existing provision for cleanup is \$500,000.

In 1994, Entergy Gulf States performed a site assessment in conjunction with a construction project at the Louisiana Station Generating Plant (Louisiana Station). In 1995, a further assessment confirmed subsurface soil and groundwater impact to three areas on the plant site. After further evaluation, a notification was made to the LDEQ. Remediation of Louisiana Station is expected to continue through 2001. The remediation cost incurred through December 31, 1999 for this site was \$5.6 million. Future costs are not expected to exceed the existing provision of \$1.9 million.

Entergy New Orleans

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Entergy New Orleans has completed the stabilization and abatement of asbestos containing material at the A. B. Paterson Generating Plant located in New Orleans, Louisiana. Entergy notified the LDEQ of its intent to repair and remove insulation and machinery gaskets. On-site abatement of gaskets and insulating material was completed during the third quarter of 1999. The cost incurred through December 31, 1999 was approximately \$1.9 million. Future costs are not expected to be material.

Entergy New Orleans is planning a new substation on a parcel of land located adjacent to an existing substation which is in close proximity to the Market Street power plant. During pre-construction activities in January 2000, significant levels of lead were discovered in both soil and groundwater at this site. Entergy New Orleans has notified the LDEQ of the contamination. In addition to soil removal and disposal, installation of groundwater monitoring wells and a long-term monitoring program may be required. Entergy New Orleans believes remediation costs will not exceed \$2 million.

Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans have received notices from the EPA and/or the states of Louisiana and Mississippi that one or more of them may be a PRP for the following disposal sites, which are neither owned nor operated by any Entergy subsidiary: and the second of

a para sera na Tar Bar ya o In October 1997, the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) ordered Entergy Louisiana to implement a remedial action work plan prepared by a PRP committee for Disposal Systems, Inc. sites at Fifth Street (Clay Point) and Lee Street in Biloxi, Mississippi, and at Woolmarket, Mississippi. The MDEQ issued a similar order on the same date to Entergy Louisiana's contractor, Ebasco Services, Inc. (Ebasco), which Entergy Louisiana has agreed to defend and indemnify. A settlement was negotiated for Entergy Louisiana, including Ebasco, for \$289,000. This settlement relieved Entergy Louisiana of future liabilities associated with these sites.

en la regiona de la companya de la c the station substation From 1992 to 1994, Entergy Louisiana performed a site assessment and remedial activities at a retired power plant known as the Thibodaux municipal site, previously owned and operated by a Louisiana municipality. Entergy Louisiana purchased the power plant at this site as part of the acquisition of municipal electric systems. The site assessment indicated some subsurface contamination from fuel oil. Remediation of the Thibodaux site is expected to continue through 2001. The cost incurred through December 31, 1999 for the Thibodaux site was \$502,000. Future costs are not expected to exceed the existing provision of \$318,000. Sec. 1.

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During 1993, the LDEQ issued new rules for solid waste regulation, including regulation of wastewater impoundments. Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans have determined that certain of their power plant wastewater impoundments were affected by these regulations and have chosen to upgrade or close them. As a result, a remaining recorded liability in the amount of \$5.9 million for Entergy Louisiana and \$0.5 million for Entergy New Orleans existed at December 31, 1999 for wastewater upgrades and closures. Completion of this work is pending

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Other Regulation and Litigation

the second s Merger (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

Constraint of the second seco second sec Several parties, including Entergy Services, appealed FERC's approval of the Merger to the D.C. Circuit. Entergy Services sought review of FERC's deletion of a 40% cap on the amount of fuel savings Entergy Gulf States may be required to transfer to other domestic utility companies under a tracking mechanism designed to protect the other companies from certain unexpected increases in fuel costs. The other parties sought to overturn FERC's decisions on various grounds, including issues as to whether FERC appropriately conditioned the Merger to protect various interested parties from alleged harm and FERC's reliance on Entergy's transmission tariff to mitigate any potential anticompetitive impacts of the Merger. The D.C. Circuit has ordered that the cases be held in abeyance pending FERC's issuance of a final order on remand in the proceedings on Entergy's transmission tariff (see discussion of tariff case in "RATE MATTERS AND REGULATION - Rate Matters - Wholesale Rate Matters - Open Access Transmission" above). produce a second of the second second

THE END OF MELTING AND A CONTRACT OF A STREET OF A STR Employment Litigation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans) The second states of and the second

and the state at the Entergy Corporation and the domestic utility companies are defendants in numerous lawsuits that have been filed by former employees alleging that they were wrongfully terminated and/or discriminated against on the basis of age, race, and/or sex. Entergy Corporation and the domestic utility companies are vigorously defending these suits and deny any liability to the plaintiffs. However, no assurance can be given as to the outcome of these cases.

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Asbestos and Hazardous Waste Suits (Entergy Gulf States)

Several lawsuits have been filed on behalf of plaintiffs in state and federal courts in Texas and Louisiana that seek relief from Entergy Gulf States as well as numerous other defendants for damages caused to the plaintiffs or others by the alleged exposure to hazardous waste and asbestos on the defendants' premises. The plaintiffs in some suits are also suing Entergy Gulf States and all other defendants on a conspiracy claim. It will not be known until discovery is complete how many of the plaintiffs in any of the foregoing cases actually worked on Entergy Gulf States' premises. Entergy Gulf States believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not be material, in the aggregate, to its financial position or results of operations.

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Union Pacific Railroad (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

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In October 1997, Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Services filed a civil suit against Union Pacific Railroad Company (Union Pacific) in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Louisiana. This suit seeks damages and the termination of coal shipping contracts with Union Pacific because of Union Pacific's failure to meet its contractual obligations to ship coal to Entergy Arkansas' two coal-fired plants. The lawsuit also alleges that such failure has impaired Entergy Arkansas' ability to generate and sell electricity from these plants. The case has been transferred to the United States District Court for the District of Nebraska." In January 1999, on cross motions for summary judgment, the court ruled that Union Pacific has breached obligations under the contracts. Under the court's ruling, if the breaches of the contracts by Union Pacific are proven at trial to be material, rescission of the contracts is available to Entergy as a remedy, in addition to the monetary damages to be awarded.

Aquila Power Corporation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans) ting the second 25.0

In March 1998, Aquila Power Corporation ("Aquila") filed a complaint with FERC against Entergy Services, as agent for the domestic utility companies, alleging that the domestic utility companies improperly reserved transmission capacity on Entergy's transmission system, resulting in the denial of Aquila's request for transmission service. Aquila's complaint seeks compensation for lost profits, an order prohibiting Entergy and/or its affiliates from engaging in similar conduct, and suspension of the domestic utility companies' and EPMC's marketrate authority. In May 1998, Entergy filed its response denying the Aquila allegations. Subsequently, Aquila amended and restated its complaint, alleging additional instances of improper activities by Entergy. In addition to its requests in its original complaint, Aquila's amended complaint seeks a finding by FERC that Entergy is in violation of FERC Orders No. 888 and 889, and an order that Entergy should be required to join or agree to the formation of an independent system operator. Entergy filed its response to the amended and restated complaint in July 1998, denying the alleged improper conduct, and also moved to dismiss Aquila's complaint in September 1998. Aquila has responded, and no hearing date has been set by FERC. et

Ratepayer Lawsuits (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans)

In May 1998, a group of ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy Corporation, Entergy Power, and Entergy Louisiana in state court in Orleans Parish purportedly on behalf of all Entergy Louisiana ratepayers. The plaintiffs seek treble damages for alleged injuries arising from the defendants' alleged violations of Louisiana's antitrust laws in connection with the costs included in fuel filings with the LPSC and passed through to ratepayers. Among other things, plaintiffs allege that Entergy Louisiana improperly introduced certain costs into the calculation of the fuel charges, including imprudently purchased high-cost electricity from its affiliates and imprudently purchased high-cost gas. Plaintiffs allege that these practices violated Louisiana's antitrust laws. In addition, plaintiffs seek to recover interest and attorney fees. Exceptions have been filed by Entergy, asserting that this dispute should be litigated before the LPSC and FERC. At the appropriate time, if necessary, Entergy will raise its defenses to the antitrust claims. At present, the suit in state court is stayed by stipulation of the parties.

Plaintiffs also filed this complaint with the LPSC to initiate a review by the LPSC of Entergy Louisiana's monthly fuel adjustment charge filings and to force restitution to ratepayers of all costs that the plaintiffs allege were improperly included in those fuel adjustment filings. Marathon Oil Company and Louisiana Energy Users Group have also intervened in the LPSC proceeding. Discovery at the LPSC has been conducted and is expected to continue. Direct testimony was filed with the LPSC by plaintiffs and the intervenors in July 1999. In their testimony for the period 1989 through 1998, plaintiffs purport to quantify many of their claims in an amount totaling \$544 million, plus interest. The plaintiffs will likely assert additional damages for the period 1974 through 1988. The Entergy companies filed responsive and rebuttal testimony in September 1999. Rebuttal testimony by the plaintiffs and intervenors was filed in November 1999. Direct testimony of the LPSC staff will be filed in April 2000, to which Entergy will be permitted to respond. Hearings before the LPSC are scheduled to begin in September 2000.

Entergy intends to defend this matter vigorously, both in court and at the LPSC. The outcome of the lawsuit and the LPSC proceeding cannot be predicted at this time. Management has provided reserves for this, other litigation, and Entergy Louisiana's formula rate plan proceedings based on its estimate of the outcome of these proceedings. Information on formula rate plan proceedings is given in Note 2 to the financial statements.

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In April 1999, a group of ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Corporation, Entergy Services, and Entergy Power in state court in Orleans Parish purportedly on behalf of all Entergy New Orleans ratepayers. The plaintiffs seek treble damages for alleged injuries arising from the defendants' alleged violations of Louisiana's antitrust laws in connection with certain costs passed on to ratepayers in Entergy New Orleans's fuel adjustment filings with the Council. In particular, plaintiffs allege that Entergy New Orleans improperly included certain costs in the calculation of fuel charges and that Entergy New Orleans imprudently purchased high-cost fuel from other Entergy affiliates. Plaintiffs allege that Entergy New Orleans and the other defendant Entergy companies conspired to make these purchases to the detriment of Entergy New Orleans' ratepayers and to the benefit of Entergy's shareholders, in violation of Louisiana's antitrust laws. Plaintiffs also seek to recover interest and attorney fees. Exceptions to the plaintiffs' allegations were filed by Entergy, asserting, among other things, that jurisdiction over these issues rests with the Council and FERC. If necessary, at the appropriate time, Entergy will also raise its defenses to the antitrust claims. At present, the suit in state court is stayed by stipulation of the parties at all senses of that one one of moule a stable of the sense of the sense of the sense of the sense The second rest in the second second

miner grannant a scholar ei sare in maintiffs also filed this complaint with the Council in order to initiate a review by the Council of their allegations and to force restitution to ratepayers of all costs they allege were improperly and imprudently included in the fuel adjustment filings. Discovery has begun in the proceedings before the Council. The plaintiffs have not yet stated the amount of damages they claim. Entergy intends to defend this matter vigorously, both in court and before the Council. The ultimate outcome of the lawsuit and the Council proceeding cannot be predicted at this time.

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In April 1998, a group of residential and business ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy New Orleans in state court) in Orleans Parish purportedly on behalf of all ratepayers in New Orleans. The plaintiffs allege that Entergy New Orleans has overcharged ratepayers by at least \$300 million since 1975 in violation of limits on Entergy New Orleans' rate of return that the plaintiffs allege were established by ordinances passed by the Council in 1922. The plaintiffs seek, among other things, (i) a declaratory judgment that such franchise ordinances have been violated; and (ii) a remand to the Council for the establishment of the amount of overcharges plus interest. Entergy New Orleans believes the lawsuit is without merit. Entergy New Orleans has charged only those rates authorized by the Council in accordance with applicable law. Entergy New Orleans is vigorously defending itself in the lawsuit.

server as a pointer composition galancement share a course control of control characterized and

In May 1998, a group of ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy Louisiana in state court in East Baton 4.0 Rouge Parish purportedly on behalf of all Entergy Louisiana ratepayers. The plaintiffs allege that the formula ratemaking plan authorized by the LPSC has allowed Entergy Louisiana to earn amounts in excess of a fair return. The plaintiffs seek, among other things, (i) a declaratory judgment that the formula ratemaking plan is an improper ratemaking practice; and (ii) a refund of the amounts allegedly charged in excess of proper ratemaking practices. Entergy Louisiana believes the lawsuit is without merit and is vigorously defending itself.

ng sangan 🗿 nggan ng sangan sanga On February 28, 2000, a lawsuit was commenced in the Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, Louisiana, against Entergy, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans relating to power outages that occurred in July 1999. The plaintiff, who purports to represent a class of similarly situated persons,

claims unspecified damages as a result of these outages, which the plaintiff claims were the result of negligence on the part of the Entergy defendants. Entergy, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans have not yet filed responsive pleadings in the case. However, they will vigorously contest the plaintiff's allegations, which they believe do not support any liability to the plaintiff for damages.

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Caiun - Coal Contracts (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

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A discussion of this litigation is included under the caption "Cajun-Coal Contracts" in Note 9 to the financial statements.

and the second Franchise Fee Litigation (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

 $= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2}$ In September 1998, the City of Nederland filed a petition against Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Services in state court in Jefferson County, Texas, purportedly on behalf of all Texas municipalities that have ordinances or agreements with Entergy Gulf States. The lawsuit alleges that Entergy Gulf States has been underpaying its franchise fees due to failure to properly calculate its gross receipts. The plaintiff seeks a judgment for the allegedly underpaid fees and punitive damages. Entergy Gulf States believes the lawsuit is without merit and is vigorously And Street and St Street and St Street and St Street and St Street and St Street and St Street a defending itself.

Fiber Optic Cable Litigation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Gulf States)

and the second a salah salah salah jada salah s In May 1998, a group of property owners filed a petition against Entergy Corporation, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Services, and ETHC in state court in Jefferson County, Texas purportedly on behalf of all property owners throughout the Entergy service area who have conveyed easements to the defendants. The lawsuit alleged that Entergy installed fiber optic cable across their property without obtaining appropriate easements (1) The plaintiffs sought actual damages for the use of the land and a share of the profits made through use of the fiber optic cables and punitive damages. The defendants have dismissed the petition in state court, and the plaintiffs have commenced an identical lawsuit in the United States District Court in Beaumont, Texas. Entergy is vigorously defending itself in the lawsuit and believes that any damages suffered by the plaintiff landowners are negligible and that there is no basis for the claim seeking a share of profits.

Franchise Service Area Litigation (Entergy Gulf States)

In early 1998, Beaumont Power and Light Company (BP&L) unsuccessfully sought a franchise to provide electric service in the City of Beaumont, Texas, where Entergy Gulf States already holds a franchise. In November 1998, BP&L filed a request before the PUCT to obtain a certificate of convenience and necessity (CCN) for those portions of Jefferson County outside the boundaries of any municipality for which Entergy Gulf States provides retail electric service. BP&L's application contemplates using Entergy Gulf States' facilities in their provision of service. In Texas, utilities are required to obtain a CCN prior to providing retail electric service. Jefferson County is currently singly certificated to Entergy Gulf States. If BP&L's application is granted, BP&L would be able to provide retail service to Entergy Gulf States' customers in the area for which the certificate would apply. BP&L has amended its application to add a request for a CCN to provide retail electric service within the City of Beaumont. The amended application acknowledges that the Texas electric utility restructuring law requires BP&L to use its own facilities to connect to its customers if it is granted a CCN. A hearing on the merits was conducted in December 1999, and the ALJ is expected to issue a recommendation in for consideration by the PUCT.

Hindusthan Development Corporation, Ltd. (Entergy Corporation)

In January 1999, Hindusthan Development Corporation (HDC) commenced an arbitration proceeding in India against Entergy Power Asia Ltd. (EPAL), an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Entergy Corporation. HDC alleges that EPAL did not fulfill its obligations under a Joint Development Agreement (JDA) to develop a 350 MW cogeneration plant to be built in Bina, India. HDC also alleges that EPAL wrongfully withdrew as lead developer. Entergy's management believes that HDC's allegations are without merit, and that each party to the JDA had an

absolute right of withdrawal. HDC is seeking unspecified damages of \$1.1 billion. EPAL is vigorously defending itself in the arbitration proceeding.

Ice Storm Litigation (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

In January 1997, a group of Entergy Gulf States customers in Texas filed a lawsuit against Entergy Corporation, Entergy Gulf States, and other Entergy subsidiaries in state court in Jefferson County, Texas purportedly on behalf of all Entergy Gulf States customers in Texas who sustained outages in a January 1997 ice storm. The lawsuit alleges that Entergy failed to properly maintain its electrical distribution system and respond to the ice storm. The district court certified the class in April 1999. Entergy has appealed the class certification, and arguments on the appeal, were heard in February 2000. Entergy believes that the lawsuit is without merit and is vigorously defending itself. A similar lawsuit was filed in Louisiana in 1997, in which class certification was denied.

Litigation Environment (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

The four states in which the domestic utility companies operate, in particular Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas, have proven to be unusually litigious environments. Judges and juries in Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas have demonstrated a willingness to grant large verdicts, including punitive damages, to plaintiffs in personal injury, property damage, and business tort cases. Entergy uses legal and appropriate means to contest litigation threatened or filed against it, but the litigation environment in these states poses a significant business risk.

EARNINGS RATIOS OF DOMESTIC UTILITY COMPANIES AND SYSTEM ENERGY

The domestic utility companies' and System Energy's ratios of earnings to fixed charges and ratios of earnings to combined fixed charges and preferred dividends pursuant to Item 503 of SEC Regulation S-K are as follows:

and the second second second	е .	Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges Years Ended December 31,							
		<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>			
Entergy Arkansas		2.08	2.63 1.40	2.54 1.42	2.93 1.47	2.56 1.86			
Entergy Gulf States Entergy Louisiana				uisiana 3.48	2.18 3.48	3.18	2.74	3.16	3.18
Entergy Mississippi		2.44 3.00	3.04 2.59	2.98 2.70	3.40 3.51	2.92 3.93			
Entergy New Orleans System Energy		1.90	2.52	2.31	2.21	2.07			

Ratios of Earnings to Combined Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends

	Years Ended December 31,						
	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>		
Entergy Arkansas	1.80	2.28	2.24	2.44	2.12		
Entergy Gulf States(a)	1.86	1.20	1.23	1.19	1.54		
Entergy Louisiana	3.09	2.75	2.36	2.64	2.60		
Entergy Mississippi	2.18	2.73	2.69	2.95	2.51		
Entergy New Orleans	2.74	2.36	2.44	3.22	3.56		

) "Preferred Dividends" in the case of Entergy Gulf States also include dividends on preference stock.

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BUSINESS SEGMENTS

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Entergy Corporation

. . Entergy's business segments are discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

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te esta de A	s of Decem	ber 31, 1999, Enterg	y New Orleans operation	ating revenues and	customer data was	as follows:
		· · ·			And Anthen C	
		tin tin tin tin tin tin tin tin		Operating Na	tural Gas	and a starta
		de la provincia de la seconda	is heads Rev	enue	Revenue	f a cattory

Residential	40%	53% 20%	
Commercial	37%	20%	- 11-12-1 7 -1
		10%, no provide a second	
Governmental/Municipal	16%	17%	Y
and the state of the	Antes Miller ger	and the search the second second	
Number of Customers	185,000	1. Road a 146,000 mar ^{el} 1866 - Constants	ne ne
		a set in a set of the property of the set of	

Entergy Gulf States

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For the year ended December 31, 1999, 98% of Entergy Gulf States' operating revenue was derived from the electric utility business. Of the remaining operating revenues, one percent was derived from the steam business and one percent from the natural gas business. And the galletin succession and the second se

Financial Information Relating to Products and Services

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Financial information relating to Entergy New Orleans' and Entergy Gulf States' products and services is presented in their respective financial statements. 2

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STATE STRATES AND STRATES

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Generating Stations

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Domestic Utility Companies and System Energy

The total capability of the generating stations owned and leased by the domestic utility companies and System Energy as of December 31, 1999, by company and by fuel type, is indicated below: and the second sec

nggin, na santais, na		Owned and Leased Capability MW(1)					
a - Su Brendal cart Setter abay peters			10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Gas Turbine and Internal	2 - 2 - 2 2 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -		
Company	Total	Fossil	Nuclear	Combustion	Hydro		
Entergy Arkansas Entergy Gulf States Entergy Louisiana Entergy Mississippi Entergy New Orleans System Energy	4,487 (2) 6,689 (2) 5,561 (2) 3,063 (2) 1,077	4,467c tv 3,052 1,061 v1	936 302 1,075 3240	19 - Ali 14 19 -			
Total	21,961	17,014	4,789	88	70		

), "Owned and Leased Capability" is the dependable load carrying capability as demonstrated under actual operating conditions based on the primary fuel (assuming no curtailments) that each station was designed to .(**1)**₀_{? it}= 1. 26

jage og for læge æg gongelægen af her hande skrigere af her skale og som en som en som en som en som en som en Excludes the capacity of fossil-fueled generating stations placed on extended reserve shutdown as follows: (2) Entergy Arkansas - 204 MW; Entergy Gulf States - 405 MW; Entergy Louisiana - 19 MW; and Entergy Mississippi - 73 MW. Generating stations that are not expected to be utilized in the near-term to meet load requirements are placed in extended reserve shutdown in order to minimize operating expenses.

Entergy's load and capacity projections are reviewed periodically to assess the need and timing for additional 200 B (19) generating capacity and interconnections in light of the availability of power, the location of new loads, and maximum economy to Entergy. When the domestic utility companies require new generation resources based on load and capability projections and bulk power availability, they do not expect to construct new base load generating capacity. Instead, they expect to meet future capacity needs by, among other things, purchasing power in the wholesale power market and/or removing generating stations from extended reserve shutdown. Currently, plans are being implemented to reactivate several units that are in extended reserve shutdown. The units, once back on line, will provide an additional 417 MW of capacity to serve customers during peak demand.

Under the terms of the System Agreement, generating capacity and other power resources are shared among the domestic utility companies. The System Agreement provides, among other things, that parties having generating reserves greater than their load requirements (long companies) shall receive payments from those parties having deficiencies in generating reserves (short companies). Such payments are at amounts sufficient to cover certain of the long companies' costs, including operating expenses, fixed charges on debt, dividend requirements on preferred and preference stock, and a fair rate of return on common equity investment. Under the System Agreement, these charges are based on costs associated with the long companies' steam electric generating units fueled by oil or gas. In addition, for all energy exchanged among the domestic utility companies under the System Agreement, the short companies are required to pay the cost of fuel consumed in generating such energy plus a charge to cover other associated costs. FERC proceedings relating to the System Agreement are discussed more thoroughly in "RATE MATTERS AND REGULATION - Rate Matters - Wholesale Rate Matters - System Agreement," above.

Entergy's domestic utility business is subject to seasonal fluctuations, with the peak period occurring in the summer months. The 1999 (and all-time) peak demand of 20,664 MW occurred on August 18, 1999, 74 . Car .

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Competitive Businesses. The second of the second se

Entergy Power owns 665 MW of fossil-fueled capacity at the Ritchie 2 and Independence plants.

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In July 1999, Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business purchased from Boston Edison the 670 MW Pilgrim Nuclear Station in Plymouth, Massachusetts. The sale included the Pilgrim generating plant and facilities (including nuclear fuel) and a 1,600-acre site on Cape Cod Bay.

Entergy's global power development business is constructing two combined-cycle gas turbine merchant power plants in the UK. Saltend, a 1,200 MW plant located in northeast England, will provide steam and electricity to BP Chemical's nearby complex with the remaining electricity to be sold into the UK national power pool. Originally scheduled for commercial operation in January 2000, Saltend's completion has been delayed due to construction problems at the site. The construction contractor has submitted a revised construction schedule after substantial analysis, and currently estimates a phased-in completion of the three-unit plant with the full plant in service by June 30, 2000. The second plant, an 800 MW facility known as Damhead Creek, is located in southeast England. It is expected to begin commercial operation in the fourth quarter of 2000.

Interconnections

The electric generating facilities of the domestic utility companies consist principally of steam-electric production facilities. These generating units are interconnected by a transmission system operating at various voltages up to 500 KV. With the exception of a small portion of Entergy Mississippi's capacity, operating facilities or interests therein generally are owned or leased by the domestic utility company serving the area in which the generating facilities are located. All of these generating facilities are centrally dispatched and operated. and the after the 1999 - 199**7** - 1997 t in star og 1.1.1

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The electric generating facilities of Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business consist of the Pilgrim nuclear production facility. The facility has firm total output power purchase agreements with Boston Edison and other utilities that expire at the end of 2004. The Pilgrim plant is dispatched as a part of the New England Power Pool (NEPP). The primary purpose of NEPP is to direct the operations of the major generating and transmission an da ser an search a' stàiteann an searchtaí tha an Tarrainn. Tarrainn an stàitean an searchan an sea facilities in the New England region.

, P Entergy's domestic utility companies are interconnected with many neighboring utilities. In addition, the domestic utility companies are members of the Southeastern Electric Reliability Council (SERC). The primary purpose of SERC is to ensure the reliability and adequacy of the electric bulk power supply in the southeast region of the United States. SERC is a member of the North American Electric Reliability Council. ¹ For the second sec second se

Gas Property

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy New Orleans distributed and transported natural gas for distribution solely within the limits of the City of New Orleans through a total of 1,453 miles of gas distribution mains and 41 miles of gas transmission pipelines.

As of December 31, 1999, the gas properties of Entergy Gulf States, which are located in and around Baton Rouge, Louisiana, were not material to Entergy Gulf States.

Titles

The generating stations and major transmission substations of Entergy's public utility companies are generally located on properties owned in fee simple. The greater portion of the transmission and distribution lines of the domestic utility companies have been constructed on property of private owners pursuant to easements or on public highways and streets pursuant to appropriate franchises. The rights of each company in the property on which its utility facilities are located are considered by such company to be adequate for use in the conduct of its business. Minor defects and irregularities customarily found in properties of like size and character may exist, but such defects and irregularities do not, in the opinion of management, materially impair the use of the properties affected thereby. The domestic utility companies generally have the right of eminent domain, whereby they may, if necessary, perfect or secure titles to, or easements or servitudes on, privately held lands used in or reasonably necessary for their utility operations.

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Substantially all of the physical properties and assets owned by Entergy Arkansas. Entergy Gulf States. Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy are subject to the liens of mortgages securing the first mortgage bonds of such company. The Lewis Creek generating station is owned by GSG&T, Inc., a subsidiary of Entergy Gulf States, and is not subject to the lien of the Entergy Gulf States mortgage securing the first mortgage bonds of Entergy Gulf States, but is leased to and operated by Entergy Gulf States. All of the debt outstanding under the original first mortgages of Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans has been retired and the original first mortgages were cancelled in 1999 and 1997, respectively. As a result, the general and refunding mortgages of Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans now also constitute a first mortgage lien on substantially all of the respective physical properties and assets of the respective companies.

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FUEL SUPPLY

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The sources of generation and average fuel cost per KWH for the domestic utility companies and System Energy for the years 1997-1999 were

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1. 1. 1928 A. A. A. A. A. A. A.	Natural	Gas	Fuel	Dil	Nuclea	r Fuel		Coal
an a	of	Cents	% of Gen	Cents Per KWH	% of Gen	Cents Per KWH	% of Gen	Cents Per KWH
Year	<u>Gen</u>							
1999	45	2.75	4	2.06	35	.54	16	1.59
1998 Part 1 1 1 1 1 1	40	2.50	6	2.37	40	.53	14	1.67
1997 (1986) Anna 1997 (1997) (39	2.97	8 6 6 4 7 6 7 1964 - 8 8	3.11	41	.54	16	1.73

Actual 1999 and projected 2000 sources of generation for the domestic utility companies and System Energy are:

n selection de ∰roch alber Nexterne de la constantitud	Natur	al Gas		Oil	Nuc	lear	<u> </u>	<u>al</u>
and the second sec	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>	2000
Entergy Arkansas (a)	10%	7%	-	-	56%	40%	33%	52%
Entergy Gulf States	66%	68%	-	-	19%	18%	15%	14%
Entergy Louisiana	64%	62%	1%	-	35%	38%		-
Entergy Mississippi	44%	53%	30%	23%	-	-	26%	24%
Entergy New Orleans	91%	100%	9%	-	-	-		-
System Energy	-	-	-	-	100%(b)	100%(b)	-	-
Total (a)	45%	42%	4%	2%	35%	33%	16%	22%

(a) Hydroelectric power provided an immaterial amount of generation at Entergy Arkansas in 1999 and is expected to provide an immaterial amount of generation in 2000.

(b) In addition to the nuclear capacity given above for the following companies, the Unit Power Sales Agreement allocates canacity and energy from System Energy's interest in Grand Gulf 1 as follows: Entergy Arkansas -36%; Entergy Louisiana - 14%; Entergy Mississippi - 33%; and Entergy New Orleans - 17%.

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Section 200

Natural Gas

· • • • • Charles and the The domestic utility companies have long-term firm and short-term interruptible gas contracts. Long-term firm contracts comprise less than 26% of the domestic utility companies' total requirements but can be called upon, if necessary, to satisfy a significant percentage of the domestic utility companies' needs. Short-term contracts and spotmarket purchases satisfy additional gas requirements. Entergy Gulf States has a transportation service agreement with a gas supplier that provides flexible natural gas service to certain generating stations by using such supplier's pipeline and gas storage facility.

Many factors, including wellhead deliverability, storage and pipeline capacity, and demand requirements of end users, influence the availability and price of natural gas supplies for power plants. Demand is tied to weather conditions as well as to the prices of other energy sources. Supplies of natural gas are expected to be adequate in 2000. However, pursuant to federal and state regulations, gas supplies to power plants may be interrupted during periods of shortage. To the extent natural gas supplies may be disrupted, the domestic utility companies will use alternate fuels, such as oil, or rely to a larger extent on coal and nuclear generation. . . .

Coal

and additional devices and the source of a source of the second second second second second second second secon A source of the second devices and source of the source Entergy Arkansas has long-term contracts for low-sulfur Wyoming coal for White Bluff and Independence. These contracts, which expire in 2002 and 2011, respectively, provide for approximately 85% of Entergy Arkansas' expected annual coal requirements. Additional requirements are satisfied by spot market purchases. Entergy Gulf States has a contract for the supply of low-sulfur Wyoming coal for Nelson Unit 6, which should be sufficient to satisfy its fuel requirements for that unit through 2010 if all price reopeners are accepted. If both parties cannot agree upon a price, then the contract terminates. Effective April 1, 2000, Louisiana Generating LLC will assume Cajun's 58% ownership interest in the Big Cajun generating facilities and will operate the plant. The management of Louisiana Generating LLC has advised Entergy Gulf States that it has executed coal supply and transportation contracts that should provide an adequate supply of coal for the operation of Big Cajun 2, Unit 3 for the foreseeable future. and the second sec e je se s . £31. -.

Entergy Arkansas has a long-term railroad transportation contract for the delivery of at least 90% of the coal requirements of both White Bluff and Independence. This contract will expire in the year 2014. However, Entergy Arkansas has filed a lawsuit against the railroad claiming breach of contract by the railroad and requesting termination of the contract (see discussion of lawsuit in "RATE MATTERS AND REGULATION - Regulation -Other Regulation and Litigation - Union Pacific Railroad" above), and a subscription of the state of the stat

Entergy Gulf States has a transportation requirements contract with a railroad to deliver coal to Nelson Unit 6 through December 31, 2004. This contract specifies a minimum annual tonnage amounting to approximately one-half of the plant's requirements and provides flexibility for shipping up to all of the plant's requirements.

Nuclear Fuel

The nuclear fuel cycle involves the following:

- mining and milling of uranium ore to produce a concentrate; 0
- conversion of the concentrate to uranium hexafluoride gas; 0
- enrichment of the hexafluoride gas; ο
- fabrication of nuclear fuel assemblies for use in fueling nuclear reactors; and 0 · · · ·
- disposal of spent fuel. 0

System Fuels is responsible for contracts to acquire nuclear material to be used in fueling Entergy Arkansas', Entergy Louisiana's, and System Energy's nuclear units. System Fuels also maintains inventories of such materials during the various stages of processing. Each of these companies purchases enriched uranium hexafluoride from System Fuels, but contracts separately for the fabrication of its own nuclear fuel. The requirements for River Bend are pursuant to contracts made by Entergy Gulf States. The requirements for Pilgrim are pursuant to contracts made by Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business. .

Based upon currently planned fuel cycles, Entergy's nuclear units currently have contracts and inventory that provide adequate materials and services. Existing contracts for uranium concentrate, conversion of the concentrate to uranium hexafluoride, and enrichment of the uranium hexafluoride will provide a significant percentage of these materials and services over the next several years. Additional materials and services required beyond the coverage of these contracts are expected to be available at a reasonable cost for the foreseeable future.

Current fabrication contracts will provide a significant percentage of these materials and services over the next several years. The Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 provides for the disposal of spent nuclear fuel or high level waste by the DOE. There is a discussion of spent nuclear fuel disposal in Note 9 to the financial statements.

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and the second second second from the second second with the It will be necessary for Entergy to enter into additional arrangements to acquire nuclear fuel in the future. It is not possible to predict the ultimate cost of such arrangements.

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy each have made arrangements to lease nuclear fuel and related equipment and services. The lessors finance the acquisition and ownership of nuclear fuel through credit agreements and the issuance of notes. These arrangements are subject to periodic renewal. There is a discussion of nuclear fuel leases in Note 10 to the financial statements.

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Natural Gas Purchased for Resale

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Entergy New Orleans has several suppliers of natural gas. Its system is interconnected with three interstate i. and three intrastate pipelines. Entergy New Orleans' primary suppliers currently are Columbia Energy Services, Inc. (CES), an interstate gas marketer, Bridgeline Gas Distributors, and Pontchartrain Natural Gas via Louisiana Gas Services. Entergy New Orleans has a "no-notice" service gas purchase contract with CES which guarantees Entergy New Orleans gas delivery at any point after the agreed gas volume has been met. The CES gas supply is transported to Entergy New Orleans pursuant to a transportation service agreement with Koch Gateway Pipeline Company (KGPC). This service is subject to FERC-approved rates. Entergy New Orleans has firm contracts with its two intrastate suppliers and also makes interruptible spot market purchases. In recent years, natural gas deliveries to Entergy New Orleans have been subject primarily to weather-related curtailments. However, Entergy New Orleans experienced no such curtailments in 1999.

As a result of the implementation of FERC-mandated interstate pipeline restructuring in 1993, curtailments of interstate gas supply could occur if Entergy New Orleans' suppliers failed to perform their obligations to deliver gas under their supply agreements. KGPC could curtail transportation capacity only in the event of pipeline system constraints. Based on the current supply of natural gas, and absent extreme weather-related curtailments, Entergy New Orleans does not anticipate any interruptions in natural gas deliveries to its customers.

Entergy Gulf States purchases natural gas for resale under an agreement with Mid Louisiana Gas Company. Mid Louisiana Gas Company is not allowed to discontinue providing gas to Entergy Gulf States without obtaining FERC approval.

Research

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Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans are members of the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI). EPRI conducts a broad range of research in major technical fields related to the electric utility industry. Entergy participates in various EPRI projects based on

Entergy's needs and available resources. Entergy and its subsidiaries contributed approximately \$6 million in 1999. \$8 million in 1998, and \$9 million in 1997 to EPRI and other research programs.

Item 2. Properties

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Information regarding the properties of the registrants is included in Item 1. "Business - PROPERTY," in this report. $d \in \mathcal{L}$

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Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Details of the registrants' material rate proceedings, environmental regulation and proceedings, and other regulatory proceedings and litigation that are pending or that terminated in the fourth quarter of 1999 are discussed in Item 1. "Business - RATE MATTERS AND REGULATION," in this report. letter her her sense the sense of the sense of

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

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During the fourth quarter of 1999, no matters were submitted to a vote of the security holders of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, 计算法 化二乙酰乙酸乙酯 or System Energy.

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION

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£ • , Directors

Information required by this item concerning directors of Entergy Corporation is set forth under the heading "Proposal 1--Election of Directors" contained in the Proxy Statement of Entergy Corporation, (the "Proxy Statement"), to be filed in connection with its Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held May 12, 2000, ("Annual Meeting"), and is incorporated herein by reference. Information required by this item concerning officers and directors of the remaining registrants is reported in Part III of this document. and the second second

Executive Officers

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Name	Age	1 = 1 is $1 = 1$ if $1 = 1$	Position	e in the	the second	Period
J. Wayne Leonard (a)	49 ³³		and Director of Entergy C nsas, Entergy Gulf States			1999-Present 1998-1999
ી છે. જે તે છે છે કે	-		Entergy New Orleans, and rating Officer of Entergy			1998
			of Entergy Arkansas, Ent tergy Mississippi, and Er			1998
		Vice Chairman of Enterg	y New Orleans			1998
		President of Energy Com	modities Strategic Busin	ess Unit	14 - A	1996-1998
	1000	President of Cinergy Cap	oital & Trading		ŕ	1996-1998
ideniα − .		Group Vice President an Corporation	d Chief Financial Officer	of Cinergy	· . •	1994-1996
Jerry L. Maulden (a) (b)	63	Vice Chairman of Enterg	y Corporation			1995-1999
	-		gy Arkansas, Entergy Gul ississippi, and Entergy N		1 - 2 - <u>1</u>	1993-1999
		Chief Operating Officer	of Entergy Arkansas, Ent tergy Mississippi, and E	ergy Gulf States,		1993-1998
		President and Chief Ope	rating Officer of Entergy	Corporation		1993-1995
		Director of Entergy Gulf	States			1993-1999
		Director of Entergy Loui	siana			1991-1999
		Director of Entergy New				1991-1998
		Director of Entergy Miss	sissippi			1988-1999
· ·	•	Director of System Energy				1987-1998
		Director of Entergy Arka				1979-1999

Name	Age	Position	<u>Period</u>
Donald C. Hintz (a)	57	President of Entergy Corporation	1999-Present
		Executive Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, and Entergy Louisiana	1998
		Group President and Chief Nuclear Operating Officer of Entergy	1997-1998
		Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, and Entergy Louisiana	
	- 14 - 1	Executive Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer of Entergy	1994-1997
		Corporation Executive Vice President - Nuclear of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Louisians	1994-1997
		States, and Entergy Louisiana Chief Executive Officer and President of System Energy	1992-1998
		Director of Entergy Gulf States	1993-Present
		Director of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and System Energy	1992-Present
• ' •		Director of Entergy New Orleans	1999-Present
			1 992-1994
Jerry D. Jackson (a)	55	Executive Vice President of Entergy Corporation	1999-Present
		President and Chief Executive Officer – Louisiana of Entergy Gulf States	1999-Present
		President and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Louisiana	1999-Present
	,	Chief Administrative Officer of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and	1 997-1998
		Entergy New Orleans	1005 1009
		Executive Vice President - External Affairs of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and	1995-1998
· 2		Entergy New Orleans Executive Vice President - Marketing of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf	1995
	•	States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	
		Executive Vice President - External Affairs of Entergy Corporation	1994-1998
		Director of Entergy Gulf States	1994-Present
		Executive Vice President of Marketing of Entergy Corporation	1994-1995
		Director of Entergy Louisiana	1992-Present
		Director of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans	1992-1999
		Secretary of Entergy Gulf States	1994-1995
		Director of System Energy	1993-1995
C. John Wilder (a)	41	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Entergy	1998-Present
		Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System	v.,
		Energy Director of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana,	1999-Present
		Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy	1999-1 Tesent
•		Chief Executive Officer of Shell Capital Company Assistant Treasurer of the Royal Dutch/Shell Group	1996-1998
		Director of Economics and Finance of Shell Exploration and Production	1995-1996
		Assistant Treasurer of Shell Oil Company	1992-1995
Emply E. Collabor (a)	54	Senior Vice President, Generation, Transmission and Energy	1999-Present
Frank F. Gallaher (a)	J4	Management of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans,	1777-11050
	· ·	and System Energy	
		Executive Vice President and Chief Utility Operating Officer for Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy	1998-1999
		Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans Group President and Chief Utility Operating Officer of Entergy	1997-1999
		Corporation	1007 1009
		Group President and Chief Utility Operating Officer of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy	1997-1998
		Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	
		Director of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy	1997-1999
		Mississippi	
·		Executive Vice President of Operations of Entergy Corporation	1996-1997

Name	Age	Position	Period
		President of Entergy Gulf States	1994-1996
		Director of Entergy Gulf States	1993-1999
		Executive Vice President of Operations of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	1993-1997
Michael G. Thompson (a)	59	Senior Vice President and General Counsel of Entergy Corporation	1992-Present
· · ·		Senior Vice President, General Counsel, and Secretary of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	1995-Present
	•	Secretary of Entergy Corporation	1994-Present
Joseph T. Henderson (a)	42	Vice President and General Tax Counsel of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans and System Energy	1999-Present
		Associate General Tax Counsel	1998-1999
		Senior Tax Counsel of Shell Oil Company	1995-1998
		Senior Tax Attorney of Shell Oil Company	1994-1995
Nathan E. Langston (a)	51	Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy	1998-Present
		Director of Tax Services of Entergy Services	1993-1998
Steven C. McNeal (a)	43	Vice President and Treasurer of Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy	1998-Present
		Assistant Treasurer of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy	1994-1998
		Director of Corporate Finance of Entergy Services	1994-1998

(a) In addition, this officer is an executive officer and/or director of various other wholly owned subsidiaries of Entergy Corporation and its operating companies.

(b) Mr. Maulden retired effective December 31, 1999.

Each officer of Entergy Corporation is elected yearly by the Board of Directors.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrants' Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Entergy Corporation

The shares of Entergy Corporation's common stock are listed on the New York Stock, Chicago Stock, and Pacific Exchanges.

The high and low prices of Entergy Corporation's common stock for each quarterly period in 1999 and 1998 were as follows:

	19	1999		8			
	High	Low	High	Low			
		(In Dollars)					
First	31 1/8	27 1/2	30 1/8	27 5/16			
Second	33 1/8	27 3/4	29 5/8	23 1/4			
Third	31 9/16	28 3/16	30 13/16	26 3/16			
Fourth	30	23 7/8	32 7/16	28 1/16			

Consecutive quarterly cash dividends on common stock were paid to stockholders of Entergy Corporation in 1999 and 1998. Quarterly dividends of 30 cents per share were paid in 1999. In 1998, dividends of 45 cents per

share were paid in the first and second quarters, and dividends of 30 cents per share were paid in the third and fourth quarters.

As of February 29, 2000, there were 73,619 stockholders of record of Entergy Corporation.

Entergy Corporation's future ability to pay dividends is discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements. In addition to the restrictions described in Note 8, PUHCA provides that, without approval of the SEC, the unrestricted, undistributed retained earnings of any Entergy Corporation subsidiary are not available for distribution to Entergy Corporation's common stockholders until such earnings are made available to Entergy Corporation through the declaration of dividends by such subsidiaries.

and part of star on the start and Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy and a statistic statistic statistic statistics and statis

There is no market for the common stock of Entergy Corporation's wholly owned subsidiaries. Cash dividends on common stock paid by the subsidiaries to Entergy Corporation during 1999 and 1998, were as follows:

		· `	
<u>1999 1998</u>			· · ·
and the state of the	• 2 t. c.	$t = \frac{1}{2}$	
\$ 82.7 \$ 92.6			1. S. S.
\$ 107.0 \$ 109.4	• · · ·		23-14
\$,197.0 \$ 138.5			
\$ 34.1 \$ 66.0	. *	19 m	
\$ 26.5 \$ 9.7	14 L		
\$ 75.0 \$ 72.3	, 1		1 × 516
\$ 10.0,	· · · · · ·	5. . .	
	1999 1998 (In Millions) \$ 82.7 \$ 92.6 \$ 107.0 \$ 109.4 \$ 197.0 \$ 138.5 \$ 34.1 \$ 66.0 \$ 26.5 \$ 9.7 \$ 75.0 \$ 72.3	1999 1998 (In Millions) \$ 82.7 \$ 92.6 \$ 107.0 \$ 109.4 \$ 197.0 \$ 138.5 \$ 34.1 \$ 66.0 \$ 26.5 \$ 9.7 \$ 75.0 \$ 72.3	

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19 14 June 2001 1001 Information with respect to restrictions that limit the ability of System Energy and the domestic utility companies to pay dividends is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

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Item 6. Selected Financial Data

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Refer to "SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON OF ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES, ENTERGY ARKANSAS, ENTERGY GULF STATES, ENTERGY LOUISIANA, ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, and SYSTEM ENERGY" which follow each company's financial statements in this report, for information with respect to operating statistics. A second agent of the second se 1.18.10

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Refer to "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES," " - SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AND KNOWN TRENDS," and "- RESULTS OF OPERATIONS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES, ENTERGY ARKANSAS, ENTERGY GULF STATES. ENTERGY LOUISIANA, ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, ENTERGY NEW 1.5.4 ORLEANS, and SYSTEM ENERGY."

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries. Refer to information under the heading "ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AND KNOWN TRENDS."

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INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{A}} = \mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{A}}$	
Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries:		
Report of Management	and the second	
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		· .
Report of Independent Accountants		
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis	and the the second state of the	
Consolidated Statements of Income For the Years Ended	December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997	
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years E	nded December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997	I
Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 1999 and 1	998 Alexandra State Agent Content and Alexandra	1
Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings, Compreh	ensive Income, and Paid-In Capital for the Years	· (
Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997		
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison	the strength of the strength of the strength of the	
Entergy Arkansas, Inc.:	and the company of the second second	
Report of Independent Accountants		4
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		,
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1	999 1998 and 1997	,
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended Decemb		
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended De		
Entergy Gulf States, Inc.:		
Report of Independent Accountants	the second state of the second se	1
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		1
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1	000 1008 and 1007	
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended Decemb		
		1
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended De		8
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison	centoer 51, 1999, 1998, and 1997	9
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.:	and the second	9
Report of Independent Accountants		
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis	A state of the sta	9
Income Stotements Forthe Veen Ended Departure 21	000 1008 -11000	9
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1	999, 1998, and 1997	9
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December	er 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997	9
······································	•	9
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended De		10
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison		10
	推了输出了输出,把1%增加,1000mm,2000。2000年,2000年,2000年	
Report of Independent Accountants		10
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		10
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1		10
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December		10
Balance Sheets, December 31, 1999 and 1998		10
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended De	cember 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997	11
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison	-	11
•	(1, 1, 2, 3, 4) = 0	

Entergy New Orleans, Inc.: Report of Independent Accountants		
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997		
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and	1997	
Balance Sheets, December 31, 1999 and 1998	•	
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1993	8, and 1997	
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison		
System Energy Resources, Inc.:	n a star t	
Report of Independent Accountants	No. 4	•
Management's Financial Discussion and Analysis		* .
Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997		
Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and	1997	
Balance Sheets, December 31, 1999 and 1998	* *.	
Statements of Retained Earnings for the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998	8, and 1997	
Selected Financial Data - Five-Year Comparison		
Notes to Financial Statements for Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries		•
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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries has prepared and is responsible for the financial statements and related financial information included herein. The financial statements are based on generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Financial information included elsewhere in this report is consistent with the financial statements.

To meet their responsibilities with respect to financial information, management maintains and enforces a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance, on a cost-effective basis, as to the integrity, objectivity, and reliability of the financial records, and as to the protection of assets. This system includes communication through written policies and procedures, an employee Code of Entegrity, and an organizational structure that provides for appropriate division of responsibility and the training of personnel. This system is also tested by a comprehensive internal audit program.

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors, composed solely of Directors who are not employees of our company, meets with the independent auditors, management, and internal accountants periodically to discuss internal accounting controls and auditing and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee appoints the independent auditors the scope and results of the audit effort. The Committee also meets periodically with the independent auditors and the chief internal auditor without management, providing free access to the Committee.

Independent public accountants provide an objective assessment of the degree to which management meets its responsibility for fairness of financial reporting. They regularly evaluate the system of internal accounting controls and perform such tests and other procedures as they deem necessary to reach and express an opinion on the fairness of the financial statements.

Management believes that these policies and procedures provide reasonable assurance that its operations are carried out with a high standard of business conduct.

J. WAYNE LEONARD Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Corporation C. JOHN WILDER Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

THOMAS J. WRIGHT Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Arkansas, Inc. JERRY D. JACKSON Chairman of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana, Inc., President and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. – Louisiana and Entergy Louisiana, Inc.

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JOSEPH F. DOMINO President and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. – Texas

DANIEL F. PACKER Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy New Orleans, Inc. CAROLYN C. SHANKS Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Mississippi, Inc.

JERRY W. YELVERTON Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of System Energy Resources, Inc.

ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES 2: MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS > LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flow

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Net cash	flow from operations for Enterg	back in the other off star party of it many in the second star of the second star party of the second star of the second star second star second star star second star Star second star s
an warne dit og	ntate e collo acort manuffa	6.000 - 201920 - 2010 1999 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 1999 - 2019 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920 - 201920
	Entergy Entergy Arkansas Entergy Gulf States	\$ 1,307 \$ 1,753 \$ 1,793 2000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0
n materi ⁿ ta Luctor d i bos Socia	Entergy Louisiana Entergy Mississippi	\$ 410 \$ 342 \$ 315 and res difference reserved \$ \$ 1156 and the rest
	System Enerov	ાં મુશ્રામાં આવ્યા છે. આ ગામમાં મુખ્યત્વે છે. આ ગામમાં આવ્યા છે. આ ગામમાં જીવ્યામાં આ પ્રોયમાં આ ગામમાં આવ્યા છે. આ ગામમાં આવ્યા છે. આ ગામમાં આ પ્રોયમાં આ ગામમાં આવ્યા છે. આ ગામમાં આ ગામમાં આવ્યા છે.

Entergy's consolidated cash flow from operations decreased as compared to 1998 primarily due to less cash provided by competitive businesses. The decrease was also due to the completion of rate phase-in plans for some of weithe domestic utility companies during 1998. A same of snowward lace to man store were se

In 1999, competitive businesses used \$9.3 million of operating cash flow from operations compared with \$151.7 million they contributed in 1998. This change was primarily due to the sales of London Electricity and CitiPower in December 1998. Both businesses contributed operating cash flow in 1998 but did not contribute at all in 1999. Offsetting the decrease in operating cash flow in 1999 are the sales of Efficient Solutions, Inc. in September 1998 and Entergy Security, Inc. in January 1999. These businesses used operating cash flow in 1998 and used none in 1999. Also, the power marketing and trading business used less operating cash flow in 1999 than in 1998. S. & B. CO. S. M. BARREL SAMBER SOMETHING

In prior years, rate phase-in plans for some of the domestic utility companies contributed to cash flow from operations. But Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana retail phase-in plan for River Bend was completed in February 1998, Entergy Mississippi's phase-in plan for Grand Gulf 1 was completed in September 1998, and Entergy Arkansas' phase-in plan for Grand Gulf 1 was completed in November 1998. Therefore, these phase-in plans did not contribute to operating cash flow in 1999. Entergy New Orleans' phase-in plan for Grand Gulf I will be completed in 2001.

System Energy's operating cash flow decreased in 1999 primarily due to an increase in receivables from Nanipol associated companies. The increase in receivables is primarily due to an increase in money pool borrowings for several Entergy affiliates as of December 31, 1999. The money pool is an inter-company borrowing arrangement designed to reduce the domestic utility companies' dependence on external short-term borrowings.

(In A second second second second second methods in the Magazine second s Investing Activities and manager and the

Net cash provided by investing activities decreased in 1999 due to the sales in 1998 of London Electricity and CitiPower, and higher construction expenditures in 1999. The increased construction expenditures were primarily due to construction of the Saltend and Damhead Creek power plants by Entergy's global power development business, spending on customer service and reliability improvements by the domestic utility companies, and the return to service of generation plants at Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans.

ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LIOUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following items partially offset the overall decrease:

\$947.4 million of the proceeds from the sale of London Electricity in 1998 was used to purchase notes n receivable which matured in August 1999. Upon maturity, \$321.4 million of the proceeds was reinvested in other temporary investments consisting of U.S. dollar denominated commercial paper and bank deposits: and

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the sales of Entergy Security. Inc. in January 1999 and Entergy Power Edesur Holding, LTD and several o telecommunications businesses in June 1999.

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Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities decreased in 1999 primarily due to:

- 11 a Dr. the retirement in 1998 of debt associated with the acquisition of London Electricity and CitiPower; ^
- increased borrowings in 1999 under the credit facilities for the construction of the Saltend and Damhead 0 Creek power plants by Entergy's global power development business; and
- a reduction in dividend payments made by Entergy Corporation in 1999 compared to 1998. o

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Partially offsetting the overall decrease were the following uses:

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- the 1999 repayment of bank borrowings by Entergy Corporation and ETHC with a portion of the proceeds from the sale of Entergy Security, Inc.;
- the redemption of preferred stock in 1999 at Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, and Entergy the repurchase of Entergy Corporation common stock. the second s

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Capital Resources and Outlays The state of the second second

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Entergy requires capital resources for:

- construction/capital expenditures; n
- gen de la seconda de la se debt and preferred stock maturities; 0 neg la construir a constru Anna a construir a construi Anna a construir a construir
- capital investments: ø

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- funding of subsidiaries; and
- dividend and interest payments. ò

For the years 2000 through 2004, Entergy plans to spend \$9.8 billion in a capital investment plan focused on improving service at the domestic utility companies and growing its global power development and nuclear operations businesses. The estimated allocation in the plan is \$4.2 billion to the domestic utility companies, \$3.9 billion to the global power development business, and \$1.7 billion to the nuclear operations business. Management provides more information on construction expenditures and long-term debt and preferred stock maturities in Notes 5, 6, 7, and 9 to the financial statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LIOUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Entergy's sources to meet the above requirements include:

1.20 o internally generated funds;

b cash on hand:

o debt or preferred stock issuances;

o bank financing under new or existing facilities; o shoft-term borrowings; and

o sales of assets. Providence in the later

The capital investment plan discussed above is subject to modification based on the ongoing effects of transition to competition planning and the ability to recover the regulated utility costs in rates. Additionally, the plan is contingent upon Entergy's ability to access the capital necessary to finance the planned expenditures, and significant borrowings may be necessary for Entergy to implement these capital spending plans.

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The domestic utility companies have plans to issue debt in 2000, the proceeds of which will be used for general corporate purposes, including capital expenditures, the retirement of short-term indebtedness, and, in the case of Entergy Gulf States, the mandatory redemption of preference stock. On February 15, 2000, Entergy Mississippi issued \$120 million of 7.75% Series First Mortgage Bonds due February 15, 2003. On March 9, 2000, Entergy Arkansas issued \$100 million of 7.72% Series First Mortgage Bonds due March 1, 2003. Proceeds of both issuances will be used, in part, for the retirement of short-term indebtedness that was incurred for working capital needs and capital expenditures.

On February 25, 2000, Entergy Corporation obtained a 364-day term loan in the amount of \$120 million, accruing interest at a rate of 6.7%. The proceeds are being used to make an open-account advance to Entergy Louisiana in order to repay maturing debt. Entergy Corporation will use any remaining proceeds for general corporate purposes and working capital needs. In the second second

During 1999, cash from operations, the sale of businesses, and cash on hand met substantially all investing and financing requirements of the domestic utility companies and System Energy. Entergy Corporation received \$532.3 million in dividend payments from its subsidiaries in 1999. The state state is the state state of the state of t

All debt and common and preferred stock issuances are subject to regulatory approval. Preferred stock and debt issuances are subject to issuance tests set forth in corporate charters, bond indentures, and other agreements. The domestic utility companies have sufficient capacity under these issuance tests to consummate the financings planned for 2000. The domestic utility companies may also establish special purpose trusts or limited partnerships as financing subsidiaries for the purpose of issuing quarterly income preferred securities. , and the defendence of the first the second states and . . · .

Management expects the domestic utility companies and System Energy to continue to refinance or redeem higher cost debt and preferred stock prior to maturity, to the extent market conditions and interest and dividend rates an an an tha an the state of the state of the are favorable.

Entergy's ability to invest in domestic and foreign generation businesses is subject to the SEC's regulations under PUHCA. These regulations limit to 50% of consolidated retained earnings the total amount that Entergy may invest in domestic and foreign generation businesses at the time an investment is made. Using the proceeds from the sales of London Electricity and CitiPower. Entergy's FUCO and EWG subsidiaries have the ability to make significant additional investments in domestic and foreign generation businesses without the need of further investment by Entergy Corporation.

ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Entergy's global power development business is currently constructing two combined-cycle gas turbine merchant power plants in the UK. Saltend, a 1,200 MW plant in northeast England, will provide steam and electricity to BP Chemicals' nearby industrial complex, with the remaining electricity to be sold into the UK national power pool. Approximately 75 MW of the capacity will be sold to BP Chemicals under a PPA with a term of 15 years. Originally scheduled for commercial operation in January 2000, Saltend's completion has been delayed due to construction problems at the site. The construction contractor has submitted a revised construction schedule after substantial analysis, and currently estimates a phased-in completion of the three-unit plant with the full plant in service by June 30, 2000. The total cost of Saltend is currently estimated to be approximately \$824 million. The second plant, an 800 MW facility known as Damhead Creek, is located in southeast England. It is expected to begin commercial operation in the fourth quarter of 2000. Management estimates the total cost of Damhead Creek at approximately \$582 million. The financing of the construction of these two power plants is discussed in Note 7 to and the second the financial statements.

In October 1999, Entergy's global power development business obtained an option to acquire twenty-four GE7FA advanced technology gas turbines, four steam turbines, and eight GE7EA advanced technology gas turbines. Delivery of the turbines is scheduled for 2001 through 2004. The total cost of the turbines, including long-term service agreements with GE Power Systems, is approximately \$2.0 billion. Management plans to use the turbines in future generation projects of the global power development business, and anticipates that the acquisition of the turbines will be funded by a combination of cash on hand, project financing, and other external financing. Payments scheduled for the acquisition of these turbines are \$273 million in 2000, \$415 million in 2001, and \$311 million in and the second second 2002.

On July 13, 1999, Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business bought the 670 MW Pilgrim Nuclear Station a production located in Plymouth, Massachusetts from Boston Edison. The acquisition included the plant, real estate, materials and supplies, and nuclear fuel for a purchase price of \$81 million. The purchase price was funded with a portion of the proceeds from the sales of non-regulated businesses. As part of the Pilgrim purchase, Boston Edison transferred a \$471 million decommissioning trust fund to Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business. After a favorable tax determination regarding the trust fund, Entergy returned \$43 million of the trust fund to Boston Edison. Based on cost estimates provided by an outside consultant, Entergy believes that Pilgrim's decommissioning fund will be adequate to cover future decommissioning costs for the Pilgrim plant without any additional deposits to the trust.

Entergy's nuclear business has an outstanding offer to NYPA for the acquisition of NYPA's 825 MW James A. FitzPatrick nuclear power plant located near Oswego, New York and NYPA's 980 MW Indian Point 3 nuclear power plant located in Westchester County, New York. On February 24, 2000, NYPA received a competing offer for the purchase of these plants. It is anticipated that the NYPA Board of Trustees will meet in mid to late March to consider the offers. If Entergy's offer is accepted, management expects to close the acquisition by the fourth quarter of 2000. Entergy would pay \$50 million in cash at the closing of the purchase, plus seven annual installments of approximately \$108 million each commencing one year from the date of the closing. Entergy projects that these installments will be paid from the proceeds of the sale of power from the plants and that Entergy will invest an additional \$100 million in the plants.

Entergy has also made investments in energy-related businesses, including power marketing and trading. Under PUHCA, the SEC imposes a limit equal to 15% of consolidated capitalization on the amount that may be invested in such businesses without specific SEC approval. Entergy's capacity to make additional investments at December 31, 1999 was approximately \$2.2 billion.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

In 1999, Entergy Corporation paid \$291.5 million in cash dividends on its common stock. Declarations of dividends on Entergy's common stock are made at the discretion of the Board. The Board evaluates the level of Entergy common stock dividends based upon Entergy's earnings and financial strength. Dividend restrictions are discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

In October 1998, the Board approved a plan for the repurchase of Entergy common stock through December 31, 2001 to fulfill the requirements of various compensation and benefit plans. The stock repurchase plan provides for purchases in the open market of up to 5 million shares, for an aggregate consideration of up to \$250 million. In July 1999, the Board approved the commitment of up to an additional \$750 million toward the repurchase of Entergy common stock through December 31, 2001. Shares are being purchased on a discretionary basis. See Note 5 to the financial statements for stock repurchases and issuances made during 1999.

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Entergy's capital and refinancing requirements and available lines of credit are more thoroughly discussed in Notes 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10 to the financial statements.

Entergy Corporation and System Energy

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Pursuant to an agreement with certain creditors, Entergy Corporation has agreed to supply System Energy with sufficient capital to:

maintain System Energy's equity capital at a minimum of 35% of its total capitalization (excluding short-term debt);

• permit the continued commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1;

o pay in full all System Energy indebtedness for borrowed money when due; and

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o enable System Energy to make payments on specific System Energy debt, under supplements to the

agreement assigning System Energy's rights in the agreement as security for the specific debt.

The Capital Funds Agreement and other Grand Gulf 1-related agreements are more thoroughly discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Domestic Transition to Competition

The electric utility industry for years has been preparing for the advent of competition in its business, particularly in generation operations. For most electric utilities, the transition from a regulated monopoly to a competitive business is challenging and complex. The new electric utility environment presents opportunities to compete for new customers and creates the risk of loss of existing customers. It presents opportunities to enter into new businesses and to restructure existing businesses.

For Entergy, it is a formidable undertaking, made uniquely difficult because the domestic utility companies operate in five retail regulatory jurisdictions and are subject to the System Agreement, which contemplates the integrated operation of Entergy's electric generation and transmission assets throughout the retail service territories. Entergy is striving to achieve consistent paths to competition in all five retail regulatory jurisdictions. Progress was made in 1999 when the Arkansas and Texas legislatures enacted laws to bring about electric utility competition. More progress is expected in 2000 as Entergy continues to work with regulatory and legislative officials in all jurisdictions in designing the rules surrounding a competitive electricity industry.

State Regulatory and Legislative Activity

<u>Arkansas</u>

In April 1999, the Arkansas legislature enacted a law providing for competition in the electric utility industry through retail open access on January 1, 2002. With retail open access, generation operations will become a competitive business, but transmission and distribution operations will continue to be regulated. The APSC may delay implementation of retail open access, but not beyond June 30, 2003. The provisions of the new law:

- require utilities to separate (unbundle) their costs into generation, transmission, distribution, and customer service functions;
- o require operation of transmission facilities by an organization independent from the generation, distribution, and retail operations;
- provide for the determination of and mitigation measures for generation market power, which could require generation asset divestitures;
- o allow for recovery of stranded and transition costs if the costs are approved by the APSC;
- o allow for the securitization of approved stranded costs; and
- freeze residential and small business customer rates for three years by utilities that will recover stranded costs.

Entergy Arkansas filed separate generation, transmission, distribution, and customer service rates with the APSC in December 1999. The rates were based on the cost-of-service study that formed the basis of the rates included in the 1997 settlement agreement discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements. Hearings on the rate filing are scheduled for September 2000. If approved, these rates will become effective July 1, 2001. Entergy Arkansas also filed notice with the APSC in December 1999 of its intent to recover stranded costs. The APSC and various participants in the industry, including Entergy Arkansas, are currently in the process of implementing the legislation through various rulemaking and other proceedings.

<u>Texas</u>

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In June 1999, the Texas legislature enacted a law providing for competition in the electric utility industry through retail open access. The law provides for retail open access by most electric utilities, including Entergy Gulf States, on January 1, 2002. With retail open access; generation and a new retail provider operation will be competitive businesses, but transmission and distribution operations will continue to be regulated. The new retail provider function will be the primary point of contact with the customers for most services beyond initiation of electric service and restoration of service following an outage. The provisions of the new law:

• require a rate freeze through January 1, 2002 with frozen rates beyond that for residential and small commercial customers of incumbent utilities;

orrequire utilities to separate (unbundle) their generation, transmission and distribution, and retail electric provider functions. Entergy Gulf States filed its plan in January 2000 with the PUCT to separate its functions. The plan included separate transmission and distribution companies;

• require operation in a non-discriminatory manner of transmission and distribution facilities by an organization independent from the generation and retail operations by the time competition is implemented:

• allow for recovery of stranded costs incurred in purchasing power and providing electric generation service if the costs are approved by the PUCT;

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- o allow securitization of regulatory assets and stranded costs;
 - provide for the determination of and mitigation measures for generation market power; and
- o require utilities to file separated data and proposed transmission, distribution, and competition tariffs by April 1, 2000.

The market power measures include a limit on the ownership of generation assets by a power generation company within a specified region. The implications of this limit are uncertain for Entergy Gulf States and the Entergy system. However, it is possible that Entergy Gulf States could be required to divest some of its generation assets if Entergy Gulf States is found to have generation market power. The legislation also requires affected utilities to sell at auction, at least 60 days before January 1, 2002, entitlements to at least 15% of their installed generation capacity in Texas. The obligation to auction capacity entitlements continues for up to 60 months after January 1, 2002, or until 40% of customers in the jurisdiction have chosen an alternative supplier, whichever comes first.

The PUCT and various participants in the industry are currently in the process of implementing the legislation through various rulemaking and other proceedings. Two significant rules have been issued by the PUCT:

- A code of conduct was approved by the PUCT in December 1999 to ensure that utilities do not allow affiliates to have a business advantage over competitors. The rules allow the continuation of shared services affiliates, such as Entergy Operations and Entergy Services. Entergy adopted an internal code of conduct to ensure compliance with the new rules.
 - Rules governing the separated costs filing have been issued. Included is a provision establishing, as an alternative to a market-based return on equity, a presumptively reasonable return on equity for a distribution utility at 200 basis points over its cost of debt. The provision allows the utility to provide evidence that the return should be higher. The rules also provide that the utility may propose a performance-based enhancement to the authorized rate of return, based on distribution and transmission company independence. Management does not agree with the arbitrary level set in the rule, and will seek a higher return in its separated costs filing. A workshop has been held by the PUCT to discuss opportunities to seek a performance-based return.

Louisiana

In March 1999, the LPSC deferred making a decision on whether competition in the electric industry is in the public interest. However, the LPSC staff, outside consultants, and counsel were directed to work together to analyze and resolve issues related to competition and then recommend a plan for its implementation to be considered by the LPSC by January 1, 2001. The LPSC staff, outside consultants, counsel, and industry members are working together to develop a plan to be submitted to the LPSC.

<u>Mississippi</u>

The MPSC issued a proposed transition plan in June 1998 and continues to hold periodic hearings and request informational filings regarding various potential effects of retail competition. In February 2000, legislation was introduced in Mississippi to establish a study committee to consider competition and provide a report to the legislature by December 1, 2000. Management does not expect deregulation in Mississippi to occur prior to 2003. See Note 2 to the financial statements for additional information.

New Orleans

In 1997, Entergy New Orleans filed an electric business restructuring plan with the Council. The Council has not established a procedural schedule to consider electricity restructuring or Entergy's plan. The Council is conducting hearings regarding retail gas competition. Entergy New Orleans has filed a plan in that proceeding outlining the conditions under which it could support retail gas competition. The outcome of this proceeding is uncertain.

Federal Regulatory and Legislative Activity

Open Access Transmission and Entergy's Transco Proposal

Competition within the wholesale electric energy market increased with the implementation of open access transmission. Open access allows any supplier to transmit electricity to its customers over transmission facilities owned by a different company. In 1996, FERC required all public utilities that it regulates to provide wholesale transmission access to third parties. FERC also required utilities to implement and maintain an open access same-time information system. Entergy's domestic utility companies made filings with FERC to comply with the FERC requirements.

FERC policy strongly favors independent control of transmission operations to enhance competitive wholesale power markets. In response to this policy, Entergy proposed the formation of a regional transmission company (Transco) and sought guidance from FERC on the proposal. The proposed Transco would be:

- o a separate, independent, incentive-driven transmission company regulated by FERC;
- governed by an independent board of directors with no ties to Entergy or to any power market participant;
- composed of the transmission system assets transferred to it by the domestic utility companies and other transmission owners;
- operated and maintained by employees who would work exclusively for the Transco and would not be employed by Entergy or the domestic utility companies; and
- passively owned with no voting rights by the domestic utility companies and other members who transfer assets.

ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AND KNOWN TRENDS

In July 1999, FERC responded to Entergy's proposal and stated that passive ownership of a Transco by a generating company or other market participant could meet FERC's current independence and governance requirements under certain circumstances. However, FERC raised concerns about the following issues regarding Entergy's proposal:

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o	the selection process for the Transco's board of directors;	化合物 物理的 电子运行	• • • • • • • • • • •
0	the Transco board's fiduciary obligations to the member companies;	The states	1.14.1947
0	the ability of the Transco to raise additional capital; and	999. 1. 2. 14 D (30 C 2 - ²⁷⁷)	a di kac

restrictions on transactions between the Transco and the member companies. a

Management expects to make additional filings during 2000 with federal, state, and local regulatory authorities addressing these and other issues and seeking necessary approvals for the formation of the Transco. If approved, the Transco could become operational in 2001. an experience de la sur

In a rulemaking that will affect the Transco, FERC issued Order 2000 in December 1999. Order 2000 calls for owners and operators of transmission lines in the United States to join regional transmission organizations ("RTOs") on a voluntary basis. Order 2000 requires public utilities that own, operate, or control interstate transmission facilities to file by October 15, 2000 a proposal for how they intend to participate in an RTO or, alternatively, to describe the steps they have taken to do so or the reasons why it is not feasible to participate in an RTO: FERC's Order 2000 requires that RTOs be effective no later than December 15, 2001. and a start of the A. 184

FERC is maintaining flexibility as to the structure of RTOs. For example, it appears that RTOs may be forprofit or not-for-profit and may be organized as joint ventures or legal entities of various types. However, RTOs will be required, among other things, to be independent market participants, to have sufficient regional scope to maintain reliability and efficiency, to be non-discriminatory in granting service, and to maintain operational control over their regional transmission systems. A state of the solution of the and the second states and the

The Transco, an independent, for-profit transmission company which has already been proposed to FERC by the domestic utility companies, is Entergy's preferred approach for complying with FERC's Order 2000. However, Entergy is also exploring other means for complying with Order 2000. and the second as

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Deregulation legislation

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Over the past several years, a number of bills have been introduced in the United States Congress to deregulate the generation function of the electric power industry. The bills generally have provisions that would give retail consumers the ability to choose their own electric service provider. Entergy Corporation has supported some deregulation legislation in Congress that would lead to an orderly transition to competition and would also repeal PUHCA and PURPA. Congressional sentiment appears to be against mandating retail competition by a certain date and in favor of clarifying state authority to order retail choice for consumers. Congress adjourned in 1999 without final action on a deregulation bill by a committee of the House or Senate.

Industrial and Commercial Customers

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The domestic utility companies face the risk of losing customers due to competition. Some of their large industrial and commercial customers are exploring ways to reduce their energy costs. In particular, cogeneration is an option available to a significant portion of the domestic utility companies' industrial customer base. The domestic utility companies have responded by working with some industrial and commercial customers and negotiating electric service contracts that provide service at rates lower than would otherwise be charged. Despite these actions, Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Louisiana have lost revenue in recent years from large industrial customers who have completed cogeneration projects. However, material losses to cogeneration are not expected in 2000.

State and Local Rate Regulation

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The retail regulatory basis for setting rates for electric service is shifting in some jurisdictions from traditional, exclusively cost-of-service regulation to include performance-based elements. Performance-based formula rate plans are designed to reward increased efficiency and productivity, with utility shareholders and customers sharing in the benefits. Entergy Mississippi and Entergy Louisiana have implemented performance-based rate plans. These companies made the following filings resulting in rate reductions in 1999:

• Entergy Louisiana submitted its formula rate plan filing for the 1998 test year and implemented a rate reduction of approximately \$15.0 million, effective August 1, 1999. Entergy Louisiana's filing is subject to further review by the LPSC, which may result in an additional change in rates.

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• Entergy Mississippi implemented a \$13.3 million rate reduction, effective May 1999, based on its formula rate plan filing for the 1998 test year. In June 1999, Entergy Mississippi revised its filing, resulting in an additional rate reduction of approximately \$1.5 million, effective July 1999.

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All of the domestic utility companies have recently been ordered to grant base rate reductions and have refunded or credited customers for previous overcollections of rates. The continuing pattern of rate reductions reflects completion of rate phase-in plans, lower costs of service ordered by regulators, and lower authorized returns on common equity. The domestic utility companies' retail and wholesale rate matters and proceedings are discussed more thoroughly in Note 2 to the financial statements.

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Utility mergers and joint ventures involving domestic and overseas companies are another continuing trend in the industry. In some areas of the country, utilities have either sold or are attempting to sell all or a substantial portion of their generation assets in order to focus their businesses on transmission and/or distribution services. Entergy, through its global power development and non-utility nuclear power businesses, intends to expand its generation business. While the global power development business is focused on building new power plants or modifying existing plants, the nuclear business expansion plan focuses on acquiring generation assets of other utilities.

In some areas of the United States, municipalities are exploring the possibility of establishing their own electric distribution systems, which would result in both residential and large industrial customers leaving some investor-owned utilities. If the efforts of a municipality are successful, the investor-owned utility may be unable to recover some costs incurred for the purpose of serving those customers.

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Continued Application of SFAS 71 and Stranded Cost Exposure

The domestic utility companies' and System Energy's financial statements primarily reflect assets and costs based on existing cost-based ratemaking regulation in accordance with SFAS 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." Under traditional ratemaking practice, regulated electric utilities are granted exclusive geographic franchises to sell electricity. In return, the utilities are obligated to make investments and incur obligations to serve customers. Prudently incurred costs are recovered from customers along with a return on investment. Regulators may require utilities to defer collecting from customers some operating costs until a future date. These deferred costs are recorded as regulatory assets in the financial statements. In order to continue applying SFAS 71 to its financial statements, a utility's rates must be set by an independent regulator on a cost-of-service basis and the rates must be charged to and collected from customers.

As the generation portion of the utility industry moves toward competition, it is likely that generation rates will no longer be set on a cost-of-service basis. When that occurs, the generation portion of the business could be required to discontinue application of SFAS 71. The result of discontinuing application of SFAS 71 could be the recording of asset impairments and the removal of regulatory assets and liabilities from the balance sheet. Management believes that definitive outcomes have not yet been determined regarding the transition to competition in each of Entergy's jurisdictions. Therefore, the regulated operations of the domestic utility companies and System Energy continue to apply SFAS 71. Arkansas and Texas have enacted retail open access laws as described above, but Entergy believes that significant issues remain to be addressed by Arkansas and Texas regulators, and the enacted laws do not provide sufficient detail to determine definitively the impact on Entergy Arkansas' and Entergy Gulf States' regulated operations.

As Entergy's domestic utility companies move toward competition, there are costs or commitments that have been incurred under a regulated pricing system that might be impaired or not recovered in a competitive market. These costs are referred to as stranded costs. The restructuring laws enacted in Arkansas and Texas provide an opportunity for the recovery of stranded costs following review and approval by the APSC or the PUCT. Nearly all of Entergy's exposure to stranded costs involves commitments that were approved by regulators. These exposures include the following:

a provide the second second and the second second and the second o the allowed cost of constructing its nuclear generating plants (the domestic utility companies' net investment in nuclear generation is provided in Note 1 to the financial statements);

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o long-term contracts to purchase power under the Unit Power Sales Agreement and associated with the Vidalia project, which may require paying above-market prices in a competitive environment (detail the concerning these obligations is provided in Note 9 to the financial statements);

- o nuclear power plant decommissioning costs (detail concerning these costs is provided in Note 9 to the financial statements);
- the construction cost of some fossil-fueled generating plants and related contracts to buy fuel that may be 0 above-market price in a competitive market (detail concerning the domestic utility companies' net investment in generation other than nuclear, which is primarily fossil fueled, is provided in Note 1 to the financial statements, and detail concerning certain fuel contracts is provided in Note 9 to the financial statements); and second and second and second states at which even the

regulatory assets reflected in the balance sheets

BED THE THE STATE OF THE STATE OF A STATE OF A STATE OF 25 1 As of December 31, 1999, the amount of these potentially strandable costs for Entergy reflected in the financial statements is approximately \$1.8 billion at Entergy Arkansas, \$3.3 billion at Entergy Gulf States, \$2,5 billion at Entergy Louisiana, and \$0.3 billion at Entergy Mississippi. The estimated net present value of the obligations described above that are not reflected in the balance sheets for Entergy is approximately \$0.9 billion at Entergy Arkansas, \$0.4 billion at Entergy Gulf States, \$1.5 billion at Entergy Louisiana, \$0.6 billion at Entergy Mississippi, and \$0.3 billion at Entergy New Orleans. In the normal course of business, depreciation, amortization, and payments under the contractual obligations will continue to reduce these amounts. The actual amount of these costs and obligations that will be identified as stranded will be determined in regulatory proceedings. These proceedings will commence in Arkansas and Texas in 2000. The outcome of the proceedings cannot be predicted and will depend upon a number of variables, including the timing of stranded cost determination, the values attributable to certain strandable assets, assumptions concerning future market prices for electricity, and other factors. In addition, because transition legislation or regulation is not in place in Louisiana, Mississippi, or New Orleans, Entergy cannot predict how those jurisdictions will treat stranded costs and whether Entergy will be able to recover

all or a part of the costs in those jurisdictions.

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Until the proceedings in Arkansas and Texas provide a greater level of certainty, it is anticipated that both Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Gulf States will continue to apply SFAS 71 to their regulated operations. SFAS 71 will continue to be applied in the Louisiana. Mississippi, and New Orleans jurisdictions pending legislative or regulatory developments relating to transition to competition. If SFAS 71 is no longer applied by the respective domestic utility companies and System Energy, and regulation or legislation does not allow for recovery of all or a portion of its stranded costs, there could be a material adverse impact on the respective domestic utility companies' and Entergy's financial statements. However, Entergy believes that the amount of costs that will be stranded without a means of recovery or mitigation for the domestic utility companies will be significantly less than the amounts referred to above. The application of SFAS 71 is discussed more thoroughly in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Year 2000 Issues

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Entergy did not experience any significant problems in operations due to the rollover to year 2000, and there were no power outages caused by the rollover. Entergy will continue to monitor additional dates during 2000 that could be affected by the rollover to year 2000, but does not expect material problems based on its testing and the results of the January 14,2000 rollover, a constant of the second state of the second state and the second

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Management expects to spend approximately \$54 million for maintenance and modification costs related to year 2000 issues between 1998 and mid-2000. Entergy has incurred approximately \$51 million of this total through December 1999. The maintenance or modification costs associated with year 2000 compliance are expensed as incurred, while the costs of new software are capitalized and amortized over the software's useful life. The costs are being funded through operating cash flows. In certain of Entergy's jurisdictions, the expenses have been deferred and will be recovered from ratepayers into 2002. Total capitalized costs for projects accelerated due to year 2000 were estimated to be \$20 million, which is the amount Entergy has incurred through December 1999.

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Market Risks Disclosure on the Source of antipation of the provident of	•	and the second second
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Entergy is exposed to the following market risks:		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
and street that is had not so that with them all shares the second		and the states of the
• the commodity price risk associated with its power marketing and tr	ading h	nsiness

the interest rate risk associated with certain of its variable rate credit facilities; and 0

the interest rate and equity price risk associated with its investments in decommissioning trust funds.

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Entergy's power marketing and trading business enters into sales and purchases of electricity and natural gas for delivery in the future. Because the market prices of electricity and natural gas can be volatile. Entergy's power marketing and trading business is exposed to risk arising from differences between the fixed prices in its commitments and fluctuating market prices. To mitigate its exposure. Entergy's power marketing and trading business enters into electricity and natural gas futures, swaps, option contracts, and electricity forward agreements. The business also manages its exposure with policies limiting its exposure to market risk and daily monitoring of its pôtential financial exposure. The second for the second start of the second start of the second start of the second start second star Last 2917 - The Labora -

Entergy's power marketing and trading business uses a value-at-risk model (VAR) as one measure of market risk for the traded portfolio. VAR acts in conjunction with stress testing, position reporting, and profit and loss reporting in order to measure and control the risk inherent in the traded portfolio. The primary use of VAR is to provide a benchmark for market risk contained in the trading portfolio. VAR does not function as a comprehensive measure of all risks in a portfolio. Furthermore, VAR is only an appropriate risk measure for products traded in relatively liquid markets.

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Management's VAR methodology uses a variance/covariance approach to the measurement of market risk. The variance/covariance approach assumes that prices follow a "random-walk" process in which prices are lognormally distributed. This approach requires the following inputs: • a one-tailed test with a 95% confidence interval that measures the probability of loss; • a 20-day window for measuring volatility; • a 20-day window for measuring volatility; • cross-product correlation matrix that measures the tendency of different basis products to move together; and • inter-temporal correlation matrix that measures the tendency of commodities with different delivery periods to move together. • Power marketing and trading's VAR was approximately \$3.3 million as of December 31, 1999 and \$6.1 million as of December 31, 1998. During 1999, the average month-end VAR was \$3.7 million, with a high month-end VAR of \$7.1 million and a low month-end VAR of \$2.0 million.

Management's calculation of VAR exposure represents an estimate of reasonably possible net losses that would be recognized on its portfolio of derivative financial instruments, assuming hypothetical movements in prices. It does not represent the maximum possible loss or an expected loss that may occur, because actual future gains and losses will differ from those estimated based upon actual fluctuations in market rates, operating exposures, and the timing thereof, and changes in the portfolio of derivative financial instruments during the year.

Entergy uses interest rate swaps to reduce the impact of interest rate changes on certain variable-rate credit facilities associated with its global power development business. Under the interest rate swap agreements, Entergy receives floating-rate interest payments and pays fixed-rate interest rate payments over the life of the agreements. The floating-rate interest that Entergy receives is approximately equal to the interest it must pay on the variable-rate credit facilities. Therefore, through the use of the swap agreements, Entergy effectively achieves a fixed rate of interest on the credit facilities. These swaps are discussed more thoroughly in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Entergy is exposed to fluctuations in equity prices and interest rates through its nuclear decommissioning trust funds. The NRC requires Entergy to maintain trusts to fund the costs of decommissioning ANO 1, ANO 2, River Bend, Waterford 3, Grand Gulf, and Pilgrim. The funds are invested primarily in equity securities; fixed-rate, fixed-income securities; and cash and cash equivalents. Management believes that its exposure to market fluctuations will not affect results of operations for the ANO, River Bend, Grand Gulf, and Waterford 3 trust funds because of the application of regulatory accounting principles. The Pilgrim trust fund holds approximately \$341 million of fixed-rate, fixed-income securities as of December 31, 1999. These securities have an average coupon rate of 6.67%, an average duration of 6.2 years, and an average maturity of 9.5 years. The Pilgrim trust fund also holds equity securities worth approximately \$81 million as of December 31, 1999. These securities are held in a fund which is designed to approximate the Standard & Poor's 500 Index. The decommissioning trust funds are discussed more thoroughly in Notes 1 and 9 to the financial statements.

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To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy Corporation: an an said star an said said

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In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of income, of retained earnings, comprehensive income and paid in-capital and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects. the financial position of Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe . that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above. 1.45 111

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP m maka kati na Trini ta se a se s

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

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Entergy's results of operations are discussed in two business categories, "Domestic Utility Companies and System Energy" and "Competitive Businesses." Domestic Utility Companies and System Energy is Entergy's predominant business segment, contributing 73% of Entergy's operating revenue and 93% of its net income in 1999. Competitive Businesses include the following segments detailed in Note 14 to the financial statements: power marketing and trading, Entergy London, CitiPower, and all other. "All other" principally includes global power development, non-utility nuclear power, and the parent company, Entergy Corporation. The elimination of power marketing and trading mark-to-market profits on intercompany power transactions is also included in all other. Note 14 to the financial statements provides a detailed breakdown of financial information by business segment.

· 1983年11月 đ Net income for the year ended December 31, 1998 reflected the results of operations for Entergy London, CitiPower, Efficient Solutions, Inc., Entergy Security, Inc., Entergy Power Edesur Holdings, and several telecommunications businesses. These businesses were sold between late 1998 and mid-1999, and are therefore not included in some or all of 1999's results of operations.

Net Income

Entergy Corporation's consolidated net income in 1999 decreased compared to 1998 primarily due to:

the absence of London Electricity's results of operations in 1999 because of the sale of the business in 0 December 1998; and

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the gains on the sales of London Electricity and CitiPower reflected in 1998 results. 0

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The decrease is partially offset by gains on the sales of other businesses in 1999, the loss on Efficient Solutions reflected in 1998 results, a 5% increase in domestic utility net income, and a reduction in the net loss for the power marketing and trading business. and the second process of the second second

Entergy Corporation's consolidated net income in 1998 increased compared to 1997 primarily due to the gains on the sales of London Electricity and CitiPower and the UK windfall profits tax reflected in 1997 results.

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Domestic Utility Companies and System Energy

1. 我们们就来了,我们就是我们的我们。"他们们的人,你们就是你们的。 Revenues and Sales

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The changes in electric operating revenues for Entergy's domestic utility companies and System Energy for 1999 and 1998 are as follows:

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	· 4	Increase/(Decrease)		
Description		1999	1998	
 Magging to the state of the first of the state of the sta		(In Millions)		
 Base revenues	. •	\$81.2	(\$290.3)	
Rate riders		(164.1)	(108.6)	
Fuel cost recovery		188.7	(80.6)	
Sales volume/weather		5.3	187.3	
Other revenue (including unbilled)		74.3	(191.0)	
Sales for resale		(50.3)	80.7	
 Total		\$135.1	(\$402.5)	

Base revenues

In 1999, base revenues increased \$81.2 million primarily due to:

a \$93.6 million reversal in June 1999 of regulatory reserves associated with the accelerated amortization of accounting order deferrals in conjunction with the settlement agreement in Entergy Gulf States' Texas November 1996 and 1998 rate filings. The settlement agreement was approved by the PUCT in June 1999. The net income effect of this reversal is largely offset by the amortization of rate deferrals discussed below; and

a reduction in the amount of reserves recorded in 1999 at Entergy Gulf States compared to 1998 for the 0 anticipated effects of rate proceedings in Texas.

Partially offsetting these increases were:

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- annual base rate reductions implemented for Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana and Texas retail customers o in 1998 and 1999 and Entergy Mississippi customers in 1999; and
- reserves recorded by Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana jurisdiction, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New ο Orleans in 1999 for potential rate actions or rate refunds.

In 1998, base revenues decreased primarily due to base rate reductions, reserves for refunds, and other regulatory adjustments totaling \$216.5 million (\$129.0 million net of tax) at Entergy Gulf States.

These rate reductions and other pending rate proceedings are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Rate rider revenues

Rate rider revenues do not affect net income because specific incurred expenses offset them.

In 1999, rate rider revenues decreased \$164.1 million due to a revised Grand Gulf rider implemented at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi. The revised rider eliminated revenues attributable to the Grand Gulf phase-in plans, which were completed in 1998, and implemented the Grand Gulf Accelerated Recovery Tariff (GGART), allowing accelerated recovery and payment of a portion of the two companies' Grand Gulf purchased power obligations. The tariffs became effective in January 1999 and October 1998, respectively.

In 1998, rate rider revenues decreased \$108.6 million due to the decline in the Grand Gulf 1 cost recovery rate rider revenues at Entergy Arkansas, reflecting scheduled reductions in the phase-in plan that was completed in November 1998. Rate rider revenues also decreased due to reductions required by the settlement agreement between the APSC and Entergy Arkansas. The settlement agreement with the APSC is discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Fuel cost recovery revenues

Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset by specific incurred fuel costs.

In 1999, fuel cost recovery revenues increased \$188.7 million primarily due to:

- an increased fuel factor and a new fuel surcharge implemented in Entergy Gulf States' Texas jurisdiction in 1999:
- recovery of higher-priced fuel and purchased power costs at Entergy Louisiana due to nuclear outages at

Waterford 3 in 1999; and

• an increase in the energy cost recovery rate effective April 1999 and the completion of a customer refund obligation in 1998 which lowered 1998 fuel cost recovery at Entergy Arkansas.

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In 1998, fuel cost recovery revenues decreased \$80.6 million primarily due to lower pricing at Entergy Louisiana resulting from a change in generation mix.

Sales volume

In 1998, sales volume increased \$187.3 million as a result of significantly warmer weather at all of the domestic utility companies.

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue increased \$74.3 million primarily due to a change in estimated unbilled revenues for the domestic utility companies. The changed estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenues with regulatory treatment. This change is expected to affect comparisons to applicable prior period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal variations in demand.

In 1998, other revenue decreased \$191 million primarily due to the revenue portion of the gain recognized in December 1997 on the settlement by Entergy Gulf States of litigation with Cajun, the effect of which was partially offset by regulatory reserves recorded at Entergy Gulf States in 1997. Other revenue also decreased due to unfavorable pricing of unbilled revenues resulting from rate reductions at Entergy Gulf States.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale decreased \$50.3 million primarily due to the loss of certain municipal and co-op customer contracts at Entergy Arkansas.

In 1998, sales for resale increased due to increased sales to non-associated companies, particularly at Entergy Arkansas, and increased demand at Entergy Gulf States.

Expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses

In 1999, fuel and purchased power expenses increased due to:

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• higher gas and purchased power prices as well as increased gas usage at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Louisiana;

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- higher fuel recovery due to an increased fuel factor and fuel surcharge in Entergy Gulf States' Texas jurisdiction; and
- an increased energy cost recovery rate in 1999 and the completion of a customer refund obligation in 1998 which lowered 1998 fuel cost recovery at Entergy Arkansas.

These increases were partially offset by decreased fuel expenses at Entergy Mississippi as a result of lower total generation.

Other operation and maintenance expenses

In 1999, other operation and maintenance expenses increased primarily due to increased customer service and reliability improvements throughout the system, increases in storm damage accruals and loss reserves across the system, and increases in maintenance work at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi.

In 1998, other operation and maintenance expenses increased primarily due to the 1997 settlement of litigation with Cajun, which resulted in the transfer of the 30% interest in River Bend owned by Cajun to Entergy Gulf States. Entergy Gulf States' operating expenses in 1998 included 100% of River Bend's operation and maintenance expenses, as compared to 70% of such expenses for the year ended December 31, 1997.

This increase was partially offset by decreased non-refueling outage related contract work and maintenance performed at Entergy Louisiana and lower contract labor, materials and supplies expense, and insurance and materials and supplies refunds at System Energy.

Depreciation and amortization expenses

In 1999, depreciation and amortization expenses decreased due to:

- o lower depreciation at Entergy Gulf States as a result of the write-down of the River Bend abeyed plant as required by the Texas rate settlement and a review of plant in-service dates; and
- reduction in principal payments associated with the sale and leaseback in 1989 of a portion of Grand 0 Gulf 1 at System Energy.

Other regulatory charges

In 1999, other regulatory charges decreased due to:

- lower accruals for transition costs in 1999 at Entergy Arkansas; 0
- a change in the amortization period for deferred River Bend finance charges in the Entergy Gulf States' o Texas retail jurisdiction; and

1998 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

- deferral of Year 2000 costs at Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Louisiana in accordance with an LPSC 0 order.
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These decreases were partially offset by increased charges at System Energy as a result of the implementation of the GGART at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi. . . .

In 1998, other regulatory charges increased primarily due to:

- additional accruals of \$74.0 million (\$45.0 million net of tax) for the transition cost account at Entergy o Arkansas: and 1.11. 6
- the decrease in the under-recovery of Grand Gulf 1-related costs at Entergy Mississippi.

The increase was partially offset by the \$15.3 million (\$9.3 million net of tax) reversal of 1997 reserves at Entergy Arkansas for previously deferred radioactive waste facility costs in December 1998. , and the

Entergy Arkansas' settlement agreement with the APSC established the transition cost account to collect earnings in excess of an allowed return on equity for offset against potential stranded costs when retail access is implemented.

Amortization of rate deferrals

In 1999, amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to the completion of Grand Gulf 1 rate phase-in plans at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi in 1998. These decreases were partially offset by increased amortization at Entergy Gulf States due to a reduction of accounting order deferrals in June 1999 in accordance with the Texas settlement agreement.

In 1998, amortization of rate deferrals decreased because of the completion of rate phase-in plans at Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States (Louisiana jurisdiction), and Entergy Mississippi.

Other

Other income

In 1999, other income increased primarily due to an increase in AFUDC resulting from an adjustment recorded in the third quarter of 1999 on certain capital projects.

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In 1998, other income increased primarily due to lower reserves for regulatory adjustments recorded in 1998 than in 1997 at Entergy Gulf States.

This increase was partially offset by interest income related to the settlement by Entergy Gulf States of litigation with Cajun recorded in December 1997.

Interest charges

In 1999, interest on long-term debt decreased due to retirement and refinancing of long-term debt at the domestic utility companies and System Energy.

Other interest increased in 1999 primarily due to interest on the potential refund of System Energy's proposed rate increase.

In 1998, interest charges decreased due to the retirement of certain long-term debt at the domestic utility companies and System Energy.

