

PECO Energy Company 175 North Caln Road Coatesville, PA 19320

Kenneth Peters New York Power Authority Indian Point # 3 Nuclear Power Plant P.O. Box 315 Buchanan, NY 10511

May 26, 2000

Subject:

10CFR PART 21.21 (b) Notification

Reference:

Telecon: F. Cebular and W.T. Baxter (PECO PowerLabs) to

R. Burroni (IP3), May 25, 2000

Dear Mr. Peters:

On May 24, 2000 we identified a deviation within our operations regarding the calibration of VOTES (Valve Operation Test & Evaluation System) valve stem deflection system instrumentation. Calibration of the VOTES clamp, performed by a specific technician, was not completed in accordance with prescribed calibration requirements. This calibration process requires that 30 test points be measured through simulated application of load using the calibration fixture. These measurements (coefficient values) represent deflection and provide an indication of proper valve operation (e.g. seating).

The sensitivity of the VOTES clamp is determined by taking an average of the 30 test points. The stations verify valve operability using the calculated sensitivity.

It was established from review of calibration records and discussion with the noted technician that only 10 of 30 test points were measured for as-found data. Therefore the sensitivity of the VOTES probe was based on an average of ten rather than 30 test point readings as required by the calibration format.

The noted technician performed the most recent calibration of the following IP3 VOTES clamps:

IP3 M-1943-0005 Liberty Technology Model No. MCC-100
IP3 M-1943-0004 Liberty Technology Model No. MCC-100
IP3 M-1943-0002 Liberty Technology Model No. ECC-225
IP3 M-1965-0002 Liberty Technology Model No. ECC-225

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PECO PowerLabs has taken immediate action in response to the identified deviation through our corrective action process, and determined the technical acceptability of the calibration performed by the noted technician on the basis of the following:

The technical adequacy of taking 10 readings as opposed to 30 readings was evaluated. The 30 readings provide an increased confidence level, but do not assure greater accuracy. As long as the 10 points taken were within the prescribed tolerance for the subject VOTES clamps, the accuracy of the system is within tolerance. Additional justification that the VOTES clamps are within the prescribed tolerance was provided by recalibration of a random sample of such clamps previously calibrated by the noted technician.

While we cannot evaluate the impact of this deviation on your operation, the above information is provided for your assistance. Should you desire recalibration of your equipment, we will provide this service in an expedited fashion at our expense.

As a follow-up to the referenced telecon, a draft copy of this letter was faxed to Rich Burroni – I&C Manager on 5/25/2000.

Should you have questions in regard to this matter, please contact Frank Cebular, Production Manager, (610) 380-2423 or Tim Baxter, Quality Assurance Manager, (610) 380-2374.

Sincerely, frank alular for CLB

George C. Bell

Director

Copy to:

David Helker PECO Nuclear Licensing

H. J. Miller USNRC

USNRC

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PECO Energy Company 175 North Caln Road Coatesville, PA 19320

George Tasick James A. Fitzpatrick Nuclear Plant 268 Lake Road Lycoming, NY 13093

May 26, 2000

Subject:

10CFR PART 21.21 (b) Notification

Telecon:

F. Cebular and W.T. Baxter (PECO PowerLabs) to

Mike Reno (JAF), May 26, 2000

Dear Mr. Tasick:

On May 24, 2000 we identified a deviation within our operations regarding the calibration of VOTES (Valve Operation Test & Evaluation System) valve stem deflection system instrumentation. Calibration of the VOTES clamp, performed by a specific technician, was not completed in accordance with prescribed calibration requirements. This calibration process requires that 30 test points be measured through simulated application of load using the calibration fixture. These measurements (coefficient values) represent deflection and provide an indication of proper valve operation (e.g. seating).

The sensitivity of the VOTES clamp is determined by taking an average of the 30 test points. The stations verify valve operability using the calculated sensitivity.

It was established from review of calibration records and discussion with the noted technician that only 10 of 30 test points were measured for as-found data. Therefore the sensitivity of the VOTES probe was based on an average of ten rather than 30 test point readings required by the calibration format.

The noted technician performed the most recent calibration of the following J.A. Fitzpatrick VOTES clamps:

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JAF E-181
            Liberty Technology Model No. DCC-100
JAF E-244
            Liberty Technology Model No. MUC-100
JAF E-221
            Liberty Technology Model No. DCC-100
JAF E-300
            Liberty Technology Model No. DCC-350
JAF E-132
            Liberty Technology Model No. CCL-100
JAF E-148
            Liberty Technology Model No. MCC-100
JAF E-219
            Liberty Technology Model No. CCL-100
JAF E-299
            Liberty Technology Model No. DCC-350
JAF E-360
            Liberty Technology Model No. EMC-125
JAF E-180
            Liberty Technology Model No. DCC-100
JAF E-182
            Liberty Technology Model No. MUC-100
JAF E- 1058 Liberty Technology Model No. VVC-100
JAF E- 129
            Liberty Technology Model No. UCL-100
JAF E-130
            Liberty Technology Model No. UCL-100
JAF E-232
            Liberty Technology Model No. UCL-100
JAF E-134
            Liberty Technology Model No.MCC-100
JAF E-1018 Liberty Technology Model No.CCL-100
JAF E-133
            Liberty Technology Model No.SCL-100
JAF E-297
            Liberty Technology Model No.ECC-225
JAF E-2023 Liberty Technology Model No.CCL-100
JAF E-2025 Liberty Technology Model No.EMC-125
JAF E-147
            Liberty Technology Model No.MUC-100
JAF E-296
            Liberty Technology Model No.ECC-225
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PECO PowerLabs immediately responded to the identified deviation through our corrective action process, and determined the technical acceptability of the calibration performed by the noted technician on the basis of the following:

The technical adequacy of taking 10 readings as opposed to 30 readings was evaluated. The 30 readings provide an increased confidence level, but do not assure greater accuracy. As long as the 10 points taken were within the prescribed tolerance for the subject VOTES clamps, the accuracy of the system is within tolerance. Additional justification that the VOTES clamps are within the prescribed tolerance was provided by recalibration of a random sample of such clamps previously calibrated by the noted technician.

While we cannot evaluate the impact of this deviation on your operation, the above information is provided for your assistance. Should you desire recalibration of your equipment, we will provide this service in an expedited fashion at our expense.

As a follow-up to the referenced telecon, a draft copy of this letter was faxed to Mike Reno – I&C Manager on 5/26/2000.

Should you have questions in regard to this matter, please contact Frank Cebular, Production Manager, (610) 380-2423 or Tim Baxter, Quality Assurance Manager, (610) 380-2374.

Sincerely,

Seorge C. Bell

Director

Copy to: David Helker PECO Nuclear Licensing

H. J. Miller USNRC

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