- 3.10.4.3

Control bank insertion shall be further restricted if:

- a. The measured control rod worth of all rods, less the worth of the most reactive rod (worst case stuck rod), is less than the reactivity required to provide the design value of available shutdown,
- b. A rod is inoperable (Specification 3.10.7).
- 3.10.4.4 Insertion limits do not apply during physics tests or during periodic exercise of individual rods. *In addition, insertion limits do not apply when performing calibration of individual rod position indicator channels at or below a nominal 30% power not to exceed 35% power. However, the shutdown margin indicated in Figure 3.10-1 must be maintained except for the low-power physics test to measure control rod worth and shutdown margin. For this test the reactor may be critical with all but one control rod inserted.

* For Cycle 15.

3.10.5 Rod Misalignment Limitations

- 3.10.5.1.1 If a control rod is misaligned from its bank demand position by more than ± 12 steps when indicated control rod position is less than or equal to 210 steps withdrawn, then realign the rod or determine the core peaking factors within 2 hours and apply Specification 3.10.2.
- 3.10.5.1.2 If a control rod is misaligned from its bank demand position by more than +17,
 -12 steps when indicated control rod position is greater than or equal to 211 steps withdrawn, then realign the rod or determine the core peaking factors within 2 hours and apply Specification 3.10.2.
- 3.10.5.2 If the restrictions of Specification 3.10.3 are determined not to apply and the core peaking factors have not been determined within two hours and the rod remains misaligned, the high reactor flux setpoint shall be reduced to 85% of its rated value.
- 3.10.5.3 If the misaligned control rod is not realigned within 8 hours, the rod shall be declared inoperable.

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- 3.10.6 Inoperable Rod Position Indicator Channels

- 3.10.6.1 A rod position indicator channel shall be capable of determining control rod position as follows: for operation at or below 50% power, within ±24 steps*; for operation above this power, within ±12 steps for indicated control rod position less than or equal to 210 steps withdrawn and +17, -12 steps for indicated control rod position greater than or equal to 211 steps withdrawn, or
 - a. For operation between 50 percent and 100 percent of rating, the position of the control rod shall be checked indirectly by core instrumentation (excore detectors and/or movable incore detectors) every shift, or subsequent to rod motion exceeding 24 steps, whichever occurs first.
 - b. During operation below 50 percent of rating, no special monitoring is required.
- 3.10.6.2 Not more than one rod position indicator channel per group nor two rod position indicator channels per bank shall be permitted to be inoperable at any time.
 During calibration a rod position indication channel is not considered to be inoperable.
- 3.10.6.3 If a control rod having a rod position indicator channel out of service is found to be misaligned from Specification 3.10.6.1a, above, then Specification 3.10.5 will be applied.

* For Cycle 15.

- 3.10.7 <u>Inoperable Rod Limitations</u>
- 3.10.7.1 An inoperable rod is a rod which does not trip or which is declared inoperable under Specification 3.10.5, or which fails to meet the requirements of Specification 3.10.8.
- 3.10.7.2 Not more than one inoperable control rod shall be allowed any time the reactor is critical except during physics tests requiring intentional rod misalignment.
 Otherwise, the plant shall be brought to the hot shutdown condition.
- 3.10.7.3 If any rod has been declared inoperable, then the potential ejected rod worth and associated transient power distribution peaking factors shall be determined by analysis within 30 days. The analysis shall include due allowance for non-uniform fuel depletion in the neighborhood of the inoperable rod. If the

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