Competitive Businesses

Revenues and Sales

Competitive business revenues decreased approximately \$2.8 billion for the year ended December 31, 1999. The decrease was primarily due to the sales of Entergy London and CitiPower in 1998 and decreased sales revenues in the power marketing and trading business. The decreased sales revenues in the power marketing and trading business resulted from decreased electricity trading volume in the peak summer months in 1999 compared to 1998. However, the impact on net income from these decreased revenues was more than offset by decreased fuel and purchased power expenses as discussed below, resulting in a reduction in operating loss for this business for the year ended December 31, 1999. The decrease in revenues was partially offset by an increase for the non-utility nuclear business resulting primarily from acquisition and operation of the Pilgrim plant in 1999.

Competitive business revenues increased \$2.4 billion in 1998 primarily due to increased sales volume in the power marketing and trading business. This business' volume increased dramatically in 1998 due to increased marketing efforts and significantly warmer weather. The impact on net income from these revenues is offset by increased power purchased for resale as discussed below.

Expenses where the design of the second se

Fuel and purchased power expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses decreased for the year ended December 31, 1999, primarily due to:

o the business sales previously discussed;

o decreased electricity trading volume in the power marketing and trading business; and

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• a \$44 million (\$27 million net of tax) counterparty default incurred in 1998 by the power marketing and trading business.

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These decreases are partially offset by increased gas trading volume in the power marketing and trading business.

In 1998, purchased power expenses increased primarily due to significantly increased power trading by the power marketing and trading business. The power marketing and trading business also incurred a \$44 million (\$27 million net of tax) counterparty default in 1998.

Other operation and maintenance expenses

Other operation and maintenance expenses decreased for the year ended December 31, 1999 primarily due to the business sales previously discussed. The decrease was partially offset by:

an increase for the power marketing and trading business resulting primarily from increased risk management and back-office support; and
 an increase for the non-utility nuclear power business resulting primarily from acquisition and operation of the Pilgrim plant in 1999.

In 1998, other operation and maintenance expenses increased primarily due to:

 acquisition of security companies whose operation and maintenance expenses were included in 1998 but not in 1997; and

 higher transmission expenses for the power marketing and trading business due to significantly increased power trading sales volume.

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Other income

Other income decreased for the year ended December 31, 1999, due primarily to the gains recorded in 1998 on the sales of Entergy London of \$327.3 million (\$246.8 million net of tax) and CitiPower of \$29.8 million (\$19.3 million net of tax). The decrease was partially offset by the following:

- o interest income of \$58.5 million in 1999 on the proceeds of the sales of Entergy London and CitiPower;
- o a \$26.7 million (\$17 million net of tax) gain on the sale of Entergy Power Edesur Holdings in June 1999;
- a \$12.9 million (\$8.0 million net of tax) gain on the sale of Entergy Hyperion Telecommunications in June 1999;

- a \$22.0 million (\$6.4 million net of tax) gain on the sale of Entergy Security, Inc. in January 1999, including a true-up recognized in December 1999;
- a \$7.6 million (\$4.9 million net of tax) favorable adjustment to the final sale price of CitiPower in January 1999;
- a \$68.6 million (\$35.9 million net of tax) loss on the sale of Efficient Solutions, Inc. (formerly Entergy Integrated Solutions, Inc.) in September 1998;
- \$32.8 million (\$21.3 million net of tax) of write-downs of Entergy's investments in two Asian projects in 1998; and
- o favorable experience on warranty reserves for the businesses sold during 1998.

In 1998, other income increased primarily due to the gains recorded on the sales of Entergy London of \$327.3 million (\$246.8 million net of tax) and CitiPower of \$29.8 million (\$19.3 million net of tax).

This increase in 1998 was partially offset by:

- the \$68.6 million (\$35.9 million net of tax) loss on the sale of Efficient Solutions, Inc. in September 1998; and
- \$32.8 million (\$21.3 million net of tax) of write-downs of Entergy's investments in electric generation projects in Asia, one of which was sold.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were 37.5%, 25.3%, and 61.0%, respectively. The effective income tax rate increased in 1999 primarily due to the items discussed below that occurred in 1998. The increase was partially offset by the recording of deferred tax benefits in 1999 related to expected utilization of foreign tax credits.

The effective income tax rate decreased in 1998 principally due to:

- the UK windfall profits tax of \$234.1 million at Entergy London recognized in 1997;
- the tax effects of the settlement by Entergy Gulf States of litigation with Cajun in 1997;
- recognition of \$44 million of deferred tax benefits in 1998 related to expected utilization of Entergy's capital loss carryforwards; and
- a \$31.7 million reduction in taxes because of reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 31% to 30% in the third quarter of 1998.

These decreases were partially offset by a reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 33% to 31% in 1997, which lowered taxes in 1997 by \$64.7 million.

ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

		For the Years Ended December 31,			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	an a	1999 1998		<u>1997</u>	
	and an	(In Thou	sands, Except Sh	are Data)	
			د. این فرخت اور بودید	•	
	OPERATING REVENUES	\$6,271,414	\$6,136,322	\$6,538,831	
	Domestic electric		115,355	137,345	
	Natural gas	110,355	-		
114 - L	Steam products	15,852	43,167	43,664	· · ·
the sheet of the	Competitive businesses	2,375,607	5,199,928	2,819,086	
(d) 12	TOTAL	8,773,228	11,494,772	9,538,926	х.
9 - ¹ -				2948 - 1948 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 -	
1. No. 1993	OPERATING EXPENSES				
	Operating and Maintenance:		anares e solo	lan an a	
	Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and				
́;	gas purchased for resale	2,082,875	1,706,028	1,677,041	e Maria de la composición
	Purchased power	2,442,484	4,585,444	2,318,811	· .
14	Nuclear refueling outage expenses	76,057	83,885	73,857	at say
≰/ - €	Other operation and maintenance	1,705,545	1,988,040	1,886,149	
1		45,988	46,750	52,552	
4-11	Decommissioning	339,284	362,153	365,439	
: * *	Taxes other than income taxes	698,881	938,179	927,456	
•	Depreciation and amortization	•	35,136	(18,545)	
	Other regulatory charges (credits) - net	8,113		421,803	
11.11	Amortization of rate deferrals	122,347	237,302		
· . · :) *	TOTAL	7,521,574	9,982,917	7,704,563	
et a la compañía				1 00 4 0 60	
3	OPERATING INCOME	1,251,654	1,511,855	1,834,363	6 1. e. c.
	All the first second		a state and a state	•	
	OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)		المربو ومعتر المربوات وته	· ·	
	Allowance for equity funds used during construction	29,291	12,465	10,057	
	Gain on sale of assets - net	71,926	274,941	26,432	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Miscellaneous - net	154,423	85,618	(236,340)	
	TOTAL	255,640	373,024	(199,851)	·
4 S. 14					• •
	INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES		to produce de la com	STAN STAN	· .
	Interest on long-term debt	476,877	735,601		
	Other interest - net	82,471	65,047	51,624	• • • • •
	Distributions on preferred securities of subsidiaries	18,838	42,628		1
	Distributions on preferred secondics of subsidiants	(22,585)	(10,761)	(7,937)	
u fra un light carrière	Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	555,601	832.515	862,272	
	TOTAL				
		951,693	1,052,364	772,240	
	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	771,073	L JUJ CT	7 mijar 19	
		366 667	766 726	471,341	
	Income taxes	356,667	266,735		
			ACC (00	200 000	
	CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME	595,026	785,629	300,899	
	Preferred dividend requirements and other	42,567	46,560	53,216	
	•				
	EARNINGS APPLICABLE TO				
	COMMON STOCK	\$552,459	\$739,069	\$247,683	
	Earnings per average common share:	ED 05	\$3.00	\$1.03	
	Basic and diluted	\$2.25			
	Dividends declared per common share	\$1.20	\$1.50	\$1.80	
	Average number of common shares outstanding:				
				A 4 A A A A A C 3 A	
	Basic	245,127,460	246,396,469 246,572,328	240,207,539 240,347,697	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

				For the Years Ended December 3 1999 1998		
and the second	stê de statistique	NAR STRAT		(In Thousands)	1997	
				(12 1 10 134 103)		
	ERATING ACTI		<u></u>	· 2. 19 14 14.5		
Consolidated net income			\$595,026	\$785,629	\$300,89	
Noncash items included in net in	acome:	i.		and the second		
Gain on Cajun Settlement	· · · · ·		-	·法律所的第一日 · · · ·	(246,02)	
Amortization of rate deferrals			122,347	237,302	421,80	
Reserve for regulatory adjustment			10,531	130,603	381,28	
Other regulatory charges (credits			8,113	35,136	(18,54	
Depreciation, amortization, and o			744,869	(1 A March) 984,929	980,00	
Deferred income taxes and invest			(204,644)	(64,563)	(252,95	
Allowance for equity funds used	during constructio	n	(29,291)	(12,465)	(10,05	
Gain on sale of assets - net	- Contractor		(71,926)	(274,941)	(26,43)	
Changes in working capital (net	of effects from a	cquisitions and dispos	itions):	nen an		
Receivables			9,246	24,176	(99,41)	
Fuel inventory			² (1,359)		20,27	
Accounts payable	N 2.55	•	35,233	31,229	181,243	
Taxes accrued		· · ·	158,733	58,505	143,151	
Interest accrued		1 1 1 1	(56,552)-	(37,937)*** ¹	(9,849	
Deferred fuel			(71,072)		(28,412	
Other working capital accounts	et el A		45,285	43,209	(102,303	
Provision for estimated losses and		1	(59,464)	(133,880)	(22,423	
Changes in other regulatory assets			(36,379)	(13,684)	28,016	
Proceeds from settlement of Cajun	litigation	• • • • • •	-	-	102,299	
Other Hat Act	. A		108,673	(49,996)	50,204	
Net cash flow provided by opera	ting activities	· · · ·	1,307,369	1,752,698	1,792,771	
			A STANDARD AND	1: 12: 9 (6 F)		
	ESTING ACTIV	TTIES		(1) The second secon		
Construction/capital expenditures			(1,195,750)	(1,143,612)	(847,223)	
Allowance for equity funds used du	uring construction	C.N. 4 T 4	29,291	12,465	10,057	
Nuclear fuel purchases	AND		(137,649)	(102,747)	(89,237	
Proceeds from sale/leaseback of nu	clear fuel		137,093	128,210	144,442	
Proceeds from sale of businesses			351,082	2,275,014	54,153	
nvestment in other nonregulated/n			(81,273)	(85,014)	(2,039,370	
Proceeds from notes receivable	tala anti-		956,356	計一日 添ん像手960輪にんし	-	
Purchase of other temporary invest		- S.C	(321,351)	(947,444)	-	
Decommissioning trust contribution		inge in trust assets	(61,766) ((73,641)	169 120	
					(00,139	
Other	(i)	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	(42,258)	instant for the temperatury	• •	
		vities	(42;258) (366,225)	63,231 (* 1)	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used	in) investing activ	alay in an	(366,225)	63,231	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used	in) investing activ	alay in an	(366,225)		(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	in) investing activ	alaa baa	(366,225)	63,231	(15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225)	63,231 (* <u>31</u> 93) (* 20 ⁰ 20) (* 20) 10 20) (20) (* 20)	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	in) investing activ		(366,225)	63,231 , (* <u>51)</u> 918 (* 1997) (* 1976) (* 1976)	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	in) investing activ		(366,225)	63,231 (* <u>31</u> 93) (* 20 ⁰ 20) (* 20) 10 20) (20) (* 20)	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	in) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 7) 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	63,231, (* <u>33</u> *14 (* 39) *143 *6 20,2 - 24 27) 10, 10 - 24 27) 10 - 24 2	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (ased See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 7) 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	63,231, (* 2 <u>31</u> *13, (* 24*) ³ (* 25, (* 20, 20)) (* 20, 20, 20) (* 20, 20) (* 20, 20) (* 2	(15,966	
Net cash flow provided by (ased See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 5) 5 - 4 (7,6 7) 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -	63,231, (* <u>33</u> *14 (* 394***) *143 ** 2010 **14 	(15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 (Arror of 11 5 (Arror of 	63,231. (* 33) *1.5 (* 34) *1.5 (* 20.3 - 20. 37) 1.5 (* 20.5) (* 20. *1 20. * 20. (* 20. * 20. * 20. * 20. * 20. (* 20. * 20. * 20. * 20. * 20.	(15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 7 - 4 - 5 - 4 - 4 - 4 7 - 4 - 5 - 4 7 - 6 - 5 - 5 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8	63,231 (* 33 *13 (* 34) *1 (* 31) (* 31) (* 3 (* 34) *1 (* 31) (* 3 (* 34)) (* 3 ((15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 7 - 4 - 5 - 4 - 4 - 4 7 - 4 - 5 - 4 7 - 6 - 5 - 5 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 6 - 6 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8 - 7 8 8	63,231 (* 33 *13 (* 34) *1 (* 31) (* 31) (* 3 (* 34) *1 (* 31) (* 3 (* 34)) (* 3 ((15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5	63,231 (* 33 *13 (* 34****) (* 33 (* 20.2)) (* 3 201 (32.5) (* 3 201 (* 3) (* 3) (* 3) ((15,966)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5	63,231, 1993	(68,139) (15,966) (2,851,283)	
Net cash flow provided by (used See Notes to Financial Statements.	In) investing activ		(366,225) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5 - 4 (7,6 2) 7 5	63,231 (* 33 *13 (* 34****) (* 33 (* 20.2)) (* 3 201 (32.5) (* 3 201 (* 3) (* 3) (* 3) ((15,966)	

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	and the second second second second		For the Years Ended December 31,		
• •	¥		1999	1998	1997
	1. fr. 1. 1.	jar yt	, 	(In Thousands)	
FI	NANCING AC	TIVITIES		50 S	
Proceeds from the issuance of:		KOR SIS	1,113,370	1,904,074	2,047,282
Long-term debt			1,113,370	43204,014 •	382,323
Preferred securities of subsidiar	y trusts and par	rtnerships	- 15,320		305,379
Common stock		 A many set of the se	13,320	•	,.
Retirement of:			(1,195,451)		(751,669
Long-term debt		a Carlo and a	(245,004)		-
Repurchase of common stock		15. N	(98,597)		(124,367
Redemption of preferred stock			(165,506)		142,025
Changes in short-term borrowing	is - net	and a second	(100,000)	g g and a star	
Dividends paid:		and the	(291,483)	(373,441)	(438,183
Common stock	2 NO	A. 6.95	(43,621)		(51,270
Preferred stock		and and and and an	(910,972		1,511,520
Net cash flow provided by (use	d in) Ilnancia	8 activities			
Effect of exchange rates on cas	ih and cash eq	nivalents			(11,164
Net increase in cash and cash	- 	en e	<u>29,224</u>	353,948	441,844
				000 547	199 703
Cash and cash equivalents at k	eginning of p	eriod	1,184,495		388,703
Cash and cash equivalents at e	end of period		\$1,213,719	\$1,184,495	\$830,547
۶.°.,				(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	17
5. S		2000 - 2000 2000 - 2000		22 180 2 - 10 10 10 10 10	
م بحر) حور -					
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSU	RE OF CASH	FLOW INFORMATION:	and the second secon		
Cash paid during the period for		ing investored and in the second s	\$601,739	\$833,728	\$831,307
Interest - net of amount capital	hized		\$373,537		\$390,238
Income taxes					
Noncash investing and financia	ng activities:	$(r = 3) \ge 1$		2 0 000	
Change in unrealized appreci	ation of	S. S. Asia	\$41,582		\$30,951
decommissioning trust asse	13	.: 2197 	• • • • • •		\$21,464
Treasury shares issued to acqui	ire security bus	incss .		5 St. 1.	\$319,050
Net assets acquired from Cajur Decommissioning trust fund a	a settlement	ilarian acmusition	\$ 471,284	•	
Decommissioning trust tunu a	cquireu nom r	ngi un acquisición		•	
See Notes to Financial Stateme	nts	11512			•
See 140123 10 1 maneral ballening					
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	2024), 10 to 10	transfer and the second second			

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS ÷ 1

	1999	<u>iber 31,</u> 1998	
		usands)	
		· ,	
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents:		2 - 2	
Cash			i versaria.
Temporary cash investments - at cost,	\$108,198	\$386,764	an a
which approximates market			
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,105,521	797,731	
• • •	1,213,719	1,184,495	1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Other temporary investments - at cost,			1 - 21 C - 21
which approximates market	321,351	•	664 A
Notes receivable	2,161	959,328	a to a Margania Anglo i
Accounts receivable:		·	all the second second
Customer	290,331	280,648	nakt is latin to ha
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,507)	(10,300)	4 M 4
Other	207,898	197,362	
Accrued unbilled revenues	298,616	245,350	
Total receivables	787,338	713,060	219 C
Deferred fuel costs	240,661	169,589	in water the off in the second in
Fuel inventory - at average cost	94,419	90,408	
Materials and supplies - at average cost	392,403	374,674	$(1,1,1) \in (1,1,1)$, $(1,1,1$
Rate deferrals	30,394	37,507	
Deferred nuclear refueling outage costs	58,119	37,138	alan sayayu ku
Prepayments and other	78,567		
TOTAL	3,219,132	77,749	HAR SLADES SHO
		5,045,548	
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS	_	tell agent al la d	Linha tugʻi batis
Investment in subsidiary companies - at equity	214	214	
Decommissioning trust funds	1,246,023	709,018	
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	317,165	275,421	
Non-regulated investments	198,003	487,586	
Other - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	16,714	16,041	
TOTAL	1,778,119	1,488,280	
UTILITY PLANT			
Electric	- 23,163,161		
Plant acquisition adjustment		22,704,572	
Property under capital lease	406,929	423,195	
Natural gas	768,500	789,045	
Steam products	186,041	183,621	and the state of the
Construction work in progress	-	80,537	9 Maria - 54 Lo 90 M
Nuclear fuel under capital lease	1,500,617	911,278	
Nuclear fuel	286,476	282,595	
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	87,693	29,690	a de la companya de l
	26,399,417	25,404,533	
ess - accumulated depreciation and amortization	10,898,661	10,075,951	
UTILITY PLANT - NET	15,500,756	15,328,582	
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS			
Regulatory assets:			
Rate deferrals	16,581	125,095	
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	1,068,006	-	
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt		1,141,318	
Other regulatory assets	198,631	191,786	
ong-term receivables	637,870	528,179	
Other	32,260	34,617	
TOTAL	533,732	354,889	
(CERL)	2,487,080	2,375,884	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

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	Decembe	
	1999	1998
	(In Thous	ands)
CURRENT LIABILITIES		- 1
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$194,555	\$255,221
Notes payable	120,715	296,790
Accounts payable	707,678	522,072
Customer deposits	161,909	148,972
Faxes accrued	445,677	284,847
Accumulated deferred income taxes	72,640	31,970
Nuclear refueling outage costs	11,216	16,991
Interest accrued	129,028	185,688
Co-owner advances	7,018	4,073
Digations under capital leases	178,247	176,270
	125,749	58,90
Other FOTAL	2,154,432	1,981,80
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES	3,310,340	3,538,332
Accumulated deferred income taxes	519,910	565,74
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	205,464	220,20
Obligations under capital leases		43,15
FERC settlement - refund obligation	37,337	153,16
Other regulatory liabilities	199,139	243,40
Decommissioning	703,453	90,62
Transition to competition	157,034	•
Regulatory reserves	378,307	674,31 252,32
Accumulated provisions	279,425	498,98
Other	<u> </u>	6,280,25
TOTAL	0,525,505	0,200,23
Long-term debt	6,612,583	
Preferred stock with sinking fund	69,650	167,52
Preference stock	150,000	150,00
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable		
preferred securities of subsidiary trusts holding		
solely junior subordinated deferrable debentures	215,000	215,00
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock without sinking fund	338,455	338,45
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 500,000,000		
shares; issued 247,082,345 shares in 1999 and		
246,829,076 shares in 1998	2,471	2,46
Paid-in capital	4,636,163	4,630,60
Retained earnings	2,786,467	2,526,88
Accumulated other comprehensive loss:		
Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment	(68,782)	(46,739
Net unrealized investment losses	(5,023)	
Less - treasury stock, at cost (8,045,434 shares in 1999 and	· .	
208,907 shares in 1998)	231,894	6,18
TOTAL	7,457,857	7,445,49
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 9,10, and 11)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$22,985,087	\$22,836,69
IUTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS LEGTT		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, AND PAID-IN CAPITAL

		• .		For the Years End	ed December 31		
		1999)	19	98	199	7
	2011 (198)			(In Thou	isands)		
RETAINED EARNINGS							
Retained Earnings - Beginning of period	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$2,526,888		\$2,157,912		\$2,341,703	
Add - Earnings applicable to common stock		552,459	\$552,459	739,069	\$739,069	247,683	\$247,683
Deduct:							
Dividends declared on common stock	• *	294,352		369,498		433 368	
Capital stock and other expenses		(1,472)		595		432,268	
Total	• •	292,880		370,093		(794)	
		272,000		370,093		431,474	
Retained Earnings - End of period		\$2,786,467		\$2,526,888		\$2,157,912	
· · · ·							
	41.00				• •		
					1+ 1+		
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSI	VE INCOME					•	
(LOSS):						•	
Balance at beginning of period		(\$46,739)		(\$69,817)		\$21,725	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(22,043)	(22,043)	23,078	23.078	(91,542)	(91,542)
Net unrealized investment losses	•• • •	(5,023)	(5,023)	•		-	-
Balance at end of period	45 ²¹	(\$73,805)		(\$46,739)		(\$69,817)	
Comprehensive Income		-	\$525,393	÷	\$762,147	5.00	\$156,141
	1						
					ty:		
	···· ·				1. S.	. •	
	• •				.s. ¹¹	#* *	
PAID-IN CAPITAL					· · · · · ·	ta tat	
Paid-in Capital - Beginning of period		\$4,630,609		\$4,613,572		\$4,320,591	
Add:	•						
Gain on reacquisition of subsidiaries' preferre	ad nemele						
Common stock issuances related to stock pla		5,554		-		273	
Total	113	5,554		<u> </u>		292,870	
	• "			17,037	* 1	293,143	
Deduct:				· ·	1 (1) (1) (1) (1)		
Capital stock discount and other expenses		+		•	•	162	
Total					· · · · ·	162	
				· · · · ·			
aid-in Capital - End of period		\$4,636,163		\$4,630,609		\$4,613,572	
				1. Liv			
				1. A 1997			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

	1999	1998 (1)	1997 (2)	<u> 1996 (3) </u>			
	(In Thousands, Except Percentages and Per Share Amounts)						
Operating revenues	\$ 8,773,228	\$ 11,494,772	\$ 9,538,926	\$ 7,163,526 \$ 400,563	\$ 6,273,072 \$ 562,534 (5)		
Consolidated net income	\$ 595,026	\$ 785,629	\$ 300,899	\$ 490,563	y 302,334 (3)		
Earnings per share	\$ 2.25	\$ 3,00	\$ 1.03	\$ 1.83	\$ 2.13 (5)		
Basic and Diluted Dividends declared per share	\$ 1.20	\$ 1,50	\$ 1.80	\$ 1.80	\$ 1.80		
Return on average common equity	7.77%	10.71%	3.71%	6.41% \$28.51	8.11% \$28.41		
Book value per share, year-end Total assets	\$ 29.78 \$ 22,985,087	\$ 28.82 \$ 22,836,694	\$ 27.23 \$ 27,000,700	\$ 22,956,025	\$22,265,930		
Long-term obligations (4)	\$ 7,252,697		\$ 10,154,330	\$ 8,335,150	\$ 7,484,248		

(1) Includes the effects of the sale of London Electricity and CitiPower in December 1998.

(2) Includes the effects of the London Electricity acquisition in February 1997.

(3) Includes the effects of the CitiPower acquisition in January 1996.

(4) Includes long-term debt (excluding currently maturing debt), preferred stock with sinking fund, preference stock, preferred securities of subsidiary trusts and partnership, and noncurrent capital lease obligations.

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(5) Represents income before cumulative effect of accounting changes.

	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995				
	······································	(Dollars In Thousands)							
Operating Revenues:					80 1 <i>77 34</i> 9				
Residential	\$2,231,091	\$2,299,317	\$2,271,363	\$2,277,647	\$2,177,348				
Commercial	1,502,267	1,513,050	1,581,878	1,573,251	1,491,818				
Industrial	1,878,363	1,829,085	2,018,625	1,987,640	1,810,045				
Governmental	163,403	172,368	171,773	169,287	154,032				
Total retail	5,775,124	5,813,820	6,043,639	6,007,825	5,633,243				
Sales for resale	397,844	448,842	359,881	376,011	334,874				
	98,446	(126,340)	135,311	67,104	119,901				
Other (1) Total	\$6,271,414	\$6,136,322	\$6,538,831	\$6,450,940	\$6,088,018				
Billed Electric Energy									
Sales (GWH):									
Residential	30,631	30,935	28,286	28,303	27,704				
Commercial	23,775	23,177	21,671	21,234	20,719				
	43,549	43,453	44,649	44,340	42,260				
Industrial	2,564	2,659	2,507	2,449	2,311				
Governmental	100,519	100,224	97,113	96,326	92,994				
Total retail	•	-	9,707	10,583	10,471				
Sales for resale	9,714	11,187		106,909	103,465				
Total	110,233	111,411	106,820	100,909					

(1) 1998 includes the effect of a reserve for rate refund at Entergy Gulf States.

- 69 -

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy Arkansas, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entergy Arkansas, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income

Net income decreased in 1999 primarily due to decreased electric operating revenues and increased operation and maintenance expenses, partially offset by lower regulatory charges.

Net income decreased in 1998 primarily due to decreased electric operating revenues which were partially offset by lower operation and maintenance expenses and lower interest charges.

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Revenues and Sales

The changes in electric operating revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows:

		Increase/(De	crease) 👘 👘
•	Description	1999	1998
	Distription	(In Millio	ons)
	Base summer	\$4 .5	(\$7.0)
1730 -	Base revenues	(68.2)	(106.0)
	Rate riders Fuel cost recovery	36.4	(21.8)
t sur	Sales volume/weather	3.8	55.8
.)• . • •	Other revenue (including unbilled)	(25.2)	11.4
		(18.1)	(39.4)
	Sales for resale Total	(\$66.8)	(\$107.0)

Rate riders

Rate rider revenues have no material effect on net income because specific incurred expenses offset them.

In 1999, rate rider revenues decreased as a result of a revised Grand Gulf rider, which includes the completion of the Grand Gulf 1 phase-in plan in November 1998, partially offset by the Grand Gulf Accelerated Recovery Tariff (GGART). The GGART is designed to allow Entergy Arkansas to pay down a portion of its Grand Gulf purchased power obligation in advance of the implementation of retail access in Arkansas. The rider and GGART became effective with the first billing cycle in January 1999. The GGART is discussed further in Note 2 to the financial statements.

In 1998, rate rider revenues decreased primarily due to a decline in the Grand Gulf 1 cost recovery rate rider revenues. This decline reflects scheduled reductions in the phase-in plan, which was completed in November 1998, and reductions required by the settlement agreement with the APSC. This agreement is discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Fuel cost recovery

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Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset by specific incurred fuel costs.

Fuel cost recovery revenues increased in 1999 due to an increase in the energy cost recovery factor, effective in April 1999, and the completion of a customer refund obligation in 1998, which lowered 1998 fuel cost recovery.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

In 1998, fuel cost recovery revenues decreased due to unfavorable pricing resulting from a change to a fixed fuel factor in January 1998, partially offset by an increase in generation.

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue decreased primarily as a result of a change in estimated unbilled revenues and, to a lesser extent, less favorable weather for the unbilled period of 1999. The changed estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenue with its regulatory treatment. The change in estimate is expected to affect comparisons of revenue applicable to prior period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal impacts on demand. and the second sec aperial contraction and the second

In 1998, other revenue, primarily unbilled, increased as a result of significantly warmer weather as compared to 1997.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale decreased due to the loss of certain municipal and co-op customer contracts.

In 1998, sales for resale decreased primarily due to a decrease in sales to associated companies. The decrease resulted from reduced generation due to outages at both ANO1 and ANO2 and restricted generation due to disruption in coal deliveries during the second quarter of 1998. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in sales revenue from non-associated companies as a result of short-term contracts with certain wholesale customers.

Expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses

In 1999, fuel expenses increased primarily due to:

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o higher-priced gas generation as a result of refueling outages at ANO1 and ANO2, a mid-cycle maintenance outage at ANO2, limited coal capability at White Bluff during parts of the year, and displacement of higher priced purchased power;

- o increased purchased power costs due to higher market prices in July and August 1999; and
- an increase in the energy cost recovery rate in April 1999 and the completion of a customer refund 0 obligation in 1998 which lowered 1998 fuel cost recovery.

The increase in the energy cost recovery rate allows Entergy Arkansas to recover previously under-recovered fuel expenses. and the second second

In 1998, fuel expenses decreased primarily due to the impact of the under-recovered deferred fuel cost in excess of the fixed fuel factor implemented in January 1998, billed to retail customers.

Other operation and maintenance

Other operation and maintenance expenses increased for 1999 primarily due to increased customer service costs related to tree trimming around power lines, increased employee pension and benefits costs, and increased plant maintenance costs.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Other regulatory charges

In 1999, other regulatory charges decreased primarily as a result of lower accruals for transition costs in 1999, partially offset by the 1998 reversal of the 1997 reserve recorded for the low-level radioactive waste facility.

In 1998, other regulatory charges increased as a result of additional accruals for the transition cost account, partially offset by a small over-recovery of Grand Gulf 1 related costs and the reversal of the 1997 reserve for previously deferred radioactive waste facility costs.

The transition cost account is discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Amortization of rate deferrals

In 1999, amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to the November 1998 completion of the Grand Gulf 1 rate phase-in plan. These phase-ins had no material effect on net income.

In 1998, the amortization of Grand Gulf 1 rate deferrals decreased due to a decrease in the amortization prescribed in the Grand Gulf 1 rate phase-in plan, which was completed in November 1998.

Other

Other income

Other income decreased in 1999 due to reduced miscellaneous non-operating income, reduced other interest income, and the completion in 1998 of the amortization of Grand Gulf 1 carrying charges, which was partially offset by accruals for equity funds used during construction. Other interest income includes income from intercompany loans. The allowance for equity funds used during construction increased due to capital charges on projects in 1999.

Other income decreased in 1998 due to reduced Grand Gulf 1 carrying charges as a result of a decline in the deferral balance, which does not impact net income.

Interest charges

Interest charges decreased in 1999 due to the retirement of certain long-term debt and decreased borrowings for funds used during construction. These decreases were partially offset by an adjustment for interest expense on an income tax settlement from prior years.

Interest charges decreased in 1998 due to the retirement of certain long-term debt.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were 43.8 %, 39.1% and 31.6%, respectively.

The effective income tax rate increased in 1999 primarily is due to accelerated tax depreciation deductions, for which deferred taxes have not been normalized, reflecting a shorter tax life on certain assets.

The effective income tax rate increased in 1998 primarily due to the reversal of previously recorded AFUDC amounts included in depreciation.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

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For the Years Ended December 31, 1999 1998 1997 (In Thousands) **OPERATING REVENUES** Domestic electric \$1,541,894 \$1,608,698 \$1,715,714 **OPERATING EXPENSES Operating and Maintenance:** Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and gas purchased for resale 257,946 204,318 254,703 Purchased power 455.425 419,947 419,128 Nuclear refueling outage expenses 29.857 32,046 27,969 Other operation and maintenance 389,462 358,006 360,860 Decommissioning 10,670 15,583 17,306 Taxes other than income taxes 36,669 37,223 36,700 Depreciation and amortization 161,234 165,853 149,346 Other regulatory charges - net 5,230 45,658 29,686 Amortization of rate deferrals 75,249 153.141 TOTAL 1,346,493 1,353,883 1,448,839 1992 N . . **OPERATING INCOME** 254,815 195,401 266,875 **OTHER INCOME** Allowance for equity funds used during construction 12,866 5,921 3,563 Gain on sale of assets 1,777 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ 113 5 Miscellaneous - net 3,622 12,292 18,550 TOTAL 16,488 19,990 22,226 INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES Interest on long-term debt 80,800 86,772 95,122 9 Other interest - net 11,123 4,813 3,943 Distributions on preferred securities of subsidiary 5,100 5,100 5,100 Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction (8,459) (4,205) (2,261) TOTAL 88,564 92,480 101,904 **INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES** 123,325 182,325 187,197 Income taxes 54,012 71,374 59,220 NET INCOME 69,313 110,951 127,977 Preferred dividend requirements and other 10,854 10,201 10,988 **EARNINGS APPLICABLE TO** . 14 **COMMON STOCK** \$58,459 \$100,750 \$116,989 \$. .

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

			Contraction and the second sec	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	For the 1999	Years Ended December 31, 1998	1997
		1777	(In Thousands)	
			(
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$69,313	\$110,951	\$127,977
et income			2 y .	
oncash items included in net income:			75,249	153,14
Amortization of rate deferrals		5,230	45,658	29,68
Other regulatory charges - net		171,904	181,436	166,653
Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning		22,421	(12,293)	(77,81-
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits		(12,866)	(5,921)	(3,56
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		(12,000)	(1,777)	(11)
Gain on sale of assets			and the second	
hanges in working capital:		40,375	61,143	(14,82
Receivables		(4,633)	. te Giule - 8,317	29,15
Fuel inventory		56,985	(7,911)	(25,45
Accounts payable		•	(8,742)	23,13
Taxes accrued		(30,054)	(3,541)	1,20
Interest accrued		(2,908)	(3,241)	(9,28
Deferred fuel costs		(429)	(57,435)	(93
Other working capital accounts		2,444	(6,845)	9,59
rovision for estimated losses and reserves		(8,116)	2,032	-
Changes in other regulatory assets		45,898	(13,029)	(7,15
		(42,249)	41,499	33,37
Ther Net cash flow provided by operating activities		313,315	408,791	434,76
tet cash now provided by operating sectores	-			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	· · · · ·			(140.01
Construction expenditures		(238,009)	(190,459)	(140,91
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	້າ 2.1 	12,866	9,921	3,56
Nuclear fuel purchases		(32,517)	(45,845)	(59,10
Nuclear fuel purchases Proceeds from sale/leaseback of nuclear fuel		32,517	42,055	59,06
Decommissioning trust contributions and realized	and " in the state	States States and States	and the second of the	
		(17,746)	(25,929)	(24,9
change in trust assets		(242,889)	(214,257)	(162,34
Net cash flow used in investing activities	•			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		en e	•	
Proceeds from issuance of:	and a second a second of the second sec	• • • • • • • •	• • •	100.54
		-	- 	129,56
Long-term debt			A NO REPORTED AND A REPORT	
Retirement of:		(39,607)	(151,424)	(117,58
Long-term debt		(22,666)	(9,000)	(9,00
Redemption of preferred stock				
Dividends paid:		(82,700)	(92,600)	(128,60
Common stock	•	(11.696)	(10,407)	(11,19
FICICITED SLOCK		(156,669)	(263,431)	(136,8)
Net cash flow used in financing activities				
() () to so the and each conjugate		(86,243)	(68,897)	135,6
Net increase (decreasé) in cash and cash equivalents	فأتعف أنأعهم المير	itian in the second	and the second secon	
the second second second second second		93,105	162,002	26,3
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$6,862	\$93,105	\$162,0
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INF	ORMATION:		* * ¥ *	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF GRANT BOOT				
Cash paid during the period for.		\$94,872	\$95,050	\$98,0
Interest - net of amount capitalized		\$61,273	\$91,407	\$111,3
Income taxes				
Noncash investing and financing activities:			a	
Change in unrealized appreciation of decommissioning trust assets		\$22,980	\$26,782	\$22,3

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

na an a		Decem	iber 31,
		1999	1998
		(In The	usands)
(TIDDENT ASSETS		2 4 T. 1	tera e e construction de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la constru Construcción de la construcción de l
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents:		2 ** '. K	1947 al de la constante de la c
Cash		* < * <	00.014
Temporary cash investments - at cost,		\$6,862	\$9,814
which approximates market	. 44	stana a esta	ad ad.
Total cash and cash equivalents		-	83,291
Accounts receivable:	·	6,862	93,105
Customer		72.267	a star weath an area
Allowance for doubtful accounts		73,357	72,234
Associated companies		(1.768)	(1,753).
Other		27,073	50,145
Accrued unbilled revenues		5,583	4,510
Total receivables	- <u></u>	53,600	73,083
Deferred fuel costs		157,845	198;219
Fuel inventory - at average cost		41,620	41,191
Materials and supplies - at average cost		24,485	19,852
Deferred nuclear refueling outage costs		85,612 ^{.9}	89,033
Prepayments and other	•;	28,119	17,787
TOTAL		6,480	5,557
		351,023	464,744
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS			1972 N 1985
Investment in subsidiary companies - at equity		11,215	11,213
Decommissioning trust funds		344,011	303,286
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)		1,463	1,468
Other - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)		3,033	3,602
TOTAL		359,722	319,569
UTILITY PLANT			a di sa
Electric		4,854,433	4,731,699
Property under capital lease		44,471	49,415
Construction work in progress		267,091	201,853
Nuclear fuel under capital lease		85,725	95,589
Nuclear fuel		9,449	•
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT		5,261,169	5,078,556
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization		2,401,021	2,275,170
UTILITY PLANT - NET		2,860,148	2,803,386
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS	A. 2 (4)	ditta valet.	
Regulatory assets:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and and and a	
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	4 C 2 M 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	192:344	248,275
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt		48,193	51,747
Other regulatory assets	r	106,959	96,927
Other			20,327
TOTAL	i	<u>14,125</u> 361,621	<u> </u>
		501,021	418,932
FOTAL ASSETS	\$:	3,932,514	\$4,006,651
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See Notes to Financial Statements.		a de la companya de l	The second second

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

ng di gan ngina kana kana sina bina kana kana sa sarata. Ngina	Decen	1ber 31,		
	1999	1998		
160000 (k. 1600)	(In The	(In Thousands)		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(19 ⁻)	and the		
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$220	\$1,094		
Notes payable	667	667		
Accounts payable:	•			
Associated companies	81,958	47,963		
Other	102,959	79,969		
Customer deposits	26,320	25,196		
Taxes accrued	38,532	68,585		
Accumulated deferred income taxes	38,649	2 4,162		
Interest accrued	22,378	25,285		
Co-owner advances	15,338	4,073		
Obligations under capital leases	55,150	64,068		
Other	11,598	16,183		
TOTAL	393,769	357,245		
	ter i transmission	s yaas in Lise na		
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES				
Accumulated deferred income taxes	713,622	756,571		
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	94,852	98,768		
Obligations under capital leases	75,045	80,936		
Other regulatory liabilities	88,563	65,583		
Transition to competition	109,933	90,623		
Accumulated provisions	43,288	51,404		
Other	51,080	56,400		
TOTAL	1,176,383	1,200,285		
Long-term debt	1,130,801	1,172,285		
Preferred stock with sinking fund	•	22,027		
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable				
preferred securities of subsidiary trust holding				
solely junior subordinated deferrable debentures	60,000	60,000		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Preferred stock without sinking fund	116,350	116,350		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 325,000,000				
shares; issued and outstanding 46,980,196 shares in 1999				
and 1998	470	470		
Paid-in capital	591,127	590,134		
Retained earnings	463,614	487,855		
TOTAL	1,171,561	1,194,809		
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 9, and 10)				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$3,932,514	\$4,006,651		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

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			For the Ye	ars Ended Dec	ember 31,
•• •• •• • •	Exception Contraction of the Con		1999	1998	1997
و دینه د د محمد د ترجی دینه	ana an		(In Thousands)	
Retained Earnings	s, January 1		\$487,855	\$479,705	\$491,316
Add:	t and a second sec			i sa tas	
Net income			69,313		127,977
Deduct:	A Maria				
Dividends decla	ared				·
Preferred stock			9,223	10 201	10,988
Common stock			82,700	92,600	
	xpenses and other		1,631	-	
Total			93,554	102,801	139,588
	77 4. F.4 1997 - Constantino de Constante 1997 - Constante de Constante de Constante de Constante de Constante de Constante 1997 - Constante de				
Retained Earnings	s, December 31 (Note 8)		\$463,614	\$487,855	\$479,705
		د مان مانی			
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See Notes to Finar	ncial Statements.			www.clifettic.com	•
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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

a da ante a	<u> 1999 </u>	•	<u>1997</u> In Thousands)	<u>1996</u>	
	\$1,541,894			\$1,743,433	\$1,648,233
Net income	\$ 69,313	\$ 110,951	\$ 127,977	\$ 157,798	\$ 136,665 (2)
Total assets	\$3,932,514	\$4,006,651	* \$4,106,877 • • •	\$4,153,817	\$4,204,415
Long-term obligations (1)	* \$1,265,846		\$1,419,728		\$1,423,804
(1) Includes long-term debt (ex securities of subsidiary trus	cluding currently i t, and noncurrent c	maturing debt), apital lease obli	preferred stock gations.		nd, preferred
(2) Represents income before c	umulative effect of	accounting char	nges.		
auffat usektragen abtabatafistere	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
			llars In Thousa		
Electric Operating Revenues:		-		* * *	-
Residential	\$533,245	\$562,325	\$551,821	\$546,100	\$542,862
Commercial	288,677	288,816	332,715	323,328	318,475
Industrial	335,824	330,016	372,083	364,943	362,854
Governmental	14,606	14,640	18,200	16,989	17,084
Total retail	1,172,352	1,195,797	1,274,819	1,251,360	1,241,275
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	178,150	149,603	213,845	248,211	178,885
Non-associated companies	193,449	240,090	215,249	207,887	195,844
Other	(2,057)	23,208	11,801	35,975	32,229
Total	\$1,541,894	\$1,608,698	\$1,715,714	\$1,743,433	\$1,648,233
Billed Electric Energy			÷		
Sales (GWH):					
Residential	6,493	6,613	5,988	6,023	5,868
Commercial	4,880	4,773	4,445	4,390	4,267
Industrial	7,054	6,837	6,647	6,487	6,314
Governmental	237	233	239	234	243
Total retail	18,664	18,456	17,319	17,134	16,692
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	7,592	6,500	9,557	10,471	8,386
Non-associated companies	4,868	5,948	6,828	6,720	5,066
Total	31,124	30,904	33,704	34,325	30,144

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy Gulf States, Inc.:

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In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

Net Income

Net income increased in 1999 primarily due to increased unbilled revenues, decreased provisions for rate refunds in 1999, decreased depreciation and amortization expenses, and decreased interest expense, partially offset by increased operation and maintenance expenses.

Net income in 1998 would have increased approximately 19% compared to 1997, excluding the following net-of-tax items: rate reserves of \$129.0 million recorded in 1998; rate reserves of \$227.0 million recorded in 1997; the write-off of radioactive waste facilities of \$7.4 million recorded in 1997; and the 1997 recording of \$146.6 million to income relating to the settlement of litigation with Cajun. The increase in 1998, excluding these items, was due to decreased operating expenses, partially offset by increased income taxes.

Revenues and Sales

Electric operating revenues

The changes in electric operating revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows: A specification of the second second second . 1.

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	Increase/(D	ecrease)
Description	1999	1998
	(In Milli	ions)
and the second	the second second	
Base revenues	\$146.4	(\$228.3)
Fuel cost recovery	104.9	1.6
Sales volume/weather	1.0	61.2
Other revenue (including unbilled)	31.3	(171.5)
Sales for resale	21.2	53.1
en en la servició de trategio de Total trata de la servició de la servició de la servició de la servició de la	\$304.8	(\$283.9)
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	· ·

Base revenues

In 1999, base revenues increased due to:

a \$93.6 million reversal in June 1999 of regulatory reserves associated with the accelerated amortization of accounting order deferrals in conjunction with the settlement agreement in Entergy Gulf States' Texas November 1996 and 1998 rate filings. The settlement agreement was approved by the PUCT in June 1999. The net income effect of this reversal is largely offset by the amortization of rate deferrals • 1.1.1.1.1.1.1 discussed below; and

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a reduction in the amount of reserves recorded in 1999 compared to 1998 for the anticipated effects of a rate proceedings in Texas.

Partially offsetting these increases were:

annual base rate reductions of \$87 million and \$18 million that were implemented for Louisiana retail 0 customers in February and August 1998, respectively;

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- annual base rate reductions of \$69 million and \$4.2 million that were implemented for Texas retail customers in December 1998 and March 1999, respectively; and
- reserves recorded in the Louisiana jurisdiction in 1999 for the estimated outcomes of annual earnings o reviews.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In 1998, base revenues decreased due to base rate reductions and reserves for refunds to Louisiana and Texas retail customers totaling \$216.5 million (\$129.0 million net of tax).

The LPSC and PUCT rate issues are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Fuel cost recovery

Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset by specific incurred fuel costs.

In 1999, fuel cost recovery revenues increased due to a higher fuel factor in 1999 and a fuel surcharge implemented in February 1999 in the Texas jurisdiction. This increase was partially offset by reduced fuel recovery in the Louisiana jurisdiction primarily due to lower fuel and purchased power costs in 1999.

Sales volume

In 1998, sales volume increased due to significantly warmer weather and an increase in customer base.

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue increased primarily due to a change in estimated unbilled revenues. The estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenues with regulatory treatment. This change is expected to affect comparisons of revenue to applicable prior period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal variations in demand.

In 1998, other revenue decreased primarily due to the revenue recognized on the gain on the settlement of litigation with Cajun in December 1997 for the transfer of Cajun's 30% of River Bend, the effect of which was partially offset by regulatory reserves recorded in 1997. Other revenue also decreased due to unfavorable pricing of unbilled revenues due to rate reductions.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale increased primarily due to increased sales to associated companies due to higher market prices and outages at affiliate plants in 1999.

In 1998, sales for resale increased primarily due to additional revenues related to the sale of energy from the 30% interest in River Bend transferred by the Cajun bankruptcy trustee to Entergy Gulf States in December 1997. Sales for resale also increased due to increased sales to non-associated utilities as a result of increased demand.

Gas and steam operating revenues

In 1999, gas operating revenues decreased primarily due to lower prices of gas purchased for resale as well as decreased usage as a result of warmer winter weather, particularly in the residential and commercial sectors.

Steam operating revenues decreased in 1999 due to a new lease arrangement for the Louisiana Station 1 generating facility that began in June 1999. Under the terms of this new lease, revenues are now classified as other income rather than steam operating revenues.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

It is expected that less revenue will be realized under the new lease arrangement compared to the previous arrangement with the steam customer.

In 1998, gas operating revenues decreased due to a lower unit price for gas purchased for resale.

Expenses

Fuel and purchased power

In 1999, fuel and purchased power expenses increased due to:

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 increased gas expenses resulting from a shift to gas generation during the first six months of 1999 because of the reduced availability of Nelson 6 and an extended refueling outage at River Bend;

 $x_{i} \rightarrow x_{i} + x_{i}$

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- o increased purchased power expenses due to higher market prices; and
- o a higher fuel factor and fuel surcharge in the Texas jurisdiction in 1999.

In 1998, fuel and purchased power expenses decreased primarily due to favorable gas and nuclear fuel prices and a shift in the generation mix as a result of these prices. Continued under-recovery of deferred expenses also contributed to the decrease in fuel expenses.

Other operation and maintenance expenses

In 1999, other operation and maintenance expenses increased due to increased employee benefit expense, casualty reserve accruals, and customer service expenses, such as tree trimming.

In 1998, other operation and maintenance expenses increased as a result of the settlement of litigation with Cajun in December 1997, pursuant to which the 30% interest in River Bend owned by Cajun was transferred by the Cajun bankruptcy trustee to Entergy Gulf States. Entergy Gulf States now includes 100% of River Bend's operation and maintenance expenses in its operating expenses, as compared to 70% of such expenses for the year ended December 31, 1997.

Depreciation and amortization

In 1999, depreciation and amortization decreased due to:

- lower depreciation as a result of the write-down of the River Bend abeyed plant as required by the Texas rate settlement;
- reduced amortization of the River Bend Unit 2 cancellation loss as a result of the completion of amortization for the Louisiana portion of the loss and the reduction in amortization of the Texas portion in accordance with a PUCT rate order; and
- o lower depreciation due to a review of plant in-service dates for consistency with regulatory treatment.

Other regulatory credits

In 1999, other regulatory credits increased due to:

• change in the amortization period for deferred River Bend finance charges for the Texas retail jurisdiction in accordance with the Texas settlement agreement; and

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

• deferral of Year 2000 costs in accordance with an LPSC order. These costs are to be amortized over a five-year period.

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Amortization of rate deferrals

In 1999, the amortization of rate deferrals increased due to the reduction of accounting order deferrals in accordance with the June 1999 Texas settlement agreement. This settlement substantially reduced the unamortized balance of rate deferrals, while decreasing the amortization period for the remaining deferrals from a ten-year period to a three-year period.

In 1998, the amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to the completion in February of the Louisiana retail rate phase-in plan for River Bend.

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<u>Other</u>

Other income

In 1998, other income increased primarily due to the 1997 reserve for regulatory adjustments of \$311 million (\$185.4 million net of tax). This increase was partially offset by interest income of \$19.6 million (\$11.6 million net of tax) related to the settlement of litigation with Cajun recorded in December 1997.

Interest charges

In 1999, interest charges decreased as a result of the retirement, redemption, and refinancing of certain longterm debt in 1998 and 1999, as well as lower accruals of interest on certain Louisiana fuel and earnings reviews in 1998.

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Interest charges remained relatively unchanged in 1998. Total interest expense decreased as a result of the retirement, redemption, and refinancing of certain long-term debt in 1997 and 1998. This decrease was offset by an increase in other interest due to the interest component of the provisions recorded for anticipated rate refunds in Louisiana.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 are 37.6%, 40.6%, and 27.2%, respectively.

The decrease in the effective income tax rate in 1999 is due to accelerated tax depreciation deductions, for which deferred taxes have not been normalized, reflecting a shorter tax life on certain assets.

The increase in the effective income tax rate in 1998 is due to a decrease in the flow-through of tax benefits related to operating reserves and the increased reversal of previously recorded AFUDC amounts included in depreciation.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	1998	1997
		(In Thousands)	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Domestic electric	\$2,082,358	\$1,777,584	\$2,061,511
Natural gas	28,998	33,058	42,654
Steam products	15,852	43,167	43,664
TOTAL	2,127,208	1,853,809	2,147,829
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating and Maintenance:			
Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and			
gas purchased for resale	634,726	538,388	560,104
Purchased power	365,245	317,684	327,037
Nuclear refueling outage expenses	16,307	14,293	10,829
Other operation and maintenance	419,713	411,372	316,253
Decommissioning	7,588	3,437	8,855
Taxes other than income taxes	111,872	120,782	109,572
Depreciation and amortization	185,254	195,935	205,789
Other regulatory credits - net	(24,092)	(5,485)	(26,611)
Amortization of rate deferrals	89,597	21,749	105,455
TOTAL	1,806,210	1,618,155	1,617,283
OPERATING INCOME	320,998	235,654	530,546
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)			
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	6,306	2,143	2,211
Gain on sale of assets	2,046	1,816	-
Miscellaneous - net	18,073	14,903	(272,135)
TOTAL	26,425	18,862	(269,924)
INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES			1/0 14/
Interest on long-term debt	138,602	149,767	163,146
Other interest - net	6,994	21,016	10,026
Distributions on preferred securities of subsidiary	7,438	7,437	6,901
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(5,776)	(1,870)	(1,829)
TOTAL	147,258	176,350	178,244
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	200,165	78,166	82,378
Income taxes	75,165	31,773	22,402
NET INCOME	125,000	46,393	59,976
Preferred dividend requirements and other	17,423	19,011	23,865
EARNINGS APPLICABLE TO			
COMMON STOCK	\$107,577	\$27,382	\$36,111

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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	For the Y	ears Ended December 3 1998	<u>31,</u> 1997 [.]
	and the second se	(In Thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Vet income	\$125,000	\$46,393	\$59,976
Noncash items included in net income:	ا آموه و کار کار ۲۰۰۰ محمد ایجاد در ایسان میرود ایران محمد ایجاد در ایران میرود ایران میرود		
Gain on Cajun Settlement			(246,022)
Amortization of rate deferrals	89,597	21,749	105,455
Reserve for regulatory adjustments	(97,953)	130,603	381,285
Other regulatory credits - net	(24,092)	(5,485)	(26,611)
Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning	192,842	199,372	214,644
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	(1,495)	(29,174)	(52,486)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(6,306)	(2,143)	(2,211)
Gain on sale of assets	(2,046)	(1,816)	(1,399)
Changes in working capital:			
Receivables	9,791	65,527	(11,834)
Fuel inventory	(8,070)	7,426	7,382
Accounts payable	42,370	(6,135)	16,999
Taxes accrued	46,018	7,462	12,171
Interest accrued	(14,061)	(2,523)	(4,497
Deferred fuel costs	(1,561)	12,861	(46,254)
Other working capital accounts	(10,954)	11,006	(11,765)
Provision for estimated losses and reserves	8,496	(4,207)	(5,852)
Changes in other regulatory assets	(59,242)	(3,226)	44,883
Proceeds from settlement of Cajun litigation	•	-	102,299
Other	56,817	458	(52,454
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	345,151	448,148	483,709
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	at the second second second		
Construction expenditures	(199,076)	(136,960)	(132,566)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	6,306	2,143	2,211
Nuclear fuel purchases	(53,293)	(1,977)	(25,522)
Proceeds from sale/leaseback of nuclear fuel	53,293	15,932	25,522
Decommissioning trust contributions and realized	a an		
change in trust assets	(10,853)	(11,899)	(9,540
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(203,623)	(132,761)	(139,895
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		E IIII	
Proceeds from issuance of:			
Long-term debt	122,906	21,600	
Preferred securities of subsidiary trust	Se 1 ()	•	82,323
Retirement of:	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	nt el regio	
Long-term debt	(197,960)	(212,090)	(183,105
Redemption of preferred stock	(25,931)	(8,481)	(93,367
Dividends paid:		and the second second	
Common stock	(107,000)	(109,400)	(77,200
Preferred stock.	(16,967)	(19,055)	(21,862
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(224,952)	(327,426)	(293,211
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(83,424)	(12,039)	50,603
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	115,736	127,775	77,172
	£73.213	\$115,736	\$127,775
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$32,312		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest - net of amount capitalized	\$161,326	\$173,599	\$171,874
Income taxes	\$28,410	\$46,620	\$50,477
Noncash investing and financing activities:	-		
Change in unrealized appreciation of	\$14,054	\$10,410	\$3,939
decommissioning trust assets		• • •	\$319,056
Net assets acquired from Cajun settlement	-	-	2219,0

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

•	Decem	ber 31,
	1999	1998
	(In Tho	usands)
CURRENT ASSETS	Balle Las i 1	the contract of
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$8,607	\$11,629
Temporary cash investments - at cost,	2.1.1.	at two of seture
which approximates market	23,705	104,107
Total cash and cash equivalents	, 32,312	115,736
Accounts receivable:	12 - 5 ¹² - 6 1 81 4	a substantia de la servició de Francia
Customer	73,215	78,961
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,828)	(1,735)
Associated companies	1,706	23 ,250 11
Other	15,030	28,265
Accrued unbilled revenues	90,396	59,569
Total receivables	178,519	188,310
Deferred fuel costs	134,458	132,896
Fuel inventory - at average cost	38,271	30,201
Materials and supplies - at average cost	112,585	108,346
Rate deferrals	5,606	9,077
Prepayments and other	21,750	20,495
TOTAL	523,501	605.061
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS	a surre and a surre and	يوي د او افرا دري
Decommissioning trust funds	234,677	209,770
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	187,759	165,272
Other - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	13,681	12,426
FOTAL	436,117	387,468
UTILITY PLANT	No. 20 Marca 20	and the second second
Electric	7,365,407	7,250,789
Property under capital lease	46,210	54,427
Natural gas	52,473	51,053
Steam products	SELLER A STA	80,537
Construction work in progress	145,492	105,121
Nuclear fuel under capital lease	70,801	46,572
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	7,680,383	7,588,499
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	3,534,473	3,141,518
UTILITY PLANT - NET	4,145,910	4,446,981
		(1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS		
Regulatory assets:		· · ·
Rate deferrals	5,606	89,333
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	385,405	376,406
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt	40,576	42,879
Other regulatory assets	140,157	89,914
Long-term receivables	32,260	34,617
Other	23,490	221,085
TOTAL	627,494	854,234
	$1 \cdots 1 \cdots 1 \cdots 1$	، <u>الأدر و (1995 میں 1995 میں 1995 میں میں 1</u> 9

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

*	Decemb	er 31,
	1999	1998
	(In Thou	sands)
CURRENT LIABILITIES	·. •	
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$-	\$71,51
Accounts payable:		
Associated companies	79,962	60,93
Other	114,444	91,10
Customer deposits	33,360	31,46
Taxes accrued	101,798	55,78
Accumulated deferred income taxes	27,960	21,26
Nuclear refueling outage costs	11,216	16,99
Interest accrued	28,570	42,63
Obligations under capital leases	51,973	34,34
Other	14,557	16,32
TOTAL	463,840	442,34

DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
Accumulated deferred income taxes	1,098,882	1,081,59
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	178,500	193,50
Obligations under capital leases	65.038	66,65
Other regulatory liabilities	20,089	30,28
Decommissioning	139,194	136,03
Transition to competition	47,101	
Regulatory reserves	110,536	515,02
Accumulated provisions	69,395	60,89
Other	117,804	319,96
TOTAL	1,846,539	2,403,96
Long-term debt	1,631,581	1,631,65
Preferred stock with sinking fund	34,650	60,49
Preference stock	150,000	150,00
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable		
preferred securities of subsidiary trust holding		
solely junior subordinated deferrable debentures	85,000	85,00
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock without sinking fund	51,444	51,44
Common stock, no par value, authorized 200,000,000		
shares; issued and outstanding 100 shares in 1999 and 1998	114,055	114,05
Paid-in capital	1,153,131	1,152,57
Retained earnings	202,782	202,20
TOTAL	1,521,412	1,520,27
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 9, and 10)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$5,733,022	\$6,293,74

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	1999	1998	1997
	(
Retained Earnings, January 1	\$202,205	\$284,165	\$325,312
Add:			
Net income	125,000	46,393	59,976
Deduct:			
Dividends declared:			
Preferred and preference stock	16,784	19,011	21,862
Common stock	107,000	109,400	77,200
Preferred and preference stock		. · ·	
redemption and other	639	(58)	2,061
Total	124,423	128,353	101,123
Retained Earnings, December 31 (Note 8)	\$202,782	\$202,205	\$284,165

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

	1999	<u> 1998 </u>	<u>1997</u> (In Thousands)	1996	
	A A 107 A00		· · · ·	¢2 010 191	\$ 1,861,974
	\$ 2,127,208	\$ 1,853,809 \$46,393	\$ 2,147,829 \$ 59,976	\$2,019,181 \$(3,887)	\$ 1,801,974 \$ 122,919
Net income (loss)		\$ 6,293,744	\$ 6,488,637	\$6,421,179	\$ 6,861,058
	\$ 1,966,269	\$ 1,993,811		\$2,226,329	\$ 2,521,203
Long-term oungations (1)		e cáse sou contra c			
(1) Includes long-term debt (ex fund, preferred securities of	f subsidiary trust, a	maturing debt), and noncurrent c	apital lease oblig	ations.	with sinking
				a a taga she ina an	an a
	31 A 1999	¹ 3998 1998	1997	1996	1995
	17 : · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(De	ollars In Thousa	nds)	•
Electric Operating Revenues:					
Residential	\$607,875	\$605,759	\$624,862	\$612,398	\$573,566
Commercial	430,291	422,944	452,724	444,133	412,601
Industrial	718,779	704,393	740,418	685,178	604,688
Governmental	28,475	35,930	33,774	31,023	<u>25,042</u>
Total retail	1,785,420	1,769,026	1,851,778	1,772,732	1,615,897
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	38,416	14,172	14,260	20,783	62,431
Non-associated companies	109,132	112,182	59,015	76,173	67,103
Other (1)	149,390	(117,796)	136,458	56,300	43,533
Total	\$2,082,358	\$1,777,584	\$2,061,511	\$1,925,988	\$1,788,964
Billed Electric Energy					
Sales (GWH):					
Residential	8,929	8,903	8,178	8,035	7,699
Commercial	7,310	6,975	6,575	6,417	6,219
Industrial	17,684	18,158	18,038	16,661	15,393
Governmental	425	. 560	481	438	311
Total retail	34,348	34,596	. 33,272	31,551	29,622
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	677	380	414	656	2,935
Non-associated companies	3,408	3,701	1,503	2,148	2,212
Total Electric Department	38,433	38,677	35,189	34,355	34,769

(1) 1998 includes the effects of an Entergy Gulf States reserve for rate refund.

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy Louisiana, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entergy Louisiana, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income

The manufacture of the second s Net income increased in 1999 primarily due to increases in unbilled revenue and other regulatory credits, and decreases in nuclear refueling outage expenses and interest charges, partially offset by increased provisions for rate 1.1 ICINICS. A CONTRACT PRODUCT PROVIDE CONTRACT OF A CONTR ·:

Net income increased in 1998 primarily due to a decrease in operating expenses, partially offset by a decrease in electric operating revenues and higher income taxes.

Revenues and Sales

e <mark>general and a state a state and the second state and the state and th</mark> The changes in electric operating revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows: the state of the set of

		Increase/(D	•
	Description	1999	<u>1998</u>
an an an tsa an Agalesia	and the second state of the second	(In Milli	ions)
•	Base revenues	(\$48.7)	(\$35.0)
the second s	Fuel cost recovery	63.6	(95.4)
	Sales volume/weather	(5.3)	30.8
	Other revenue (including unbilled)	74.5	(3.2)
	Sales for resale	11.6	10.4
		\$95.7	(\$92.4)
	X Y 		

Base revenues

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In 1999, base revenues decreased primarily due to accruals for potential rate refunds.

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and the second In 1998, base revenues decreased due to base rate reductions that became effective in early 1998.

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Fuel cost recovery revenues

Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset Active in the first set by specific incurred fuel costs. Rei 🕅 🕅 🕅 Alexandria 👘

In 1999, fuel cost recovery revenues increased due to a shift from lower priced nuclear fuel to higher priced gas and purchased power due to nuclear outages at Waterford 3 in 1999.

In 1998, fuel cost recovery revenues decreased due to lower pricing resulting from a change in generation mix.

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Sales volume/weather

In 1999, sales volume decreased primarily due to less favorable weather, partially offset by increased usage by residential and industrial customers.

In 1998, sales volume increased primarily due to significantly warmer weather. The increase in sales volume was partially offset by the loss of a large industrial customer as well as substantially lower sales to two other large industrial customers. 3 <u>1</u>7 . and the second second

and the second second

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue increased primarily due to a change in estimated unbilled revenues. The changed estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenues with regulatory treatment. The change in estimate is expected to affect comparisons to applicable prior period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal variations in demand.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale increased as a result of increased sales to affiliates due to outages at affiliate plants. in addition to favorable unit prices.

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In 1998, sales for resale increased as a result of an increase in sales to associated companies, primarily due to changes in generation requirements and availability among the domestic utility companies.

Expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses

In 1999, fuel and purchased power expenses increased due to:

- higher gas prices; 0
- higher purchased power market prices; and 0

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a shift in generation from lower priced nuclear fuel to higher priced gas as a result of refueling and other outages at Waterford 3. 1

In 1998, fuel and purchased power expenses decreased due to:

- lower gas prices;
- a shift in mix to nuclear fuel; and
- o shifting generation requirements in 1997 as a result of the extended refueling outage at Waterford 3.

Other operation and maintenance expenses

Other operation and maintenance expenses decreased in 1998 primarily due to:

- non-refueling outage related contract work at Waterford 3 during 1997; ο
- maintenance performed at Waterford 3 in 1997; o
- the write-off of previously deferred radioactive waste facility costs in 1997; and 0
- expenses related to fire damage sustained at the Little Gypsy fossil plant in September 1997. o

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Nuclear refueling outage expenses

In 1999, nuclear refueling outage expenses decreased as a result of the amortization of higher outage expenses in 1998 due to the extended nuclear refueling outage in 1997.

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Other regulatory credits

In 1999, other regulatory credits increased due to the deferral of Year 2000 costs incurred as required by the LPSC. The deferred costs will be recovered over a five-year period.

Other

Interest charges

In 1999, interest on long-term debt decreased primarily due to the redemption and refinancing of certain long-term debt in 1999.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were 38.9%, 37.8%, and 41.1%, respectively.

The effective income tax rate decreased in 1998 primarily due to accelerated tax depreciation deductions, for which deferred taxes have not been normalized, reflecting a shorter tax life on certain assets.

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

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	4日 《美学学》	

	je kralje sa se		Years Ended Dec	ember 31,	
		1999	1998	1997	
			(In Thousands)		
	OPERATING REVENUES	·		ta stra s	
	Domestic electric	\$1,806,594	\$1,710,908	\$1,803,272	<i>*</i>
stand the stand	OPERATING EXPENSES			a title i te c	4
	Operating and Maintenance:	، وكَمَنْظُ			a ku Mara a S
	Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and				
	gas purchased for resale	421,763	383,413	429,823	لو يو ا
	Purchased power	418,878	372,763	413,532	
	Nuclear refueling outage expenses	15,756	21,740	18,634	
A contract of the second se	·· Other operation and maintenance	289,348	289,522	318,856	
	Decommissioning	8,786	8,786	8,786	1
	Taxes other than income taxes	75,447	70,621	71,558	
	Depreciation and amortization	161,754	162,937	163,249	
•		(5,280)	(1,755)	5,505	
	Other regulatory charges (credits) - net	(3,200)	(1,100)	5,749	
	Amortization of rate deferrals	1,386,452	1,308,027	1,435,692	. بالمبدلين ال
	TOTAL	1,580,452	1,500,021	1,100,002	
	OPERATING INCOME OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	420,142	402,881	367,580	
	Allowance for equity funds used during construction	4,925	1,887	1,149	
	Gain on sale of assets	-	2,340		ting pro-
	Miscellaneous - net	2,206	2,644	(517)	
1 - A1+ - 21-	TOTAL CARE AND A CONTRACT OF A	7,131	6,871	632	
	INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES	103,937	109,463	116,715	
	Interest on long-term debt	7,010	7,127	5,885	a to to area
	Other interest - net	6,300	6,300	6,300	
	Distributions on preferred securities of subsidiary			(1,410)	
	Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(4,112)	(1,729)		
	TOTAL	113,135	121,161	127,490	
	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	314,138	288,591	240,722	
	Income taxes	122,368	109,104	98,965	
	NET INCOME	191,770	179,487	141,757	
	Preferred dividend requirements and other	9,955	13,014	13,355	
	EARNINGS APPLICABLE TO	\$181,815	\$166,473	\$128,402	
	COMMON STOCK	\$101,0IJ	#100,77J	φ120,402	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Years Ended December	1007
	1999	1998	1997
		(In Thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
let income	\$191,770	\$179,487	\$141,757
loncash items included in net income:	• *		6 7 10
Amortization of rate deferrals	-	· •	5,749
Other regulatory charges (credits) - net	(5,280)	(1,754)	5,505
Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning	170,540	171,723	172,035
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	(15,487)	26,910	(15,456
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(4,925)	(1,887)	(1,149
	-	(2,340)	
Gain on sale of assets		· •	
hanges in working capital:	(41,565)	(7,972)	(3,385
Receivables	95,120	(5,878)	(21,926
Accounts payable	7,659	(7,040)	17,853
Taxes accrued	(33,066)	18,731	(14,678
Interest accrued	(9,959)	4,530	21,615
Deferred fuel costs	56,714	16,983	(2,286
Other working capital accounts	5,442	6,410	3,986
rovision for estimated losses and reserves		(11,443)	17,932
Changes in other regulatory assets	38,577	(44,099)	(12,130
Ther	(45,146)		315,422
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	410,394	342,361	313,744
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			· /04 72
Construction expenditures	(130,933)	(105,306)	(84,76
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	4,925	1,887	1,149
Nuclear fuel purchases	(11,308)	(38,141)	(43,332
Proceeds from sale/leaseback of nuclear fuel	11,308	39,701	43,332
Decommissioning trust contributions and realized			
change in trust assets	(13,678)	(11,648)	(11,19
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(139,686)	(113,507)	(94,80
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of:		110 884	
Long-term debt	298,092	112,556	
Retirement of:		(140 50/)	124 28
Long-term debt	(386,707)	(150,786)	(34,28)
Redemption of preferred stock	(50,000)	•	(7,50
Dividends paid:			
Common stock	(197,000)	(138,500)	(145,40
Preferred stock	(10,389)	(13,014)	(13,25
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(346,004)	(189,744)	(200,43)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(75,296)	39,110	20,17
	83,030	43,920	23,74
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			\$43,92
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$7,734	\$83,030	\$+3,72
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		₹1. e	
Cash paid during the period for:	AL	\$98,801	\$138,53
Interest - net of amount capitalized	\$144,731		\$68,32
Income taxes	\$132,924	\$86,830	200,32
Noncash investing and financing activities:			
I ANAMAL WATCHING ANAMA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA A			
Change in unrealized appreciation of		\$5,928	\$3,43

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

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		uber 31,
	1999	1998
	(In The	ousands)
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents:	· •	· ·
Cash	\$7,734	\$10,187
Temporary cash investments - at cost,		
which approximates market		72,843
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,734	83,030
Accounts receivable:		05,050
Customer	79,335	65,262
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,615)	(1,164)
Associated companies	14,601	33,775
Other	10,762	19,305
Accrued unbilled revenues	106,200	50,540
Total receivables	209,283	167,718
Deferred fuel costs	2,161	107,718
Accumulated deferred income taxes	12,520	13,332
Materials and supplies - at average cost	84,027	82,220
Deferred nuclear refueling outage costs	11,336	6,498
Prepayments and other	6,014	11,565
TOTAL	333,075	364,363
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS	و من الله من ال	
Investment in subsidiary companies - at equity	14,230	14,230
Decommissioning trust funds	100,943	82,681
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	21,433	21,459
TOTAL	136,606	118,370
	·····	
UTILITY PLANT		
Electric	5,178,808	5,095,278
Property under capital lease	236,271	234,339
Construction work in progress	108,106	85,565
Nuclear fuel under capital lease	51,930	75,814
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	5,575,115	5,490,996
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	2,294,394	2,158,800
UTILITY PLANT - NET	3,280,721	3,332,196
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS Regulatory assets:		•
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	•	
	230,899	270,068
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt Other regulatory assets	35,856	30,629
	50,191	49,599
Other TOTAL	17,302	15,816
IVIAL CONTRACTOR STATE	334,248	366,112
TOTAL ASSETS	\$4,084,650	\$4,181,041

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. BALANCÉ SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

,	Decembe	r 31,
	1999	1998
	(In Thous	ands)
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$116,388	\$6,772
Accounts payable:		
Associated companies	137,869	43,051
Other	90,768	90,465
Customer deposits	61,096	55,966
Taxes accrued	25,863	18,203
Interest accrued	20,236	53,302
Deferred fuel cost	-	7,798
Obligations under capital leases	28,387	32,539
Other	59,737	7,644
TOTAL	540,344	315,740
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
Accumulated deferred income taxes	792,290	840,931
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	123,155	128,689
Obligations under capital leases	23,543	43,275
Other regulatory liabilities	15,421	10,836
Accumulated provisions	58,087	52,645
Other	34,564	39,791
TOTAL	1,047,060	1,116,167
• • • • • •	1,145,463	1,332,315
Long-term debt	35,000	85,000
Preferred stock with sinking fund	53,000	
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable		
preferred securities of subsidiary trust holding solely junior subordinated deferrable debentures	70,000	70,000
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	100,500	100,500
Preferred stock without sinking fund	100,500	100,500
Common stock, no par value, authorized 250,000,000		
shares; issued and outstanding 165,173,180 shares in 1999	1,088,900	1,088,90
and 1998	(2,171)	(2,320
Capital stock expense and other	59,554	74,739
Retained earnings	1,246,783	1.261,819
TOTAL	1,240,785	1,201,012
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 9, and 10)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$4,084,650	\$4,181,041

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

		For the Years Ended December 31,				
	· · · · ·	<u>1999 1998 1997</u>				
		(In Thousands)				
Retained Earnings,	January I	\$74,739 \$46,766 \$63,764				
Add:						
Net income		191,770 179,487 141,757				
Deduct:						
Dividends decla	red:					
Preferred stock		9,805 13,014 13,016				
Common stock		197,000 138,500 145,400				
Capital stock ex	penses	150 - 339				
Total	•	206,955 151,514 158,755				
Detained Romines	, December 31 (Note 8)	\$59,554 \$74,739 \$46,760				
Retained Earnings,	, December 31 (Note 8)					
**		(1,1) = (1,1				
See Notes to Finan	cial Statements					
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		and the second				
		$\int_{\Omega} e^{-i\omega t} d\omega = \int_{\Omega} e^{-i\omega t} e^{-i\omega t} d\omega = \int_{\Omega} e^{-i\omega t} d\omega$				
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		and the second				
		and an				

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

		1999	<u> 1998 </u>	<u> </u>	1996	1995
Operating revenues	a di	\$1,806,594	\$1,710,908	\$1,803,272	\$1,828,867	\$1,674,875
Net income	Santa ang	\$ 191,770	\$ 179,487	\$ 141,757	\$ 190,762	\$201,537
Total assets	Santa ang	\$4,084,650	\$4,181,041	\$4,175,400	\$4,279,278	\$4,331,523
Long-term obligations (1)	Santa ang	\$1,274,006	\$1,530,590	\$1,522,043	\$1,545,889	\$1,528,542

Includes long-term debt (excluding currently maturing debt), preferred stock with sinking fund, preferred securities of subsidiary trust, and noncurrent capital lease obligations.

and the second	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
	(Dol				
Electric Operating Revenues:		,			
Residential	\$620,146	\$598,573	\$606,173	\$609,308	\$583,373
Commercial	386,042	367,151	379,131	374,515	353,582
Industrial	646,517	597,536	708,356	727,505	641,196
Governmental	33,738	32,795	34,171	33,621	31,616
Total retail	1,686,443	1,596,055	1,727,831	1,744,949	1,609,767
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	27,253	16,002	3,817	5,065	1,178
Non-associated companies	53,923	53,538	55,345	58,685	48,987
Other	38,975	45,313	16,279	20,168	14,943
Total	\$1,806,594	\$1,710,908	\$1,803,272	\$1,828,867	\$1,674,875
Billed Electric Energy					
Sales (GWH):					
Residential	8,354	8,477	7,826	7,893	7,855
Commercial	5,221	5,265	4,906	4,846	4,786
Industrial	15,052	14,781	16,390	17,647	16,971
Governmental	468	481	460	457	439
Total retail	29,095	29,004	29,582	30,843	30,051
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	415	386	104	143	44
Non-associated companies	831	855	805	982	1,293
Total	30,341	30,245	30,491	31,968	31,388

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To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy Mississippi, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entergy Mississippi, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income

Net income decreased in 1999 primarily due to a decrease in unbilled revenues and an increase in other operation and maintenance expenses. Carlon on the

Net income decreased in 1998 primarily due to an increase in operating expenses, partially offset by an increase in electric operating revenues. 14.152 . .

Revenues and Sales

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The changes in electric operating revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows:

ann a car tha	$= \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ q_{1}^{(1)} \right\} : \left\{ \left\{ q_{2}^{(1)} \right\} : \left\{ \left\{ q_{2}^{(1)} \right\} : \left\{ q_{2}^{$	Increase/(D	ecrease)	and at the second s
	Description	1999	1998	
		(In Mill)	ions)	at a second
	Base revenues	(\$9.7)	(\$10.2)	$\{(i_{2}^{(i_{1})})_{i_{2}}^{(i_{1})}\}$
	Grand Gulf rate rider	(95.9)	(2.6)	
	Fuel cost recovery	(11.6)	20.5	
e general de		4.1	25.6	alation <u>a</u> en trasa a tel Attendent (a construction a seguine
	Other revenue (including unbilled)	(12.1)	0.6	n 1940 an an Araba Araba. An Araba Sultan
	Sales for resale	(18.3)	5.0	
	Total	(\$143.5)	\$38.9	Mi and the

Base revenues

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In 1999 and 1998, base revenues decreased due to the formula rate plan reduction that became effective in 1998. The formula rate plan reduction is discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Rate riders

Rate rider revenues have no material effect on net income because specific incurred expenses offset them. $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n}$

In 1999, Grand Gulf rate rider revenue decreased as a result of a new rider which became effective October 1, 1998. This new rider eliminated revenues attributable to the Grand Gulf phase-in plan, which was completed in September 1998. However, this decrease was partially offset by the Grand Gulf Accelerated Recovery Tariff (GGART), which also became effective October 1, 1998. This tariff provides for accelerated recovery of a portion of Entergy Mississippi's Grand Gulf purchased power obligation. The GGART is discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements. and the second second

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ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Fuel cost recovery

Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset by specific incurred fuel costs.

In 1999, fuel cost recovery revenues decreased due to the MPSC's review and subsequent decrease of Entergy Mississippi's energy cost recovery rider.

In 1998, fuel cost recovery revenues increased primarily due to an increase in sales volume.

Sales volume/weather

In 1999, sales volume increased as a result of sales growth in the residential and commercial sectors, partially offset by unfavorable weather.

In 1998, sales volume increased as a result of significantly warmer weather.

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue decreased primarily due to a change in estimated unbilled revenues. The changed estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenues with regulatory treatment. The change in estimate is expected to affect comparisons to applicable prior period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal variations in demand.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale decreased as a result of decreased oil generation due to plant outages at Entergy Mississippi. The decrease is also due to higher sales to associated companies in 1998 as a result of an outage at Entergy Arkansas.

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Expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses

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In 1999, fuel and purchased power expenses decreased primarily due to:

• a decrease in total energy consumption requirements; and

o planned and unplanned plant outages during the year.

The decrease in fuel and purchased power expenses was partially offset by:

- a shift from lower priced oil generation to higher priced gas generation as a result of plant outages in 1999;
- an increase in the market price of purchased power; and
- the GGART implemented by System Energy in October 1998 resulting in an increase in the price of System Energy purchased power.

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In 1998, fuel and purchased power expenses increased primarily due to:

- o the increased usage as a result of significantly warmer weather; and
- the impact of the under-recovery of deferred fuel costs in excess of the fixed fuel factor applied in 1997. In January 1998, Entergy Mississippi increased its fixed fuel factor to recover actual fuel expenses more timely.

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Other operation and maintenance

In 1999, other operation and maintenance expenses increased primarily due to:

- o planned and unplanned plant outages in 1999;
- o an increase in customer service and reliability improvement spending;
- o an increase in employee benefit expense; and

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o an increase in casualty reserves.

Other regulatory credits

In 1999, other regulatory credits increased due to greater under-recovery of Grand Gulf 1 related costs as a result of the new rider implemented in October 1998.

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In 1998, other regulatory credits decreased primarily due to less under-recovery of Grand Gulf related expenses in 1998 as compared to 1997.

Amortization of rate deferrals

In 1999, amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to the completion of the Grand Gulf 1 rate phase-in plan in September 1998. These phase-ins had no material effect on net income.

In 1998, amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to a decrease in the amortization prescribed in the Grand Gulf 1 rate phase-in plan, which was completed in September 1998. These phase-ins had no material effect on net income.

Other

Interest and other charges

Interest on long-term debt decreased in 1999 and 1998 primarily due to the refinancing of certain long-term debt.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were 29.7%, 30.9%, and 28.6%, respectively.

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

		1000	1000	1007	
		1999	1998 (In Thousands)	1997	
	ADED A TINICI DEVENITIES	the states of th	an an an tair a	:	
	OPERATING REVENUES	\$832,819	\$976,300	\$937,395	
* <u>1</u>	OPERATING EXPENSES				
	Operating and Maintenance:			a gu trai	
-	Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and				
	gas purchased for resale	185,063	241,415	199,880	
		332,015	286,769	285,447	
	Purchased power				• . • . • . •
	Other operation and maintenance	152,817	131,752	129,810	
	Taxes other than income taxes	44,013	44,888	43,142	
	Depreciation and amortization	42,870	45,133	43,300	
	Other regulatory credits - net	(12,044)	(3,186)	(20,731)	,
	Amortization of rate deferrals		104,969	119,797	
	TOTAL PRODUCT NOR	744,734	851,740	800,645	
		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Service Services		
	OPERATING INCOME	88,085	124,560	136,750	
	•				
	OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)				
	Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1,569	188	543	a generative.
	Gain (loss) on sale of assets	.,	1,025	(2)	
	Miscellaneous - net	6,781	4,891	919	
1		8,350	6,104	1,460	;
	TOTAL	0,330	Q,1V4	1,400	14 - 14 1 44
	INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES				
	Interest on long-term debt	35,265	37,756	40,791	
	Other interest - net	3,574	3,171	4,483	وبالمحاج والأراجي
	Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(1,529)	(932)	(469)	
	TOTAL	37,310	39,995	44,805	
					14290
	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	59,125	90,669	93,405	
. Alter and	INCOME DEFORE INCOME TAKES		20,002	, COP , CC	.:
			00.001	05 7AA	
	Income taxes	17,537	28,031	26,744	
	NET INCOME	41,588	62,638	66,661	
2 - A 11 - A 14		41,500	02,038	00,001	2
San Dr. Can	Preferred dividend requirements and other	3,370	3,370	4:044	11 - Al-
	risteries antiona requirements and other				1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
	EARNINGS APPLICABLE TO			•	•
		\$38,218	\$59,268	\$62,617	
	COMMON STOCK	330,218	\$39,200	302,017	

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ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	the second se		<u>r 31,</u>	
	1999	1998	1997	
		(In Thousands)		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$41,588	\$62,638	\$66,661	
Noncash items included in net income:	100 C	•		
Amortization of rate deferrals	-	104,969	119,797	
Other regulatory credits - net	(12,044)	(3,186)	(20,731	
Depreciation and amortization	42,870	45,133	43,300	
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	18,066	(12,494)	(32,204	
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(1,569)	(188)	(543	
(Gain) loss on sale of assets		(1,025)		
Changes in working capital:				
Receivables 3	24,208	6,253	2,97	
Fuel inventory	(771)	384	3,27	
	54,317	(31,967)	(12,33)	
Accounts payable	29,955	(26,301)	5,832	
Taxes accrued	(4,595)	323	(6,600	
Interest accrued Deferred fuel costs	(45,830)	12,858	(10,96	
	10,072	8,652	(12,245	
Other working capital accounts	4,173	(6,915)	1,173	
Provision for estimated losses and reserves	(30,179)	(38,295)	(29,699	
Changes in other regulatory assets	12,152	4,202	38,304	
Other	142,413	125.041	155,995	
Net cash flow provided by operating activities		125,041		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Construction expenditures	(94,717)	(58,705)	(50,334	
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1,569		543	
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(93,148)	(58,517)	(49,791	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issuance of:				
Long-term debt	153,629	78,703	64,827	
Retirement of:				
Long-term debt	(163,278)	(80,020)	(96,015	
Redemption of preferred stock	-	•	(14,500	
Changes in short-term borrowing, net	(6)	(13)	* *	
Dividends paid:				
Common stock	(34,100)	(66,000)	(59,200	
Preferred stock	(3,363)	(3,370)	(3,998	
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(47,118)	(70,700)	(108,886	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,147	(4,176)	(2,682	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,640	6,816	9,498	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$4,787	\$2,640	\$6,816	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Cash paid (received) during the period for:	A	670.001	E60 / //	
Interest - net of amount capitalized	\$41,567	\$39,291	\$50,662 \$51,598	
Income taxes	(\$29,850)	\$64,204	וענידרפ	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

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		iber 31,
	1999	1998
		ousands)
CURRENT ASSETS	· · · ·	eg un optimiser de como Mas
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$4,787	\$2,640
Accounts receivable:		a state of the second second
Customer	35,675	39,701
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(886)	(1,217)
Associated companies	1,370	5,703
Other	2,391	1,267×1.
Accrued unbilled revenues	28,600	45,904 ⁸²⁸ - 2
Total receivables	67,150	91,358
Deferred fuel costs	47,939	2,108
Accumulated deferred income taxes	-	665
Fuel inventory - at average cost	3,774	3,002
Materials and supplies - at average cost	17,068	17,149
Prepayments and other	7,114	12,256
TOTAL	147,832	129,178
		······································
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS	,	Sec. Sec. 4
Investment in subsidiary companies - at equity	5,531	5,531
Non-utility property - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	6,965	7,056
Other - at cost (less accumulated depreciation)	-	13
TOTAL	12,496	12,600
	ر ب اي ر رو	an a
UTILITY PLANT	لا بديد المحمد بـ 1 .	
Electric	1,763,636	1,718,426
Property under capital lease	384	477
Construction work in progress	66,789	35,317
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	1,830,809	1,754,220
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	709,543	685,214
UTILITY PLANT - NET	1,121,266	1,069,006
		LEBOND AN AND
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS		7.6
Regulatory assets:		
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	24,051	25,515
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt	16,345	7,981
Other regulatory assets	132,243	2.85 (100,601) (Statistical)
Other	5,784	6,048
TOTAL	178,423	140,145
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,460,017	\$1,350,929
	· · ·	and the second second
See Notes to Financial Statements.		an aith a la

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	December	• 31,
	1999	1998
	(In Thous	ands)
CURRENT LIABILITIES		. * :
Currently maturing long-term debt	S -	\$20
Accounts payable:		
Associated companies	84,382	. 44,091
Other	32,470	18,444
Customer deposits	23,303	18,265
Taxes accrued	35,968	6,013
Accumulated deferred income taxes	526	•
Interest accrued	10,038	14,632
Obligations under capital leases	95	92
Other	2,137	2,319
TOTAL	188,919	103,876
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES		
Accumulated deferred income taxes	298,477	281,017
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	20,908	22,408
Obligations under capital leases	290	384
Accumulated provisions	7,374	3,200
Other	3,368	4,331
TOTAL	330,417	311,340
Long-term debt	464,466	463,616
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock without sinking fund	50,381	50,381
Common stock, no par value, authorized 15,000,000		
shares; issued and outstanding 8,666,357 shares in 1999 and 1998	199,326	199,326
Capital stock expense and other	(59)	(59
Retained earnings	226,567	222,449
TOTAL	476,215	472,097
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 8, and 9)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,460,017	\$1,350,929

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

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	,	• • • • •	For the Ye	ars Ended Dece	mber 31,
			1999	1998	1997
	• •		(In Thousands)	
Retained Earnings, Ja	nuary l		\$222,449	\$229,181	\$225,764
Add:				in the second	
Net income			41,588	62,638	66,661
Deduct:					
Dividends declared	:			این در . این در منطقه الحوال	
Preferred stock			3,370	3,370	3,656
Common stock			34,100	s. ee - 66,000	59,200
Preferred stock exp	enses		·		388
Total			37,470	69,370	63,244
Retained Earnings, De	cember 31 (Note 8)	••••	\$226,567	\$222,449	\$229,181
See Notes to Financial	Statements.		2 · * *	e di serie d Serie di serie di seri	
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ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

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	<u>1999</u> <u>1998</u>	<u>1997</u> <u>1996</u> <u>1995</u> (In Thousands)	<u> </u>
Operating revenues Net Income Total assets Long-term obligations (1)	\$ 832,819 \$ 976,300 \$ 41,588 \$ 62,638 \$1,460,017 \$1,350,929 \$ 464,756 \$ 464,000	\$ 66,661 \$ 79,211 \$ 68 \$1,439,561 \$1,521,466 \$1,581	-

Includes long-term debt (excluding currently maturing debt) and noncurrent capital lease obligations. (1)

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na an ann an Arthur a	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
	· · · · ·	(Doll	ars In Thousand	lś)	
Electric Operating Revenues:					
Residential	\$311,003	\$367,895	\$342,818	\$358,264	\$336,194
Commercial	250,929	284,787	274,195	281,626	262,786
Industrial	151,659	170,910	173,152	185,351	178,466
Governmental	23,528	26,670	26,882	29,093	27,410
Total retail	737,119	850,262	817,047	854,334	804,856
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	63,004	80,357	78,233	58,749	35,928
Non-associated companies	31,546	32,442	21,276	22,814	21,906
Other	1,150	13,239	20,839	22,533	27,153
Total	\$832,819	\$976,300	\$937,395	\$958,430	\$889,843
Billed Electric Energy					-
Sales (GWH):					
Residential	4,753	4,800	4,323	4,355	4,233
Commercial	4,156	4,015	3,673	3,508	3,368
Industrial	3,246	3,163	3,089	3,063	3,044
Governmental	363	347	333	346	336
Total retail	12,518	12,325	11,418	11,272	10,981
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	1,774	2,424	1,918	- 1,368	959
Non-associated companies	426	484	412	521	692
Total	14,718	15,233	13,748	13,161	12,632
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Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Entergy New Orleans, Inc.:

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In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entergy New Orleans, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Net Income

Net income increased slightly in 1999 primarily due to an increase in unbilled revenues and sales volume. partially offset by an increase in other operation and maintenance expenses.

1.11.1 1. <u>1</u> Net income increased in 1998 primarily due to an increase in operating revenues and other income and a decrease in income taxes, partially offset by increased operating expenses.

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Revenues and Sales

Electric operating revenues

The changes in electric operating revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows:

2.942

Description	Increase/(Decrease) 1999 1998
	(In Millions)
Base revenues	(\$11:3) (\$9.8)
Eval cost recovery	(4.6) 14.5
Sales volume/weather	1.7 13.9
Other revenue (including unbilled)	
Sales for resale	
Total	(\$5.0) \$21.3

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Base revenues

In 1999, base revenues decreased primarily due to base rate reductions effective January 1999 and rate refund provisions accrued for potential rate matters.

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In 1998, base revenues decreased primarily due to reductions in residential and commercial rates that went into effect in August 1997.

Fuel cost recovery

Fuel cost recovery revenues do not affect net income because they are an increase to revenues that are offset by specific incurred fuel costs.

In 1999, fuel cost recovery revenues decreased due to an under-recovery of fuel expenses resulting from higher market prices in 1999 compared to the prior year.

In 1998, fuel cost recovery revenues increased due to higher fuel prices and increased generation.

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Sales volume/weather

and a second second second

In 1998, sales volume increased primarily due to significantly warmer weather.

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Other revenue

In 1999, other revenue increased due to a change in estimated unbilled revenues. The changed estimate more closely aligns the fuel component of unbilled revenues with regulatory treatment. The increase was partially offset by less favorable weather in 1999. The change in estimate is expected to affect comparisons of revenue to applicable time period amounts through the first quarter of 2000. Comparative impacts are also affected by seasonal variations in demand.

Sales for resale

In 1999, sales for resale increased due to favorable unit prices resulting from increased purchased power and gas market prices, coupled with an increase in affiliated sales volume.

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Gas operating revenues

In 1998, gas operating revenues decreased due to lower gas prices.

Expenses

Fuel and purchased power expenses

In 1998, fuel and purchased power expenses increased primarily due to:

- an increase in purchased power primarily due to increased generation requirements as a result of significantly warmer weather and an increase in the price of purchased power; and
- an over-recovery of gas and electric fuel cost in 1998 due to market price fluctuations.

This increase was partially offset by a decrease in the price of gas purchased for resale.

Other operation and maintenance expenses

In 1999 and 1998, other operation and maintenance expenses increased primarily due to:

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- o increased environmental provisions;
- employee benefit expense; and
- o increased spending for customer service and reliability improvements.

Amortization of rate deferrals

In 1999, amortization of rate deferrals decreased due to a scheduled rate change in the amortization of Grand Gulf 1 phase-in expenses.

Other regulatory credits

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In 1999, other regulatory credits increased due to a greater under-recovery of Grand Gulf 1 costs in 1999.

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Other

Other income

Other income increased in 1999 primarily due to:

o an increase in AFUDC resulting from increased capital charges on projects in 1999; and

o increased interest related to the Grand Gulf 1 rate deferral plan.

Miscellaneous income increased in 1998 primarily due to Entergy New Orleans' portion of System Fuel's gain on the sale of oil and gas properties and an increase in interest related to the Grand Gulf 1 rate deferral plan.

The Grand Gulf 1 rate deferral plan is discussed in more detail in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Income taxes

The effective income tax rates for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were 40.7%, 38.4%, and 44.0%, respectively.

The increase in the effective income tax rate for 1999 was primarily due to the increase in pre-tax income reducing the impact of permanent differences and flow through items.

The decrease in the effective income tax rate for 1998 was primarily due to a tax benefit recorded in 1998 related to a depreciation adjustment.

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

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	1999	1998	ember 31, 1997	
		(In Thousands)		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Domestic electric	\$426,431	\$431,453	\$410,131	
Natural gas	81,357	82,297	94,691	
TOTAL	507,788	513,750	504,822	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operating and Maintenance:	· · · · ·			
Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and				
gas purchased for resale	135,242	138,142	141,902	
Purchased power	166,579	164,435	156,542	
Other operation and maintenance	83,197	79,023	72,748	
Taxes other than income taxes	39,621	40,417	21,107	
Depreciation and amortization	21,219	21,878	38,964	
Other regulatory credits - net	(9,036)	(4,540)	(6,394	
Amortization of rate deferrals	28,430	35,336	37,662	
TOTAL	465,252	474,691	462,531	
OPERATING INCOME	42,536	39,059	42,291	
OTHER INCOME (DEDUCTIONS)	i tutat di			
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1.084	284	380	
Gain on sale of assets	a an	458	500	
Miscellaneous - net	2.263	1933-951	(77)	
FOTAL	3,347	1,693	303	
INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES	to in the second			
nterest on long-term debt	13,277	13,717	13,918	
Other interest - net	1,403	1,075	1,369	
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction		-	(286)	
and asta dating construction	(788)	(219)		
FOTAL	<u>(788)</u> 13,892	(219)	15,001	
NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES				
FOTAL NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	13,892	14,573	15,001	
FOTAL NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	<u>13,892</u> 31,991	<u>14,573</u> 26,179	<u>15,001</u> 27,593	
FOTAL NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES ncome taxes HET INCOME	13,892 31,991 13,030	14,573 26,179 10,042	15,001 27,593 12,142	
TOTAL	13,892 31,991 13,030 18,961	14,573 26,179 10,042 16,137	15,001 27,593 12,142 15,451	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the		
	1999	1998	1997
		(In Thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$18,961	\$16,137	\$15,451
loncash items included in net income:	····		22.00
Amortization of rate deferrals	28,430	35,336	37,662
Other regulatory credits - net	(9,036)	(4,540)	(6,394
Depreciation and amortization	21,219	21,878	21,10
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	(3,131)	(7,498)	(1,95
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(1,084)	(284)	(38
Gain on sale of assets	•	(458)	
hanges in working capital:			
Receivables	(7,258)	3,148	4,25
Fuel inventory	179	(861)	(14:
Accounts payable	23,319	(4,136)	54
Taxes accrued	429	(5,270)	4,06
Interest accrued	37	(130)	(27)
Deferred fuel costs	(13,293)	.8,193	(2,094
Other working capital accounts	6,607	(5,122)	(15,90)
Provision for estimated losses and reserves	(531)	(6,295)	(24
Changes in other regulatory assets	(11,482)	(6,964)	7,36
There are a second as a	6,796	(2,805)	(8,94
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	60,162	40,329	54,10
ter case now provides by operating activities	····		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Construction expenditures	(46,239)	(21,691)	(16,13)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	1,084	284	38
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(45,155)	(21,407)	(15,75
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	· · ·	• •	
Proceeds from issuance of:			
Long-term debt	-	29,438	•
Retirement of:		•	
Long-term debt	-	(30,000)	(12,00
Dividends paid:			1 - C
Common stock	(26,500)	(9,700)	(26,00
Preferred stock	(1,206)	. (965)	(96
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(27,706)	(11,227)	(38,96
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12,699)	7,695	(61
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	17,153	9,458	10,07
(ash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$4,454	\$17,153	\$9,45
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the period for:	\$14,281	\$14,592	\$15,23
Interest - net of amount capitalized	\$14,281 \$12,476	\$26,197	\$10,98
Income taxes - net	312,470	440,177	410,70
San Notes to Financial Statements			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

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	Decembe	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1999	1998
	(In Thous	ands)
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$4,454	\$3,769
Temporary cash investments - at cost,		
which approximates market		13,384
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,454	17,15
Accounts receivable:		17,10.
Customer	28,658	24,35
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(846)	(76]
Associated companies	404	3.320
Other	6,225	3,835
Accrued unbilled revenues	19,820	16,254
Total receivables	54,261	47,003
Deferred fuel costs	14,483	47,003
Fuel inventory - at average cost	3,293	3,472
Materials and supplies - at average cost	10,127	8,845
Rate deferrals	24,788	
Prepayments and other	24,788	28,430
TOTAL	113,934	6,686 112,780
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS		
Investment in subsidiary companies - at equity	2.050	
in resultent in substanty companies - at equity	3,259	3,259
UTILITY PLANT		· `
Electric	541,525	514,685
Natural gas	133,568	132,568
Construction work in progress	29,780	20,184
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	704,873	667,437
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	382,797	371,558
UTILITY PLANT - NET	322,076	295,879
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS		
Regulatory assets:		•
Rate deferrals	10,974	35,762
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt	1,187	1.399
Other regulatory assets	33,039	21,558
Dther	1,277	1,358
TOTAL	46,477	59,986
FOTAL ASSETS		···
	\$485,746	\$471,904

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

the second production of the second product with	· 31,				
	1999 1998				
	(In Thousa	unds)			
(XII:17-24-2-1					
CURRENT LIABILITIES	.". i		1 2		
Accounts payable:	004 350	\$18,283			
Associated companies	\$24,350	11,008			
Other	28,261	11,008 18,08 <u>2</u>			
Customer deposits	17,830	10,004			
Taxes accrued	429	6,284			
Accumulated deferred income taxes	10,863	0,204 4,919			
Interest accrued	4,956	1,783	11		
Other	5,524	60.359	• :		
TOTAL	92,213		•		
		A A CANAN			
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES	10.079	57,214			
Accumulated deferred income taxes	43,878	6,894			
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	6,378	942	11,10,7		
SFAS 109 regulatory liability - net	7,528	3,146			
Other regulatory liabilities	1,753	9,367			
Accumulated provisions	8,836	8,116-			
Other	7,733	85,679	•		
TOTAL	76,106	85,075	-		
Long-term debt	169,083	169,018			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred stock without sinking fund	19,780	19,780			
Common stock, \$4 par value, authorized 10,000,000					
shares; issued and outstanding 8,435,900 shares in 1999					
and 1998	33,744	33,744			
Paid-in capital	36,294	36,294			
Retained earnings	58,526	67,030	-		
TOTAL	148,344	156,848	-		
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2 and 9)					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$485,746	\$471,904	a		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

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			1999	1998	1997
	11 - 1		(1	n Thousands)	
Retained Earnings, Janu	lary 1		\$67,030	\$61,558	\$73,072
	et anne et al anne et a				, , .
Add: /	2 V .				
Net income			18,961	16,137	15,451
Deduct:				1999 - 1999 -	
Dividends declared:	•11			s	e di se
Preferred stock	· · · · · · · ·		965	965	000
Common stock					965
Total		at the state of th	26,500	9,700	26,000
IUlai	į.		27,465	10,665	26,965
Retained Earnings, Dec	ember 31 (Note 8)		\$58,526	\$67,030	\$61,558
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See Notes to Financial S	statements.				÷.,
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ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

		: .	the Alternation of the		
	1999	1998	1997	<u> 1996 </u>	<u>1995</u>
-	<u></u>		housands)		
a an	and the state of the s	an transformation			
Operating revenues	507,788	\$ 513,750	\$ 504,822	\$ 504,277	\$ 470,278
	8 18,961	• •···	\$ 15,451	\$ 26,776	\$ 34,386
Total assets	, 100,	\$ 471,904	\$ 498,150	\$ 549,996	\$ 596,206
Long-term obligations (1)	5 169,083	\$ 169,018	\$ 168,953	\$ 168,888	\$ 155,958
an a		in the second second	na sina sa		
(1) Includes long-term debt (exe	cluding currently m	aturing debt).	·····································		۱.
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	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
	1999		lars In Thousand	<u></u> ;	
D D				- •	
Electric Operating Revenues:	\$158,822	\$164,765	\$145,688	\$151,577	\$141,353
Residential	146,328	149,353	143,113	149,649	. 144,374
Commercial	25,584	26,229	24,616	24,663	22,842
Industrial	63,056	62,332	58,746	58,561	52,880
Governmental	393,790	402,679	372,163	384,450	361,449
Total retail Sales for resale:	0,0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	-		
Associated companies	14,207	10,451	10,342	2,649	3,217
Non-associated companies	10,545	10,590	8,996	9,882	9,864
Other	7,889	7,733	18,630	6,273	15,472
Total	\$426,431	\$431,453	\$410,131	\$403,254	\$390,002
Billed Electric Energy					
Sales (GWH):					
Residential	2,102	2,141	1,971	1,998	2,049
Commercial	2,208	2,149	2,072	2,073	2,079
Industrial	514	514	484	481	537
Governmental	1,071	1,037	994	974	983
Total retail	5,895	5,841	5,521	5,526	5,648
Sales for resale:					
Associated companies	441	370	316	66	149
Non-associated companies	180	199	160	212	297
Total	6,516	6,410	5,997	5,804	6,094
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Report of Independent Accountants

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To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of System Energy Resources, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, of retained earnings and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of System Energy Resources, Inc. at December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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New Orleans, Louisiana February 17, 2000

SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Income

Net income decreased in 1999 due to the additional reserves and interest recorded for the potential refund of System Energy's proposed rate increase, as well as downtime for unplanned outages.

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Net income increased slightly in 1998 primarily due to an increase in other income.

Revenues

Operating revenues recover operating expenses, depreciation, and capital costs attributable to Grand Gulf 1. Capital costs are computed by allowing a return on System Energy's common equity funds allocable to its net investment in Grand Gulf 1 and adding to such amount System Energy's effective interest cost for its debt.

Operating revenues increased in 1999 primarily due to the implementation of the Grand Gulf Accelerated Recovery Tariff (GGART) at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi. This increase in revenues is offset by related regulatory charges and does not affect net income. The tariff was designed to allow Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi to accelerate the payment of a portion of their Grand Gulf purchased power obligation in advance of the implementation of retail access. It became effective on January 1, 1999 and October 1, 1998 for Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi, respectively. The GGART and System Energy's proposed rate increase, which is subject to refund, are discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

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Fuel expenses

In 1999, fuel expenses decreased primarily due to an extended nuclear refueling outage at Grand Gulf 1 in addition to unplanned outages. Grand Gulf 1 was on-line for 17 fewer days in 1999 compared to 1998.

In 1998, fuel expenses decreased because of lower generation due to a scheduled nuclear refueling outage in April and May. Grand Gulf 1 was on-line for 47 fewer days in 1998 compared to 1997.

Depreciation and amortization

In 1999, depreciation and amortization expenses decreased as a result of the reduction in principal payment associated with the sale and leaseback of a portion of Grand Gulf 1. The depreciation schedule matches the collection of lease principal and revenues with the depreciation of the asset.

Other regulatory charges

In both 1999 and 1998, other regulatory charges increased due to the implementation of the GGART at Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi, as discussed above.

SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Other

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Other income increased in both 1999 and 1998 as a result of the interest earned on System Energy's advances to the money pool, an inter-company funding arrangement. The money pool is discussed in Note 4 to the

Interest charges

financial statements.

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An a consistent of long-term debt decreased in 1999 and 1998 as a result of the retirement and refinancing of highercost long-term debt.

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SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. INCOME STATEMENTS

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	1999	1998	1997		
		(In Thousands)			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Domestic electric	\$620,032	\$602,373	\$633,698		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operating and Maintenance:					
Fuel, fuel-related expenses, and					
gas purchased for resale	37,336	41,740	48,475		
Nuclear refueling outage expenses	14,136	15,737	16,425		
Other operation and maintenance	87,450	86,696	101,269		
Decommissioning	18,944	18,944	18,944		
Taxes other than income taxes	27,212	26,839	26,477		
Depreciation and amortization	113,862	125,331	128,915		
Other regulatory charges - net	57,656	4,443	-		
TOTAL	356,596	319,730	340,505		
OPERATING INCOME	263,436	282,643	293,193		
OTHER INCOME					
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	2,540	2,042	2,209		
Miscellaneous - net	16,309	13,309	8,517		
TOTAL	18,849	15,351	10,726		
INTEREST AND OTHER CHARGES					
Interest on long-term debt	102,764	109,735	121,633		
Other interest - net	45,218	6,325	7,020		
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(1,920)	(1,805)	(1,683)		
TOTAL	146,062	114,255	126,970		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	136,223	183,739	176,949		
Income taxes	53,851	77,263	74,654		
NET INCOME	\$82,372	\$106,476	\$102,295		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Constanting of the second s	• Veem Fuded Decombo	- 21
i e deserva deserva	rorui 1999	e Years Ended Decembe 1998	1997
and the second		(In Thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$82,372	\$106,476	\$102,295
Noncash items included in net income:			
Reserve for regulatory adjustments	108,484	68,236	43,123
Other regulatory charges - net	57,656	4,443	
Depreciation, amortization, and decommissioning	132,806	144,275	147,859
Deferred income taxes and investment tax credits	(86,860)	(28,222)	(39,370
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(2,540)	(2,042)	(2,209
Changes in working capital:			
Receivables	(172,354)	9,690	(23,833
Accounts payable	(11,688)	(2,859)	11,172
Taxes accrued the final factor of the factor	(21,424)	1,131	7,852
Interest accrued	(2,022)	(300)	8,127
Other working capital accounts	(4,425)	(2,228)	19,054
Provision for estimated losses and reserves	45	(1,704)	(1,025
Changes in other regulatory assets	(18,492)	25,066	. 36,654
Other	41,250	(23,159)	(23,392
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	102,808	298,803	286,307
		and the second	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Construction expenditures	(28,848)	(30,692)	(35,141
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	2,540	2,042	2,209
Nuclear fuel purchases	(39,975)	(30,523)	(16,524
Proceeds from sale/leaseback of nuclear fuel	39,975	30,523	16,524
Decommissioning trust contributions and realized			
change in trust assets	(22,139)	(24,166)	(22,452
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(48,447)	(52,816)	(55,384
		· · ·	• •
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of:			
Long-term debt	101,835	212,976	
Retirement of:			e de la companya
Long-term debt	(282,885)	(300,341)	(17,319
Dividends paid:	11 g	· · · ·	
Common stock	(75,000)	(72,300)	(113,800
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(256,050)	(159,665)	(131,119
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(201,689)	86,322	99,804
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	236,841	150,519	50,715
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$35,152	\$236,841	\$150,519
	annan i tha anna an anna an an anna an an an an an		<u></u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest - net of amount capitalized	\$102,867	\$107,923	\$112,387
Income taxes	\$154,336	\$104,987	\$105,621
Noncash investing and financing activities:			
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of			
decommissioning trust assets	(\$37)	\$3,205	\$1,237
See Notes to Financial Statements.			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. BALANCE SHEETS ASSETS

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	December 31,				
	1999	1998			
	(In Tho	usands)			
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Cash	\$136	\$120			
Temporary cash investments - at cost,					
which approximates market	35,016	236,721			
Total cash and cash equivalents	35,152	236,841			
Accounts receivable:		والمراجع المراجع			
Associated companies	301,287	125,171			
Other	670	4,431			
Total receivables	301,957	129,602			
Materials and supplies - at average cost	61,264	62,203			
Deferred nuclear refueling outage costs	18,665	12,853			
Prepayments and other	2,251	2,592			
TOTAL	419,289	444,091			
	23.76				
OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS					
Decommissioning trust funds	135,384	113,282			
UTILITY PLANT	•••				
Electric	3,060,324	3,030,636			
Property under capital lease	434,993	441,098			
Construction work in progress	58,510	57.076			
Nuclear fuel under capital lease	78,020	64,621			
TOTAL UTILITY PLANT	3,631,847	3,593,431			
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,312,559	1,198,266			
UTILITY PLANT - NET	2,319,288	2,395,165			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			
DEFERRED DEBITS AND OTHER ASSETS					
Regulatory assets:	0.40.00.4	201 000			
SFAS 109 regulatory asset - net	242,834	221,996			
Unamortized loss on reacquired debt	56,474	57,150			
Other regulatory assets	185,910	188,256			
Other	9,869	11,265			
TOTAL	495,087	478,667			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,369,048	\$3,431,205			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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, SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

	December 31,				
(1):11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	1999	1998			
	(In Tho	isands)			
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Currently maturing long-term debt	\$77,947	\$175,820			
Accounts payable:					
Associated companies	15,237	25,975			
Other	18,470	19,420			
Taxes accrued	55,383	76,800			
Accumulated deferred income taxes	7,162	5,022			
Interest accrued	40,000	42,02			
Obligations under capital leases	38,421	41,83			
Other	1,651	1,543			
TOTAL	254,271	388,443			
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES					
Accumulated deferred income taxes	481,945	506,723			
Accumulated deferred investment tax credits	93,219	96,69			
Obligations under capital leases	39,599	22,780			
FERC settlement - refund obligation	37,337	43,159			
Other regulatory liabilities	73,313	43,30			
Decommissioning	129,503	107,36			
Regulatory reserves	267,771	159,283			
Accumulated provisions	2,016	1,97			
Other	16,014	17,524			
TOTAL	1,140,717	998,823			
Long-term debt	1,082,579	1,159,830			
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY					
Common stock, no par value, authorized 1,000,000					
shares; issued and outstanding 789,350 shares in 1999 and					
1998	789,350	789,350			
Retained earnings	102,131	94,759			
TOTAL	891,481	884,109			
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 2, 9, and 10)					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$3,369,048	\$3,431,205			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

	tan di	For the Years Ended December 31,				
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	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		Ū.	n Thousands)		
Retained Earnings	, January I	· · ·	\$94,759	\$60,583	\$72,088	
Add: Net income	• • • •		82,372	106,476	102,295	
Deduct: Dividends decla	red		75,000	72,300	113,800	
Retained Earnings	, December 31 (Note 8)		\$102,131	\$94,759	\$60,583	
		•	fotosta internationalista de la companya de la comp	医胆道囊炎 化达缩	1. A.	
See Notes to Fina	ncial Statements.				10. C	
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SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA - FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995
· •		(Do	llars In Thousa	nds)	
Operating revenues	\$ 620,032	\$ 602,373	\$ 633,698	\$ 623,620	\$ 605,639
Net income	\$ 82,372	\$ 106,476	\$ 102,295	\$ 98,668	\$ 93,039
Total assets	\$3,369,048	\$3,431,205	\$3,432,031	\$3,461,293	\$3,431,012
Long-term obligations (1) Electric energy sales (GWH)	\$1,122,178 7,567	\$1,182,616 8,259	\$1,364,161 9,735	\$1,474,427 8,302	\$1,264,024 7,212
			· · · ·		· Sre

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(1) Includes long-term debt (excluding current maturities) and noncurrent capital lease obligations.

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Entergy Corporation and its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including the domestic utility companies and System Energy, whose separate financial statements are included in this document. The financial statements presented herein result from these companies having registered securities with the SEC.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The domestic utility companies and System Energy maintain accounts in accordance with FERC and other regulatory guidelines. Certain previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform to current classifications, with no effect on net income or shareholders' equity.

Entergy Corporation sold its investments in Entergy London and CitiPower in December 1998. Accordingly, the consolidated balance sheet does not include amounts for these entities as of December 31, 1998. The consolidated statements of income and cash flows for 1998 include amounts for Entergy London and CitiPower through the dates of their respective sales.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of Entergy Corporation's and its subsidiaries' financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Adjustments to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities may be necessary in the future to the extent that future estimates or actual results are different from the estimates used.

Revenues and Fuel Costs

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Mississippi generate, transmit, and distribute electricity primarily to retail customers in Arkansas, Louisiana, and Mississippi, respectively. Entergy Gulf States generates, transmits, and distributes electricity primarily to retail customers in Texas and Louisiana. Entergy Gulf States also distributes gas to retail customers in and around Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Entergy New Orleans sells both electricity and gas to retail customers in the City of New Orleans, except for Algiers, where Entergy Louisiana is the electricity supplier.

System Energy's operating revenues are intended to recover operating expenses and capital costs attributable to Grand Gulf 1 from Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans. Capital costs are computed by allowing a return on System Energy's common equity funds allocable to its net investment in Grand Gulf 1, plus System Energy's effective interest cost for its debt allocable to its investment in Grand Gulf 1. System Energy's proposed rate increase is discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The domestic utility companies accrue estimated revenues for energy delivered since the latest billings. The domestic utility companies' rate schedules include either fuel adjustment clauses or fixed fuel factors, both of which allow either current recovery or deferral of fuel costs until such costs are reflected in the related revenues. Fixed fuel factors remain in effect until changed as part of a general rate case, fuel reconciliation, or fixed fuel factor filing.

Utility Plant

Utility plant includes the portions of Grand Gulf 1 and Waterford 3 that have been sold and leased back. For financial reporting purposes, these sale and leaseback arrangements are reflected as financing transactions.

Net utility plant by company and functional category, as of December 31, 1999, is shown below (in millions):

			Er	itergy	E	itergy	E	ntergy	E	ntergy	Er	tergy .	Sy	stem
	E	ntergy	Ar	kansas	Gul	f States	Lo	uisiana	Mis	sissippi	New	Orieans	En	ergy
Production														
Nuclear	\$	6,766	S	913	\$	1,853	\$	1,832	S -	-	\$	- ``	\$	2,157
Other		1,396		338		585		201		199		15	· •	•
Transmission	·	1,597		455		495		311		300		27.	• •	9
Distribution		3,225		964		889		742		463		16 7 🗄		-
Other		567		99		152		118		92		17	•	16
Plant acquisition adjustment -			1.		÷.,			*	· · ·	. .				
Entergy Gulf States		407		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other		86		-	•	20		-		-		66		-
Construction work in progress		1,501		267		145		108		67		30		59
Nuclear fuel	ļ	374		95		71		52		· -		-		78
(leased and owned)														
Accumulated provision for			- * .			с. С	•	· · ·		1972 - S	• • •	• • • •	14	
decommissioning (1)		(418)		(271))	(64)	÷ + .	(83))	· · · ·		2 9 -		-
Utility plant - net	\$	15,501	\$	2,860	\$	4,146	\$	3,281	\$	1,121	\$	322	\$	2,319

(1) The decommissioning liabilities related to Grand Gulf 1, Pilgrim, and the 30% of River Bend previously owned by Cajun are recorded in the applicable Balance Sheets in "Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities – Decommissioning."

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis at rates based on the estimated service lives and costs of removal of the various classes of property. Depreciation rates on average depreciable property are shown below:

ء 11-14	Entergy	Entergy <u>Arkansas</u>	Entergy <u>Gulf States</u>	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy <u>New Orleans</u>	System <u>Energy</u>
1999	2.9%	3.2%	2.4%	2.9%	2.4%	3.0%	3.3%
1998	3.0%	3.3%	2.6%	3.0%	2.5%	3.1%	3.3%
1997	3.2%	3.1%	2.8%	3.0%	2.5%	3.1%	3.4%

AFUDC represents the approximate net composite interest cost of borrowed funds and a reasonable return on the equity funds used for construction. Although AFUDC increases both utility plant and earnings, it is realized in cash through depreciation provisions included in rates.

- 133 -

Jointly-Owned Generating Stations

Certain Entergy subsidiaries jointly own electric generating facilities with third parties. The investments and expenses associated with these generating stations are recorded by the Entergy subsidiaries to the extent of their respective undivided ownership interests. As of December 31, 1999, the subsidiaries' investment and accumulated depreciation in each of these generating stations were as follows:

ne de la telan de la Nacionalita (€).		twi trans ana arta ⊉	Total Megawatt			Accumulated
Generating	<u>g Stations</u>	<u>Fuel-Type</u>	<u>Capability</u>	<u>Ownership</u>	<u>Investment</u> (In M	Depreciation illions)
Entergy Arkansas	at a si	: 1	an ta she			·
Independence	Unit 1	Coal	836	31.50%	\$ 118	\$ 55
	Common Facilities	Coal		15.75% ~	30	13
White Bluff	Units 1 and 2	Coal	1,659	57.00%	404	205
Entergy Gulf States		•				
Roy S. Nelson	Unit 6	Coal	550	70.00%	403	199
Big Cajun 2	Unit 3	Coal	540	42.00%	227	. 106
Entergy Mississippi -	4.1					
Independence	Units 1 and 2	Coal	1,678	25.00%	227	. 95
System Energy -			<i>i</i> .			
Grand Gulf	Unit 1	Nuclear	1,200	90.00%(1)	3,483	1,313
Entergy Power -		, .				
Independence	Unit 2	Coal	842	14.37%	81	32

(1) Includes an 11.5% leasehold interest held by System Energy. System Energy's Grand Gulf 1 lease obligations are discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

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Income Taxes

Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries file a U.S. consolidated federal income tax return. Income taxes are allocated to the subsidiaries in proportion to their, contribution to consolidated taxable income. SEC regulations require that no Entergy subsidiary pay more taxes than it would have paid if a separate income tax return had been filed. In accordance with SFAS 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," deferred income taxes are recorded for all temporary differences between the book and tax basis of assets and liabilities, and for certain credits available for carryforward.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Investment tax credits are deferred and amortized based upon the average useful life of the related property, in accordance with ratemaking treatment.

Reacquired Debt

The premiums and costs associated with reacquired debt of the domestic utility companies and System Energy (except that allocable to the deregulated operations of Entergy Gulf States) are being amortized over the life of the related new issuances, in accordance with ratemaking treatment.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Entergy considers all unrestricted highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

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Entergy applies the provisions of SFAS 115, "Accounting for Investments for Certain Debt and Equity Securities," in accounting for investments in decommissioning trust funds. As a result, Entergy has recorded on the consolidated balance sheet \$136 million of additional value in its decommissioning trust funds. This increase represents the amount by which the fair value of the securities held in such funds exceeds the amounts deposited plus the earnings on the deposits. In accordance with the regulatory treatment for decommissioning trust funds, the domestic utility companies and System Energy have recorded an offsetting amount in unrealized gains on investment securities as a regulatory liability in other deferred credits. 189 198 Bar Bar Asser Co

Decommissioning trust funds for Pilgrim do not receive regulatory treatment. Accordingly, unrealized gains recorded on the assets in Pilgrim's trust funds are recognized as a separate component of shareholders' equity because these assets are classified as available for sale.

and the second All assets and liabilities of Entergy's foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the end of the period. Revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The resulting translation adjustments are reflected in a separate component of shareholders' equity. Current exchange rates are used for U.S. dollar disclosures of future obligations denominated in foreign currencies.

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Earnings per Share The average number of common shares outstanding for the presentation of diluted earnings per share were greater by approximately 199,000 shares in 1999, 176,000 shares in 1998, and 140,000 shares in 1997, than the number of such shares for the presentation of basic earnings per share due to Entergy's stock option and other stock compensation plans discussed more thoroughly in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Options to purchase approximately 5,205,000, 149,000, and 225,000 shares of common stock at various prices were outstanding at the end of 1999, 1998, and 1997, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common and the second second second second second shares at the end of each of the years presented.

Application of SFAS 71

ation of SFAS 71 The domestic utility companies and System Energy currently account for the effects of regulation pursuant to SFAS 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." This statement applies to the financial statements of a rate-regulated enterprise that meet three criteria. The enterprise must have rates that (i) are approved by the regulator; (ii) are cost-based; and (iii) can be charged to and collected from customers. These criteria may also be applied to separable portions of a utility's business, such as the generation or transmission functions, or to specific classes of customers. If an enterprise meets these criteria, it may capitalize costs that would otherwise be charged to expense if the rate actions of its regulator make it probable that those costs will be recovered in future revenue. Such capitalized costs are reflected as regulatory assets in the accompanying financial statements. SFAS 71 requires that rate-regulated enterprises assess the probability of recovering their regulatory assets at each balance sheet date. When an enterprise concludes that recovery of a regulatory asset is no longer probable, the regulatory asset must be removed from the entity's balance sheet.

SFAS 101, "Accounting for the Discontinuation of Application of FASB Statement No. 71," specifies how an enterprise that ceases to meet the criteria for application of SFAS 71 for all or part of its operations should report that event in its financial statements. In general, SFAS 101 requires that the enterprise report the discontinuation of the application of SFAS 71 by eliminating from its balance sheet all regulatory assets and liabilities related to the applicable segment. Additionally, if it is determined that a regulated enterprise is no longer recovering all of its costs and therefore no longer qualifies for SFAS 71 accounting, it is possible that an impairment may exist that could require further write-offs of plant assets.

EITF 97-4: "Deregulation of the Pricing of Electricity – Issues Related to the Application of FASB Statements No. 71 and 101[®] specifies that SFAS 71 should be discontinued at a date no later than when the effects of a transition to competition plan for all or a portion of the entity subject to such plan are reasonably determinable. Additionally, EFFF 97-4 promulgates that regulatory assets to be recovered through cash flows derived from another portion of the entity that continues to apply SFAS 71 should not be written off; rather, they should be considered regulatory assets of the segment that will continue to apply SFAS 71.

As described in "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - SIGNIFICANT FACTORS AND KNOWN TRENDS," management believes that definitive outcomes have not yet been determined regarding transition to competition in any of Entergy's jurisdictions. Therefore, the regulated operations of the domestic utility companies and System Energy continue to apply SFAS 71. Arkansas and Texas have enacted retail open access laws, but Entergy believes that significant issues remain to be addressed by Arkansas and Texas regulators, and the enacted laws do not provide sufficient detail to reasonably determine the impact on Entergy Arkansas' and Entergy Gulf States' regulated operations.

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Transition to Competition Liabilities

In conjunction with the transition to competition of the electric utility industry in certain jurisdictions in which the domestic utility companies operate, regulatory mechanisms have been established to mitigate potential stranded costs. These mechanisms include the transition cost account at Entergy Arkansas, which is discussed further in Note 2 to the financial statements. Also included is a provision in the Texas transition legislation that allows depreciation on transmission and distribution assets to be directed toward generation assets. The liabilities recorded as a result of these mechanisms are classified as "transition to competiton" deferred credits.

Domestic Operating Company Deregulated Operations

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Entergy Gulf States does not apply regulatory accounting principles to its wholesale jurisdiction, steam department, Louisiana retail deregulated portion of River Bend, and the 30% interest in River Bend formerly owned by Cajun. The Louisiana retail deregulated portion of River Bend is operated under a deregulated asset plan representing a portion (approximately 24%) of River Bend plant costs, generation, revenues, and expenses established under a 1992 LPSC order. The plan allows Entergy Gulf States to sell the electricity from the deregulated assets to Louisiana retail customers at 4.6 cents per KWH or off-system at higher prices, with certain provisions for sharing such incremental revenue above 4.6 cents per KWH between ratepayers and shareholders.

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The results of these deregulated operations before interest charges for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997 are as follows (in thousands):

1999		1998		1997	
\$	166,509	\$	178,303	\$	155,471
					. *
•	126,917		137,579		89,987
	35,141	· · · ·	39,497		36,351
÷	162,058		177,076		126,338
	628		1,154	÷	9,416
\$	3,823	\$	73	\$	19,717
	\$	\$ 166,509 126,917 35,141 162,058 628	\$ 166,509 \$ 126,917 35,141 162,058 628	\$ 166,509 \$ 178,303 126,917 137,579 35,141 39,497 162,058 177,076 628 1,154	\$ 166,509 \$ 178,303 \$ 126,917 137,579 35,141 39,497 162,058 177,076 628 1,154

The net investment associated with these deregulated operations as of December 31, 1999 and 1998 was approximately \$835 million and \$864 million, respectively.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

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A CONTRACT OF ANY AN Entergy periodically reviews long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that recoverability of these assets is uncertain. Generally, the determination of recoverability is based on the net cash flows expected to result from such operations and assets. Projected net cash flows depend on the future operating costs associated with the assets, the efficiency and availability of the assets and generating units, and the future market and price for energy over the remaining life of the assets. and the group of the second

Assets regulated under traditional cost-of-service ratemaking, and thereby subject to SFAS 71 accounting, are generally not subject to impairment because this form of regulation assures that all allowed costs are subject to recovery. However, certain deregulated assets and other operations of the domestic utility companies totaling approximately \$1.2 billion (pre-tax) could be affected in the future. Those assets include Entergy Arkansas' and Entergy Louisiana's retained shares of Grand Gulf 1. Entergy Gulf States' Louisiana deregulated asset plan, the Texas jurisdictional abeyed portion of the River Bend plant and the portion of River Bend transferred from Cajun, and wholesale operations. Additionally, as noted above, the discontinuation of SFAS 71 regulatory accounting principles would require that Entergy review the affected assets for impairment.

Derivative Financial Instruments and Commodity Derivatives

As a part of its overall risk management strategy, Entergy uses a variety of derivative financial instruments and commodity derivatives, including interest rate swaps and natural gas and electricity futures, forwards, and options. and the state of the second second

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Entergy accounts for derivative financial instruments used to mitigate interest rate risk in accordance with hedge accounting. Gains or losses from rate swaps used for such purposes that are sold or terminated are deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the debt instrument being hedged by the interest rate swap. If the debt instrument being hedged by the interest rate swaps is extinguished, any gain or loss attributable to the swap would be recognized in the period of the transaction. Additional information concerning Entergy's interest rate swaps outstanding as of December 31, 1999 is included in Note 7 to the financial statements. در.

Entergy's power marketing and trading business engages in price risk management activities for trading purposes. To conduct these activities, the business uses futures, forwards, swaps, and options, and uses the mark-tomarket method of accounting. Under the mark-to-market method of accounting, forwards, futures, swaps, options, and other financial instruments with third parties are reflected at market value in the balance sheets. Changes in the assets and liabilities from these instruments (resulting primarily from newly originated transactions and the impact of price movements) are recognized currently in the statements of income. The market prices used to value these transactions reflect management's best estimate considering various factors including closing exchange and over-the-counter quotations, time value, and volatility factors underlying the commitments.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 1998, the FASB issued SFAS 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," which will be effective for Entergy in 2001. This statement requires that all derivatives be recognized in the balance sheet, either as assets or liabilities, and measured at fair value. The statement also requires the designation and reassessment of all hedging relationships. The changes in fair value of derivatives will be recognized in earnings or in comprehensive income, depending on the type of hedge relationship involved. Entergy has not completed its analysis of the effect that the adoption of SFAS 133 will have on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In February 2000, the FASB issued an SFAS exposure draft which would be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2001. The proposed SFAS would require initial measurement and recognition of the liability for closure and removal of long-lived assets, including decommissioning, at fair value at the time the SFAS is adopted. Determination of fair value will likely require the estimation and discounting of future cash flows using an expected present value technique. An asset partially offsetting the liability would be determined by further discounting the liability to the time it was first incurred, which is initial contamination of a nuclear plant. This asset and the related accumulated depreciation would be presented with other plant costs on the balance sheet because the cost of decommissioning/closing the plant would be recognized as part of the total cost of the plant asset. Any difference between the liability recognized and the related net asset recognized at the time the proposed SFAS is adopted would be treated as a cumulative effective adjustment in the statement of income, unless it is probable that the difference will ultimately be recoverable from or refundable to customers. In that case, a regulatory asset or liability would be recorded. Decommissioning expense following the effective date of the proposed SFAS would be determined independently of the regulatory treatment of such expense and could be higher than the current level of expense being recognized. Amortization of any regulatory asset or liability recorded at the time of adoption of the SFAS would mitigate any impact on net income.

NOTE 2. RATE AND REGULATORY MATTERS

Electric Industry Restructuring

Arkansas

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

In April 1999, the Arkansas legislature enacted a law providing for competition in the electric utility industry through retail open access on January 1, 2002. With retail open access, generation operations will become a competitive business, but transmission and distribution operations will continue to be regulated. The APSC may delay implementation of retail open access, but not beyond June 30, 2003. The provisions of the new law:

 require utilities to separate (unbundle) their costs into generation, transmission, distribution, and customer service functions;

- require operation of transmission facilities by an organization independent from the generation, distribution, and retail operations;
- provide for the determination of and mitigation measures for generation market power, which could require generation asset divestitures;
- o allow for recovery of stranded and transition costs if the costs are approved by the APSC;
- o allow for the securitization of approved stranded costs; and

freeze residential and small business customer rates for three years by utilities that will recover stranded costs.

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Entergy Arkansas filed separate generation, transmission, distribution, and customer service rates with the APSC in December 1999. The rates were based on the cost-of-service study that formed the basis of the rates included in the 1997 settlement agreement. Hearings on the rate filing are scheduled for September 2000. If approved, these rates will become effective July 1, 2001. Entergy Arkansas also filed notice with the APSC in December 1999 of its intent to recover stranded costs. The APSC and various participants in the industry, including Entergy Arkansas, are currently in the process of implementing the legislation through various rulemaking and other proceedings.

Texas

Sector Ch

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

In June 1999, the Texas legislature enacted a law providing for competition in the electric utility industry through retail open access. The law provides for retail open access by most electric utilities, including Entergy Gulf States, on January 1, 2002. With retail open access, generation and a new retail provider operation will be competitive businesses, but transmission and distribution operations will continue to be regulated. The new retail provider function will be the primary point of contact with the customers for most services beyond initiation of electric service and restoration of service following an outage. The provisions of the new law:

- require a rate freeze through January 1, 2002 with frozen rates beyond that for residential and small 0 commercial customers of incumbent utilities;
- require utilities to separate (unbundle) their generation, transmission and distribution, and retail electric provider functions. Entergy Gulf States filed its plan in January 2000 with the PUCT to separate its functions. The plan included separate transmission and distribution companies;

require operation in a non-discriminatory manner of transmission and distribution facilities by an organization independent, from the generation and retail operations by the time competition is implemented:

- allow for recovery of stranded costs incurred in purchasing power and providing electric generation service if the costs are approved by the PUCT;
- allow securitization of regulatory assets and stranded costs; ο
- provide for the determination of and mitigation measures for generation market power; and ο
- require utilities to file separated data and proposed transmission, distribution, and competition tariffs by n April 1, 2000. and the state

The market power measures include a limit on the ownership of generation assets by a power generation company within a specified region. The implications of this limit are uncertain for Entergy Gulf States and the Entergy system. However, it is possible that Entergy Gulf States could be required to divest some of its generation assets if Entergy Gulf States is found to have generation market power. The legislation also requires affected utilities to sell at auction, at least 60 days before January 1, 2002, entitlements to at least 15% of their installed generation capacity in Texas. The obligation to auction capacity entitlements continues for up to 60 months after January 1, 2002, or until 40% of customers in the jurisdiction have chosen an alternative supplier, whichever comes first.

The PUCT and various participants in the industry are currently in the process of implementing the legislation through various rulemaking and other proceedings. Two significant rules have been issued by the PUCT:

A code of conduct was approved by the PUCT in December 1999 to ensure that utilities do not allow ο affiliates to have a business advantage over competitors. The rules allow the continuation of shared services affiliates, such as Entergy Operations and Entergy Services. Entergy adopted an internal code of conduct to ensure compliance with the new rules.

Rules governing the separated costs filing have been issued. Included is a provision establishing, as an 0 alternative to a market-based return on equity, a presumptively reasonable return on equity for a distribution utility at 200 basis points over its cost of debt. The provision allows the utility to provide evidence that the return should be higher. The rules also provide that the utility may propose a performance-based enhancement to the authorized rate of return, based on distribution and transmission company independence. Management does not agree with the arbitrary level set in the rule and will seek a higher return in its separated costs filing. A workshop has been held by the PUCT to discuss opportunities to seek a performance-based return. • • • •

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Louisiana

(Entergy Corporation, Entergy Gulf States, and Entergy Louisiana)

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In September 1996, Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Louisiana filed proposals with the LPSC designed to achieve an orderly transition to retail electric competition in Louisiana, while protecting certain classes of ratepayers from bearing the burden of cost shifting. In 1997 and 1998, the LPSC identified areas and issues for consideration in the generic rulemaking docket on competition in the electric utility industry. In March 1999, the LPSC deferred making a decision on whether electric restructuring in Louisiana is in the public interest, but approved the development of a Louisiana specific plan for possible future implementation. The LPSC staff, outside consultants, and counsel were directed to work together to analyze and resolve outstanding issues and recommend a plan for the implementation of retail competition for consideration by the LPSC by January 1, 2001. The LPSC staff, outside consultants, counsel, and industry members are working together to develop a plan to be submitted to the LPSC.

Mississippi

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Since 1996, Entergy Mississippi and the MPSC have been addressing issues regarding an orderly transition to a more competitive retail market for electricity. As a result, the MPSC issued, for informational purposes and to spur discussion, a proposed transition plan in June 1998. The plan provided for retail competition in Mississippi to begin January 1, 2001 and for recovery of allowable stranded costs through a non-bypassable charge during a transition period between January 2001 and the end of 2004. In preparing for competition, the MPSC has conducted hearings on: . . . tradition ÷. ,

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market power and reliability studies filed by the two investor-owned utilities in Mississippi,

- certification requirements and load dispatch and control rules; o
- cost of service issues; o
- holding company issues; o
 - rules and regulations that possibly could be promulgated, after appropriate state legislation, to implement retail electric competition; in cont
 - stranded costs; and
 - rate caps and performance-based rates.

In February 2000, legislation was introduced in Mississippi to establish a study committee to consider retail competition and provide a report to the legislature by December 1, 2000. If this legislation passes, the transition plan discussed above would be put on hold until this report has been reviewed. Management does not expect deregulation in Mississippi to occur prior to 2003.

New Orleans

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans)

Entergy New Orleans filed an electric transition to competition plan in September 1997. This plan is similar to those filed for the other domestic utility companies. No procedural schedule has been established for consideration of that plan by the Council.

In October 1998, the Council established a procedural schedule to determine if natural gas retail competition is in the public interest. In April 1999, Entergy New Orleans filed a plan that would allow for gas retail open access in New Orleans. The plan outlines the conditions under which Entergy New Orleans could support gas retail open access should the Council find it in the public interest. Hearings on retail competition for gas service were held in November 1999. No further action has been taken by the Council.

Retail Rate Proceedings

Filings with the APSC (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

Entergy Arkansas is operating under the terms of a settlement agreement approved by the APSC in December 1997 that provides for the following:

- accelerated payment of Entergy Arkansas' Grand Gulf purchased power obligation in an amount totaling \$165.3 million over the period from January 1999 to June 2004;
- o collecting earnings in excess of an 11% return on equity in a transition cost account to offset stranded costs when retail access is implemented;
 - o a rate freeze until at least July 1, 2001; and

o a rate decreases totaling \$200 million over the two-year period 1998-1999. The net income effect from the rate reductions was approximately \$22 million.

During 1999, Entergy Arkansas' operating expenses reflected reserves of \$15.4 million (\$9.5 million net of taxes) to record the 1999 accrual of excess earnings and an adjustment of the 1998 accrual. As of December 31, 1999, the transition cost account balance was \$109.9 million. Additional reserves may also be required in 2000 based on earnings reviews.

In March 1999, Entergy Arkansas filed its annually redetermined energy cost rate with the APSC in accordance with the Energy Cost Recovery Rider formula and special circumstances agreement. The filing reflected that an increase was warranted to offset an under-recovery of the energy costs for 1998. The increased energy cost rate is effective April 1999 through March 2000.

Filings with the PUCT and Texas Cities

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Rate Proceedings (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

In June 1999, the PUCT approved the settlement agreement that Entergy Gulf States entered into in February 1999. The settlement agreement resolved Entergy Gulf States' 1996 and 1998 rate proceedings and all of the settling parties' pending appeals in other matters, except for the appeal in the River Bend abeyed cost recovery proceeding discussed below. The Office of Public Utility Counsel, an intervenor in the proceeding, has appealed certain aspects of this settlement to Travis County District Court. Entergy Gulf States cannot predict the impact of the appeal.

The settlement agreement provides for the following:

- an annual \$4.2 million base rate reduction, effective March 1, 1999, which is in addition to the annual \$69 million base rate reduction (net of River Bend accounting order deferrals) in the PUCT's second order on rehearing in October 1998;
- a methodology for semi-annual revisions of the fixed fuel factor based on the market price of natural gas;
- a base rate freeze through June 1, 2000. The Texas restructuring law extends the base rate freeze through December 2001;
- amortization of the remaining River Bend accounting order deferrals as of January 1, 1999, over three years on a straight-line basis, and the accounting order deferrals will not be recognized in any subsequent base rate case or stranded cost calculation;
- the dismissal of all pending appeals of the settling parties relating to Entergy Gulf States' proceedings with the PUCT, except the River Bend abeyed plant costs appeal discussed below; and
- the potential recovery in the River Bend appeal is limited to \$115 million net plant in service as of January 1, 2002, less depreciation over the remaining life of the plant beginning January 1, 2002 through the date the plant costs are included in rate base, and any such recovery will not be used to increase rates above the level agreed to in the settlement agreement.
- As a result of the settlement agreement, in June 1999, Entergy Gulf States:

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- removed from its balance sheet a \$207.3 million deferred asset and the associated provision recorded for unrecovered purchased power costs and deferred revenue from NISCO, which had no net income impact on Entergy Gulf States;
- removed the reserve recorded in December 1997 for River Bend plant costs held in abeyance and reduced the plant asset, resulting in other income of \$4.8 million; and
 - removed the \$93.9 million reserve recorded in 1998 for the amortization of River Bend accounting order deferrals to reflect the three-year amortization schedule detailed in the agreement. The income impact of this removal was largely offset by an increase in the rate of amortization of the accounting order deferrals.

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In June 1999, the PUCT instituted a proceeding to consider the final adjustment of the rate refunds ordered as a result of Entergy Gulf States' November 1996 rate case. These refunds were required to occur over the fourteen-month period from August 1998 through September 1999. The PUCT issued an order in July 1999 adopting a calculation methodology which required Entergy Gulf States to refund an additional \$25 million. This refund was recorded as a reduction in operating revenues.

In September and October 1999, seven cities in Entergy Gulf States' Texas service territory enacted ordinances purporting to require Entergy Gulf States to "book and hold in a suspense account all revenues from the sale of River Bend power attributable to the 30% share acquired from Cajun pending regulatory determination of the appropriate regulatory treatment of such power." The ordinances had an effective date of December 1997. Entergy Gulf States filed for a review of the ordinances at the PUCT in October 1999. In November 1999, Entergy Gulf States and the cities entered into a settlement agreement under which the parties agreed that the ordinances only required Entergy Gulf States to provide monthly informational reports concerning certain expenses, revenues, and operations associated with the 30% share. Entergy Gulf States treats the 30% share as a non-regulated operation.

Recovery of River Bend Costs (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

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In March 1998, the PUCT disallowed recovery of \$1.4 billion of company-wide abeyed River Bend plant costs which have been held in abeyance since 1988. Entergy Gulf States appealed the PUCT's decision on this matter to the Travis County District Court in Texas. In June 1999, subsequent to the settlement agreement discussed above, Entergy Gulf States removed the reserve for River Bend plant costs held in abeyance and reduced the value of the plant asset. The settlement agreement limits potential recovery of the remaining plant asset, less depreciation, to

\$115 million, beginning January 1, 2002 through the date the plant costs are included in rate base, and any such recovery will not be used to increase rates above the level as agreed to in the settlement agreement. The settlement agreement also prohibits Entergy Gulf States from acting on its appeal until January 1, 2002. Based on advice of counsel, management believes that it is probable that the matter will be remanded again to the PUCT for a further ruling on the prudence of the abeyed plant costs and it is reasonably possible that some portion of these costs will be included in rate base. However, no assurance can be given that additional reserves or write-offs will not be required in the future.

PUCT Fuel Cost Review (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

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In September 1998, Entergy Gulf States filed an application with the PUCT for an increase in its fixed fuel factor and for a surcharge to Texas retail customers for the cumulative under-recovery of fuel and purchased power costs. The PUCT issued an order in December 1998 approving the implementation of a revised fuel factor and fuel and purchased power surcharge that would result in recovery of \$112.1 million of under-recovered fuel costs, inclusive of interest, over a 24-month period. These increases were implemented in the first billing cycle in February 1999. North Star Steel Texas, Inc. has appealed the PUCT's order to the State District Court in Travis County, Texas. Entergy Gulf States cannot predict the outcome of this appeal.

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Based on the settlement agreement discussed above, Entergy Gulf States adopted a methodology for calculating its fixed fuel factor based on the market price of natural gas. This calculation and any necessary adjustments began semi-annually as of March 1, 1999 and are scheduled to continue until December 2001. The calculation for the factor to be implemented March 1, 1999 showed that the fuel factor adopted in the December 1998 PUCT order should be reduced. This fuel factor reduction was approved by the PUCT in February 1999. The calculation for the factor to be implemented September 1, 1999 showed, and the PUCT approved on an interim basis, an increase in the fuel factor.

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The amounts collected under Entergy Gulf States' fixed fuel factor are, and will continue to be, the subject of fuel reconciliation proceedings before the PUCT, including a fuel reconciliation case filed by Entergy Gulf States in July 1999. In February 2000, Entergy Gulf States reached a unanimous settlement with all parties to the proceeding. Entergy Gulf States is reconciling approximately \$731 million (after excluding approximately \$14 million related to Cajun issues to be handled in a subsequent proceeding) of fuel and purchased power costs. The settlement reduces Entergy Gulf States' requested surcharge in the reconciliation filing from \$14.7 million to \$2.2 million. Although the settlement terms are still being finalized, the parties will ask the PUCT to allow the remaining \$2.2 million surcharge to be recovered beginning with the April 2000 billing cycle and continue until January 2001. In addition, Entergy Gulf States agreed to file a fuel reconciliation case by January 12, 2001 covering the period from March 1, 1999 through August 31, 2000.

In September 1999, Entergy Gulf States filed an application with the PUCT requesting an interim fuel surcharge to collect under-recovered fuel and purchased power expenses incurred from March 1999 through July 1999. In December 1999, the PUCT approved the collection of \$33.9 million over a five-month period beginning January 2000. The fuel and purchased power expenses contained in this surcharge will be subject to future fuel reconciliation proceedings.

Filings with the LPSC

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Annual Earnings Reviews (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

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In May 1995, Entergy Gulf States filed its second required post-Merger earnings analysis with the LPSC. Hearings on this review were held in December 1995. In October 1996, the LPSC ordered a \$33.3 million annual base rate reduction and a \$9.6 million refund. One component of the rate reduction removes from base rates approximately \$13.4 million annually of costs that will be recovered in the future through the fuel adjustment clause. Subsequently, Entergy Gulf States appealed the LPSC's order and obtained an injunction to stay the order, except insofar as it requires the \$13.4 million reduction, which Entergy Gulf States implemented in November 1996. In addition, pursuant to an October 1996 settlement with the LPSC, Entergy Gulf States will be allowed to recover \$8.1 million annually related to certain gas transportation and storage facilities costs. This amount will be applied as an offset to any refunds required. In April 1999, a Louisiana Supreme Court decision reduced the refund that Entergy Gulf States is required to make from \$9.6 million to \$6.0 million. The case has been remanded to the LPSC and management is continuing to evaluate the implications of this decision.

In May 1996, Entergy Gulf States filed its third required post-Merger earnings analysis with the LPSC. Based on this filing, Entergy Gulf States implemented a \$5.3 million annual rate reduction in June 1996. In September 1998, the LPSC issued an order in the third required post-Merger earnings analysis that required a refund of \$44.8 million for the period June 1996 through May 1997, and a prospective rate reduction of \$54.6 million effective September 20, 1998. The decision is on appeal to the Louisiana Supreme Court.

In May 1997, Entergy Gulf States filed its fourth post-Merger earnings analysis with the LPSC. Hearings were concluded in 1998 and a final decision by the LPSC is expected during the second or third quarter of 2000.

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In May 1998, Entergy Gulf States filed its fifth required post-Merger earnings analysis with the LPSC. This filing will be subject to review by the LPSC and may result in a change in rates. Hearings were held in May 1999 and a decision by the LPSC is expected in the fourth quarter of 2000 or the first quarter of 2001. In a bifurcated proceeding, the LPSC investigated transactions between Entergy Gulf States and other Entergy affiliates. Hearings were held in December 1999.

In May 1999, Entergy Gulf States filed its sixth required post-Merger earnings analysis with the LPSC. Hearings were held in February 2000. The timing of a final decision in the proceeding is not certain.

Entergy Gulf States' operating revenues during the fourth quarter of 1998 reflected reserves of \$102.2 million (\$60.9 million net of taxes) based on management's estimates of the probable outcome of the annual earnings reviews as well as the effects of the LPSC fuel cost review discussed below. Additional reserves of \$36.1 million (\$22.2 million net of taxes), including interest, are reflected in operating revenues in 1999. Proceedings on issues in the second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth post-Merger earnings analyses will continue.

LPSC Fuel Cost Review (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

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In September 1996, the LPSC completed the second phase of its review of Entergy Gulf States' fuel costs, which covered the period October 1991 through December 1994. In October 1996, the LPSC ordered a \$34.2 million refund. The refund includes a disallowance of \$14.3 million of capital costs (including interest) related to certain gas transportation and storage facilities, which were recovered through the fuel clause, and which have been refunded pursuant to an October 1996 settlement with the LPSC. Entergy Gulf States will be permitted to recover these costs in the future through base rates. In January 1999, the Louisiana Supreme Court affirmed the LPSC's October 1996 order. In accordance with this decision, Entergy Gulf States refunded \$26.2 million, including interest, in August 1999. Management reserved for this refund in 1998 in connection with estimates of the probable outcome of this proceeding and the annual earnings reviews discussed above.

Formula Rate Plan Filings (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louisiana)

In May 1997, Entergy Louisiana made its second annual performance-based formula rate plan filing with the LPSC for the 1996 test year. This filing resulted in a total rate reduction of approximately \$54.5 million, which was implemented in July 1997. At the same time, rates were reduced by an additional \$0.7 million and by an additional \$2.9 million effective March 1998. Upon completion of the hearing process in December 1998, the LPSC issued an order requiring an additional rate reduction and refund, although the resulting amounts were not quantified. Entergy Louisiana has appealed this order and obtained a preliminary injunction pending a final decision on appeal.

In September 1998, Entergy Louisiana made its third annual performance-based formula rate plan filing with the LPSC for the 1997 test year. Entergy Louisiana settled this filing with the LPSC in the third quarter of 1999. The settlement required no further change in Entergy Louisiana's base rates. Entergy Louisiana will recover a \$4.3 million excess credit as an offset to future rate reductions.

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In April 1999, Entergy Louisiana submitted its fourth annual performance-based formula rate plan filing for the 1998 test year. The filing indicated that a \$20.7 million base rate reduction might be appropriate. An interim rate reduction of \$15.0 million was implemented effective August 1, 1999. Entergy Louisiana's filing will be subject to further review by the LPSC, which may result in an additional change in rates. Entergy Louisiana has provided reserves for the potential of further rate reductions. Hearings are scheduled with the LPSC in May 2000.

Fuel Adjustment Clause Litigation (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louisiana)

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In May 1998, a group of ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy Corporation, Entergy Power, and Entergy Louisiana in state court in Orleans Parish purportedly on behalf of all Entergy Louisiana ratepayers. The plaintiffs seek treble damages for alleged injuries arising from the defendants' alleged violations of Louisiana's antitrust laws in connection with the costs included in fuel filings with the LPSC and passed through to ratepayers. Among other things, plaintiffs allege that Entergy Louisiana improperly introduced certain costs into the calculation of the fuel charges, including imprudently purchased high-cost electricity from its affiliates and imprudently purchased high-cost gas. Plaintiffs allege that these practices violated Louisiana's antitrust laws. In addition, plaintiffs seek to recover interest and attorney fees. Exceptions have been filed by Entergy, asserting that this dispute should be litigated before the LPSC and FERC. At the appropriate time, if necessary, Entergy will raise its defenses to the antitrust claims. At present, the suit in state court is stayed by stipulation of the parties.

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Plaintiffs also filed this complaint with the LPSC to initiate a review by the LPSC of Entergy Louisiana's menthly fuel adjustment charge filings and to force restitution to ratepayers of all costs that the plaintiffs allege were improperly included in those fuel adjustment filings. Marathon Oil Company and Louisiana Energy Users Group have also intervened in the LPSC proceeding. Discovery at the LPSC has been conducted and is expected to continue. Direct testimony was filed with the LPSC by plaintiffs and the intervenors in July 1999. In their testimony for the period 1989 through 1998, plaintiffs purport to quantify many of their claims in an amount totaling \$544 million, plus interest. The plaintiffs will likely assert additional damages for the period 1974 through 1988. The Entergy companies filed responsive and rebuttal testimony in September 1999. Rebuttal testimony by the plaintiffs and intervenors was filed in November 1999. Direct testimony of the LPSC staff will be filed in April 2000, to which Entergy will be permitted to respond. Hearings before the LPSC are scheduled to begin in September 2000. Entergy intends to defend this matter vigorously, both in court and at the LPSC. The outcome of the lawsuit and the LPSC proceeding cannot be predicted at this time. Management has provided reserves for this, other litigation, and Entergy Louisiana's formula rate plan proceedings based on its estimate of the outcome of these proceedings.

Filings with the MPSC (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Mississippi)

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In March 1999, Entergy Mississippi submitted its annual performance-based formula rate plan filing for the 1998 test year. In April 1999, the MPSC approved a prospective rate reduction of \$13.3 million. This rate reduction went into effect May 1, 1999. In June 1999, Entergy Mississippi revised its March 1999 filing to include a portion of refinanced long-term debt not included in the original filing. This revision resulted in an additional rate reduction of approximately \$1.5 million, effective July 1999.

Filings with the Council

. 1 用的第三人称单数 1997 Settlement (Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans)

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Entergy New Orleans submitted its cost of service and revenue requirement filing in September 1997 to the Council. In connection with this filing, Entergy New Orleans filed a settlement agreement with the Council, which was approved in November 1998. The settlement agreement required the following:

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base rate reductions for Entergy New Orleans' electric customers of \$7.1 million effective January 1, 1999, \$3,2 million effective October 1, 1999, and \$16.1 million effective October 1, 2000;

o a base rate reduction for Entergy New Orleans' gas customers of \$1.9 million effective January 1999; and

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no base rate increases prior to October 1, 2001. The second statements of the second statements o

Natural Gas (Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans)

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Fuel Adjustment Charse Litigation (Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans)

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a group of ratepayers filed a complaint against Entergy New Orleans, Entergy Corporation, "Entergy Services, and Entergy Power in state court in Orleans Parish purportedly on behalf of all Entergy New Orleans ratepayers. The plaintiffs seek treble damages for alleged injuries arising from the defendants' alleged violations of Louisiana's antitrust laws in connection with certain costs passed on to ratepayers in Entergy New Orleans' fuel adjustment filings with the Council. In particular, plaintiffs allege that Entergy New Orleans improperly included certain costs in the calculation of fuel charges and that Entergy New Orleans imprudently purchased high-cost fuel from other Entergy affiliates. Plaintiffs allege that Entergy New Orleans and the other defendant Entergy companies conspired to make these purchases to the detriment of Entergy New Orleans' ratepayers and to the benefit of Entergy's shareholders, in violation of Louisiana's antitrust laws. Plaintiffs also seek to recover interest and attorney fees. Exceptions to the plaintiffs' allegations were filed by Entergy, asserting, among other things, that jurisdiction over these issues rests with the Council and FERC. If necessary, at the appropriate time, Entergy will also raise its defenses to the antitrust claims. At present, the suit in state court is staved by stipulation of the parties. What may a DEST have and the part of the part of the second second 1.0.14 化化合物的 医上颌变力 经计划管理公司运行部分 Balancest of the Constant of the Constant 2012

409 961 Plaintiffs also filed this complaint with the Council in order to initiate a review by the Council of their allegations and to force restitution to ratepayers of all costs they allege were improperly and imprudently included in the fuel adjustment filings. Discovery has begun in the proceedings before the Council. The plaintiffs have not yet stated the amount of damages they claim. Entergy intends to defend this matter vigorously, both in court and before the Council. The ultimate outcome of the lawsuit and the Council proceeding cannot be predicted at this time. the provide the state of the st

<u>River Bend Cost Deferrals</u> (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States) 4. . . . ¹⁹80 - 1949,

Entergy Gulf States was amortizing \$182 million of River Bend operating and purchased power costs, depreciation, and accrued carrying charges over a 20-year period; however the PUCT recently accelerated the recovery of these deferrals to a three-year recovery period ending May 1999. The settlement agreement discussed above dismissed Entergy Gulf States' appeal regarding these deferrals and allowed Entergy Gulf States to amortize the remainder of the accelerated balance as of January 1, 1999, over three years on a straight-line basis ending December 31, 2001.

Grand Gulf 1 Deferrals and Retained Shares

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

Under the settlement agreement entered into with the APSC in 1985 and amended in 1988, Entergy Arkansas retains 22% of its 36% share of Grand Gulf 1-related costs and recovers the remaining 78% of its share in rates. In the event that Entergy Arkansas is not able to sell its retained share to third parties, it may sell such energy to its retail customers at a price equal to its avoided energy cost, which is currently less than Entergy Arkansas' cost of energy from its retained share.

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louisiana)

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In a series of LPSC orders, court decisions, and agreements from late 1985 to mid-1988, Entergy Louisiana was granted rate relief with respect to costs associated with Entergy Louisiana's share of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf 1, subject to certain terms and conditions. Entergy Louisiana retains and does not recover from retail ratepayers, 18% of its 14% share of the costs of Grand Gulf I capacity and energy and recovers the remaining 82% of its share in rates. Entergy Louisiana is allowed to recover through the fuel adjustment clause 4.6 cents per KWH for the energy related to its retained portion of these costs. Non-fuel operation and maintenance costs for Grand Gulf 1 are recovered through Entergy Louisiana's base rates. Alternatively, Entergy Louisiana may sell such energy to nonaffiliated parties at prices above the fuel adjustment clause recovery amount, subject to the LPSC's approval.

(Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans)

Under various rate settlements with the Council in 1986, 1988, and 1991, Entergy New Orleans agreed to absorb and not recover from ratepayers a total of \$96.2 million of its Grand Gulf 1 costs. Entergy New Orleans was permitted to implement annual rate increases in decreasing amounts each year through 1995, and to defer certain costs and related carrying charges for recovery on a schedule extending from 1991 through 2001. As of December 31, 1999, the uncollected balance of Entergy New Orleans' deferred costs was \$35.8 million.

FERC Settlement (Entergy Corporation and System Energy)

ふった In November 1994, FERC approved an agreement settling a long-standing dispute involving income tax allocation procedures of System Energy. In accordance with the agreement, System Energy will refund a total of approximately \$62 million, plus interest, to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans through June 2004. System Energy also reclassified from utility plant to other deferred debits approximately \$81 million of other Grand Gulf 1 costs. Although such costs are excluded from rate base, System Energy is amortizing and recovering these costs over a 10-year period. Interest on the \$62 million refund and the loss of the return on the \$81 million of other Grand Gulf 1 costs will reduce Entergy's and System Energy's net income by approximately \$10 million annually until 2004.

Proposed Rate Increase

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System Energy applied to FERC in May 1995 for a \$65.5 million rate increase. The request seeks changes to System Energy's rate schedule, including increases in the revenue requirement associated with decommissioning costs, the depreciation rate, and the rate of return on common equity. The request also includes a proposed change in the accounting recognition of nuclear refueling outage costs from that of expensing those costs as incurred to the deferral and amortization method described in Note 1 to the financial statements. In December 1995, System Energy implemented the \$65.5 million rate increase, subject to refund, for which a portion has been reserved. After holding hearings in 1996, a FERC ALJ found that portions of System Energy's request should be rejected, including a proposed increase in return on common equity from 11% to 13% and a requested change in decommissioning cost methodology. The ALJ recommended a decrease in the return on common equity from 11% to 10.86%. Other portions of System Energy's request for a rate increase were approved by the ALJ. All of the ALJ's findings are advisory, and may be accepted, modified, or rejected by FERC in a final order.

If FERC were to approve the ALJ's findings, System Energy would be required to make a refund of money collected under its proposed tariff in the amount of \$228.2 million as of December 31, 1999, together with interest in the amount of \$39.6 million. As of December 31, 1999, System Energy has fully provided reserves for this potential refund. It is not certain when FERC may issue a final order in this rate proceeding or whether FERC will accept, modify, or reject the ALJ's findings. Although management believes that the recorded reserves are adequate to reflect the probable outcome of this proceeding, additional reserves or write-offs could be required in the future.

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(Entergy Mississippi)

Entergy Mississippi's allocation of the proposed System Energy wholesale rate increase is \$21.6 million annually. In July 1995, Entergy Mississippi filed a schedule with the MPSC that defers the retail recovery of the System Energy rate increase. The deferral plan, which was approved by the MPSC, began in December 1995, the effective date of the System Energy rate increase, and will end after the issuance of a final order by FERC. Under this plan, the deferral period was anticipated to have ended by September 1998, and the deferred amount would have been amortized over 48 months beginning in October 1998. Although the deferral period under the plan has ended, FERC has not yet issued an order. For that reason, Entergy Mississippi filed a revised deferral plan with the MPSC in August 1998 that provides for recovery, effective with October 1998 billings, of \$11.8 million of the System Energy rate increase that was approved by the FERC ALJ's initial decision in July 1996. The \$11.8 million is being amortized over the original 48-month period, which began in October 1998. The amount of System Energy's proposed increase in excess of the \$11.8 million will continue to be deferred until the issuance of a final order by FERC, or October 2000, whichever occurs first. These deferred amounts, plus carrying charges, will be amortized over a 45-month period beginning in October 2000. 100 - 10 M M 22 经资金 海豚 医皮尔氏试验 法成本

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Entergy New Orleans' allocation of the proposed System Energy wholesale rate increase is \$11.1 million annually. In February 1996, Entergy New Orleans filed a plan with the Council to defer 50% of the amount of the System Energy rate increase. The deferral began in February 1996 and will end after the issuance of a final order by FERC.

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Grand Gulf Accelerated Recovery Tariff		at a the		
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(Entergy Arkansas)	and a provide the second			• • •
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In April 1998, FERC approved the GGART that Entergy Arkansas filed as part of the settlement agreement that the APSC approved in December 1997. The GGART was designed to allow Entergy Arkansas to pay down a portion of its Grand Gulf purchased power obligation in advance of the implementation of retail access in Arkansas. The GGART provides for the acceleration of \$165.3 million of its obligation over the period January 1, 1999 through June 30, 2004. The settlement agreement with the APSC is discussed above in "Filings with the APSC."

(Entergy Mississippi)

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In September 1998, FERC approved the GGART for Entergy Mississippi's allocable portion of Grand Gulf, which was filed with FERC in August 1998. The GGART provides for the acceleration of Entergy Mississippi's Grand Gulf purchased power obligation in an amount totaling \$221.3 million over the period October 1, 1998 through June 30, 2004.

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INCOME TAXES NOTE 3. -- 14

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Income tax expenses for 1999, 1998, and 1997 consist of the following (in thousands):

<u>1999</u>	دعم			Entergy		Entergy		Entergy		intergy		ntergy		System
•		Entergy	A	rkansas	G	ulf States		ouisiana	Mi	ssissippi	Nev	v Orleans		Energy
Current:					•	<i>.</i>	•	9 	•		•	12.028		101 702
Federal	\$	452,568	\$	25,812	5	64,991	\$	115,179	\$	(660)	Э	13,238	Ф.	121,733
Foreign		27,730		-		•		-		-				-
State	ł	65,834		5,781		11,669		22,675		131		2,923		18,979
Total	1.	546,132		31,593		76,660		137,854		(529)		16,161		140,712
Deferred - net	1	(153,304)	4	26,334	• •	13,513	•	(9,953)		19,566		(2,615)		(77,173)
Investment tax credit adjustments - net		(36,161)		(3,915)		(15,008)	•.	(5,533)		(1,500)		(516)		(9,688)
Recorded income tax expense	\$	356,667	\$	54,012	\$	75,165	\$	122,368	\$	17,537	\$	13,030	<u>\$</u> -	53,851
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<u>1998</u>			E	ntergy	ł	Entergy		Entergy					System
	1	Entergy	Ar	kansas	G	of States]	Louisiana	M	ississippi 🚲	Ne	w Orleans	Energy
Current:	· · · · .		х. ^с	: i.	ş.,								
Federal	5	235,979	\$	68,814	\$	43,729	\$	69,551	\$	34,984	\$.15,010 \$	91,107
Foreign	. .	28,156		•,		-,		-		-		-	-
State	· ·	67,163		14,853	1.	17,218		12,643		5,541		2,530	14,378
Total		331,298		83,667		60,947		82,194	•	40,525		17,540	105,485
Deferred - net		(109,474)		(7,153)		(90,314)		32,506		(10,983)		(6,993)	(24,745)
Investment tax credit		· ·			·	·						lasan 20 di kar	:
adjustments net		44,911		(5,140)		61,140		(5,596)		(1,511)		(505)	(3,477)
Recorded income tax expense	S	266,735	\$	71,374	\$	31,773	\$	109,104	\$	28,031	\$	10,042 \$	77,263

<u>1997</u>		Entergy	1	Entergy Arkansas		Entergy ulf States	Entergy ouisiana	Entergy ississippi		Enter <u>gy</u> w Orleans	System Energy
Current: Federal	5	433,444	\$	113,278	s	68,881	\$ 94,448	\$ 49,472	5	12,003	\$ 98,428
Foreign State		237,337 76,905		- 23,756		- 6,007	19,974	 - 9,476		- 2,096	 - 15,596
Total Deferred net		747,686 (312,691)		137,034 (73,406)		74,888 (104,435)	 114,422 (9,833)	58,948 (30,697)	-	14,099 (1,369)	114,024 (35,894)
Investment tax credit adjustments - net		36,346		(4,408)		51,949	(5,624)	(1,507)		(588)	 (3,476)
Recorded income tax expense	\$	471,341	\$	59,220	\$	22,402	\$ 9 8,9 65	\$ 26,744	\$	12,142	\$ 74,654

Total income taxes differ from the amounts computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to income before taxes. The reasons for the differences for the years 1999, 1998, and 1997 are (amounts in thousands):

				•				· · · ·		Sec. 24.4-5		·. ·		
			E	intergy	E	Entergy	E	intergy	E	Entergy	I	Entergy	S	ystem
1999		Entergy	A	kansas	G	if States	L	nisiana	M	ssissippi	Ne	w Orleans	E	nergy
Computed at statutory rate (35%)	5	333,093	\$	43,164	\$	70,058	\$	109,948	\$	20,693	\$	11,196	\$	47,678
Increases (reductions) in tax														
resulting from	- F							đ 2					• • • •	5
State income taxes net of			[·						ć	
federal income tax effect		49,487	1	6,949		18,805	f . ,	13,741		1,982		1,930		6,080
Depreciation		49,460		18,429		4,718		9,577		(1,093)		2,232		15,597
Rate deferrals - net		(254)		-		(90)		67		(24)	1	(207)		-
Amortization of investment			ŧ.									· .,		• •
tax credits		(29,015)		(5,132)	1	(6,642)		(5,532)		(1,500))	(518)		(9,691)
Flow-through/permanent	1	· · · · ·					•••							
differences		(8,042)		(5,250))	(2,795)		532		(284))	(272)		27
US tax benefit on foreign income		(9,584)		-		-		• -		-		-		-
Benefit of Entergy Corporation							: .							
expenses		-	1	(3,341))	(4,046)		(4,053)		(1,936))	(754)		(4,552)
Change in valuation allowance		(46,315					•					;	.;	
Other - net		17,837		(807)		(4,843)		(1,912)		(301))	(577)		(1,288)
Total income taxes	5	356,667	\$	54,012	\$	75,165	\$	122,368	\$	17,537	\$	13,030	\$	53,851
Effective Income Tax Rate	<i>'</i> .	37.5%	6	43.8%		37.6%	.,	39.0%	5	29.7%	6	40.7%	• • •	39.5%
		21121												

2 1	•	·	e. E	ntergy		Entergy		Entergy	j	Entergy		Entergy		ystem
1998	1	Entergy	Ar	kansas	G	ulf States]	Louisiana	Μ	ississippi	Ne	w Orleans	E	nergy
Computed at statutory rate (35%)	\$	368,327	\$	63,814	\$	27,358	\$	101,007	\$	31,734	\$	9,162	5	64,309
Increases (reductions) in tax resulting from		\$ 		•		an a			•					• • •
State income taxes net of	ŝ.	· · ·		$r_{\rm e}$	•.		•	· · · · ·						
federal income tax effect		37,494		9,289		7,744	•	9,156		3,053		831	·	7,421
Depreciation		40,578	· ·	6,497		11,099	ţ.	8,147		(686)		888		14,633
Rate deferrals - net	• • • • •	(511)		701		659		372		(2,535)		292		-
Amortization of investment		1000		an ing an		و، ، ورد		`a≊ v≊⊿	÷					
tax credits		(21,285)		(5,136)		(5,061)	:	(5,592)		(1,512)		(504)		(3,480)
Flow-through/permanent							:					a ga s		
differences		(3,570)	5. F	1,078		(4,404)		(188)		149		(187)		(18)
US tax on foreign income		108,194	. .	-		-	• • •	-		•		· · •	. :	-
Non-taxable gain on sale														
of foreign assets		(20,283)		-		-		-		•		-		-
Change in UK statutory rate		(31,703)		-		-		-		-		•		: -
Foreign subsidiary basis difference		(58,235)	23	-		-	•	. 🐨 🗧		-			· tatt	- · ·
Reduced rate on gain on sale		1	1 - L									•	• -:	ŧ
of foreign assets		(56,712)	Ċ.	-		-	;	-		-		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.00	• •
Non-deductible franchise fees	• *	7,315	1	-		-	e e Li c		1	-		1977. 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 - 1977 -		-
Interest on perpetual instruments		(5,467)		-		-	. •			-	•	-		-
Benefit of Entergy Corporation								•	,					
expenses	[·		. ·	(5,212))	(4,948)).	(3,947)) ((2,386)		(629)	• •	(4,999)
Change in valuation allowance		(106,636)										17 1 - 1 1 1		
Other - net		9,229		343	. : .	(674)		149		214		189	. :	(603)
Total income taxes	\$	266,735	S	71,374	\$	31,773	\$	109,104	\$	28,031	<u> </u>	10,042	5	77,263
				· · . · . · .		•					• •			
Effective Income Tax Rate		25.3%	D	39.1%	Ď	40.6%	,)	37.8%	5	30.9%	•	38.4%		42.1%

			E	ntergy	F	Entergy	Ε	Intergy	E	intergy	E	ntergy	S	System
<u>1997</u>		Entergy	1	rkansas		If States	L	ouisiana	Mi	ssissippi	New	Orleans	H	Energy
Computed at statutory rate (35%)	\$	270,284	\$	64,470	\$	28,833	\$	84,253	\$	32,691	\$	9,658	\$	61,932
Increases (reductions) in tax														
resulting from:														
State income taxes net of	ļ													7 000
federal income tax effect		33,272		8,382		1,274		12,106		3,110		1,191		7,209
Depreciation		25,471	1	(2,784)		(3,670)		13,162		964		2,236		15,563
Rate deferrals - net		3,484		1,543		5,575		(526)		(3,504))	396		-
Amortization of investment			Į											(0.450)
tax credits]	(19,592)	1	(4,404)		(3,981)		(5,627)		(1,512))	(589)		(3,479)
Flow-through/permanent	1													
differences		(6,537)		(1,558)		(14,658)		47		(78))	(187)		-
UK windfall profits tax		234,080		-		-		-		-		-		-
Change in UK statutory rate		(64,670)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Non-deductible franchise fees		17,234		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest on perpetual instruments		(9,094)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit of Entergy Corporation	1													
expenses		-		(4,920)		-		(4,788)	1	(2,704))	(831)		(4,037)
Other net		(12,591)		(1,509)		9,029		338		(2,223)	268		(2,534)
Total income taxes	\$	471,341	\$	59,220	\$	22,402	\$	98,965	\$	26,744	\$	12,142	\$	74,654
Effective Income Tax Rate		61.0%	ò	31.6%		27.2%		41.1%	þ	28.6%	6	44.0%		42.2%

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Significant components of net deferred tax liabilities as of December 31, 1999 and 1998 are as follows (in thousands):

<u>1999</u>			ı	Entergy		Entergy		Entergy		Entergy		Entergy		ystem
6		Entergy		Arkansas		Julf States		Louisiana	<u>N</u>	lississippi	Ne	w Orleans	<u> </u>	nergy
eferred Tax Liabilities:		(1 aca aca		(000 220)	•	(100.050			•	(00.0.(0)			• •	
Net regulatory assets/(liabilities)	\$	(1,268,257)		(229,555)	5	(432,256)	\$	(278,289)	\$	(32,048)	\$	4,480 \$		(300,589
Plant-related basis differences	·	(3,041,135)		(533,375)		(1,013,110)	. *	(749,257)		(220,827)		(62,104)		(452,083
Rate deferrals		(77,652)		(6,168)	•	(3,128)		•		(44,214)		(24,142)	. •	· •
Other		(201,958)	-	(77,812)		(15,157)		(24,741)	_	(9,214)		(7,718)		(22,41)
Total	5	(4,589,002)	\$	(846,910)	\$	(1,463,651)	5	(1,052,287)	\$	(306,303)	\$	(89,484) \$		(775,08
eferred Tax Assets:			· .		••							a, inda		
Accumulated deferred investment						-								
tax credit		178,153		37,211		46,851		47,390		7,997		3,048	4	35,65
Net operating loss carryforwards		2,137		-		2,137				-				
Capital loss carryforwards		62,754		•		-		-		-		· .	•	
Foreign tax credits		116,701		•		-		-		-		-	.~	,
Alternative minimum tax credit		40,658				40,658		• =		-		· .		
Sale and leaseback	1	230,690		-		11	÷.,	107,184		-	•		د.	123,50
Removal cost		108,572		943		26,848		66,786		1.994		12.001		
Unbilled revenues		40,761		• -		21,161		17.618		(1,183)		3,165	ن ور	
Pension-related items		32,734		-		10,810		9,509		(1,508)		8,064		2,88
Rate refund		142,984		-		45,781		20,270		-		1,347		102,42
Reserve for regulatory adjustments		124,078		-		124,078		· · -		•		. ≊⊴: -		1.412
Transition cost accrual		43,127		43,127		•	•				-		• •	
FERC Settlement		12,638				-		-			v	34 M.		12.63
Other		161,074		13,358		18,485		3,760		-		7,118		8,87
Valuation allowance		(91,039)		•		-		-		-				
Total	S.	1,206,022	S	94,639	S	336,809	S	272,517	\$	7,300	\$	34,743 \$		285,97
	, ain						-	<u>مىر ۋە ئىرىنى بىر م</u>				<u>شد برو الأحد م</u>		
Net deferred tax liability	\$	(3,382,980)	\$	(752,271)	\$	(1,126,842)	5	(779,770)	\$	(299,003)	\$	(54,741) \$		(489,10

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- 152 -

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<u>1998</u>			•	Entergy	Entergy		Entergy		Entergy		Entergy w Orleans		System Formu
		Entergy		Arkansas	 Julf States		Louisiana	N	lississippi	NC	WOReans		Energy
<u>Deferred Tax Liabilities:</u> Net regulatory assets/(liabilities) Plant-related basis differences Rate deferrals	\$	(1,334,014) (3,053,837) (97,071)		(286,983) (505,851) (1,350)	\$ (432,070) (1,027,463) (26,986)	\$	(319,588) (739,298) -	\$	(34,086) (214,461) (36,064)	S ¹	(2,305) (57,778) (32,671)	\$	(258,982) (489,501) -
Gain on sale of assets		(80,500)		-			-			•			-
Other		(55,700)	-	(63,663)	 (8,923)		(23,912)	_	(6,531)		(5,372)		(20,517)
Total	\$	(4,621,122)	\$	(857,847)	\$ (1,495,442)	\$	(1,082,798)	\$	(291,142)	S	(98,126)	2	(769,000
and the second			ŀ	1011 111		• •	• •		191			•	
Deferred Tax Assets:	1	· · · ·		1997 - E	•		t £10 ÷		1,		*, 1811 - L		
Accumulated deferred investment	1		. * .		s.;;				1 (j. 143) 1 - 143	(k. 2)			26.000
tax credit		192,696		38,708	55,664		49,520		8,571		3,247		36,986
Investment tax credit carryforwards		8,979		-	8,979			. ₁ .	•	' .	•		
Net operating loss carryforwards		2,137		-	2,137		•	.1	•		•		•
Capital loss carryforwards		65,939		-	-		-		•		•		•
Foreign tax credits		135,727		-	-		-		•		-		•
Alternative minimum tax credit		40,658		-	40,658		-		-		•		121.047
Sale and leaseback		240,067	ŀ	-	-		108,125		-				131,942
Removal cost		108,858	1	1,127	27,015		66,012		2,945		11,759		•
Unbilled revenues	1	36,802		-	20,365		12,660		(726)		4,503		3,833
Pension-related items		30,911		-	11,565		9,664	• .	-		5,849		5,853 60,927
Rate refund		110,312	L	, -	49,385		-		•	•	-		00,941
Reserve for regulatory adjustments		158,839		-	158,839		•	÷.,,			-		
Transition cost accrual		35,374		35,374	-		-		•	4. ÷	-		15,057
FERC Settlement	1	15,057		-	-				•		-		8,500
Other		10,719		: 1,905	33,944		9,218	; .	•		9,270		6,300
Valuation allowance		(142,261)	_	<u> </u>	 -	_		ي الم	10 000		34,628	•	257,251
Total	\$	1,050,814	5	77,114	\$ 408,551		255,199	5	10,790	3	34,028	\$	
Net deferred tax liability	\$	(3,570,308)) \$	(780,733)	\$ (1,086,891)	\$	(827,599)	\$	(280,352)	\$	(63,498)	\$	(511,74

"我们看到我们,""你们,你们不是你?"

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy had net operating loss carryforwards of \$24.5 million for state income tax purposes, all related to Entergy Gulf States. If the state net operating loss carryforwards are not utilized against income from its subsidiaries, they will expire between 2000 and 2004. The alternative minimum tax (AMT) credit carryforwards as of December 31, 1999 were \$40.7 million, all related to Entergy Gulf States. This AMT credit can be carried forward indefinitely and may be applied solely against the federal income tax liability of Entergy Gulf 1.1.1. States. 5.5.18 ··....

The valuation allowance is provided primarily against foreign tax credit carryforwards, which can be utilized against future United States taxes on foreign source income. If these carryforwards are not utilized, they will expire between 2000 and 2004.

At December 31, 1999, unremitted earnings of foreign subsidiaries were approximately \$29.5 million. Since it is Entergy's intention to indefinitely reinvest these earnings, no U.S. taxes have been provided. Upon distribution of these earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, Entergy could be subject to U.S. income taxes (subject to foreign tax credits) and withholding taxes payable to various foreign countries.

NOTE 4. LINES OF CREDIT AND RELATED SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

The short-term borrowings of the domestic utility companies and System Energy are limited to amounts authorized by the SEC. The current limits authorized are effective through November 30, 2001. In addition to borrowing from commercial banks, Entergy companies are authorized to borrow from the Entergy System Money Pool (money pool). The money pool is an inter-company borrowing arrangement designed to reduce the domestic utility companies' dependence on external short-term borrowings. Borrowings from the money pool and external borrowings combined may not exceed the SEC authorized limits. The following are the SEC-authorized limits and borrowings from the money pool for the domestic utility companies and System Energy as of December 31, 1999 (there were no borrowings outstanding from external sources):

	<u>Authorized</u> (In M	Outstanding <u>Borrowings</u> lillions)
Entergy Arkansas	\$ 235	\$ 40.6
Entergy Gulf States	340	36.1
Entergy Louisiana	225	91.5
Entergy Mississippi	103	50.0
Entergy New Orleans	- 35	9.7
System Energy	140	· · ·
Total	<u>\$1,078</u>	<u>\$ 227.9</u>

Other Entergy companies have SEC authorization to borrow from Entergy Corporation through the money pool and from external sources in an aggregate principal amount up to \$265 million. These Entergy companies had \$116.6 million outstanding as of December 31, 1999 borrowed from the money pool. Some of these borrowings are restricted as to use and are collateralized by certain assets.

In September 1999, Entergy Corporation amended its \$250 million, 364-day bank credit facility. As of December 31, 1999, \$120 million was outstanding under this facility. The weighted-average interest rate on Entergy's outstanding borrowings as of December 31, 1999 and 1998 was 7.48% and 5.97%, respectively. The commitment fee for this facility is currently .15% of the line amount. Commitment fees and interest rates on loans under the credit facility can fluctuate depending on the senior debt ratings of the domestic utility companies. There is further discussion of commitments for long-term financing arrangements in Note 7 to the financial statements.

On February 25, 2000, Entergy Corporation obtained a 364-day term loan in the amount of \$120 million, accruing interest at a rate of 6.7%. The proceeds are being used to make an open-account advance to Entergy Louisiana in order to repay maturing debt. Entergy Corporation will use any remaining proceeds for general corporate purposes and working capital needs.

PREFERRED, PREFERENCE, AND COMMON STOCK (Entergy Corporation, Entergy NOTE 5. Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans)

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The number of shares authorized and outstanding, and dollar value of preferred and preference stock for Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy · · · · · · New Orleans as of December 31, 1999, and 1998 were: . .

		Share	B .			Call Price Per
·.		Authori	zed			Share as of
		and Outsta	nding			December 31,
	·	1999	1998	1999	1998	1999
				(Dollars in Th	ousands)	1 1
Entergy Arkansas E	referred Stock					÷
Without sinking f			•. *			-# - <u>.</u>
Cumulative, \$1	00 par value:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.32% Serie	5	70,000	70,000	\$7,000	••••	\$103.65
4.72% Series	5	93,500	93,500	9,350	9,350	107.00
4.56% Serie		75,000	75,000	7,500	7,500	102.83
4,56% 1965		75,000	75,000	7,500	7,500	102.50
6.08% Serie		100,000	100,000	10,000	10,000	102.83
7.32% Serie		100,000	100,000	10,000	10,000	103.17
7.80% Serie		150,000	150,000	15,000	15,000	103.25
7.40% Serie	and provide the second s	200,000	200,000	20,000	20,000 - 34	102.80
7.88% Serie		150,000	150,000	15,000	15,000	103.00
Cumulative, \$0					· · ·	
\$1.96 Series	-	600,000	600,000	15,000	15,000	25.00
	hout sinking fund	1,613,500	1,613,500	\$116,350	\$116,350	
With sinking fun	d:	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			÷
Cumulative, \$1	ALC AND ALC	-	· .	•.	· ·	
8.52% Serie	2 - 47 M	· _	200,000	-	\$20,000	-
) Cumulative, \$				$T = \frac{1}{2}$		
9.92% Serie		-	81,085	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,027	-
	h sinking fund		281,085	-	22,027	
Fair Value of Pr	eferred Stock				*** • • • •	
with sinking fu	md (e)			-	\$22,986	

- 155 -

	Share Authori and Outsta	zed	an an taon an t Taon an taon an t	na stalina Gibbo e	Call Price Per Share as of December 31,
$\frac{1}{2}$ (1) $\frac{1}{2}$	1999	1998		1998	1999
Entergy Gulf States Preferred and Prefere	nce Stock	•	(Dollars i	n Thousands)	
Preference Stock					in the second
Cumulative, without par value					
7% Series (a) (b)	6,000,000	6,000,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	
Preferred Stock					
Authorized 6,000,000 shares,		· .			
\$100 par value, cumulative		÷.,			
Without sinking fund:	· · · · ·				
4.40% Series	51,173	51,173	\$5,117	\$5,117	\$108:00
4.50% Series	5,830	5,830	583	583	105.00
4.40% - 1949 Series	1,655	1,655	166	166	103.00
4.20% Series	9,745	9,745	975	975	102.82
4.44% Series	14,804	14,804	1,480	1,480	103.75
5.00% Series	10,993	10,993	1,099	1,099	104,25
5.08% Series	26,845	26,845	2,685	2,685	104.63
4.52% Series	10,564	10,564	1,056	1,056	103.57
6.08% Series	32,829	32,829	3,283		103.34
7.56% Series	350,000	350,000	35,000	35,000	101.80
Total without sinking fund	514,438	514,438	\$51,444	\$51,444	: :
With sinking fund:	· · · ·	t ta			tere pr
8.80% Series	-	139,971	-	\$13,997	-
8.64% Series	•	84,000 ···	-	8,400	·
Adjustable Rate - A, 7.02% (c)	144,000	156,000	\$14,400	15,600	\$100.00
Adjustable Rate - B, 7.03% (c)	202,500	225,000	20,250	22,500	100.00
Total with sinking fund	346,500	604,971	\$34,650	\$60,497	
Fair Value of Preference Stock and				and Ang pangangang pangang pangang Ang pangang pang	
Preferred Stock with sinking fund (e)			\$183,357	\$203,456	÷

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$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}^{(1)}}{\partial x_{1}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{1}}{\partial x_{1}}$ $ = \frac{2}{2} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{1}}{\partial x_{1}} = 1$	Share Authoriz				Call Price Per Share as of
and the second sec	and Outsta				December 31,
and the second sec	1999	1998	1999	1998	1999
Entergy Louisiana Preferred Stock			(Dollars in T	bousands)	
Without sinking fund:			-		
Cumulative, \$100 par value:		~~ ~~~	A C 000	a c 000	\$104.25
4.96% Series	60,000	60,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$104.23 104.21
4.16% Series	70,000	70,000	7,000	7,000 ···· 7,000	104.21
4.44% Series	70,000	70,000 76,000	7,000 7,500	7,500	104.00
5.16% Series	75,000	75,000	-	8,000	103.00
5.40% Series	80,000	80,000	8,000 8,000	8,000	103.00
6.44% Series	80,000	80,000	10,000	10,000	102.72
7.84% Series	100,000	100,000		10,000	103.36
7.36% Series	100,000	100,000	10,000		105.50
Cumulative, \$25 par value:		1 400 000		27.000	25.00
8.00% Series	1,480,000	1,480,000	37,000 \$100,500	37,000	20.00
Total without sinking fund	2,115,000	2,115,000	\$100,500	\$100,500	·
With sinking fund:		2		**************************************	
7.00% Series	en mangada i s Li Li Li Belli		-	\$50,000	••••
8.00% Series (d)	350,000	350,000	35,000	35,000	-
Total with sinking fund	350,000	850,000	\$35,000	\$85,000	
			and and grades	ومودر المالية ال	an a
Fair Value of Preferred Stock					
Fair Value of Preferred Stock with sinking fund (e)			\$35,364	\$87,813	
with sinking fund (e)	an she Marka An An An An		\$35,364	\$87,813	
with sinking fund (e)	er er Mikeraa Litte i		\$35,364	\$87,813	- 1 _1
with sinking fund (e)	an China an Istaire Istaire		\$35,364	\$87,813	
with sinking fund (e) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund:			\$35,364 19 - 20 - 20 - 20 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 20 - 20 -	\$87,813	
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value:		 ξ (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	\$35,364 4 ¹	\$87,813	103.86
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series	59,920	5. Second Factors 1.13 Second Total 1.15 Second Land 59,920 g	\$35,364 4 ¹ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$87,813 5,992	
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series	59,920 43,888	59,920 43,888	\$35,364 5,992 4,389	\$87,813 5,992 4,389	107.00
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series	59,920 43,888 100,000	59,920 43,888 100,000	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000	107.00 102.8
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000	107.00 102.80 102.81
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series 3.36% Series	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 206,000.	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000	107.00 102.80 102.81
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000	107.00 102.88 102.81
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000	107.00 102.88 102.81
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.56% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund =	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.83 102.83 100.00
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.81 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (e) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.56% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund =	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.81 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (c) <u>Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock</u> Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.81 102.01
with sinking fund (e) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.56% Series 4.56% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.81 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (c) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.88 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (e) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.55% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.88 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (c) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.88 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (c) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.88 102.81 100.00
with sinking fund (c) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.92% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	
with sinking fund (c) Entergy Mississippi Preferred Stock Without sinking fund: Cumulative, \$100 par value: 4.36% Series 4.50% Series 7.44% Series 7.44% Series Total without sinking fund	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	59,920 43,888 100,000 100,000 200,000 503,808	\$35,364 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	\$87,813 5,992 4,389 10,000 10,000 20,000 \$50,381	107.00 102.88 102.81 100.00

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un et Anno 1999 - Anno 1999 - Anno	Sha Autho and Outs	rized			Call Price Per Share as of December 31,
₩ \$ 	1999	1998	1999	1998	1999
Entergy New Orleans Preferred Stock			(Dollars in T	housands)	
Without sinking fund:					unitedes (Marin Marin III) -
Cumulative, \$100 par value:	1. A				•
4.75% Series	77,798	77,798	7,780	7,780	105.00
4.36% Series	60,000	60,000	6,000	6,000	104.57
5.56% Series	60,000	60,000	6,000	6,000	102.59
Total without sinking fund	197,798	197,798	\$19,780	\$19,780	· .
ter an en					
Entergy Corporation	.'	· • •		• •	
		· · · ·			
Subsidiary's Preference Stock (a)(b):	6,000,000	6,000,000	\$150,000	\$150,000	$x_{1} \rightarrow 0$
				-1	: •
Subsidiaries' Preferred Stock:		A.	: •	್.ಮಾತ್ ವರ್ಷ	i en
Without sinking fund:	4,944,544	4,944,544	\$338,455	\$338,455	Å.
With sinking fund:	696,500	1,736,056	\$69,650	\$167,523	en e Santa An St
Fair Value of Preferred Stock			•	at y data star	
and Preferred Stock with sinking fund(e)		· _	\$218,721	\$314,255	kg1,'≠
		-		• জু লেজ ন তুৱ	

(a) The total dollar value represents the liquidation value of \$25 per share.

(b) These series are not redeemable as of December 31, 1999, but become mandatorily redeemable on July 15, 2000. 二、1880年度人的风景、增加日

(c) Represents weighted-average annualized rates for 1999.

Represents weighted-average annualized rates for 1999. This series is not redeemable as of December 31, 1999, but becomes mandatorily redeemable on November (d) 1. 2001.

Fair values were determined using bid prices reported by dealer markets and by nationally recognized **(e)** 63 investment banking firms. There is additional disclosure of fair value of financial instruments in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Changes in the preferred stock, with and without sinking fund, of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Mississippi during the last three years were:

		Number of Shares	
	1999	1998	1997
Preferred stock retirements			
Entergy Arkansas			
\$100 par value	(200,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
\$25 par value	(81,085)	(160,000)	(160,000)
Entergy Gulf States	. , ,		
\$100 par value	(258,471)	(84,812)	(934,812)
Entergy Louisiana			()
\$100 par value	(500,000)	-	-
\$25 par value	•	-	(300,000)
Entergy Mississippi			())
\$100 par value	-	-	(145,000)

Cash sinking fund requirements and mandatory redemptions for the next five years for preferred and preference stock, outstanding as of December 31, 1999, are as follows:

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	Entergy	Entergy <u>Gulf States</u> (In Thousands)	Entergy Louisiana
2000	\$153,450	\$153,450	· _
2001	38,450	3,450	\$35,000
2002	3,450	3,450	-
2003	3,450	3,450	
2004	3,450	3,450	

Entergy Gulf States has the annual non-cumulative option to redeem, at par, additional amounts of certain series of its outstanding preferred stock.

In October 1998, the Board approved a plan for the repurchase of Entergy common stock through December 31, 2001, to fulfill the requirements of various compensation and benefit plans. The stock repurchase plan provides for purchases in the open market of up to five million shares of Entergy common stock, for an aggregate consideration of up to \$250 million. In July 1999, the Board approved the commitment of up to an additional \$750 million toward the repurchase of Entergy common stock through December 31, 2001. In 1999, Entergy Corporation repurchased 8,484,000 shares of its common stock for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$245 million. Shares are purchased on a discretionary basis.

Entergy Corporation reissues treasury shares to meet the requirements of the Stock Plan for Outside Directors (Directors' Plan), the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Equity Ownership Plan), and certain other stock benefit plans. The Directors' Plan awards to nonemployee directors a portion of their compensation in the form of a fixed number of shares of Entergy Corporation previously repurchased common stock. Shares awarded under the Directors' Plan were 11,400 during 1999; 5,100 during 1998; and 9,104 during 1997.

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During 1999, Entergy Corporation issued 350,568 shares of its previously repurchased common stock to satisfy stock options exercised and stock purchases under the Equity Plan. In addition, Entergy Corporation received proceeds of \$7.5 million from the issuance of 253,269 shares of common stock under its dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan during 1999.

The Equity Ownership Plan grants stock options, equity awards, and incentive awards to key employees of the domestic utility companies. The costs of equity and incentive awards are charged to income over the period of the grant or restricted period, as appropriate. Amounts charged to compensation expense in 1999 were immaterial. Stock options, which comprise 50% of the shares targeted for distribution under the Equity Ownership Plan, are granted at exercise prices not less than market value on the date of grant. The options granted prior to 1999 were generally exercisable six months from the date of grant, with the exception of 40,000 options granted on December 1, 1998, which became exercisable on January 1, 2000. The majority of options granted in 1999 will become exercisable equally over a three-year period. Options are not exercisable beyond ten years from the date of the grant.

Entergy does not recognize compensation expense for stock options issued with exercise prices at market value on the date of grant. The impact on Entergy's net income for each of the years 1999, 1998, and 1997 would have been \$15.5 million, \$278,000, and \$296,000, respectively, had compensation cost for the stock options been recognized based on the fair value of options at the grant date for awards under the option plan. . .

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following stock option weighted-average assumptions:

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say ² , 15	<u>1999</u>	<u> 1998 </u>	1997	
Stock price volatility	20.3%	20.9%	19.3%	
Expected term in years	5	້ 5	5	
Risk-free interest rate	4.7%	5.1%	6.3%	
Dividend yield	4.0%	5.4%	6.8%	÷
Dividend payment	\$1.20	\$1.58	\$1.80	

Nonstatutory stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

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	199	1999 1998			1997			
	Number of Options	Average Option Price	Number of Options	Average Option Price	Number of Options	Average Option Price		
Beginning-of-year balance	901,639	\$ 26.21	1,176,308	\$ 25.12	1,053,308	\$ · 24.94		
$F_{\rm eff} = \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2}$		40 AB 40	1 A 2		· · ·	s Sec.		
Options granted	5,354,189	29.88	125,000	29.46	255,000	25.84		
Options exercised	(213,084)	23.69	(350,169)	23.37	(2,500)	23.38		
Options forfeited	(411,638)	30.34	(49,500)	28,56	(129,500)	25.10		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·		4		
End-of-year balance	5,631,106	\$ 29.50	901,639	\$ 26.21	1,176,308	\$ 25.12		
Options exercisable at year-end	612,531		861,639	•	421,909	·		
Weighted average fair value of	• • • •		· .	•	: .			
options granted	\$ 4.72	•	\$ 4.11		\$ 3.10			

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The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding as of December 31, 1999:

		Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable			
Range of Exercise Prices	As of	Weighted Remain Contrac	- Avg ing tual Av	Weighted- g. Exercise Price	Number Exercisable at 12/31/99	N Avg.	Veighted- Exercise Price		
Exercise Prices	5 172 076	88	- stea : S:	2 9.29	000,012	J D	24.05		
\$30 - \$4 0	⇒ in 1 , 458,030	2010-00-00-00-00-00- 1. 2020-00-00-00-00- 81.3 1 1. 2020-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00		- 31.81	79,219	S .	35,99		
\$20 - \$40	5,631,106	8.7	\$	29.50	612,531	\$	26.27		
the Settin			14 m	(Steel attende			1 Determine		

To meet the requirements of the Employee Stock Investment Plan (ESIP), the SEC authorized Entergy Corporation to issue or acquire, through March 31, 2000, up to 2,000,000 shares of its common stock to be held as treasury shares. The ESIP is authorized through the 1999 plan year ending March 31, 2000. Entergy Corporation may issue either treasury shares or previously authorized but unissued shares to satisfy ESIP requirements. Under the terms of the ESIP, employees can choose each year to have up to 10% of their regular annual salary (not to exceed \$25,000) withheld to purchase the Company's common stock at a purchase price equal to 85% of the lower of the market value on the first or last business day of the plan year ending March 31. Under the plan, the number of subscribed shares was 285,505 in 1999; 294,108 in 1998; and 319,457 in 1997.

The fair value of ESIP shares granted was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes optionpricing model with expected ESIP weighted-average assumptions:

	and growned and and and a man <mark>1999.</mark> And with		
	2 0.9%		
Risk-free interest rate Dividend yield Dividend payment	4.6% 4.3% \$1.20	5.1% 6.1% \$1.80	6.1% 7.4% \$1.80

The weighted-average fair value of those purchase rights granted was \$5.90, \$6.32, and \$4.75 in 1999, 1998, and 1997, respectively. The impact on Entergy's net income would have been (\$3,086), (\$256,000), and \$98,000 in 1999, 1998, and 1997, respectively, had compensation cost for the ESIP been determined based on the fair value at the grant date for awards under the ESIP.

Entergy sponsors the Savings Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Savings Plan). The Savings Plan is a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees of Entergy and its subsidiaries who have completed certain service requirements. The Savings Plan provides that the employing Entergy subsidiary may make matching contributions to the plan in an amount equal to 50% of the participant's basic contribution, up to 6% of their salary, in shares of Entergy Corporation common stock. Entergy's subsidiaries' contributions to the Savings Plan, and any income thereon, are invested in shares of Entergy Corporation common stock. Entergy's subsidiaries contributed \$14.5 million in 1999, \$13.6 million in 1998, and \$13.2 million in 1997 to the Savings Plan.

NOTE 6. COMPANY-OBLIGATED REDEEMABLE PREFERRED SECURITIES

(Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Gulf States)

Entergy Arkansas Capital I, Entergy Louisiana Capital I, and Entergy Gulf States Capital I (Trusts) were established as financing subsidiaries of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Gulf States, respectively, for the purpose of issuing common and preferred securities. The Trusts issue Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred Securities (Preferred Securities) to the public and issue common securities to their parent companies. Proceeds from such issues are used to purchase junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures (Debentures) from the parent company. The Debentures held by each Trust are its only assets. Each Trust uses interest payments received on the Debentures owned by it to make cash distributions on the Preferred Securities.

Date <u>Trusts</u> <u>Of Issue</u>	Preferred Common Securities Securities <u>Issued Issued</u> (In Millions)	Interest Rate Securities/ <u>Debentures</u>	Trust's Investment in <u>Debentures</u> (In Millions)	Fair Market Value of Preferred Securities at <u>12-31-99</u>
Arkansas Capital I 8-14-96	\$ 60.0	8.50%	\$ 61.9	\$ 60.3
Louisiana Capital I 7-16-96	5 70.0 5 5 40 \$ 2.2	9.00%	\$ 72.2	\$ 70.0
Gulf States Capital I 1-28-97	\$ 85.0 \$ 2.6	8.75%	\$ 87.6	\$ 77.4

The Preferred Securities of the Trusts mature in the years 2045 and 2046. The Preferred Securities are redeemable at 100% of their principal amount at the option of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Gulf States beginning in 2001 and 2002, or earlier under certain limited circumstances, including the loss of the tax deduction arising out of the interest paid on the Debentures. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Gulf States have, pursuant to certain agreements, fully and unconditionally guaranteed payment of distributions on the Preferred Securities issued by their respective trusts. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy Gulf States are the owners of all of the common securities of their individual Trusts, which constitute 3% of each Trust's total capital.

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NOTE 7. LONG - TERM DEBT (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

Mat	turities	Inter	est Rates		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	System Energy
From	То	From	То	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana		INCW CAICAID	
							(In Tho	usands)		
First Mortg	age Bonds						4200 250			\$205,000
2000	2004	5.800%	8.250%	\$1,337,109	\$240,000	\$603,750	\$288,359 115,000			4203,000
2005	2010	6.500%	7.500%	428,000	215,000	98,000	115,000			
2020	2026	7.000%	8.940%	819,950	260,000	444,950	115,000			
G&R Bond	s						1887 A		\$55,000	•
2002	2012	6,200%	8.2.50%	415,000	- · ·		· j	\$360,000	-	
2013	2026	7.550%	8.000%	175,000		•		60,000	115,000	
Governmen	ntal Obligatio	ns (a)						1		
2000	2010	5.450%	8.250%	22,315	220	22,095				
2011	2020	5.600%	9.000%	569,535	214,200	355,335	41.6 100	46.000	* -	416,600
2021	2030	4.850%	8.000%	1,051,750	72,000	102,000	415,120	46,030	(**) **	
Debentures	9					1		÷		
2000	2000	7.380%	7.800%	75,000		\$ ' - '	· • •		1. S.	75,000
						1.			100 C 40 C	•
Saltend Pro	oject Senior (Tedit Facility		578,681		t e grae	, e	e e et tra	•	
	e 6.93% due			5/0,001			•	1 * ,	4 4 ¹	
		Senior Credit		342,929		1 - A.			•	•
Facility	y, avg rate 5.	98% due 2010 wable, 7.7%, o	he 2000	67,000			. ':		4	
EP Eoegei	DOF ONLY	ation (Note 9)	JUE 2000	136,088	•					
Long-Tern		gation 7.45%	(Note 10)	330,306		1. A.	330,306		•	
Crowd Cast	f Loose Oblin	gation 7.02% (Note 10)	465,480						465,480
	g-Term Debt		11002 10)	10,391	620	9,771		· · · · · ·	gar i i i	
		and Discount	Net	(17,396	(7,107) (4,320)	(1,934)) (1,564	l) (917)	(1,554)
		· ·		6,807,138	1,131,021	1,631,581	1,261,851	464,460	5 169,083	1,160,526
	g-Term Debt			194,555		•	116,388		-	77,947
	unt Due With			194,335						
	n Debt Exclu 1 One Year	ding Amount		\$6,612,583	\$1,130,801	\$1,631,581	\$1,145,463	\$464,46	5 \$169,083	\$1,082,579
				\$5.015.100	\$966,559	\$1,651,415	\$ 934,404	\$446,16	8 \$163,131	\$664,902
Fair Valu	e of Long-Te	m Debt (b)		\$5,815,189	1 3200,002	J1,001,410	TUT, TUT			

Long-term debt as of December 31, 1999 was:

M. A set of the start of a start start where where a first of the set of a start of the sta

Long-term debt as of December 31, 1998 was:

Me	aturities	Inter	rest Rates	1	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
From	То	From	То	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans.	Energy
							(In Tho			<u>B/</u>
First Mortg	gage Bonds		· .				•	•		
1999	2004	6.000%	8.250%	\$1,640,709	\$265,000	\$674,750	\$335,959			\$365,000
2005	2010	6.500%	7.500%	428,000	215,000	98,000	115,000			
2020	2026	7.000%	8.940%	833,237	273,287	444,950	115,000			
									-	
G&R Band								•.*		
2002	2026	6.625%	8.750%	590,000	. *		• ,	\$420,000	\$170,000	
Governmen	ntal Obligatio	ns (a)								
1999	2008	5.900%	8.500%	36,537	1,540	22,920	11,212	865		1.5
2009	2026	5.600%	9.500%	1,618,335	286,200	457,335	412,170	46,030		416,600
Debentures	8									
1999	2000	7.380%	7.800%	75,000				···.		75,000
Saltend Pro	ject Senior C	redit Facility,			· · ·			6 A		• -
	- = 7.13% due 2			320,485	•	• •		· * ·	1	
		Senior Credit								
-	· •	8% due 2016		166,482						
		yable, 7.7%, di	ue 2000	67,000						133.1
		tion (Note 9)		129,891	129,891				• _	
		pation 7.45% (1		353,600			353,600			ted e
		ation 7.02% (N	lote 10)	481,301	,					481,301
-	-Term Debt			134,313	10,614	9,771		• • •		•
Unamortize	d Premium a	nd Discount - 1	Net	(23,052)	(8,153)	. (4,553)	(3,854)	(3,259)	(982)	(2,251)
Total Long-	Term Debt			6,851,838	1,173,379	1,703,173	1,339,087	463.636	169,018	1,335,650
Less Amou	nt Due Withi	n One Year		255,221	1.094	71,515	6,772	20	102,010	175,820
Long-Term	Debt Exclud	ing Amount Da	Je				<u></u>			1/3,020
	One Year	Provide State		\$ 6,596,617	\$1,172,285	\$1,631,658	\$1,332,315	\$463,616	\$169,018	\$1,159,830
Fair Value o	of Long-Tem	Debt (b)		\$6,244,711	\$1,081,502	\$1,871,739	\$1,059,893	\$481,520	\$207,538	\$878,44 6

(a) Consists of pollution control bonds, certain series of which are secured by non-interest bearing first mortgage bonds.

(b) The fair value excludes lease obligations, long-term DOE obligations, and other long-term debt and includes debt due within one year. It is determined using bid prices reported by dealer markets and by nationally recognized investment banking firms.

The annual long-term debt maturities (excluding lease obligations) and annual cash sinking fund requirements for debt outstanding as of December 31, 1999, for the next five years are as follows:

. .	Entergy(a)	Entergy <u>Arkansas(b)</u>	Entergy <u>Gulf States(c)</u>	Entergy <u>Louisiana(d)</u> (In Thousands)	Entergy <u>Mississippi</u>	Entergy <u>New Orleans</u>	System Energy
2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	\$ 181,170 276,450 379,745 129,155 442,000		\$ 122,750 150,000 39,000 292,000	\$ 105,950 18,700 94,660	•	\$ 25,000	\$ 75,000 135,000 70,000
	14 4 14 14		la de la constante de la const El 1116 de la constante de la c			illion annually 1	which may be

(a)

Not included are other sinking fund requirements of approximately \$49.6 million annually, which may be satisfied by cash or by certification of property additions at the rate of 167% of such requirements.

State of the state Not included are other sinking fund requirements of approximately \$1.8 million annually, which may be satisfied by cash or by certification of property additions at the rate of 167% of such requirements.

(c)

. . . . · (d)

(b)

Not included are other sinking fund requirements of approximately \$45.7 million annually, which may be satisfied by cash or by certification of property additions at the rate of 167% of such requirements.

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where the states of the Not included are other sinking fund requirements of approximately \$2.1 million annually, which may be satisfied by cash or by certification of property additions at the rate of 167% of such requirements.

On February 15, 2000, Entergy Mississippi issued \$120 million of 7.75% Series First Mortgage Bonds due February 15, 2003. On March 9, 2000, Entergy Arkansas issued \$100 million of 7.72% Series First Mortgage Bonds due March 1, 2003. The proceeds of both issuances will be used for general corporate purposes, including the retirement of short-term indebtedness that was incurred for working capital needs and capital expenditures. ÷ .

set to be to the to set of the EPDC maintains a credit facility of BPS100 million (\$161.5 million) to finance the acquisition of the Damhead Creek Project, assist in the financing of the Saltend project, and for general corporate purposes in connection with the acquisition and development of power generation, distribution or transmission facilities. As of December 31, 1999, there were no cash advances outstanding under this facility. Approximately BPS6.8 million (\$10.5 million) was outstanding as of December 31, 1998. The interest rate on the outstanding cash advances was

5.88% and 6.97% as of December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The commitment fee is .17% of the undrawn amount. In addition, EPDC has BPS89.7 million (\$144.9 million) of letters of credit under the credit facility to support project commitments on the Saltend and Damhead Creek projects.

Saltend Cogeneration Company Limited (SCCL), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EPDC, maintains a BPS586 million (\$946.4 million) non-recourse senior credit facility providing bridge and term loan facilities, cost overrun and working capital facilities, and contingent letter of credit and guarantee facilities (the Senior Credit Facility) to finance the construction and operation of a 1,200 MW gas-fired power plant in northeast England. Borrowings under the Senior Credit Facility are repayable over a 15-year period beginning December 31, 2000. In addition, SCCL has also entered into a BPS72 million (\$116.3 million) subordinated credit facility (the Subordinated Credit Facility) which is to be drawn down by the earlier of completion of construction or August 31, 2000. The proceeds of borrowings under the Subordinated Credit Facility will be used to repay a portion of the Senior Credit Facility. The Subordinated Credit Facility is repayable over a 10-year period beginning December 31, 2000. All of the assets of SCCL are pledged as collateral under the Senior Credit Facility and the Subordinated Credit Facility.

In February 1998, SCCL entered into 15-year interest rate swap agreements for 85% of the debt outstanding under the bridge and term loan portion of the Senior Credit Facility on an average fixed-rate basis of 6.44%. SCCL is exposed to market risks from movements in interest rates in the unlikely event that the counterparties to the interest rate swap agreements were to default on contractual payments. At December 31, 1999, SCCL had outstanding interest rate swap agreements totalling a notional amount of \$603.2 million. The estimated fair value of the interest rate swap agreements, which represent the estimated amount SCCL would have received to terminate the swaps at December 31, 1999, was a net asset of \$3.4 million. Under the Senior Credit Facility and the Subordinated Credit Facility, SCCL's ability to make distributions of dividends, loans, or advances to EPDC is restricted by, among other things, the requirement to pay permitted project costs, make debt repayments, and maintain cash reserves.

In December 1998, Damhead Creek Finance Limited (DCFL), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EPDC, entered into a BPS463.4 million (\$748.4 million) non-recourse senior credit facility providing (among other things) bridge and term loan facilities, cost overrun and working capital facilities, and contingent letter of credit and guarantee facilities (the Senior Credit Facility) to finance the construction and operation of an 800 MW gas-fired power plant in southeast England. Borrowings under the Senior Credit Facility are repayable after completion of construction over a fifteen-year period beginning December 31, 2001. DCFL also entered into a BPS36.1 million (\$58.3 million) subordinated credit facility (the Subordinated Credit Facility) which is to be drawn down by the earlier of commercial operation or July 22, 2001. Borrowings under the Subordinated Credit Facility will be used to repay a portion of the Senior Credit Facility. The Subordinated Credit Facility is payable over a ten-year period beginning December 31, 2001. Pursuant to a corporate restructuring in April 1999, Damhead Finance LDC (DFLDC), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of EPDC, replaced DCFL as borrower under the Senior Credit Facility and the Subordinated Credit Facility. All of the assets of DFLDC are pledged as collateral under the Senior Credit Facility and the Subordinated Credit Facility. Furthermore, the Senior Credit Facility requires DFLDC to enter into interest rate hedge agreements for a majority of the project debt from the earlier of commercial operation or the date the long term interest rate for the agreed interest rate hedging strategy exceeds 8%. Under the Senior Credit Facility and the Subordinated Credit Facility, DFLDC's ability to make distributions of dividends, loans, or advances to EPDC is restricted by, among other things, the requirement to pay permitted project costs, make debt repayments, and maintain cash reserves. 34. A. A. ſ

NOTE 8. DIVIDEND RESTRICTIONS (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, System Energy)

Provisions within the Articles of Incorporation or pertinent indentures and various other agreements relating to the long-term debt and preferred stock of certain of Entergy Corporation's subsidiaries restrict the payment of cash dividends or other distributions on their common and preferred stock. Additionally, PUHCA prohibits Entergy Corporation's subsidiaries from making loans or advances to Entergy Corporation. As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi had restricted retained earnings unavailable for distribution to Entergy Corporation of \$199.3 million and \$15.8 million, respectively. During 1999, cash dividends paid to Entergy Corporation by its subsidiaries totaled \$532.3 million.

NOTE 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

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<u>Capital Requirements and Financing</u> (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

For the years 2000 through 2004, Entergy plans to spend \$9.8 billion in a capital investment plan focused on improving service at the domestic utility companies and growing its global power development and nuclear operations businesses. The estimated allocation in the plan is \$4.2 billion to the domestic utility companies, \$3.9 billion to the global power development business, and \$1.7 billion to the nuclear operations business. This plan is contingent upon Entergy's ability to access the capital necessary to finance the planned expenditures. Construction expenditures

(including environmental expenditures and AFUDC, but excluding nuclear fuel) for Entergy are estimated at \$1.5 billion in 2000, \$1.7 billion in 2001, and \$1.8 billion in 2002. Included in these totals are estimated construction expenditures for the domestic utility companies and System Energy as follows:

	2000	2001	2002	<u> </u>					
	(In Millions)								
Entergy Arkansas	\$350	\$248	\$188	\$786					
Entergy Gulf States	298	269	204	771					
Entergy Courstans Entergy Louisiana	202	188	162	552					
Entergy Mississippi	115	122	123	360					
Entergy New Orleans		46	45	141					
System Energy	39	20	12	71					
				*					

The domestic utility companies' anticipated spending is focused mainly on (i) distribution and transmission projects that will support continued reliability improvements; (ii) return to service of generation stations that have been held in reserve shutdown status; and (iii) transitioning to a more competitive environment. Projected construction expenditures for the replacement of ANO 2's steam generators, which is scheduled for the third quarter of 2000, are included in Entergy Arkansas' estimated figures above. Entergy will also require \$1.0 billion during the period 2000-2002 to meet long-term debt and preferred stock maturities and cash sinking fund requirements. Entergy plans to meet these requirements primarily with internally generated funds and cash on hand, supplemented by proceeds from the issuance of debt; outstanding credit facilities, and project financing. Certain domestic utility companies and System Energy may also continue the reacquisition or refinancing of all or a portion of certain outstanding series of preferred stock and long-term debt. See "MANAGEMENT'S FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES" for additional discussion of Entergy's capital spending plans.

Sales Warranties and Indemnities (Entergy Corporation)

In the Entergy London and CitiPower sales transactions, Entergy or its subsidiaries made certain warranties to the purchasers. These warranties include representations regarding litigation, accuracy of financial accounts, and the adequacy of existing tax provisions. Notice of a claim on the CitiPower warranties must be given by December 2000, and Entergy's potential liability is limited to A\$100 million (\$66 million). Notice of a claim on the Entergy London warranties had to be given for certain items by December 1999, and for the tax warranties, must be given by June 30, 2001. Entergy's liability is limited to BPS1.4 billion (\$2.3 billion) on certain tax warranties and BPS140 million (\$226 million) on the remaining warranties. No such notices have been received. Entergy has also agreed to maintain the net asset value of the subsidiary that sold Entergy London at \$700 million through June 30, 2001. Management periodically reviews reserve levels for these warranties and believes it has adequately provided for the ultimate resolution of such matters as of December 31, 1999.

Fuel Purchase Agreements

(Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Mississippi)

Entergy Arkansas has long-term contracts for the supply of low-sulfur coal to White Bluff and Independence (which is also 25% owned by Entergy Mississippi). These contracts, which expire in 2002 and 2011, provide for approximately 85% of Entergy Arkansas' expected annual coal requirements. Additional requirements are satisfied by spot market purchases.

(Entergy Gulf States)

Entergy Gulf States has a contract for a supply of low-sulfur coal for Nelson Unit 6, which should be sufficient to satisfy the fuel requirements at Nelson Unit 6 through 2010. Effective April 1, 2000, Louisiana Generating LLC will assume ownership of the Cajun portion of the Big Cajun generating facilities. The management of Louisiana Generating LLC has advised Entergy Gulf States that it has executed coal supply and transportation contracts that should provide an adequate supply of coal for the operation of Big Cajun 2, Unit 3 for the foreseeable future.

(Entergy Louisiana)

In June 1992, Entergy Louisiana agreed to a 20-year natural gas supply contract. Entergy Louisiana agreed to purchase natural gas in annual amounts equal to approximately one-third of its projected annual fuel requirements for certain generating units. Annual demand charges associated with this contract are estimated to be \$7.6 million. Such charges aggregate \$99 million for the years 2000 through 2012.

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(Entergy Corporation)

Entergy's global power development business has entered into gas supply contracts at the project level to supply up to 100% of the gas requirements for the Saltend and Damhead Creek power plants located in the UK. Both contracts have 15-year terms and include a take-or-pay obligation for approximately 75% of the gas requirement for each plant. Under the terms of Saltend's contract and based on its current construction schedule, Entergy's global power development business may incur certain liabilities with regard to this gas prior to the project reaching commercial operation. The disposition of the gas will be managed under the terms of the contract, and the financial effect on the Saltend project is expected to be minimal.

Sales Agreements/Power Purchases

(Entergy Gulf States)

In 1988, Entergy Gulf States entered into a joint venture with a primary term of 20 years with Conoco, Inc., Citgo Petroleum Corporation, and Vista Chemical Company (collectively the Industrial Participants), whereby Entergy Gulf States' Nelson Units 1 and 2 were sold to NISCO, a partnership consisting of the Industrial Participants and Entergy Gulf States. The Industrial Participants supply the fuel for the units, while Entergy Gulf States operates the units at the discretion of the Industrial Participants and purchases the electricity produced by the units. Entergy Gulf States purchased electricity from the joint venture totaling \$51,4 million in 1999, \$57.5 million in 1998, and \$70.7 million in 1997.

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(Entergy Louisiana)

Entergy Louisiana has an agreement extending through the year 2031 to purchase energy generated by a hydroelectric facility known as the Vidalia project. Entergy Louisiana made payments under the contract of approximately \$70.3 million in 1999, \$77.8 million in 1998, and \$64.6 million in 1997. If the maximum percentage (94%) of the energy is made available to Entergy Louisiana, current production projections would require estimated payments of approximately \$85.2 million in 2000, and a total of \$3.5 billion for the years 2001 through 2031. Entergy Louisiana currently recovers the costs of the purchased energy through its fuel adjustment clause.

System Fuels (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and a su de la System Energy)

The domestic utility companies that are owners of System Fuels have agreed to make loans to System Fuels to finance its fuel procurement, delivery, and storage activities. The following loans outstanding to System Fuels as of December 31, 1999 mature in 2008:

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Owner		ship Percentag	e <u>Loan Outsta</u>	nding at Deceml	per 31, 1999
				and the second	•
Entergy Arkansas		35%		\$11.0 million	
Entergy Louisiana		33%	1. A. S	\$14.2 million	:
Entergy Mississippi			the second terms	\$.5.5 million	
Entergy New Orleans		13%		\$ 3.3 million	
	•	tt dag ^{ta}	e e de ser e d	••	· · · ·

Nuclear Insurance (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

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The Price-Anderson Act limits public liability of a nuclear plant owner for a single nuclear incident to approximately \$9.5 billion. Protection for this liability is provided through a combination of private insurance (currently \$200 million each for Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, System Energy, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business) and an industry assessment program. Under the assessment program, the maximum payment requirement for each nuclear incident would be \$88.1 million per reactor, payable at a rate of \$10 million per licensed reactor per incident per year. Entergy has six licensed reactors, including Pilgrim, As a colicensee of Grand Gulf 1 with System Energy, SMEPA would share 10% of this obligation. In addition, each owner/licensee of Entergy's six nuclear units participates in a private insurance program that provides coverage for worker tort claims filed for bodily injury caused by radiation exposure. The program provides for a maximum assessment of approximately \$18.6 million for the six nuclear units in the event that losses exceed accumulated reserve funds. A set and the set of set of the set of t

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, System Energy, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business are also members of certain insurance programs that provide coverage for property damage, including decontamination and premature decommissioning expense, to members' nuclear generating plants. As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy were each insured against such losses up to \$2.3 billion. Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business is insured for \$1.115 billion in property damages for Pilgrim under these insurance programs. In addition, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business are members of an insurance program that covers certain replacement power and business interruption costs incurred due to prolonged nuclear unit outages. Under the property damage and replacement power/business interruption insurance programs, these Entergy subsidiaries could be subject to assessments if losses exceed the accumulated funds available to the insurers. As of December 31, 1999, the maximum amounts of such possible assessments were: Entergy Arkansas - \$16.6 million; Entergy Gulf States - \$14.1 million; Entergy Louisiana -\$15.3 million; Entergy Mississippi - \$0.5 million; Entergy New Orleans - \$0.3 million; System Energy - \$12.7 million, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business - \$7.3 million. Under its agreement with System Energy, . 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 . i. SMEPA would share in System Energy's obligation.

The amount of property insurance maintained for each Entergy nuclear unit exceeds the NRC's minimum requirement for nuclear power plant licensees of \$1.06 billion per site. NRC regulations provide that the proceeds of this insurance must be used, first, to render the reactor safe and stable, and second, to complete decontamination operations. Only after proceeds are dedicated for such use and regulatory approval is secured would any remaining proceeds be made available for the benefit of plant owners or their creditors.

Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Costs (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy)

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, System Energy, and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business provide for estimated future disposal costs for spent nuclear fuel in accordance with the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982. The affected Entergy companies entered into contracts with the DOE, whereby the DOE will furnish disposal service at a cost of one mill per net KWH generated and sold after April 7, 1983, plus a one-time fee for generation prior to that date. Entergy Arkansas is the only Entergy company that generated electricity with nuclear fuel prior to that date and has recorded a liability as of December 31, 1999 of approximately \$136 million for the one-time fee. The fees payable to the DOE may be adjusted in the future to assure full recovery. Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business has accepted assignment of the Pilgrim spent fuel disposal contract with the DOE previously held by Boston Edison. Boston Edison has paid to the DOE the fees for all generation prior to the July 1999 purchase date. Entergy considers all costs incurred for the disposal of spent nuclear fuel, except accrued interest, to be proper components of nuclear fuel expense. Provisions to recover such costs have been or will be made by the domestic utility companies in applications to regulatory authorities. and the second second second

Delays have occurred in the DOE's program for the acceptance and disposal of spent nuclear fuel at a permanent repository. Considerable uncertainty exists regarding the time frame under which the DOE will begin to accept spent fuel from Entergy facilities for storage or disposal 512 5 en en state en angenere

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Pending DOE acceptance and disposal of spent nuclear fuel, the owners of nuclear plants are responsible for their own spent fuel storage. Current on-site spent fuel storage capacity at Grand Gulf 1 and River Bend is estimated to be sufficient until approximately 2005 and 2003, respectively. The spent fuel pool at Waterford 3 was recently expanded through the replacement of the existing storage racks with higher density storage racks. This expansion should provide sufficient storage for Waterford 3 until after 2010. An ANO storage facility using dry casks began operation in 1996 and is being expanded in 2000. Current on-site spent fuel storage capacity at ANO, including the current expansion, is estimated to be sufficient until approximately 2002. This facility may be further expanded as required. The spent fuel storage facility at Pilgrim is expected to provide storage capacity until approximately 2003. Entergy plans to modify the facility to provide sufficient spent fuel storage capacity through approximately 2012.

The cost of adding additional spent fuel storage capacity as needed at each site will be reassessed in 2000. In December 1999, Entergy Arkansas, System Energy, and Entergy Gulf States issued requests for proposals for additional dry storage capacity at ANO, Grand Gulf 1, and River Bend, respectively. Access of the second

Total approved decommissioning costs for rate recovery purposes as of December 31, 1999, for the domestic utility companies' nuclear power plants, excluding the co-owner share of Grand Gulf 1, have been estimated as follows:

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				• •	Total Estimated Approved <u>Decommissioning Costs</u> (In Millions)			
ANO 1 a	nd ANO 2 (bas	ed on a 199	8 cost study i	reflecting 1997 dollar g 1996 dollars)	s)	• 	813.1	
Waterfor	d 3 (based on a olf 1 (based on	. 1994 updat	ed study in 1	993 dollars)	,	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	419.0 320.1 365.9	

Decommissioning cost updates were prepared for Waterford 3 and Grand Gulf in 1999 and produced revised decommissioning cost updates of \$481.5 million and \$540.8 million, respectively. The cost update for Waterford 3 will be included in a filing with the LPSC in the second quarter of 2000. The cost update for Grand Gulf has not yet been filed with FERC.

Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Louisiana are authorized to recover in rates amounts that, when added to estimated investment income, should be sufficient to meet the above approved decommissioning costs for ANO and Waterford 3, respectively.

As part of the Pilgrim purchase, Boston Edison funded a \$471.3 million decommissioning trust fund, which was transferred to Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business. After a favorable tax determination regarding the trust fund, Entergy returned \$43 million of the trust fund to Boston Edison. Based on cost estimates provided by an outside consultant, Entergy believes that Pilgrim's decommissioning fund, will be adequate to cover future decommissioning costs for the Pilgrim plant without any additional deposits to the trust.

In the Texas retail jurisdiction, Entergy Gulf States is recovering in rates River Bend decommissioning costs that total \$385.2 million, based on a 1996 cost study. Entergy Gulf States included decommissioning costs of \$513.3 million based on a 1998 cost update amount of \$562.7 million in the PUCT rate review filed in November 1998. The PUCT ordered that Entergy Gulf States continue funding at the level based on the 1996 study. In the Louisiana retail jurisdiction, Entergy Gulf States included decommissioning costs, based on the 1996 study, in the LPSC rate reviews filed in May 1996, 1997, and 1998. In June 1996, a rate change was implemented that included decommissioning revenue requirements based on the 1996 study. In September 1998, the LPSC issued an order accepting the 1996 cost study amount of \$419 million. In the May 1999 rate review, Entergy Gulf States included decommissioning costs based on the 1998 update of \$562.7 million.

System Energy was previously recovering in rates amounts sufficient to fund \$198 million (in 1989 dollars) of its Grand Gulf 1 decommissioning costs. System Energy included updated decommissioning costs (based on the 1994 study) in its pending rate increase filing with FERC. Rates requested in this proceeding were placed into effect in December 1995, subject to refund. FERC has not yet issued an order in the rate case.

Entergy periodically reviews and updates estimated decommissioning costs. Although Entergy is presently under-recovering for Grand Gulf, Waterford 3, and River Bend based on the above estimates, applications have been and will continue to be made to the appropriate regulatory authorities to reflect projected decommissioning costs in rates. The amounts recovered in rates are deposited in trust funds and reported at market value based upon market quotes or as determined by widely used pricing services. These trust fund assets largely offset the accumulated decommissioning liability that is recorded as accumulated depreciation for Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, and Entergy Louisiana, and are recorded as deferred credits for System Energy and Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business. The liability associated with the trust funds received from Cajun with the transfer of Cajun's 30% share of River Bend is also recorded as a deferred credit by Entergy Gulf States.

follows:	Cumulative Liabilities as of December 31, 1998		 Trust	1999 Decommissioning Expenses			Other			Cumulative Liabilities as of <u>December 31, 1999</u>		
				(In Milli	ons)	•		•	· .			
		50 a. 60	 . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ang tang		•••	1.			
ANO 1 and ANO 2	\$	253.4	\$ 7.6	\$	•	10.7	\$	•	- QN - 1	\$	271.7	
River Bend	•	190.3	 5.6		· • •	7.6		-			203.5	
Waterford 3		71.9	2.3			8.8		-	• :		83.0	
		107.3	3.2			18.9		-			129.4	
Grand Gulf 1		107.5				6.8		428.0			434.8	
Pilgrim (1)	\$	622.9	\$ 18.7	\$		52.8	\$	428.0		\$	1,122.4	

The cumulative liabilities and actual decommissioning expenses recorded in 1999 by Entergy were as follows:

(1) The \$428 million reflected above for Pilgrim represents Entergy's estimate of the present value of Pilgrim's decommissioning liability at the time of Entergy's purchase of Pilgrim. Pilgrim's trust earnings are not shown as an increase to its decommissioning liability because it is not subject to regulatory treatment.

In 1998 and 1997, ANO's decommissioning expense was \$15.6 million and \$17.3 million, respectively; River Bend's decommissioning expense was \$3.4 million and \$8.9 million, respectively; Waterford 3's decommissioning expense was \$8.8 million in both years, and Grand Gulf 1's decommissioning expense was \$18.9 million in both years. The actual decommissioning costs may vary from the estimates because of regulatory requirements, changes in technology, and increased costs of labor, materials, and equipment.

The EPAct contains a provision that assesses domestic nuclear utilities with fees for the decontamination and decommissioning of the DOE's past uranium enrichment operations. The decontamination and decommissioning assessments are being used to set up a fund into which contributions from utilities and the federal government will be placed. Annual assessments (in 1999 dollars), which will be adjusted annually for inflation, are for 15 years and are approximately \$3.9 million for Entergy Arkansas, \$1.0 million for Entergy Gulf States, \$1.5 million for Entergy Louisiana, and \$1.6 million for System Energy. DOE fees are included in other current liabilities and other noncurrent liabilities and, as of December 31, 1999, recorded liabilities were \$27.0 million for Entergy Arkansas, \$4.7 million for Entergy Gulf States, \$10.3 million for Entergy Louisiana, and \$10.0 million for System Energy. These liabilities were offset in the consolidated financial statements by regulatory assets. FERC requires that utilities treat these assessments as costs of fuel as they are amortized and recover these costs through rates in the same manner as other fuel costs.

ANO Matters (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas)

Cracks in steam generator tubes at ANO 2 were discovered and repaired during an outage in March 1992. Further inspections and repairs were conducted during subsequent refueling and mid-cycle outages, including the most recent mid-cycle outage in November 1999. Turbine modifications were installed in May 1997 to restore most of the output lost due to steam generator fouling and tube plugging. In October 1996, the Board authorized Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Operations to fabricate and install replacement steam generators at ANO 2. Entergy Operations thereafter entered into contracts for the design, fabrication, and installation of replacement steam generators. In December 1998, the APSC issued an order finding replacement of the ANO 2 steam generators is in the public interest. It is anticipated that the steam generators will be installed during a planned refueling outage in September 2000. Entergy estimates the cost of fabrication and replacement of the steam generators to be approximately \$150 million.

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Environmental Issues

(Entergy Gulf States)

Entergy Gulf States has been designated as a PRP for the clean-up of certain hazardous waste disposal sites. Entergy Gulf States is currently negotiating with the EPA and state authorities regarding the clean-up of these sites. Several class action and other suits have been filed in state and federal courts seeking relief from Entergy Gulf States and others for damages caused by the disposal of hazardous waste and for asbestos-related disease allegedly resulting from exposure on Entergy Gulf States' premises. While the amounts at issue in the clean-up efforts and suits may be substantial, Entergy Gulf States believes that its results of operations and financial condition will not be materially adversely affected by the outcome of the suits. As of December 31, 1999, a remaining provision of \$19.1 million existed relating to the clean-up of the remaining sites at which Entergy Gulf States has been designated as a PRP.

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(Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans)

During 1993, the LDEQ issued new rules for solid waste regulation, including regulation of wastewater impoundments. Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans have determined that certain of their power plant wastewater impoundments were affected by these regulations and have chosen to upgrade or close them. As a result, a remaining recorded liability in the amount of \$5.9 million for Entergy Louisiana and \$0.5 million for Entergy New Orleans existed at December 31, 1999 for wastewater upgrades and closures. Completion of this work is pending LDEO approval.

City Franchise Ordinances (Entergy New Orleans)

Entergy New Orleans provides electric and gas service in the City of New Orleans pursuant to franchise ordinances. These ordinances contain a continuing option for the city to purchase Entergy New Orleans' electric and gas utility properties.

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Waterford 3 Lease Obligations (Entergy Louisiana)

On September 28, 1989, Entergy Louisiana entered into three identical transactions for the sale and leaseback of undivided interests (aggregating approximately 9.3%) in Waterford 3. In July 1997, Entergy Louisiana caused the lessors to issue \$307.6 million aggregate principal amount of Waterford 3 Secured Lease Obligation Bonds, 8.76% Series due 2017, to refinance the outstanding bonds originally issued to finance the purchase of the undivided interests by the lessors. The lease payments were reduced to reflect the lower interest costs. Upon the occurrence of certain events, Entergy Louisiana may be obligated to pay amounts sufficient to permit the termination of the lease transactions and may be required to assume the outstanding bonds issued to finance, in part, the lessors' acquisition of the undivided interests in Waterford 3.

Employment Litigation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans)

Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans are defendants in numerous lawsuits filed by former employees asserting that they were wrongfully terminated and/or discriminated against on the basis of age, race, and/or sex. Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and Entergy New Orleans are vigorously defending these suits and deny any liability to the plaintiffs. However, no assurance can be given as to the outcome of these cases.

Cajun - Coal Contracts (Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States)

Entergy Gulf States filed declaratory judgment actions in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court in which the Cajun bankruptcy case is pending. These actions were filed to seek rulings declaring that Entergy Gulf States is not liable for damages to certain coal suppliers and the rail and barge companies that transport coal to Big Cajun 2, Unit 3 if their contracts were rejected in the bankruptcy proceeding. Collectively, the coal suppliers and transporters asserted claims in the Cajun bankruptcy case that exceeded \$1.6 billion. In October 1999, the bankruptcy court confirmed a plan of reorganization in the bankruptcy case pursuant to a settlement agreement among the parties. The settlement agreement and plan of reorganization effectively release Entergy Gulf States from any claims asserted by the coal suppliers and transporters for Big Cajun 2. The settlement agreement is subject to regulatory approvals.

Grand Gulf 1-Related Agreements

Capital Funds Agreement (Entergy Corporation and System Energy)

Entergy Corporation has agreed to supply System Energy with sufficient capital to (i) maintain System Energy's equity capital at an amount equal to a minimum of 35% of its total capitalization (excluding short-term

debt), and (ii) permit the continued commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1 and pay in full all indebtedness for borrowed money of System Energy when due. In addition, under supplements to the Capital Funds Agreement assigning System Energy's rights as security for specific debt of System Energy, Entergy Corporation has agreed to make cash capital contributions to enable System Energy to make payments on such debt when due.

System Energy has entered into agreements with Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans whereby they are obligated to purchase their respective entitlements of capacity and energy from System Energy's 90% ownership and leasehold interest in Grand Gulf 1, and to make payments that, together with other available funds, are adequate to cover System Energy's operating expenses. System Energy would have to secure funds from other sources, including Entergy Corporation's obligations under the Capital Funds Agreement, to cover any shortfalls from payments received from Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans under these agreements.

Unit Power Sales Agreement (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

System Energy has agreed to sell all of its 90% owned and leased share of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf 1 to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans in accordance with specified percentages (Entergy Arkansas-36%, Entergy Louisiana-14%, Entergy Mississippi-33%, and Entergy New Orleans-17%) as ordered by FERC. Charges under this agreement are paid in consideration for the purchasing companies' respective entitlement to receive capacity and energy and are payable irrespective of the quantity of energy delivered so long as the unit remains in commercial operation. The agreement will remain in effect until terminated by the parties and the termination is approved by FERC, most likely upon Grand Gulf 1's retirement from service. Monthly obligations for payments under the agreement are approximately \$21 million for Entergy Arkansas, \$8 million for Entergy Louisiana, \$19 million for Entergy Mississippi, and \$10 million for Entergy New Orleans.

Availability Agreement (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans are individually obligated to make payments or subordinated advances to System Energy in accordance with stated percentages (Entergy Arkansas-17.1%, Entergy Louisiana-26.9%, Entergy Mississippi-31.3%, and Entergy New Orleans-24.7%) in amounts that, when added to amounts received under the Unit Power Sales Agreement or otherwise, are adequate to cover all of System Energy's operating expenses as defined, including an amount sufficient to amortize the cost of Grand Gulf 2 over 27 years. (See Reallocation Agreement terms below.) System Energy has assigned its rights to payments and advances to certain creditors as security for certain obligations. Since commercial operation of Grand Gulf 1, payments under the Unit Power Sales Agreement have ever been required. If Entergy Arkansas or Entergy Mississippi fails to make its Unit Power Sales Agreement payments, and System Energy is unable to obtain funds from other sources, Entergy Louisiana and Entergy New Orleans could become subject to claims or demands by System Energy or its creditors for payments or advances under the Availability Agreement (or the assignments thereof) equal to the difference between their required Unit Power Sales Agreement payments and their required Availability Ágreement payments.

Reallocation Agreement (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans entered into the Reallocation Agreement relating to the sale of capacity and energy from Grand Gulf and the related costs, in which Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans agreed to assume all of Entergy Arkansas' responsibilities and obligations with respect to Grand Gulf under the Availability Agreement. FERC's decision allocating a portion of Grand Gulf 1 capacity and energy to Entergy Arkansas supersedes the Reallocation Agreement as it relates to Grand Gulf 1. Responsibility for any Grand Gulf 2 amortization amounts has been individually allocated (Entergy Louisiana-26.23%, Entergy Mississippi-43.97%, and Entergy New Orleans-29.80%) under the terms of the Reallocation Agreement. However, the Reallocation Agreement does not affect Entergy Arkansas' obligation to System Energy's lenders under the assignments referred to in the preceding paragraph. Entergy Arkansas would be liable for its share of such amounts if Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans were unable to meet their contractual obligations. No payments of any amortization amounts will be required so long as amounts paid to System Energy under the Unit Power Sales Agreement, including other funds available to System Energy, exceed amounts required under the Availability Agreement, which is expected to be the case for the foreseeable future.

1:-Reimbursement Agreement (System Energy)

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In December 1988, System Energy entered into two separate, but identical, arrangements for the sale and leaseback of an approximate aggregate 11.5% ownership interest in Grand Gulf 1. In connection with the equity funding of the sale and leaseback arrangements, letters of credit are required to be maintained to secure certain amounts payable for the benefit of the equity investors by System Energy under the leases. The current letters of credit are effective until March 20, 2003.

Under the provisions of a bank letter of credit reimbursement agreement, System Energy has agreed to a number of covenants relating to the maintenance of certain capitalization and fixed charge coverage ratios. System Energy agreed, during the term of the reimbursement agreement, to maintain its equity at not less than 33% of its adjusted capitalization (defined in the reimbursement agreement to include certain amounts not included in capitalization for financial statement purposes). In addition, System Energy must maintain, with respect to each fiscal quarter during the term of the reimbursement agreement, a ratio of adjusted net income to interest expense (calculated, in each case, as specified in the reimbursement agreement) of at least 1.60 times earnings. As of December 31, 1999, System Energy's equity approximated 40.57% of its adjusted capitalization, and its fixed charge coverage ratio for 1999 was 1.92.

Litigation (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans) ·

In addition to those discussed above, Entergy and the domestic utility companies are involved in a number of legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of their business. While management is unable to predict the outcome of such litigation, it is not expected that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition of these entities.

NOTE 10. LEASES

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General

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy had capital leases and non-cancelable operating leases for equipment, buildings, vehicles, and fuel storage facilities (excluding nuclear fuel leases and the sale and leaseback transactions) with minimum lease payments as follows:

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		Entergy Entergy
Year	Entergy	Arkansas Gulf States
		(In Thousands)
		and the second
2000	\$25,379	\$9,645 \$11,829
2001	23,676	9,645 11,853
2002	19,414	9,645
2003	19,414	9,645 9,720 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2004	19,414	9,645 9,720
Years thereafter	39,882	23,034 16,746
Minimum lease payments	147,179	71,259 69,588
Less: Amount		$\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}} = \mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}}$, where $\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}} = \mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}}$, where $\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}} = \mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{exp}}$
representing interest	48,570	26,067 21,852
Present value of net	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the second
minimum lease payments	\$98,609	\$45,192 \$47,736
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Capital Leases

Operating Leases

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ri	9 - 1 19 94	жў. — Сланана П	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy
Year		Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana
	v *	a sis to		(In Thousands)	
· •				Zignica a tu	·
2000	1 + y + 1	\$88,978	\$30,228	\$23,322	s \$8,727
2001	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	77,761	29,203	20,453	4,742
2002		60,338	24,545	16,804	4,160
2003		43,422	13,082	14,435	2,570
2004		40,173	12,004	14,031	1,653
Years thereafte	r	127,346	33,618	40,073	1,973
Minimum lease	payments	\$438,018	\$142,680	\$129,118	\$23,825

Rental expense for Entergy's leases (excluding nuclear fuel leases and the Grand Gulf 1 and Waterford 3 sale and leaseback transactions) amounted to approximately \$65.2 million, \$69.4 million, and \$70.7 million, in 1999, 1998, and 1997, respectively. These amounts include \$23.9 million, \$19.4 million, and \$19.7 million, respectively, for Entergy Arkansas; \$19.2 million, \$18.1 million, and \$17.6 million, respectively, for Entergy Gulf States; and \$13.1 million, \$13.3 million, and \$12.8 million, respectively, for Entergy Louisiana. In addition to the above rental expense, Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Gulf States railcar operating lease payments, which are recorded in fuel expense, amounted to approximately \$13.7 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, in 1999, 1998, and 1997. The railcar lease payments are recorded as fuel expense in accordance with regulatory treatment.

Nuclear Fuel Leases (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, System Energy)

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy each had arrangements to lease nuclear fuel in an aggregate amount up to \$135 million, \$85 million, \$90 million, and \$100 million, respectively. As of December 31, 1999, the unrecovered cost base of Entergy Arkansas', Entergy Gulf States', Entergy Louisiana's, and System Energy's nuclear fuel leases amounted to approximately \$85.7 million, \$70.8 million, \$51.9 million, and \$78 million, respectively. The lessors finance the acquisition and ownership of nuclear fuel through credit agreements and the issuance of intermediate-term notes. The credit agreements for Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, and System Energy have termination dates of December 2000, December 2000, January 2002, and February 2001, respectively. Such termination dates may be extended from time to time with the consent of the lenders. The intermediate-term notes issued pursuant to these fuel lease arrangements have varying maturities through March 15, 2002. It is expected that additional financing under the leases will be arranged as needed to acquire additional fuel, to pay interest, and to pay maturing debt. However, if such additional financing cannot be arranged, the lessee in each case must repurchase sufficient nuclear fuel to allow the lessor to meet its obligations.

Lease payments are based on nuclear fuel use. The table below represents the total nuclear fuel lease payments (principal and interest) as well as the separate interest component charged to operations by the domestic utility companies and System Energy in 1999, 1998, and 1997:

•	199	9 1. 9979	199	8	1997	
	Lease Payments	Interest	Lease Payments	Interest	Lease Payments	Interest
tana ta kata ing	·		(In Mill	ions)	*	· .
land Aligned Aligned						
Entergy Arkansas	\$48.6	\$5.6	\$50.5	\$4.9	\$53.7	\$6.4
Entergy Gulf States	·	1.8	36.1	3.1	25.7	3.2
Entergy Louisiana	29.7	3.7	36.8	3.9	29.4	3.7
System Energy	28.1	3.4	35.4	4.7	41.1	5.4
Total	\$137.8	\$14.5	\$158.8	\$16.6	\$149.9	\$18.7
				. • · · · · ·	 */ 	

Sale and Leaseback Transactions

we get the table of the second sec Waterford 3 Lease Obligations (Entergy Louisiana)

In 1989, Entergy Louisiana sold and leased back 9.3% of its interest in Waterford 3 for the aggregate sum of \$353.6 million. The lease has an approximate term of 28 years. The lessors financed the sale-leaseback through the issuance of Waterford 3 Secured Lease Obligation Bonds. The lease payments made by Entergy Louisiana are sufficient to service the debt.

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In 1994, Entergy Louisiana did not exercise its option to repurchase the 9.3% interest in Waterford 3. As a result, Entergy Louisiana issued \$208.2 million of non-interest bearing first mortgage bonds as collateral for the equity portion of certain amounts payable under the lease.

In 1997, the lessors refinanced the outstanding bonds used to finance the purchase of Waterford 3 at lower interest rates which reduced the annual lease payments.

Upon the occurrence of certain events, Entergy Louisiana may be obligated to assume the outstanding bonds used to finance the purchase of the unit and to pay an amount sufficient to withdraw from the lease transaction. Such events include lease events of default, events of loss, deemed loss events, or certain adverse "Financial Events." "Financial Events" include, among other things, failure by Entergy Louisiana, following the expiration of any applicable grace or cure period, to maintain (i) total equity capital (including preferred stock) at least equal to 30% of adjusted capitalization, or (ii) a fixed charge coverage ratio of at least 1.50 computed on a rolling 12 month basis.

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Louisiana's total equity capital (including preferred stock) was 48.1% of adjusted capitalization and its fixed charge coverage ratio for 1999 was 3.49.

As of December 31, 1999, Entergy Louisiana had future minimum lease payments (reflecting an overall implicit rate of 7.45%) in connection with the Waterford 3 sale and leaseback transactions, which are recorded as long-term debt, as follows (in thousands):

2000	\$ 42,573
2001	40,909
2002	39,246
2003	59,709
2004	31,739
Years thereafter	440,690
Total	654,866
Less: Amount representing interest	324,560
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 330,306

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Grand Gulf 1 Lease Obligations (System Energy)

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In December 1988, System Energy sold and leased back 11.5% of its undivided ownership interest in Grand Gulf 1 for the aggregate sum of \$500 million. Subsequently, System Energy leased back its interest in the unit for a term of 26 ½ years. System Energy has the option of terminating the lease and repurchasing the 11.5% interest in the unit at certain intervals during the lease. Furthermore, at the end of the lease term, System Energy has the option of renewing the lease or repurchasing the 11.5% interest in Grand Gulf 1.

System Energy is required to report the sale-leaseback as a financing transaction in its financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, System Energy expenses the interest portion of the lease obligation and the plant depreciation. However, operating revenues include the recovery of the lease payments because the transactions are accounted for as a sale and leaseback for ratemaking purposes. Until 2004, the total of interest and depreciation expense exceeds the corresponding revenues realized. Consistent with a recommendation contained in a FERC audit report, System Energy recorded as a net deferred asset the difference between the recovery of the lease payments and the amounts expensed for interest and depreciation and is recording this difference as a deferred asset on an ongoing basis. The amount of this deferred asset was \$104.5 million and \$85.9 million as of December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

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As of December 31, 1999, System Energy had future minimum lease payments (reflecting an implicit rate of 7.02%), which are recorded as long-term debt as follows (in thousands):

2000				\$	42,753
2001				•	46,803
2002			·		53,827
2003			1997 - N.S.		48,524
2004			191		36,133
Years thereafter		4			574,782
Total					802,822
Less: Amount repres	senting inter	rest			337,342
Present value of net			ents	\$	465,480

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

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Pension Plans

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Entergy has two postretirement benefit plans, "Entergy Corporation Retirement Plan for Non-Bargaining Employees" and "Entergy Corporation Retirement Plan for Bargaining Employees," covering substantially all of its domestic employees. The pension plans are noncontributory and provide pension benefits that are based on employees' credited service and compensation during the final years before retirement. Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries fund pension costs in accordance with contribution guidelines established by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The assets of the plans include common and preferred stocks, fixed-income securities, interest in a money market fund, and insurance contracts.

Total 1999, 1998, and 1997 pension cost of Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries, including amounts capitalized, included the following components (in thousands):

<u>1999</u>		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Service cost - benefits earned during the period	\$39,327	\$8,723	\$6,531	\$4,948	\$2,278	\$997	\$2,334
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	104,591	29,457	24, 7 57	17,950	10,810	3,296	3,017
Expected return on assets	(130,535)	(34,784)	(37,170)	(25,629)	(13,815)	(2,601)	(3,738)
Amortization of transition asset	(9,740)	(2,336)	(2,387)	(2,808)	(1,250)	(195)	(482)
Amortization of prior service cost	11,362	1,227	1,434	558	480	165	64
Net pension cost (income)	\$15,005	\$2,287	(\$6,835)	(\$4,981)	(\$1,497)	\$1,662	\$1,195

<u>1998</u>		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Service cost - benefits earned						_	
during the period	\$45,470	\$7,428	\$5,448	\$4,148	\$1,913	\$818	\$2,494
Interest cost on projected					-		
benefit obligation	192,132	27,919	24,564	16,845	10,362	3,020	3,265
Expected return on assets	(233,058)	(31,119)	(32,506)	(22,526)	(12,335)	(2,083)	(3,979)
Amortization of transition asset	(9,740)	(2,336)	(2,387)	(2,808)	(1,250)	(195)	(597)
Amortization of prior service cost	11,459	1,227	1,434	558	480	259	80
Net pension cost (income)	\$6,263	\$3,119	(\$3,447)	(\$3,783)	(\$830)	\$1,819	\$1,263

Net pension cost (income)	\$6,263	\$3,119	(\$3,447)	(\$3,783)	(3830)	<u> </u>	\$1,203
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<u>1997</u>		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	4.2	New Orleans	Energy
Service cost - benefits earned							5 N N
during the period	\$47,703	\$6,937	\$5,365	\$3,762	\$1,893	\$763	\$2,389
Interest cost on projected							·34 .
benefit obligation	193,665	26,472	23,684	15,778	10,011	2,783	2,942
Expected return on assets	(220,641)	(28,050)	(29,119)	(19,988)	(11,258)	(1,915)	(3,480)
Amortization of transition asset	(2,546)	(2,336)	(2,387)	(2,808)	(1,250)	(195)	(597)
Amortization of prior service cost	4,266	1,227	1,434	558	480	259	
Net pension cost (income)	\$22,447	\$4,250	(\$1,023)	(\$2,698)	(\$124)	\$1,695	\$1,334

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The funded status of Entergy's various pension plans as of December 31, 1999 and 1998 was (in thousands):

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1999	1	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Change in Projected Benefit						•	•
• Obligation (PBO)	12	:.+	1.2			*	
Balance at 1/1/99	\$1,553,251	\$435,638	\$377,288	\$261,858	\$158, 77 8	\$47,881	\$44,876
Service cost	39,327	8,723	6,531	4,948	2,2 77	997	2,334
Interest cost	. 104,591	29,457	24,757	17,950	10,810	3,296	3,017
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(126,715)	(25,915)	(35,000)	(11,638)	(9,038)	(4,663)	(6,294)
Benefits paid	(80,580)	(23,349)	(25,359)	(16,169)	(9,565)	(1,469)	_{.8.5} (671)
Acquisition of subsidiary	9,727	-		-			`
Balance at 12/31/99	\$1,499,601	\$424,554	\$348,217	\$256,949	\$153,262	\$46,042	\$43,262
	ana an an	8					•
Change in Plan Assets		. s		•	• **•		
Fair value of assets at 1/1/99	\$1,791,192	\$473,353	\$513,365	\$356,663	\$192,438	\$28,927	\$48,910
Actual return on plan assets	241,460	68,258	74,249	49,260	24,602	2,668	8,203
Employer contributions	13,106	- .	1,343	-	• c	1,244	1939 (*
Benefits paid	(80,580)	(23,349)	(25,360)	(16,168)	(9.565)	(1.469)	(671)
Fair value of assets at 12/31/99	\$1,965,178	\$518,262	\$563,597	\$389,755	\$207,475	\$31,370	\$56,442
the Part of the second s						۰.	a altali
Funded status	\$465,577	\$93,708	\$215,380	\$132,806	\$54,213	(\$14,672)	\$13,180
Unrecognized transition asset	(17,446)	(4,671)	(2,387)	(5,615)	(2,501)	(180)	(2,829)
Unrecognized prior service cost	30,092	11,203	9,780	4,238	3,455	1,282	_{л сээр} 696
Unrecognized net (gain)/loss	(483,741)	(122,663)	(250,266)	(122,806)	(53,747)	7,776	(16,495)
Prepaid/(accrued) pension cost	(\$5,518)	(\$22,423)	(\$27,493)	\$8,623	\$1,420	(\$5,794)	<u>(\$5,448)</u>

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1998		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Change in Projected Benefit		e	· ·				
Obligation (PBO)	k∰ek <u>j</u> (k s. s. ^a)			•			
Balance at 1/1/98	\$2,495,107	\$381,581	\$327,842	\$226,254	\$140,317	\$40,568	\$35,770
Service cost	45,470	7,428	5,448	4,148	1,913	818	2,494
Interest cost	192,132	27,919	24,564	16,845	10,362	3,020	3,265
Actuarial loss	142,217	41,742	45,302	29,769	15,544	5,319	4,005
Benefits paid	(161,999)	(23,032)	(25,868)	(15,158)	(9,358)	(1,844)	(658)
Disposition of subsidiaries*	(1,159,676)	·		. <u></u>		4	·
Balance at 12/31/98	\$1,553,251	\$435,638	\$377,288	\$261,858	<u>\$158,778</u>	\$47,881	\$44,876
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Change in Plan Assets							
Fair value of assets at 1/1/98	\$3,133,232	\$427,175	\$454,912	\$317,650	\$174,434	\$23,145	\$40,917
Actual return on plan assets	472,181	67,058	76,254	54,171	27,318	2,000	8,440
Employer contributions	72,596	2,152	8,067		44	5,626	211
Benefits paid	(161,999)	(23,032)	(25,868)	(15,158)	(9,358)	(1,844)	(658)
Disposition of subsidiaries*	(1,724,818)	•	· · · · ·	•		<u> </u>	5 H - F
Fair value of assets at 12/31/98	\$1,791,192	\$473,353	\$513,365	\$356,663	\$192,438	\$28,927	\$48,910
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Funded status	\$237,941	\$37,715	\$136,077	\$94,805	\$33,660	(\$18,954)	\$4,034
Unrecognized transition asset	(24,798)	(7,007)	(4,775)	(8,423)	(3,751)	(376)	(4,097)
Unrecognized prior service cost	32,748	12,429	11,215	4,796	3,935	1,447	941
Unrecognized net (gain)/loss	(239,781)			(87,536)			(6,141)
Prepaid/(accued) pension cost	<u>\$6.110</u>	(\$20,137)	(\$35,671)	\$3.642	(\$77)	(\$5,376)	<u>(\$5,263)</u>
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* Reflects the disposition of London Electricity and Citpower effective in December 1998.

Other Postretirement Benefits

Entergy also provides health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees. Substantially all domestic employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while still working for Entergy.

Effective January 1, 1993, Entergy adopted SFAS 106, which required a change from a cash method to an accrual method of accounting for postretirement benefits other than pensions. At January 1, 1993, the actuarially determined accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO) earned by retirees and active employees was estimated to be approximately \$241.4 million and \$128 million for Entergy (other than Entergy Gulf States) and for Entergy Gulf States, respectively. Such obligations are being amortized over a 20-year period which began in 1993.

Entergy Arkansas, the portion of Entergy Gulf States regulated by the PUCT, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans have received regulatory approval to recover SFAS 106 costs through rates. Entergy Arkansas began recovery in 1998, pursuant to an APSC order. This order also allowed Entergy Arkansas to amortize a regulatory asset (representing the difference between SFAS 106 costs and cash expenditures for other postretirement benefits incurred for a five-year period that began January 1, 1993) over a period of 15 years beginning in January 1998.

The LPSC ordered the portion of Entergy Gulf States regulated by the LPSC and Entergy Louisiana to continue the use of the pay-as-you-go method for ratemaking purposes for postretirement benefits other than pensions. However, the LPSC retains the flexibility to examine individual companies' accounting for postretirement benefits to determine if special exceptions to this order are warranted.

Pursuant to regulatory directives, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, the portion of Entergy Gulf States regulated by the PUCT, and System Energy fund postretirement benefit obligations collected in rates. System Energy is funding on behalf of Entergy Operations postretirement benefits associated with Grand Gulf 1. Entergy Louisiana and Entergy Gulf States continue to recover a portion of these benefits regulated by the LPSC and FERC on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assets of the various postretirement benefit plans other than pensions include common stocks, fixed-income securities, and a money market fund.

Total 1999, 1998, and 1997 postretirement benefit costs of Entergy Corporation and its subsidiaries, including amounts capitalized and deferred, included the following components (in thousands):

. .

	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
tergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
6,950	\$3,952	\$3,227	\$2,140	\$1,009	\$512	\$982
9,467	6,596	8,206	4,234	2,167	2,699	631
8,208)	(1,309)	(2,980)		(1,634)	(1,425)	(522)
7,874	3,954	5,803	2,971	1,502	2,678	222
44	-	44	•	-	i.e.	-
1,452)	_	(393)	(227)	(69)	(616)	(8)
4,675	\$13,193	\$13,907	\$9,118	\$2,975	\$3,848	\$1,305
	5,950 9,467 8,208) 7,874 44 1,452)	5,950 \$3,952 9,467 6,596 8,208) (1,309) 7,874 3,954 44 - 1,452) -	5,950 \$3,952 \$3,227 9,467 6,596 8,206 8,208) (1,309) (2,980) 7,874 3,954 5,803 44 - 44 1,452) - (393)	5,950 \$3,952 \$3,227 \$2,140 9,467 6,596 8,206 4,234 8,208) (1,309) (2,980) - 7,874 3,954 5,803 2,971 44 - 44 - 1,452) - (393) (227)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6,950\$3,952\$3,227\$2,140\$1,009\$512 $9,467$ $6,596$ $8,206$ $4,234$ $2,167$ $2,699$ $8,208$ $(1,309)$ $(2,980)$ - $(1,634)$ $(1,425)$ $7,874$ $3,954$ $5,803$ $2,971$ $1,502$ $2,678$ 44 $1,452$ - (393) (227) (69) (616)

- 183 -

<u>1998</u>		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Service cost - benefits earned	na i serva	an a		a di si te	·		
during the period	\$13;878	\$3,325	\$2,553	\$1,776	\$862	\$432	\$871
Interest cost on APBO	28,443	6,519	8,103	4,089	2,085	2,714	652
Expected return on assets	(5,260)	(215)	(2,385)	-	(1,059)	(1,155)	(446)
Amortization of transition obligation	17,874	3,954	5,803	2,971	1,502	2,678	262
Amortization of prior service cost	44	. -	44	-			
Recognized net (gain)	(3,501)	-	(1,216)	(686)	(264)	(1,024)	(79)
Net postretirement benefit cost	\$51,478	\$13,583	\$12,902	\$8,150	\$3,126	\$3,645	\$1,260

1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	•	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Service cost - benefits earned		174 C 197			194.7 <u>8</u> 1.11		12 (g
during the period	\$13,991	\$3,204	\$3,227	\$2,081	\$1,092	\$618	\$939
Interest cost on APBO	29,317	6,232	9,466	4,490	2,278	3,106	648
Expected return on assets	(3,386)	-	(1,637)	-	(695)	(840)	(214)
Amortization of transistion obligation	15,686	3,954	5,803	2,971	1,502	2,678	262
Amortization of prior service cost	44		44	•		e de la companya de l Recentra de la companya de la company	-
Recognized net (gain)/loss	134	(238)	672	(348)	(103)	(742)	<u>wana za Tarra</u> n
Net postretirement benefit cost	\$55,786	\$13,152	\$17,575	\$9,194	\$4,074	\$4,820	\$1,635

The funded status of Entergy's postretirement plans as of December 31, 1999 and 1998 was (in thousands):

a de la serie de la companya de la c	11 C 2 104	ಜ್ಞಾಗ ಲಿ		. All		in a contraction	4.494 - C
1999 - 1997	· · · ·	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
110^{-1} , 110	Entergy	Arkansas	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	Energy
Change in APBO	inter a	: 	3 - 1, 1 ⁻¹ -	South Sec. 18		and the state of the	11. J. P. J.
Balance at 1/1/99	\$444,509	\$101,856	\$124,431	\$63,449	\$32,404	\$40,838	\$9,087
Service cost	16,950	3,952	, 3,227	2,140	1,009	51 2 -	982
Interest cost	29,467	6,596	8,206	4,234	2,167	2,699	631
Actuarial (gain)	(40,202)	(10,375)	(10,287)	(4,924)	(2,131)	(2,098)	(882)
Benefits paid	(25,881)	(6,373)	(7,282)	(3,743)	(2,316)	(3,588)	(272)
Acquisition of subsidiary	4,929	4	$t_{\underline{\lambda}}$		-		-
Balance at 12/31/99	\$429,772	\$95,656	\$118,295	\$61,156	\$31,133	\$38,363	\$9,546
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						NELS -	0.1
Change in Plan Assets						1. 1 . 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	4.4 T (
Fair value of assets at 1/1/99	\$89,579	\$11,774	\$31,510	\$ -	\$18,759	\$20,380	\$7,156
Actual return on plan assets	7,134	1,278	3,403	-	150	1,476	548
Employer contributions	43,576	15,526	11,414	3,743	3,021	5,448	2,117
Benefits paid	(25,881)	(6,373)	(7,282)	(3,743)	(2,316)	(3,588)	(272)
Acquisition of subsidiary	5,800	-		.	-	្រាក់ថ្មីមុខ សំរ	
Fair value of assets at 12/31/99	\$120,208	\$22,205	\$39,045	.s -	\$19,614	\$23,716	\$9,549
							. ,
Funded status	(\$309,564)	(\$73,451)	(\$79,250)	(\$61,156)	(\$11,519)	(\$14,647)	\$3
Unrecognized transition obligation	149,141	51,390	75,444	38,633	19,525	34,827	2,893
Unrecognized prior service cost	335	-	335	-	-	-	-
Unrecognized net (gain)	(19,374)	(6,941)	(24,503)	(12,048)	(5,117)	(13,870)	(3,653)
Prepaid/(accrued) postretirement				<u>````</u>			
benefit asset/(liability)	(\$179,462)	(\$29,002)	(\$27,974)	(\$34,571)	\$2,889	\$6,310	(\$757)

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<u>1998</u>	Entergy	Entergy Arkansas	Entergy Gulf States	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy Mississippi	Entergy New Orleans	Şystem Energy
Change in APBO Balance at 1/1/98 Service cost Interest cost Actuarial (gain)/loss Benefits paid Balance at 12/31/98	\$427,962 13,878 28,443 1,322 (27,096) \$444,509	\$91,097 3,325 6,519 8,005 (7,090) \$101,856	\$136,228 2,553 8,103 (15,007) (7,446) \$124,431	\$65,385 1,776 4,089 (3,698) (4,103) \$63,449	\$33,273 862 2,085 (1,545) (2,271) \$32,404	\$43,833 432 2,714 (2,589) (3,552) \$40,838	\$8,483 871 652 (573) (346) \$9,087
Change in Plan Assets Fair value of assets at 1/1/98 Actual return on plan assets Employer contributions Benefits paid Fair value of assets at 12/31/98	\$59,688 4,616 52,372 (27,097) \$89,579	\$- 713 18,151 (7,090) \$11,774	\$25,696 1,165 12,095 (7,446) \$31,510	\$ 4,103 (4,103) \$ -	\$11,807 1,612 7,611 (2,271) \$18,759	\$17,350 405 6,177 (3,552) \$20,380	\$4,835 721 1,947 (347) \$7,156
Funded status Unrecognized transition obligation Unrecognized prior service cost Unrecognized net (gain)/loss Prepaid/(accrued) postretirement benefit asset/(liability).	(\$354,930) 160,613 379 24,704 , (\$169,234)		(\$92,921) 81,247 379 (14,186) (\$25,481)	41,604	(\$13,645) 21,027 (4,539) \$2,843		(\$1,931) 3,670 - (3,308) (\$1,569)

The assumed health care cost trend rate used in measuring the APBO of Entergy was 5.5% for 2000, gradually decreasing each successive year until it reaches 5.0% in 2005 and beyond. A one percentage-point change in the assumed health care cost trend rate for 1999 would have the following effects (in thousands):

na an ang tanàng taong	1 Percenta	ge Point Increase	1 Percentage Point Decrease				
 (a) (a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b	Increase in the	increase in the sum	Decrease in the	Decrease in the sum of service cost and <u>interest cost</u>			
Entergy Entergy Arkansas Entergy Gulf States Entergy Louisiana Entergy Mississippi Entergy New Orleans System Energy	\$34,514 \$7,379 \$10,041 \$4,450	\$5,284 \$1,156 \$1,281 \$657	(\$29,203), (\$6,261) (\$8,520) (\$3,782) (\$1,940)	(\$4,356) (\$955) (\$1,064) (\$544) (\$263) (\$211) (\$189)			

The significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the pension PBO and the SFAS 106 APBO for 1999, 1998, and 1997 were as follows:

o, and 1997 were as reaction	10 (C. 19 13) (T.			
and a start of the	1999	<u>. 1998</u>	<u>_1997_</u>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			and the second
Weighted-average discount rate	7.5%	6.75%	7.25%	
Weighted-average rate of increase in future compensation levels	4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	a la spirar a
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	9.0%	9.0%	9.0%	• ****

Entergy's pension transition assets are being amortized over the greater of the remaining service period of active participants or 15 years and its SFAS 106 transition obligations are being amortized over 20 years.

NOTE 12. DISPOSITIONS AND ACQUISITIONS (Entergy Corporation)

Business Dispositions

As part of the new strategic plan adopted by Entergy in August 1998, Entergy sold several businesses during 1998, including the following:

Business	Pre-tax Gain (Loss) on Sale
	(In Millions)
London Electricity	\$ 327
CitiPower (a)	38
Efficient Solutions, Inc.	(69)

(a) The gain on the CitiPower sale reflects a \$7.6 million favorable adjustment to the final sale price in January 1999.

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In keeping with this plan, in January 1999, Entergy disposed of its security monitoring subsidiary, Entergy Security, Inc. at a minimal gain. Several telecommunication businesses were sold in June, also at small gains.

The results of operations of these businesses are included in Entergy's Consolidated Statements of Income through their respective dates of sale. Gains and losses arising from sales of businesses are included in "Other Income (Deductions), Gain on sale of assets - net" in that statement.

Asset Acquisition

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On July 13, 1999, Entergy's non-utility nuclear power business acquired the 670 MW Pilgrim Nuclear Station located in Plymouth, Massachusetts from Boston Edison. The acquisition included the plant, real estate, materials and supplies, and nuclear fuel, for a total purchase price of \$81 million. The purchase price was funded with a portion of the proceeds from the sales of non-regulated businesses. As part of the Pilgrim purchase, Boston Edison funded a \$471 million decommissioning trust fund, which was transferred to an Entergy subsidiary. Based on a favorable tax determination regarding the trust fund, Entergy returned \$43 million of the trust fund to Boston Edison.

NOTE 13. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

The domestic utility companies purchase electricity from and/or sell electricity to the other domestic utility companies, System Energy, and Entergy Power (in the case of Entergy Arkansas) under rate schedules filed with FERC. In addition, the domestic utility companies and System Energy purchase fuel from System Fuels; receive management, technical, advisory, operating, and administrative services from Entergy Services; and receive management, technical, and operating services from Entergy Operations. Pursuant to SEC rules under PUHCA, these transactions normally are on an "at cost" basis.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, all of System Energy's operating revenues consist of billings to Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans.

The tables below contain the various affiliate transactions among the domestic utility companies and System Entergy (in millions). Intercompany Revenues

					5 -	·	
**************************************		Entergy Arkansas	Entergy Gulf States	Entergy Louisiana	Entergy <u>Mississippi</u>	Entergy <u>New Orleans</u>	System <u>Energy</u>
	1999	\$189.2	\$38,4	\$27.3	\$68.3	\$14.2	\$620.0
	1998	\$162.0	\$16.7	\$16.7	\$88.3	\$11.0	\$602.4
•	1997	\$230.8	\$15.9	\$ 3.4	\$85.5	\$11.1	\$633.7
			Intercom	pany Operati	ng Expenses	t e la catal	
. 4 [°]	16. ¹	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy New Orleans	System sis
		<u>Arkansas</u>	Gulf States	<u>Louisiana</u>	<u>Mississippi</u>	New Officialis	<u>Enciey</u>
		(1)				ter generation de la companya de la Companya de la companya de la company	i si tari
÷.	1999	\$357.5	\$436.7	\$294.3	\$315.6	\$182.5	\$36.2
	.1998	\$353.7	\$419.7	\$269.0	\$338.1	\$194.9	\$39.6
	1997	\$335.0	\$416.4	\$326.7	\$316.1	\$177.1 *	\$36.5

(1) Includes \$15.8 million in 1999, \$18.8 million in 1998, and \$16.5 million in 1997 for power purchased from 1971 (M. 4.) Entergy Power. . See 1 March 18 March

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Operating Expenses Paid or Reimbursed to Entergy Operations										
in the Start Andrew Start	Entergy Arkansas	Entergy <u>Gulf States</u>	Entergy <u>Louisiana</u>	System <u>Energy</u>						
1999	\$179.2	\$110.9	\$113.8	\$64.9						
1998	\$167.5	\$114.2	\$125.0	\$62.8						
1997	\$162.1	\$ 63.5	\$133.3	\$64.7						

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BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION (Entergy Corporation and Entergy New Orleans) NOTE 14.

In 1998, Entergy adopted SFAS 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." Entergy's reportable segments as of December 31, 1999 are domestic utility and power marketing and trading. Entergy's international electric distribution businesses, Entergy London and CitiPower, were sold in December 1998. These businesses would have been a reportable segment had they been held as of December 31, 1998, and financial information regarding them is also provided below.

Domestic utility provides retail electric service in portions of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas, and provides natural gas utility service in portions of Louisiana. Entergy's power marketing and trading segment markets wholesale electricity, gas, other generating fuels, and electric capacity, and markets financial instruments to third parties. Entergy's operating segments are strategic business units managed separately due to their different operating and regulatory environments.

Entergy's segment financial information is as follows (in thousands):

n a starren an inter Domestic Power ري المرجعة. ري المرجعة Marketing Utility and and Entergy System 22.27 Consolidated All Other* Eliminations **CitiPower*** London* Trading* Energy 1999 \$8,773,228 (\$33,815) \$143,146 \$2,249,274 S \$ $\mathbb{P}^{n} \mathbb{P}^{n}$ \$6,414,623 1 🖕 **Operating Revenues** 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. Operating Expenses: 2,082,875 è -(719) . . . 411,519 Fuel & gas purch for resale 1,672,075 2,442,484 (21,846) 1,771,128 693,202 Purchased power 76.057 11 율 (4)⁴⁰ -(32) / J = 76.057 Nuclear refueling outages P1,705,545 (13,296) 247.250 66,383 Other operation & maint. 1,405,208 744,869 S. . . **.** 1. . . i e 7.475 5.212 °**732,182**,017 Denrec, amort & decomin 339.284 3,768 682 334.834 Taxes other than income 8,113 एलन 8,113 Other regulatory charges 122.347 122,347 Amort of rate deferrals 7.521.574 258,493 (35.861) 2.254.924 a 4 🖻 5,044,018 يناني الحم Total operating expenses 1,251,654 2.046 (115,347) 1,370,605 (5,650) Operating Income (Loss) (5,586) 255,640 186,378 70,911 . 3,937 Other Income 555,601 20,592 (3540)2,006 536,543 Interest Charges 951,693 50.439 (3,719)904,973 Income Before Income Taxes 356,667 -3. 5 38.8,447 . . . 9 **-** 19 Income Taxes \$\$95,026 \$41,992 s S (\$491) S \$553,525 Net Income (Loss) \$22,985,087 (193,841) \$3,762,115 \$ State Ŝ \$460.063 \$18,956,750 Total assets 1.194 34. 19535 8 1123 20 A J 1.1.1 ч. ^с 1.19 s.

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						Varia Singa Assets 1973 - Maria Singa Assets 1973 - Maria Singa Assets 1973 - Maria Singa Assets	Net Income (Loss)	Income Before Income Taxes	Interest Charges	Other Income (Loss)	Idal operating express	Amort, of rate deferrals	Taxes other than moone	Depres, anort, & decomm	Other operation & maint.	Nuclear refieling outgoes	Fuel & gas purch for resale	Operating Expenses:	<u>1998</u> Operating Revenues	
		÷				\$ 19,727,000	\$\$28,498	860,429 331,931	548,299	961 % 5 7cc1ncc11	4,960,011	237,302	951 St 710(0H5	763,818	1,336,881	588 ES	1,547,413		\$6,310,543	Domestic Utility and System Energy
•	- - - - - - -					a syko		(23,756) (8,216)	İ	رون 1,630	2,886,244		- 2	5,058	45,247	1004-102	160,135		\$2,854,980	Power Marketing and Trading*
							\$117,749	122,338 4,589	182,479	36,810	1,643,868		•	126,586	298,748	1,610,174 -	1 210 224		\$1,911,875	Entergy London*
		•				5	\$3,103	3,103 -	80,586	124	219,680	1	ریک 10,220	10 mc	71,603	101,707		• .:	\$303,245	Chillower
		• .		*		7c1,001,34	\$151,819	(61, 569)	21,851	272,865	311,061		- orchy	61,023	247,720				\$150,297	All Other*
	v		4.	•	•		\$ (24.33)		(822)	(2,601)	(37,947)		··) : ·		(12, 159)	- (anti-a)	(1,520) (74.768)		(\$36,168)	Fiminations
					м 		\$785,629	1,ua2,304 266,735			9,982,917		35,136	367 153			1,706,028		\$11,494,772	Consolidated

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and the second	Domestic Utility and System Energy	Power Marketing and Trading*	Entergy London*	CitiPower*	All Other*	Eliminations	Consolidated
<u>1997</u>	•. •			· · · ·			· .
Operating Revenues	\$6,731,872	\$493,102	\$1,847,042	\$342,959	\$180,360	(\$56,409)	\$9,538,926
Operating Expenses:				· · ·	· · ·		······
Fuel & gas purch for resale	1,634,887	42,154	-	-	•		1,677,041
Purchased power	605,634	390,125	1,222,034	129,744	-	(28,726)	2,318,811
Nuclear refueling outages	73,857	. –	-		-	•	73,857
Other operation & maint.	1,279,112	35,003	316,833	54,516	207,342	(6,657)	1,886,149
Deprec, amort. & decomm	765,597	· 4,789	12 1,365	32,702	55,555		980,008
Taxes other than income	326,352	938	-	35,653	2,496	الم ر يد	365,439
Other regulatory credits	(18,545)	-	-	-	-	, · . , . .	(18,545)
Amort. of rate deferrals	421,803			-	-	. .	421,803
Total operating expenses	5,088,697	473,009	1,660,232	252,615	265,393	(35,383)	7,704,563
Operating Income (Loss)	1,643,175	20,093	186,810	90,344	(85,033)	(21,026)	1,834,363
Other Income (Deductions)	(245,439)	2,476	21,525	45	2,517	19,025	(199,851)
Interest Charges	583,613	<u> </u>	178,647	69,011	32,911	(2,001)	862,272
Income Before Income Taxes	814,123	22,478	29,688	21,378	(115,427)	-	772,240
Income Taxes	296,432	8,318	177,023	22,924	(33,356)		471,341
Net Income (Loss)	\$517,691	\$14,160	(\$147,335)	(\$1,546)	(\$82,071)	<u>\$</u>	\$300,899
Total assets	\$ 20,114,594	\$ 354,694	\$ 4,403,625	\$1,068,564	\$1,093,783	\$ (34,560)	\$ 27,000,700

Businesses marked with * are referred to as the "competitive businesses," with the exception of the parent company, Entergy Corporation, which is also included in the "All Other" column. The All Other category includes the parent Entergy Corporation, segments below the quantitative threshold for separate disclosure, and other business activities. Other segments principally include global power development and non-utility nuclear power operations and management. Other business activities principally include the gains on the sales of businesses. Reconciling items are principally intersegment activity.

Products and Services

In addition to retail electric service, Entergy New Orleans supplies natural gas services in the City of New Orleans. Revenue from these two services is disclosed in Entergy New Orleans' Income Statements.

Geographic areas

For the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997, Entergy did not derive material revenues from outside of the United States, other than from Entergy London and CitiPower, which are noted above.

Long-lived assets as of December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	<u> 1999 </u>	<u> 1998 </u>	1997
Domestic	\$ 14,590,346	\$ 14,863,488	\$15,228,107
Foreign	<u>910,408</u>	465,094	2,904,721
Consolidated	\$15,500,754	\$ 15,328,582	<u>\$18,132,828</u>

RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Entergy Corporation) **NOTE 15.**

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Commodity Derivatives

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Entergy uses a variety of commodity derivatives, including natural gas and electricity futures, forwards, and options, as a part of its overall risk management strategy.

The power marketing and trading business engages in the trading of commodity instruments and, therefore, experiences net open positions. The business manages open positions with policies that limit its exposure to market risk and require daily reporting to management of potential financial exposure. These policies include statistical risk tolerance limits using historical price movements to calculate a value at risk measurement. The weighted-average life of the business' commodity risk portfolio was less than 18 months at December 31, 1999 and less than 12 months at · . December 31, 1998.

At December 31, 1999 and 1998, the power marketing and trading business had outstanding absolute notional contract quantities as follows (power volumes in thousands of megawatt hours, natural gas volumes in thousands of British thermal units): a an the second second

	1999	1998
Energy Commodities:	n 1	. •
Power	9,627	33,682
Natural gas	728,560	1,209,791

11.000

Market risk is the potential loss that Entergy may incur as a result of changes in the market or fair value of a particular instrument or commodity. All financial and commodity-related instruments, including derivatives, are subject to market risk. Entergy's exposure to market risk is determined by a number of factors, including the size, duration, composition, and diversification of positions held, as well as market volatility and liquidity. For instruments such as options, the time period during which the option may be exercised and the relationship between the current market price of the underlying instrument and the option's contractual strike or exercise price also affect the level of market risk. The most significant factor influencing the overall level of market risk to which Entergy is exposed is its use of hedging techniques to mitigate such risk. Entergy manages market risk by actively monitoring compliance with stated risk management policies as well as monitoring the effectiveness of its hedging policies and strategies. Entergy's risk management policies limit the amount of total net exposure and rolling net exposure during the stated periods. These policies, including related risk limits, are regularly assessed to ensure their appropriateness given Entergy's a sa a sa sa sa sa and the second second resobjectives. See the sub-

The New York Mercantile Exchange (Exchange) guarantees futures and option contracts traded on the Exchange and there is nominal credit risk. On all other transactions described above, Entergy is exposed to credit risk in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties. For each counterparty, Entergy analyzes the financial condition prior to entering into an agreement, establishes credit limits, and monitors the appropriateness of these limits on an ongoing basis. In some circumstances, Entergy requires letters of credit or parental guarantees. Entergy also uses netting arrangements whenever possible to mitigate Entergy's exposure to counterparty risk. Netting arrangements enable Entergy to net certain assets and liabilities by counterparty.

The change in market value of Exchange-traded futures and options contracts requires daily cash settlement in margin accounts with brokers. Swap contracts and most other over-the-counter instruments are generally settled at the expiration of the contract term and may be subject to margin requirements with the counterparty.

Entergy's principal markets for power and natural gas marketing services are utilities and industrial end-users located throughout the United States and the UK. The power marketing and trading business has a concentration of receivables due from those customers. These industry concentrations may affect the power marketing and trading business' overall credit risk, either positively or negatively, in that changes in economic, industry, regulatory, or other conditions may similarly affect certain customers. Trade receivables are generally not collateralized. However, Entergy analyzes customers' credit positions prior to extending credit, establishes credit limits, and monitors the appropriateness of these limits on an ongoing basis.

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Fair Values

Commodity Instruments

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WARE AND EXCLUSION PROVIDED AND ADDRESS

Fair value estimates of the power marketing and trading business' commodity instruments are made at discrete points in time based on relevant market information. These estimates may be subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment; therefore, actual results may differ from these estimates. At December 31, 1999 and 1998, the fair values of the power marketing and trading business' energy-related commodity contracts used for trading purposes were as follows: . .

the states and set of the		<u>1999</u>		1998
and the state of the	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		(In Tho	usands)	
Commodity Instruments:		•		
Natural Gas	\$ 43,542	\$ 39,361	\$ 150,130	\$ 150,311
Electricity	\$ 185,575	\$ 130,209	\$ 147,363	\$ 119,891
				·
Financial Instruments	•			

The estimated fair value of Entergy's financial instruments is determined using bid prices reported by dealer markets and by nationally recognized investment banking firms. The estimated fair value of derivative financial instruments is based on market quotes of the applicable interest rates. Considerable judgment is required in developing the estimates of fair value. Therefore, estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that Entergy could realize in a current market exchange. In addition, gains or losses realized on financial instruments held by regulated businesses may be reflected in future rates and therefore do not accrue to the benefit or detriment of stockholders. Heavier all a case and the training of the second state of the second state · . -Meet with the agent of the standard and the standard and the standard and

Entergy considers the carrying amounts of financial instruments classified as current assets and liabilities to be a reasonable estimate of their fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. In addition, Entergy does not expect that performance of its obligations will be required in connection with certain off-balance sheet commitments and guarantees considered financial instruments. For these reasons, and because of the related-party nature of these commitments and guarantees, determination of fair value is not considered practicable. Additional information regarding financial instruments and their fair values is included in Notes 4, 5, 6, and 7 to the financial statements and a second s en an en en en en and the contract of the second second second second

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QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED) (Entergy Corporation, Entergy **NOTE 16.** Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System <u>10</u>-Energy)

The business of the domestic utility companies and System Energy is subject to seasonal fluctuations with the peak periods occurring during the third quarter. Operating results for the four quarters of 1999 and 1998 were: ्राय के अस्तर स

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Operating Revenue

Operating Revenue	6	Entoner	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	Entergy <u>Arkansas</u>	Gulf States	Louisiana	Mississippi	New Orleans	
	isinces Et	110 110000		(In Thousand			
1999:							
First Quarter	\$1,639,922	\$ 311,969	\$ 423,819	\$ 352,135	\$ 182,443	\$ 106,056	\$ 140,617
Second Quarter	2,316,404	387,191	546,543	505,601	194,637	121,287	159,505
Third Quarter	3,064,535	488,801	676,076	576,956	267,159	163,140	163,801
Fourth Quarter	1,752,367	353,933	480,770	371,902	188,580	117,305	156,109
1998:							
First Quarter	\$2,313,092	\$ 329,789	\$ 457,509	\$ 356,038	\$ 205,017	\$ 113,663	\$ 148,606
Second Quarter	2,508,814	391,357	423,655	424,115	268,908	125,106	144,336
Third Quarter	4,587,447	527,059	609,362	537,632	324,784	165,808	152,083
Fourth Quarter	2,085,419	360,493	363,283	393,123	177,591	109,173	157,348
Operating Income							
		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System
	Entergy	<u>Arkansas</u>	Gulf States	<u>Louisiana</u>	<u>Mississippi</u>	New Orleans	Energy
				(In Thousand	s)		
1999:							
First Quarter	\$ 203,435	\$ 32,160	\$ 61,032	\$ 65,989	\$ 12,220	\$ 749	\$ 53,837
Second Quarter	363,951	60,212	61,586	179,278	20,630	22,089	68,695
Third Quarter	597,595	113,570	160 ,784	172,052	42,519	28,622	71,199
Fourth Quarter	86,673	(10,541)	37,596	2,823	12,716	(8,924)	69,705
1998:						A 1 001	e 71.050
First Quarter	\$ 285,507	\$ 27,254	\$ 63,661	\$ 55,222	\$ 15,382	\$ 1,891	\$ 71,959
Second Quarter	472,710	83,837	31,530	114,540	55,721	15,468	72,177
Third Quarter	590,673	140,837	166,403	164,393	54,028	20,210	68,772
Fourth Quarter	162,965	2,887	(25,940)	68,726	(571)	1,490	69,735
Net Income (Loss)					 .	T (1)	9
		Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	Entergy	System

	Entergy	Entergy Arkansas	Entergy ulf States]	Entergy Louisiana	M	Entergy <u>Lississippi</u>	w Orleans	nergy
				(In	Thousand	s)			
1999: First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter 1998:	\$ 72,906 209,758 296,158 16,204	\$ 11,011 28,929 58,021 (28,648)	\$ 13,437 17,022 80,921 13,620	5	21,487 93,371 88,680 (11,768)	\$	3,015 8,222 23,212 7,139	\$ (1,535) 11,695 15,581 (6,780)	\$ 700 29,483 24,042 28,147
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	\$ 60,054 215,979 262,596 247,000	\$ 5,623 39,967 73,731 (8,370)	\$ 14,756 (5,241) 78,313 (41,435)	\$	13,917 49,546 81,470 34,554	\$	5,194 29,514 29,319 (1,389)	\$ (902) 6,577 10,258 204	\$ 24,587 24,779 25,139 31,971

Earnings per Average Common Share (Entergy Corporation)	
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			<u>1999</u>		<u>1998</u>		· ·
1,5.1 8 .			Basic and Dilute	<u>ea</u>	Basic and Dil	utea	
	arter				\$ 0.20		. • . •
-	Quarter						
	uarter						
Fourth C	harter	2.÷	\$ 0.03		\$ 0.96		
	Juarter						
							· .
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Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants On Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

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No event that would be described in response to this item has occurred with respect to Entergy, System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, or Entergy New Orleans.

PART III

Item 10. <u>Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants</u> (Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy)

All officers and directors listed below held the specified positions with their respective companies as of the date of filing this report.

			. •
Name	Age	Position	Period
· <i>·</i> .			
ENTERGY ARKANSA	S, INC.		
the second second	· .		
Directors			
		The state of the Charles of the Officer of The Addition	1999-Present
Thomas J. Wright	53	President and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Arkansas	1999-Present
		Director of Entergy Arkansas	1999-1999
	·	Managing Director of London Electricity England	1996-1998
	a del	Chairman, CEO and Director of CitiPower Pty. Australia	1994-1996
		Vice President Transmission and Distribution System of Entergy Services	1994-1990
Donald C. Hintz	4	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Officers			
			1991-Present
Cecil L. Alexander	64	Vice President - State Governmental Affairs of Entergy Arkansas	1991-Present
C. Gary Clary	55	Senior Vice President - Human Resources and Administration of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy	1998-Flesent
	•	Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	1997-1998
		Vice President - Human Resources and Administration of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy	1777-1778
		Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans	
		Director-System Human Resources of Entergy Services	1993-1996
Frank F. Gallaher		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	:. ·
Joseph T. Henderson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	· ·
Nathan E. Langston		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part L	
Steven C. McNeal		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Michael G. Thompson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Thomas J. Wright		See information under the Entergy Arkansas Directors above.	
ENTERGY GULF ST.	ATES, IN	iC.	. ·
Directors			
Joseph F. Domino	51	Director of Entergy Gulf States	1999-Present
•		President and Chief Executive Officer - Texas	1998-Present
		Director - Southwest Franchise of Entergy Gulf States	1997-1998
		Director - Eastern Region of Entergy Services	1995-1997
		Director - Southern Region of Entergy Services	1994-1995
Donald C. Hintz		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Jerry D. Jackson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	· · ·
C, John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
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Name	Age	Position	Period
· · · · ·	· ·		
Officers		a second a second provide a second	
James D. Bruno	60	Vice President Degion of Enterny Louisians and Enterny Gulf States	1999-Present
James D. Diuno	00	Vice President - Region of Entergy Louisiana and Entergy Gulf States Vice President of Customer Service of Entergy Louisiana and Entergy	1999-1999
		Guif States	1776-1777
5	1924 - S	Vice President of Customer Service of Entergy Louisiana and Entergy	1994-1998
	4	New Orleans	Sector States
		Vice President - Metro Region of Entergy Services	1993-1994
Murphy A. Dreher	47 _		1999-Present
		and Entergy Louisiana Legislative Executive - Governmental Affairs of Entergy Gulf States	1995-1998
		Director of Governmental Affairs of Entergy Gulf States	1993-1995
Randall W. Helmick	45	Vice President of Operations - Louisiana	1998-Present
8 g - 1		Director of Special Projects of London Electricity	1997-1998
		Director of Reliability of Entergy Services	1997
		Director of Operations and Engineering of Entergy Services	1994-1997
J. Parker McCollough	48	Vice President - State Governmental Affairs of Entergy Gulf States - TX	1996-Present
		Vice President - Governmental Affairs, Texas Association of Realtors	1993-1996
		(trade association)	• • • • •
C. Gary Clary		See information under the Entergy Arkansas Officers Section above.	1
Joseph F. Domino Frank F. Gallaher		See information under the Entergy Gulf States Directors Section above. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Joseph T. Henderson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Jerry D. Jackson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Nathan E. Langston		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Steven C. McNeal	•1.1	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	e 1
Michael G. Thompson	· .	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
PATER AND AND AND AND			
ENTERGY LOUISIANA	, цчс.	a Article State State State	· • .
Directors		and the second	. •
Donald C. Hintz		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Jerry D. Jackson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
<u>Officers</u>		$(1, 1, 2^{2})^{2} = (1, 2^{2})^{2} \frac{1}{4} \left(2^{2} + (1, 1)^{2} \right)^{2} \left(1 + (1, 1)^{2} + (1, 1)^{2} \right)^{2} \left(1 + (1$	÷
James D. Bruno		See information under the Entergy Gulf States Officers Section above.	
C. Gary Clary		See information under the Entergy Arkansas Officers Section above.	· · · · ·
Murphy A. Dreher		See information under the Entergy Gulf States Officers Section above.	1.
Frank F. Gallaher		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Randall W. Helmick		See information under the Entergy Gulf States Officers Section above.	
Joseph T. Henderson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	•
Jerry D. Jackson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Nathan E. Langston		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	• •
Steven C. McNeal		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Michael G. Thompson		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
ENTERGY MISSISSIPI	гі, INC.		
Dimotors			
Directors			
Carolyn C. Shanks	38	President and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Mississippi	1999-Present
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

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- 12	22.1	ые.

Age

Position

Vice President of Finance and Administration of Entergy Mississippi

Director of Entergy Mississippi

Period

1999-Present 1997-1999 1994-1997

1987-Present

Director of Business Services of Entergy Operations See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. Ω^{*} ante a di 1.1.1 Vice President - State Governmental Affairs of Entergy Mississippi 61 See information under the Entergy Arkansas Officers Section above. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part L See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. See information under the Entergy Mississippi Directors above. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part L ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC. March Strate Barry Strate States **Directors** the second data and second as the and the 1998-Present Chief Executive Officer of Entergy New Orleans - LA 1997-Present President and Director of Entergy New Orleans $(1,2,\ldots,n)$ 1996-1997 State President - City of New Orleans a george e Vice President - Regulatory and Governmental Affairs of Entergy New 1994-1996 Orleans 1991-1994 170 1 General Manager - Plant Operations at Waterford 3 See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part L See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I. Officers of the second second SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURC · · · · · 1999-Present Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of System Energy 55 1997-1998 Senior Vice President of Nuclear of Entergy Services Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Entergy 1996-1998 Operations 1992-1996 Vice President of Operations of ANO In addition, Mr. Yelverton is an executive officer and/or director of various other wholly owned subsidiaries of Entergy Corporation and its operating companies.

Donald C. Hintz C. John Wilder

Officers

Bill F. Cossar C. Gary Clary Frank F. Gallaher Joseph T. Henderson Nathan E. Langston Steven C. McNeal Carolyn C. Shanks Michael G. Thompson C. John Wilder

Daniel F. Packer 52 en la presenta de servica Donald C. Hintz C. John Wilder

Elaine Coleman 50	Vice President External Affairs of Entergy New Orleans - LA	1998-Present
Elame Coleman 55	Director of Customer Service of Entergy Services	1998
	Lead Customer Service Manager of Entergy Services	1995-1998
	Manager of Employee Communication of Entergy Services	1993-1995
C. Gary Clary	See information under the Entergy Arkansas Officers Section above.	,
Frank F. Gallaher	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Joseph T. Henderson	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Nathan E. Langston	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Steven C. McNeal	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Daniel F. Packer	See information under the Entergy New Orleans Directors Section above.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Michael G. Thompson	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	1.14.1.12
C. John Wilder	See information under the Entergy Corporation Officers Section in Part I.	
a Alifa d e Nult iva de Califa de Alifa. A compositor		
SYSTEM ENERGY RESOUR	CES, INC.	

Directors

Jerry W. Yelverton

Name	Age	Posit	ion	Period
Donald C. Hintz C. John Wilder		See information under the Entergy Co See information under the Entergy Co	-	
Officers				at such as the
Joseph L. Blount	53	Secretary of System Energy and Enter Vice President Legal and External Aff		1991-Present 1990-1993
Joseph T. Henderson Nathan E. Langston		See information under the Entergy Co See information under the Entergy Co	rporation Officers Section in Part I.	
Steven C. McNeal		See information under the Entergy Co	rporation Officers Section in Part I.	
C. John Wilder Jerry W. Yelverton	• :	See information under the Entergy Co See information under the System End		
			1. 2. 3 (*** **** 1. 1.)	

Each director and officer of the applicable Entergy company is elected yearly to serve by the unanimous consent of the sole stockholder, Entergy Corporation, at its annual meeting.

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Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Information called for by this item concerning the directors and officers of Entergy Corporation is set forth in the Proxy Statement of Entergy Corporation to be filed in connection with its Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on May 12, 2000, under the heading "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance", which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

ENTERGY CORPORATION

Information called for by this item concerning the directors and officers of Entergy Corporation is set forth in the Proxy Statement under the headings "Executive Compensation Tables", "General Information About Nominees", and "Director Compensation", which information is incorporated herein by reference.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, ENTERGY GULF STATES, ENTERGY LOUISIANA, ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, AND SYSTEM ENERGY

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Summary Compensation Table 1993.

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The following table includes the Chief Executive Officer and the four other most highly compensated executive officers in office as of December 31, 1999 at Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy (collectively, the "Named Executive Officers"). This determination was based on total annual base salary and bonuses from all Entergy sources earned by each officer for the year 1999. See Item 10, "Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants," for information on the principal positions of the Named Executive Officers in the table below.

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy

As shown in Item 10, most Named Executive Officers are employed by several Entergy companies. Because it would be impracticable to allocate such officers' salaries among the various companies, the table below includes the aggregate compensation paid by all Entergy companies.

	-	_	•		Long-Term Compensation				
		Алв	ual Compensati	on	Award				
					Restricted	Securities	(a)		
				Other Annual	Stock	Underlying	All Other		
Name	Year	Salary	Bonus	Compensation	Awards	<u>Options</u>	<u>Compensation</u>		
C. Gary Clary	1999	\$254,080	\$ 193,423	\$ 0.	(b)	28,025 shares	\$ 8,012		
C. Gary Chary	1998	226,662	168,089	9,959	(b)	1,250	5,017		
	1997	170,731	36,086	23,072	(b)	2,500	5,122		
					e tratico per				
John J. Cordaro (d)	1999	\$ 53,506	\$ 11,815	\$ 2,698	(b)	0 shares	\$ 1,305,083		
	1998		67,211	45,209	.(b)	1,250	5,833		
	1997	206,410	0 1944 - 19	37,986	(b)	2,500	6,192		
		• بخي م •		A	A	13,487 shares	\$ 6,838		
Joseph F. Domino	1999	\$ 223,569	\$200,210	\$ 7,072	(b) (b)	13,487 snares ()	5,409		
CEO-Entergy Gulf States-TX	1998	164,011	39,492	4,558	(b) (b)	÷ 0	J,405 0		
	1997	138,374	0	16,205	(D)	τ. Ο	v		
	1999	\$401,161	\$ 303,855	\$ 38,496	(b)	39,500 shares	\$ 13,545		
Frank F. Gallaher	1998	382,829	280,747	89 137			12,396		
	1997	327,385	200,747	11,132	(b) (b)	5,000	9,822		
	1777	527,505	·	•••,					
Joseph T. Henderson	1999	\$222,115	\$201,100 (c)	\$ 36,004	. (b) :	7,500 shares	\$ 21,983		
	1999	\$442,809	\$ 403,554	\$ 39,670	(b)	94,000 shares	\$ 15,497		
Jerry D. Jackson	1999	5 442,809 408,456	348,156	59,630	Ю	2,500	13,849		
CEO-Entergy Louisiana	1998	342,077		56,359	and the transfer of the second	5,000	10,262		
CEO-Entergy Gulf States-LA	1997	342,077		1	Charles (Berlin				
R. Drake Keith (d)	1999	\$ 144,017	\$ 85,544	\$ 3,785	(b)	16,750 shares	\$144,801		
	1998	289,145	165,582	67,239	(b)	1,250	10,259		
科教室 医弗兰氏结核病 医原子子	1997	276,728	0	41,230	(b)	2,500	8,292		
Nathan E. Langston	1999	\$193,462	\$ 178,400	\$ 23,613	(b)	15,400 shares	\$ 4,800		
	1998	158,563	111,125	21,953	(b)	0			
	1997	131,660	10,504	17,462	(b)		0		
			a	S 0	(ђ)	5,925 shares	\$ 4,800		
Steven C. McNeal	1999	\$ 171,077	\$ 78,100	4,432	() ()	0	5,145		
and a second	1998	•	94,400 9,818	14,237	со (b)	0	0		
	1997	122,474	9,010	ا دغو د ا	(0)				
Donald E. Meiners (d)	1999	\$ 180,342	\$ 84,552	\$ 27,682	(b)	16,750 shares	\$ 1,198,504		
Donaid E. Memers (d)	1998	268,345	148,734	60,353	(b)	1.250	9,388		
	1997	255,410	0	33,748	Ю	2,500	7,662		
		200,000	·.	eg i directores.	e t				
Daniel F. Packer	1999	\$211,055	\$ 127,920	\$ 10,517	(b)	16,750 shares	\$ 6,583		
CEO-Entergy New Orleans	1998		123,513	54,208(e)	(b)	0.000			
	1997	147,077	0	96,097(e)	(b)	0	3,028		
				8 0 8 0		11,050 shares	\$ 4,800		
Carolyn C. Shanks	1999		\$ 133,950	\$ 2;549 3,901	(b)	0	4,340		
CEO-Entergy Mississippi	1998		41,394		(b)				
the first state of the state of	1997	118,124	1,110	14,841	a ng a XW a sa s	•			
Michael G. Thompson	1999	\$ 336,378	\$254,910	\$ 53,407	(b)	28,700 shares	\$ 11,280		
Infinited O. Hompson		309,958	283,935	25,200	\$60,874(b)(c)	2.500	10,091		
	1997		0	12,856	(b)	5,000	7,729		
				-					
C. John Wilder	1999	\$445,191		\$ 119,878	(b)	52,500 shares	\$ 20,035		
	1998	201,413	513,106	7,255	\$758,560(b)(c)	0	3,300		

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Thomas J. Wright	1999	\$263,120	\$ 225,458	\$159,653(e)	(b)	18,999 shares	\$ 32,356
CEO-Entergy Arkansas	1998	234,361	757,045(f)	519,610(e)	(b)	0	20,833
e una tra como de la co	1997	210,070	89,232	279,188(e)	(b)		6,102
Jerry W. Yelverton	1999	\$ 363,997	\$ 328,500	\$ 8,036	(Ъ)	49,400 shares	\$,11,286
CEO-System Energy	1998	282,410	184,959	\$ 8,036 22,068	(b) (b)	49,400 shares 1,250	8,886
	1997	227,928	0	19,143	(b)	2,500	6,954
	8212			· 《《新日》。 (1999年1月1日)。			

(a) Includes the following: Server Barry

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1999 benefit accruals under the Defined Contribution Restoration Plan as follows: Mr. Clarv \$3,212; Mr. Cordaro \$638; Mr. Domino \$2,038; Mr. Gallaher \$8,745; Mr. Henderson \$1,866; Mr. Jackson \$10,697; Mr. Keith \$273; Mr. Meiners \$457; Mr. Packer \$1,783; Mr. Thompson \$6,480; Mr. Wilder \$8,832; Mr. Wright \$164; and Mr. Yelverton \$6,486.

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1999 employer contributions to the System Savings Plan as follows: Mr. Clary \$4,800; Mr. (2) Cordaro \$1,471; Mr. Domino \$4,800; Mr. Gallaher \$4,800; Mr. Henderson \$40; Mr. Jackson \$4,800; Mr. Keith \$3,187; Mr. Langston \$4,800; Mr. McNeal \$4,800; Mr. Meiners \$4,263; Mr. Packer \$4,800; Ms. Shanks \$4,800; Mr. Thompson \$4,800; Mr. Wilder \$4,400; Mr. Wright \$5,810; and Mr. Yelverton \$4,800.

1999 reimbursements for moving expenses as follows: Mr. Henderson \$20,077, Mr. Wilder (3) \$6,803, and Mr. Wright \$26,382. p < 1 < 1C.4.

(4) Ì., 1999 payments to retired Named Executive Officers under the executive pension plans were as follows: Mr. Cordaro and Mr. Meiners received lump sum payments under the Post Retirement Plan and Pension Equalization Plan totaling \$1,302,974 and \$1,169,071, respectively. Mr. Meiners also received \$24,713 from the Defined Contribution Restoration, Plan. Mr. Keith received payments under the Post Retirement Plan and the Pension Equalization Plan of \$141,341. 「いい」

There were no restricted stock awards in 1999 under the Equity Ownership Plan. At December 31, 1999, the number and value of the aggregate restricted stock holdings were as follows: Mr. Clary 12,945 shares, \$333,334; Mr. Cordaro 1,626 shares, \$41,870; Mr. Domino 3,002 shares; \$77,302; Mr. Gallaher 7,497 shares, \$193,048; Mr. Henderson 3,948 shares, \$101,661; Mr. Jackson 27,000 shares, \$695,250; Mr. Keith 1,992 shares, \$51,294; Mr. Langston 3,380 shares, \$87,035; Mr. Meiners 2,243 shares, \$57,757; Mr. Packer 4,500 shares, \$115,875; Ms. Shanks 2,382 shares, \$61,337; Mr. Thompson 14,834 shares, \$381,976; Mr. Wilder 39,111 shares, \$1,007,108; Mr. Wright 4,500 shares, \$115,875; and Mr. Yelverton 11,505 shares, \$296,254. Accumulated dividends are paid on restricted stock when vested. No restrictions were lifted in 1999, 1998, and 1997 under the Equity Ownership Plan. The value of restricted stock holdings as of December 31, 1999 is determined by multiplying the total number of shares held by the closing market price of Entergy Corporation common stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions on December 31, 1999 (\$25.75 per share).

In addition to the restricted shares granted under the Long Term Incentive Plan Mr. Wilder and Mr. Thompson were granted 26,000 and 2,000 additional restricted shares, respectively. Restricted shares awarded will vest incrementally over a three-year period, beginning in 1999, based on continued service with Entergy Corporation. Restrictions will be lifted annually. The value Mr. Wilder and Mr. Thompson may realize is dependent upon both the number of shares that vest and the future market price of Entergy Corporation common stock. Accumulated dividends will not be paid on 21,000 shares of Mr. Wilder's restricted stock when vested. Accumulated dividends will be paid on 5,000 shares of Mr. Wilder's restricted stock and all of Mr. Thompson's restricted stock when vested.

- Mr. Cordaro is the former Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Gulf States, LA and Entergy Louisiana. Mr. (d) Keith is the former Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Arkansas. Mr. Meiners is the former Chief -1000 ± 100 M^{-1} Executive Officer of Entergy Mississippi.
- Includes Mr. Packer's living expenses of approximately \$24,000 in 1998 and \$68,000 in 1997, including (e) taxes and housing. Includes approximately \$30,000 in 1999, \$465,000 in 1998, and \$236,000 in 1997 related to various overseas living expenses associated with Mr. Wright's assignments in London and Australia. المحور أتناف تعجره الحرارات
- Includes approximately \$596,000 of performance bonus for service years 1996-1998. A portion of the **(f)** bonus was paid during 1999 with the remaining amount to be paid in 2000.

Option Grants in 1999

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The following table summarizes option grants during 1999 to the Named Executive Officers. The absence, in the table below, of any Named Executive Officer indicates that no options were granted to such officer.

Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy

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		Individual G	rants			Realizable
	Number of	% of Total Options		2 2 1 2 1	at Assum	alue led Annual
e (1997) 19 (1	Securities Underlying	Granted to Employees	Exercise Price	i i sana	Price Ap	of Stock preciation
	Options	in	(per	Expiration	for Opti	on Term(c)
Name	Granted (a)	1999	share) (a)	Date	<u> </u>	10%
C. Gary Clary	28,025 (a)	0.5%	\$ 29.9375	1/28/09	\$ 527,642	\$1,337,147
Joseph F. Domino	13,487 (a)	0.3%	29.9375	1/28/09	253,928	643,503
Frank F. Gallaher	39,500 (a)	0.7%	29.9375	1/28/09	743,688	1,884,650
Joseph T. Henderson	7,500 (b)	0.1%	28.8750	3/08/09	136,195	345,145
Jerry D. Jackson	94,000 (a)	1.8%	29.9375	1/28/09	1,769,788	4,484,991
R. Drake Keith	16,750 (a)	0.3%	29.9375	1/28/09	315,361	799,187
	15,400 (a)	0.3%	29.9375	1/28/09	289,944	734,775
Nathan E. Langston	5,925 (a)	0.1%	29.9375	1/28/09	111,562	282,719
Steven C. McNeal	16,750 (a)	0.3%	29.9375	1/28/09	315,361	799,187
Donald E. Meiners		0.3%	29.9375	1/28/09	315,361	799,187
Daniel F. Packer	16,750 (a)	0.00/	29.9375	1/28/09	208,044	527,225
Carolyn C. Shanks	11,050 (a)	0.5%	29.9375	1/28/09	540,350	1,369,353
Michael G. Thompson	28,700 (a)	1.0%	29.9375	1/28/09	988,454	2,504,936
C. John Wilder	52,500 (a)		29.9375	1/28/09	357,706	906,498
Thomas J. Wright	18,999 (a)	0.4%	29.9375	1/28/09	930,089	2,357,027
Jerry W. Yelverton	49,400 (a)	0.9%	29.9313	1/20/07	250,002	، على ، ب درمة

- Options were granted on January 28, 1999, pursuant to the Equity Ownership Plan. All options granted on (a) this date have an exercise price equal to the closing price of Entergy Corporation common stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions on January 28, 1999. These options will vest incrementally over a three-year period beginning in 2000.
- Options were granted on March 8, 1999 and will vest incrementally over a three-year period beginning in **(b)** 2000. A set of the set
- Calculation based on the market price of the underlying securities assuming the market price increases over (c) a ten-year option period and assuming annual compounding. The column presents estimates of potential values based on simple mathematical assumptions. The actual value, if any, a Named Executive Officer may realize is dependent upon the market price on the date of option exercise.

Aggregated Option Exercises in 1999 and December 31, 1999 Option Values

The following table summarizes the number and value of all unexercised options held by the Named Executive Officers. The absence, in the table below, of any Named Executive Officer indicates that no options are held by such officer. No Named Executive Officer exercised options during 1999.

an tig an strands and tang stage ti	Underlying Une	f Securities xercised Options ember 31, 1999	Options In-the-Money (
Name	Exercisable.	<u>Unexercisable</u>	Exercisable	Unexercisa	ble
C. Gary Clary	3,750	28,025	Stille and service	s .	
Joseph F. Domino	1,500	13,487	3,375	-	
Frank F. Gallaher	45,000	39,500	127,813	-	
Joseph T. Henderson	1. A	7,500		-	
Jerry D. Jackson	51,911	94,000	121,875	-	
Nathan E. Langston	1,500	15,400	3,375		; Y
Steven C. McNeal	1,500	5,925	3,375	-	
Donald E. Meiners	11,250	16,750	-	-	· · · ·
Daniel F. Packer	•	16,750	-	-	
Carolyn C. Shanks		11,050	et al la stratage	í	
Michael G. Thompson	20,000	28,700	5,938	-	
C. John Wilder	-	52,500	-	-	
Thomas J. Wright	- <u> </u>	18,999	-	-	
Jerry W. Yelverton	8,250	49,400	4,500	-	
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(a)

Based on the difference between the closing price of Entergy Corporation's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions on December 31, 1999, and the option exercise price.

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Pension Plan Tables

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Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy

Retirement Income Plan Table

Annual	· .	1 2 ¹	•			
Covered	<u> </u>		Years of Ser	vice		
Compensation	15	20	25	30	35	
\$100,000	\$ 22,500	\$ 30,000	\$ 37,500	\$ 45,000	\$ 52,500	t <u>a</u> j≮ Sjerio i
200,000	45,000	60,000	75,000	90,000	105,000	
300,000	67,500	90,000	112,500	135,000	157,500	
400,000	90,000	120,000	150,000	180,000	210,000	
500,000	112,500	150,000	187,500	225,000	262,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
650,000	146,250	195,000	243,750	292,500	341,250	the second
950,000	213,750	285,000	356,250	427,500	498,750	· . ·

All of the Named Executive Officers participate in a Retirement Income Plan, a defined benefit plan, that provides a benefit for employees at retirement from Entergy based upon (1) generally all years of service beginning at age 21 through termination, with a forty-year maximum, multiplied by (2) 1.5%, multiplied by (3) the final average compensation. Final average compensation is based on the highest consecutive 60 months of covered compensation in the last 120 months of service. The normal form of benefit for a single employee is a lifetime annuity and for a married employee is a 50% joint and survivor annuity. Other actuarially equivalent options are available to each retiree. Retirement benefits are not subject to any deduction for Social Security or other offset

amounts. The amount of the Named Executive Officers' annual compensation covered by the plan as of December 31, 1999, is represented by the salary column in the Summary Compensation Table above.

The credited years of service under the Retirement Income Plan, as of December 31, 1999, for the following Named Executive Officers is as follows: Mr. Domino 29; Mr. Gallaber 30; Mr. Langston 28; Mr. McNeal 17; Mr. Packer 17; Ms. Shanks 16; Mr. Wright 30; and Mr. Yelverton 20. The credited years of service under the Retirement Income Plan, as of December 31, 1999 for the following Named Executive Officers, as a result of entering into supplemental retirement agreements, is as follows: Mr. Clary 26; Mr. Henderson 16; Mr. Jackson 20; Mr. Thompson 23; and Mr. Wilder 16. Mr. Cordaro, Mr. Keith and Mr. Meiners retired during 1999 with 40, 33, and 39 credited years of service, respectively. and the state of the state of the state of

The maximum benefit under the Retirement Income Plan is limited by Sections 401 and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; however, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy have elected to participate in the Pension Equalization Plan sponsored by Entergy Corporation. Under this plan, certain executives, including the Named Executive Officers, would receive an additional amount equal to the benefit that would have been payable under the Retirement Income Plan, except for the Sections 401 and 415 limitations discussed above. しょうしん あたい キュー・ション 想想 パル・パ

In addition to the Retirement Income Plan discussed above, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy participate in the Supplemental Retirement Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries and the Post-Retirement Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries. Participation is limited to one of these two plans and is at the invitation of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy. The participant may receive from the appropriate Entergy company a monthly benefit payment not in excess of .025 (under the Supplemental Retirement Plan) or .0333 (under the Post-Retirement Plan) times the participant's average basic annual salary (as defined in the plans) for a maximum of 120 months. Mr. Packer and Mr. Yelverton have entered into a Supplemental Retirement Plan participation contract, and Mr. Cordaro, Mr. Gallaher, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Keith, Mr. Meiners and Mr. Wright have entered into Post-Retirement Plan participation contracts. Current estimates indicate that the annual payments to each Named Executive Officer under the above plans would be less than the payments to that officer under the System Executive Retirement Plan discussed below. 1. a de la companya de l

System	Executive	Retirement	Plan	Table (1)		•	1911 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 - 1947 -	•
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y Alexandra da	• • •,	Years of Service	8	
10	15	20	25	30+
		\$ 100,000	\$ 110,000	\$ 120,000
	•		165,000	180,000
· • •	· · · ·	-	220,000	240,000
•		•	275,000	300,000
•			· · · · •	360,000
· •				420,000
	• .	,	•	600,000
	10 \$ 60,000 90,000 120,000 150,000 180,000 210,000	1015\$ 60,000\$ 90,00090,000135,000120,000180,000150,000225,000180,000270,000210,000315,000	10 15 20 \$ 60,000 \$ 90,000 \$ 100,000 90,000 135,000 \$ 100,000 120,000 180,000 200,000 150,000 225,000 250,000 180,000 270,000 300,000 210,000 315,000 350,000	Years of Service 10 15 20 25 \$ 60,000 \$ 90,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 110,000 90,000 135,000 150,000 165,000 120,000 180,000 200,000 220,000 150,000 225,000 250,000 275,000 180,000 270,000 300,000 330,000

Covered pay includes the average of the highest three years of annual base pay and incentive awards earned (1) by the executive during the ten years immediately preceding his retirement. Benefits shown are based on a target replacement ratio of 50% based on the years of service and covered compensation shown. The benefits for 10, 15, and 20 or more years of service at the 45% and 55% replacement levels would decrease (in the case of 45%) or increase (in the case of 55%) by the following percentages: 3.0%, 4.5%, and 5.0%, respectively.

In 1993, Entergy Corporation adopted the System Executive Retirement Plan (SERP). This plan was amended in 1998. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy are participating employers in the SERP. The SERP is an unfunded defined benefit plan offered at retirement to certain senior executives, which would currently include all the Named Executive Officers (except for Mr. McNeal). Participating executives choose, at retirement, between the retirement benefits paid under provisions of the SERP or those payable under the Supplemental Retirement Plan or the Post-Retirement Plan discussed above. The plan was amended in 1998 to provide that covered pay is the average of the highest three years annual base pay and incentive awards earned by the executive during the ten years immediately preceding his retirement. Benefits paid under the SERP are calculated by multiplying the covered pay times target pay replacement ratios (45%, 50%, or 55%, dependent on job rating at retirement) that are attained, according to plan design, at 20 years of credited service. The target ratios are increased by 1% for each year of service over 20 years, up to a maximum of 30 years of service. In accordance with the SERP formula, the target ratios are reduced for each year of service below 20 years. The credited years of service under this plan are identical to the years of service for Named Executive Officers (other than Mr. Henderson, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Keith, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Wilder, and Mr. Yelverton) disclosed above in the section entitled "Pension Plan Tables-Retirement Income Plan Table". Mr. Henderson, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Wilder and Mr. Yelverton have 8 months, 26 years, 18 vears. 1 year, and 30 years, respectively, of credited service under this plan. Mr. Keith had 16 years of credited service under this plan when he retired.

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The amended plan provides that a single employee receives a lifetime annuity and a married employee receives the reduced benefit with a 50% surviving spouse annuity. Other actuarially equivalent options are available to each retiree. SERP benefits are offset by any and all defined benefit plan payments from Entergy. SERP benefits are not subject to Social Security offsets. 1420 B. 161 a different and been a to - A - 5 - 3 and there is

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Eligibility for and receipt of benefits under any of the executive plans described above are contingent upon several factors. The participant must agree, without the specific consent of the Entergy company for which such participant was last employed, not to take employment after retirement with any entity that is in competition with, or similar in nature to, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy or any affiliate thereof. Eligibility for benefits is forfeitable for various reasons, including violation of an agreement with Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy, certain resignations of employment, or certain terminations of employment without Company permission. 1 (S. 1

In addition to the Retirement Income Plan discussed above, Entergy Gulf States provides; among other benefits to officers, an Executive Income Security Plan for key managerial personnel. The plan provides participants with certain retirement, disability, termination, and survivors' benefits. To the extent that such benefits are not funded by the employee benefit plans of Entergy Gulf States or by vested benefits payable by the participants' former employers. Entergy Gulf States is obligated to make supplemental payments to participants or their survivors. The plan provides that upon the death or disability of a participant during his employment, he or his designated survivors will receive (i) during the first year following his death or disability an amount not to exceed his annual base salary, and (ii) thereafter for a number of years until the participant attains or would have attained age 65, but not less than nine years, an amount equal to one-half of the participant's annual base salary. The plan/also provides supplemental retirement benefits for life for participants retiring after reaching age 65 equal to one-half of the participant's average final compensation rate, with one-half of such benefit upon the death of the participant being payable to a surviving spouse for life.

Entergy Gulf States amended and restated the plan effective March 1, 1991, to provide such benefits for life upon termination of employment of a participating officer or key managerial employee without cause (as defined in the plan) or if the participant separates from employment for good reason (as defined in the plan), with 1/2 of such benefits to be payable to a surviving spouse for life. Further, the plan was amended to provide medical benefits for a participant and his family when the participant separates from service. These medical benefits generally continue until the participant is eligible to receive medical benefits from a subsequent employer; but in the case of a participant who is over 50 at the time of separation and was participating in the plan on March 1, 1991,

medical benefits continue for life. By virtue of the 1991 amendment and restatement, benefits for a participant under such plan cannot be modified once he becomes eligible to participate in the plan. Mr. Domino is a participant in this plan.

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For information regarding compensation of the directors of Entergy Corporation, see the Proxy Statement under the heading "Director Compensation", which information is incorporated herein by reference. Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy currently have no non-employee directors, and none of the current directors of Entergy Corporation are compensated for their responsibilities as director.

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Retired non-employee directors of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans with a minimum of five years of service on the respective Boards of Directors are paid \$200 a month for a term of years corresponding to the number of years of active service as directors. Retired non-employee directors with over ten years of service receive a lifetime benefit of \$200 a month. Years of service as an advisory director are included in calculating this benefit. System Energy has no retired non-employee directors.

Retired non-employee directors of Entergy Gulf States receive retirement benefits under a plan in which all directors who served continuously for a period of years will receive a percentage of their retainer fee in effect at the time of their retirement for life. The retirement benefit is 30 percent of the retainer fee for service of not less than five nor more than nine years, 40 percent for service of not less than ten nor more than fourteen years, and 50 percent for fifteen or more years of service. For those directors who retired prior to the retirement age, their benefits are reduced. The plan also provides disability retirement and optional hospital and medical coverage if the director has served at least five years prior to the disability. The retired director pays one-third of the premium for such optional hospital and medical coverage and Entergy Gulf States pays the remaining two-thirds. Years of service as an advisory director are included in calculating this benefit.

Employment Contracts, Termination of Employment Agreements, Retirement Agreements and Change-in-Control Arrangements

Entergy Gulf States

As a result of the Merger, Entergy Gulf States is obligated to pay benefits under the Executive Income Security Plan to those persons who were participants at the time of the Merger and who later terminated their employment under circumstances described in the plan. For additional description of the benefits under the Executive Income Security Plan, see the "Pension Plan Tables-System Executive Retirement Plan Table" section noted above.

Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy

For information regarding employment contracts' of the Named Executive Officers of Entergy Corporation, see the Proxy Statement under the heading "Executive Employment Contracts and Retirement Contracts", which information is incorporated herein by reference.

Upon his employment on July 6, 1998, Mr. Wilder entered into an employment agreement with the Corporation pursuant to which he receives an annual salary of \$400,000 and the potential maximum annual incentive payout of 90%. Mr. Wilder is eligible for a pro-rata share of the performance award for the period 1998-2000. The Corporation granted Mr. Wilder a signing bonus of \$300,000, and 21,000 shares of restricted stock, upon which restrictions have been or will be lifted on 7,000 shares each year beginning on his first employment anniversary. On December 4, 1998 Mr. Wilder was granted 5,000 restricted shares of Entergy stock. Restrictions were lifted on one-third of these 5,000 shares on December 4, 1999 and will be lifted on one-third of these shares on

the second and third anniversary dates of this grant. Mr. Wilder was offered participation in the System Executive Retirement Plan and was credited with 15 years of service. If Entergy terminates Mr. Wilder's employment within two years other than for just cause, he will receive his annual base salary and continuation of his health benefits for two years; all remaining earned but unvested stock options and performance shares would immediately vest. Upon a change of control, if Mr. Wilder resigns for "good reason" his executive pension benefits will immediately vest and he will receive a lump sum payment of 2.99 times his average three years base pay.

Personnel Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

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The compensation of Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy executive officers was set by the Personnel Committee of Entergy Corporation's Board of Directors, composed solely of Directors of Entergy Corporation. Dr. Murrill is the retired Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and served on the Personnel Committee of Entergy Corporation during 1999.

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Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Entergy Corporation owns 100% of the outstanding common stock of registrants Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy. The information with respect to persons known by Entergy Corporation to be beneficial owners of more than 5% of Entergy Corporation's outstanding common stock is included under the heading "Stockholders Who Own at Least Five Percent" in the Proxy Statement, which information is incorporated herein by reference. The registrants know of no contractual arrangements that may, at a subsequent date, result in a change in control of any of the registrants.

As of December 31, 1999, the directors, the Named Executive Officers, and the directors and officers as a group for Entergy Corporation, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy, respectively, beneficially owned directly or indirectly common stock of Entergy Corporation as indicated:

Ή Ρ	Entergy Corporation <u>Common Stock</u> Amount and Nature of				
Name	Beneficial C Sole Voting and Investment Power	<u>)wnership(a)</u> Other Beneficial <u>Ownership(b)</u>			
	1040				
Entergy Corporation	6.004				
W. Frank Blount*	6,234	• • • • •			
George W. Davis*	900	•			
Norman C. Francis*	2,100	45.000			
Frank F. Gallaher**	5,706	45,000			
Donald C. Hintz**	, 2,095	55,000			
Jerry D. Jackson**	20,998	51,911			
J. Wayne Leonard***	5,594	-			
Robert v.d. Luft*	14,522	40,000			
Jerry L. Maulden**	16,587	32,500			
Thomas F. McLarty, III*	300	-			
Paul W. Murrill*	2,682	ч. 14 — <mark>—</mark>			
James R. Nichols*	15,614	•			
William A. Percy, III*	`•	. –			
Dennis H. Reilley*	300	-			
Wm. Clifford Smith*	8,520	-			
Bismark A. Steinhagen*	9,047	-			
C. John Wilder**	8,666	-			
All directors and executive	-				
officers	136,086	247,411			

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	and the second		d Nature of	
			wnership(a)	and the second
		Sole Voting	wher ship(a)	an the General Constant
	i de la compañía de la compañía	and	Other	PLANCE SHOLE
	en e	Investment	Beneficial	et al ver det dat en tra
	Ninter a	Power	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	det sitte stand and the
	Name	<u>rower</u>	Ownership(b	2 1992, Reflecting
-	Fotowar Antropage			
	Entergy Arkansas C. Gary Clary**	15,705	3,750	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
49月23日、村田市 19月1日	Frank F. Gallaher**	5,706	45,000	i ya mata kwa wa
	Donald C Hintz*	2,095	55,000	B. B
			55,000	a see day be
	R. Drake Keith**(c)	16,984	_	
	Michael G. Thompson**	9,319	20,000	
	C. John Wilder***	8,666	-	
	Thomas J. Wright***	12,432	-	
	All directors and executive			
j.€*%	officers	82,553	128,750	
:				
	Entergy Gulf States			
	C. Gary Clary**	15,705	3,750	
	John J. Cordaro**(c)	•	3,730 3 (2015) -	
	Joseph F. Domino***		1,500	
	Frank F. Gallaher**	5,706	45,000	
	Donald C. Hintz*	2,095	55,000	·
	Jerry D. Jackson***	20,998	51,911	
	Michael G. Thompson**	9,319	20,000	
	C. John Wilder***	8,666		
	All directors and executive	0,000		
	officers		196 411	
		01,0/1	186,411	
-	Entorer I ovisione			
	Entergy Louisiana		2 750	
	C. Gary Clary**		3,750	
	John J. Cordaro**(c)	346		
	Frank F. Gallaher**		45,000	
	Donald C. Hintz*		55,000	
	Jerry D. Jackson***	20,998	•	
	Michael G. Thompson**	•	20,000	
	C. John Wilder***	8,666		
4	All directors and executive			
	officers	75,779	184,911	

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	the stars that the second			
		Entergy C	orporation	
3	and a second	Comm	on Stock	
	e de la companya de l	Amount and	I Nature of	
and the second second second	the product of the second s	Beneficial O	wnership(a)	· · ·
		Sole Voting		•
		and	Other	
the second s	and the magnetic state of the	Investment	Beneficial	
je ve kara se	in states and <mark>Name</mark> States in	Power	<u>Ownership(b)</u>	· · · ·
ing a start and the second start	n damin saart for tor oo soo soo	$E \in \mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}$	a and and the set	• `
	Entergy Mississippi			
	C. Gary Clary**	15,705	3,750	
		5,706		
	Donald C. Hintz*	2,095		
and the second second		21,109	11,250	
d and maintain	Carolyn C. Shanks***	2,528	getter i standen soller bereiten. Die eine standen anti-	
in the second second	Michael G. Thompson**	9,319	20,000	
	C. John Wilder***	8,666	-	
	All directors and executive			
e al contratta a francés de la comp	e e officers al and the base	74,978	138,000	1. I M
		t i ja Asir ja	e e teste est	• • •
A CARLER AND A CARLE	Entergy New Orleans	and the second of the	, a here a a	
en e	C. Gary Clary**	15,705	3,750	× • • •
in a state set of a state of a st	Frank F. Gallaher**	5,706	45,000	
	Donald C. Hintz*	2,095	55,000	\$
	Daniel F. Packer***	2,253	en i sente	•• *
	Michael G. Thompson**	9,319	20,000	<i>*</i> .
	C. John Wilder***	8,666	-	
	All directors and executive			
	officers	52,401	126,750	
	Sustam Fragm			
	System Energy Joseph T. Henderson**	-	-	
	Donald C. Hintz*	2,095	55,000	
	Nathan E. Langston**	5,134	1,500	
	Steven C. McNeal**	1,768	1,500	
	C. John Wilder***	8,666	-	-
	Jerry W. Yelverton***	7,110	8,250	
	All directors and executive	· ,==-	2 -10	
	officers	27,713	66,250	
	UTHON 5	<i></i> , <i></i>		

* Director of the respective Company

** Named Executive Officer of the respective Company

*** Director and Named Executive Officer of the respective Company

(a) Based on information furnished by the respective individuals. Except as noted, each individual has sole voting and investment power. The number of shares of Entergy Corporation common stock owned by each individual and by all directors and executive officers as a group does not exceed one percent of the outstanding Entergy Corporation common stock.

- (b) Includes, for the Named Executive Officers, shares of Entergy Corporation common stock in the form of unexercised stock options awarded pursuant to the Equity Ownership Plan as follows: C. Gary Clary, 3,750 shares; Joseph F. Domino, 1,500 shares; Frank F. Gallaher, 45,000 shares; Donald C. Hintz, 55,000 shares; Jerry D. Jackson, 51,911 shares; Nathan E. Langston, 1,500 shares; Robert v.d. Luft, 40,000 shares; Jerry L. Maulden, 32,500 shares; Steven C. McNeal, 1,500 shares; Donald E. Meiners, 11,250 shares; Michael G. Thompson, 20,000 shares; and Jerry W. Yelverton, 8,250 shares.
- (c) Mr. Cordaro is the former Chief Executive Officer and a former director of Entergy Gulf States, LA and Entergy Louisiana. Mr. Keith is the former Chief Executive Officer and a former director of Entergy Arkansas. Mr. Meiners is the former Chief Executive Officer and a former director of Entergy Mississippi.

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Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

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During 1999, T. Baker Smith & Son, Inc. performed land-surveying services for, and received payments of approximately \$202,996 from Entergy companies. Mr. Wm. Clifford Smith, a director of Entergy Corporation, is President of T. Baker Smith & Son, Inc. Mr. Smith's children own 100% of the voting stock of T. Baker Smith & Son, Inc.

See Item 10, "Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrants," for information on certain relationships and transactions required to be reported under this item.

Other than as provided under applicable corporate laws, Entergy does not have policies whereby transactions involving executive officers and directors are approved by a majority of disinterested directors. However, pursuant to the Entergy Corporation Code of Conduct, transactions involving an Entergy company and its executive officers must have prior approval by the next higher reporting level of that individual, and transactions involving an Entergy company and its directors must be reported to the secretary of the appropriate Entergy company.

PART IV

Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules, and Reports on Form 8-K

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(a)1. Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports for Entergy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy are listed in the Index to Financial Statements (see pages 38 and 39)

(a)2. Financial Statement Schedules

Reports of Independent Accountants on Financial Statement Schedules (see page 220)

Financial Statement Schedules are listed in the Index to Financial Statement Schedules (see page S-1)

(a)3. Exhibits

Exhibits for Entergy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, Entergy New Orleans, and System Energy are listed in the Exhibit Index (see page E-1). Each management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit hereto is identified as such by footnote in the Exhibit Index.

 $= \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}$

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(b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

SIGNATURES

20. 1. 198

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

ENTERGY CORPORATION

	By/s/ Nathan E. Langston
a de la seconda de la companya de la Companya de la companya de la company	Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and

en en esperante de la sector de la companya de la sector de

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Signature

<u>Title</u>

Date

/s/ Nathan E. Langston Nathan E. Langston

Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) March 14, 2000

J. Wayne Leonard (Chief Executive Officer and Director; Principal Executive Officer); Robert v.d. Luft (Chairman of the Board and Director); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; Principal Financial Officer); W. Frank Blount, George W. Davis, Norman C. Francis, Kinnaird R. McKee, Thomas F. McLarty, III, Paul W. Murrill, James R. Nichols, Eugene H. Owen, William A. Percy, II, Dennis H. Reilley, Wm. Clifford Smith, and Bismark A. Steinhagen (Directors).

By: <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact) March 14, 2000

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.

By <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: March 14, 2000

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tage of the state for the former for the end of the state state of the the end of the state
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Signature	Title	<u>Date</u>
h_{ij}		

/s/ Nathan E. Langston		
Nathan E. Langston	Vice President and Chief	March 14, 2000
-	Accounting Officer	
	Principal Accounting Officer)	af an an tha an
	1. Det her Walsh	
	L - 19 行為意理の記録です。 A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A	

Thomas J. Wright (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: /s/ Nathan E. Langston

(Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact)

March 14, 2000

. . .

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

By <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

· · · · · · ·

Date: March 14, 2000

18 18 A. Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Signature

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Title

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Date

/s/ Nathan E. Langston a et a come

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Nathan E. Langston

Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

March 14, 2000

Jerry D. Jackson (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer-Louisiana, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); Joseph F. Domino (President, Chief Executive Officer-Texas, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: /s/ Nathan E. Langston (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact)

March 14, 2000

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

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ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC.

By <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: March 14, 2000

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

<u>Date</u> <u>Date</u> <u>Date</u>

/s/ Nathan E. Langston Nathan E. Langston Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

Jerry D. Jackson (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); C. John, Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact) March 14, 2000

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Santo a Alais Santo S Santo
By /s/ Nathan E. Langston

ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: March 14, 2000

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Bignature Editor Title Date

/s/ Nathan E. Langston Nathan E. Langston Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

Carolyn C: Shanks (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact) March 14, 2000

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

(a) A state of a state of the first of th

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC.

By <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: March 14, 2000

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Signature

<u>Title</u>

And Date

/s/ Nathan E. Langston Nathan E. Langston March 14, 2000 Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

Daniel F. Packer (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director, Principal Executive Officer); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact)

SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. The signature of the undersigned company shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to such company and any subsidiaries thereof.

SYSTEM ENERGY RESOURCES, INC.

By <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> Nathan E. Langston, Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer

Date: March 14, 2000

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. The signature of each of the undersigned shall be deemed to relate only to matters having reference to the above-named company and any subsidiaries thereof.

Signature

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Contraction of the

<u>Title</u>

Date Date

/s/ Nathan E. Langston Nathan E. Langston Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

Jerry W. Yelverton (Chairman of the Board, President, Chief Executive, Officer, and Director; Principal Executive Officer); C. John Wilder (Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Director; Principal Financial Officer); and Donald C. Hintz (Director).

By: <u>/s/ Nathan E. Langston</u> (Nathan E. Langston, Attorney-in-fact) March 14, 2000

1. 11. 12 CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in Post-Effective Amendment Nos. 2, 3, 4A, and 5A on Form S-8 and their related prospectuses to the registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-54298) and the registration statements and related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 333-02503 and 333-22007) of Entergy Corporation of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedules, which appear in this Form 10-K. or and the product the second to an one production while the second rate

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-50289, 333-00103 and 333-05045) of Entergy Arkansas, Inc. of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule, which appear in this Form 10-K. and a could great on many second of compary has been the suggest magnet while he mand a compary solution of the

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-49739, 33-51181 and 333-60957), on Form S-8 (Nos. 2-76551 and 2-98011) and on Form S-2 (No. 333-17911), of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule, which appear in this Form 10-K.

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-46085, 33-39221, 33-50937, 333-00105, 333-01329, 333-03567 and 333-93683) of Entergy Louisiana, Inc. of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule, which appear in this Form 10-K.

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-53004, 33-55826, 33-50507 and 333-64023) of Entergy Mississippi, Inc. of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule, which appear in this Form 10-K.

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-57926, 333-00255 and 333-95599) of Entergy New Orleans, Inc. of our reports dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements and financial statement schedule, which appear in this Form 10-K.

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements and the related prospectuses on Form S-3 (Nos. 33-47662, 33-61189 and 333-06717) of System Energy Resources, Inc. of our report dated February 17, 2000, relating to the financial statements, which appears in this Form 10-K.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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New Orleans, Louisiana March 14, 2000

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Report of Independent Accountants on Financial Statement Schedules

The second of Directors and Shareholders, and the estimation of the second of Directors and Shareholders, and the second of the second of Directors and Shareholders, and the second of
Our audits of the consolidated financial statements of Entergy Corporation and the financial statements of Entergy Arkansas, Inc., Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, Inc., Entergy Mississippi, Inc. and Entergy New Orleans, Inc. (which reports and financial statements are included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K) also included an audit of the financial statement schedules listed in Item 14(a)(2) of this Form 10-K. In our opinion, these financial statement schedules present fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related financial statements.

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New Orleans, Louisiana - how or searched could have a consecutive back of the norm of our order of a second february 17, 2000 (S. 2000)
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INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Schedule		Page
I	Financial Statements of Entergy Corporation:	
	Statements of Income - For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997	S-2
· · · · · ·	Statements of Cash Flows - For the Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997 Balance Sheets, December 31, 1999 and 1998	S-3
	Datatice Sheets, December 31, 1777 and 1770	S-4
	Statements of Retained Earnings and Paid-In Capital - For the Years Ended	S-5
Ш	December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997 Valuation and Qualifying Accounts	5-5
	1999, 1998 and 1997:	
	Valuation and Qualifying Accounts 1999, 1998 and 1997: Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Entergy Arkansas, Inc.	S-6 S-7
	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	S-8
tan di s	Entergy Louisiana, Inc. Entergy Mississippi, Inc.	
	Entergy New Orleans, Inc.	S-11
Se C	2 Contraction of 2, and the second of the	

Schedules other than those listed above are omitted because they are not required, not applicable, or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

Columns have been omitted from schedules filed because the information is not applicable.

SCHEDULE I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	ale og efferty statistics Lateral ale at For the Ye		ember 31,
C. €	1999	1998	1997
 March 1 and the construction of the construction 		In Thousands)	
	na an taon an		
Income: Add that a construction of the space of a			
Equity in income of subsidiaries	\$651,977	\$822,758	\$325,419
Interest on temporary investments	5,703	2,536	5,086
Total	657,680	825,294	330,505
	the Provent in		
Expenses and Other Deductions:	and period that	~ 100 M	
Administrative and general expenses	85,815	77,296	62,250
Income taxes (credit)	12,524	(6,847)	3,438
Taxes other than income	739	1,325	1,226
Interest	6,143	14,451	15,908
Total	105,221	86,225	,82,822
and a second s	io standard to a standard	6	া বহুমিন ইনেহাত প
Net Income	\$552,459	\$739,069	\$247,683

See Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8.

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SCHEDULE I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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		r to Date Decembe	r 31,
また。新聞記念の記述。 	1999	1998	1997
1199時)。 - Alexandra		(In Thousands)	
Operating Activities:			
Net income	\$552,459	\$739,069	\$247,683
Noncash items included in net income:			
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(651,977)	(822,758)	(325,419)
Deferred income taxes	(15,237)	(1,997)	898
Depreciation	1,438	2,069	1,442
Changes in working capital:			ł
Receivables	198	(21,033)	(8,683)
Payables	17,256	357	(3,690)
Other working capital accounts	(83,711)	26,683	68,089
Common stock dividends received from subsidiaries	532,300	488,500	550,200
of Other	68,276	36,948	43,479
na na sana ang kana na sana na			
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	421,002	447,838	573,999
Investing Activities:	. *		
Investment in subsidiaries	237.121	(96,383)	(633,449)
Capital expenditures	(604)	(212)	(23,079)
Other	9,327	-	
Net cash flow provided by (used in) investing activities	245,844	(96,595)	(656,528)
Financing Activities:		3.2 11 L L 2	
Changes in short-term borrowings	(165,500)	99,500	166,000
Advances to subsidiaries	(32,261)	(33,000)	(13,450)
Common stock dividends paid	(291,483)	(373,441)	(438,183)
Repurchase of common stock	(245,004)	(2,964)	-
Issuance of common stock	15,320	19,340	305,379
Net cash flow provided by (used in) financing activities	(718,927)	(290,565)	19,746
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(52,081)	60,678	(62,783)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	68,574	7,896	70,679
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$16,493	\$68,574	\$7,896

See Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8.

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S-3

SCHEDULE I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS

e strenge states as the	Decemi	ber 31,
	1999	1998
	(In Tho	usands)
ASSETS	•	1000 C 10
Current Assets:	We want a board	and a second
Cash and cash equivalents:	in the second for	the second
Temporary cash investments - at cost,	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	4 113 07
which approximates market	\$16,493	\$68,574
Total cash and cash equivalents	16,493	68,574
Accounts receivable:		
Associated companies	177,501	48,660
Interest receivable		5 - 2 53 -
Other Contract Contract	1,937	9,380
Total	196,024	126,867
	na serie na serie de la constanta de la constan e de	
Investment in Wholly-owned Subsidiaries	7,114,525	7,268,768
	- avii-va	
Deferred Debits and Other Assets	50,357	71,543
Total and the second seco	\$7,360,906	\$7,467,178
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		Providence a
Current Liabilities:	ange in the	the state of the s
Notes payable	\$120,000	\$285,500
Accounts payable:		and the second
Associated companies	2,165	6,041
Other	17,786	531
Taxes accrued		भुतती राज्यकर्ण 🔔
Other current liabilities	6,399	3,394
Total	155,492	295,466
Total		· 」、「翻訳「編ん相称」
Deferred Credits and Noncurrent Liabilities	80,989	64,672
		Pro Para
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized		
500,000,000 shares; issued 247,082,345 shares		
in 1999 and 246,829,076 shares in 1998	2,471	2,468
Paid-in capital	4,636,163	4,630,609
•	2,786,467	2,526,888
Retained earnings Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment	(68,782)	(46,739)
• •	(00,702)	(+0,00)
Less cost of treasury stock (8,045,434 shares in	231,894	6,186
1999 and 208,907 shares in 1998)	7,124,425	7,107,040
Total common shareholders' equity	/,124,423	/,107,040
T-4-1	\$7,360,906	\$7,467,178
Total	φ/,500,500	ψ,,τ07,170

See Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8.

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	STATE	MENTS O	FRETAIN	IED EARNI	NGS AND PAI	D-IN CAPITAL	
					Ear the V	Years Ended Decen	nhar 31
					<u>1999</u>	1998	1997
	··· • •			22 - 14 - 14 2	****	(In Thousands)	
	19	÷ 4, 19≹		•• .		(
Retained Earn	ings, January	1		den na transmission. Anarona	\$2,526,888	\$2,157,912	\$2,341,703
		-			·		<i>,,</i> _
Add:				•		and a second	
Net income	y to life ourset a	¥.) + ``	an a	البري تعطفت أحمده	552,459	739.069	247,683
1,00,1100,110	• .					, ,	,
Deduct:	اير د ماند. مو	Arg. Const.			*	an tairi An tairi	
	leclared on con	mmon stock		- 	294,352	369,498	432,268
	k and other ex		- 	ಕೇಷಕ್ಷ] ಕಾಟ್ ಕಾಣಿಯಲ್ಲಿ	(1,472)	595	(794)
Total		Ponoco			292,880	370,093	431,474
1000							
Retained Earn	ings, Decembe	x 31	aa Coo ntr oot oo	an an An an	\$2,786,467	\$2,526,888	\$2,157,912
					<i>l</i>	n an tha sheet an that	
		, 14 , 14		· .		en en anter des ma	
	1		•		•	and a second	
Paid-in Capita	l, January 1		an a		\$4,630,609	\$4,613,572	\$4,320,591
Ådd:						al desta	
Gain on rea	cquisition of				2) (2)	••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
subsidiarie	s' preferred sto	ck ^{ff} afa.	÷ ۷ مەرىپ	e na e azar	-		273
Common st	ock issuances	related to sto	ck plans		5,554	17,037	292,870
Total		2			5,554	17,037	293,143
	4 M 4	• *	•				
Deduct:		1. T.	a fina dan				
Capital stoc	k discounts an	d other expe	nses			•	162
	.**		e tele :	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
Paid-in Capita	l, December 3	l 👘 e Late	e de la composición d	1	\$4,636,163	\$4,630,609	\$4,613,572
-						a 835	

SCHEDULE I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ENTERGY CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS AND PAID-IN CAPITAL

See Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries Notes to Financial Statements

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ENTERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997 (In Thousands)

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	
		Additions	Other Changes		
an a	Balance at Beginning	Charged to	Deductions from Provisions	Balance at End	
Description	of Period	Income	(Note 1)	of Period	
ear ended December 31, 1999 Accumulated Provisions				7 1 0708	
Deducted from Assets Doubtful Accounts	\$10,300	\$19,349	\$20,142	\$9,507	
Accumulated Provisions Not Deducted from Assets:			,		al Bright Star
Property insurance	\$(14,846)	\$35,208	\$53,629	\$(33,267)	
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	28,162	25,162	19,015	34,309	····
Environmental	35,857	11,344	9,408	37,793	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	\$49,173	\$71,714	\$82,052	\$38,835	
			1981:97	and the second	an in teast is a
(ear ended December 31, 1998 Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets Doubtful Accounts Accumulated Provisions Not	\$9,800	\$16,451	\$15,951	\$10,300	
Deducted from Assets: Property insurance	\$ 23,422	\$ 28,838	\$67,106	\$(14,846)	
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	26,484	17,960	16,282	28,162	
Environmental	36,368	7,596	8,107	35,857	
Total	\$86,274	\$54,394	\$91,495	\$49,173	10 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -
Year ended December 31, 1997					<i>!</i> -{}
Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets				a ser proposition	1. 14 (1. 1 (1. 1.
Doubtful Accounts	\$ 9,189	\$17,106	\$16,495	\$9,800	NE LET
Accumulated Provisions Not		4. ¹		a againg a siya	the second second
Deducted from Assets:	\$35,026	\$24,128	\$35,732	\$23,422	
Property insurance	\$33,020 26,145	20,294	19,955	26,484	· .
Injuries and damages (Note 2) Environmental	37,719	5,993	7,344	36,368	
Total	\$98,890	\$50,415	\$63,031	\$86,274	4
4 V West	The second s				and the

(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were

created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off.

(2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

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ENTERGY ARKANSAS, INC.

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997

(In Thousands)

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
			Other	
		Additions	Changes	
• • • • •			Deductions	
1997 - F	Balance at		from	Balance
	Beginning	Charged to	Provisions	at End
Description	of Period	Income	(Note 1)	of Period
Year ended December 31, 1999				
Accumulated Provisions			· · · • •	· ·
Deducted from Assets				* :.
Doubtful Accounts	\$1,753	\$4,175	\$4,160	\$1,768
Accumulated Provisions Not			1.4 ° 4.	<i>,1</i> .1
Deducted from Assets:				
Property insurance	\$7,600	\$18,306	\$25,048	\$858
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	4,618	2,502	3,867	3,253
Environmental	4,894	3,132	3,092	4,934
Fotal	\$17,112	\$23,940	\$32,007	\$9,045
Year ended December 31, 1998				
Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets			4.4	
Doubtful Accounts	\$1,799	\$3,848	\$3,894	\$1,753
Accumulated Provisions Not Deducted from Assets:			و خدیداندانین کارداند : :	in an
Property insurance	\$858	\$18,805	\$12,063	\$7,600
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	4,798	3,144	3,324	4,618
Environmental	4,753	1,470	1,329	4,894
Total	\$10,409	\$23,419	\$16,716	\$17,112
Year ended December 31, 1997				
Accumulated Provisions				•
Deducted from Assets			•	
Doubtful Accounts	\$2,326	\$3,140	\$3,667	\$1,799
Accumulated Provisions Not		·		
Deducted from Assets:				
Property insurance	\$14	\$11,613	\$10,769	\$858
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	2,810	3,538	1,550	4,798
Environmental	5,163	1,320	1,730	4,753
Total	\$7,987	\$16,471	\$14,049	\$10,409

Notes:

(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off.

(2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

ENTERGY GULF STATES, INC.

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997 (In Thousands)

Column E Column C Column D Column B Column A Other $\mathcal{L} \to \mathcal{L}$ Additions Changes . بر الارد بر الدرون Deductions Balance from **Balance** at at End Provisions Beginning Charged to and a second (Note 1) of Period of Period Income Description. Year ended December 31, 1999 4 Accumulated Provisions Å Deducted from Assets--\$4,271 \$4,178 \$1,828 \$1,735 Doubtful Accounts. Accumulated Provisions Not Deducted from Assets--\$4,486 \$3.754 \$(3,452) (\$4,184) Property insurance .5,885 9,810 8,684 4,759 Injuries and damages (Note 2) 22,309 4,187 2,051 24,445 Environmental \$22,884 \$18,483 \$11,690 \$29,677 Total Year ended December 31, 1998 •... Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets---\$3.225 \$1,735 Doubtful Accounts \$1,791 \$3,169 ÷ Accumulated Provisions 10 Not Deducted from Assets---\$14.084 \$(4,184) \$4,317 \$5,583 Property insurance 5,214 4,759 5,339 4,634 Injuries and damages (Note 2) 22,309 23,789 3,058 4,538 Environmental \$22,884 \$33,445 \$13,275 \$23,836 Total 15 Year ended December 31, 1997 Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets---\$3,901 \$1,791 \$1,997 \$3,695 **Doubtful Accounts** Accumulated Provisions Not Deducted from Assets--\$5,584 \$18,270 \$4,317 \$17,003 Property insurance 9,594 5,479 9,734 5,339 Injuries and damages (Note 2) 21,829 3,746 1.786 23,789 Environmental \$14,809 \$29,790 \$33,445 \$48,426 Total

Notes:

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(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off.

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1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 a en reali (2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

ENTERGY LOUISIANA, INC.

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A PARAMAN STATES SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997

(In Thousands)

	• • • •	<u>s</u>			
Column A		Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
a * 1, * 1, * •	· · · ·			Other	
			Additions	Changes	
1. 1. ³⁴ - 31.3		37.53		Deductions	
		Balance at	, tali	from	Balance
	N 1897 B	Beginning	Charged to	Provisions	1.1
Description		of Period	Income	(Note 1)	of Period
Year ended December 31, 1999					a second
Accumulated Provisions				., •	· · · · ·
Deducted from Assets	. 11				· · · · ·
Doubtful Accounts		\$1,164	\$4,797	\$4,346	\$1,615
Accumulated Provisions Not					
Deducted from Assets:					and a sec
Property insurance		\$(17,825)	\$6,680	\$12,944	\$(24,089)
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	·	13,124	7,038	7,710	12,452
Environmental	• • • •	7:236	1.059	1,273	7.022
Total	• • •	\$2,535	\$14,777	\$21,927	\$(4,615)
Year ended December 31, 1998					i dan dan t
Accumulated Provisions					av neti s
Deducted from Assets-					
Doubtful Accounts	•	\$1,157	\$1,919	\$1.912	S1.164
Accumulated Provisions Not					20 10 1
Deducted from Assets:					
Property insurance		\$581	\$2,930 [°]	\$21.336	\$(17,825)
Injuries and damages (Note 2)		9,944	9,263	6,083	13:124
Environmental	$(1,1) \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$	7,599	668	1,031	7.236
Total	e konte en	\$18,124	\$12,861	\$28,450	\$2,535
- 0 m	:				
Year ended December 31, 1997				N. 1.	n z la
Accumulated Provisions					
Deducted from Assets		· .			an and
Doubtful Accounts	· . · · ·	\$1,429	\$2,542	\$2,814	\$1.157
Accumulated Provisions Not	1	Ψ1,747	م <i>الار ملي</i>		
Deducted from Assets:				·	• 5
Property insurance		\$261	\$5,411	\$5,091	\$581
Injuries and damages (Note 2)		9,443	5.080	4,579	9,944
Environmental		9,443 9,979	5,080 495	4,579 2,875	9,944 7,599
Total	· · · ·	\$19,683	\$10,986	\$12,545	\$18,124
1 (141		\$17,00J	910,700	ر ۲ ۰۲٫۵۲۹	910,124

Notes:

(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off. $(1,2,\ldots,n)$

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(2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

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ENTERGY MISSISSIPPI, INC.

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997

(In Thousands)

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. . . .

Column A		Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
a ta ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana			Additions	Other Changes	
1. St.				Deductions	
		Balance at		from	Balance
		Beginning	Charged to	Provisions	at End
Description		of Period	Income	(Note 1)	of Period
Year ended December 31, 1999	200	:	·		÷
Accumulated Provisions					
Deducted from Assets					
Doubtful Accounts		\$1,217	\$2,106	\$2,437	\$886
Accumulated Provisions Not					
Deducted from Assets:					
Property insurance		\$(11,543)	\$5,736	\$10,549	\$(16,356)
Injuries and damages (Note 2)		3,796	2,950	(103)	6,849
Environmental		704	895	1,005	594
Total		\$(7,043)	\$9,581	\$11,451	\$(8,913)
Year ended December 31, 1998 Accumulated Provisions Deducted from Assets Doubtful Accounts Accumulated Provisions Not Deducted from Assets:		\$931	\$2,747	\$2,461	\$1,217
Property insurance		\$2,179	\$1,520	\$15,242	\$(11,543)
Injuries and damages (Note 2)		4,662	(437)	429	3,796
Environmental		: 227	900	423	704
Total	•	\$7,068	\$1,983	\$16,094	\$(7,043)
Year ended December 31, 1997 Accumulated Provisions				~	
Deducted from Assets Doubtful Accounts		\$1,374	\$1,950	\$2,393	\$931
Accumulated Provisions Not					
Deducted from Assets:			-		
Property insurance		\$2,082	\$1,520	\$1,423	\$2,179
Injuries and damages (Note 2)		2,905	4,055	2,298	4,662
Environmental		693	330	796	227
Total		\$5,680	\$5,905	\$4,517	\$7,068

Notes:

(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off.

(2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

ENTERGY NEW ORLEANS, INC.

SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS Years Ended December 31, 1999, 1998, and 1997

(In Thousands)

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E
			Other	
		Additions	<u>Changes</u>	
			Deductions	
	Balance at	<i>.</i>	from	Balance
Description	Beginning of Period	Charged to Income	Provisions	at End of Period
Description Year ended December 31, 1999	ol reriou	Income	(Note 1)	of Period
Accumulated Provisions				
Deducted from Assets				
Doubtful Accounts	\$761	\$1,936	\$1.851	\$846
Accumulated Provisions Not				
Deducted from Assets:				
Property insurance	\$11,106	-	\$1,334	\$ 9,772
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	1,865	2,862	1.656	3,071
Environmental	714	2,071	1,987	798
Total	\$13,685	\$4,933	\$4,977	\$13,641
Year ended December 31, 1998				
Accumulated Provisions				
Deducted from Assets				
Doubtful Accounts	\$711	-	\$(50)	\$761
Accumulated Provisions Not				
Deducted from Assets:				
Property insurance	\$15,487	-	\$4,381	\$11,106
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	1,741	1,356	1,232	1,865
Environmental		1,500	786	714
Total	\$17,228	\$2,856	\$6,399	\$13,685
Year ended December 31, 1997				
Accumulated Provisions				
Deducted from Assets				
Doubtful Accounts	\$696	\$1,599	\$1,584	\$711
Accumulated Provisions Not				
Deducted from Assets:				
Property insurance	\$15,666	-	\$179	\$15,487
Injuries and damages (Note 2)	1,393	2,142	1,794	1,741
Environmental	55	102	157	0
Total	\$17,114	\$2,244	\$2,130	\$17,228

Notes:

(1) Deductions from provisions represent losses or expenses for which the respective provisions were created. In the case of the provision for doubtful accounts, such deductions are reduced by recoveries of amounts previously written off.

(2) Injuries and damages provision is provided to absorb all current expenses as appropriate and for the estimated cost of settling claims for injuries and damages.

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following exhibits indicated by an asterisk preceding the exhibit number are filed herewith. The balance of the exhibits have heretofore been filed with the SEC, respectively, as the exhibits and in the file numbers indicated and are incorporated herein by reference. The exhibits marked with a (+) are management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements required to be filed herewith and required to be identified as such by Item 14 of Form 10-K. Reference is made to a duplicate list of exhibits being filed as a part of this Form 10-K, which list, prepared in accordance with Item 102 of Regulation S-T of the SEC, immediately precedes the exhibits being physically filed with this Form 10-K.

(3) (i) Articles of Incorporation

Entergy Corporation

 (a) 1 -- Certificate of Incorporation of Entergy Corporation dated December 31, 1993 (A-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-8059).

System Energy

(b) 1 – Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of System Energy and amendments thereto through April 28, 1989 (A-1(a) to Form U-1 in 70-5399).

Entergy Arkansas

*(c) 1 - Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Entergy Arkansas effective November 12, 1999.

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Entergy Gulf States

*(d) 1 -- Restated Articles of Incorporation of Entergy Gulf States effective November 17, 1999.

Entergy Louisiana

(e) 1 -- Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Entergy Louisiana effective November 15, 1999 (3(a) to Form S-3 in 333-93683).

Entergy Mississippi

*(f) 1 - Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Entergy Mississippi effective November 12, 1999,

Entergy New Orleans

(g) 1 -- Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Entergy New Orleans effective November 15, 1999 (3(a) to Form S-3 in 333-95599).

(3) (ii) By-Laws

- (a) -- By-Laws of Entergy Corporation as amended January 29, 1999, and as presently in effect (4.2 to Form S-8 in File No. 333-75097).
- (b) -- By-Laws of System Energy effective July 6, 1998, and as presently in effect (3(f) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1998).
- *(c) By-Laws of Entergy Arkansas effective November 26, 1999, and as presently in effect.
- *(d) -- By-Laws of Entergy Gulf States effective November 26, 1999, and as presently in effect.
- (e) By-Laws of Entergy Louisiana effective November 26, 1999, and as presently in effect (3(b) to Form S-3 in File No. 333-93683).
- *(f) By-Laws of Entergy Mississippi effective November 26, 1999, and as presently in effect.
- (g) -- By-Laws of Entergy New Orleans effective November 30, 1999, and as presently in effect (3(b) to Form S-3 in File No. 333-95599).

(4) Instruments Defining Rights of Security Holders, Including Indentures

Entergy Corporation

- (a) 1 -- See (4)(b) through (4)(g) below for instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Gulf States, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans.
- (a) 2 Credit Agreement, dated as of September 13, 1996, among Entergy Corporation, Entergy Technology Holding Company, the Banks (The Bank of New York, Bank of America NT & SA, The Bank of Nova Scotia, Banque Nationale de Paris (Houston Agency), The First National Bank of Chicago, The Fuji Bank Ltd., Societe Generale Southwest Agency, and CIBC Inc.) and The Bank of New York, as Agent (the "Entergy-ETHC Credit Agreement") (filed as Exhibit 4(a)12 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-11299).
- (a) 3 -- Amendment No. 1, dated as of October 22, 1996 to Credit Agreement Entergy-ETHC Credit Agreement (filed as Exhibit 4(a)13 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-11299).
- (a) 4 -- Guaranty and Acknowledgment Agreement, dated as of October 3, 1996, by Entergy Corporation to The Bank of New York of certain promissory notes issued by ETHC in connection with acquisition of 280 Equity Holdings, Ltd (filed as Exhibit 4(a)14 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-11299).
- (a) 5 -- Amendment, dated as of November 21, 1996, to Guaranty and Acknowledgment Agreement by Entergy Corporation to The Bank of New York of certain promissory notes issued by ETHC in connection with acquisition of 280 Equity Holdings, Ltd (filed as Exhibit 4(a)15 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-11299).

- Guaranty and Acknowledgment Agreement, dated as of November 21, 1996, by Entergy (a) 6 Corporation to The Bank of New York of certain promissory notes issued by ETHC in connection with acquisition of Sentry (filed as Exhibit 4(a)16 to Form 10-K for the year ended ž 20 December 31, 1996 in 1-11299). . . ŝ. ,.* ÷, Sec. Basel في مربع
- Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of December 12, 1996, among Entergy, the (a) 7 Banks (Bank of America National Trust & Savings Association, The Bank of New York, The Chase Manhattan Bank, Citibank, N.A., Union Bank of Switzerland, ABN Amro Bank N.V., The Bank of Nova Scotia, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, Mellon Bank, N.A., First National Bank of Commerce and Whitney National Bank) and Citibank, N.A., as Agent (filed as Exhibit 4(a)17 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-11299).

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System Energy

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- Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of June 15, 1977, as amended by twenty-one (b) 1 --Supplemental Indentures (A-1 in 70-5890 (Mortgage); B and C to Rule 24 Certificate in 4 3 70-5890 (First); B to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6259 (Second); 20(a)-5 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1981, in 1-3517 (Third); A-1(e)-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6985 (Fourth); B to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7021 (Fifth); B to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7021 ·· (Sixth); A-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7026 (Seventh); A-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in $\| \mathbf{h} \|_{1 \leq 1 \leq n}$ 70-7158 (Eighth); B to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7123 (Ninth); B-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 112,014 70-7272 (Tenth); B-2 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7272 (Eleventh); B-3 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7272 (Twelfth); B-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7382 (Thirteenth); B-2 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7382 (Fourteenth); A-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7946 (Fifteenth); . <u>.</u> . A-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7946 (Sixteenth); A-2(d) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7946 1 10 (Seventeenth); A-2(e) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 4, 1993 in 70-7946 (Eighteenth); A-2(g) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 6, 1994, in 70-7946 (Nineteenth); A-2(a)(1) to Rule 24 5 Certificate dated August 8, 1996 in File No. 70-8511 (Twentieth); and A-2(a)(2) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 8, 1996 in File No. 70-8511 (Twenty-first)). lin . . .
- Facility Lease No. 1, dated as of December 1, 1988, between Meridian Trust Company and (b) 2 -Stephen M. Carta (Steven Kaba, successor), as Owner Trustees, and System Energy (B-2(c)(1) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 9, 1989 in 70-7561), as supplemented by Lease Supplement No. 1 dated as of April 1, 1989 (B-22(b) (1) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 21, 1989 in 70-7561) and Lease Supplement No. 2 dated as of January 1, 1994 (B-3(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994 in 70-8215).
- Facility Lease No. 2, dated as of December 1, 1988 between Meridian Trust Company and (b) 3 --Stephen M. Carta (Steven Kaba, successor), as Owner Trustees, and System Energy (B-2(c)(2) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 9, 1989 in 70-7561), as supplemented by Lease Supplement No. 1 dated as of April 1, 1989 (B-22(b) (2) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 21, 1989 in 70-7561) and Lease Supplement No. 2 dated as of January 1, 1994 (B-4(d) Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994 in 70-8215).
- Indenture (for Unsecured Debt Securities), dated as of September 1, 1995, between System (b) 4 -Energy Resources, Inc., and Chemical Bank (B-10(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-8511).

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- Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of October 1, 1944, as amended by fifty-fourth (c) 1 -Supplemental Indentures (7(d) in 2-5463 (Mortgage); 7(b) in 2-7121 (First); 7(c) in 2-7605 (Second); 7(d) in 2-8100 (Third); 7(a)-4 in 2-8482 (Fourth); 7(a)-5 in 2-9149 (Fifth); 4(a)-6 in 2-9789 (Sixth); 4(a)-7 in 2-10261 (Seventh); 4(a)-8 in 2-11043 (Eighth); 2(b)-9 in 2-11468 (Ninth); 2(b)-10 in 2-15767 (Tenth); D in 70-3952 (Eleventh); D in 70-4099 (Twelfth); 4(d) in 2-23185 (Thirteenth); 2(c) in 2-24414 (Fourteenth); 2(c) in 2-25913 (Fifteenth); 2(c) in 2-28869 (Sixteenth); 2(d) in 2-28869 (Seventeenth); 2(c) in 2-35107 (Eighteenth); 2(d) in 413 2-36646 (Nineteenth); 2(c) in 2-39253 (Twentieth); 2(c) in 2-41080 (Twenty-first); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5151 (Twenty-second); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5257 (Twenty-third); C to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5343 (Twenty-fourth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5404 (Twenty-fifth); C to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5502 (Twenty-sixth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5556 (Twenty-seventh); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5693 (Twenty-eighth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6078 (Twenty-ninth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6174 (Thirtieth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6246 (Thirty-first); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6498 (Thirty-second); A-4b-2 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6326 (Thirty-third); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6607 (Thirty-fourth); C-1" to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6650 (Thirty-fifth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated December 1, 1982. in 70-6774 (Thirty-sixth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated February 17, 1983, in 70-6774 (Thirty-seventh); A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated December 5, 1984. in 70-6858 (Thirty-eighth); A-3(a) to Rule 24. Certificate in 70-7127 (Thirty-ninth); A-7 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7068 (Fortieth); A-8(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 6, 1989 in 70-7346 (Forty-first); A-8(c) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated February 1, 1990 in 70-7346 (Forty-second); 4 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1990 in 1-10764 (Forty-third): A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate. dated November 30, 1990, in 70-7802 (Forty-fourth); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 24, 1991, in 70-7802 (Forty-fifth); 4(d)(2) in 33-54298 (Forty-sixth); 4(c)(2) to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764 (Fortyseventh); 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1993 in 1-10764 (Forty-eighth); 4(c) to Form 10-O for the guarter ended June 30, 1993 in 1-10764 (Forty-ninth); 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 in 1-10764 (Fiftieth); 4(c) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 in 1-10764 (Fifty-first); 4(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1994 (Fifty-second); C-2 to Form U5S for the year ended 1.13 December 31, 1995 (Fifty-third); and C-2(a) to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1996 (Fifty-fourth)). on the state of the second state of the second of the
- (c) 2 Indenture for Unsecured Subordinated Debt Securities relating to Trust Securities between Entergy Arkansas and Bank of New York (as Trustee), dated as of August 1, 1996 (filed as Exhibit A-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 26, 1996 in File No. 70-8723).
- (c) 3 -- Amerided and Restated Trust Agreement of Entergy Arkansas Capital I, dated as of August 14, 1996 (filed as Exhibit A-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 26, 1996 in File No. 70-8723).
- (c) 4 Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Arkansas (as Guarantor) and The Bank of New York (as Trustee), dated as of August 14, 1996, with respect to Entergy Arkansas Capital I's obligations on its 8 1/2% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred Securities, Series A (filed as Exhibit A-4(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 26, 1996 in File No. 70-8723).

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(d) 1 - Indenture of Mortgage, dated September 1, 1926, as amended by certain Supplemental Indentures (B-a-I-1 in Registration No. 2-2449 (Mortgage); 7-A-9 in Registration No. 2-6893 (Seventh); B to Form 8-K dated September 1, 1959 (Eighteenth); B to Form 8-K dated February 1, 1966 (Twenty-second); B to Form 8-K dated March 1, 1967 (Twenty-third); C to Form 8-K dated March 1, 1968 (Twenty-fourth); B to Form 8-K dated November 1, 1968 (Twenty-fifth); B to Form 8-K dated April 1, 1969 (Twenty-sixth); 2-A-8 in Registration No. 2-66612 (Thirty-eighth); 4-2 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703 (Forty-eighth); 4-2 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fiftysecond); 4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703 (Fifty-second); 4 to Form 8-K dated July 29, 1992 in 1-2703 (Fifth-fourth); 4 to Form 10-K dated December 31, 1992 in 1-2703 (Fifty-fifth); 4 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1993 in 1-2703 (Fifty-sixth); 4-2 to Amendment No. 9 to Registration No. 2-76551 (Fifty-seconth); and 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1999 in 1-2703 (Fifty-eighth)).

- (d) 2 Indenture, dated March 21, 1939, accepting resignation of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York as trustee and appointing Central Hanover Bank and Trust Company as successor trustee (B-a-1-6 in Registration No. 2-4076).
- (d) 3 Trust Indenture for 9.72% Debentures due July 1, 1998 (4 in Registration No. 33-40113).
- (d) 4 Indenture for Unsecured Subordinated Debt Securities relating to Trust Securities, dated as of January 15, 1997 (filed as Exhibit A-11(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated February 6, 1997 in File No. 70-8721).
- (d) 5 Amended and Restated Trust Agreement of Entergy Gulf States Capital I dated January 28, 1997 of Series A Preferred Securities (filed as Exhibit A-13(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated February 6, 1997 in File No. 70-8721).
- (d) 6 Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Gulf States, Inc. (as Guarantor) and The Bank of New York (as Trustee) dated as of January 28, 1997 with respect to Entergy Gulf States Capital I's obligation on its 8.75% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred Securities, Series A (filed as Exhibit A-14(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated February 6, 1997 in File No. 70-8721).

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Entergy Louisiana

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(e) 1 -- Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of April 1, 1944, as amended by fifty-four Supplemental Indentures (7(d) in 2-5317 (Mortgage); 7(b) in 2-7408 (First); 7(c) in 2-8636 (Second); 4(b)-3 in 2-10412 (Third); 4(b)-4 in 2-12264 (Fourth); 2(b)-5 in 2-12936 (Fifth); D in 70-3862 (Sixth); 2(b)-7 in 2-22340 (Seventh); 2(c) in 2-24429 (Eighth); 4(c)-9 in 2-25801 (Ninth); 4(c)-10 in 2-26911 (Tenth); 2(c) in 2-28123 (Eleventh); 2(c) in 2-34659 (Twelfth); C to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-4793 (Thirteenth); 2(b)-2 in 2-38378 (Fourteenth); 2(b)-2 in 2-39437 (Fifteenth); 2(b)-2 in 2-42523 (Sixteenth); C to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5242 (Seventeenth); C to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5330 (Eighteenth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5550 (Twentieth); A-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5598 (Twenty-first); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5711 (Twenty-second); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5919 (Twenty-third); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6169 (Twenty-fifth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6169 (Twenty-fifth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6355

(Twenty-seventh); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6508 (Twenty-eighth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6556 (Twenty-ninth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6635 (Thirtieth); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6834 (Thirty-first); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6886 (Thirty-second); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6993 (Thirty-third); C-2 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6993 (Thirty-fourth); C-3 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-6993 (Thirty-fifth); A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7166 (Thirty-sixth); A-2(a) in 70-7226 (Thirty-seventh); C-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7270 (Thirty-eighth); 4(a) to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the guarter ended June 30, 1988, in 1-8474 (Thirty-ninth); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7553 (Fortieth); A-2(d) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7553 (Forty-first); A-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7822 (Forty-second); A-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7822 (Forty-third); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in File No. 70-7822 (Forty-fourth); A-3(c) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7822 (Forty-fifth); A-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 7, 1993 in 70-7822 (Fortysixth); A-3(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 4, 1993 in 70-7822 (Forth-seventh); A-3(e) to Rule 24 Certificate dated December 21, 1993 in 70-7822 (Forty-eighth); A-3(f) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 1, 1994 in 70-7822 (Forty-ninth); A-4(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated September 28, 1994 in 70-7653 (Fiftieth); A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 4, 1996 in File No. 70-8487 (Fifty-first); A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 3, 1998 in File No. 70-9141 (Fifty-second); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 9, 1999 in File No. 70-9141 (Fifty-third); and A-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 6, 1999 in File No. 70-9141 (Fiftyfourth)). 11.3

- (e) 2 -- Facility Lease No. 1, dated as of September 1, 1989, between First National Bank of Commerce, as Owner Trustee, and Entergy Louisiana (4(c)-1 in Registration No. 33-30660).
- (e) 3 -- Facility Lease No. 2, dated as of September 1, 1989, between First National Bank of Commerce, as Owner Trustee, and Entergy Louisiana (4(c)-2 in Registration No. 33-30660).
- (c) 4 -- Facility Lease No. 3, dated as of September 1, 1989, between First National Bank of Commerce, as Owner Trustee, and Entergy Louisiana (4(c)-3 in Registration No. 33-30660).
- (e) 5 -- Indenture for Unsecured Subordinated Debt Securities relating to Trust Securities, dated as of July 1, 1996 (filed as Exhibit A-14(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 25, 1996 in File No. 70-8487).
- (e) 6 Amended and Restated Trust Agreement of Entergy Louisiana Capital I dated July 16, 1996 of Series A Preferred Securities (filed as Exhibit A-16(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 25, 1996 in File No. 70-8487).
- (e) 7 Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Louisiana, Inc. (as Guarantor) and The Bank of New York (as Trustee) dated as of July 16, 1996 with respect to Entergy Louisiana Capital I's obligation on its 9% Cumulative Quarterly Income Preferred Securities, Series A (filed as Exhibit A-19(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 25, 1996 in File No. 70-8487).

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(f) 1 -- Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of February 1, 1988, as amended by fourteen Supplemental Indentures (A-2(a)-2 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7461 (Mortgage); A-2(b)-2 in 70-7461 (First); A-5(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7419 (Second); A-4(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7554 (Third); A-1(b)-1 to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7737 (Fourth); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated November 24, 1992 in 70-7914 (Fifth); A-2(e) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 22, 1993 in 70-7914 (Sixth); A-2(g) to Form U-1 in 70-7914 (Seventh); A-2(i) to Rule 24 Certificate dated November 10, 1993 in 70-7914 (Eighth); A-2(j) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 22, 1994 in 70-7914 (Ninth); (A-2(1) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 21, 1995 in File 70-7914 (Tenth); A-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 27, 1997 in File 70-8719 (Eleventh); A-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated April 16, 1998 in File 70-8719 (Twelfth); A-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 12, 1999 in File No. 70-8719 (Thirteenth); A-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 8, 1999 in File No. 70-8719 (Fourteenth); and A-2(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated February 24, 2000 in File No. 70-8719 (Fiftcenth)).

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Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of May 1, 1987, as amended by seven Supplemental (g) 1 ---Indentures (A-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7350 (Mortgage); A-5(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7350 (First); A-4(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7448 (Second); 4(f)4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 0-5807 (Third); 4(a) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1993 in 0-5807 (Fourth); 4(a) to Form 8-K dated April 26, 1995 in File No. 0-5807 (Fifth); 4(a) to Form 8-K dated March 22, 1996 in File No. 0-5807 (Sixth); and 4(b) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1998 in 0-5807 (Seventh)). 1

(10) Material Contracts

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Entergy Corporation

Agreement, dated April 23, 1982, among certain System companies, relating to System (a) 1 --Planning and Development and Intra-System Transactions (10(a)1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).

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- Middle South Utilities (now Entergy Corporation) System Agency Agreement, dated (a) 2 – December 11, 1970 (5(a)-2 in 2-41080). 1014
- Amendment, dated February 10, 1971, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, (a) 3 dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-4 in 2-41080).
- Amendment, dated May 12, 1988, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated 4 -(a) December 11, 1970 (5(a)-4 in 2-41080).
- Middle South Utilities System Agency Coordination Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 5 ---(a) . Q* (5(a)-3 in 2-41080).
- Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of April 1, 1963 (5(a)-5 in 2-41080). (a) 6 --
- 7 Amendment, dated January 1, 1972, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (5(a)-6 in (a) 4.2.21 2-43175).
- (a) 8 Amendment, dated April 27, 1984, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-7 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-3517).
- 9 -- Amendment, dated August 1, 1988, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-8 to (a) Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 1-3517).

Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-9 to (a) 10 -Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 1-3517). $\leq d_0 > c_0$ (a) 11 -- Amendment, dated January 1, 1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-11 for the year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517). 3X83 3 E MARCH Availability Agreement, dated June 21, 1974, among System Energy and certain other System alatin an (a) 12companies (B to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 24, 1974, in 70-5399). (a) 13 - First Amendment to Availability Agreement, dated as of June 30, 1977 (B to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 24, 1977, in 70-5399). (a) 14- Second Amendment to Availability Agreement, dated as of June 15, 1981 (E to Rule 24 nama an Certificate, dated July 1, 1981, in 70-6592). (a) 15 - Third Amendment to Availability Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984 (B-13(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated July 6, 1984, in 70-6985). (a) 16 -- Fourth Amendment to Availability Agreement, dated as of June 1, 1989 (A to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 8, 1989, in 70-5399). (a) 17 - Eighteenth Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of September 1, 1986, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (C-2 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 1, 1986, in 70-7272). arrente an a taga a ana (a) 18- Nineteenth Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of September 1, 1986, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (C-3 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 1, 1986, in 70-7272). (a) 19- Twenty-sixth Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of October 1, 1992, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (B-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated November 2, 1992, in 70-7946). (a) 20 - Twenty-seventh Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of April 1, 1993, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey as Trustees (B-2(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 4, 1993 in 70-7946). M. WAR BURNER (a) 21- Twenty-ninth Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of April 1, 1994, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey as Trustees (B-2(f) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 6, 1994, in 70-7946). (a) 22 - Thirtieth Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of August 1, 1996, among System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans, and United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (filed as Exhibit B-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 8, $\epsilon_{M} \neq \epsilon_{M} + \epsilon_{M} + \epsilon_{M}$ 1996 in File No. 70-8511). (a) 23 -- Thirty-first Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of August 1, 1996, among System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans, and United States Trust Company of New York and

Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (filed as Exhibit B-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 8, 1996 in File No. 70-8511).

(a) 24 -- Thirty-second Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of December 27, 1996, among System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans, and The Chase Manhattan Bank (filed as Exhibit B-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 13, 1997 in File No. 70-7561).

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(a) 25 -- Thirty-third Assignment of Availability Agreement, Consent and Agreement, dated as of December 20, 1999, among System Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans, and The Chase Manhattan Bank (filed as Exhibit B-2(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated March 3, 2000 in File No. 70-7561).

(a) 26 -- Capital Funds Agreement, dated June 21, 1974, between Entergy Corporation and System Energy (C to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 24, 1974, in 70-5399).

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- (a) 27 First Amendment to Capital Funds Agreement, dated as of June 1, 1989 (B to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 8, 1989, in 70-5399).
- (a) 28 Eighteenth Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of September 1, 1986, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (D-2 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 1, 1986, in 70-7272).

(a) 29 - Nineteenth Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of September
 1, 1986, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees
 (D-3 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 1, 1986, in 70-7272).

(a) 30 – Twenty-sixth Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of October 1, 1992, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (B-3(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated November 2, 1992 in 70-7946).

- (a) 31- Twenty-seventh Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of April 1, 1993, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (B-3(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 4, 1993 in 70-7946).
- (a) 32 Twenty-ninth Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of April 1, 1994, with United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (B-3(f) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 6, 1994, in 70-7946).

(a) 33 - Thirtieth Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of August 1, 1996, among Entergy Corporation, System Energy and United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (filed as Exhibit B-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 8, 1996 in File No. 70-8511).

(a) 34 -- Thirty-first Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of August 1, 1996, among Entergy Corporation, System Energy and United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey, as Trustees (filed as Exhibit B-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 8, 1996 in File No. 70-8511).

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- Thirty-second Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of (a) 35 --December 27, 1996, among Entergy Corporation, System Energy and The Chase Manhattan Bank (filed as Exhibit B-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 13, 1997 in File No. and the asset 70-7561). ALL REAL PORT OF THE SECOND STREET, ST. P. C.
- (a) 36- Thirty-third Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of December 20, 1999, among Entergy Corporation, System Energy and The Chase Manhattan Bank (filed as Exhibit B-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated March 3, 2000 in File No. 70-7561).

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- (a) 37-First Amendment to Supplementary Capital Funds Agreements and Assignments, dated as of June 1, 1989, by and between Entergy Corporation, System Energy, Deposit Guaranty National Bank. United States Trust Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey (C to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 8, 1989, in 70-7026).
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(a) 38 -- First Amendment to Supplementary Capital Funds Agreements and Assignments, dated as of June 1, 1989, by and between Entergy Corporation, System Energy, United States Trust 1. a. (5. Company of New York and Gerard F. Ganey (C to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 8, 1989, in and the second secon 70-7123).

(a) 39-- First Amendment to Supplementary Capital Funds Agreement and Assignment, dated as of June 1. 1989, by and between Entergy Corporation. System Energy and Chemical Bank (C to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 8, 1989, in 70-7561).

(a) 40 --- Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B+1(a) in 70-6624). The read of the and barned down that the The read of the "一些人的就是一些外国家的生产

(a) 41- Joint Construction, Acquisition and Ownership Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, between System Energy and SMEPA (B-1(a) in 70-6337), as amended by Amendment No. 1, dated as 237 Section 24 of May 1, 1980 (B-1(c) in 70-6337) and Amendment No. 2, dated as of October 31, 1980 (1 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 30, 1981, in 70-6337).

(a) 42 --- Operating Agreement dated as of May 1, 1980, between System Energy and SMEPA (B(2)(a) -9 you have 'in 70-6337). Was not had not not in the constant of the second of the constant of the a bout the state of the state of the 1 . . .

(a) 43 - Assignment, Assumption and Further Agreement No. 1, dated as of December 1, 1988, among System Energy, Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta, and SMEPA (B-7(c)(1) to . 5-12.12 Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 9, 1989, in 70-7561). 1 Acres 1 and 1 一時, 化增加的增加 正式

(a) 44 -- Assignment, Assumption and Further Agreement No. 2, dated as of December 1, 1988, among System Energy, Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta, and SMEPA (B-7(c)(2) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 9, 1989, in 70-7561). and the state of the second and the state of the state

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Substitute Power Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, among Entergy Mississippi, System (a) 45 --Energy and SMEPA (B(3)(a) in 70-6337).

(a) 46 - Grand Gulf Unit No. 2 Supplementary Agreement, dated as of February 7, 1986, between and the second System Energy and SMEPA (10(aaa) in 33-4033) . *

Approximate References and a second se

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(a) 47 -- Compromise and Settlement Agreement, dated June 4, 1982, between Texaco, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana (28(a) to Form 8-K, dated June 4, 1982, in 1-3517).

- +(a) 48 Post-Retirement Plan (10(a)37 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in The Research of Marshall Street of the 1-3517).
- (a) 49 Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (10(a)-39 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517). States (1913) and 12 132 .
- First Amendment to Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between System (a) 50 -Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517). en en en en
- (a) 51 Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033). $i \in \{i,j\}$

MALLER ARE CONTRACTOR (a) 52 - Middle South Utilities Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (Exhibit D-1 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, is a star 1987). I can a sure of take and the in the second of the · · · · an de la **runée de** la sel

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- (a) 53 -- First Amendment, dated January 1, 1990, to the Middle South Utilities Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-2 to Form USS for the year ended December 31, 1989).
- (a) 54 Second Amendment dated January F, 1992; to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1992). N 1 an and a coupling of an of a commendation of the and the second of the
- (a) 55 -- Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended er an 1999 December 31, 1993). The state of the week of the second state of the second
- (a) 56 Fourth Amendment dated April 1, 1997 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-5 to Form U5S for the year ended and the latter that is J. B. Turket December 31, 1996).
- (a) 57 -- Guaranty Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757).
- (a) 58 Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louissiana, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757).
- (a) 59 Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Corporation and System Energy, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757). States and Statemark Commercial
- (a) 60 Loan Agreement between Entergy Operations and Entergy Corporation, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-12(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 15, 1990, in 70-7679).
- (a) 61 -- Loan Agreement between Entergy Power and Entergy Corporation, dated as of August 28, 1990 (A-4(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 6, 1990, in 70-7684).

(a) 62 –	Loan Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Systems and Service, Inc., dated as of December 29, 1992 (A-4(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7947).
	Executive Financial Counseling Program of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
+ (a) 64	Entergy Corporation Annual Incentive Plan (10(a) 54 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
+(a) 65	Certificate, dated May 24, 1991, in 70-7831).
100 XXX XXX	Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
	1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998).
+(a) 68	Retired Outside Director Benefit Plan (10(a)63 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991, in 1-3517).
S. 7 085	Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Jerry D. Jackson. (10(a) 67 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
+(a) 71	 Supplemental Retirement Plan (10(a) 69 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)53 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 in 1-3517).
+(a) 72 -	- Executive Disability Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 72 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
+(a) 73 -	- Stock Plan for Outside Directors of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries, as amended (10(a) 74 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
	- Agreement and Plan of Reorganization Between Entergy Corporation and Gulf States Utilities Company, dated June 5, 1992 (1 to Current Report on Form 8-K dated, June 5, 1992 in 1-3517).
•	Amendment to Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 81 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
	- System Executive Retirement Plan (10(a) 82 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
+(a) 77-	- Jerry L. Maulden's Retirement Letter Agreement (10(a)77 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-11299).

E-12

+(a) 78	Letter of Intent regarding the Employment of Wayne Leonard (10-(a)78 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-11299).
» +(a) 79 -	Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-9067).
*+(a)80	Agreement between Enterny Corporation and Donald C. Hintz effective July 29, 1999
System En	Agreement octwoon Emergy Corportation and Domine Constant Carterior Courses and the second state of the se
(b) 1 thro	ugh
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	See: 10(a)-12 through 10(a)-25 above
	Boo To (a) 42 anto again to (a) as a solution of the second state of the second sta
	an a
(b) 15 thr	Ougn 40 and 10(a)-39 above
(b) 28 <i>—</i>	See 10(a)-26 through 10(a)-39 above.
	Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B-1(a) in 70-6624):
	Joint Construction, Acquisition and Ownership Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, between System Energy and SMEPA (B-1(a) in 70-6337), as amended by Amendment No. 1, dated as of May 1, 1980 (B-1(c) in 70-6337) and Amendment No. 2, dated as of October 31, 1980 (1 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 30, 1981, in 70-6337).
	Rule 24 Certificate, dated October 50, 1961, in 70-0557).
	where the second second with the second s
(b) 31-	Operating Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, between System Energy and SMEPA (B(2)(a) in 70-6337).
(b) 32 -	Amended and Restated Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of February 15, 1996, between System Energy and Claiborne County, Mississippi (filed as Exhibit B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated March 4, 1996 in 70-8511).
(b) 33 –	Loan Agreement, dated as of October 15, 1998, between System Energy and Mississippi Business Finance Corporation (B-6(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated November 12, 1998 in 70-8511).
(b) 34-	Loan Agreement, dated as of May 15, 1999, between System Energy and Mississippi Business Finance Corporation (B-6(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 8, 1999 in 70-8511).
(b) 35	Facility Lease No. 1, dated as of December 1, 1988, between Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta (Stephen J. Kaba, successor), as Owner Trustees, and System Energy (B-2(c)(1) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 9, 1989 in 70-7561), as supplemented by Lease Supplement No. 1 dated as of April 1, 1989 (B-22(b) (1) to Rule 24 Certificate dated
•••	April 21, 1989 in 70-7561) and Lease Supplement No. 2 dated as of January 1, 1994 (B-3(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994 in 70-8215).
(b) 36	Facility Lease No. 2, dated as of December 1, 1988 between Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta (Stephen J. Kaba, successor), as Owner Trustees, and System Energy (B-2(c)(2) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 9, 1989 in 70-7561), as supplemented by Lease Supplement No. 1 dated as of April 1, 1989 (B-22(b) (2) to Rule 24 Certificate dated
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April 21, 1989 in 70-7561) and Lease Supplement No. 2 dated as of January 1, 1994 (B-4(d) Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994 in 70-8215).

- (b) 37 Assignment, Assumption and Further Agreement No. 1, dated as of December 1, 1988, among System Energy, Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta, and SMEPA (B-7(c)(1) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 9, 1989, in 70-7561).
- (b) 38 Assignment, Assumption and Further Agreement No. 2, dated as of December 1, 1988, among System Energy, Meridian Trust Company and Stephen M. Carta, and SMEPA (B-7(c)(2) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 9, 1989, in 70-7561).
- Collateral Trust Indenture, dated as of January 1, 1994, among System Energy, GG1B (b) 39-Funding Corporation and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee (A-3(e) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994, in 70-8215), as supplemented by Supplemental Indenture No. 1 dated January 1, 1994, (A-3(f) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 31, 1994, in 70-8215).
- Substitute Power Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, among Entergy Mississippi, System (b) 40 --Energy and SMEPA (B(3)(a) in 70-6337). يوجروني المرجو ال

(b) 41 - Grand Gulf Unit No. 2 Supplementary Agreement, dated as of February 7, 1986, between System Energy and SMEPA (10(aaa) in 33-4033). .

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- (b) 42 - Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (10(a)-39 to · 2. Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).
- (b) 43 First Amendment to the Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy · · New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517).
- (b) 44 Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033).

Sec. Sec. 188

- (b) 45 Fuel Lease, dated as of February 24, 1989, between River Fuel Funding Company #3, Inc. and System Energy (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated March 3, 1989, in 70-7604).
- (b) 46 System Energy's Consent, dated January 31, 1995, pursuant to Fuel Lease, dated as of February 24, 1989, between River Fuel Funding Company #3, Inc. and System Energy (B-1(c) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated February 13, 1995 in 70-7604).
- Sales Agreement, dated as of June 21, 1974, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (b) 47 – (D to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 26, 1974, in 70-5399).
- (b) 48 ---Service Agreement, dated as of June 21, 1974, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (E to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 26, 1974, in 70-5399).
- (b) 49- Partial Termination Agreement, dated as of December 1, 1986, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (A-2 to Rule 24 Certificate, dated January 8, 1987, in 70-5399).
- Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation (b) 50 --Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (D-1 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1987).

AT THE AT A MARKED AT THE AT A MARKED AT A (b) 51 -- First Amendment, dated January 1, 1990 to the Middle South Utilities Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-2 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1989).

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- (b) 52 -- Second Amendment dated January 1, 1992, to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form USS for the year **r**. ended December 31, 1992).
- (b) 53 Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended 1100 H 1114 (114) December 31, 1993). . . .
- (b) 54 -- Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of July 16, 1974, as amended (10(b)-43 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 1-9067). 一种最佳的 计算机 化合物 医小脑

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- (b) 55 Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(b)-45 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 1-9067).
- (b) 56 -- Amendment, dated January 1, 1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a) -11 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517). The december 31
- (b) 57- Operating Agreement between Entergy Operations and System Energy, dated as of June 6, 1990 (B-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 15, 1990, in 70-7679). 1 - 19 - 141 (J. - 12 - 13 - 13

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- (b) 58- Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Corporation and System Energy, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757).
- (b) 59 -- Amended and Restated Reimbursement Agreement, dated as of December 1, 1988 as amended and restated as of December 20, 1999, among System Energy Resources, Inc., The Bank of . . . Tokyo-Mitsubishi, Ltd., as Funding Bank and The Chase Manhattan Bank, as administrating bank, Union Bank of California, N.A., as documentation agent, and the Banks named therein, as Participating Banks (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated March 3, 2000 in 70-7561).
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+(b) 60 -- Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -December 31, 1998 in 1-9067). ·· · · and the second
+(b) 61 -- 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy and the second Statement dated March 30, 1998). ٠ د ي

Entergy Arkansas

1 1 State of the second s (c) 1 -- Agreement, dated April 23, 1982, among Entergy Arkansas and certain other System companies, relating to System Planning and Development and Intra-System Transactions (10(a) 1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).

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(c) 2 -- Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)2 in 2-41080).

	• • • • •	Amendment, dated February 10, 1971, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-4 in 2-41080).
(c)	4	Amendment, dated May 12, 1988, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated. December 11, 1970 (5(a) 4 in 2-41080).
(c)	5	Middle South Utilities System Agency Coordination Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-3 in 2-41080).
		Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of April 1, 1963 (5(a)-5 in 2-41080).
		你能能够 能 是我们的是我们的问题都是是你们的时候的人们,你们也没有你能能。"
		Amendment, dated January 1, 1972, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (5(a)- 6 in 2-43175).
		Amendment, dated April 27, 1984, to Service Agreement, with Entergy Services (10(a)-7 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-3517).
		a destañ agrestra desa e cara de años de cara de a como en en en esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta
		Amendment, dated August 1, 1988, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(c)- 8 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 1-10764).
		and and the second s
		Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(c)-9 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 1-10764).
		Amendment, dated January 1, 1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-11 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517).
1.5	10.1	an a
		oughers, where must specify the specify the second s
(c)	25	See 10(a)-12 through 10(a)-25 above.
		en an an the sure of the second s
• ;	an a	Agreement, dated August 20, 1954, between Entergy Arkansas and the United States of America (SPA)(13(h) in 2-11467).
		19-1 with a start of the start
		Amendment, dated April 19, 1955, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-2 in 2-41080).
		(b) A share the standard stand Standard standard stand standard standard stand Standard standard st Standard standard st Standard standard st Standard standard s Standard standard stand Standard standard stand Standa
		Amendment, dated January 3, 1964, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-3 in 2-41080).
(c)	29	Amendment, dated September 5, 1968, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-4 in 2-41080).
ക്ര	30	Amendment, dated November 19, 1970, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated
		Amendment, dated July 18, 1961, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-6 in 2-41080).
(C)	52	Amendment, dated December 27, 1961, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-7 in 2-41080).

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(c) 33 - Amendment, dated January 25, 1968, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated August 20, 1954 (5(d)-& in 2-41080).

(c):: 34 ---- Amendment, dated October 14, 1971, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated

(c) 35 -- Amendment, dated January 10, 1977, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated (u) 2007 (c) 35 -- August 20, 1954 (5(d)-10 in 2-60233).

(c) 36 - Agreement, dated May 14, 1971, between Entergy Arkansas and the United States of America

(c) 37 -- Amendment, dated January 10, 1977, to the United States of America (SPA) Contract, dated May 14, 1971 (5(e)-1 in 2-60233).

(c) 38 - Contract, dated May 28, 1943, Amendment to Contract, dated July 21, 1949, and Supplement to Amendment to Contract, dated December 30, 1949, between Entergy Arkansas and McKamie Gas Cleaning Company; Agreements, dated as of September 30, 1965, between Entergy Arkansas and former stockholders of McKamie Gas Cleaning Company; and Letter Entergy Arkansas and former stockholders of McKamie Gas Cleaning Company; and Letter Agreement, dated June 22, 1966, by Humble Oil & Refining Company accepted by Entergy Arkansas on June 24, 1966 (5(k)-7 in 2-41080).

(c) 39- Agreement, dated April 3, 1972, between Entergy Services and Gulf United Nuclear Fuels Corporation (5(1)-3 in 2-46152).

(c) 40 -- Fuel Lease, dated as of December 22, 1988, between River Fuel Trust #1 and Entergy Arkansas (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7571).

(c) 41 -- White Bluff Operating Agreement, dated June 27, 1977, among Entergy Arkansas and (here(a)((1)) -- Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas (B-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 30, 1977; in 70-6009).

Color: 42 - White Bluff: Ownership Agreement, dated June 27, 1977, among Entergy Arkansas and Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas (B-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 30, 1977, in 70-6009).

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(c) 43 -- Agreement, dated June 29, 1979, between Entergy Arkansas and City of Conway, Arkansas (5(r)-3 in 2-66235).

(c) 44 - Transmission Agreement, dated August 2, 1977, between Entergy Arkansas and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas (5(r)-3 in 2-60233).

(c) 45- Power Coordination, Interchange and Transmission Service Agreement, dated as of June 27, 1977; between Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation and Entergy Arkansas (5(r)-4 in 2-60233).

(c) 46 – Independence Steam Electric Station Operating Agreement, dated July 31, 1979, among Entergy Arkansas and Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas and City of Conway, Arkansas (5(r)-6 in 2-66235).

(c)	47	Amendment, dated December 4, 1984, to the Independence Steam Electric Station Operating Agreement (10(c) 51 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-10764).
		Independence Steam Electric Station Ownership Agreement, dated July 31, 1979, among Entergy Arkansas and Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas and City of Conway, Arkansas (5(r)-7 in 2-66235).
E.		\$P\$《李·林》:"我们也是你了,你们还是你的你,你就是你了了?""你,你就是是我了我们,你们还是你?""我们,我们不知道。"
(c)	49	Amendment, dated December 28, 1979, to the Independence Steam Electric Station Ownership Agreement $(5(r)-7(a)$ in 2-66235).
		Amendment, dated December 4, 1984, to the Independence Steam Electric Station Ownership Agreement (10(c) 54 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-10764)
1949 - 1949 -		and the constant of the set of the
(C)	10	Uwner's Agreement, dated November 28, 1984, among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Mississippi, other co-owners of the Independence Station (10(c) 55 to Form 10 K for the user
i.		ended December 31, 1984, in 1-10764).
(6)	· 32	Consent, Agreement and Assumption, dated December 4, 1984, among Entergy Arkansas,
		Entergy Mississippi, other co-owners of the Independence Station and United States Trust
V 112 38.		Company of New York, as Trustee (10(c) 56 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-10764).
		⁶ Power Coordination, Interchange and Transmission Servicé Agreement, dated as of July 31, 1979, between Entergy Arkansas and City Water and Light Plant of the City of Jonesboro, Arkansas (5(r)-8 in 2-66235).
V310.	a - Ce	and the second
(c)	54	Power Coordination, Interchange and Transmission Agreement, dated as of June 29, 1979, between City of Conway, Arkansas and Entergy Arkansas (5(r)-9 in 2-66235)
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ੀਦ (c) ੇ∷	J:J:	Agreement, dated June 21, 1979, between Entergy Arkansas and Reeves E. Ritchie ((10)(b)-90 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1980, in 1-10764).
бал (с) ал	1	Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B-1(a) in 70-6624).
17-2		the A set of a set of the constate part in the set of the set of the second state as a set
+(c) ******	57	Post-Retirement Plan (10(b) 55 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in 1-10764).
	£0	This Design and the second
(C)	36	Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippì, and Entergy New Orleans (10(a) 39 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).
ി	50	First Amondment to Unit Denne (9-1- 4
(9)		First Amendment to Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between System
ι ·		Energy, Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517).
(c)	60	Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033).
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- (c) 61 Contract For Disposal of Spent Nuclear Fuel and/or High-Level Radioactive Waste, dated June 30, 1983, among the DOE, System Fuels and Entergy Arkansas (10(b)-57 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in 1-10764).
- (c) 62 Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (D-1 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1987).
- (c) 63 First Amendment, dated January 1, 1990, to the Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-2 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1989).
- (c) 64 -- Second Amendment dated January 1, 1992, to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1992).
- (c) 65 Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994, to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1993).
- (c) 66 -- Assignment of Coal Supply Agreement, dated December 1, 1987, between System Fuels and Entergy Arkansas (B to Rule 24 letter filing, dated November 10, 1987, in 70-5964).
- (c) 67 Coal Supply Agreement, dated December 22, 1976, between System Fuels and Antelope Coal Company (B-1 in 70-5964), as amended by First Amendment (A to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-5964); Second Amendment (A to Rule 24 letter filing, dated December 16, 1983, in 70-5964); and Third Amendment (A to Rule 24 letter filing, dated November 10, 1987 in 70-5964).
- (c) 68 -- Operating Agreement between Entergy Operations and Entergy Arkansas, dated as of June 6, 1990 (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 15, 1990, in 70-7679).
- (c) 69 -- Guaranty Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Arkansas, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757).
- (c) 70 -- Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Independence Unit 2 between Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Power, dated as of August 28, 1990 (B-3(c) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 6, 1990, in 70-7684).
- (c) 71 Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Ritchie Unit 2 between Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Power, dated as of August 28, 1990 (B-4(d) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 6, 1990, in 70-7684).

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- (c) 72 Ritchie Steam Electric Station Unit No. 2 Operating Agreement between Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Power, dated as of August 28, 1990 (B-5(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 6, 1990, in 70-7684).
- (c) 73 Ritchie Steam Electric Station Unit No. 2 Ownership Agreement between Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Power, dated as of August 28, 1990 (B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 6, 1990, in 70-7684).

- (c) 74 Power Coordination, Interchange and Transmission Service Agreement between Entergy Power and Entergy Arkansas, dated as of August 28, 1990 (10(c)-71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 1-10764).
- +(c) 75 Executive Financial Counseling Program of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
- +(c) 76 Entergy Corporation Annual Incentive Plan (10(a)54 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
- +(c) 77 -- Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (A-4(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated May 24, 1991, in 70-7831).

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- +(c) 78 -- Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- and the state of the • . 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy +(c) 79 --Statement dated March 30, 1998).
- +(c) 80 Agreement between Arkansas Power & Light Company and R. Drake Keith. (10(c) 78 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764).
- +(c) 81 Supplemental Retirement Plan (10(a)69 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- We have the track of the the second أعدر ومعرفي حالي +(c) 82 - Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)53 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 in 1-3517).
- +(c) 83 Executive Disability Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)72 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- +(c) 84 -- Stock Plan for Outside Directors of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries, as amended (10(a)74 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- +(c) 85 -- Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Jerry D. Jackson (10(a)-67 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
 - Summary Description of Retired Outside Director Benefit Plan. (10(c) 90 to Form 10-K for +(c) 86 -the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764).
 - . . . Amendment to Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries +(c) 87 --(10(a) 81 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
 - +(c) 88 -- System Executive Retirement Plan (10(a) 82 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
- (c) 89 Loan Agreement dated June 15, 1993, between Entergy Arkansas and Independence Country, Arkansas (B-1 (a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 9, 1993 in 70-8171).

- (c) 90 Installment Sale Agreement dated January 1, 1991, between Entergy Arkansas and Pope Country, Arkansas (B-1 (b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 24, 1991 in 70-7802). . (* (c). 91 -- Installment Sale Agreement dated November 1, 1990, between Entergy Arkansas and Pope Country, Arkansas (B-1 (a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated November 30, 1990 in 70-7802). (c) 92 - Loan Agreement dated June 15, 1994, between Entergy Arkansas and Jefferson County, Arkansas (B-1(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 30, 1994 in 70-8405). and the second of the second second (c) 93 - Loan Agreement dated June 15, 1994, between Entergy Arkansas and Pope County, Arkansas (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-8405). . (c) 94 -- Loan Agreement dated November 15, 1995, between Entergy Arkansas and Pope County, Arkansas (10(c) 96 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995 in 1-10764). e porte de la presidente de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composit (c) 95 - Agreement as to Expenses and Liabilities between Entergy Arkansas and Entergy Arkansas Capital I, dated as of August 14, 1996 (4(j) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1996 in 1-10764). ÷... 1 10 W. O. 1.1 Mar 1.4 Mar (c) 96-- Loan Agreement dated December 1, 1997, between Entergy Arkansas and Jefferson County, Arkansas (10(c)100 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 in 1-10764). and the state of the state of the state +(c) 97 -- Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-9067). and the second states of the 1.09 Entergy Gulf States (d) 1 -- Guaranty Agreement, dated July 1, 1976, between Entergy Gulf States and American Bank and Trust Company (C and D to Form 8-K, dated August 6, 1976 in 1-2703). (d) 2 - Lease of Railroad Equipment, dated as of December 1, 1981, between The Connecticut Bank and Trust Company as Lessor and Entergy Gulf States as Lessee and First Supplement, dated as of December 31, 1981, relating to 605 One Hundred-Ton Unit Train Steel Coal Porter Cars . : (4-12 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1981 in 1-2703). (d) 3 - Guaranty Agreement, dated August 1, 1992, between Entergy Gulf States and Hibernia National Bank, relating to Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds of the Industrial Development Board of the Parish of Calcasieu, Inc. (Louisiana) (10-1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-2703). (d) 4 - Guaranty Agreement, dated January 1, 1993, between Entergy Gulf States and Hancock Bank of Louisiana, relating to Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds of the Parish of Pointe Coupee (Louisiana) (10-2 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-2703). (d) 5 - Deposit Agreement, dated as of December 1, 1983 between Entergy Gulf States, Morgan
 - (d) 5 Deposit Agreement, dated as of December 1, 1965 Control Receipts, relating to the Issue Guaranty Trust Co. as Depositary and the Holders of Depository Receipts, relating to the Issue of 900,000 Depositary Preferred Shares, each representing 1/2 share of Adjustable Rate Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series E-\$100 Par Value (4-17 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983 in 1-2703).

- (d) 6 Agreement effective February 1, 1964, between Sabine River Authority, State of Louisiana, and Sabine River Authority of Texas, and Entergy Gulf States, Central Louisiana Electric Company, Inc., and Louisiana Power & Light Company, as supplemented (B to Form 8-K, dated May 6, 1964, A to Form 8-K, dated October 5, 1967, A to Form 8-K, dated May 5, 1969, and A to Form 8-K, dated December 1, 1969, in 1-2708).
- (d) 7 Joint Ownership Participation and Operating Agreement regarding River Bend Unit 1 Nuclear Plant, dated August 20, 1979, between Entergy Gulf States, Cajun, and SRG&T; Power Interconnection Agreement with Cajun, dated June 26, 1978, and approved by the REA on August 16, 1979, between Entergy Gulf States and Cajun; and Letter Agreement regarding CEPCO buybacks, dated August 28, 1979, between Entergy Gulf States and Cajun (2, 3, and 4, respectively, to Form 8-K, dated September 7, 1979, in 1-2703).
- (d) 8 Ground Lease, dated August 15, 1980, between Statmont Associates Limited Partnership (Statmont) and Entergy Gulf States, as amended (3 to Form 8-K, dated August 19, 1980, and A-3-b to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1983 in 1+2703).

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- (d) 9 -- Lease and Sublease Agreement, dated August 15, 1980, between Statmont and Entergy Gulf States, as amended (4 to Form 8-K, dated August 19, 1980, and A-3-c to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1983 in 1-2703).
- (d) 10 -- Lease Agreement, dated September 18, 1980, between BLC Corporation and Entergy Gulf States (1 to Form 8-K, dated October 6, 1980 in 1-2703).
- (d) 11 -- Joint Ownership Participation and Operating Agreement for Big Cajun, between Entergy Gulf States, Cajun Electric Power Cooperative, Inc., and Sam Rayburn G&T, Inc, dated November 14, 1980 (6 to Form 8-K, dated January 29, 1981 in 1-2703); Amendment No. 1, dated December 12, 1980 (7 to Form 8-K, dated January 29, 1981 in 1-2703); Amendment No. 2, dated December 29, 1980 (8 to Form 8-K, dated January 29, 1981 in 1-2703).
- (d) 12 -- Agreement of Joint Ownership-Participation between SRMPA, SRG&F and Entergy Gulf States, dated June 6, 1980, for Nelson Station, Coal Unit #6, as amended (8 to Form 8-K, dated June 11, 1980, A-2-b to Form 10-Q For the quarter ended June 30, 1982; and 10-1 to Form 8-K, dated February 19, 1988 in 1-2703).
 - (d) 13 Agreements between Southern Company and Entergy Gulf States, dated February 25, 1982, which cover the construction of a 140-mile transmission line to connect the two systems, purchase of power and use of transmission facilities (10-31 to Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 1981 in 1-2703).
 - +(d) 14 Executive Income Security Plan, effective October 1, 1980, as amended, continued and completely restated effective as of March 1, 1991 (10-2 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991 in 1-2703).
 - (d) 15 Transmission Facilities Agreement between Entergy Gulf States and Mississippi Power Company, dated February 28, 1982, and Amendment, dated May 12, 1982 (A-2-c to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1982 in 1-2703) and Amendment, dated December 6, 1983 (10-43 to Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 1983 in 1-2703).

- (d) 16- Lease Agreement dated as of June 29, 1983, between Entergy Gulf States and City National Bank of Baton Rouge, as Owner Trustee, in connection with the leasing of a Simulator and 2.1 Training Center for River Bend Unit 1 (A-2-a to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1983 in 1-2703) and Amendment, dated December 14, 1984 (10-55 to Form 10-K, for the year e de la constante ended December 31, 1984 in 1-2703). 2..... · .:: ing ndari
- (d) 17 -- Participation Agreement, dated as of June 29, 1983, among Entergy Gulf States, City National Bank of Baton Rouge, PruFunding, Inc. Bank of the Southwest National Association, Houston and Bankers Life Company, in connection with the leasing of a Simulator and Training Center 61 (²¹4 ¹4 ¹ of River Bend Unit 1 (A-2-b to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1983 in 1-2703). 8 - **1** den en 19 the second the borgeneral of the second to reduce the short attended to second reduced

(d) 18- Tax Indemnity Agreement, dated as of June 29, 1983, between Entergy Gulf States and PruFunding, Inc., in connection with the leasing of a Simulator and Training Center for River Bend Unit F(A-2-c to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1993 in 1-2703). e Service in Mary A. . . . C

Benedence i a service of the dealer decision of 1994 - A. 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 19

19 -- Agreement to Lease, dated as of August 28, 1985, among Entergy Gulf States, City National (d) Bank of Baton Rouge, as Owner Trustee, and Prudential Interfunding Corp., as Trustor, in connection with the leasing of improvement to a Simulator and Training Facility for River 688. . K. Bend Unit I (10-69 to Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 1985 in 1-2703). and the second
(d) 20 - First Amended Power Sales Agreement, dated December 1, 1985 between Sabine River Authority, State of Louisiana, and Sabine River Authority, State of Texas, and Entergy Gulf States, Central Louisiana Electric Co., Inc., and Louisiana Power and Light Company (10-72 1.39. 1.2. to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1985 in 1-2703).

+(d) 21 - Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors of Entergy Gulf States and Varibus Corporation, as amended January 8, 1987, and effective January 1, 1987 (10-77 to Form 10-K for the year 1. . . ended December 31; 1986 in 1-2703)? Amendment dated December 4; 1991 (10-3 to 1.19 C. C. 15 -1. S. 1997 Amendment No. 8 in Registration No. 2-76551).

- +(d) 22 -- Trust Agreement for Deferred Payments to be made by Entergy Gulf States pursuant to the Executive Income Security Plan, by and between Entergy Gulf States and Bankers Trust Company, effective November 1, 1986 (10-78 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1986 in 1-2703). The or the set of the set of the set of the S. Angels
- +(d) 23 -- Trust Agreement for Deferred Installments under Entergy Gulf States' Management Incentive Compensation Plan and Administrative Guidelines by and between Entergy Gulf States and Bankers Trust Company, effective June 1, 1986 (10-79 to Form 10-K for the year ended 1.1.1 The state of the state of the December 31, 1986 in 1-2703).
- +(d) 24 -- Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Officers, Nonemployee Directors and Designated Key Employees, effective December 1, 1985, as amended, continued and 1. 1. 1. completely restated effective as of March 1, 1991 (10-3 to Amendment No. 8 in Registration $\gamma_{i} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ No. 2-76551).
- +(d) 25 --- Trust Agreement for Entergy Gulf States' Nonqualified Directors and Designated Key Employees by and between Entergy Gulf States and First City Bank, Texas-Beaumont, N.A. (now Texas Commerce Bank), effective July 1, 1991 (10-4 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-2703).

- (d) 26 -- Lease Agreement, dated as of June 29, 1987, among GSG&T, Inc., and Entergy Gulf States related to the leaseback of the Lewis Creek generating station (10-83 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703).
 - and the second - (d) 27 Nuclear Fuel Lease Agreement between Entergy Gulf States and River Bend Fuel Services, Inc. to lease the fuel for River Bend Unit 1, dated February 7, 1989 (10-64 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703).

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- (d) 28 Trust and Investment Management Agreement between Entergy Gulf States and Morgan Guaranty and Trust Company of New York (the "Decommissioning Trust Agreement) with respect to decommissioning funds authorized to be collected by Entergy Gulf States, dated March 15, 1989 (10-66 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703).
- (d) 29 Amendment No. 2 dated November 1, 1995 between Entergy Gulf States and Mellon Bank to
- (d) 25 Ashendment 100, 2 dated hovember 1, 1995 between Entergy Guir States and Mellon Bank to Decommissioning Trust Agreement (10(d) 31 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995). The state of the state
- (d) 30 Credit Agreement, dated as of December 29, 1993, among River Bend Fuel Services, Inc. and Certain Commercial Lending Institutions and CIBC Inc. as Agent for the Lenders (10(d) 34 to Form 10-K for year ended December 31, 1994).

(d) 31,--- Amendment No. 1 dated as of January 31, to Credit Agreement, dated as of December 31, 1993, among River Bend Fuel Services, Inc. and certain commercial lending institutions and CIBC Inc. as agent for Lenders (10(d) 33 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995).

- (d) 32 Partnership Agreement by and among Conoco. Inc., and Entergy Gulf States, CITGO Petroleum Corporation and Vista Chemical Company, dated April 28, 1988 (10-67 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 in 1-2703).
- +(d) 33.- Gulf States Utilities Company Executive Continuity Plan, dated January 18, 1991 (10-6 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990 in 1-2703).

The man and an and the state of the state of a state of the
+(d) 34 - Trust Agreement for Entergy Gulf States' Executive Continuity Plan, by and between Entergy Gulf States and First City Bank, Texas-Beaumont, N.A. (now Texas Commerce Bank), effective May 20, 1991 (10-5 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-2703).

+(d) 35 - Gulf States Utilities Board of Directors' Refirement Plan, dated February 15, 1991 (10-8 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990 in 1-2703).

+(d) 36 -- (Gulf States Utilities Company Employees' Trustee Retirement Plan effective July 1, 1955 as amended, continued and completely restated effective January 1, 1989; and Amendment No.1 effective January 1, 1993 (10-6 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-2703).

(d) 37 -- Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, dated June 5, 1992, between Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Corporation (2 to Form 8-K, dated June 8, 1992 in 1-2703).

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- +(d) 38 -- Gulf States Utilities Company Employee Stock Ownership Plan, as amended, continued, and completely restated effective January 1, 1984, and January 1, 1985 (A to Form 11-K, dated December 31, 1985 in 1-2703).
- +(d) 39 Trust Agreement under the Gulf States Utilities Company Employee Stock Ownership Plan, dated December 30, 1976, between Entergy Gulf States and the Louisiana National Bank, as Trustee (2-A to Registration No. 2-62395).
- Letter Agreement dated September 7, 1977 between Entergy Gulf States and the Trustee, +(d) 40 -delegating certain of the Trustee's functions to the ESOP Committee (2-B to Registration **9** Statement No. 2-62395).
 - +(d) 41 --- Gulf States Utilities Company Employees Thrift Plan as amended, continued and completely restated effective as of January 1, 1992 (28-1 to Amendment No. 8 to Registration No. 2-76551). 1 Same

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- Restatement of Trust Agreement under the Gulf States Utilities Company Employees Thrift +(d) 42 --Plan, reflecting changes made through January 1, 1989, between Entergy Gulf States and First City Bank, Texas-Beaumont, N.A., (now Texas Commerce Bank), as Trustee (2-A to Form 8-K dated October 20, 1989 in 1-2703).
- a and the second (d) 43 - Operating Agreement between Entergy Operations and Entergy Gulf States, dated as of December 31, 1993 (B-2(f) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-8059).
- (d) 44 -- Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Gulf States, dated as of December 31, 1993 (B-5(a) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-8059).
- (d) 45 --- Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of December 31, 1993 (B-6(c) to Rule 24 . . . Certificate in 70-8059).
- +(d) 46 Amendment to Employment Agreement between J. L. Donnelly and Entergy Gulf States, dated December 22, 1993 (10(d) 57 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-2703).
- (d) 47 Assignment, Assumption and Amendment Agreement to Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement between Entergy Gulf States, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce and Westpac Banking Corporation (10(d) 58 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1and the second · . . . 2703). · . ·
- (d) 4822 Third Amendment, dated January 1, 1994, to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1993). P. M. PAST, M. C. S. C. S. C. S. . .
- (d) 49 -- Agreement as to Expenses and Liabilities between Entergy Gulf States and Entergy Gulf States Capital I, dated as of January 28, 1997 (10(d)52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996 in 1-2703).
- (d) 50 -- Refunding Agreement dated as of May 1, 1998 between Entergy Gulf States and Parish of Iberville, State of Louisiana (B-3(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 29, 1998 in 70-8721). 1 . .

- (d) 51 Refunding Agreement dated as of May 1, 1998 between Entergy Gulf States and Industrial Development Board of the Parish of Calcasieu, Inc. (B-3(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 29, 1999 in 70-8721).
- (d) 52 -- Refunding Agreement (Series 1999-A) dated as of September 1, 1999 between Entergy Gulf States and Parish of West Feliciana, State of Louisiana (B-3(c) to Rule 24 Certificate dated October 8, 1999 in 70-8721).
- (d) 53 Refunding Agreement (Series 1999-B) dated as of September 1, 1999 between Entergy Gulf States and Parish of West Feliciana, State of Louisiana (B-3(d) to Rule 24 Certificate dated October 8, 1999 in 70-8721).
- +(d) 56 -- 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998).
- +(d) 57 Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-9067).

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Entergy Louisiana

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- (e) 1 -- Agreement, dated April 23, 1982, among Entergy Louisiana and certain other System companies, relating to System Planning and Development and Intra-System Transactions (10(a) 1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).
- (e) 2 Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-2 in 2-41080).
- (e) 3 Amendment, dated as of February 10, 1971, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-4 in 2-41080).
- (e) 4 -- Amendment, dated May 12, 1988, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a) 4 in 2-41080).
- (e) 5 Middle South Utilities System Agency Coordination Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-3 in 2-41080).
- (e) 6 -- Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of April 1, 1963 (5(a)-5 in 2-42523).
- (e) 7 Amendment, dated as of January 1, 1972, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (4(a)-6 in 2-45916).
- (e) 8 Amendment, dated as of April 27, 1984, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a) 7 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-3517).
- (e) 9 Amendment, dated as of August 1, 1988, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(d)-8 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 1-8474).
- (e) 10 -- Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(d)-9 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 1-8474).

- (e) 11 -- Amendment, dated January 1, 1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-11 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517).
- (e) 12 through
- (e) 25 -- See 10(a)-12 through 10(a)-25 above.
- (e) 26 Fuel Lease, dated as of January 31, 1989, between River Fuel Company #2, Inc., and Entergy Louisiana (B-1(b) to Rule 24 Certificate in 70-7580).
- (e) 27 Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B-1(a) in 70-6624).
- (c) 28 Compromise and Settlement Agreement, dated June 4, 1982, between Texaco, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana (28(a) to Form 8-K, dated June 4, 1982, in 1-8474).
 - +(e) 29 ---- Post-Retirement Plan (10(c)23 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in 1-8474).
 - (e) 30 -- Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (10(a) 39 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).

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First Amendment to the Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between (e) 31 --System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517). W. Ash. in en de la companya de

Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033). (e) 32 --

- a man had the second state and the second states (e) 33 -- Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Tax Allocation Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (D-1 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1987). and a second - 1. . . . 34 -- First Amendment, dated January 1, 1990, to the Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement, dated January 1, 1990 (D-2 to (e) Form USS for the year ended December 31, 1989). en de la composition La composition de la c
- (e) 35 -- Second Amendment dated January 1, 1992, to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form U5S for the year 6. 19 C . ended December 31, 1992).
 - Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies (e) 36-Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1993). 1. B. When So
 - ; · a a constat (e) 37 - Contract for Disposal of Spent Nuclear Fuel and/or High-Level Radioactive Waste, dated February 2, 1984, among DOE, System Fuels and Entergy Louisiana (10(d)33 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-8474).
 - (e) 38 Operating Agreement between Entergy Operations and Entergy Louisiana, dated as of June 6, 1990 (B-2(c) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 15, 1990, in 70-7679).

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- (e) 39- Guarantee Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Entergy Louisiana, dated as of September 20, 1990 (B-2(a), to Rule 24 Certificate, dated September 27, 1990, in 70-7757).
- +(e) 40 -- Executive Financial Counseling Program of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517). ÷.'
- +(e) 41 -- Entergy Corporation Annual Incentive Plan (10(a), 54, to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517): Your a man and for shall be and an an an
- Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (A-4(a) to Rule 24 +(e) 42 --Certificate, dated May 24, 1991, in 70-7831).
- Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries +(e) 43 -(10(a) 71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- +(c) 44 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998).
- +(e) 45 Supplemental Retirement Plan (10(a) 69 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 the party of in 1-3517), at compared place as a construction produced by the other con-
- Contraction of States and States a +(e) 46 -- Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 53 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 in 1-3517).
- and Break manual and the I was at many in the second stands
- +(e) 47 Executive Disability Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 72 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- +(e) 48 - Stock Plan for Outside Directors of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 74 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). ЧБ / ¹¹ 1. T and the second of the second second second the second second second second second second second second second s . °, ·
- +(e) 49 Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Jerry D. Jackson (10(a) 67 to Form 10-K for the the state of year ended December 31; 1992, in 1,3517). I want to bake out the state year of the state of the
 - the of leads were south and the of the particular strangers.
 - +(e) 50 Summary Description of Retired Outside Director Benefit Plan (10(c)90 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764).
 - and the second wave and the second second and the second rates of
 - +(e) 51 Amendment to Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 81 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
 - +(e) 52 System Executive Retirement Plan (10(a) 82 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, s 1 1993 in 1-11299). The second department of the second s
- and the second (e) 53 - Installment Sale Agreement, dated July 20, 1994, between Entergy Louisiana and St. Charles Parish, Louisiana (B-6(e) to Rule 24 Certificate dated August 1, 1994 in 70-7822). . .

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(e) 54 -- Installment Sale Agreement, dated November 1, 1995, between Entergy Louisiana and St. Charles Parish, Louisiana (B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated December 19, 1995 in 70-8487). A sector matches and a sector of the sector and an and a second

- (c) 55 -- Refunding Agreement (Series 1999-A), dated as of June 1, 1999, between Entergy Louisiana and Parish of St. Charles, State of Louisiana (B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 6, 1999 in 70-9141). A REAL CONTRACTOR AND A REAL MADE
- (e) 56 Refunding Agreement (Series 1999-B), dated as of June 1, 1999, between Entergy Louisiana and Parish of St. Charles, State of Louisiana (B-6(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated July 6, 1999 in 70-9141). End of the second
 - and a contract of the states of e . . •
- (c) 57- Refunding Agreement (Series 1999-C), dated as of October 1, 1999, between Entergy Louisiana and Parish of St. Charles, State of Louisiana (B-11(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated October 15, 1999 in 70-9141).
- r_N ... Sector Bart Bart , (c) 58 - Agreement as to Expenses and Liabilities between Entergy Louisiana, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana Capital I dated July 16, 1996 (4(d) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1996 in 1-8474).

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- and the second of the second of the and the constant of the second +(e) 59 -- Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended ZS ∰ry i sint al December 31, 1998 in 1-9067).
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ne<mark>Batergy-Mississippi</mark> and the second state of the

- (f) 1 Agreement dated April 23, 1982, among Entergy Mississippi and certain other System companies, relating to System Planning and Development and Intra-System Transactions (10(a) 1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 34; 1982, in 1-3517).
- (f) 2 Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-2 in estratent al 2**-41080).** Company de la constant and a second s Second
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11. V. (f) 3 - Amendment, dated February 10, 1971, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, (1) (1) dated December 11, 1970 (5(a) 4 in 2-41080).

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(f) 4 - Amendment, dated May 12, 1988, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated

- (f) 5 -- Middle South Utilities System Agency Coordination Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-3 in 2-41080).
- and the second for the constant part of a second the second second second for a second second second second second
 - (f) 6 Service Agreement with Entergy Services, dated as of April 1, 1963 (D in 37-63).
 - e e entre (f) 7 - Amendment, dated January 1, 1972, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (A to Notice, dated October 14, 1971, in 37-63).
- the first of the second s · 2.

- (f) 8 -- Amendment, dated April 27, 1984, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a) 7 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-3517).
- (f) 9 -- Amendment, dated as of August 1, 1988, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(e) 8 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 0-320).

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(f) 10 - Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(e) 9 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 0-320).

(f) 11 - Amendment, dated January 1, 1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-11 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517).

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- (f) 12 though
- (f) 25 See 10(a)-12 10(a)-25above.
- (f) 26 Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of June 1, 1974, between Entergy Mississippi and Washington County Mississippi (B-2(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated August 1, 1974, in 70-5504).

- (f) 27 -- Amended and Restated Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of April 1, 1994, between Entergy Mississippi and Warren County, Mississippi (B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 4, 1994, in 70-7914).
- (f) 28 Amended and Restated Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of April 1, 1994, between Entergy Mississippi and Washington County; Mississippi, (B-6(b) to Rule 24 Certificate dated May 4, 1994, in 70-7914).
- (f) 29 -- Refunding Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1999, between Entergy Mississippi and Independence County, Arkansas (B-6(a) to Rule 24 Certificate dated June 8, 1999 in 70-8719).
- (f) 30 -- Substitute Power Agreement, dated as of May 1, 1980, among Entergy Mississippi, System Energy and SMEPA (B-3(a) in 70-6337).
- (f) 31 Amendment, dated December 4, 1984, to the Independence Steam Electric Station Operating Agreement (10(c) 51 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 0-375).
- (f) 32 Amendment, dated December 4, 1984, to the Independence Steam Electric Station Ownership Agreement (10(c) 54 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 0-375).
- (f) 33 Owners Agreement, dated November 28, 1984; among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Mississippi and other co-owners of the Independence Station (10(c) 55 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984; in 0-375):
- (f) 34-- Consent, Agreement and Assumption, dated December 4, 1984, among Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Mississippi, other co-owners of the Independence Station and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee (10(c) 56 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 0-375).
- (f) 35 Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B-1(a) in 70-6624).

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+(f) 36 -- Post-Retirement Plan (10(d) 24 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in 0-320).

(f) 37 – Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans (10(a) 39 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).

- (f) 38 -- First Amendment to the Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi, and Entergy New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517).
- (f) 39-- Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033).
- (f) 40 -- Sales Agreement, dated as of June 21, 1974, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (D to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 26, 1974, in 70-5399).
- (f) 41 -- Service Agreement, dated as of June 21, 1974, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (E to Rule 24 Certificate, dated June 26, 1974, in 70-5399).
- (f) 42 -- Partial Termination Agreement, dated as of December 1, 1986, between System Energy and Entergy Mississippi (A-2 to Rule 24 Certificate dated January 8, 1987, in 70-5399).
- (f) 43 -- Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (D-1 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1987).
- (f) 44 First Amendment dated January 1, 1990 to the Middle South Utilities Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Tax Allocation Agreement (D-2 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1989).
- (f) 45 -- Second Amendment dated January 1, 1992, to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1992).
- (f) 46 Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1993).
- +(f) 47 -- Executive Financial Counseling Program of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
- +(f) 48 Entergy Corporation Annual Incentive Plan (10(a) 54 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
- +(f) 49 -- Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (A-4(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated May 24, 1991, in 70-7831).
- +(f) 50 -- Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
- +(f) 51 -- 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998).

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+(f) 52 - Supplemental Retirement Plan (10(a)69 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).

+(f) 53	Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)53 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 in 1-3517).
+(f) 54	Executive Disability Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)72 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
+(f) 55	Stock Plan for Outside Directors of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries, as amended (10(a)74 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
+(f) 56	Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Jerry D. Jackson (10(a)-67 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517).
+(f) 57	Summary Description of Retired Outside Director Benefit Plan (10(c)-90 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764).
+(f) 58	Amendment to Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a) 81 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299).
+(f) 59	System Executive Retirement Plan (10(a) 82 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-1/1299)
+(f) 60	Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-9067).
Entergy Ne	w Orleans
(g) <u>1</u> –	Agreement, dated April 23, 1982, among Entergy New Orleans and certain other System companies, relating to System Planning and Development and Intra-System Transactions (10(a)-1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).
(g) 2 -	Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-2 in 2-41080).
(g) 3 —	Amendment dated as of February 10, 1971, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-4 in 2-41080).
(g) 4	Amendment, dated May 12, 1988, to Middle South Utilities System Agency Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a) 4 in 2-41080).
(g) 5	Middle South Utilities System Agency Coordination Agreement, dated December 11, 1970 (5(a)-3 in 2-41080).
(g) 6	Service Agreement with Entergy Services dated as of April 1, 1963 (5(a)-5 in 2-42523).
(g) 7	Amendment, dated as of January 1, 1972, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (4(a)-6 in 2-45916).
(g) 8	Amendment, dated as of April 27, 1984, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)7 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1984, in 1-3517).

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(g) 9	Sala - S	Amendment, dated as of August 1, 1988, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(f)-8 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988, in 0-5807).
(g) 1	0 🗳	Amendment, dated January 1, 1991, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(f)-9 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, in 0-5807).
(g)	ľ-	Amendment, dated January 1,(1992, to Service Agreement with Entergy Services (10(a)-11 to Form 10-K for year ended December 31, 1994 in 1-3517).
(g) ⁶ 1 (g) 2	2 tin 5	ough 13 and 14 and 15 See 10(a)-12 - 10(a)-25 above.
°(g) 2	6	Reallocation Agreement, dated as of July 28, 1981, among System Energy and certain other System companies (B-1(a) in 70-6624).
∵' +(g) ⊭2	17	Post-Retirement Plan (10(c) 22 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1983, in 1-1319).
		Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 10, 1982, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (10(a) 39 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1982, in 1-3517).
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		First Amendment to the Unit Power Sales Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1984, between System Energy and Entergy Arkansas, Entergy Louisiana, Entergy Mississippi and Entergy New Orleans (19 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1984, in 1-3517).
(g) =	30	Revised Unit Power Sales Agreement (10(ss) in 33-4033).
(g) 3	31	Transfer Agreement, dated as of June 28, 1983, among the City of New Orleans, Energy New Orleans and Regional Transit Authority (2(a) to Form 8-K, dated June 24, 1983, in 1-1319).
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		Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement, dated April 28, 1988 (D-1 to Form USS for the year ended December 31, 1987).
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· (g)	33	First Amendment, dated January 1, 1990, to the Middle South Utilities, Inc. and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-2 to Form U5S for the year
Sec. at	14	rended December 31, 1989).
(g)	34	Second Amendment dated January 1, 1992, to the Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3 to Form U5S for the year ended December 31, 1992).
its of	13	
		Third Amendment dated January 1, 1994 to Entergy Corporation and Subsidiary Companies Intercompany Income Tax Allocation Agreement (D-3(a) to Form U5S for the year ended
N. 44		December 31, 1993).
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+(g)	36	Executive Financial Counseling Program of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)52 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517).
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+(g) 37 - Entergy, Corporation Annual Incentive Plan (10(a)54 to Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 1989, in 1-3517). +(g) 38 - Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (A-4(a) to Rule 24 Certificate, dated May 24, 1991, in 70-7831). +(g) 39 - Amendment No. 1 to the Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)71 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). +(g) 40 - 1998 Equity Ownership Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (Filed with the Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998). +(g) 41 - Supplemental Retirement Plan (10(a)69 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). ATT A CREATE AND A CREATE AND +(g) 42 - Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)53 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989 in 1-3517). - 1 - E +(g) 43 -- Executive Disability Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a)72 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, (1992 in 1-3517), +(g) 44 - Stock Plan for Outside Directors of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries, as amended (10(a)74 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). a state and search a set of a state of the +(g) 45 - Agreement between Entergy Corporation and Jerry D. Jackson (10(a)-67 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-3517). Summary Description of Retired Outside Director Benefit Plan (10(c)-90 to Form 10-K for the +(g) 46 --year ended December 31, 1992 in 1-10764). der in 2. Ben and the second second second second +(g) 47 - Amendment to Defined Contribution Restoration Plan of Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries (10(a).81 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993 in 1-11299). . . · · ż A second s . . +(g) 48 - System Executive Retirement Plan (10(a) 82 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, · · · · · · te e un and the second second ; G (1. 1. +(g) 49 - Letter to John Wilder offering Employment (10(b)62 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 in 1-9067). and a state of a · ... (12) Statement Re Computation of Ratios The terms of the second *(a) Entergy Arkansas's Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends, as defined. · • · • 35 T (222 *(b) Entergy Gulf States' Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends, as defined. *(c) Entergy Louisiana's Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and of Earnings to Fixed

Charges and Preferred Dividends, as defined.

- *(d) Entergy Mississippi's Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends, as defined.
- *(e) Entergy New Orleans' Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges and of Earnings to Fixed Charges and Preferred Dividends, as defined.
- *(f) System Energy's Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges, as defined.
- *(21) Subsidiaries of the Registrants
- (23) Consents of Experts and Counsel
- *(a) The consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP is contained herein at page 219.
- *(24) Powers of Attorney
- (27) Financial Data Schedule
- *(a) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1999.
- *(b) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy Arkansas as of December 31, 1999.

*(c) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy Gulf States as of December 31, 1999.

- *(d) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy Louisiana as of December 31, 1999.
- *(e) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy Mississippi as of December 31, 1999.
- *(f) Financial Data Schedule for Entergy New Orleans as of December 31, 1999.
- *(g) Financial Data Schedule for System Energy as of December 31, 1999.

^{*} Filed herewith.

⁺ Management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements.

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 3

Entergy Corporation Moody's and Standard and Poor's Bond Ratings (1997, 1998, 1999)

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 3

Moody's and Standard and Poor's Bond Ratings (As of 12/1/00)

First Mortgage Bonds

		Moody's				
	1997	1998	1999	1997	1998	1999
Entergy Arkansas, Inc	Baa2	Baa2	Baa2	BBB+	BBB+	BBB+
Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Baa3	Baa3	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-
Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Baa2	Baa2	Baa2	BBB	BBB	BBB
Entergy Mississippi, Inc.	Baa2	Baa2	Baa2	BBB+	BBB+	BBB+
Entergy New Orleans, Inc.	Baa2	Baa2	Baa2	BBB	BBB	BBB
System Energy Resources, Inc.	Baa3	Baa3	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 4

Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement (without schedules)

Between

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc.

and

Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC

CONFORMED COPY

GENERATING PLANT AND GAS TURBINE ASSET PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT

FOR

INDIAN POINT GENERATING STATION UNITS 1 AND 2 AND GAS TURBINE UNITS 1, 2 AND 3 AND TODDVILLE TRAINING CENTER

LOCATED AT VILLAGE OF BUCHANAN AND/OR THE TOWN OF CORTLANDT WESTCHESTER COUNTY, NEW YORK

By and Between

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.

and

ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC

Dated as of November 9, 2000

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>

ARTICLE I

<u>Definitions</u>

SECTION	1.01.	Definitions	s 	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•			1
SECTION	1.02.	Accounting	Terms	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	23

ARTICLE II

Purchase and Sale; Assumption of Certain Liabilities

SECTION	2.01.	Purchase and Sale			23
SECTION	2 02	Auctioned Assets and Retained Assets.	•	•	~~~
OPCITON	2.02.	Auctioned Assets and Retained Assets.	•	•	23
SECTION	2.03.	Assumed Obligations and Retained			
		Liabilities			29
SECTION	2 01	Third Darty Concente	•	•	~ ~
OPCITON	2.04.	Third Party Consents	•	•	34
SECTION	2.05.	Franchise Property	•	•	35

ARTICLE III

<u>Closinq</u>

SECTION	3.01.	Time and Place of Closing .	•		•			35
SECTION	3.02.	Purchase Price	•					35
SECTION	3.03.	Post-Closing Adjustment						38
SECTION	3.04.	Allocation of Consideration		•	•	•	•	39

ARTICLE IV

Representations and Warranties of Seller

SECTION 4.01. SECTION 4.02.	Organization; Qualification Authority Relative to This Agreement	•			40
SECTION 4.03.	Consents and Approvals; No Violation	•	•	•	41
SECTION 4.04.	Personal Property	•	•	•	43
SECTION 4.05.	Real Estate	•	•	•	43
SECTION 4.06.	Leases	•	•	•	43
SECTION 4.07.	Contracts	•	٠	•	43
SECTION 4.08.	Legal Proceedings	•		•	44
SECTION 4.09.	Permits; Compliance with Law				44
SECTION 4.10.	Environmental Matters				45
SECTION 4.11.	Labor Matters				46
SECTION 4.12.	ERISA; Benefit Plans				46
SECTION 4.13.	Taxes				47
SECTION 4.14.	Undisclosed Liabilities	•	•	•	48

Page

SECTION 4	I.15. E	rokers	• •	• •		•			•	•	•	•	•	•		48
SECTION 4	1.16. 1	insuranc	e.			•		•	•			•	•	•	•	48
SECTION 4																
SECTION 4	.18. Ç	ualifie	d Dec	commi	ssi	oni	ng	Fur	nd	•	•				•	49
SECTION 4																
SECTION 4																
SECTION 4																
SECTION 4																
		Practi	ces			•			• /	•	•				•	51

ARTICLE V

Representations and Warranties of Buyer

SECTION	5.01.	Organization	•	•		52
SECTION	5.02.	Authority Relative to This Agreement		•	•	52
SECTION	5.03.	Consents and Approvals; No Violation		•	•	52
SECTION	5.04.	Availability of Funds	•	•	•	54
		Brokers				

ARTICLE VI

Covenants of the Parties

6.01.	Conduct of Business Relating to the	
	Auctioned Assets	. 54
6.02.	Access to Information	. 57
6.03.	Consents and Approvals; Transferable	
	Permits	. 58
6.04.	Further Assurances	. 60
6.05.	Public Statements	61
6.06.	Tax Matters	
6.07.		
6.08.	Decommissioning	64
6.09.		
6.10.	Storage And Risk of Loss Concerning Certa:	
	Auctioned Assets	65
6.11.	Information Resources	65
6.12.	Witness Services	66
6.13.	Trade Names	67
6.14.	Steam Generator Storage Facility	67
6.15.	Availability of Cooling Water Usage	
	Credits	67
6.16.	Nuclear Insurance	68
6.17.	Update of Schedules	68
	6.01. 6.02. 6.03. 6.04. 6.05. 6.06. 6.07. 6.08. 6.09. 6.10. 6.11. 6.12. 6.13. 6.14. 6.15. 6.16. 6.17.	Auctioned Assets6.02. Access to Information6.03. Consents and Approvals; Transferable Permits9.04. Further Assurances6.05. Public Statements6.06. Tax Matters6.07. Decommissioning Funds6.08. Decommissioning6.09. Bulk Sales or Transfer Laws6.10. Storage And Risk of Loss Concerning Certar Auctioned Assets6.11. Information Resources6.12. Witness Services6.13. Trade Names6.14. Steam Generator Storage Facility6.15. Availability of Cooling Water Usage Credits6.16. Nuclear Insurance

ARTICLE VII

<u>Conditions</u>

SECTION	7.01.	Conditions Precedent to Each Party's
SECTION	7.02.	Obligations
		Buyer
		of Seller

ARTICLE VIII

Employee Matters

SECTION 8.01.	Employee Matters
SECTION 8.02.	Continuation of Equivalent Benefit
	Plans/Credited Service
SECTION 8.03.	Pension Plan
SECTION 8.04.	401(k) Plan
SECTION 8.05.	Welfare Plans
SECTION 8.06.	Short- and Long-Term Disability 83
SECTION 8.07.	Life Insurance and Accidental Death and
	Dismemberment Insurance
SECTION 8.08.	Severance
SECTION 8.09.	Workers Componention
	Workers Compensation

ARTICLE IX

Indemnification and Dispute Resolution

SECTION	9.01.	Indemnification				86
CECHTON	0 00		•	•	•	00
SECTION	9.0Z.	Third Party Claims Procedures				00
000000	<u> </u>	reading from the second s	•	•	٠	09
SECTION	9.03.	Procedures Relating to Tay Indomnity				01
		Procedures Relating to Tax Indemnity	•	•	•	91

ARTICLE X

<u>Termination</u>

ARTICLE XI

Miscellaneous Provisions

SECTION 11.01. Expenses	•		•	•	•												94
-------------------------	---	--	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	----

.

<u>Page</u>

<u>Page</u>

SECTION	11.02.	Amendment and Modification;								
		Waiver			•	•	•	•	•	94
SECTION	11.03.	Survival of Representations	or	2						
		Warranties	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	94
SECTION	11.04.	Notices	•	•	•		•	•	•	95
SECTION	11.05.	Assignment; No Third Party								
		Beneficiaries		•	•		•	•		95
SECTION	11.06.	Governing Law								
SECTION	11.07.	Counterparts								
SECTION		Interpretation								
SECTION		Jurisdiction and Enforcement								
SECTION		Entire Agreement			•	•				99
SECTION		Severability								

SCHEDULES AND EXHIBITS

Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule Schedule	2.02(a)(i)(A) 2.02(a)(i)(B) 2.02(a)(i)(C) 2.02(a)(ii) 2.02(a)(iii) 2.02(a)(iii) 2.02(a)(iv) 2.02(a)(v) 2.02(a)(x) 2.02(b)(i) 2.02(b)(ii)(B)	Buyer Real Estate-Indian Point Buyer Real Estate-GT Site Buyer Real Estate-Toddville Spare Parts Buyer Personal Property Contracts Transferable Permits Nitrogen Oxide Allowances Seller Personal Property Located on Buyer Real Estate Communications Equipment
Schedule		Franchise Property
Schedule	3.02(c)(iv)	Capital Projects
	3.02(c)(vi)	Remediation
Schedule	3.02(c)(vii)	Low-level Radioactive Waste Removal
Schedule	3.03(a)	Fuel Inventory Methodology
Schedule	4.03(a)	Contracts Requiring Third Party Consents
Schedule	4.04(b)	Exceptions to Technical Specifications
Schedule	4.06	Leases
Schedule	4.07(a)	Contracts Retained by Seller
Schedule	4.08	Legal Proceedings
Schedule	4.09(a)	Exceptions Under Permits
Schedule	4.09(b)	Non-Environmental Violations
Schedule	4.10	Environmental Matters
Schedule	4.11	Labor Matters
Schedule	4.12	Benefit Plans
Schedule	4.13	Statute of Limitations for Taxes
Schedule	4.14	Undisclosed Liabilities
Schedule	4.16(a)	Insurance

Schedule 4.16(b) Insurance Exceptions Schedule 4.17 Nuclear Matters Schedule 6.01(b)(vi) Employment Matters Schedule 6.01(c)(i) Contracts Entered Into Without Consent of Buyer Schedule 6.01(c)(ii) Capital Projects-Dollar Amounts Schedule 6.01(c)(iii) Remediation-Dollar Amounts Schedule 7.02(d)(i)Required Contracts Schedule 7.02(d)(ii) Required Software Schedule 8.01(a) Job Titles Schedule 8.01(b) Collective Bargaining Agreements Exhibit A-1 Form of Deed of Conveyance for Westchester County [Land and Improvements] Form of Deed of Conveyance for Westchester Exhibit A-2 County [Improvements on GT Site] Exhibit A-3 Form of GT Site Ground Lease Form of Declaration of Easements Agreement Exhibit A-4 Form of FIRPTA Affidavit Exhibit B Form of Opinion of John D. McMahon, Esq., Exhibit C General Counsel of Seller Exhibit D Form of Affidavit Form of Opinion of General Counsel of Buyer Exhibit E and Entergy Nuclear, Inc. Exhibit F Form of Guarantee Agreement Exhibit G Form of Opinion of Counsel to Guarantor Exhibit H Form of Bill of Sale Application for Service for Non-Residential Exhibit I Customers Exhibit J Direct Retail Customer Operating and Transmission Service Agreement Exhibit K Direct Customer Operating Agreement

GENERATING PLANT AND GAS TURBINE

ASSET PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT (including the Schedules hereto, this "Agreement") dated as of November 9, 2000, by and between CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC., a New York corporation ("Seller"), and ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Buyer") (Buyer and Seller are sometimes herein referred to collectively as the "Parties" and individually as a "Party").

WHEREAS Seller has conducted an auction process in which it has solicited proposals to purchase the Auctioned Assets (as defined herein); and

WHEREAS Buyer desires to purchase, and Seller desires to sell, the Auctioned Assets upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants, representations, warranties and agreements hereinafter set forth, and intending to be legally bound hereby, the Parties agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

Definitions

SECTION 1.01. <u>Definitions.</u> As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the following meanings:

"<u>Accountants</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.03(b).

"Adjustment Amount" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.03(a).

"Adjustment Date" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.03(c).

"<u>Adjustment Statement</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.03(a).

"<u>Affected Employees</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(a).

"<u>Affected Union Employees</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(b). "<u>Affiliate</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Rule 12b-2 of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"<u>Agreement</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"<u>Allocation</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.04.

"Ancillary Agreements" means the Continuing Site Agreement, the Declaration of Easements Agreement, the GT Site Ground Lease, the Power Purchase Agreement, the Bill of Sale, the deeds contemplated by Section 7.02(e)(i) and any other agreement to which Buyer and Seller are party and which is expressly identified by its terms as an Ancillary Agreement hereunder.

"ANI" means American Nuclear Insurers.

"<u>Assumed Obligations</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a).

"Atomic Energy Act" means the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"<u>Auctioned Assets</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a).

"Benefit Plans" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.12.

"Bidder Confidentiality Agreements" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.02(b).

"Bill of Sale" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.02(q)(i).

"<u>Bowline</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.15(b).

"Business Day" means any day other than Saturday, Sunday and any day which is a legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions in New York are authorized or required by Law or other action of a Governmental Authority to close.

"<u>Buyer</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Buyer Assets" means any property, machinery, equipment, facilities or systems (including Buyer Facilities) that are from time to time owned or leased by Buyer or its Affiliates after Closing and are employed by Buyer in connection with the performance of the activities contemplated by the Ancillary Agreements.

"<u>Buyer Benefit Plans</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.02(c).

"<u>Buyer Decommissioning Funds</u>" means the trust funds maintained by Buyer into which the Decommissioning Funds are transferred at Closing, or any successor funds thereto.

"<u>Buyer Facilities</u>" shall mean the "Buyer Facilities" under the Declaration of Easements Agreement.

"Buyer Indemnitees" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(a).

"Buyer Material Adverse Effect" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.03(a).

"Buyer Real Estate" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a)(i).

"Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.03(b).

"Buyer's 401(k) Plans" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.04(a).

"Buyer's Pension Plans" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.03(a).

"Buyer's Severance Plan" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.08(a).

"Buyer's Welfare Plans" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.05(a).

"<u>Closing</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

"<u>Closing Date</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.01.

"<u>COBRA</u>" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"<u>Collective Bargaining Agreement</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(b).

"<u>Communications Equipment</u>" means the equipment, systems, switches and lines used in connection with voice, data and other communications activities.

"<u>Confidentiality Agreement</u>" means the Confidentiality Agreement dated February 1, 2000 between Seller and Buyer.

"<u>Consent Order</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.15(a).

"<u>Consumer Price Index</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.08(b).

"<u>Continued Employees</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(a).

"<u>Continued Employee Records</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a)(vi).

"<u>Continued Non-Union Employee</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.02(a).

"<u>Continued Union Employee</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(b).

"<u>Continuing Site Agreement</u>" means the Continuing Site Agreement dated as of even date herewith between Seller and Buyer.

"<u>Contracts</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a)(iv).

"<u>Conveyance Plans</u>" means the Indian Point Conveyance Plan and the Toddville Conveyance Plan.

"Declaration of Easements Agreement" means the Declaration of Easements Agreement to be entered into between Seller and Buyer in the form of Exhibit A-4.

"<u>Decommissioning</u>" means the complete retirement and removal of the Auctioned Assets from service and the restoration of the Buyer Real Estate (and all surface and subsurface elements thereof including soils, surface water and groundwater), as well as any planning and other activities relating thereto, including (i) the dismantlement, decontamination, removal, storage or entombment of the Auctioned Assets. in whole or in part, and any reduction or removal, whether before or after termination of the NRC operating license for the Auctioned Assets, of radioactivity at the Buyer Real Estate (and all surface and subsurface elements thereof including soils, surface water and groundwater), and (ii) any activities necessary for the retirement, dismantlement, decontamination, removal, storage and entombment of the Auctioned Assets to comply with applicable Laws, the NRC operating license for the Auctioned Assets and any related decommissioning plan. "Decommission" shall have a correlative meaning.

"<u>Decommissioning Accounting Records</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a)(vi).

"<u>Decommissioning Funds</u>" means the Qualified Decommissioning Fund and the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund, collectively.

"Decommissioning Indentures" means the Master Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Agreement between Seller and Harris Trust and Savings Bank made as of December 30, 1988, as amended, regarding the Qualified Decommissioning Fund (it being understood that Mellon Bank (DE) National Association, rather that Harris Trust and Savings Bank, is currently Trustee) and the Master Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Agreement between Seller and Harris Trust and Savings Bank made as of June 30, 1993, as amended, regarding the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund (it being understood that Mellon Bank (DE) National Association, rather than Harris Trust and Savings Bank, is currently Trustee).

"Decon" means the process by which the radioactive structures, systems, components and equipment of a generating facility are removed or decontaminated to a level that permits termination of such facility's NRC operating license after cessation of operations and release of such facility by the NRC in accordance with applicable NRC regulations.

"<u>Deeds</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.02(e).

"Department of Energy" means the United States Department of Energy or any successor thereto.

"Department of Energy Decontamination and Decommissioning Fees" means all fees related to the Department of Energy's Special Assessment of utilities for the Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act, or any similar fees assessed under applicable Law relating to separative work units purchased from the Department of Energy in order to decommission the Department of Energy's gaseous diffusion enrichment facilities.

"DOE Standard Contract" means the Contract For Disposal of Spent Nuclear Fuel And/Or High Level Radioactive Waste, No. DE-CR01-83-NE44373, dated as of June 17, 1983, between the United States of America, represented by the United States Department of Energy, and Seller, as amended.

"Electric Service Contract" means an agreement for service in accordance with Seller's Schedule for Electricity Service, P.S.C. No. 9 - Electricity or Seller's Schedule for Retail Access, P.S.C. No. 2 -Retail Access, as such Schedules may be revised or superseded from time to time, using (i) an Application for Service for Non-Residential Customers in the form of Exhibit I, (ii) a Direct Retail Customer Operating and Transmission Service Agreement in the form of Exhibit J and (iii) a Direct Customer Operating Agreement in the form of Exhibit K.

"Encumbrances" means any mortgages, pledges, liens, security interests, conditional and installment sale agreements, activity and use limitations, exceptions, easements, rights-of-way, deed restrictions, encumbrances, charges of any kind, and any related documents and/or instruments of record.

"<u>Energy Reorganization Act</u>" means the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"<u>ENO</u>" means Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., an Affiliate of Buyer.

"<u>Entomb</u>" means the process by which radioactive structures, systems, components and equipment of a generating facility are encased in a structurally longlived substance, such as concrete, whereby the entombed structure is appropriately maintained, and continued surveillance is carried out until the radioactivity decays to a level that permits termination of the NRC operating licenses for such facility.

"<u>environment</u>" (i) means ambient air, surface water and groundwater (including potable water, navigable water and wetlands), land surface or subsurface strata or (ii) shall have the meaning set forth in any Environmental Law.

"Environmental Laws" means all former, current and future federal, state, local and foreign laws (including common law), treaties, regulations, rules, ordinances, codes, decrees, judgments, directives, orders (including consent orders), Environmental Permits and New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Technical Administrative Guidance Memoranda, in each case, relating to pollution, protection of the environment, natural resources or human health and safety, including laws relating to the presence, Release of, or exposure to, Hazardous Substances, or otherwise relating to the generation, manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment, storage, transport, recycling or handling of, or arrangement for such activities with respect to, Hazardous Substances.

"Environmental Liability" means all liabilities, obligations, claims, causes of action, actions, suits, judgments, orders, damages, injunctive relief, losses, fines, penalties, fees, expenses and costs arising from, relating to, or in connection with or alleged to arise from, relate to, or be connected with (i) any actual or alleged violation of or compliance or noncompliance with, Environmental Laws prior to, on, or after the Closing Date in connection with the Auctioned Assets or any ownership, operation, maintenance or control thereof; (ii) the presence, Release, use or generation of, or exposure to, Hazardous Substances at, in, under, upon, above, in connection with, or migrating to or from the Auctioned Assets prior to, on, or after the Closing Date or the transportation, or the arrangement thereof, of Hazardous Substances to or from the Auctioned Assets prior to, on, or after the Closing Date; (iii) any action to address such presence, Release, use or generation of, or exposure to, Hazardous Substances at, in, under, upon, above, in connection with, or migrating to or from the Auctioned Assets, whether such action commenced before or commences on or after the Closing Date, including

7

(A) sampling, analysis, monitoring, investigation, assessment, treatment, remediation, cleanup, containment, removal, mitigation, response, Decommissioning, closure, restoration, reclamation, institutional controls, deed restrictions, evacuation or "precautionary evacuation" (as defined under the Atomic Energy Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder); (B) obtaining any Permits or Environmental Permits or NRC Permits necessary to conduct or cease any such activities; (C) preparing and implementing any plans or studies for any such activities; (D) fees and expenses of engineers, consultants, laboratories and attorneys; and (E) permitting and licensing fees, administrative oversight costs, insurance premiums and related costs and costs to establish and maintain financial assurance funds; and (iv) any loss of life, injury to persons, property or business or damage to natural resources (regardless of whether such loss, injury or damage arose or was made manifest or is alleged to have arisen or manifested itself prior to, on, or after the Closing Date) arising from, relating to, or in connection with or alleged to arise from, relate to, or be connected with any of the matters described in (i), (ii) or (iii) above.

"Environmental Permits" means all permits, licenses, consents, approvals and other governmental authorizations with respect to Environmental Laws relating primarily to the operations of the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines, but not including any NRC Permits.

"<u>ERISA</u>" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"<u>ERISA Affiliate</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.12.

"<u>Estimated Adjustment Amount</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(d).

"<u>Estimated Closing Statement</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(d).

"Excess Decommissioning Funds" means, as of the Expiration Date, the amount, if any, by which the aggregate Decommissioning funds held by Buyer exceed the estimated cost to Buyer of Decommissioning by Safstor or Entomb. For purposes of this definition, the estimated cost to Buyer of Decommissioning by Safstor or Entomb shall be determined as of the Expiration Date in accordance with the cost estimates filed with the NRC by Buyer and standard industry practices.

"<u>Expiration Date</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.08.

"Fair Market Value" means, with respect to the assets of the Decommissioning Funds, the value of such assets (including any accrued interest and dividends relating to such assets) as of the close of the Business Day immediately preceding the Closing Date, which fair market value shall be determined based on a statement prepared on behalf of Seller on a basis consistent with past practice by the financial institutions managing the Decommissioning Funds and listing such assets, together with the purchase price and fair market value of each asset.

"<u>FERC</u>" means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any successor thereto.

"<u>Federal Power Act</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.03(b).

"<u>Final Order</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.01(a).

"<u>Franchise Property</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a).

"<u>GAAP</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 1.02.

"<u>Gas Turbines</u>" means the three gas turbines designated as Indian Point Gas Turbine Units 1, 2 and 3.

"<u>Generating Facilities</u>" means the Generating Plants, the Gas Turbines and any additional generating plants, gas turbines or other generating facilities constructed by Buyer after the Closing Date at the site of any Auctioned Assets.

"<u>Generating Plants</u>" means the two nuclear generating units designated as and known as Indian Point Unit 1 and Indian Point Unit 2.

"<u>Governmental Authority</u>" means any federal, state, local, domestic or foreign government or any court, administrative or regulatory agency, board, committee or commission or other governmental entity or instrumentality, domestic, foreign or supranational or any department thereof.

"<u>Greenfield</u>" means the complete decontamination, dismantlement, and removal of a generating facility such that the NRC operating license for such facility is terminated and the site at which such facility is located is restored to an unrestricted and natural state.

"<u>GT Site</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a)(i)(B)(1).

"<u>GT Site Ground Lease</u>" means the GT Site Ground Lease to be entered into between Buyer and Seller in the form of Exhibit A-3.

"<u>Guarantee Agreement</u>" means the Guarantee Agreement to be entered into between Guarantor and Seller substantially in the form of Exhibit F.

"<u>Guarantor</u>" means Entergy International Holdings Ltd LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and an Affiliate of Buyer.

"Hazardous Substances" means (i) any petroleum, petroleum products or byproducts and all other hydrocarbons, petrochemicals, crude oil or any fraction thereof, coal ash, radon gas, asbestos, asbestoscontaining material, urea formaldehyde, polychlorinated biphenyls, chlorofluorocarbons and other ozone-depleting substances; (ii) radiation, radioactive materials or wastes, including "low-level" or "high-level radioactive wastes," "source material," "special nuclear material," "byproduct material," "spent nuclear fuel," and "transuranic waste," as those terms are defined under the Atomic Energy Act; and (iii) any chemical, material, substance or waste (including thermal discharges) that is prohibited, limited or regulated by or pursuant to any Environmental Law.

"<u>HSR Act</u>" means the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Income Tax" means any U.S. federal, state, local or foreign Tax or surtax (i) based upon, measured by or calculated with respect to net income, profits or receipts, including the New York State Gross Receipts Tax (including any municipal gross receipts Taxes and excise Taxes, capital gains Taxes and minimum Taxes) or (ii) based upon, measured by or calculated with respect to multiple bases (including corporate franchise Taxes) if one or more of the bases on which such Tax may be based, measured by or calculated with respect to, is described in clause (i), in each case, together with any interest, penalties, or additions to such Tax.

"<u>Indemnifiable Loss</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(a).

"<u>Indemnifying Party</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(c).

"<u>Indemnitee</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(c).

"<u>Independent Appraiser</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.04.

"Indian Point Conveyance Plan" means the ALTA/ACSM Land Title Survey prepared for Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., captioned "Indian Point Generating Station Site Survey" (Sheets 1 - 7) completed on August 2, 2000 (Buyer Parcel - Indian Point) and August 17, 2000 (Buyer Parcel - GT Site), last revised on October 27, 2000, and prepared by Badey & Watson Surveying & Engineering, PC, as may hereafter be amended by Seller in immaterial respects.

"<u>Indian Point Unit 1</u>" means the nuclear generating unit located in the Village of Buchanan, New York designated as and known as Indian Point Unit 1.

"Indian Point Unit 2" means the nuclear generating unit located in the Village of Buchanan, New York designated as and known as Indian Point Unit 2.

"Information Memorandum" means the Information Memorandum dated January 2000 describing the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines, and the materials delivered with such Information Memorandum, as such Information Memorandum and such materials may have been amended or supplemented.

"<u>Intellectual Property</u>" means all trade secrets, copyrights, copyright applications, trademarks, trademark applications, trade names, service marks, service mark applications, designs, samples, specifications and know-how owned by Seller.

"Interconnection Facilities" means switching equipment, switchyard controls, protective relays and related facilities of Seller that are used by Seller in connection with the provision of Interconnection Services.

"Interconnection Services" means the service provided by Seller to Buyer to interconnect the Generating Facilities to the Transmission System.

"Inventory" means all materials and supplies (other than fuel, Nuclear Fuel or Spent Nuclear Fuel), spare parts (including the spare parts listed in Schedule 2.02(a)(ii)) and chemical and gas inventories owned by Seller at Closing and relating primarily to or used primarily in the operation of the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines.

"IRS" means the Internal Revenue Service or any successor thereto.

"<u>ISO</u>" means the New York Independent System Operator or any successor thereto.

"joint rulings" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.06(e).

"Knowledge" means the actual, current knowledge (without independent investigation) of a Party's or its Affiliates' board of directors, any of their officers or managers or any of the following persons: Dan Keuter, Connie Wells, Curt Bregar, Renee Millison, Stuart Wentworth, Carl Crawford, Brent Dorsey, Dan Churchman, Jay Brister, Jay Adler, Dan Ropson, Frank Rives or Tom Ober.

"Law" means any statute, law (including common law), treaty, order, judgment, decree, directive, code, ordinance, rule or regulation or similar issuance by a Governmental Authority having the effect of law.

"Local 1-2" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(a).

"Local 1-2 Collective Bargaining Agreement" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(b).

"Low-level Radioactive Waste" shall have the meaning set forth in 42 U.S.C.A. § 2021b(9) (1994) and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Material Adverse Effect" means any change or effect on the Auctioned Assets that is materially adverse to the business, operations or condition (financial or otherwise) of the Auctioned Assets, taken as a whole, other than (i) any change or effect resulting from changes in the international, national, regional or local wholesale or retail energy, capacity or ancillary services markets, (ii) any change or effect resulting from changes in the international, national, regional or local markets for fuel used or usable in connection with the Generating Facilities, (iii) any change or effect resulting from changes in the national, regional or local electric transmission systems, (iv) any change or effect resulting from any bid cap, price limitation, market power mitigation measure or other Law in respect of transmission services or the wholesale or retail energy, capacity or ancillary services markets adopted or approved (or failed to be adopted or approved) by any Governmental Authority or proposed by any person, (v) any change or effect resulting from any other Law adopted or approved by any Governmental Authority or proposed by any person (other than any change or effect resulting from (a) any New York State Law that becomes effective after the date of this Agreement or (b) any NRC Law that becomes effective after the date of this Agreement and relates solely to the Auctioned Assets), (vi) any change or effect resulting from any regulation, rule, procedure or order adopted or proposed (or failed to be adopted or proposed) by or with respect to, or relating to, the ISO, (vii) any change or effect resulting from any action or measure taken or adopted, or proposed to be taken or adopted, by any local, state, regional, national or international reliability organization and (viii) any materially adverse change in or effect on the Auctioned Assets which is cured by Seller prior to Closing.

"<u>Metaphase</u>" means the Corporate Drawing Management System, which is an information resources system served by Seller's mainframe computer.

"<u>MMS</u>" means the Material Management System, which is an information resources system served by Seller's mainframe computer.

"NEIL" means Nuclear Electric Insurance Limited.

"<u>1975 Deed</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.02(j).

"<u>Nitrogen Oxide Allowance</u>" means the authorizations by the NYSDEC under the NOx Budget Trading Program to emit up to one ton of nitrogen oxides during the control period of the specified year or any year thereafter.

"<u>Non-Disputed Amount</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(b).

"Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund" means the external trust fund that does not meet the requirements of Section 468A of the Code and Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-5, and which is maintained by Seller with respect to the Auctioned Assets prior to Closing pursuant to the applicable Decommissioning Indenture.

"<u>Non-Union Transition Period</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.02(a).

"<u>NPMEL</u>" means the Nuclear Power Material Equipment List, which is a system that uses extract data from PPMIS.

"<u>NRC</u>" means the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or any successor thereto.

"NRC Permits" means all certificates, permits, licenses, consents, approvals and other governmental authorizations issued by the NRC on the basis of which Seller is authorized by the NRC to own, possess, use and operate the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines prior to Closing, including Facility Operating License Nos. DPR 5 and DPR 26, but not including any Environmental Permits.

"Nuclear Fuel" means all fuel assemblies in the Generating Plants' reactors as of Closing, any irradiated fuel assemblies that have been temporarily removed from the Generating Plants' reactors as of Closing (except any irradiated fuel assemblies that may have been removed from Indian Point Unit 1 for reprocessing prior to Closing), all unirradiated fuel assemblies awaiting insertion into the Generating Plants' reactors and all fuel constituents in any stage of the fuel cycle which are in process for use in the Generating Plants' reactors as of Closing. "Nuclear Insurance Policies" means all insurance policies carried by or for the benefit of Seller with respect to the Auctioned Assets, including all liability, property damage and business interruption policies in respect thereof. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the term "Nuclear Insurance Policies" includes all policies issued or administered by NEIL or ANI.

"<u>NYPA</u>" means the Power Authority of the State of New York or any successor thereto.

"<u>NYSDEC</u>" means the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation or any successor thereto.

"<u>NYSERDA</u>" means the New York State Energy Research Development Agency or any successor thereto.

"Off-Site" means any location except (i) the Buyer Real Estate (and all surface and subsurface elements thereof including soils, surface water and groundwater) and (ii) any location to or under which Hazardous Substances present or Released at or from the Auctioned Assets have migrated.

"<u>Operating Records</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a) (vi).

"<u>Parties</u>" and "<u>Party</u>" shall have the respective meanings set forth in the Preamble.

"Patents" means with respect to the patented items or processes relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines, (i) a royalty-free license from Seller to use such patented items or processes owned by Seller or (ii) Seller's existing license (or any part thereof) or a separate license to the extent required to authorize Buyer's use of such patented items or processes owned by third parties, in each case, at or in connection with the Auctioned Assets in a manner consistent with Seller's use of such patented items or processes pursuant to the terms and conditions of Seller's license.

"<u>Payment Amount</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.08.

"<u>Payment Date</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.08(b).

"<u>PBGC</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.12.

"<u>Permits</u>" means all certificates, permits, licenses, consents, approvals and other governmental authorizations (other than Environmental Permits and NRC Permits) relating primarily to the Auctioned Assets, or the ownership, operation or use thereof.

"Permitted Exceptions" means (i) all exceptions, restrictions, easements, charges, rights-of-way and monetary and nonmonetary encumbrances which are set forth in any Permits, Environmental Permits or NRC Permits; (ii) all statutory liens for current Taxes or assessments not yet delinquent, subject to proration as provided herein; (iii) all mechanics', carriers', workers', repairers' and other similar liens relating to obligations as to which Seller is not in default or the validity of which is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, provided that Seller shall cause the Title Company to omit such liens from the title insurance policy described in Section 7.02; (iv) all zoning, building code, entitlement, conservation restriction and other land use and Environmental Laws by Governmental Authorities; (v) all matters set forth in Schedules B-2 to Certificates of Title Nos. 231-W-08707 and 231-W-10117 issued by First American Title Insurance Company of New York, Inc., both effective as of September 25, 2000 and last revised on October 26, 2000 and November 2, 2000, respectively, provided that the generic exception for "rights of tenants or persons in possession" shall be limited to the rights of tenants or other parties under leases or other agreements which constitute Contracts ; (vi) all matters disclosed on the Conveyance Plans; (vii) all Encumbrances or other restrictions created pursuant to this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement; (viii) all restrictions and regulations imposed by the ISO, any Governmental Authority or any local, state, regional, national or international reliability organization; and (ix) all Encumbrances on, imperfections in or failures of title which do not secure indebtedness for borrowed money and which would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to materially impair the continued use and operation of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Seller shall discharge or cause the Title Company to omit or insure over all liens which secure indebtedness for borrowed money, judgments against Seller and any other liquidated sums of money capable of precise

determination. Nothing in this definition is intended to affect the obligations of the Parties with respect to Prorated Items.

"person" means any individual, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, corporation, trust, unincorporated organization or Governmental Authority.

"<u>Power Purchase Agreement</u>" means the Power Purchase Agreement dated as of even date herewith between Seller and Buyer.

"<u>PPMIS</u>" means the Power Plant Maintenance Information System, which is an information resources system served by Seller's mainframe computer.

"<u>Price-Anderson Act</u>" means Section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act and related provisions of Section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act.

"<u>Prorated Items</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(a)(x).

"<u>Protective Relaying System</u>" means the system relating to the Generating Facilities comprised of components collectively used to detect defective power system elements or other conditions of an abnormal nature, initiate appropriate control circuit action in response thereto and isolate the appropriate system elements in order to minimize damage to equipment and interruption to service.

"Prudent Utility Practices" means any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the nuclear power generation industry during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods or acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment in light of the facts known at the time the decision was made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with applicable Laws and good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Prudent Utility Practices are not intended to be limited to only the optimum practice, method or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather are intended to include practices, methods or acts generally accepted in the nuclear power generation industry.

"<u>PSC</u>" means the New York State Public Service Commission or any successor thereto. "PUHCA" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.03(b).

"<u>Purchase Price</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(a).

"<u>Qualified Decommissioning Fund</u>" means the external trust fund that meets the requirements of Section 468A of the Code and Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-5, and which is maintained by Seller with respect to the Auctioned Assets prior to Closing pursuant to the applicable Decommissioning Indenture.

"<u>Release</u>" means (i) any "extraordinary nuclear occurrence" or "nuclear incident," as those terms are defined under the Atomic Energy Act, and (ii) any actual or threatened release, spill, emission, emptying, escape, leaking, dumping, injection, pouring, deposit, disposal, discharge, dispersal, leaching or migration into the environment or within any building, structure, facility or fixture.

"Required Capital Expenditures Amount" means:

- (i) if Closing occurs on or after January 1, 2001 but on or prior to March 31, 2001, an amount equal to the product of (A) \$5,120,000 divided by 90 and (B) the number of days, up to a maximum of 90 days, between January 1, 2001 and the Closing Date;
- (ii) if Closing occurs on or after April 1, 2001 but on or prior to June 30, 2001, an amount equal to the sum of (i) \$5,120,000 and (ii) the product of (A) \$7,950,000 divided by 90 and (B) the number of days, up to a maximum of 90 days, between April 1, 2001 and the Closing Date;
- (iii) if Closing occurs on or after July 1, 2001 but on or prior to September 30, 2001, an amount equal to the sum of (i) \$13,070,000 and (ii) the product of (A) \$6,470,000 divided by 90 and (B) the number of days, up to a maximum of 90 days, between July 1, 2001 and the Closing Date;
 - (iv) if Closing occurs on or after October 1, 2001
 but on or prior to December 31, 2001, an
 amount equal to the sum of (i) \$19,540,000
 and (ii) the product of (A) \$7,380,000

divided by 90 and (B) the number of days, up to a maximum of 90 days, between October 1, 2001 and the Closing Date; and

(v) if Closing occurs on or after January 1, 2002, \$26,920,000.

"<u>Required Contracts</u>" means those contracts, agreements and other legally binding arrangements set forth in Schedule 7.02(d)(i).

"<u>Required Software</u>" means, with respect to the software set forth in Schedule 7.02(d)(ii), Seller's existing license (or any part thereof) or a separate license, in each case, to the extent required to authorize Buyer's use of such software at or in connection with the Auctioned Assets in a manner consistent with Seller's use of such software pursuant to the terms and conditions of Seller's license.

"<u>Restraints</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.01(b).

"<u>Retained Assets</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(b).

"<u>Retained Liabilities</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.03(b).

"<u>Revenue Meters</u>" means all meters measuring demand, energy and reactive components, and all pulse isolation relays, pulse conversion relays and associated totalizing and remote access pulse recorder equipment, in each case, required to measure the transfer of energy between the Parties.

"<u>Revocable Consent</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.05(a).

"<u>Safstor</u>" means the procedure by which a generating facility is temporarily placed in a safe condition and maintained in that state until it is subsequently decontaminated and dismantled to levels that permit termination of the NRC operating licenses for such facility and release of such facility by the NRC in accordance with applicable NRC regulations.

"<u>Segregated Reimbursement Accounts</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.05(b).

"<u>Seller</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in the Preamble.

"Seller Assets" means any property, machinery, equipment, facilities or systems (including Seller Facilities but other than any Protective Relaying System or Substation Interface Cables) that are from time to time owned or leased by Seller or its Affiliates after Closing and are employed by Seller in connection with the performance of the activities contemplated by the Ancillary Agreements.

"<u>Seller Facilities</u>" shall mean the "Seller Facilities" under the Declaration of Easements Agreement.

"<u>Seller Indemnitees</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.01(b).

"Seller Material Adverse Effect" means any change, effect, event, occurrence or state of facts that is materially adverse to the business, operations, assets, properties, condition (financial or otherwise), results of operations or prospects of Seller.

"Seller Real Estate" means all real property and leaseholds or other interests in real property of Seller (including the premises on which the Substation is located), other than Buyer Real Estate.

"<u>Seller Required Regulatory Approvals</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.03(b).

"<u>Seller's 4.12 Benefits</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.02(a).

"Seller's 401(k) Plans" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.04(a).

"<u>Seller's Pension Plans</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.03(a).

"<u>Seller's Reimbursement Account Plans</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.05(b).

"<u>Seller's Severance Plan</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.08(a).

"<u>Settlement Agreement</u>" means that certain Settlement Agreement entered into on December 19, 1980, as amended, among Seller, Orange & Rockland Utilities, Inc., Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, NYPA, NYSDEC, the Attorney General of the State of New York, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Hudson River Fisherman's Association (currently d/b/a the Hudson Riverkeeper Fund, Inc.), Scenic Hudson Preservation Conference (currently Scenic Hudson, Inc.) and the National Resources Defense Council, in connection with their disputes relating to the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits issued to certain utilities in 1975, which, by its terms, has expired.

"Special Affected Employee" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(a).

"Spent Nuclear Fuel" means Nuclear Fuel that has been withdrawn or discharged from a nuclear reactor following irradiation and has not been chemically separated into its constituent elements by reprocessing. "Spent Nuclear Fuel" includes the special nuclear material, byproduct material, source material and other radioactive materials associated with nuclear fuel assemblies.

"<u>Spent Nuclear Fuel Fees</u>" means those fees assessed on electricity generated at the Generating Plants and sold, as provided in the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"<u>Substation</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(b)(i).

"<u>Substation Interface Cables</u>" means (i) control cables and associated conduits located in the Substation which connect the Generating Facilities with Buyer Assets located in the Substation and (ii) control and low voltage power cables and associated conduits located in the Substation which connect Seller Assets with Buyer Assets.

"<u>Tax Basis</u>" means the adjusted Tax basis determined for U.S. federal income Tax purposes under Section 1011(a) of the Code.

"Tax Benefit" means, with respect to any Indemnifiable Loss for any person, the positive excess, if any, of the Tax liability of such person without regard to such Indemnifiable Loss over the Tax liability of such person taking into account such Indemnifiable Loss, with all other circumstances remaining unchanged.

"<u>Tax Claim</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.03(a).

"Tax Contest" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.03(c).

"Tax Cost" means, with respect to any indemnity payment for any person, the positive excess, if any, of the Tax liability of such person taking such indemnity payment into account over the Tax liability of such person without regard to such payment, with all other circumstances remaining unchanged.

"Taxes" means all taxes, surtaxes, charges, fees, levies, penalties or other assessments imposed by any U.S. federal, state or local or foreign taxing authority, including income tax, excise, property, sales, transfer, franchise, special franchise, payroll, recording, withholding, social security or other taxes, or any liability for taxes incurred by reason of joining in the filing of any consolidated, combined or unitary Tax Returns, in each case, including any interest, penalties or additions attributable thereto.

"Tax Refund Suit" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.03(b).

"<u>Tax Return</u>" means any return, report, information return or other document (including any related or supporting information) required to be supplied to any authority with respect to Taxes.

"<u>Termination Date</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 10.01(b).

"Third Party Claim" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 9.02(a).

"<u>Title Company</u>" means First American Title Insurance Company of New York, Inc. and Commonwealth Land Title Insurance Company on a 50/50 coinsurance basis or one or more other title insurance companies reasonably acceptable to Buyer and Seller.

"<u>TNMS</u>" means the Tag Numbering Management System, which is an information resources system served by Seller's mainframe computer. "Toddville Conveyance Plan" means the ALTA/ACSM Land Title Survey prepared for Seller captioned "Toddville School Site Survey" (Sheet 1 of 1) completed on September 15, 2000 by Badey & Watson Surveying & Engineering, PC, as may hereafter be amended by Seller in immaterial respects.

"<u>Toddville Training Center</u>" means the training facility owned by Seller and located at Three Locust Avenue in the Town of Cortlandt, New York.

"Transferable Permits" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(a) (v).

"Transmission System" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 2.02(b)(i).

"<u>Trustee</u>" means the trustee of the Decommissioning Funds appointed by Seller pursuant to the applicable Decommissioning Indenture.

"<u>Union Transition Period</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(b).

"<u>Updated Schedules</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.17.

"<u>Westinghouse Contract</u>" shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.01(e).

SECTION 1.02. <u>Accounting Terms.</u> Any accounting terms used in this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, have the meanings customarily given them in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("<u>GAAP</u>") and all financial computations hereunder or thereunder shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be computed in accordance with GAAP consistently applied.

ARTICLE II

Purchase and Sale; Assumption of Certain Liabilities

SECTION 2.01. <u>Purchase and Sale.</u> Upon the terms and subject to the satisfaction of the conditions contained in this Agreement, at Closing, Seller agrees to sell, assign, convey, transfer and deliver or cause to be sold, assigned, conveyed, transferred or delivered to Buyer, and Buyer agrees to purchase, assume and acquire from Seller all the Auctioned Assets. SECTION 2.02. <u>Auctioned Assets and Retained</u> <u>Assets.</u> (a) <u>Auctioned Assets.</u> The term "<u>Auctioned Assets</u>" means all the assets, real and personal property, goodwill and rights of Seller of whatever kind and nature, whether tangible or intangible, in each case, constituting, relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines, other than the Retained Assets, including:

(i) (A) all land owned by Seller relating primarily to the operations of the Generating Plants shown on the Indian Point Conveyance Plan as "Buyer Parcel - Indian Point" and described in Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(A) together with all buildings and improvements erected thereon, (B) both (1) the leasehold interest in the land shown on the Indian Point Conveyance Plan as "Buyer Parcel - GT Site" and described in Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(B) (the "GT_Site") to be created pursuant to the GT Site Ground Lease, and (2) all buildings and improvements erected on the GT Site, and (C) all land owned by Seller constituting, relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of the Toddville Training Center shown on the Toddville Conveyance Plan and described in Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(C) together with all buildings and improvements erected thereon, subject in each case to all Permitted Exceptions (the "Buyer Real Estate");

(ii) subject, in each case, to Permitted Exceptions, all inventories of fuels (relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines) and Nuclear Fuel, in each case owned by Seller on the Closing Date, Spent Nuclear Fuel located on Buyer Real Estate on the Closing Date, and all Inventory, in each case other than assets that are used, consumed, replaced or disposed of in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or as permitted by this Agreement, together with all warranties from third parties, including manufacturers and vendors relating thereto, to the extent transferable;

(iii) subject, in each case, to Permitted Exceptions, all machinery (mobile or otherwise), equipment, facilities, furniture and other personal property relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines or the Toddville Training Center, including the items of personal property listed in Schedule 2.02(a)(iii), together with all warranties from third parties, including manufacturers and vendors relating thereto, to the extent transferable, other than assets that are used, consumed, replaced or disposed of in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or as permitted by this Agreement;

(iv) subject to Sections 2.02(b)(x) and 2.04, all right, title and interest of Seller in, to and under all contracts, agreements, leases, licenses (whether Seller is lessor, lessee, licensor or licensee thereunder), commitments, and all other legally binding arrangements (A) set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(iv), (B) associated with emergency preparedness (including those relating to emergency sirens or radiation monitors), (C) between Seller and NYPA primarily related to the operation or maintenance of the Auctioned Assets, but excluding any such contracts, agreements, leases, licenses, or commitments pertaining to Seller's obligations relating to the Transmission System, the Substation or the supply of power or (D) entered into by Seller between the date of this Agreement and Closing in accordance with Section 6.01, in each case, to the extent they have not expired prior to Closing (the "Contracts");

(v) the Permits, Environmental Permits and NRC Permits that are transferred or transferable by Seller to Buyer by assignment or otherwise or which will pass to Buyer as successor in title to the Generating Plants or Gas Turbines (collectively, the "<u>Transferable</u> <u>Permits</u>"), including the Transferable Permits set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(v);

(vi) (A) data, information, books, operating records, operating, safety, quality assurance and maintenance manuals, engineering design information and plans, blueprints and as-built plans, specifications, procedures, facility compliance plans, environmental procedures and other records of Seller relating primarily to the design, construction, licensing, regulation, operation or Decommissioning of the Auctioned Assets, whether existing in paper, magnetic or electronic form, including third party designs, drawings and specifications used in, or necessary for, the licensing, operation or Decommissioning of the Auctioned Assets (collectively, "Operating Records"), (B) to the extent permitted or required by Law, all personnel files relating to Continued Employees, including files that pertain to (1) skill and development training and resumes, (2) seniority histories, (3) salary and benefit information, (4) active medical restriction forms, (5) records that

are required to be retained by Buyer pursuant to 10 C.F.R. Section 26 and (6) any other matters, but not including any performance evaluations, disciplinary records, fitness for duty reports or Occupational Safety and Health Act medical reports (other than such evaluations, records or reports necessary for Buver to satisfy the requirements of NRC Law or any NRC permit) (collectively, the "Continued Employee Records") and (C) all accounting and other records related to the Decommissioning Funds (other than general ledger accounting records) (collectively, the "Decommissioning Accounting Records"); provided, however, that Seller shall be permitted to retain copies to the extent it provides Buyer with copies or originals of same, of all Operating Records, Continued Employee Records and Decommissioning Accounting Records;

(vii) subject to Sections 2.04 and 7.02(d), the Patents, all rights of Seller in and to the name "Indian Point 2 Nuclear Power Station" and any related or similar names and the right to use at, or in connection with, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines all other Intellectual Property relating primarily to, or used primarily in the operation of, the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines;

(viii) the assets of the Decommissioning Funds contemplated by Sections 6.07(a) and (b) to be transferred to Buyer;

(ix) any credit or credits associated with assessments for the disposal of Low-level Radioactive Waste accumulated by Seller prior to Closing pursuant to the New York Public Authorities Law Section 1854-d.2, as amended, to the extent assignable to Buyer;

(x) the Nitrogen Oxide Allowances set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(x) that are allocated by NYSDEC to the Gas Turbines for the control periods in 2001 and 2002, but less any such Nitrogen Oxide Allowances (or portions thereof) that are used by Seller in connection with operating the Gas Turbines prior to Closing consistent with past practices and system reliability requirements of Seller (it being understood that, for purposes of this Agreement, one Nitrogen Oxide Allowance shall be deemed "used" for each ton of nitrogen oxide emitted from the Gas Turbines between May 1 of any year and September 30 of such year, inclusive); (xi) all claims or causes of action for the refund or return of any payments made or to be made (including any Spent Nuclear Fuel Fees paid or payable) pursuant to the DOE Standard Contract with regard to electricity generated at the Generating Plants and sold on or prior to Closing, but specifically excluding any claims or causes of action in respect of damages to property or economic loss related or pertaining to the Department of Energy's breach or default under the DOE Standard Contract accrued prior to Closing;

(xii) to the extent transferable to Buyer, Seller's ANI primary nuclear liability policy (facility policy), secondary financial protection and master nuclear worker liability policy (master worker policy), and all rights to premium refunds or premium returns (including shutdown credits and premium returns under the Industry Credit Rating Program) that relate to premiums paid by Buyer (including premiums which are Prorated Items, to the extent paid by Buyer) for periods after Closing pursuant to such policies; and

(xiii) Seller's claims and rights against any third party arising out of or relating to any of the Assumed Obligations.

(b) <u>Retained Assets.</u> The term "<u>Retained Assets</u>"

means:

(i) except (A) as set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(iii) or (B) as located on Buyer Real Estate and not set forth in Schedule 2.02(b)(i), all Interconnection Facilities and transmission and distribution assets owned, controlled or operated by Seller for purposes of providing transmission service (including point-to-point transmission service), network integration service and distribution service and other related purposes, including the real property and substation machinery, equipment and facilities located at the Buchanan Substation (the "<u>Substation</u>") used in controlling continuity between the Generating Plants and Gas Turbines and the transmission and distribution facilities and for other purposes (the "Transmission System");

(ii) (A) all Revenue Meters installed by Seller;(B) all Communications Equipment and related support equipment (1) located on Buyer Real Estate or temporarily removed from Buyer Real Estate for repairs, servicing or maintenance and listed in Schedule2.02 (b) (ii) (B) or acquired by Seller after the date of

this Agreement and designated by Seller as a Retained Asset or (2) located on Seller Real Estate or temporarily removed from Seller Real Estate for repairs, servicing or maintenance; and (C) all Protective Relaying Systems not located on Buyer Real Estate;

(iii) except as set forth in Section 2.02(a)(viii), all cash, cash equivalents, bank deposits and accounts receivable held or owned by Seller (including Seller's account balances with NEIL);

(iv) (A) all mainframe computers of Seller and(B) all Intellectual Property relating primarily to any other Retained Assets or any Retained Liabilities;

(v) the names "Consolidated Edison", "Con Edison", "Con Ed", "Consolidated Edison Company", "Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.", "Consolidated Edison, Inc.", "New York Edison", "Brooklyn Edison", "Staten Island Edison" and "Edison" and any related or similar trade names, trademarks, service marks or logos (and any rights to and in the same, including any right to use the same);

(vi) subject to Section 6.06(c), any refund or credit related to Taxes or sewer rents or water charges or any other liabilities or obligations in respect of the Auctioned Assets, in each case, attributable to periods (or portions thereof) prior to Closing;

(vii) except as set forth in Section 2.02(a)(xii), (A) all insurance policies of Seller related to the Auctioned Assets, including all Nuclear Insurance Policies, and (B) all rights to distributions, credits (including shutdown credits), premium refunds or premium returns (including shutdown credits and premium returns under the Industry Credit Rating Program) under all insurance policies, including all such rights to (i) Seller's member insurance accounts, policyholder insurance records and policyholder percentages under its Nuclear Insurance Policies and (ii) Seller's future distributions, credits, premium refunds or premium returns from its Nuclear Insurance Policies;

(viii) all claims or causes of action for refunds of Department of Energy Decontamination and Decommissioning Fees, in each case, paid by Seller as contemplated by Section 2.03(b) (iv); (ix) all personnel records (other than Continued Employee Records) and all other records (other than Operating Records and Decommissioning Accounting Records);

(x) all claims or causes of action in respect of damages to property or economic loss related or pertaining to the Department of Energy's breach or default under the DOE Standard Contract accrued prior to Closing, but specifically excluding any claims or causes of action for the refund or return of any payments made or to be made (including any Spent Nuclear Fuel Fees paid or payable) pursuant to the DOE Standard Contract with regard to electricity generated at the Generating Plants and sold on or prior to Closing;

(xi) all emission reduction credits, sulfur dioxide allowances and Nitrogen Oxide Allowances that relate to the Retained Assets or any other of Seller's assets that are not Auctioned Assets (excluding, for clarification, any Nitrogen Oxide Allowances allocated by NYSDEC to the Gas Turbines for periods after Closing), and, except as set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(x) and except as set forth in Section 2.02(a)(ix), all other environmental related allowances and credits of any nature held or possessed by Seller; and

(xii) any other asset that is not described in this Agreement as an Auctioned Asset.

SECTION 2.03. <u>Assumed Obligations and Retained</u> <u>Liabilities.</u> (a) <u>Assumed Obligations.</u> At Closing, Buyer shall assume, and after Closing, shall discharge, all of the following liabilities and obligations, direct or indirect, known or unknown, absolute or contingent, which relate to the Auctioned Assets or are otherwise specified below (collectively, the "<u>Assumed Obligations</u>"):

(i) except as set forth in Section 2.03(b)(ii), any liabilities and obligations under the Contracts, except, in each case, to the extent such liabilities and obligations, but for a breach or default by Seller prior to Closing, would have been paid, performed or otherwise discharged on or prior to Closing, or to the extent the same arise out of any such breach or default;

(ii) any liabilities and obligations for goods delivered or services rendered, in the ordinary course

of business, after Closing to, or for the benefit of, Buyer or the Auctioned Assets; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Buyer shall not be obligated to assume any liabilities and obligations for any such goods and services to the extent the same are included in the determination of the adjustment of the Purchase Price pursuant to Sections 3.02(c)(i), (ii) and (v);

(iii) except as set forth in Sections 2.03(b)(iii), 2.03(b)(v) and 2.03(b)(vi), any Environmental Liability, whether arising, accruing or occurring prior to, on, or after Closing;

(iv) any liabilities and obligations in respect of amounts owing under the DOE Standard Contract, including any Spent Nuclear Fuel Fees, and any other fees and expenses, in each case, associated with electricity generated at the Generating Facilities and sold after the Closing Date;

(v) any liabilities and obligations (including any Environmental Liabilities) in respect of (A) Decommissioning following permanent cessation of operations or otherwise, (B) the management, storage, removal, transportation and disposal of Spent Nuclear Fuel located in, on or at the Generating Facilities after Closing, and (C) any other disposition of the Auctioned Assets after Closing;

(vi) (A) any liabilities and obligations for any ANI or Price-Anderson Act secondary financial protection retrospective premium obligations in connection with the ANI or Price-Anderson Act policies and financial assurance or protection applicable to any of the Generating Facilities for (i) any nuclear worker liability attributable to employment by Seller on or prior to Closing or (ii) for any third party nuclear liability arising out of any incident or occurrence on or prior to Closing (it being agreed that if Seller is unable to cause the assignment of all or any part of such retrospective premium obligations, Seller shall remain primarily liable for such obligations and Buyer shall indemnify Seller therefor pursuant to Section 9.01(b)) and (B) any liabilities and obligations of Seller for retrospective premium obligations arising on or after Closing under Seller's NEIL insurance policies applicable to any of the Generating Facilities;

(vii) except as set forth in Section 2.03(b)(v), any liabilities and obligations with respect to the Permits

and the NRC Permits to the extent arising from events occurring after Closing;

(viii) (A) all wages, overtime, employment Taxes, severance pay, transition payments, workers compensation benefits, sick pay, health care continuation coverage obligations under COBRA, occupational safety and health liabilities or other similar liabilities and obligations in respect of Continued Employees to the extent arising from events occurring after Closing, and (B) all other liabilities and obligations with respect to the Continued Employees for which Buyer is responsible pursuant to Article VIII;

(ix) except for Environmental Liabilities the allocation of which is governed by other provisions of Section 2.03(a) and by Section 2.03(b), any liabilities and obligations in respect of (A) any claims or causes of action by any person in respect of damages to property, personal injury, death or economic loss relating to, resulting from or arising out of the Auctioned Assets, or (B) any claims or causes of action by any Continued Employees in respect of discrimination, retaliation, wrongful discharge, unfair labor practice or other employment-related matter, in the case of each of the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), to the extent arising from events occurring after Closing;

(x) any liabilities and obligations, with respect to the periods that include the Closing Date, with respect to real or personal property rent, Taxes based on the ownership or use of property, utilities charges and similar charges, in each case, relating primarily to the operations of the Generating Plants or the Gas Turbines or the Toddville Training Center, and salaries, wages and other costs and expenses in respect of Continued Employees (collectively, the "Prorated Items"), to the extent such Prorated Items relate to the period after Closing, including (A) personal property Taxes, real estate and occupancy Taxes, assessments and other charges, (B) rent and all other items payable by Seller under any Contract, (C) any fees with respect to any Transferable Permit, (D) sewer rents and charges for water, telephone, electricity and other utilities and (E) insurance premiums for the insurance described in Section 2.02(a)(xii), in each case, calculated by multiplying the amount of any such Prorated Item by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days (or portions thereof) in such period

31

after Closing and the denominator of which is the number of days in such period;

(xi) any liabilities and obligations in respect of Taxes (other than Prorated Items) attributable to the Auctioned Assets related to Taxable periods (or portions thereof) beginning after Closing;

(xii) except for Environmental Liabilities the allocation of which is governed by other provisions of Section 2.03(a) and by Section 2.03(b), any liabilities and obligations arising after Closing in respect of damage to property, personal injury, death or economic loss relating to, resulting from or arising out of any Protective Relaying System or Substation Interface Cables owned, maintained or controlled by Seller, regardless of whether such liabilities or obligations are caused by a Seller Indemnitee or a Buyer Indemnitee (except where caused by the gross negligence or wilful misconduct of a Seller Indemnitee);

(xiii) any other liabilities and obligations expressly allocated to Buyer or ENO in this Agreement or in any Ancillary Agreement; and

(xiv) except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, any other liabilities and obligations to the extent arising from or relating primarily to the use, ownership, lease, operation, maintenance or control of the Auctioned Assets after Closing.

(b) <u>Retained Liabilities.</u> The term "<u>Retained</u> <u>Liabilities</u>" means the following liabilities and obligations, direct or indirect, known or unknown, absolute or contingent, which relate to the Retained Assets or are otherwise specified below:

(i) any liabilities and obligations of Seller to the extent arising from any Retained Assets (other than as contemplated by Section 2.03(a)(xii));

(ii) any liabilities and obligations of Seller, including under Contracts, for goods delivered or services rendered prior to Closing;

(iii) (A) any liabilities and obligations of Seller under or related to any Environmental Law to the extent arising as a result of or in connection with the Off-Site remediation, transportation, storage, Release, handling or recycling of, or arrangement for such activities with respect to, Hazardous Substances prior to Closing, in connection with the ownership or operation of the Auctioned Assets or (B) any liabilities and obligations of Seller for any loss of life or injury to persons or property to the extent arising from any Release of Hazardous Substances to the environment from the leak that occurred on February 15, 2000 on No. 24 steam generator at Indian Point Unit 2, but only to the extent that any such liabilities or obligations are in excess of the proceeds or benefits recovered or recoverable by or paid or available to Buyer under any insurance policies, including those transferred to Buyer pursuant to Section 2.02(a) (xii), or pursuant to the Price-Anderson Act;

(iv) any liabilities and obligations of Seller in respect of (A) amounts owing under the DOE Standard Contract, including any Spent Nuclear Fuel Fees associated with electricity generated at the Generating Facilities and sold prior to Closing and (B) any Department of Energy Decontamination and Decommissioning Fees accrued for periods prior to Closing under 42 U.S.C.A. § 2297g-1;

(v) any monetary fines (excluding (A) natural resource damages, (B) cleanup or remediation costs and (C) other costs of a similar nature) imposed by a Governmental Authority to the extent resulting from an investigation, proceeding or inspection before or by a Governmental Authority relating to actions or omissions or alleged actions or omissions of Seller prior to Closing;

(vi) any liabilities and obligations of Seller for any loss of life or injury to persons or property to the extent arising from exposure to asbestos or asbestos-containing materials at the Auctioned Assets prior to Closing;

(vii) (A) all wages, overtime, employment Taxes, severance pay, transition payments, workers compensation benefits, sick pay, health care continuation coverage obligations under COBRA, occupational safety and health liabilities or other similar liabilities and obligations in respect of Affected Employees to the extent arising from events occurring prior to Closing and (B) all other liabilities and obligations with respect to the Affected Employees for which Seller is responsible pursuant to Article VIII; (viii) except for Environmental Liabilities the allocation of which is governed by other provisions of Section 2.03(a) and by Section 2.03(b) and except for any liabilities and obligations to which Section 2.03(a)(xii) applies, any liabilities and obligations in respect of (A) any claims or causes of action by any person in respect of damages to property, personal injury, death or economic loss relating to, resulting from or arising out of the Auctioned Assets, or (B) any claims or causes of action by any Affected Employees in respect of discrimination, retaliation, wrongful discharge, unfair labor practice or other employment-related matter, in the case of each of the foregoing clauses (A) and (B), to the extent arising from acts or omissions of Seller prior to Closing;

(ix) any liabilities and obligations, with respect to the period prior to Closing, for the Prorated Items, calculated as set forth in Section 2.03(a)(x);

(x) any liabilities and obligations in respect of Taxes (other than Prorated Items) attributable to the Auctioned Assets related to Taxable periods (or portions thereof) ending before Closing, including Income Taxes attributable to income realized by Seller pursuant to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;

(xi) any liabilities and obligations arising after the date of this Agreement in respect of which Seller has provided pursuant to Section 6.01(d)(ii) that such liabilities and obligations shall not be assumed or retained by Buyer;

(xii) any other liabilities and obligations expressly allocated to Seller in this Agreement or in any Ancillary Agreement;

(xiii) any mortgages, pledges, liens, security interests and conditional and installment sale agreements, in each case to the extent in existence prior to Closing and other than any Permitted Exceptions; and

(xiv) except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, any other liabilities and obligations to the extent arising from or relating primarily to the use, ownership, lease, operation, maintenance or control of the Auctioned Assets prior to Closing.

Seller and SECTION 2.04. Third Party Consents. Buyer agree that if any consent to an assignment of any Contract, warranty or Patent shall not be obtained or if any attempted assignment would in Seller's reasonable opinion be ineffective or would impair any material rights and obligations of Buyer under such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable, so that Buyer would not acquire the benefit of all such rights and obligations, Seller, to the maximum extent permitted by Law and such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable, shall after Closing appoint Buyer to be Seller's representative and agent with respect to such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable, and Seller shall, to the maximum extent permitted by Law and such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable, enter into such reasonable arrangements with Buyer as are necessary to provide Buyer with the benefits and obligations of such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable; provided, however, that Seller shall have the option to terminate any such Contract in accordance with Section 6.04(g) or any Patent that constitutes a license authorizing Seller's use of patented items or processes owned by third parties. Seller shall use its reasonable best efforts after Closing to obtain an assignment of each such Contract, warranty or Patent, as applicable, to Buyer and Buyer shall cooperate in good faith in connection with Seller's efforts. The exercise by Buyer and Seller of the terms of this Section 2.04 prior to Closing shall in no event constitute a waiver of the conditions to Closing set forth in Section 7.02(d).

SECTION 2.05. Franchise Property. (a) Notwithstanding Section 2.02(a)(i), (ii) and (iii), to the extent it would be unlawful for Buyer to operate, use or maintain any of the property listed in Schedule 2.05(a) (collectively, the "Franchise Property") without Buyer obtaining from the appropriate Governmental Authority a revocable consent, franchise agreement or other arrangement permitting Buyer to hold title to the Franchise Property (a "Revocable Consent"), (i) Buyer shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause a Revocable Consent to be entered into prior to Closing, including filing a petition or petitions with the appropriate Governmental Authority in respect of such Revocable Consent, and Seller shall cooperate in good faith in connection therewith, (ii) if such Revocable Consent has not been obtained by Buyer prior to Closing (A) title to the Franchise Property shall be deemed not to be transferred at Closing, (B) Seller shall, after Closing, appoint Buyer to be Seller's representative with respect to the Franchise Property, (C) Seller shall operate, use and maintain the Franchise Property at Buyer's expense and Buyer shall pay all real and personal property taxes applicable

thereto and (D) Buyer shall use its reasonable best efforts after Closing to cause such Revocable Consent to be entered into, at which time title to the Franchise Property shall be deemed transferred from Seller to Buyer pursuant to this Agreement, and Seller shall cooperate in good faith in connection therewith and (iii) Buyer shall pay all fees, charges and other expenses in connection with such Revocable Consent.

(b) For purposes of (i) the Ancillary Agreements and Sections 2.03, 9.01 and 9.02 of this Agreement, the terms "Auctioned Assets" and "Buyer Facilities" shall in any event each be deemed to include the Franchise Property and (ii) the Franchise Property shall in any event be deemed to be owned by Buyer.

ARTICLE III

Closing

SECTION 3.01. Time and Place of Closing. Upon the terms and subject to the satisfaction of the conditions contained in Article VII, the closing of the sale of the Auctioned Assets contemplated by this Agreement (the "Closing") will take place on such date as the Parties may agree, which date shall be as soon as practicable, but no later than ten Business Days, following the date on which all of the conditions set forth in Article VII have been satisfied or waived by the Party or Parties for whose benefit such conditions exist, at the offices of Cravath, Swaine & Moore in New York City or at such other place or time as the Parties may agree. The date at which Closing actually occurs is hereinafter referred to as the "Closing Date" and Closing shall be effective for all purposes herein as of 12:00 noon New York City time (or such other time as the parties may agree) on such date.

SECTION 3.02. <u>Purchase Price</u>. (a) The purchase price for the Auctioned Assets shall be \$502,000,000, as adjusted pursuant to Sections 3.02(c) below (as adjusted, the "<u>Purchase Price</u>").

(b) At Closing, Buyer will pay or cause to be paid to Seller by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account previously designated in writing by Seller an amount in United States dollars equal to the Purchase Price, adjusted in accordance with and as contemplated by Section 3.02(d) for amounts not in dispute (as adjusted, the "<u>Non-Disputed Amount</u>"). (c) The Purchase Price shall be adjusted as follows:

(i) the Purchase Price shall be increased by the book value, as reflected on the books of Seller as of Closing, of all fuel (including Nuclear Fuel) inventory included in the Auctioned Assets;

(ii) the Purchase Price shall be adjusted by the amount of the Prorated Items, to the extent such Prorated Items can be reasonably determined at such time;

(iii) the Purchase Price shall be increased by the amount, if any, by which the Fair Market Value of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund transferred to Buyer pursuant to Section 6.07(a) is greater than \$430,000,000;

(iv) if Seller fails to spend the Required Capital Expenditures Amount in connection with the capital projects set forth on Schedule 3.02(c)(iv), then the Purchase Price shall be decreased by an amount equal to the difference between (A) the Required Capital Expenditures Amount and (B) the aggregate amount of capital expenditures made by Seller on or after January 1, 2001 through the earlier of December 31, 2001 and the Closing Date in connection with the capital projects set forth on Schedule 3.02(c)(iv);

(v) the Purchase Price shall be (A) increased by the amount that the book value of all Inventories (determined in accordance with GAAP) as of Closing is greater than \$37,590,000, and (B) decreased by the amount that the book value of such Inventories (determined in accordance with GAAP) as of Closing is less than \$34,010,000;

(vi) if the work specified in Schedule 3.02(c)(vi) has not been completed and paid for by Seller prior to Closing, then the Purchase Price shall be decreased by an amount equal to (A) \$207,000 <u>minus</u> (B) the aggregate amount paid by Seller as of Closing in connection with the work specified in Schedule 3.02(c)(vi);

(vii) if the reasonably estimated cost as of Closing to dispose of Low-level Radioactive Waste (other than as provided on Schedule 3.02(c)(vii)) that is stored on-site at the Buyer Real Estate as of Closing for the purpose of off-site disposal exceeds \$310,000, then the Purchase Price shall be decreased by \$1.00 for every dollar that such reasonably estimated cost of such disposal exceeds \$310,000; provided, however, that the calculation of such reasonably estimated costs of such disposal shall be determined by reference to applicable industry practices and prices prevailing as of Closing; and

(viii) if Buyer elects prior to Closing to purchase insurance to cover, among other things, the off-site migration or Release of Hazardous Substances from the Auctioned Assets, then the Purchase Price shall be decreased by the lesser of the cost of the premium for such insurance or \$200,000; <u>provided</u>, that nothing in this Section 3.02(c)(viii) is intended to modify or alter the Parties' retention or assumption of liabilities and obligations, as the case may be, under Section 2.03.

(d) At least 20 Business Days prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall prepare and deliver to Buyer an estimated closing statement (the "Estimated Closing Statement") that shall set forth Seller's good faith estimate of the adjustments required by Section 3.02(c) (the "Estimated Adjustment Amount") as of Closing. Within 10 Business Days following the delivery of the Estimated Closing Statement by Seller to Buyer, Buyer may object in good faith to the Estimated Adjustment Amount in writing. If Buyer so objects to the Estimated Adjustment Amount, the Parties shall attempt to resolve such dispute through good faith negotiation. If the Parties are unable to resolve such dispute before five Business Days prior to the Closing Date (or if Buyer fails to object to the Estimated Adjustment Amount by the date specified) the Purchase Price shall be adjusted for purposes of Closing by, as applicable, the amount of the Estimated Adjustment Amount not disputed in good faith by Buyer or by the Estimated Adjustment Amount (if the Buyer fails to object to the Estimated Adjustment Amount by the date specified), and the amount, if any, in good faith dispute shall be reserved for resolution in accordance with Section 3.03 below.

SECTION 3.03. <u>Post-Closing Adjustment.</u> (a) Within 20 Business Days after Closing, Seller shall prepare and deliver to Buyer a statement (an "<u>Adjustment</u> <u>Statement</u>") which reflects the calculation of the Purchase Price taking into account the adjustments required by Section 3.02(c) as of Closing (the "<u>Adjustment Amount</u>"), and, upon request of Buyer, related accounting material used by Seller to prepare the Adjustment Statement. The Adjustment Statement shall be prepared using GAAP and the fuel adjustment set forth in Section 3.02(c)(i) with respect to Nuclear Fuel shall be prepared using the same unit cost methodology that Seller has historically used to calculate the book value of its Nuclear Fuel as set forth in Schedule 3.03(a). Buyer agrees to cooperate with Seller in connection with the preparation of the Adjustment Statement and related information, and shall provide to Seller such access, books, records and information as may be reasonably requested from time to time.

Buyer may in good faith dispute the (b) Adjustment Statement, by notifying Seller in writing of the disputed amount, and the basis of such dispute, within 20 Business Days of Buyer's receipt of the Adjustment Buyer shall have no right to dispute the unit Statement. cost methodology (as set forth in Schedule 3.03(a)) used to calculate the book value of the Nuclear Fuel inventory or the appropriateness, under GAAP or otherwise, of using such In the event of a dispute, Buyer and Seller methodology. shall attempt to reconcile their differences and any resolution by them as to any disputed amounts shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Parties. If Buyer and Seller are unable to reach a resolution of such differences within 20 Business Days of receipt of Buyer's written notice of dispute to Seller, Buyer and Seller shall submit the amounts remaining in dispute for determination and resolution to an independent accounting firm of recognized national standing reasonably acceptable to Seller and Buyer (the "Accountants"), which shall be instructed to determine and report to the Parties, within 20 Business Days after such submission, upon such remaining disputed amounts, and such report shall be final, binding and conclusive on the Parties with respect to the amounts disputed in respect of the Adjustment Amount. The fees and disbursements of the Accountants in connection with the resolution of such disputed amounts shall be borne by the Party whose position generally did not prevail, or if the Accountants determine that neither Party could be fairly found to be the prevailing party, then such fees and disbursements shall be borne equally by Buyer and Seller.

(c) If the Adjustment Amount is greater or less than the Non-Disputed Amount, then on the Adjustment Date (as defined below), (A) to the extent that the Adjustment Amount exceeds the Non-Disputed Amount, Buyer shall pay to Seller the amount of such excess and (B) to the extent that the Adjustment Amount is less than the Non-Disputed Amount, Seller shall pay to Buyer the amount of such deficiency.

"Adjustment Date" means (1) to the extent that Buyer does not dispute the Adjustment Statement pursuant to Section 3.03(b), the twenty-third Business Day following Buyer's receipt of the Adjustment Statement or (2) to the extent that Buyer disputes the Adjustment Statement pursuant to Section 3.03(b), the third Business Day following either the resolution of such dispute by the Parties or a final determination by the Accountants in accordance with Section 3.03(b). Any amount paid under this Section 3.03(c) shall be paid with interest for the period commencing on the Closing Date through the date of payment, calculated at the prime rate of the Chase Manhattan Bank in effect on the Closing Date, and in cash by wire transfer of immediately available funds.

SECTION 3.04. Allocation of Consideration. Buyer and Seller shall use their good faith efforts to agree on an allocation (the "Allocation") among the Auctioned Assets of the consideration paid for Nuclear Fuel, the Assumed Liabilities and such other consideration paid by Buyer pursuant to this Agreement consistent with Section 1060 of the Code and the treasury regulations thereunder and private letter rulings issued by the IRS within 120 days of the date of this Agreement (or such later date as the Parties may mutually agree) but in no event fewer than 30 days prior to Buyer and Seller may obtain the services of an Closing. independent engineer or appraiser ("Independent Appraiser") to assist in determining the fair market value of the Auctioned Assets and such other consideration paid by Buyer solely for purposes of the Allocation under this Section If such an appraisal is made, Buyer and Seller shall 3.04. accept such Independent Appraiser's determination of fair market value of the Auctioned Assets and such other consideration paid by Buyer. The cost of such appraisal shall be borne equally by Buyer and Seller. To the extent such filings are required, Buyer and Seller shall file IRS Form 8594 and all federal, state, local and foreign Tax Returns in accordance with such agreed Allocation. Except to the extent required to comply with audit determinations by any authority with jurisdiction over a Party, Buyer and Seller shall report the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements for all required federal Income Tax and all other Tax purposes in a manner consistent with the Allocation determined pursuant to this Section 3.04. Buyer and Seller shall provide the other promptly with any other information required to complete Form 8594. Buyer and Seller shall provide the other with reasonable assistance in the event of an examination, audit or other proceeding regarding the agreed Allocation.

ARTICLE IV

Representations and Warranties of Seller

Seller represents and warrants to Buyer as follows:

SECTION 4.01. <u>Organization; Qualification.</u> Seller is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate the Auctioned Assets and to carry on the business of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted.

SECTION 4.02. Authority Relative to This Agreement. Seller has all necessary corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and to consummate the transactions The execution and delivery contemplated hereby and thereby. by Seller of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been duly and validly authorized by the Board of Trustees of Seller or by a committee thereof to whom such authority has been duly delegated and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Seller are necessary to authorize this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. This Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements have been duly and validly executed and delivered by Seller and, assuming that this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements constitute valid and binding agreements of Buyer and each other party thereto (other than Seller), this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements constitute valid and binding agreements of Seller, enforceable against Seller in accordance with their respective terms.

SECTION 4.03. Consents and Approvals; No Subject to obtaining the Seller Required (a) Violation. Regulatory Approvals and the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements by Seller nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, including the sale by Seller of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to this Agreement, will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of Seller, (ii) except for Contracts requiring consent for assignment set forth in Schedule 4.03(a), result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other

instrument or obligation to which Seller is a party or by which Seller, or any of the Auctioned Assets, may be bound or (iii) violate any Law applicable to Seller, or the Auctioned Assets, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults (or rights) and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except for (i) application by Seller to, and the approval of, the PSC, pursuant to Section 70 of the Public Service Law of the State of New York, of the transfer to Buyer of the Auctioned Assets, (ii) the filings by Seller and Buyer required by the HSR Act and the expiration or earlier termination of all waiting periods under the HSR Act, (iii) application by Seller to, and the approval of, FERC under (A) Section 203 of the Federal Power Act of 1935 (the "Federal Power Act") with respect to the transfer of Auctioned Assets constituting jurisdictional assets under the Federal Power Act and (B) Section 205 of the Federal Power Act with respect to the Continuing Site Agreement and the Power Purchase Agreement, (iv) application by Seller to, and the approval of, the NRC for the transfer of the NRC licenses for the Generating Plant under the Atomic Energy Act, (v) application by Seller to, and the approval of, the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("PUHCA"), of the transfer to Buyer of the Auctioned Assets, unless (A) FERC has determined that Buyer is an exempt wholesale generator or if Buyer's application for exempt wholesale generator status is deemed granted by operation of law pursuant to Section 32 of PUHCA or (B) Seller, in its sole discretion, elects to accept that Buyer is deemed to be such an exempt wholesale generator by virtue of Buyer applying in good faith to FERC for a determination that Buyer is such an exempt wholesale generator, (vi) application to, and determination by the PSC and such state Governmental Authorities as may be required under PUHCA that, for purposes of Section 32(c) of PUHCA, allowing the Auctioned Assets to be "an eligible facility" will benefit consumers, is in the public interest and does not violate state law, and (vii) other declarations, filings or registrations with, or notices to, or authorizations, consents or approvals of, any Governmental Authority which become applicable to Seller or the transactions contemplated hereby or by the Ancillary Agreements as a result of the specific regulatory status or jurisdiction of incorporation or organization of Buyer (or any of its Affiliates) or as a result of any other facts that specifically relate to the business or activities in which Buyer (or any of its Affiliates) is or proposes to be engaged (collectively, the "Seller Required Regulatory Approvals"), no declaration,

filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any Governmental Authority is necessary for the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the Ancillary Agreements, other than (A) such declarations, filings, registrations, notices, authorizations, consents or approvals which, if not obtained or made, would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect, (B) any certificate of occupancy, consent or similar approval to authorize the change in occupancy of the Buyer Real Estate contemplated by this Agreement and required pursuant to the Code of the Village of Buchanan, including specifically Section 211.49 thereof and (C) any consent of the Commissioner of General Services of the State of New York required for the assignment from Seller to Buyer of the right to install and maintain a fish return pipeline in an area in the Hudson River approximately 30 feet wide and 330 feet long.

(c) To the knowledge of Seller, there is no reason that it should fail to obtain the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals.

SECTION 4.04. <u>Personal Property.</u> (a) Except for Permitted Exceptions, Seller has good and marketable title, free and clear of all Encumbrances, to all personal property included in the Auctioned Assets.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.04(b), to the knowledge of Seller, the Generating Plants conform in all material respects, to the extent required, to the (i) Technical Specifications included in the NRC Permits for Indian Point Unit 1 and Indian Point Unit 2 in accordance with the requirements of 10 C.F.R. Section 50.36 and (ii) the Updated Final Safety Analysis Report required to be maintained for Indian Point Unit 1 and Indian Point Unit 2 in accordance with the requirements of 10 C.F.R. Section 50.71(e).

SECTION 4.05. <u>Real Estate</u>. The Conveyance Plans indicate the location of the Buyer Real Estate. Copies of the Conveyance Plans and Certificates of Title Nos. 231-W-08707 and 231-W-10117 prepared by First American Title Insurance Company of New York, Inc., the most recent certificates of title in the possession of Seller with respect to the Buyer Real Estate or any portion thereof, have heretofore been delivered by Seller to Buyer or made available for inspection by Buyer, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged by Buyer. SECTION 4.06. Leases. As of the date of this Agreement, Seller is neither a tenant nor a lessee under any real property leases which (a) are to be transferred and assigned to Buyer on the Closing Date and (b) (i) provide for annual payments of more than \$100,000 or (ii) are material to the Auctioned Assets, except, in each case, as set forth in Schedule 4.06.

SECTION 4.07. <u>Contracts.</u> (a) Except for (i) any Contract listed in Schedule 2.02(a)(iv), (ii) contracts which will expire prior to Closing or that are permitted to be entered into under this Agreement, (iii) contracts associated with emergency preparedness (including those relating to emergency sirens or radiation monitors), (iv) contracts with NYPA and (v) contracts listed in Schedule 4.07(a), Seller is not a party to any contract which is material to the business operations of the Auctioned Assets.

(b) Each Contract (i) constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Seller, and, to the knowledge of Seller, constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the other parties thereto, (ii) is in full force and effect and (iii) except for Contracts listed in Schedule 4.03(a), may be transferred to Buyer pursuant to this Agreement and will continue in full force and effect thereafter, in each case, without breaching the terms thereof or resulting in the forfeiture or impairment of any rights thereunder, except for such breaches, forfeitures or impairments which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) There is not, under any of the Contracts, any default or event which, with notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a default by Seller, except for such events of default and other events as to which requisite waivers or consents have been obtained or which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(d) There are no suits or arbitration proceedings involving Seller pending or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened relating to any Required Contract which would, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on such Required Contract and which is not reasonably likely to be cured by Seller prior to Closing.

SECTION 4.08. Legal Proceedings. Except as set forth in Schedule 4.08, there are no claims, causes of action, proceedings or investigations pending or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened against or relating to Seller which would, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. With respect to the business or operations of the Auctioned Assets, Seller is not, as of the date of this Agreement, subject to any outstanding judgment, rule, order, writ, injunction or decree of any Governmental Authority which would, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. The representations and warranties of Seller set forth in this Section 4.08 shall not apply to, and do not cover, any environmental matters which, with respect to any representations and warranties of Seller, are exclusively governed by Section 4.10.

SECTION 4.09. <u>Permits; Compliance with Law.</u> (a) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.09(a), Seller holds, and is in compliance with, all Permits necessary to conduct the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted, and, to the knowledge of Seller, Seller is otherwise in compliance with all Laws of any Governmental Authority applicable to the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets, except for such failures to hold or comply with such Permits, or such failures to be in compliance with such Laws, which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.09(b), Seller has not received any written notification that it is in violation of any of such Permits or Laws, except for notifications of violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. The representations and warranties of Seller set forth in this Section 4.09 shall not apply to, and do not cover, (i) any environmental matters which, with respect to any representations and warranties of Seller, are exclusively governed by Section 4.10, (ii) any ERISA matters which, with respect to any representations and warranties of Seller, are exclusively governed by Section 4.12, (iii) any tax matters which, with respect to any representations and warranties of Seller, are exclusively governed by Section 4.13 or (iv) any nuclear matters which, with respect to any representations and warranties of Seller, are exclusively governed by Section 4.17.

SECTION 4.10. <u>Environmental Matters.</u> (a) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.10, Seller holds, and is in compliance with, all Environmental Permits required under applicable Environmental Laws to conduct the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted, and, to the knowledge of Seller, Seller is in compliance with Environmental Laws applicable to the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets, except for such failures to hold or comply with such Environmental Permits, or such failures to be in compliance with such Environmental Laws, which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.10, Seller has not received written notice from a Governmental Authority (i) that it is in violation of any Environmental Law with respect to the Auctioned Assets or (ii) that it is a potentially responsible party under the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act or any similar state law with respect to any real property included in the Buyer Real Estate or in any lease forming part of the Auctioned Assets, except for such matters under such Environmental Laws as would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.10, with respect to the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets, Seller has not entered into or agreed to any consent decree or order and is not subject to any outstanding judgment, decree or judicial order relating to compliance with any Environmental Law or to the remediation of Hazardous Substances under any Environmental Law, except for such consent decrees and orders, judgments, decrees or judicial orders that would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.10, there are no claims, causes of action, proceedings or investigations pending, or to the knowledge of Seller, threatened against or relating to Seller, under or relating to any Environmental Law, which would, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. The representations and warranties made in this Section 4.10 are Seller's exclusive representations and warranties relating to environmental matters.

SECTION 4.11. Labor Matters. Seller has previously made available to Buyer copies of all collective bargaining agreements to which Seller is a party or is subject and which relate to the business or operations of the Auctioned Assets. Except as set forth in Schedule 4.11, with respect to the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets, (a) there is no labor strike, slowdown or stoppage presently affecting the Auctioned Assets or, to the knowledge of Seller, threatened that would affect the Auctioned Assets, (b) Seller has not received notice that any representation petition respecting the employees of Seller has been filed with the National Labor Relations Board, (c) Seller has not experienced any primary work stoppage since at least December 31, 1997, (d) Seller has not received written notice of any unfair labor practice complaint against Seller pending before the National Labor Relations Board and (e) no arbitration proceeding arising out of or under collective bargaining agreements is pending against Seller except, in the case of each of the foregoing clauses (a) through (e), for such matters as would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 4.12. ERISA; Benefit Plans. Schedule 4.12 sets forth a list, as of the date of this Agreement, of all material deferred compensation, profit-sharing, retirement and pension plans and all . material bonus and other material employee benefit or fringe benefit plans maintained, or with respect to which contributions have been made, by Seller with respect to current employees employed in connection with the operations of the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines (collectively, "Benefit Plans"). Copies of all such Benefit Plans have been made available to Buyer. Seller and each trade or business (whether or not incorporated) which are treated as a single employer with Seller under Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code (an "ERISA Affiliate") have fulfilled their respective obligations under the minimum funding requirements of Section 302 of ERISA, and Section 412 of the Code, with respect to each Benefit Plan which is an "employee pension benefit plan" as defined in Section 3(2) Each Benefit Plan is in compliance in all of ERISA. material respects with the presently applicable provisions of ERISA and the Code, except for such failures to fulfill such obligations or comply with such provisions which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. Neither Seller nor any ERISA Affiliate has incurred any liability under Section 4062(b) of ERISA, or any withdrawal liability under Section 4201 of ERISA, to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "PBGC") in connection with any Benefit Plan which is subject to Title IV of ERISA which liability remains outstanding. Neither Seller nor any ERISA Affiliate has engaged in any transaction within the meaning of Section 4069(b) or Section 4212(c) of ERISA. No Benefit Plan and no "employee pension benefit plan" (as defined in Section 3(2) of ERISA) maintained by Seller or any ERISA Affiliate or to which Seller or any ERISA Affiliate has contributed is a multiemployer plan. Seller has the right,

in accordance with and subject to the terms thereof, to terminate and modify each Benefit Plan.

SECTION 4.13. Taxes. With respect to the Auctioned Assets and businesses of Seller related to the Auctioned Assets, (a) all Tax Returns required to be filed have been filed and all such returns were correct and complete in all respects and (b) all Taxes shown to be due on such Tax Returns, and all Taxes otherwise owed for which a Tax Return is not required to be filed, have been paid in full, except to the extent that any failure to file or any failure of filed returns to be correct and complete or any failure to pay any Taxes would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. No written notice of deficiency or assessment has been received from any taxing authority with respect to liabilities for Taxes of Seller in respect of the Auctioned Assets which has not been fully paid or finally settled or which is not being contested in good faith through appropriate proceedings, except for any such notices regarding Taxes which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. Except as set forth in Schedule 4.13, there are no outstanding agreements or waivers extending the applicable statutory periods of limitation for Taxes associated with the Auctioned Assets for any period, except for any such agreements or waivers which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. The representations and warranties of Seller set forth in this Section 4.13 shall not apply to, and do not cover, any Decommissioning matters which, with respect to the representations and warranties of the Seller, are exclusively governed by Sections 4.18 and 4.19.

SECTION 4.14. Undisclosed Liabilities. As of the date of this Agreement, there are no liabilities or obligations of any nature or kind (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) with respect to the Auctioned Assets that, if they had existed as of December 31, 1999, would have been required to be set forth on Seller's December 31, 1999 balance sheet or in the notes thereto prepared in accordance with GAAP, as applied by Seller in connection with such balance sheet (the "Balance Sheet"), except for any such liabilities or obligations which (a) are disclosed, reflected or reserved against in the Balance Sheet, (b) are disclosed in or contemplated or permitted by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements (including the Assumed Obligations), (c) have been incurred in the ordinary course of business, (d) are Retained Liabilities, or (e) are set forth in Schedule 4.14.

SECTION 4.15. <u>Brokers.</u> No broker, finder or other person is entitled to any brokerage fees, commissions or finder's fees in connection with the transaction contemplated hereby by reason of any action taken by Seller, except Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, which is acting for and at the expense of Seller.

SECTION 4.16. Insurance. Set forth in Schedule 4.16(a) is a description of the insurance program of Seller related to the ownership or operation of the Auctioned Assets. Except as set forth in Schedule 4.16(b), Seller carries policies of insurance covering fire, workers' compensation, property all-risk, comprehensive bodily injury, property damage liability, automobile liability, product liability, completed operations, explosion, collapse, contractual liability, personal injury liability and other forms of insurance relating to the Auctioned Assets, or otherwise self-insures in accordance with all statutory and regulatory criteria against any such liabilities, which insurance, in all material respects, is in such amounts, has such deductibles and retentions and is underwritten by such companies as would be obtained in accordance with Prudent Utility Practices. Such insurance policies and arrangements are in full force and effect, all premiums with respect thereto are currently paid, and Seller is in compliance in all material respects with the terms thereof.

SECTION 4.17. <u>Nuclear Matters.</u> (a) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.17, Seller holds, and is in compliance with, all NRC Permits required under the Atomic Energy Act and the Energy Reorganization Act for Seller to conduct the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted, and, to the knowledge of Seller, Seller is in compliance with the Atomic Energy Act and the Energy Reorganization Act and all orders or decisions of the NRC applicable to the business and operations of the Auctioned Assets, except for such failures to hold or comply with such NRC Permits, or such failures to be in compliance with the Atomic Energy Act or the Energy Reorganization Act, or any such orders or decisions of the NRC, which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) Except as set forth in Schedule 4.17, Seller has not received from any Governmental Authority any written notice that it is currently in violation of any order, rule, regulation or decision of the NRC applicable to the Auctioned Assets.

SECTION 4.18. Qualified Decommissioning Fund. Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund is a trust (a) validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York. Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund satisfies the requirements necessary for such Fund to be treated as a "Nuclear Decommissioning Reserve Fund" within the meaning of Section 468A(a) of the Code and as a "nuclear decommissioning fund" and a "qualified nuclear decommissioning fund" within the meaning of Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-1(b)(3). Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund is in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations of the NRC, FERC, PSC and IRS, except for any such noncompliance which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect. Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund has not engaged in any acts of "self-dealing" as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-5(b)(2). No "excess contribution", as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-5(c)(2)(ii), has been made to the Qualified Decommissioning Fund which has not been withdrawn within the period provided under Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-5(c)(2)(i). Since 1988, Seller has made timely and valid elections to make annual contributions to the Qualified Decommissioning Fund.

(b) Seller has delivered to Buyer a copy of the schedule of ruling amounts most recently issued by the IRS for the Qualified Decommissioning Fund, a copy of the request that was filed to obtain such schedule of ruling amounts and a copy of any pending request for revised ruling amounts, in each case, together with all exhibits, amendments and supplements thereto. There are no interim rate orders that may be retroactively adjusted, or retroactive adjustments to interim rate orders, that may materially affect amounts that Buyer may contribute to the Qualified Decommissioning Fund or that may require material distributions to be made from the Qualified Decommissioning Fund.

(c) The December 31, 1999 balance sheet for the Qualified Decommissioning Fund, previously made available to Buyer, has been prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis (except as may be described in the notes thereto) and fairly presents the financial position of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund as of December 31, 1999.

(d) Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund has filed all Tax Returns required to be filed and all material Taxes shown to be due on such Tax Returns have been paid in full. No written notice of any material deficiency or assessment has been received from any taxing authority with respect to liabilities for Taxes of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund which has not been fully paid or finally settled or which is not being contested in good faith through appropriate proceedings.

(e) To the extent Seller has, prior to the Closing Date, pooled the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund with those of any other assets for investment purposes, such pooling arrangement is a partnership for U.S. federal income Tax purposes.

SECTION 4.19. <u>Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund.</u> (a) Seller's Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund is a trust validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York. Seller's Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund is in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations of the NRC and FERC, except for any such noncompliance which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

(b) The December 31, 1999 balance sheet for the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund, previously made available to Buyer, has been prepared in accordance with GAAP applied on a consistent basis (except as may be described in the notes thereto) and fairly presents the financial position of the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund as of December 31, 1999.

SECTION 4.20. <u>Sufficiency of Auctioned Assets</u>. Except (i) as set forth in Section 2.05, (ii) to the extent that any Permit, Environmental Permit, NRC Permit or Contract may not be transferable or assignable to Buyer, (iii) contracts or other agreements associated with emergency preparedness (including those relating to emergency sirens or radiation monitors), (iv) contracts or other agreements with NYPA and (v) as expressly set forth in Schedules 4.09 or 4.10, the Auctioned Assets constitute all of the assets necessary to operate the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines in the manner currently operated by Seller, subject to Permitted Exceptions.

SECTION 4.21. <u>Condemnation</u>. Seller has not received any written notice from any Governmental Authority of any pending or threatened proceeding to condemn or take by power of eminent domain or otherwise all or any part of the Buyer Real Estate.

SECTION 4.22. <u>No Change in Accounting Methods or</u> <u>Practices.</u> Since December 31, 1999, Seller has not materially changed its accounting methods or practices with respect to the Auctioned Assets.

EXCEPT FOR THE REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SELLER EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT, THE ANCILLARY AGREEMENTS OR ANY CERTIFICATES, EXHIBITS OR SCHEDULES HERETO OR THERETO, THE AUCTIONED ASSETS ARE BEING SOLD, ASSIGNED, CONVEYED, TRANSFERRED AND DELIVERED "AS IS, WHERE IS", AND SELLER IS NOT MAKING ANY OTHER REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, CONCERNING SUCH AUCTIONED ASSETS OR WITH RESPECT TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE ANCILLARY AGREEMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY, INCLUDING, IN PARTICULAR WITH RESPECT TO THE AUCTIONED ASSETS, ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ALL OF WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED BY SELLER AND WAIVED BY WITHOUT LIMITING THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, BUYER. SELLER MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH IN, OR CONTEMPLATED BY, THE INFORMATION MEMORANDUM.

ARTICLE V

Representations and Warranties of Buyer

Buyer represents and warrants to Seller as follows:

SECTION 5.01. <u>Organization</u>. Buyer is a limited liability company duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has all requisite limited liability company power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as is now being conducted. At or prior to Closing, Buyer will be duly qualified and licensed to do business as a foreign limited liability company and will be in good standing in the State of New York.

SECTION 5.02. Authority Relative to This Agreement. Buyer has all necessary limited liability company power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements to which it is a party and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby. The execution and delivery by Buyer of this Agreement and such Ancillary Agreements and the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been duly and validly authorized by the Board of Directors of Buyer or by a committee thereof to whom such authority has been duly delegated and no other proceedings on the part of Buyer are necessary to authorize this Agreement or such Ancillary Agreements or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. This Agreement and such Ancillary Agreements have been duly and validly executed and delivered by Buyer and, assuming that this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements constitute valid and binding agreements of Seller and each other party thereto (other than Buyer), this Agreement and such Ancillary Agreements constitute valid and binding agreements of Buyer, enforceable against Buyer in accordance with their respective terms.

Consents and Approvals; No SECTION 5.03. Subject to obtaining the Buyer Required (a) Violation. Regulatory Approvals and the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements to which it is party by Buyer nor the purchase by Buyer of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to this Agreement will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Formation or Operating Agreement of Buyer, (ii) result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other instrument or obligation to which Buyer or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of their respective assets may be bound, or (iii) violate any Law applicable to Buyer, or any of its assets, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults (or rights) and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on the ability of Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by, and discharge its obligations under, this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements (a "Buyer Material Adverse Effect").

Except for (i) approval of the PSC, pursuant (b) to Section 70 of the Public Service Law of the State of New York, of the transfer to Buyer of the Auctioned Assets, (ii) a ruling or approval of the PSC granting Buyer lightened regulatory treatment that is comparable to regulatory treatment granted to other providers of wholesale electric services in New York State and that would not prevent Buyer from competing on a comparable basis with such other providers, (iii) the filings by Buyer and Seller required by the HSR Act and the expiration or earlier termination of all waiting periods under the HSR Act, (iv) application by Buyer to, and the approval of, FERC under (A) Section 203 of the Federal Power Act with respect to the transfer of Auctioned Assets constituting jurisdictional assets under the Federal Power Act and (B) Section 205 of the Federal Power Act with respect to (1) the Continuing Site Agreement and the Power Purchase Agreement, and (2) authorization to sell energy from the

Generating Plants and Gas Turbines at market-based rates, (v) application by Buyer to, and the approval of, the NRC for the transfer of the NRC licenses for the Generating Plants under the Atomic Energy Act, (vi) application to, and determination by the PSC and such state Governmental Authorities as may be required under PUHCA that, for purposes of Section 32(c) of PUHCA, allowing the Auctioned Assets to be "an eligible facility" will benefit consumers, is in the public interest and does not violate state law, (vii) qualification of Buyer, with respect to the Auctioned Assets, as an exempt wholesale generator under the Energy Policy Act of 1992, (viii) an application for a certificate of occupancy, consent or similar approval to authorize the change in occupancy of the Buyer Real Estate contemplated by this Agreement required pursuant to the Code of the Village of Buchanan, including specifically Section 211.49 thereof and (ix) an application for the consent of the Commissioner of General Services of the State of New York required for the assignment from Seller to Buyer of the right to install and maintain a fish return pipeline in an area in the Hudson River approximately 30 feet wide and 330 feet long (collectively, the "Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals"), no declaration, filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any Governmental Authority is necessary for the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the Ancillary Agreements, other than such declarations, filings, registrations, notices, authorizations, consents or approvals which, if not obtained or made, would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.

(c) To the knowledge of Buyer, there is no reason that it should fail to obtain the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals.

SECTION 5.04. <u>Availability of Funds</u>. Buyer has sufficient funds available to it to provide sufficient funds prior to Closing to pay the Purchase Price (as adjusted).

SECTION 5.05. <u>Brokers.</u> No broker, finder or other person is entitled to any brokerage fees, commissions or finder's fees in connection with the transaction contemplated hereby by reason of any action taken by Buyer.

ARTICLE VI

<u>Covenants of the Parties</u>

SECTION 6.01. <u>Conduct of Business Relating to the</u> <u>Auctioned Assets.</u> (a) Except with the prior written consent of Buyer (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) or as may be required to effect the purchase and sale of the Auctioned Assets and related transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or as necessary to comply with applicable Law, during the period from the date of this Agreement to the Closing Date, Seller will operate and maintain the Auctioned Assets in the usual, regular and ordinary course consistent with Prudent Utility Practices.

(b) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, except as may be required by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or as necessary to comply with applicable Law, during the period from the date of this Agreement to Closing, without the prior written consent of Buyer (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), Seller will not:

(i) except for Permitted Exceptions, grant any Encumbrance on the Auctioned Assets;

(ii) make any material change in the levels of Inventory customarily maintained by Seller with respect to the Auctioned Assets, other than consistent with Prudent Utility Practices;

(iii) sell, lease (as lessor), transfer or otherwise dispose of, any of the Auctioned Assets, other than assets used, consumed or replaced in the ordinary course of business consistent with Prudent Utility Practices;

(iv) terminate, materially extend or otherwise materially amend any of the Contracts or waive any default by, or release, settle or compromise any material claim against, any other party thereto; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Seller, at its option, may (A) terminate any Contract that is not a Required Contract and (B) amend the Indian Point Facilities Agreement between Seller and NYPA dated January 1, 1993 together with attached Memoranda of Understanding Nos. 1, 3-17, 20, 28, 30, 32 and 33 to effect the deletion therefrom of any obligations of Seller relating to the Substation, the Transmission System or the supply of power;

(v) terminate, extend or amend any of the Transferable Permits, other than (A) Transferable Permits not material to the operations of the Auctioned Assets as currently conducted, (B) routine renewals and (C) transfers contemplated by Section 6.03(b);

(vi) establish, adopt, enter into or amend the Collective Bargaining Agreement, Benefits Plans or other employment plans, arrangements or practices, or grant to any Affected Employee any material increase in compensation, except (A) to the extent required by the terms of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, any employment agreement in effect as of the date of this Agreement, or applicable Law, (B) in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice or (C) as set forth in Schedule 6.01(b) (vi);

(vii) enter into, amend or otherwise modify any real or personal property Tax agreement, treaty or settlement relating to the Auctioned Assets; or

(viii) materially change its accounting methods or practices with respect to the Auctioned Assets.

Except for contracts or agreements related to (C) matters set forth in Schedule 6.01(c)(i) not to exceed the respective dollar amounts specified for each such contract or agreement set forth in such schedule, Buyer shall not be required to assume the liabilities and obligations under any contracts or agreements entered into, without the prior written consent of Buyer, by Seller during the period from the date of this Agreement to Closing, if such contracts or agreements (i) are for the purchase, sale or storage of Nuclear Fuel, (ii) at Closing, have individual future liability outstanding in excess of \$500,000 or aggregate future liability outstanding in excess of \$5,000,000 or (iii) at Closing, have individual future liability outstanding of less than or equal to \$500,000 or aggregate future liability outstanding of less than or equal to \$5,000,000 and with respect to which Seller has not used its reasonable best efforts to provide that such contract or agreement may be terminated by Buyer at its option at any time after Closing without penalty or cost (other than de minimis administrative costs); provided, that, notwithstanding anything in this Section 6.01(c) to the contrary, Buyer shall assume the liabilities and obligations of Seller under any contract or agreement entered into by Seller in accordance with Prudent Utility Practices in connection with the capital projects listed in Schedule 6.01(c)(ii) and the work specified in Schedule 6.01(c)(iii) not to exceed the respective dollar amounts specified for such capital projects and work set forth in such schedules.

(d) Notwithstanding anything in this Section 6.01 to the contrary, Seller may take any action, incur any expense or enter into any obligation with respect to the Auctioned Assets to the extent that (i) all obligations and liabilities arising with respect thereto do not constitute Assumed Obligations or (ii) Seller otherwise provides that such obligations and liabilities shall not be assumed or retained by Buyer.

(e) Promptly after the date of this Agreement, Seller shall deliver to Buyer a copy of the contract dated April 11, 1996 between Seller and Westinghouse Electric Corporation and relating to nuclear fuel fabrication (the "<u>Westinghouse Contract</u>"). Within 30 days of such delivery, Buyer may elect, by written notice to Seller, to assume the Westinghouse Contract at Closing and upon such election the Westinghouse Contract shall be deemed to be a "Required Contract" for purposes of this Agreement; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Seller shall retain all rights to credits or discounts to which it is entitled under any settlement between Westinghouse Electric Corporation and Seller.

SECTION 6.02. Access to Information. (a) As part of the transition process, Buyer and Seller shall, or shall cause any committees established in connection therewith to, negotiate in good faith to establish rules for access to the information addressed in this Section 6.02. Pursuant to such rules for access, between the date of this Agreement and the Closing Date, Seller will, subject to the Confidentiality Agreement, during ordinary business hours and upon reasonable notice and subject to compliance with (i) give Buyer or its Affiliates and their applicable Law: representatives reasonable access to (A) all books, records, plants, offices and other facilities and properties constituting the Auctioned Assets, including for the purposes of observing the operation by Seller of the Auctioned Assets and (B) the Generating Plants or Gas Turbines and to applicable employees of Seller, (ii) permit Buyer or its Affiliates to make such reasonable inspections thereof as Buyer or its Affiliates may reasonably request, (iii) furnish Buyer or its Affiliates with such financial and operating data and other information with respect to the Auctioned Assets as Buyer or its Affiliates may from time to time reasonably request, and (iv) furnish Buyer or its Affiliates, upon request, a copy of each material report, schedule or other document with respect to the Auctioned Assets filed by Seller with, or received by Seller from, the PSC, NRC, IRS or FERC; provided, however, that (A) any such activities shall be conducted in such a manner as not to interfere with the operation of the Auctioned Assets, (B) Seller shall not be required to take any action which would

constitute a waiver of the attorney-client privilege and (C) Seller need not supply Buyer with (1) any information or access which Seller is under a legal obligation not to supply (provided that upon the prior written request of Buyer, Seller will use its reasonable best efforts to obtain the necessary consents) or (2) any documents attached as Item 4(c) studies, surveys, analyses or reports to Seller's application pursuant to the HSR Act. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 6.02 to the contrary, (I) Seller will not be required to provide such information or access to any employee records other than Continued Employee Records, (II) Buyer shall not have the right to perform or conduct any environmental or radiological sampling or testing at, in, on, around or underneath the Auctioned Assets and (III) Seller shall not be required to provide such access or information with respect to any Retained Asset or Retained Liabilities (unless reasonably necessary in connection with Buyer's observations or investigations relating to the Auctioned Assets). Seller shall promptly provide Buyer with copies of all binding and non-binding notices delivered by Seller relating to the ordering of, or scheduling of future delivery of, Nuclear Fuel under any Contract.

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by (b) Buyer, Seller shall, for a period commencing on the Closing Date and terminating three years after the Closing Date, keep confidential and shall cause its representatives to keep confidential all Confidential Information (as defined in the Confidentiality Agreement) on the terms set forth in the Confidentiality Agreement. Except as contemplated by the following sentence, Seller shall not release any person from any confidentiality agreement now existing with respect solely to the Auctioned Assets or waive or amend any provision thereof. After the Closing Date, upon reasonable request of Buyer, Seller shall, to the maximum extent permitted by Law and the applicable Bidder Confidentiality Agreement (as defined below), appoint Buyer to be Seller's representative and agent in respect of confidential information relating to the Auctioned Assets under the confidentiality agreements ("Bidder Confidentiality <u>Agreements</u>") between Seller and prospective purchasers of the Auctioned Assets.

(c) After Closing, Buyer shall retain all Operating Records, Decommissioning Accounting Records and Continued Employee Records (whether in electronic form or otherwise) delivered by Seller on the Closing Date relating to the Auctioned Assets prior to Closing. Buyer agrees that, after Closing Date, Seller shall have the right, upon reasonable request to Buyer, to receive from Buyer copies of any Operating Records, Decommissioning Accounting Records, Continued Employee Records or other information in Buyer's possession relating to the Auctioned Assets, the Decommissioning Funds or the Continued Employees, as the case may be, for periods prior to Closing and required by Seller in order to comply with applicable Law or to the extent that such records or information may reasonably be required by Seller in connection with any claim, cause of action, proceeding or investigation in which Seller may be involved, <u>provided</u> that there is no conflict between Buyer and Seller in such claim, cause of action, proceeding or investigation. Seller shall reimburse Buyer for its reasonable costs and expenses incurred in connection with the foregoing sentence.

SECTION 6.03. Consents and Approvals; Transferable Permits. (a) Seller and Buyer shall cooperate with each other and (i) prepare and file (or otherwise effect) as soon as practicable following the date of this Agreement, all applications, notices, petitions and filings and execute all agreements and documents with respect to and (ii) use their reasonable best efforts to (A) obtain (x) the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals and the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, (y) any other consents, approvals or authorizations of any other Governmental Authorities or third parties that are necessary to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements and (z) the transfer, issuance or reissuance to Buyer of all Transferable Permits and (B) as appropriate, facilitate the substitution of Buyer for Seller in connection with pending Transferable Permits. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (1) each Party agrees to, upon the other Party's request, support such other Party's applications for regulatory approvals of the purchase and sale of the Auctioned Assets contemplated by this Agreement and (2) Buyer and Seller agree to defend any lawsuits or other legal proceedings, whether judicial or administrative, challenging this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements, or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including seeking to have any stay or temporary restraining order entered by any Governmental Authority vacated or reversed.

(b) Following the date of this Agreement, Seller shall commence the process of transferring to Buyer the Transferable Permits, including completing and filing applications and related documents with the appropriate Governmental Authorities. The Parties shall have the right to review and comment on in advance all filings relating to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements proposed to be made by the other Party and such other Party shall have the right to appear in (i) any proceeding relating to such filings with Governmental Authorities and (ii) any in-person meeting relating to such filings or any announced or scheduled meeting attended by the Chief Nuclear Officer of Seller, in each case, with the NRC or NYSDEC. The Parties shall in good faith consider such comments before making any such filings to the extent permitted by Law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither Party shall be obligated to submit to the other Party any documents attached as Item 4(c) studies, surveys, analyses and reports to its application pursuant to the HSR Act.

(c) The filing fees in connection with the filings by Seller and Buyer under the HSR Act that are part of the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals and Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals shall be borne entirely by Buyer.

(d) Seller shall bear the costs and expenses in connection with the satisfaction of the Closing condition set forth in Section 7.02(d) with respect to Required Software and Patents; <u>provided</u>, that Buyer shall bear all costs and expenses associated with any maintenance or similar agreements associated with the Required Software and the Patents relating to periods after Closing; <u>provided</u>, that such costs and expenses are comparable to the costs and expenses paid by Seller prior to Closing or are in accordance with applicable industry pricing at the relevant time.

SECTION 6.04. <u>Further Assurances.</u> (a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of the Parties will use its reasonable best efforts to take, or cause to be taken, as soon as possible, all action, and to do, or cause to be done, as soon as possible, all things necessary, proper or advisable under applicable Laws to consummate the sale of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to this Agreement as soon as possible, including using its reasonable best efforts to ensure satisfaction of the conditions precedent to each Party's obligations hereunder. Neither of the Parties will, without prior written consent of the other Party, take or fail to take, or permit their respective Affiliates to take or fail to take, any action, which would reasonably be expected to prevent or materially impede, interfere with or delay the consummation, as soon as possible, of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements.

(b) From time to time after the date of this Agreement, without further consideration and at its own

expense, (i) Seller will execute and deliver such instruments of assignment or conveyance as Buyer may reasonably request to more effectively vest in Buyer Seller's title to the Auctioned Assets (subject to Permitted Exceptions and the other terms of this Agreement) and (ii) Buyer will execute and deliver such instruments of assumption as Seller may reasonably request in order to more effectively consummate the sale of the Auctioned Assets and the assumption of the Assumed Obligations pursuant to this Agreement.

(c) Seller and Buyer shall cooperate in good faith to establish a transition committee to consider operational and business issues related to the purchase and sale of the Auctioned Assets.

(d) Prior to the Closing Date, Seller shall cooperate in good faith with Buyer to enable Buyer to obtain insurance, including insurance required under the Price-Anderson Act, in respect of the Auctioned Assets comparable to that maintained by Seller as of the date of this Agreement.

(e) Not later than five days prior to Closing, Seller shall deliver to Buyer a schedule setting forth in reasonable detail the liabilities and obligations which can be reasonably determined at such time that Buyer will assume at Closing pursuant to Section 2.03(a)(ii).

(f) Buyer may, at its own cost and expense, seek authorizations for the use of software, other than the Required Software, and patented items and processes, other than the Patents, and Seller shall cooperate in good faith in connection with such efforts.

(g) (i) Not later than 60 days prior to Closing, Seller shall deliver to Buyer a schedule setting forth the Contracts that, in accordance with Section 2.04, will not be assigned to Buyer at Closing and (ii) not later than 30 days prior to closing, Buyer shall deliver to Seller a schedule setting forth the software, other than the Required Software, and the patented items and processes, other than the Patents, with respect to which Buyer has received or will receive prior to Closing authorizations for the use thereof.

(h) To the extent that Westinghouse Electric Corporation is the manufacturer or vendor of, or provider of service with respect to, machinery, equipment, facilities, furniture or other personal property that constitute Auctioned Assets, Buyer agrees to be bound by and comply with any contractually-imposed waiver and/or limitation of liability that has been contractually imposed on Seller by Westinghouse Electric Corporation to the same extent as Seller.

SECTION 6.05. <u>Public Statements.</u> The Parties shall consult with each other prior to issuing any public announcement, statement or other disclosure with respect to this Agreement, the Ancillary Agreements or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any statement appearing in any filing contemplated hereby or thereby, and shall not issue any such public announcement, statement or other disclosure prior to such consultation, except as may be required by Law; <u>provided</u> that no Party shall issue its initial public announcement, statement or other disclosure with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby without the prior consent of such other Party (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed).

SECTION 6.06. <u>Tax Matters.</u> (a) All transfer and sales Taxes (including any petroleum business Taxes and similar excise Taxes on sales of petroleum based products) incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be borne by Buyer. Buyer shall prepare and file in a timely manner any Tax Returns or other documentation relating to such Taxes; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that, to the extent required by applicable Law, Seller will join in the execution of any such Tax Returns or other documentation relating to any such Taxes. Buyer shall provide to Seller copies of each Tax Return described in the proviso in the preceding sentence at least 30 days prior to the date such Tax Return is required to be filed.

(b) Each Party shall provide the other Party with such assistance as may reasonably be requested by the other Party in connection with the preparation of any Tax Return, any audit or other examination by any taxing authority, or any judicial or administrative proceedings relating to liability for Taxes, and each Party shall retain and provide the other Party with any records or information which may be relevant to such Tax Return, audit, examination or proceedings. Any information obtained pursuant to this Section 6.06(b) or pursuant to any other Section hereof providing for the sharing of information or review of any Tax Return or other instrument relating to Taxes shall be kept confidential by the parties hereto.

(c) If either Buyer or Seller receives a refund with respect to Taxes to be prorated in accordance with Sections 2.03(a)(x) and 2.03(b)(ix) for a taxable period including the Closing Date, Buyer shall pay to Seller the portion of any such refund attributable to the portion of such taxable period prior to the Closing Date, and Seller shall pay to Buyer the portion of any such refund attributable to the portion of such taxable period on and after the Closing Date.

(d) With respect to Taxes to be prorated in accordance with Sections 2.03(a)(x) and 2.03(b)(ix), Buyer shall prepare and timely file all Tax Returns, if any, required to be filed after the Closing Date with respect to the Auctioned Assets and shall duly and timely pay all such Taxes shown to be due on such Tax Returns. Buver's preparation of such Tax Returns for the taxable period in which Closing occurs shall be subject to Seller's approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Buyer shall make each such Tax Return available for Seller's review and approval no later than 30 days prior to the date such Tax Return is required to be filed, it being understood that Seller's failure to approve any such Tax Return shall not limit Buyer's obligation to timely file such Tax Return and duly and timely pay all Taxes shown to be due thereon. Seller shall, to the extent required by applicable Law, join in the execution of any such Tax Returns.

(e) Seller and Buyer shall cooperate and provide each other with such assistance as may be reasonably requested by the other Party in connection with obtaining the rulings set forth in Section 6.07(c). Seller and Buyer shall jointly control all proceedings in connection with obtaining the rulings set forth in Section 6.07(c)(i) (the "joint rulings"); provided, however, that neither Party shall take any action except in connection with any ruling set forth in Section 6.07(c)(i) directed solely at such Party without the consent of the other Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; and provided further that Buyer and Seller shall share equally all expenses (other than their own legal fees) incurred in seeking and obtaining the joint rulings.

SECTION 6.07. <u>Decommissioning Funds.</u> (a) At Closing, Seller shall cause all of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund to be transferred to Buyer (or, if directed in writing to do so by Buyer, to the trustee of any trust specified in such written direction). Such assets shall consist of equity securities, fixed income securities and de minimis amounts of cash. To the extent that the Fair Market Value of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund is greater than \$430,000,000, the Purchase Price shall be adjusted pursuant to Section 3.02(c)(iii). (b) To the extent that the Fair Market Value of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund is less than \$430,000,000, Seller shall transfer to Buyer assets of the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund such that the aggregate Fair Market Value of the assets of the Decommissioning Funds transferred to Buyer is equal to \$430,000,000. If such a transfer is required, such assets shall consist of equity securities, fixed income securities and de minimis amounts of cash.

As soon as practicable, after the date of (C) this Agreement, (i) the Parties shall jointly request and use their reasonable best efforts to obtain prior to the Closing Date rulings issued by the IRS to the effect that (A) the Parties and the Qualified Decommissioning Fund shall not recognize any gain or otherwise take into account any income for U.S. federal income Tax purposes by reason of the transfer of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund to Buyer and that the trust established by Buyer into which the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund are to be transferred at Closing will be treated as a "Nuclear Decommissioning Reserve Fund" within the meaning of Section 468A of the Code and as a "nuclear decommissioning fund" and a "qualified nuclear decommissioning fund" within the meaning of Treas. Reg. Section 1.468A-1(b)(3), (B) Buyer will not recognize any gain or otherwise take into account any income for U.S. federal income Tax purposes by reason of any transfer of the assets of the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund to Buyer, except to the extent that the amount of cash and other Class I assets (as such term is defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.338-6T) received by Buyer exceeds the amount of consideration (as determined under Section 1060 of the Code) provided by Buyer for the Auctioned Assets and (C) Seller will be allowed current ordinary deductions for U.S. federal income Tax purposes for any amounts treated as realized by Seller, or otherwise recognized as income to Seller, as a result of Buyer's assumption of Decommissioning liabilities with respect to the Auctioned Assets pursuant to Section 2.03(a) and (ii) Seller shall request and use its reasonable best efforts to obtain prior to the Closing Date an advisory opinion from the New York State Tax Department that the transfer to Buyer of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund and the Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund, if any, is not a taxable transaction subject to New York State Gross Receipts Tax.

SECTION 6.08. <u>Decommissioning</u>. If Buyer has determined as of the expiration date of the NRC operating license for Indian Point Unit 2, including any extension thereof granted by the NRC (the "<u>Expiration Date</u>"), that Decommissioning shall occur by a method other than Decon, Buyer shall cause to be paid to Seller from the Buyer Decommissioning Funds an amount equal to fifty percent of the Excess Decommissioning Funds (the "<u>Payment Amount</u>") on the Expiration Date, <u>provided</u> that such payment is permitted under NRC Law and the trust indentures relating to the Buyer Decommissioning Funds (the "<u>Buyer Trust Indentures</u>"). If such payment is not permitted under NRC Law or the Buyer Trust Indentures, then at the completion of Decommissioning, the Payment Amount, and any income with respect thereto accrued from the Expiration Date, shall be paid to Seller.

SECTION 6.09. <u>Bulk Sales or Transfer Laws.</u> Buyer acknowledges that Seller will not comply with the provisions of any bulk sales or transfer laws of any jurisdiction in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Buyer hereby waives compliance by Seller with the provisions of the bulk sales or transfer laws of all applicable jurisdictions.

SECTION 6.10. Storage And Risk of Loss Concerning Certain Auctioned Assets. Seller shall store or cause to be stored for Buyer any Auctioned Assets not located at the Generating Plants, the Gas Turbines or the Toddville Training Center (including supplies, materials, and spare parts inventory) at Seller's warehouse facilities located in Astoria, Queens County, New York or at such other facilities as the Parties mutually agree in writing until the date that is six months after the Closing Date or, in respect of all or a portion of such Auctioned Assets, until one or more earlier dates proposed by Buyer with reasonable advance notice, which schedule shall be reasonably acceptable to Buyer agrees to reimburse Seller for its reasonable Seller. costs and expenses in connection with such storage. Buyer agrees that Seller shall have no responsibility or liability for the removal of such Auctioned Assets from the storage location, and that Buyer shall have sole responsibility and liability therefor. Seller shall cooperate and allow Buyer to remove the same. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9.01, Buyer agrees that Seller shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever for loss or damage with respect to the matters contemplated by this Section 6.10 or such Auctioned Assets, and Buyer agrees to hold each Seller Indemnitee harmless from and against all loss or damage or Indemnifiable Losses, and to indemnify each Seller Indemnitee from and against all loss or damage or Indemnifiable Losses incurred, asserted against or suffered as a result of any storage or other services provided by Seller pursuant to this Section 6.10, in each case, except to the extent any such loss or damage or Indemnifiable Loss results in whole or in part from the gross negligence or

wilful or wanton acts or omissions to act of any Seller Indemnitee (or any contractor or subcontractor of Seller).

Information Resources. From the SECTION 6.11. Closing Date until the date that is 180 days thereafter, Seller shall, at no cost to Buyer, provide Buyer with access to Seller's mainframe computer only to the extent reasonably necessary to enable Buyer to use the PPMIS, MMS (in read only mode), NPMEL, TNMS and Metaphase systems and applications solely in connection with the Auctioned Assets. Buyer shall pay Seller a fee of \$25,000 for each 30-day period (prorated for partial periods) beyond such 180-day period during which Buyer uses any or all of such systems or applications; provided that upon the expiration of such 180day period, Seller shall have the right to terminate such use at any time upon 60 Business Days' prior written notice Such payment by Buyer shall be due and payable to to Buver. Seller not later than 10 Business Days after the end of each 30-day period during which Buyer used any such system or application. Any amount to be paid under this Section 6.11 shall be paid with interest for the period commencing on the due date for such payment through the payment date, calculated at the prime rate of The Chase Manhattan Bank in effect on such due date, and in cash by wire transfer of immediately available funds. Buyer agrees that it will not use any such access for any purpose other than for the use of the PPMIS, MMS, NPMEL, TNMS and Metaphase systems and applications solely in connection with the Auctioned Assets. Buyer acknowledges that, as long as it retains access to Seller's mainframe computer, Seller, its employees and third parties shall have access to Buyer's information resources systems and applications (including the PPMIS, MMS, NPMEL, TNMS and Metaphase systems and applications that Buyer is permitted to use hereunder) in order to operate, maintain, modify, or secure Seller's information resources systems and applications (including PPMIS, MMS, NPMEL, TNMS and Metaphase systems) and Seller's mainframe computers. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9.01, Buyer agrees that Seller shall have no liability or obligation whatsoever for loss or damage with respect to the matters contemplated by this Section 6.11, and Buyer agrees to hold each Seller Indemnitee harmless from and against all loss or damage or Indemnifiable Losses, and to indemnify each Seller Indemnitee from and against all loss or damage or Indemnifiable Losses incurred, asserted against or suffered as a result of Buyer's access to Seller's mainframe computer pursuant to this Section 6.11, in each case, except to the extent any such loss or damage or Indemnifiable Loss results in whole or in part from the gross negligence or wilful or wanton acts or omissions to act of any Seller Indemnitee (or any contractor or subcontractor of Seller).

SECTION 6.12. <u>Witness Services</u>. At all times from and after the Closing Date, each Party shall use reasonable best efforts to make available to the other Party, upon reasonable written request, its and its subsidiaries' then current or former officers, directors, employees and agents as witnesses to the extent that (i) such persons may reasonably be required by such requesting Party in connection with any claim, cause of action, proceeding or investigation in which such requesting Party may be involved and (ii) there is no conflict between Buyer and Seller in such claim, cause of action, proceeding or investigation. Such other Party shall be entitled to receive from such requesting Party, upon the presentation of invoices for such witness services, payments for such amounts, relating to supplies, disbursements and other out-of-pocket expenses and direct and indirect costs of employees who are witnesses, as may be reasonably incurred in providing such witness services.

SECTION 6.13. <u>Trade Names.</u> In furtherance of the transfer of the Auctioned Assets described in Section 2.02(a)(vii), Seller shall not object to the use by Buyer of any trade names, trademarks, service marks or logos (and any rights to and in the same, including any right to use the same) primarily relating to the Generating Plants and Gas Turbines that contain the words "Indian Point".

SECTION 6.14. <u>Steam Generator Storage Facility</u>. Seller shall cause a suitable storage facility for the longterm on-site storage of the replaced steam generators at Indian Point Unit 2 to be constructed and the replaced steam generators shall be stored therein in compliance with applicable Law prior to the Closing Date.

SECTION 6.15. Availability of Cooling Water Usage <u>Credits.</u> (a) At Buyer's option, which shall be exercised by written notice to Seller prior to Closing, Seller shall transfer at Closing any environmental credit points that are held by Indian Point Unit 2 pursuant to the Fourth Amended Stipulation of Settlement and Judicial Consent Order in Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. v. New York State Department of Environmental Conservation among the Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., Hudson River Fishermen's Association, d/b/a Hudson Riverkeeper Fund, Inc., Scenic Hudson, Inc., NYSDEC, John P. Cahill as acting commissioner of NYSDEC, Seller, NYPA, Orange & Rockland Utilities, Inc., and Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation, executed by the Honorable Joseph C. Teresi on October 23, 1997 (the "Consent Order"), which Consent Order, by its terms, has expired.

(b) If Buyer exercises its option under Section 6.15(a) and, notwithstanding the expiration of the Consent Order, for so long as the July outage requirement at the Bowline Point electric generating station ("<u>Bowline</u>"), as specified in paragraph 3 of the Consent Order, continues in effect upon the owner(s) of Bowline and may be met by drawing 2.8 unit-days of outage from Indian Point Unit 2's existing balance of unit-days of outage that were accrued in excess of those required by Indian Point Unit 2 under the Settlement Agreement, as provided for under paragraph 3 of the Consent Order, Buyer shall provide the owner(s) of Bowline with such 2.8 unit-days of outage for use at Bowline at no cost.

Nuclear Insurance. Buyer shall SECTION 6.16. maintain any Nuclear Insurance Policies transferred to Buyer as contemplated by Section 2.02(a)(xii) and shall obtain and maintain any other policies of liability and property insurance with respect to the ownership, operation, and maintenance of the Generating Plants which shall afford protection against insurable hazards and risks which meet the requirements of 10 C.F.R. Section 50.54(w) and 10 C.F.R. Part 140 and are consistent with Prudent Utility Practices. Such coverage shall include (a) nuclear liability insurance in such form and in such amount as (i) will provide at least the same degree of protection to Seller that is provided to Seller under the Nuclear Insurance Policies that are contemplated to be transferred to Buyer pursuant to Section 2.02(a)(xii) and (ii) will meet the financial protection requirements of the Atomic Energy Act, and (b) an indemnification agreement as contemplated by Section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act. In the event that the nuclear liability protection system contemplated by Section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act is repealed or changed, Buyer shall obtain and maintain alternate protection against nuclear liability for such period as may be necessary to cover liability arising out of or resulting from the Auctioned Assets, to the extent available and consistent with Prudent Utility Practices, providing substantially equivalent protection to Seller that is provided to Seller under the Nuclear Insurance Policies that are contemplated to be transferred to Buyer pursuant to Section 2.02(a)(xii).

SECTION 6.17. Update of Schedules. Seller shall promptly supplement or otherwise amend the Schedules 4.03(a), 4.04(b), 4.07(a), 4.08, 4.09(a), 4.09(b), 4.10, 4.11, 4.13, 4.16(a), 4.16(b) and 4.17 (together, as supplemented or amended, the "Updated Schedules") with respect to matters arising after the date of this Agreement which, if existing at the date of this Agreement, would have been set forth in the Schedules. Upon delivery to Buyer, the Updated Schedules shall become part of this Agreement in lieu of the relevant predecessor Schedules. In the event that Seller delivers Updated Schedules within five Business Days of the Closing Date, Buyer shall be entitled to extend, by written notice to Seller, the Closing Date to the fifth Business Day after Buyer has received such Updated Schedules. Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) any such Updated Schedules shall not, except as Buyer may otherwise agree in writing, be deemed to have cured any breach of any representation or warranty made by Seller as of the date of this Agreement and (ii) to the extent that any Updated Schedule or Schedules shall contain a Material Adverse Effect that is not cured or waived, the Closing condition set forth in Section 7.02(p) shall not be satisfied.

ARTICLE VII

Conditions

SECTION 7.01. <u>Conditions Precedent to Each</u> <u>Party's Obligations</u>. The respective obligations of each Party to effect the purchase, sale and transfer of the Auctioned Assets contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver by such Party on or prior to Closing of the following conditions:

(a) each of the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals and each of the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals shall have become a Final Order (a "Final Order" means any action by the relevant regulatory authority which has not been reversed, stayed, enjoined, set aside, annulled or suspended, as to which any waiting period prescribed by law for the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby has expired and as to which all conditions to the consummation of such transactions prescribed by Law have been satisfied), and such Final Order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Party that sought the consent or approval granted by such Final Order (for purposes of the immediately preceding clause, (i) if Seller is the Party that sought the consent or approval granted by a Final Order, such Final Order shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to Seller if it (A) complies in all material respects with the terms and conditions of Seller's application therefor and (B) would not reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect, (ii) if Buyer is the Party that sought the consent or approval granted by a Final Order, such Final Order shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to Buyer if it (A) complies in all material respects with the terms and conditions of Buyer's application therefor and (B) would not reasonably be

expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect, and (iii) if Seller and Buyer jointly sought, in the same application, the consent or approval granted by a Final Order, such Final Order shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to Seller if (A) it complies in all material respects with the terms and conditions of the joint application therefor and (B) it would not reasonably be expected to have a Seller Material Adverse Effect, and such Final Order shall be deemed to be reasonably acceptable to Buyer if it (A) complies in all material respects with the terms and conditions of the joint application therefor and (B) would not reasonably be expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect); provided, however, that if there shall be pending or threatened any appeal or challenge to a Final Order, which, if adversely determined, would cause such Final Order not to be reasonably acceptable (within the meaning of the immediately preceding parenthetical) to the Party that sought such Final Order, then if such Party notifies the other Party that such pending or threatened appeal or challenge exists (such notification to be made as soon as reasonably practicable following knowledge of such pending or threatened appeal or challenge), then such determination of whether a Final Order is reasonably acceptable to the Party who sought it shall be made only after all opportunities for rehearing or judicial review are exhausted and provided, further, that if the determination of whether a Final Order is reasonably acceptable to the Party who sought it shall be delayed pursuant to the foregoing proviso, the Termination Date shall be automatically extended for a period of time equal to the period of time for which such determination shall have been delayed;

(b) no (A) suit, action or other proceeding that has a reasonable likelihood of success against any Party or its Affiliates or any of the Auctioned Assets shall be pending before any Governmental Authority which seeks to restrain or prohibit any of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the Ancillary Agreements, or (B) preliminary or permanent injunction, judgment, order or decree by any federal or state court of competent jurisdiction and no statute, rule or regulation enacted by any Governmental Authority preventing the consummation of any of the transactions contemplated hereby or by the Ancillary Agreements (collectively, "<u>Restraints</u>") shall be in effect; and

(c) delivery of each of the Deeds, the Continuing Site Agreement, the Declaration of Easements Agreement and a Memorandum of the GT Site Ground Lease to the Title Company for recording. SECTION 7.02. <u>Conditions Precedent to Obligation</u> of Buyer. The obligation of Buyer to effect the purchase, sale and transfer of the Auctioned Assets contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver by Buyer on or prior to Closing of the following additional conditions:

(a) Seller shall have performed in all material respects its covenants, agreements and obligations contained in this Agreement which are required to be performed on or prior to Closing;

(b) the representations and warranties of Seller which are set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Closing Date, as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of the date of this Agreement, in which case as of such date);

(c) Buyer shall have received a certificate from an authorized officer of Seller, dated the Closing Date, to the effect that, to the best of such officer's knowledge, the conditions set forth in Sections 7.02(a) and (b) have been satisfied;

(d) all consents, waivers and approvals required to transfer the Required Contracts, Required Software, Patents (to the extent necessary to operate the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines in the manner currently operated by Seller) and Transferable Permits to Buyer shall have been obtained on or prior to Closing and all Required Contracts, Required Software, Patents (to the extent necessary to operate the Generating Plants and the Gas Turbines in the manner currently operated by Seller) and Transferable Permits shall have been transferred to Buyer at or prior to Closing;

(e) Buyer shall have received (i) deeds of conveyance substantially in the form of Exhibits A-1 and A-2 (the "Deeds"), (ii) a Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act Certification and Affidavit substantially in the form of Exhibit B and (iii) an opinion from John D. McMahon, Esq., General Counsel of Seller and/or other counsel reasonably acceptable to Buyer, dated the Closing Date, substantially in the form set forth in Exhibit C;

(f) unless Seller shall have made the election described in Section 9.01(a) (v), Buyer shall have

received the IRS rulings contemplated to be received by Buyer pursuant to Section 6.07(c);

(g) in accordance with Section 6.07(a), Seller shall have transferred all of the assets of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund to Buyer and the aggregate Fair Market Value of the assets of the Decommissioning Funds transferred to Buyer pursuant to Sections 6.07(a) and (b) shall not be less than \$430,000,000;

(h) the Title Company shall have agreed to issue (as evidenced by binding commitments of the Title Company which shall have been delivered to Buyer) immediately after Closing to Buyer, at Buyer's expense and at standard rates, a current ALTA (1992) Owner's Title Insurance Policy (as filed in New York with the standard New York endorsement) insuring title to the fee and leasehold interests in the Buyer Real Estate to be conveyed/granted to Buyer pursuant to this Agreement in an amount equal to that portion of the Purchase Price properly allocable to such interests, subject only to Permitted Exceptions, and Seller shall have delivered affidavits to the Title Company in substantially the form attached as Exhibit D;

(i) (A) Seller shall have replaced the steam generators at Indian Point Unit 2 with the spare steam generators being stored by Seller, (B) Indian Point Unit 2 shall have been restarted and during any single 24-hour period subsequent to such restart Indian Point Unit 2 shall have, as applicable, demonstrated net electrical capacity of (i) 941 megawatts (during the summer period) or (ii) 976 megawatts (during the winter period) and, (C) at Closing, no forced reduction of greater than 5% of such electrical capacity or no outage shall be ongoing at Indian Point Unit 2;

(j) Seller shall have obtained a waiver that permits Seller, without first offering such undivided interests to NYPA, to transfer to Buyer the undivided interests of Seller as a tenant in common with NYPA to the following described personal property, fixtures, structures, improvements, or other interests, excepting the fee to the land on which, over which, or under which such interests are erected or located, in each case as more specifically described in the deed dated December 30, 1975, executed by Seller and NYPA, and recorded in the County Clerk's Office of Westchester County, New York, on December 31, 1975 in Liber 7306, page 736 (the "<u>1975 Deed</u>"): (1) that portion of the

circulating water Discharge Canal lying south of a line parallel to and 135 feet south of the northerly boundary of "PARCEL A" (such term being as defined in the 1975 Deed), delineated on "Map No. 1" (such term being as defined in the 1975 Deed) and designated thereon as "PAC-3"; (2) the outfall gates Control House and power and control conduits serving the Control House and the outfall gates (but omitting such portion of such power and control conduits as are found on the outfall gates and associated structures westerly of the westerly boundary of PARCEL A within lands now or formerly of the New York State Atomic and Space Development Authority or its successor, the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority), and appurtenances thereto, delineated on Map No. 1 and designated thereon as "PAC-4"; (3) the Meteorological Tower, the Meteorological Trailer, forward scatter meter, associated foundations, structures, supports, anchors, and other associated facilities and appurtenances, delineated on Map No.1 and designated thereon as "PAC-8"; and (4) the outfall gates power cables running from PARCEL A underground through "EASEMENT PARCEL 1" (such term being defined in the 1975 Deed) to MCC 10Z in the Screenwell Structure No. 1 on EASEMENT PARCEL 1 (as delineated and designated on Map No. 1) and associated control wires from PARCEL A underground through EASEMENT PARCEL 1 to Control Building No. 1, such facilities being designated as "CEC-3" on Map No. 1, together with appurtenances;

(k) Seller shall have executed and delivered the GT Site Ground Lease;

(1) Seller shall have executed and delivered the Continuing Site Agreement;

(m) Seller shall have executed and delivered the Declaration of Easements Agreement;

(n) Seller shall have executed and delivered the Power Purchase Agreement;

(o) Seller shall have entered into an Electric Service Contract regarding the provision and/or delivery of Station-Use Energy as defined in the Continuing Site Agreement;

(p) since the date of this Agreement, there shall not have occurred and be continuing a Material Adverse Effect; and (q) Seller shall have executed and delivered each of the following:

(i) a bill of sale by which title to Auctioned Assets constituting personal property shall be conveyed to Buyer, substantially in the form of Exhibit H (the "Bill of Sale");

(ii) a copy, certified by the Secretary of Seller, of resolutions authorizing the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and instruments attached as exhibits hereto and thereto, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby;

(iii) a certificate of the Secretary of Seller certifying the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Seller and the authority of the officers of Seller executing this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements;

(iv) certificates of title for the vehicles set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(iii), to the extent such certificates of title are necessary for the transfers of such vehicles; and

(v) such other agreements, consents, documents, instruments and writings as are reasonably requested to be delivered by Seller at or prior to Closing pursuant to this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements, including all such other instruments of sale, transfer, conveyance, assignment or assumption as Buyer may reasonably request in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.

SECTION 7.03. <u>Conditions Precedent to Obligation</u> of Seller. The obligation of Seller to effect the purchase, sale and transfer of the Auctioned Assets contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction or waiver by Seller on or prior to Closing of the following additional conditions:

(a) Buyer shall have performed in all material respects its covenants, agreements and obligations contained in this Agreement which are required to be performed on or prior to Closing;

(b) the representations and warranties of Buyer which are set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Closing Date, as if made at and as of such time (except to the extent expressly made as of the date of this Agreement, in which case as of such date);

(c) Seller shall have received a certificate from an authorized officer of Buyer, dated the Closing Date, to the effect that, to the best of such officer's knowledge, the conditions set forth in Sections 7.03(a) and (b) have been satisfied;

(d) Seller shall have received an opinion from Joseph L. Blount, Esq., General Counsel of Buyer and Entergy Nuclear, Inc. and/or other counsel reasonably acceptable to Seller, dated the Closing Date, substantially in the form set forth in Exhibit E;

(e) unless Buyer shall have made the election described in Section 9.01(b)(iv), Seller shall have received the IRS rulings and the New York State Department of Taxation advisory opinion contemplated to be received by Seller pursuant to Section 6.07(c);

(f) Buyer shall have entered into an Electric Service Contract regarding the provision and/or delivery of Station-Use Energy as defined in the Continuing Site Agreement;

(g) Guarantor shall have executed and delivered the Guarantee Agreement and Seller shall have received an opinion substantially in the form of Exhibit G dated the Closing Date and from counsel reasonably acceptable to Seller;

(h) Buyer shall have executed and delivered the GT Site Ground Lease;

(i) Buyer shall have executed and delivered the Continuing Site Agreement;

(j) Buyer shall have executed and delivered the Declaration of Easements Agreement;

(k) Buyer shall have executed and delivered the Power Purchase Agreement; and

(1) Buyer shall have executed and delivered each of the following:

(i) a copy, certified by the Secretary of Buyer, of resolutions authorizing the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements and instruments attached as exhibits hereto and thereto, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby;

(ii) a certificate of the Secretary of Buyer certifying the certificate of incorporation and bylaws of Buyer and the authority of the officers of Buyer executing this Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements; and

(iii) such other agreements, consents, documents, instruments and writings as are reasonably requested to be delivered by Buyer at or prior to Closing pursuant to this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements, including all such other instruments of sale, transfer, conveyance, assignment or assumption as Seller may reasonably request in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby.

ARTICLE VIII

Employee Matters

SECTION 8.01. Employee Matters. (a) ENO shall offer equivalent employment at the Auctioned Assets to those employees of Seller, regularly assigned by Seller to work at the Auctioned Assets as of Closing in the job titles listed in Schedule 8.01(a) or in the Collective Bargaining Agreement (all such employees described above and those individuals described in the following sentence being hereinafter referred to as "Affected Employees"). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the offer of employment to Affected Employees who are officers as of Closing need not be equivalent. Affected Employees shall include each such employee of Seller who is not actively at work due solely to a temporary absence, whether paid or unpaid, in accordance with applicable policies of Seller, including as a result of vacation, holiday, personal time, leave of absence, union leave, sick allowance, military leave, Family or Medical Leave Act leave or jury duty. Affected Employees also include each such former employee of Seller who is reinstated as a result of a legal proceeding arising out of employment with Seller (including any arbitration proceeding) during (i) the Union Transition Period, in the case of an Affected Union Employee and (ii) the Non-Union Transition Period, in the case of an Affected Employee who is not an Affected Union Employee, provided that Seller shall be responsible for any monetary obligations or expense

involved with respect to each such reinstatement, including, without limitation, backpay, damage awards and attorneys' fees. Each Affected Employee who accepts an offer of employment from ENO shall be referred to herein as a "Continued Employee." Continued Employees shall cease to be employees of Seller as of Closing and the period of employment by ENO of the Continued Employees shall begin at Closing. Notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, any Affected Employee who, on Closing, is not actively at work and has been absent for a continuous six-month period immediately prior to Closing on account of an illness or injury (a "Special Affected Employee") shall not become a Continued Employee until he or she is able to report to work for ENO. A Special Affected Employee shall remain on Seller's payroll until the earlier of (i) the expiration of his or her Seller's sick allowance and termination from employment by Seller, or (ii) he or she is able to report to work for ENO. Seller shall reimburse Buyer for all wages, compensation, or other benefits paid by ENO to any Continued Employee who was not actively at work on account of an illness or injury as of Closing, and who, on account of such illness or injury does not report to work for ENO before his or her sick allowance benefits expire. As to each such Continued Employee, his or her employment shall terminate on the date immediately after his or her sick allowance benefits expire. Seller's reimbursement shall in no event exceed the compensation and benefits to which each such Continued Employee would have been entitled had he or she continued to be employed by Seller until his or her sick allowance benefits expired. Seller shall be responsible for any obligation to provide employee benefits to Affected Employees prior to Closing.

All such offers of employment to Affected Employees will be made (i) in accordance with all applicable Laws and (ii) for employees represented by Utility Workers' Union of America AFL-CIO and its Local Union 1-2 ("Local 1- $\underline{2}$ "), in accordance with the Local 1-2 Collective Bargaining Agreement (as defined in Section 8.01(b)). ENO may extend offers for employment to Affected Employees beginning four weeks prior to Closing. To the extent ENO continues to employ Continued Non-Union Employees, ENO shall maintain equivalent employment of such employees for a period of not less than twelve months after Closing. At least four weeks prior to Closing and at Closing, Seller shall confirm to ENO that each Affected Employee (prior to Closing) or Continued Employee (at Closing), as applicable, (A) is qualified, licensed, certified or trained in accordance with applicable government requirements or standards to perform the duties and responsibilities of his or her current job assignment and (B) has the appropriate nuclear power plant

authorization. Subject to the provisions of this Article VIII, ENO retains the right to assign and direct the work of the Continued Non-Union Employees and to conduct its business and operations consistent with its business needs.

Schedule 8.01(b) sets forth the 2000-2004 (b) collective bargaining agreement, and amendments thereto, to which Seller is a party in connection with the Auctioned Assets (the "Collective Bargaining Agreement"). Affected Employees who are included in the collective bargaining unit covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement are referred to herein as "Affected Union Employees". Each Continued Employee who is an Affected Union Employee shall be referred to herein as a "Continued Union Employee". At Closing, ENO will assume the terms and conditions of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, except as set forth in Section 8.02(b) below and negotiated in good faith with Local 1-2, as they relate to Continued Union Employees until the expiration date of the Collective Bargaining Agreement (the "Union Transition Period"). ENO will comply with its legal obligations with respect to collective bargaining under federal labor law for the employees at the Auctioned Assets in the job titles or related work responsibilities of the Affected Union Employees, and ENO will comply with all applicable obligations thereunder. ENO shall recognize Local 1-2 as the exclusive collective bargaining representative of the employees at the Auctioned Assets in the job titles or related work responsibilities of the Affected Union Employees and Buyer and ENO agree that, should any other business entity (regardless of its relationship to Buyer or ENO) acquire all or a portion of the Auctioned Assets from Buyer prior to the expiration date of the Collective Bargaining Agreement, Buyer and ENO will require such business entity to (i) offer employment to Affected Union Employees employed by ENO at the Auctioned Assets immediately prior to the change in ownership, (ii) recognize Local 1-2 as the exclusive collective bargaining representative of ENO's employees at the Auctioned Assets in the job titles or related work responsibilities of the Affected Union Employees, and (iii) assume the terms and conditions of the Collective Bargaining Agreement as they relate to Affected Union Employees from the date of such acquisition through the expiration date of the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

SECTION 8.02. <u>Continuation of Equivalent Benefit</u> <u>Plans/Credited Service.</u> (a) For not less than three years following Closing (the "<u>Non-Union Transition Period</u>"), ENO shall maintain compensation (including base pay and bonus compensation) and employee benefits and employee benefit plans, nonqualified plans and arrangements for each

Continued Employee who is not a Continued Union Employee (a "Continued Non-Union Employee") which are at least equivalent to those provided to such Continued Non-Union Employee pursuant to Seller's compensation, employee benefits and employee benefit plans, nonqualified plans and arrangements described in Section 8.02 through 8.09, that are in effect as of Closing. Seller's benefits, plans and arrangements listed on Schedule 4.12, but not specifically enumerated in Section 8.02 through 8.09, are referred to as "Seller's 4.12 Benefits". In addition to those benefit plans listed in Section 8.02 through 8.09, ENO shall maintain benefits which, in the aggregate, are equivalent in value to Seller's 4.12 Benefits. ENO may substitute for the Seller's employee stock purchase plan an enhancement to ENO's 401(k) Plans described in Section 8.04 below or an alternative plan or arrangement that is at least of equivalent value to the Seller's stock purchase plan. Such compensation shall be based upon (x) such employee's existing individual base pay, (y) such employee's authorized overtime, if applicable, and (z) the average bonus and benefit component for such employee's salary plan level, as consistently applied by Seller, apportioned according to such employee's base pay.

(b) During the Union Transition Period, ENO shall provide to each Continued Union Employee benefits and employee benefit plans and arrangements which are equivalent to those provided under such Collective Bargaining Agreement. Such benefits, plans and arrangements include (i) hospital, medical, dental, vision care the following: and prescription drug benefits (including employee contributions to be made on a pre-tax basis), (ii) health care and dependent care flexible spending accounts; (iii) employer-provided basic group term life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance; (iv) employee-paid group universal life and spousal and dependent child life insurance; (v) sick allowance (short term disability) and long term disability benefits; (vi) business travel accident insurance and crime protection insurance; (vii) occupational accidental death insurance; (viii) adoption benefits and child care and elder care referral benefits; (ix) tuition aid benefits; (x) vacation and holidays; (xi) employee stock purchase plan (including employer matching contributions) or such alternative plan or arrangement negotiated in good faith with Local 1-2; and (xii) defined benefit pension and 401(k) plan benefits. In providing such benefits, ENO shall have the right, subject to any applicable Laws and the Collective Bargaining Agreement, to use different providers from those used by Seller and to establish ENO's own benefit plans or use ENO's existing benefit plans. For purposes hereof, except as provided in Section 8.04(b), ENO shall not

79

have any obligation to maintain a fund holding or measured by common stock of Seller's parent under any of ENO's plans or arrangements, notwithstanding any such fund maintained by Seller under its plans and arrangements.

Continued Employees shall be given credit by (C) ENO for all service with Seller and its Affiliates under all existing or future employee benefit and fringe benefit plans, programs and arrangements of ENO ("Buyer Benefit Plans") in which they become participants and in which prior service is recognized for crediting the amount or value of the benefit. The service credit given by ENO shall be for purposes of eligibility, vesting, eligibility for early retirement and early retirement subsidies, benefit accrual, pre-existing condition limitation, employer contributions, matching contributions, severance allowance and servicerelated level of benefits. ENO shall assume and honor all vacation, sick and personal days accrued and unused by Continued Employees as of Closing in accordance with Seller's applicable policies and arrangements.

SECTION 8.03. Pension Plan. (a) Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in effect defined benefit pension plans ("Buyer's Pension Plans") intended to be (i) qualified pursuant to Section 401(a) of the Code and (ii) nonqualified, in order to provide for benefits which would otherwise be payable under the applicable qualified plan but for the application of Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 of the Code, providing benefits as of Closing identical in all material respects (except for such changes as may be required by Law) to the benefits provided to them under Seller's Pension Plans (as defined below), in particular (x) for Continued Non-Union Employees, such Buyer's Pension Plans to provide benefits identical in all material respects to those benefits provided under Seller's Retirement Plan for Management Employees, or its successor plan, and Seller's Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, and (y) for Continued Union Employees, such Buyer's Pension Plans to provide benefits identical in all material respects to those provided under Seller's Pension and Benefits Plan, or its successor plan (collectively, "Seller's Pension Plans"), in each case, as of Closing. ENO acknowledges and agrees that one such material respect is to count age after termination of employment with ENO for purposes of satisfying requirements in Buyer's Pension Plans for early retirement eligibility and early retirement subsidies.

(b) Continued Employees participating in Seller's Pension Plans immediately prior to Closing shall become participants in Buyer's Pension Plans as of Closing. Without limiting the generality of Section 8.02(c), Continued Employees shall receive credit for all compensation and service with Seller (subject to the terms of Seller's Pension Plans as then in effect) for purposes of eligibility for participation, vesting, eligibility for early retirement and early retirement subsidies and benefit accrual under Buyer's Pension Plans. Seller shall be responsible and shall retain the assets for the Continued Employees' pension benefits accrued up to Closing, and ENO shall be responsible for pension benefits accrued by such Continued Employees after Closing as provided herein. ENO may offset against the accrued benefits determined under Buyer's Pension Plans the accrued benefits determined under Seller's Pension Plans. For the purpose of this Section 8.03(b), "accrued benefit" means the amount that would be paid as a life annuity at normal retirement age irrespective of the date of actual distribution from either Seller's or Buyer's Pension Plans. Seller shall make pension distributions to Continued Employees of the vested portion of their accrued benefits in accordance with the terms of Seller's Pension Plans as in effect from time to time. As soon as reasonably practicable following Closing, Seller shall provide ENO a list showing, as of Closing, the accrued benefit of each Continued Employee under Seller's Pension Plans.

(c) In the event that any other business entity (regardless of its relationship to Buyer or ENO) acquires all or a portion of the Auctioned Assets from Buyer at any time during the Non-Union Transition Period in the case of Continued Non-Union Employees and during the Union Transition Period in the case of Continued Union Employees, Buyer and ENO will require such entity to maintain ENO's defined benefit plans, provide the benefits and recognize compensation and service with Seller and ENO to the same extent as ENO is required under Sections 8.03(a) and (b) above.

SECTION 8.04. <u>401(k) Plan.</u> (a) Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in effect tax-qualified defined contribution plans and trust arrangements thereunder that include a qualified cash or deferred arrangement within the meaning of Section 401(k) of the Code ("Buver's 401(k) <u>Plans</u>") that will provide benefits that are identical in all material respects (except for such changes as may be required by Law) to those provided by (i) Seller's Thrift Savings Plan for Management Employees, in the case of Continued Non-Union Employees, and (ii) Seller's Retirement Income Savings Plan for Weekly Employees, in the case of Continued Union Employees (such Seller plans herein referred to collectively as "Seller's 401(k) Plans"), in each case, as of Closing. Each Continued Employee participating in

Seller's 401(k) Plans immediately prior to Closing shall become a participant in Buyer's 401(k) Plans as of Closing. Continued Employees shall receive credit for all service with Seller for purposes of eligibility, vesting and employer matching and, if applicable, profit sharing contributions under Buyer's 401(k) Plans.

At such time after Closing as Seller is (b) reasonably satisfied that Buyer's 401(k) Plans meet the requirements for qualification under Section 401(a) of the Code, Seller shall cause to be transferred to Buyer's 401(k) Plans in a trust-to-trust transfer in common stock of Seller's parent (as provided in the following sentence) and cash (or other property reasonably acceptable to ENO) an amount equal to the value of the assets held in the accounts of all Continued Employees (including any outstanding loan balances of Continued Employees in Seller's 401(k) Plans), subject to any qualified domestic relations orders. Prior to such transfer, Seller shall make all employer contributions that accrued prior to Closing with respect to the accounts of Continued Employees under Seller's 401(k) In connection therewith, ENO shall establish an Plans. investment fund under Buyer's 401(k) Plans to which shall be transferred the shares of common stock of Seller's parent (or any successor thereto) which, as of the date of transfer, are credited to the accounts of the Continued Employees under Seller's 401(k) Plans. The investment fund(s) available under the Buyer's 401(k) Plans shall offer a broad range of investment alternatives, including at least three diversified investment alternatives, each of the three having materially different risk and return characteristics and containing diversified assets. After Closing and prior to any such transfer, ENO shall cooperate with Seller in the administration of distributions to and loan repayments by Continued Employees. Prior to such transfer of assets, Seller shall vest any unvested benefits of Continued Employees under Seller's 401(k) Plans. Following any such transfer of assets, ENO shall assume all obligations and liabilities of Seller under Seller's 401(k) Plans with respect to such Continued Employees, and Seller shall have no further liability to ENO or any Continued Employee with respect thereto.

SECTION 8.05. <u>Welfare Plans.</u> (a) Continued Employees and their dependents who are eligible to participate in Seller's current welfare benefits plans, programs or arrangements shall be eligible to participate in equivalent welfare benefits plans, programs or arrangements maintained or established by ENO ("<u>Buyer's Welfare Plans</u>"), effective as of Closing. Effective as of Closing, any limitations as to pre-existing conditions and actively-atwork exclusions and waiting periods under Buyer's Welfare Plans shall be waived by ENO with respect to Continued Employees and their eligible dependents to the extent satisfied under Seller's applicable Welfare Plans. In addition, effective as of Closing, ENO shall cause Buyer's Welfare Plans to recognize any out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Continued Employees and their eligible dependents prior to Closing and during the calendar year in which such Closing occurs for purposes of determining their deductibles and out-of-pocket maximums under Buyer's Welfare Seller shall retain responsibility under Seller's Plans. welfare plans for claims or causes of action relating to expenses incurred by Continued Employees and their eligible dependents prior to Closing. ENO shall have responsibility under Buyer's Welfare Plans for claims or causes of action relating to expenses incurred by Continued Employees and their eligible dependents on and after Closing. Seller expressly agrees to remain responsible for making COBRA continuation coverage available to Affected Employees and Special Affected Employees and their eligible dependents who do not become Continued Employees.

Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in (b) effect health care and dependent care reimbursement account plans for the benefit of each Continued Employee, the terms of which shall (i) be identical in all material respects to the Flexible Reimbursement Account Plans for Management and Weekly Employees of Seller ("Seller's Reimbursement Account Plans") as in effect as of Closing and (ii) give full effect to, and continue in effect, salary reduction elections made under Seller's Reimbursement Account Plans. Prior to Closing, Seller shall cause the accounts of Continued Employees under Seller's Reimbursement Account Plans to be segregated into separate health care, dependent care and transportation reimbursement accounts (the "Segregated Reimbursement Accounts"), and such Segregated Reimbursement Accounts shall be transferred to and assumed by ENO as of Closing.

(c) ENO shall, subject to any applicable Laws, provide a retiree health program identical in all material respects to Seller's retiree health program as in effect as of Closing to each Continued Employee who terminates his employment with ENO during the Non-Union Transition Period, in the case of a Continued Non-Union Employee, and during the Union Transition Period, in the case of a Continued Union Employee, and, in each case, who at the time of such termination of employment satisfies the eligibility requirements for such retiree health program provided by ENO; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Seller shall remain liable, pursuant to Seller's retiree health program, for all Continued Employees who satisfy, as of Closing, the eligibility requirements then in effect for Seller's retiree health program.

SECTION 8.06. <u>Short- and Long-Term Disability.</u> Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in effect short- and long-term disability plans for the benefit of Continued Employees, the cost of which to Continued Employees shall be the same as under, and the terms of which are identical in all material respects to, Seller's applicable plans as in effect as of Closing. Any waiting periods and pre-existing condition clauses shall be waived under ENO's short- and long-term disability plans with respect to Continued Employees to the extent satisfied under Seller's short- and long-term disability plans.

SECTION 8.07. Life Insurance and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance. Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in effect group term life insurance, group universal life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment insurance, occupational accidental death insurance, business travel accident insurance and crime protection insurance plans for the benefit of Continued Employees, the cost of which to Continued Employees shall be the same as under, and terms of which are identical in all material respects to, Seller's applicable plans that provide such benefits to Continued Employees immediately prior to Closing.

Effective as of SECTION 8.08. Severance. (a) Closing, ENO shall have in effect a severance plan ("Buver's Severance Plan") covering Continued Non-Union Employees that contains terms identical in all material respects to Seller's Severance Pay Plan for Management Employees, as in effect as of Closing ("Seller's Severance Plan"). Continued Non-Union Employees who become officers of ENO, if any, shall participate in the officers' severance plans available to ENO officers. With respect to Affected Employees who are officers of Seller, ENO shall assume all liabilities and obligations, if any, under Seller's Severance Program for Officers of Consolidated Edison, Inc. and its Subsidiaries or any such officer's employment agreement set forth in Schedule 2.02(a)(iv), as applicable, arising from ENO's offers of employment to such officers.

(b) ENO shall, subject to any applicable Laws, provide a special separation allowance for any Continued Employee whose employment with ENO is terminated involuntarily by ENO other than for cause during the Non-Union Transition Period, in the case of Continued Non-Union Employees, and during the Union Transition Period, in the case of Continued Union Employees. Such allowance shall be

not less than the sum of four weeks pay plus one week pay for each completed year of service (as determined by aggregating each affected individual's respective service with Seller and ENO) and shall be payable by ENO in a lump sum within 30 days after termination of employment. In addition, in the case of each Continued Non-Union Employee described in the first sentence of this Section 8.08(b), ENO shall pay the Continued Non-Union Employee a lump sum equal to the excess of (i) the actuarial equivalent of the Continued Non-Union Employee's "potential benefit" under the applicable Buyer's Pension Plans, which such Continued Non-Union Employee would receive if such Continued Non-Union Employee's employment continued until three years after Closing and such Continued Non-Union Employee's base and incentive compensation for such deemed additional period was the same as in effect on the date of such Continued Non-Union Employee's termination of employment with ENO, over (ii) the actuarial equivalent of such Continued Non-Union Employee's "actual benefit" under the applicable Buyer's Pension Plans, as of the date of such Continued Non-Union Employee's termination of employment from ENO. For the purpose of the foregoing sentence, (i) the term "potential benefit" shall refer to the monthly pension that would have been payable to the applicable Continued Non-Union Employee commencing on the first day of the month following the latest of (A) the last day of the deemed additional period, (B) Continued Non-Union Employee's attainment of age 55, or (C) the earlier of (1) the first date as of which the sum of such Continued Non-Union Employee's age and years of service, as taken into account in determining the actuarial reduction for commencement prior to normal retirement age that is to be applied to such Continued Non-Union Employee's accrued benefit under the applicable Buyer's Pension Plans, equals 75 or (2) such Continued Non-Union Employee's attainment of age 65, (ii) the term "actual benefit" shall refer to the monthly pension payable to such Continued Non-Union Employee under the applicable Buyer's Pension Plans commencing as of the date determined in accordance with clause (i) of this sentence, and (iii) the actuarial equivalent of the "potential benefit" and the "actual benefit" shall each be a lump sum payable as of the date of such Continued Non-Union Employee's termination of employment from ENO, determined on the basis of the interest rate used to determine the amount of lump sum distributions and, to the extent applicable, other actuarial assumptions then in effect under the applicable Buyer's Pension Plans. ENO shall also provide outplacement services to such terminated Continued Non-Union Employee appropriate to the level of the Continued Non-Union Employee's position and job responsibilities. ENO shall also continue to provide or cause to be provided to any such terminated Continued

Employee health insurance coverage and group term and universal life insurance coverage at the same rates as for active Continued Employees for a period equal to the number of weeks of separation allowance which any such terminated Continued Employee is entitled to from ENO. ENO shall have the right to require a release in a form reasonably satisfactory to ENO as a condition for eligibility to receive such separation allowance. The allowance shall not apply to Continued Employees whose employment is terminated due to death or expiration of sick allowance or other authorized leave of absence or who terminate employment voluntarily. If at any time during the three-year period following Closing, ENO shall assign a Continued Non-Union Employee to work on a regular basis at a location that is more than fifty miles from the location to which such Employee is assigned as of Closing, ENO shall offer such Continued Non-Union Employee the option to terminate employment and receive the severance benefits set forth in this Section 8.08(b) in lieu of the reassignment.

SECTION 8.09. <u>Workers Compensation</u>. Effective as of Closing, ENO shall have in effect a workers compensation program for Continued Employees that shall provide coverage identical in all material respects to Seller's workers compensation program as of Closing.

ARTICLE IX

Indemnification and Dispute Resolution

SECTION 9.01. <u>Indemnification.</u> (a) Seller will indemnify and hold harmless Buyer and its Affiliates and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents and representatives (collectively with Buyer and its Affiliates, the "<u>Buyer Indemnitees</u>") from and against any claims or causes of action, demands, or suits by any person, and all losses, liabilities, damages, obligations, payments (including amounts paid in settlement in accordance with this Article IX), judgments, orders, decrees, rulings, liens, charges, costs and expenses (including reasonable legal fees and expenses and including costs and expenses incurred in connection with investigations and settlement proceedings) (each, an "<u>Indemnifiable Loss</u>"), as incurred, asserted against or suffered by any Buyer Indemnitee relating to, resulting from or arising out of:

(i) any breach by Seller of (A) any covenant or agreement of Seller contained in this Agreement (other than covenants or agreements relating to the Power Purchase Agreement) or (B) prior to their expiration in accordance with Section 11.03, the representations and warranties contained in Article IV;

(ii) the Retained Liabilities (other than Retained Liabilities arising under the Power Purchase Agreement);

(iii) noncompliance by Seller with any bulk sales or transfer laws referred to in Section 6.09;

(iv) any breach by Seller of any Ancillary Agreement (other than breaches of the Power Purchase Agreement); or

(v) if Buyer has failed to receive any of the IRS rulings contemplated to be received by Buyer pursuant to Section 6.07(c) and Seller has elected that the condition set forth in Section 7.02(f) shall not apply, all Taxes, including, for purposes of clause (A), estimated Taxes, (net of any refunds or credits) incurred solely as a result of (A) in the case of the failure to receive an IRS ruling contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(A), the failure to be entitled to take the positions requested in such ruling on any Tax Return of Buyer or (B) in the case of the failure to receive an IRS ruling contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(B) or 6.07(c)(i)(C), the failure of the positions requested in such ruling to be sustained following: any proceedings described in Section 9.03(a), the failure of Seller to request a Tax Refund Suit pursuant to Section 9.03(b) or, if Seller does so request, the failure of such Tax Refund Suit, as applicable.

(b) Buyer will indemnify and hold harmless Seller and its Affiliates and their respective directors, officers, trustees, employees, agents and representatives (collectively with Seller and its Affiliates, the "Seller Indemnitees") from and against any Indemnifiable Losses, as incurred, asserted against or suffered by any Seller Indemnitee relating to, resulting from or arising out of:

(i) any breach by Buyer of (A) any covenant or agreement of Buyer contained in this Agreement (other than covenants or agreements relating to the Power Purchase Agreement) or (B) prior to their expiration in accordance with Section 11.03, the representations and warranties contained in Sections 5.01, 5.02, 5.03 and 5.05;

(ii) the Assumed Obligations (other than Assumed

Obligations arising under the Power Purchase Agreement);

(iii) any breach by Buyer of any Ancillary Agreement (other than breaches of the Power Purchase Agreement); or

(iv) if Seller has failed to receive any of the IRS rulings or the New York State Department of Taxation advisory opinion contemplated to be received by Seller pursuant to Section 6.07(c) and Buyer has elected that the condition set forth in Section 7.03(e) shall not apply, all Taxes, including, for purposes of clause (A), estimated Taxes (net of any refunds or credits) incurred by the Decommissioning Funds and Seller solely as a result of (A) in the case of the failure to receive an IRS ruling contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(A), the failure to be entitled to take the positions requested in such ruling on any Tax Return of the Qualified Decommissioning Fund of Seller or (B) in the case of the failure to receive an IRS ruling or an advisory opinion contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(B), 6.07(c)(i)(C) or 6.07(c)(ii), the failure of the positions requested in such ruling to be sustained following: any proceedings described in Section 9.03(a), the failure of Buyer to request a Tax Refund Suit pursuant to Section 9.03(b) or, if Buyer does so request, the failure of such Tax Refund Suit, as applicable.

The amount of any Indemnifiable Loss shall be (c)reduced to the extent that the relevant Buyer Indemnitee or Seller Indemnitee (each, an "Indemnitee") receives any insurance proceeds with respect to an Indemnifiable Loss and shall be (i) increased to take account of any Tax Cost incurred by the Indemnitee arising from the receipt of indemnity payments hereunder (grossed up for such increase) and (ii) reduced to take account of any Tax Benefit realized by the Indemnitee arising from the incurrence or payment of any such Indemnifiable Loss. If the amount of any Indemnifiable Loss, at any time subsequent to the making of an indemnity payment in respect thereof, is reduced by recovery, settlement or otherwise under or pursuant to any insurance coverage, or pursuant to any claim or cause of action, recovery, settlement or payment by or against any other person, the amount of such reduction, less any costs, expenses or premiums incurred in connection therewith, will promptly be repaid by the Indemnitee to the Party required to provide indemnification hereunder (the "Indemnifying <u>Party</u>") with respect to such Indemnifiable Loss.

(d) No claim may be made against Seller for indemnification with respect to breaches of representations and warranties pursuant to Section 9.01(a)(i)(B) unless and until the aggregate amount of Indemnifiable Losses incurred by the Buyer Indemnitees thereunder exceeds \$1,000,000 at which point all claims (including those previously barred by such threshold) may be made against Seller. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the maximum amount recoverable for all claims under Section 9.01(a)(i)(B) shall be \$17,000,000 (other than claims based upon fraud). No claim may be made against Buyer for indemnification with respect to breaches of representations and warranties pursuant to Section 9.01(b)(i)(B) unless and until the aggregate amount of Indemnifiable Losses incurred by the Seller Indemnitees thereunder exceeds \$1,000,000 at which point all claims (including those previously barred by such threshold) may be made against Seller. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the maximum amount recoverable for all claims under Section 9.01(b)(i)(B) shall be \$17,000,000 (other than claims based upon fraud).

(e) No Indemnifying Party shall have any liability to any Indemnitee under Section 9.01(a)(i)(B) or 9.01(b)(i)(B), as applicable after Closing, for any breach of a representation or warranty to the extent that such claim for indemnification is based upon facts of which any such Indemnitee had Knowledge prior to Closing, unless such Indemnitee provided written notice to such Indemnifying Party of the existence of such facts promptly after receiving Knowledge thereof and such Indemnifying Party thereafter failed to cure such breach within a reasonable period of time prior to Closing.

(f) To the fullest extent permitted by Law, neither Party nor any Buyer Indemnitee or any Seller Indemnitee shall be liable to the other Party or any other Buyer Indemnitee or Seller Indemnitee for any claims or causes of action, demands or suits for consequential, incidental, special, exemplary, punitive, indirect or multiple damages connected with or resulting from any breach of this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements (other than breach of this Article IX), or any actions undertaken in connection with or related hereto or thereto, including any such damages which are based upon breach of contract, tort (including negligence and misrepresentation), breach of warranty, strict liability, statute, operation of law or any other theory of recovery.

(g) The rights and remedies of Seller and Buyer under this Article IX are, solely as between Seller and Buyer, exclusive and in lieu of any other rights and

remedies which Seller and Buyer may have under this Agreement, the Ancillary Agreements (except as expressly provided in any such Ancillary Agreement) or otherwise for monetary relief with respect to (i) any breach of, or failure to perform, any covenant or agreement set forth in this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements by Seller or Buyer, (ii) any breach of any representation or warranty by Seller or Buyer, (iii) the Assumed Obligations or the Retained Liabilities and (iv) noncompliance by Seller with any bulk sales or transfer laws. Each Party agrees that the previous sentence shall not limit or otherwise affect any non-monetary right or remedy which either Party may have under this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements or otherwise limit or affect either Party's right to seek equitable relief, including the remedy of specific performance.

(h) Except with respect to breaches of representations and warranties pursuant to Sections 9.01(a)(i)(B) and 9.01(b)(i)(B) which are governed exclusively by Section 9.01(d), Buyer and Seller agree that, notwithstanding Section 9.01(g), each Party shall retain, subject to the other provisions of this Agreement, including Sections 9.01(f) and 11.03, all remedies at law or in equity with respect to (i) fraud or wilful or intentional breaches of this Agreement or the Ancillary Agreements and (ii) gross negligence or wilful or wanton acts or omissions to act of any Indemnitee (or any contractor or subcontractor thereof) on or after Closing.

SECTION 9.02. Third Party Claims Procedures. (a) If any Indemnitee receives notice of the assertion of any claim or cause of action or of the commencement of any claim, cause of action, or proceeding made or brought by any person who is not a Party or an Affiliate of a Party (a "Third Party Claim") with respect to which indemnification is to be sought from an Indemnifying Party, the Indemnitee will give such Indemnifying Party reasonably prompt written notice thereof, but in any event not later than 20 Business Days after the Indemnitee's receipt of notice of such Third Party Claim; provided, however, that a failure to give timely notice will not affect the rights or obligations of any Indemnitee except if, and only to the extent that, as a result of such failure, the Indemnifying Party was actually prejudiced. Such notice shall describe the nature of the Third Party Claim in reasonable detail and will indicate the estimated amount, if practicable, of the Indemnifiable Loss that has been or may be sustained by the Indemnitee.

(b) If a Third Party Claim is made against an Indemnitee, the Indemnifying Party will be entitled to

participate in the defense thereof and, if it so chooses, to assume the defense thereof with counsel selected by the Indemnifying Party; provided, however, that such counsel is not reasonably objected to by the Indemnitee; and provided further that the Indemnifying Party first admits in writing its liability to the Indemnitee with respect to all material elements of such claim. Should the Indemnifying Party so elect to assume the defense of a Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party will not be liable to the Indemnitee for any legal expenses subsequently incurred by the Indemnitee in connection with the defense thereof. If the Indemnifying Party so elects to assume the defense of a Third Party Claim, the Indemnitee will (i) cooperate in all reasonable respects with the Indemnifying Party in connection with such defense, (ii) not admit any liability with respect to, or settle, compromise or discharge, any Third Party Claim without the Indemnifying Party's prior written consent and (iii) agree to any settlement, compromise or discharge of a Third Party Claim which the Indemnifying Party may recommend and which by its terms obligates the Indemnifying Party to pay the full amount of the liability in connection with such Third Party Claim and releases the Indemnitee completely in connection with such Third Party Claim. In the event the Indemnifying Party shall so assume the defense of any Third Party Claim, the Indemnitee shall be entitled to participate in (but not control) such defense with its own counsel at its own expense. If the Indemnifying Party does not assume the defense of any such Third Party Claim, the Indemnitee may defend the same in such manner as it may deem appropriate, including settling such claim or litigation after giving notice to the Indemnifying Party of the terms of the proposed settlement and the Indemnifying Party will promptly reimburse the Indemnitee upon written request. Anything contained in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, no Indemnifying Party shall be entitled to assume the defense of any Third Party Claim if such Third Party Claim seeks an order, injunction or other equitable relief or relief for other than monetary damages against the Indemnitee which, if successful, would materially adversely affect the business of the Indemnitee; provided, however, that such Indemnifying Party shall continue to be obligated to such Indemnitee pursuant to Section 9.01(a) or (b), as the case may be, for all Indemnifiable Losses relating to, resulting from or arising out of such Third Party Claim.

SECTION 9.03. <u>Procedures Relating to Tax</u> <u>Indemnity.</u> (a) If (i) Buyer (Seller) has failed to receive any of the IRS rulings (or the advisory opinion) contemplated to be received by Buyer (Seller) pursuant to Section 6.07(c) (other than the rulings contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(A)) and Seller

(Buyer) has elected that the condition set forth in Section 7.02(f) (Section 7.03(e)) shall not apply, (ii) Buyer (Seller) has filed its Tax Returns taking positions as though Buyer (Seller) actually received such IRS rulings (or the advisory opinion) and (iii) a claim shall be made by any taxing authority which, if successful, might result in an indemnity payment pursuant to Section 9.01(a)(v)(B) (Section 9.01(b)(iv)(B)), the Indemnitee shall promptly notify the Indemnifying Party in writing of such claim (a "Tax Claim") and shall keep the Indemnifying Party reasonably informed of all proceedings taken pursuant to this Section 9.03(a) in connection with such Tax Claim. At the reasonable request of the Indemnifying Party, the Indemnitee shall contest such Tax Claim; provided, however, that the Indemnitee shall control all proceedings taken in connection with contesting such Tax Claim; and provided further that the Indemnitee shall not settle such Tax Claim without the consent of the Indemnifying Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

If (i) Buyer (Seller) has failed to receive any of (b) the IRS rulings (or the advisory opinion) contemplated to be received by Buyer (Seller) pursuant to Section 6.07(c) (other than the rulings contemplated to be received pursuant to Section 6.07(c)(i)(A)) and Seller (Buyer) has elected that the condition set forth in Section 7.02(f) (Section 7.03(e)) shall not apply and (ii) Buyer (Seller) has filed its Tax Returns taking positions different from those Buyer (Seller) requested in such IRS rulings (or the advisory opinion), the Indemnitee shall, at the reasonable request of the Indemnifying Party, sue for a refund (a "Tax Refund Suit") of any Taxes incurred solely as a result of the positions taken by the Indemnitee on its Tax Returns being different from the positions requested in such IRS rulings; provided, however, that the Indemnitee shall control all proceedings taken in connection with such Tax Refund Suit; and provided, further, that the Indemnitee shall not settle such Tax Refund Suit without the consent of the Indemnifying Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(c) If an indemnity payment has been made pursuant to Section 9.01(a)(v)(A) or 9.01(b)(iv)(A), the Indemnitee shall, at the request and sole expense of the Indemnifying Party, sue for a refund of the Taxes that gave rise to such indemnity payment (a "<u>Tax Contest</u>"). The Indemnifying Party shall control all proceedings taken in connection with such Tax Contest; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Indemnifying Party shall keep the Indemnitee reasonably informed of all proceedings taken in connection with such Tax Contest. The Indemnitee shall cooperate with the Indemnifying Party (at the Indemnifying Party's expense) in such Tax Contest, which cooperation shall include, without limitation, the retention and (upon the Indemnifying Party's request) the provision to the Indemnifying Party of records and information which are reasonably relevant to such Tax Contest, and making employees available on a mutually convenient basis to provide additional information or explanation of any material provided hereunder or to testify at proceedings relating to such Tax Contest.

ARTICLE X

Termination

SECTION 10.01. <u>Termination</u>. (a) This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to Closing by an instrument in writing signed on behalf of each of the Parties.

(b) This Agreement may be terminated by Seller or Buyer if Closing shall not have occurred on or before the date that is 15 months from the date of this Agreement (the "<u>Termination Date</u>"); provided, however, that the right to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 10.01(b) shall not be available to any Party whose failure to fulfill any obligation under this Agreement has been the cause of, or resulted in, the failure of Closing to occur on or before such date.

(c) This Agreement may be terminated by either Seller or Buyer if any Restraint having any of the effects set forth in Section 7.01(b) shall be in effect and shall have become final and nonappealable; provided, however, that the Party seeking to terminate this Agreement pursuant to this Section 10.01(c) shall have used its reasonable best efforts to prevent the entry of and to remove such Restraint.

(d) This Agreement may be terminated by Buyer prior to Closing if there has been a material violation or breach by Seller of any covenant, representation or warranty of Seller contained in this Agreement which has rendered the satisfaction of any conditions to the obligations of Buyer under this Agreement impossible or has resulted in a Material Adverse Effect, and such violation or breach has not been cured by Seller within 30 days after receipt by Seller of written notice from Buyer specifying in reasonable detail such violation or breach; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Buyer shall not have the right to terminate pursuant to this Section 10.01(d) if (i) such violation or breach is not reasonably capable of being cured by Seller within such 30day period but is reasonably capable of being cured by Seller within a reasonable additional period and Seller, within such 30-day period, shall have commenced good faith efforts to cure such violation or breach and shall have diligently continued such good faith efforts during such reasonable additional period, which additional period shall in no event extend beyond the Termination Date, or (ii) such violation or breach shall have been waived in writing by Buyer.

This Agreement may be terminated by Seller (e) prior to Closing if there has been a material violation or breach by Buyer of any covenant, representation or warranty of Buyer contained in this Agreement which has rendered the satisfaction of any conditions to the obligations of Seller under this Agreement impossible and such violation or breach has not been cured by Buyer within 30 days after receipt by Buyer of written notice from Seller specifying in reasonable detail such violation or breach; provided, however, that Seller shall not have the right to terminate pursuant to this Section 10.01(e) if (i) such violation or breach is not reasonably capable of being cured by Buyer within such 30day period but is reasonably capable of being cured by Buyer within a reasonable additional period and Buyer, within such 30-day period, shall have commenced good faith efforts to cure such violation or breach and shall have diligently continued such good faith efforts during such reasonable additional period, which additional period shall in no event extend beyond the Termination Date, or (ii) such violation or breach shall have been waived by Seller.

(f) This Agreement may be terminated by Buyer by giving written notice to Seller any time prior to Closing if any Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals or Seller Required Regulatory Approvals, the receipt of which is a condition to the obligation of Buyer to consummate Closing as set forth in Section 7.01(a), shall have been finally denied (and a petition for rehearing or refiling of an application initially denied without prejudice shall also have been denied) or, in the case of Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, a Final Order shall have been granted but such Final Order is not reasonably acceptable to Buyer in accordance with Section 7.01(a).

(g) This Agreement may be terminated by Seller by giving written notice to Buyer any time prior to Closing if any Seller Required Regulatory Approvals or Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, the receipt of which is a condition to the obligation of Seller to consummate Closing as set forth in Section 7.01(a), shall have been finally denied (and a petition for rehearing or refiling of an application initially denied without prejudice shall also have been denied) or, in the case of Seller Required Regulatory Approvals, a Final Order shall have been granted but such Final Order is not reasonably acceptable to Seller in accordance with Section 7.01(a).

ARTICLE XI

Miscellaneous Provisions

SECTION 11.01. Expenses. Except to the extent specifically provided herein, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be borne by the Party incurring such costs and expenses, whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby are consummated.

SECTION 11.02. <u>Amendment and Modification;</u> <u>Extension; Waiver.</u> This Agreement may be amended, modified or supplemented only by an instrument in writing signed on behalf of each of the Parties. Any agreement on the part of a Party to any extension or waiver in respect of this Agreement shall be valid only if set forth in an instrument in writing signed on behalf of such Party. The failure of a Party to this Agreement to assert any of its rights under this Agreement or otherwise shall not constitute a waiver of such rights.

SECTION 11.03. Survival of Representations or Warranties. The representations and warranties contained in Article IV (other than the first sentence of Section 4.11) and Article V (other than Section 5.04) survive for 6 months from the Closing Date and each and every other representation and warranty contained in this Agreement shall expire with, and be terminated and extinguished by Closing and no such representation or warranty shall survive Closing. From and after Closing, none of Seller, Buyer or any officer, director, trustee or Affiliate of any of them shall have any liability whatsoever with respect to any such representation or warranty that does not survive Closing. The expiration of the representations and warranties contained in Article IV (other than the first sentence of Section 4.11) and Article V (other than Section 5.04) shall not affect the Parties' obligations under Article IX if the Indemnitee provided the Indemnifying Party with proper notice of the claim or event for which indemnification is sought prior to such expiration.

SECTION 11.04. <u>Notices.</u> All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be

deemed given (as of the time of delivery or, in the case of a telecopied communication, of confirmation) if delivered personally, telecopied (which is confirmed) or sent by overnight courier (providing proof of delivery) to the Parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a Party as shall be specified by like notice):

if to Seller, to:

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. 4 Irving Place New York, NY 10003 Telecopy No.: (212) 677-0601 Attention: General Counsel

with a copy on or prior to the Closing Date to:

Cravath, Swaine & Moore 825 Eighth Avenue New York, NY 10019 Telecopy No.: (212) 474-3700 Attention: George W. Bilicic, Jr., Esg.

if to Buyer, to:

Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC 440 Hamilton Avenue White Plains, NY 10601 Telecopy No.: (914) 272-3406 Attention: Chief Operating Officer

with a copy on or prior to the Closing Date to:

c/o Entergy Nuclear, Inc. P.O. Box 31995 Jackson, MS 39286-1995 Telecopy No.: (601) 368-5694 Attention: Assistant Secretary

SECTION 11.05. Assignment; No Third Party Beneficiaries. (a) This Agreement and all of the provisions hereof shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, but neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests or obligations hereunder shall be assigned by any Party, including by operation of law, without the prior written consent of the other Party, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to all legal requirements, (i) Seller may assign or pledge its rights (A) to an Affiliate of Seller or a third party in connection with the transfer of

the Transmission System to such Affiliate or third party or (B) to a lending institution or trustee in connection with a pledge or granting of a security interest in all or any part of the Transmission System and/or this Agreement and (ii) Buyer may assign or pledge its rights (A) to an Affiliate of Buyer or (B) to a lending institution or trustee in connection with a pledge or granting of a security interest in the Auctioned Assets and/or this Agreement; provided, however, that (i) with respect to an assignment or transfer of rights or obligations by Seller, no such assignment or transfer shall relieve Seller from the full liabilities and the full financial responsibility, as provided for under this Agreement, unless and until the transferee or assignee shall agree in writing to assume such obligations and duties and Buyer has consented in writing to such assumption, and (ii) with respect to an assignment or transfer of rights or obligations by Buyer, no such assignment or transfer (A) may be consummated unless the assignee or transferee expressly. agrees in writing and in a form satisfactory to Seller to be jointly and severally liable with Buyer for all of the liabilities and obligations of Buyer under this Agreement and (B) shall relieve Buyer from the full liabilities and the full financial responsibility as provided for under this Agreement; provided, that, in the event of a subsequent transfer pursuant to this clause (ii), if such subsequent transferee shall agree to be jointly and severally liable with Buyer for all of the liabilities and obligations of Buyer under this Agreement, then the prior transferee shall be relieved of its liability upon such transfer. Any assignment in contravention of this Section 11.05 shall be null and void and without legal effect.

(b) Nothing in this Agreement is intended to confer upon any other person except the Parties any rights or remedies hereunder or shall create any third party beneficiary rights in any person, including, with respect to continued or resumed employment, any employee or former employee of Seller (including any beneficiary or dependent thereof). No provision of this Agreement shall create any rights in any such persons in respect of any benefits that may be provided, directly or indirectly, under any employee benefit plan or arrangement.

(c) Buyer may request (i) upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice to Seller, that Seller transfer the Buyer Real Estate and personal property constituting the Toddville Training Center and (ii) upon not less than 90 days' prior written notice to Seller, that Seller assign the lease and personal property relating to 1 Park Place, Peekskill, New York set forth in Schedule 4.06 to an Affiliate of Buyer at Closing. Seller shall not unreasonably deny such requests; <u>provided</u>, that (i) no such transfer shall be made unless the transferee expressly agrees in writing and in a form satisfactory to Seller to be jointly and severally liable with Buyer for all of the liabilities and obligations arising from or relating primarily to the use, ownership, lease, operation, maintenance or control of such Auctioned Assets and (ii) no such transfer shall relieve Buyer from any liabilities or obligations provided for under this Agreement.

SECTION 11.06. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York (regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflicts of law).

SECTION 11.07. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

SECTION 11.08. Interpretation. When a reference is made in this Agreement to an Article, Section, Schedule or Exhibit, such reference shall be to an Article or Section of, or Schedule or Exhibit to, this Agreement unless otherwise indicated. The table of contents and headings contained in this Agreement are for reference purposes only and shall not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. Whenever the words "include", "includes" or "including" are used in this Agreement, they shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation" or equivalent words. The words "hereof", "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. All terms defined in this Agreement shall have the defined meanings when used in the Ancillary Agreements and any certificate or other document made or delivered pursuant hereto or thereto unless otherwise The definitions contained in this defined therein. Agreement are applicable to the singular as well as the plural forms of such terms and to the masculine as well as to the feminine and neuter genders of such term. Any agreement, instrument or Law defined or referred to herein or in any agreement or instrument that is referred to herein means such agreement, instrument or Law as from time to time amended, modified or supplemented, including (in the case of agreements or instruments) by waiver or consent and (in the case of Laws) by succession of comparable Laws and references to all attachments thereto and instruments incorporated therein. References to a person are also to

its permitted successors and assigns.

SECTION 11.09. Jurisdiction and Enforcement. Each of the Parties irrevocably submits to the (a) exclusive jurisdiction of (i) the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County and (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, for the purposes of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of this Agreement or any transaction contemplated Each of the Parties agrees to commence any action, hereby. suit or proceeding relating hereto either in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or, if such suit, action or proceeding may not be brought in such court for jurisdictional reasons, in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County. Each of the Parties further agrees that service of process, summons, notice or document by hand delivery or U.S. registered mail at the address specified for such Party in Section 11.04 (or such other address specified by such Party from time to time pursuant to Section 11.04) shall be effective service of process for any action, suit or proceeding brought against such Party in any such court. Each of the Parties irrevocably and unconditionally waives any objection to the laying of venue of any action, suit or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby in (i) the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, or (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

(b) The Parties agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached. It is accordingly agreed that the Parties shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement and to enforce specifically the terms and provisions of this Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity.

SECTION 11.10. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the Confidentiality Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements including the Exhibits, Schedules, documents, certificates and instruments referred to herein or therein and other contracts, agreements and instruments contemplated hereby or thereby, embody the entire agreement and understanding of the Parties in respect of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. There are no restrictions, promises, representations, warranties, covenants or undertakings other than those expressly set forth or referred to herein or therein. This Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements supersede all prior agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement other than the Confidentiality Agreement.

SECTION 11.11. <u>Severability.</u> If any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced by any rule of law or public policy, all other conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect. Upon such determination that any term or other provision is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law in an acceptable manner to the end that the transactions contemplated hereby are fulfilled to the extent possible.

SECTION 11.12. <u>Conflicts.</u> Except as expressly otherwise provided herein or therein, in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the terms of this Agreement and the terms of any Ancillary Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall prevail. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Seller and Buyer have caused this Agreement to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first above written.

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.,

by

/s/ Kevin Burke Name: Kevin Burke Title: President

ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC,

by

/s/ Michael R. Kansler Name: Michael R. Kansler Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE VIII ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO BY COUNTERSIGNING BELOW:

ENTERGY NUCLEAR OPERATIONS, INC.,

by

/s/ Michael R. Kansler Name: Michael R. Kansler Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Seller and Buyer have caused this Agreement to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first above written.

> CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.,

by

Name: Title:

ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC, by Kanslet Michael íme i Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE VIII ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO BY COUNTERSIGNING BELOW:

ENTERGY NUCLEAR OPERATIONS, INC., by chael R. Kansler Name Title: Senior Mice President and Chief Operating Officer

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Seller and Buyer have caused

this Agreement to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first above written.

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC by

Name: Kevin Burke Title: President

ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC,

by

Name: Title:

PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE VIII ACCEPTED AND AGREED TO BY COUNTERSIGNING BELOW:

ENTERGY NUCLEAR OPERATIONS, INC.,

by

Name: Title:

EXHIBITS

ТО

GENERATING PLANT AND GAS TURBINE ASSET PURCHASE AND SALE AGREEMENT

FOR

INDIAN POINT GENERATING STATION UNITS 1 AND 2 AND GAS TURBINE UNITS 1, 2 AND 3

AND

TODDVILLE TRAINING CENTER

LOCATED AT VILLAGE OF BUCHANAN, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, NEW YORK

FORM OF DEED OF CONVEYANCE FOR WESTCHESTER COUNTY [LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS]

THIS INDENTURE, made the • day of •, two thousand

BETWEEN

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation, having a principal place of business at No. 4 Irving Place, New York, NY 10003

party of the first part, and

•, a •, having a principal place of business at •

party of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the party of the first part, in consideration of ten dollars and other valuable consideration paid by the party of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever,

ALL those certain plots, pieces or parcels of land and land under water, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Village of Buchanan and/or the Town of Cortlandt in the County of Westchester and State of New York and more particularly described on Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof ("said premises").

Said premises are subject to all covenants, conditions, easements, agreements and restrictions of record including, but not limited to, provisions of letters patent and water grants, zoning and building regulations, and any state of facts that an accurate survey and personal inspection may reveal.

TOGETHER with, and SUBJECT to, all covenants, conditions, easements, agreements, restrictions and other interests granted, reserved and/or imposed in that certain Indenture made as of the 30th day of December, 1975 by Consolidated Edison Company of New York Inc. to Power Authority of the State of New York (the "PASNY Deed") recorded in Liber 7306, Page 736 in the Westchester County Clerk's Office (the "Clerk's Office") on December 31, 1975 and/or shown on Map Numbers 18702 and 18703 on file in the Clerk's Office (the "PASNY Maps"), including without limitation, the pre-emptive rights to purchase certain undivided or tenancy in common interests and the waiver of partition or sale for division with respect to such undivided interests set forth on pages 28 and 29 of the PASNY Deed, but EXCLUDING the 345KV transmission line easement described in paragraph 1 on page 7 of the PASNY Deed and delineated and designated "CE-4" on the PASNY Maps,

TOGETHER with, and SUBJECT to, all of the grants, rights, reservations and obligations more particularly described in the Declaration of Easements Agreement dated of even date herewith between the party of the first part and the party of the second part, which shall be recorded herewith and being and intended to be part of this conveyance of said premises, and in particular to the retention by the party of the first part of title to the "Seller Facilities", as such term is defined therein,

TOGETHER with all right, title and interest, if any, of the party of the first part in and to any streets and roads abutting the above described premises to the center lines thereof; TOGETHER with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the party of the first part in and to said premises; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the premises herein granted unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever.

This conveyance is made in the ordinary course of business and does not constitute all of the assets of the party of the first part.

AND the party of the first part, in compliance with Section 13 of the Lien Law, covenants that the party of the first part will receive the consideration for this conveyance and will hold the right to receive such consideration as a trust fund to be applied first for the purpose of paying the cost of the improvements and will apply the same first to the payment of the cost of the improvements before using any part of the total of the same for any other purpose.

The word "party" shall be construed as if it read "parties" whenever the sense of this indenture so requires.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the party of the first part has duly executed this deed the day and year first above written.

(Corporate Seal)

ATTEST: ______ CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC. ______ (Corporate Seal) ATTEST: _______ Secretary , *

Description of Land

[From Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(A) and Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(C)]

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FORM OF DEED OF CONVEYANCE FOR WESTCHESTER COUNTY [IMPROVEMENTS ON GT SITE]

THIS INDENTURE, made the • day of •, two thousand

BETWEEN

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation, having a principal place of business at No. 4 Irving Place, New York, NY 10003

party of the first part, and

•, a •, having a principal place of business at •

party of the second part,

WITNESSETH, that the party of the first part, in consideration of ten dollars and other valuable consideration paid by the party of the second part, does hereby grant and release unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever,

ALL buildings and improvements ("said improvements") erected on those certain plots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Village of Buchanan, Town of Cortlandt, County of Westchester and State of New York and more particularly described on Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof, EXCEPTING THEREFROM the land on which said improvements stand.

Said improvements are subject to all covenants, conditions, easements, agreements and restrictions of record including, but not limited to, provisions of letters patent and water grants, zoning and building regulations, and any state of facts that an accurate survey and personal inspection may reveal.

TOGETHER with, and SUBJECT to, all of the grants, rights, reservations and obligations more particularly described in the Declarations of Easements Agreement and the GT Site Ground Lease, both dated of even date herewith, between the party of the first part and the party of the second part, both of which shall be recorded herewith, and in particular to the retention by the party of the first part of title to the "Seller Facilities", as such term is defined in the Declaration of Easements Agreement TOGETHER with all the estate and rights of the party of the first part in and to said improvements; TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the improvements herein granted unto the party of the second part, the heirs or successors and assigns of the party of the second part forever.

This conveyance is made in the ordinary course of business and does not constitute all of the assets of the party of the first part.

AND the party of the first part, in compliance with Section 13 of the Lien Law, covenants that the party of the first part will receive the consideration for this conveyance and will hold the right to receive such consideration as a trust fund to be applied first for the purpose of paying the cost of the improvements and will apply the same first to the payment of the cost of the improvements before using any part of the total of the same for any other purpose.

The word "party" shall be construed as if it read "parties" whenever the sense of this indenture so requires.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the party of the first part has duly executed this deed the day and year first above written.

(Corporate Seal)

ATTEST:		CONSOLIDATED	EDISON COMPANY OF
	Secretary	NEW YORK,	
		•	, •
	(Corporate Seal)	•	
ATTEST:			
	Secretary	•	, •

2

Description of Land

[From Schedule 2.02(a)(i)(B)]

FORM OF GT SITE GROUND LEASE

[provided separately]

[NYCorp;1173312.1:4738W:11/14/00-11:45a]

FORM OF DECLARATION OF EASEMENTS AGREEMENT

[provided separately]

CERTIFICATION OF NON-FOREIGN STATUS

Section 1445 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), provides that a transferee of a U.S. real property interest must withhold Tax if the transferor is a foreign person. To inform Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC ("<u>Buyer</u>"), that a withholding of Tax is not required upon the disposition of a U.S. real property interest by Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation ("<u>Seller</u>"), the undersigned hereby certifies the following on behalf of Seller:

1. Seller is not a foreign corporation, foreign partnership, foreign trust or foreign estate (as those terms are defined in the Code and Income Tax Regulations);

Seller's employer identification number is 13-5009340;

3. Seller's office address is 4 Irving Place, New York, NY 10003.

Seller and the undersigned understand that this certificate may be disclosed to the Internal Revenue Service by Buyer and that any false statement contained herein could be punished by fine, imprisonment or both.

Under penalty of perjury, I declare that I have examined this certificate and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct and complete, and I further declare that I have authority to sign this document on behalf of Seller.

Date: [], 2001

By: Name:

Title:

FORM OF OPINION OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF SELLER

], 2001

[

Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC 440 Hamilton Avenue White Plains, NY 10601

<u>Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.</u> <u>Generating Plant and Gas Turbine</u> Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am General Counsel of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation ("<u>Seller</u>"), and have acted for Seller in connection with the Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "<u>Asset</u> <u>Purchase and Sale Agreement</u>") dated as of November 9, 2000, between Seller and Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Buyer</u>") and the Ancillary Agreements (collectively, the "<u>Agreements</u>") and the transactions contemplated thereby. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement.

In that connection, I have examined originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to my satisfaction, of such documents, corporate records and other instruments as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this opinion, including: (a) the Agreements, (b) the Certificate of Incorporation of Seller, (c) the By-laws of Seller and (d) resolutions of the Board of Trustees of Seller.

In rendering my opinion, I have assumed the due authorization, execution and delivery of each Agreement by each party thereto other than Seller.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the qualifications hereinafter set forth, I am of the opinion as follows:

1. Based solely on a certificate from the Secretary of State of the State of New York, Seller is a corporation validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York. Seller has all necessary corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby; and the execution and delivery by Seller of each Agreement and the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of Seller.

2. Each of Seller's Qualified Decommissioning Fund and Nonqualified Decommissioning Fund is a trust validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York.

3. Each Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Seller, and assuming that such Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of each other party thereto, such Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Seller, enforceable against Seller in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and to general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). With respect to the foregoing opinion, (i) insofar as provisions contained in the Agreements provide for indemnification, the enforceability thereof may be limited by public policy considerations and (ii) the availability of a decree for specific performance or an injunction is subject to the discretion of the court requested to issue any such decree or injunction.

4. Subject to obtaining the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals and the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, neither the execution and delivery of the Agreements by Seller nor the consummation of the transaction contemplated thereby, including the sale by Seller of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of Seller, (ii) except as set forth in Schedule 4.03(a) to the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement, result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other instrument or obligation to which Seller is a party or by which Seller, or any of the Auctioned Assets may be bound or (iii) violate any Law applicable to Seller, or the Auctioned Assets, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults (or rights) and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

5. Except for the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals, no declaration, filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any United States federal or New York State Governmental Authority is necessary for the consummation by Seller of the transactions contemplated by the Agreements, other than (A) such declarations, filings, registrations, notices, authorizations, consents or approvals which, if not obtained or made, would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect, (B) any certificate of occupancy, consent or similar approval to authorize the change in occupancy of the Buyer Real Estate contemplated by the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement and required pursuant to the Code of the Village of Buchanan, including specifically Section 211.49 thereof and (C) any consent of the Commissioner of General Services of the State of New York required for the assignment from Seller to Buyer of the right to install and maintain a fish return pipeline in an area in the Hudson River approximately 30 feet wide and 330 feet long.

The opinions expressed herein are subject to the qualification that I express no opinion regarding the applicability of, or compliance with, any bulk sales, bulk transfer or similar laws in connection with the transfer of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement. I express no opinion herein as to (i) the provisions of the Agreements insofar as such provisions relate to the subject matter jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to adjudicate any controversy related thereto and (ii) the waiver of an inconvenient forum set forth in the provisions of the Agreements.

I am admitted to practice in the State of New York, and I express no opinion as to matters governed by any laws other than the laws of the State of New York and the Federal laws of the United States of America.

I am furnishing this opinion to you pursuant to Section 7.02(e) of the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement, solely for your benefit in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement. This opinion may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose or used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF NEW YORK,)) ss. COUNTY OF NEW YORK,)

The undersigned, on behalf of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation (the "<u>Owner</u>"), in consideration of [

] (the "<u>Title Company</u>") issuing its Owner's Policy pursuant to its Certificate of Title No. [] (the "<u>Commitment</u>"), and being first duly sworn on oath, deposes and states that:

1. Owner is the owner of the real estate described in Schedule A to the Commitment (the "<u>Premises</u>") but does not warrant the accuracy of such description or the acreage thereof.

2. All New York State Franchise Taxes, Gross Receipts Taxes and Excise Taxes imposed on Owner under Articles 9 and 9(A) of the Tax Law and which are currently due have been paid in full.

3. Except for and as provided in that certain Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated November 9, 2000 (the "APSA") between Owner and Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Purchaser"), the Owner is not a party to any outstanding contracts of sale, deeds, mortgages, easements or other conveyances affecting the Premises which are not disclosed by the public records as of [] or described in the Commitment and will not execute any such conveyances after the date hereof except in accordance with the terms of the APSA. [Note: THE MUTUAL WAIVER OF THE POWER AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK ("PASNY")/OWNER ROFR, THE WATER AND SEWER LINE EASEMENTS TO BE GRANTED BY OWNER TO PASNY, THE WATER SUPPLY AND ACCESS ROADS EASEMENT BETWEEN PASNY AND OWNER AND THE DECLARATION OF EASEMENTS TO BE EXECUTED PURSUANT TO THE APSA ARE DESCRIBED IN THE COMMITMENT PROVIDED TO PURCHASER BY OWNER AND MUST BE RECORDED/DESCRIBED IN ANY FUTURE COMMITMENT.]

4. There are no tenants in the Premises except [].

Affiant makes this Affidavit solely in his capacity as [TITLE] of the Owner, and recourse (if any) hereunder shall be solely against the Owner and not against Affiant personally.

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.,

6

by____

Name: Title:

Sworn to before me this _____ day of [].

Notary Public

FORM OF OPINION OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF BUYER AND ENTERGY NUCLEAR, INC.

[], 2001

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. 4 Irving Place New York, NY 10003

<u>Generating Plant and Gas Turbine</u> <u>Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am General Counsel of Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Buyer</u>") and Entergy Nuclear, Inc. and have acted for Buyer in connection with the Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement (the "<u>Asset Purchase and Sale</u> <u>Agreement</u>") dated as of November 9, 2000, between Buyer and Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation ("<u>Seller</u>") and the Ancillary Agreements (collectively, the "<u>Agreements</u>") and the transactions contemplated thereby. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement.

In that connection, we have examined originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such documents, corporate records and other instruments as we have deemed necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this opinion, including: (a) the Agreements, (b) the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws (or other similar governing documents) of Buyer and (c) resolutions of the Board of Directors of Buyer.

In rendering our opinion, we have assumed the due authorization, execution and delivery of each Agreement by each party thereto other than Buyer.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the qualifications hereinafter set forth, we are of the opinion as follows:

1. Buyer is a limited liability company validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of

Delaware. Buyer has all necessary limited liability company power and authority to execute and deliver each Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby; and the execution and delivery by Buyer of each Agreement and the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary limited liability company action on the part of Buyer.

2. Each Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Buyer, and assuming that such Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of each other party thereto, such Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Buyer, enforceable against Buyer in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and to general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). With respect to the foregoing opinion, (i) insofar as provisions contained in the Agreements provide for indemnification, the enforceability thereof may be limited by public policy considerations and (ii) the availability of a decree for specific performance or an injunction is subject to the discretion of the court requested to issue any such decree or injunction.

3. Subject to obtaining the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals and the Seller Required Regulatory Approvals, neither the execution and delivery of the Agreements nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby, including the purchase by Buyer of the Auctioned Assets pursuant to the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Formation or Operating Agreement (or other similar governing documents) of Buyer, (ii) result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other instrument or obligation to which Buyer or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of their respective assets may be bound or (iii) violate any Law applicable to Buyer, or any of its assets, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults (or rights) and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a Buyer Material Adverse Effect.

4. Except for the Buyer Required Regulatory Approvals, no declaration, filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any Governmental Authority is necessary for the consummation by Buyer of the transactions contemplated by the Agreements, other than (A) such declarations, filings, registrations, notices, authorizations, consents or approvals which, if not obtained or made, would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to create a Material Adverse Effect.

We express no opinion herein as to (i) the provisions of the Agreements insofar as such provisions relate to the subject matter jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to adjudicate any controversy related thereto and (ii) the waiver of an inconvenient forum set forth in the provisions of the Agreements.

We are furnishing this opinion to you pursuant to Section 7.03(d) of the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement, solely for your benefit in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement. This opinion may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose or used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

EXHIBIT F

GUARANTEE AGREEMENT dated as of

[], 2001, between ENTERGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Guarantor</u>"), and CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC., a New York corporation (the "<u>Seller</u>" and, collectively with Guarantor, the "<u>Parties</u>").

WHEREAS Buyer (as defined below) and Seller have entered into a Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of November 9, 2000 (the "<u>Sale Agreement</u>"), pursuant to which Buyer has agreed to purchase and Seller has agreed to sell certain nuclear generating assets, as more particularly set forth therein, and each of Buyer and Seller undertook certain duties, responsibilities and obligations as set forth in the Sale Agreement and the Ancillary Agreements (as defined in the Sale Agreement);

WHEREAS Guarantor has agreed, as limited herein, to guarantee payment and performance of Buyer's covenants, agreements, obligations, liabilities, representations and warranties under the Sale Agreement and under each Ancillary Agreement; and

WHEREAS Guarantor will benefit from the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties agree as follows:

SECTION 1. <u>Definitions.</u> Capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to them herein or, if not defined herein, then such terms shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Sale Agreement. For the purpose of this Agreement, "<u>Buyer</u>" shall mean Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and any successors and assigns under the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement.

SECTION 2. <u>Guarantee</u>. Guarantor absolutely, irrevocably and unconditionally guarantees, as limited herein, as a primary obligor and not merely as a surety, (a) the due and punctual payment of (i) each payment required to be made by Buyer under the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement, when and as due, including payments in respect of reimbursement of disbursements and interest thereon and (ii) all other monetary obligations, including indemnities, fees, costs and expenses, whether primary, secondary, direct, contingent, fixed or otherwise (including

monetary obligations incurred during the pendency of any bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or other similar proceeding, regardless of whether allowed or allowable in such proceeding), of Buyer under the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement (all such obligations referred to in the clause (a) being collectively referred to as the "Monetary Obligations") and (b) the due and punctual performance and observance of, and compliance with, all covenants, agreements, obligations, liabilities, representations and warranties of Buyer under or pursuant to the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement (all such obligations referred to in the preceding clauses (a) and (b) being collectively referred to as the "Obligations"). Guarantor further agrees that the Obligations may be amended or modified in whole or in part, without notice to or further assent from it, and that it will remain bound upon its guarantee notwithstanding any amendment or modification of any Obligation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Guarantor shall not be required to pay or otherwise make out-of-pocket expenditures in excess of \$10,000,000 in the aggregate hereunder in respect of the Obligations.

SECTION 3. Obligations Not Waived. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law, Guarantor waives presentment to, demand of payment from and protest to Buyer of any of the Obligations, and also waives notice of acceptance of its guarantee and notice of protest for nonpayment. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law, the obligations of Guarantor hereunder shall not be affected by (a) the failure of Seller to assert any claim or cause of action or demand or to enforce or exercise any right or remedy against Buyer in respect of the Obligations or otherwise under the provisions of the Sale Agreement and any Ancillary Agreement or otherwise or, in each case, any delay in connection therewith, or (b) any rescission, waiver, amendment or modification of, or any release from any of the terms or provisions of, this Agreement, the Sale Agreement, any Ancillary Agreement or any other agreement or instrument.

SECTION 4. <u>Continuing Guarantee of Payment and</u> <u>Performance.</u> Guarantor further agrees that its guarantee constitutes a continuing guarantee of payment and performance when due and not of collection, and waives any right to require that any resort be had by Seller to any security.

SECTION 5. <u>No Discharge or Diminishment of</u> <u>Guarantee.</u> (a) Subject to the last sentence of Section 2, the obligations of Guarantor hereunder shall not be subject to any reduction, limitation, impairment or termination, or be subject to any defense or setoff (except as provided in clause (c) below), counterclaim, recoupment or, subject to Section 10, termination whatsoever, or otherwise be affected, for any reason (other than (1) the performance in full of all Obligations, including the indefeasible payment in full of all Monetary Obligations, and the termination and satisfaction of all the Obligations or (2) the failure of Seller to perform an obligation of Seller under the Sale Agreement that affects Buyer's performance of its obligations under the Sale Agreement), including:

(i) any claim of waiver, release, surrender, alteration or compromise of any of the Obligations;

(ii) the invalidity, illegality or unenforceability of the Obligations;

(iii) the occurrence or continuance of any event of bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, receivership or other similar proceeding with respect to Buyer or any other person (for purposes hereof, "person" means any individual, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, corporation, trust, unincorporated organization or Governmental Authority), or the dissolution, liquidation or winding up of Buyer or any other person;

(iv) any permitted assignment or other transfer of this Agreement by Seller or any permitted assignment or other transfer of the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement or any other agreement or instrument in whole or in part;

(v) any sale, transfer or other disposition by Guarantor of any direct or indirect interest it may have in Buyer or any other change in ownership or control of Buyer; or

(vi) the absence of any notice to, or knowledge on behalf of, Guarantor of the existence or occurrence of any of the matters or events set forth in the foregoing clauses.

(b) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the obligations of Guarantor hereunder shall not be discharged or impaired or otherwise affected by the failure of Seller to assert any claim or cause of action or demand or to enforce any remedy under the Sale Agreement, any Ancillary Agreement or any other agreement or instrument, by any waiver or modification of any provision thereof, by any default, failure or delay, wilful or otherwise, in the performance of the Obligations, or by any other act or omission that may or might in any manner or to any extent vary the risk of Guarantor or that would otherwise operate as a discharge of Guarantor as a matter of law or equity (other than the performance in full of all Obligations, including the indefeasible payment in full in cash of all Monetary Obligations, and the termination and satisfaction of all the Obligations).

(c) Guarantor shall be entitled to set off claims that Buyer may have against Seller under the Sale Agreement or any Ancillary Agreement.

SECTION 6. Defenses of Buyer Waived. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, Guarantor waives any defense based on or arising out of any defense of Buyer or the unenforceability of the Obligations or any part thereof from any cause, or the cessation from any cause of the liability of Buyer (other than (1) the performance in full of all Obligations, including the indefeasible payment in full in cash of all Monetary Obligations, and the termination and satisfaction of all the Obligations or (2) the failure of Seller to perform an obligation of Seller under the Sale Agreement that affects Buyer's performance of its obligations under the Sale Agreement). Seller may compromise or adjust any part of the Obligations, make any other accommodation with Buyer or exercise any other right or remedy available to it against Buyer, without affecting or impairing in any way the liability of Guarantor hereunder except to the extent all the Obligations have been fully and finally performed, including the indefeasible payment in full in cash of all Monetary Obligations, and terminated. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable Law, Guarantor waives any defense arising out of any such election even though such election operates, pursuant to applicable Law, to impair or to extinguish any right of reimbursement or subrogation or other right or remedy of Guarantor against Buyer or any security.

SECTION 7. <u>Representations and Warranties of</u> <u>Guarantor</u>. Guarantor represents and warrants to Seller as follows:

(a) <u>Organization</u>. Guarantor is a limited liability company duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has all requisite limited liability company power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as is now being conducted.

Authority Relative to this Agreement. (b) Guarantor has all necessary limited liability company power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder. The execution and delivery by Guarantor of this Agreement and performance by Guarantor of its obligations hereunder have been duly and validly authorized by the Board of Directors (or equivalent governing body) of Guarantor and no other proceedings on the part of Guarantor are necessary to authorize this Agreement or performance by Guarantor of its obligations hereunder. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Guarantor and this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding agreement of Guarantor, enforceable against Guarantor in accordance with its terms.

Consents and Approvals; No Violation. (C) (i) Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Guarantor nor performance by Guarantor of its obligations hereunder will (A) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Formation or Operating Agreement of Guarantor, (B) result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other instrument or obligation to which Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of their respective assets may be bound or (C) violate any Law applicable to Guarantor, or any of its assets, except in the case of clauses (B) and (C) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on the ability of Guarantor to discharge its obligations under this Agreement.

(ii) No declaration, filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any Governmental Authority is necessary for performance by Guarantor of its obligations hereunder.

SECTION 8. Agreement to Perform and Pay. In furtherance of the foregoing and not in limitation of any other right that Seller has at law or in equity against Guarantor by virtue hereof, upon the failure of Buyer to perform or pay any Obligation when and as the same shall become due, Guarantor hereby promises to and will forthwith, as the case may be, (a) perform, or cause to be performed, such unperformed Obligations and (b) pay, or cause to be paid, to Seller in cash the amount of such unpaid Obligations.

SECTION 9. <u>Information</u>. Guarantor assumes all responsibility for being and keeping itself informed of Buyer's financial condition and assets, and of all other circumstances bearing upon the risk of nonperformance of the Obligations (including the nonpayment of Monetary Obligations) and the nature, scope and extent of the risks that Guarantor assumes and incurs hereunder, and agrees that Seller will not have any duty to advise Guarantor of information known to it regarding such circumstances or risks.

SECTION 10. <u>Termination and Reinstatement</u>. The guarantee made hereunder (a) shall terminate when all the Obligations have been (i) performed in full, including the indefeasible payment in full of the Monetary Obligations and (ii) terminated and satisfied and (b) shall continue to be effective or be reinstated, as the case may be, if at any time any payment, or any part thereof, of any Obligation is rescinded or must otherwise be restored by Seller upon the bankruptcy or reorganization of Buyer or Guarantor or for any other reason.

SECTION 11. <u>Assignment; No Third Party Benefici-</u> <u>aries.</u> This Agreement and all of the provisions hereunder shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns, but neither this Agreement nor any of the rights, interests and obligations hereunder shall be assigned by Guarantor, including by operation of Law, without the prior written consent of Seller; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Guarantor shall have the right to assign this Agreement and its rights, interests and obligations hereunder to Entergy Corporation or its successors.

SECTION 12. <u>Amendment and Modification; Exten-</u> <u>sion; Waiver.</u> This Agreement may be amended, modified or supplemented only by an instrument in writing signed on behalf of each of the Parties. Any agreement on the part of a Party to any extension or waiver in respect of this Agreement shall be valid only if set forth in an instrument in writing signed on behalf of such Party. The failure of a Party to this Agreement to assert any of its rights under this Agreement or otherwise shall not constitute a waiver of such rights.

SECTION 13. <u>Governing Law.</u> This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York (regardless of the laws that might otherwise govern under applicable principles of conflicts of law).

SECTION 14. <u>Notices.</u> All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given (as of the time of delivery or, in the case of a telecopied communication, of confirmation) if delivered personally, telecopied (which is confirmed) or sent by overnight courier (providing proof of delivery) to the Parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a Party as shall be specified by like notice):

if to Guarantor, to:

Entergy International Holdings Ltd LLC 639 Loyola Avenue New Orleans, LA 70161 Telecopy No.: (504) 576-4009 Attention: Chief Financial Officer

with a copy on or prior to the Closing Date to:

c/o Entergy Nuclear, Inc. P.O. Box 31995 Jackson, MS 39286-1995 Telecopy No.: (601) 368-5694 Attention: Assistant Secretary

if to Seller, to:

Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. 4 Irving Place New York, NY 10003 Telecopy No.: (212) 677-0601 Attention: General Counsel

with a copy on or prior to the Closing Date to:

Cravath, Swaine & Moore 825 Eighth Avenue New York, NY 10019 Telecopy No.: (212) 474-3700 Attention: George W. Bilicic, Jr., Esq.

SECTION 15. Jurisdiction and Enforcement. (a) Each of the Parties irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of (i) the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County and (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, for the purposes of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of this Agreement or any transaction contemplated hereby. Each of the Parties agrees to commence any action, suit or proceeding relating hereto either in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or, if such suit, action or proceeding may not be brought in such court for jurisdictional reasons, in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County. Each of the Parties further agrees that service of process, summons, notice or document by hand delivery or U.S. registered mail at the address specified for such Party in Section 14 (or such other address specified by such Party from time to time pursuant to Section 14) shall be effective service of process for any action, suit or proceeding brought against such Party in any such court. Each of the Parties irrevocably and unconditionally waives any objection to the laying of venue of any action, suit or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby in (i) the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, or (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum.

(b) The Parties agree that irreparable damage would occur in the event that any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached. It is accordingly agreed that the Parties shall be entitled to an injunction or injunctions to prevent breaches of this Agreement and to enforce specifically the terms and provisions of this Agreement, this being in addition to any other remedy to which they are entitled at law or in equity.

SECTION 16. <u>Survival of Agreement</u>. All covenants, agreements, representations and warranties made by Guarantor herein shall be considered to have been relied upon by Seller and shall survive the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Sale Agreement regardless of any investigation made by Seller or on its behalf, and shall continue in full force and effect as long as any Obligations remain outstanding.

SECTION 17. <u>Effectiveness; Counterparts</u>. This Agreement shall become effective when executed by Guarantor and Seller. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

SECTION 18. Rules of Interpretation. The rules

of interpretation specified in Section 11.08 of the Sale Agreement shall be applicable to this Agreement.

SECTION 19. <u>Severability.</u> (a) If any term or other provision of this Agreement is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced by any rule of law or public policy, all other conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect. Upon such determination that any term or other provision is invalid, illegal or incapable of being enforced, the Parties shall negotiate in good faith to modify this Agreement so as to effect the original intent of the Parties as closely as possible to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law in an acceptable manner to the end that the transactions contemplated hereby are fulfilled to the extent possible.

(b) In the event that the provisions of this Agreement are claimed or held to be inconsistent with any other agreement or instrument evidencing the Obligations, the terms of this Agreement shall remain fully valid and effective.

SECTION 20. Entire Agreement. This Agreement embodies the entire agreement and understanding of the Parties in respect of the matters contemplated hereby. There are no restrictions, promises, representations, warranties, covenants or undertakings other than those expressly set forth or referred to herein or therein. This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and understandings between the Parties with respect to the matters contemplated hereby. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be signed by their respective duly authorized officers as of the date first above written as of the day and year first above written.

ENTERGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD LLC,

by_

Name: Title:

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.,

by_

Name: Title:

FORM OF OPINION OF COUNSEL TO GUARANTOR

], 2001

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Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. 4 Irving Place New York, NY 10003

Guarantee Agreement

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to Entergy International Holdings Ltd LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Guarantor</u>"), in connection with the Guarantee Agreement (the "<u>Guarantee</u>") dated as of [], 2001, between Guarantor and Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc., a New York corporation ("<u>Seller</u>"). Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in the Guarantee.

In that connection, we have examined originals, or copies certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such documents, corporate records and other instruments as we have deemed necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this opinion, including: (a) the Guarantee, (b) the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws (or other similar governing documents) of Guarantor, (c) resolutions of the Board of Directors of Guarantor and (d) the Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of November 9, 2000, between Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and Seller (the "Sale Agreement") and the Ancillary Agreements (as defined in the Sale Agreement).

In rendering our opinion, we have assumed the due authorization, execution and delivery of the Guarantee by Seller.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the qualifications hereinafter set forth, we are of the opinion as follows:

1. Guarantor is a limited liability company validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Guarantor has all necessary limited liability company power and authority to execute and deliver the Guarantee and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby; and the execution and delivery by Guarantor of the Guarantee and the performance by Guarantor of its obligations thereunder have been duly and validly authorized by all necessary limited liability company action on the part of Guarantor.

2. The Guarantee has been duly executed and delivered by Guarantor, and assuming that the Guarantee constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Seller, the Guarantee constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Guarantor, enforceable against Guarantor in accordance with its terms (subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and to general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). With respect to the foregoing opinion, the availability of a decree for specific performance or an injunction is subject to the discretion of the court requested to issue any such decree or injunction.

Subject to obtaining Guarantor Required 3. Regulatory Approvals, neither the execution and delivery of the Guarantee nor the performance by Guarantor of its obligations thereunder will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Formation or Operating Agreement (or other similar governing documents) of Guarantor, (ii) result in a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancelation or acceleration) under any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, agreement, lease or other instrument or obligation to which Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of their respective assets may be bound or (iii) violate any Law applicable to Guarantor, or any of its assets, except in the case of clauses (ii) and (iii) for such failures to obtain a necessary consent, defaults and violations which would not, individually or in the aggregate, be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on the ability of Guarantor to discharge its obligations under the Guarantee.

4. No declaration, filing or registration with, or notice to, or authorization, consent or approval of any Governmental Authority is necessary for performance by Guarantor of its obligations under the Guarantee. We express no opinion herein as to (i) the provisions of the Guarantee insofar as such provisions relate to the subject matter jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to adjudicate any controversy related thereto and (ii) the waiver of an inconvenient forum set forth in the provisions of the Guarantee.

We are furnishing this opinion to you pursuant to Section 7.03(g) of the Sale Agreement, solely for your benefit in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Guarantee and the Sale Agreement. This opinion may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose or used, circulated, quoted or otherwise referred to for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

FORM OF BILL OF SALE

BILL OF SALE, made, executed and delivered on [], 2001, by CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC., a New York corporation ("<u>Seller</u>") and ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>Buyer</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Seller and Buyer are parties to a Generating Plant and Gas Turbine Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement dated as of November 9, 2000 (the "<u>Agreement</u>"); capitalized terms which are used in this Bill of Sale but are not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms in the Agreement; and

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Agreement, Seller does hereby sell, assign, convey, transfer and deliver to Buyer, subject to the terms of the Agreement, the Auctioned Assets that constitute personal property, including the items of personal property set forth in Schedule 2.02(a) (iii) to the Agreement.

This Bill of Sale and Assignment is subject to the terms and conditions of the Agreement, and the representations, agreements and obligations of Seller and Buyer contained in the Agreement are incorporated herein by reference and constitute an integral part of this Bill of Sale.

This instrument shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the respective successors and assigns of Seller and Buyer.

This Bill of Sale shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the laws (other than the conflict of law rules) of the State of New York.

This Bill of Sale may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Seller has duly executed this Bill of Sale on the Date first above written.

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.

By: Name: Title:

Agreed and accepted:

ENTERGY NUCLEAR INDIAN POINT 2, LLC

By:

Name: Title:

APPLICATION FOR SERVICE FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS

[provided separately]

DIRECT RETAIL CUSTOMER OPERATING AND TRANSMISSION SERVICE AGREEMENT

[provided separately]

DIRECT CUSTOMER OPERATING AGREEMENT

[provided separately]

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 5

Proposed Operating Agreement

Between

Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC

And

Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.

NOTE:

ENCLOSURE 5

REDACTED

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 6

Organizational Chart

of

Entergy Non-Regulated Nuclear Organization

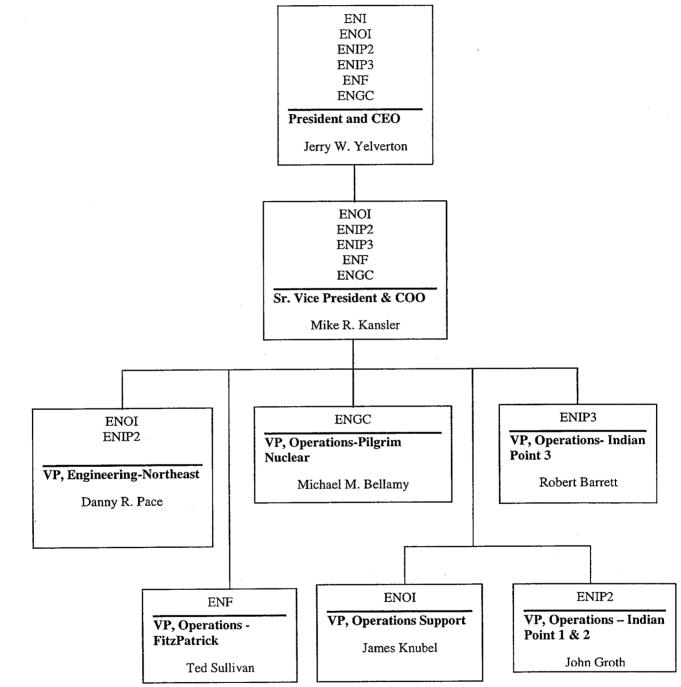
And

Resumes of:

Jerry Yelverton and Michael Kansler

ENTERGY NUCLEAR ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Entergy's Non-regulated Nuclear Organization December 1, 2000

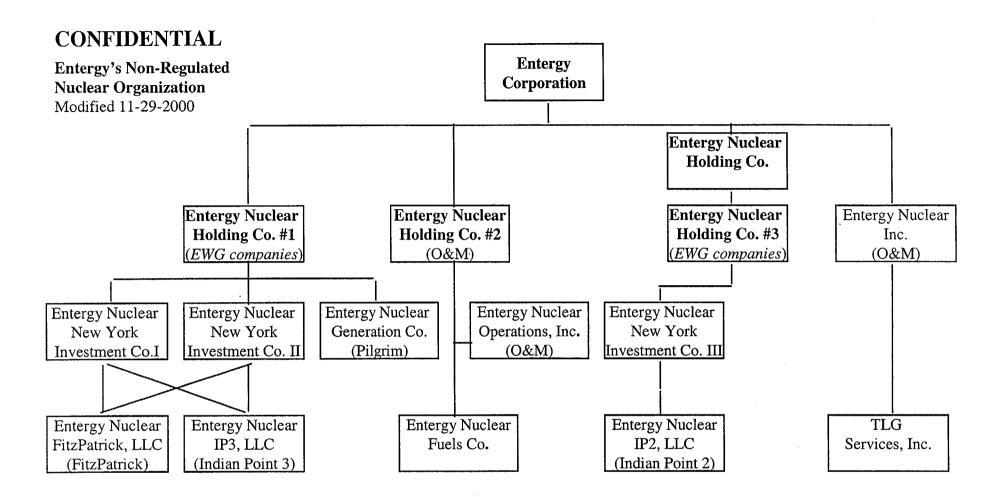


ENI Entergy Nuclear Incorporated

- ENOI Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.
- ENIP2 Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC
- ENIP3 Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 3, LLC
- ENF Entergy Nuclear FitzPatrick, LLC

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ENGC Entergy Nuclear Generating Company



Exempt Wholesale Generator (EWG) Operations and Maintenance (O&M)



Jerry Yelverton Chairman & CEO Entergy's Nuclear Businesses.



Jerry Yelverton Chairman & CEO of Entergy's Nuclear Businesses

Yelverton is chairman and chief executive officer for Entergy's nuclear businesses. Entergy, through subsidiary Entergy Operations, Inc., operates five nuclear units in its retail electric service area: two-units at Arkansas Nuclear One and single units at Grand Gulf Nuclear Station, River Bend Station, and Waterford 3. Entergy, through subsidiaries Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 3, Entergy Nuclear FitzPatrick, and Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., owns and operates the Indian Point 3 and James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Plants in New York, and through subsidiary Entergy Nuclear Generation Company, Entergy owns and operates the Pilgrim Nuclear Station in Massachusetts. Through subsidiary Entergy Nuclear, Inc., Entergy is aggressively pursuing nuclear plant acquisitions and offering decommissioning and other management services.

Yelverton oversaw the first completed purchase of a nuclear plant in the U.S. when the Pilgrim Station transaction was completed in July 1999, only eight months after the agreement to purchase was signed. Under his leadership, in March 2000 Entergy Nuclear reached an agreement to purchase the Indian Point 3 and James A. FitzPatrick plants from the New York Power Authority, and completed the purchases in November, 2000. Yelverton is also responsible for contracts for managing decommissioning at Maine Yankee and Millstone 1, which clearly establish the company as the industry expert in that cycle of nuclear plant life.

In addition to leading all of Entergy's nuclear subsidiaries, Yelverton is also executive vice president and chief nuclear officer of Entergy Services, Inc.

Yelverton is an active alumnus of Texas A&M University, where he earned his bachelor of science degree in nuclear engineering. He is currently a member of the Department of Nuclear Engineering Advisory Council.

Yelverton began his utility career in 1973 with Bechtel Power Corporation, serving in various quality assurance positions at Grand Gulf during the plant's construction phase. He joined the Entergy system in 1979 as nuclear site quality assurance manager at Grand Gulf. He held a number of management positions there, including manager of plant operations, refueling outage director, and manager of support. In 1990 he was named general manager at Arkansas Nuclear One and in 1992 was promoted to vice president, operations at ANO. Under his leadership, ANO improved from a marginal performer to one of the top plants in the U.S. in both cost and production, while improving the regulatory performance and INPO ratings. In 1996 he was promoted to executive vice president and chief operating officer for Entergy Operations. 1999 presented a steady progression of executive title expansions, culminating in the role of chairman and CEO for all of Entergy's nuclear businesses.

Yelverton is a Fall 1998 graduate of the three-month advanced management program at Harvard Business School. He serves as a member of NEI's Nuclear Strategic Issues Advisory Committee and Executive Steering Group, and has served as chairman of the INPO E&A IRG and as a member of EPRI's Research Advisory Committee. In 1983, he earned a senior reactor operator license at Grand Gulf.



Michael R. Kansler



Michael R. Kansler Chief Operating Officer, Entergy Nuclear, Inc. a subsidiary of Entergy Corp

Mike Kansler, a 22-year veteran of nuclear power plant management, was named senior vice president and chief operating officer of Entergy's nuclear operations in New York state and the Northeast in January 2000 As Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer –Northeast of Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc., he has operating responsibility for the Pilgrim Nuclear Station in Plymouth, MA and the Indian Point 3 and James A. FitzPatrick plants in NY.

Kansler previously served as vice president of operations support for all five of Entergy's nuclear power units in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana. Functions reporting to him included Nuclear Support; Security; Materials, Purchasing and Contracts; Nuclear Safety and Licensing; and Corporate Assessments.

In 1998, Kansler came to Entergy from Virginia Power, where he was Vice President, Nuclear Operations. He held responsibilities for managing the overall operation and maintenance of two twin unit nuclear power stations there. During his tenure, both stations maintained high safety and operating performance records.

Kansler began his professional career as an assistant engineer in 1977 at the Surry Nuclear Station. He participated in the company on-loan program of the Institute of Nuclear Power Operations in Atlanta, GA, in 1985. Kansler became superintendent of maintenance at the North Anna Station in 1986 and station manager at Surry in 1988 before moving to corporate management at Virginia Power as vice president of nuclear services in 1995. At the corporate level, Kansler chaired the nuclear Management Safety Review Committee.

Kansler earned a mechanical engineering degree from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University in 1976 and completed the Executive Management Program at Penn State University in 1991. He has held a Senior Reactor Operator license from the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and is a professional member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 7

Inter-Company Credit Agreements

Between

Entergy International Ltd. LLC,

Entergy Global Investments, Inc.

And

Entergy Nuclear IP2, LLC

NOTE:

ENCLOSURE 7

REDACTED

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

ENCLOSURE 8

Financial Statements

For:

Entergy International Ltd. LLC

and

Entergy Global Investments, Inc.

NOTE:

ENCLOSURE 8

REDACTED

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. Entergy Nuclear Indian Point 2, LLC Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.

Docket Nos. 50-003 and 50-247 License Nos. DPR-5 and DPR- 26

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ENCLOSURE 9

Financial Statement

For:

Entergy Nuclear IP2

NOTE:

ENCLOSURE 9

REDACTED