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COOK NUCLEAR PLANT

Enclosure 2

American Electric Power

Meeting with

Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Discussion of Containment
Subcompartment Walls

Restarting D. C. Cook
May 4, 2000

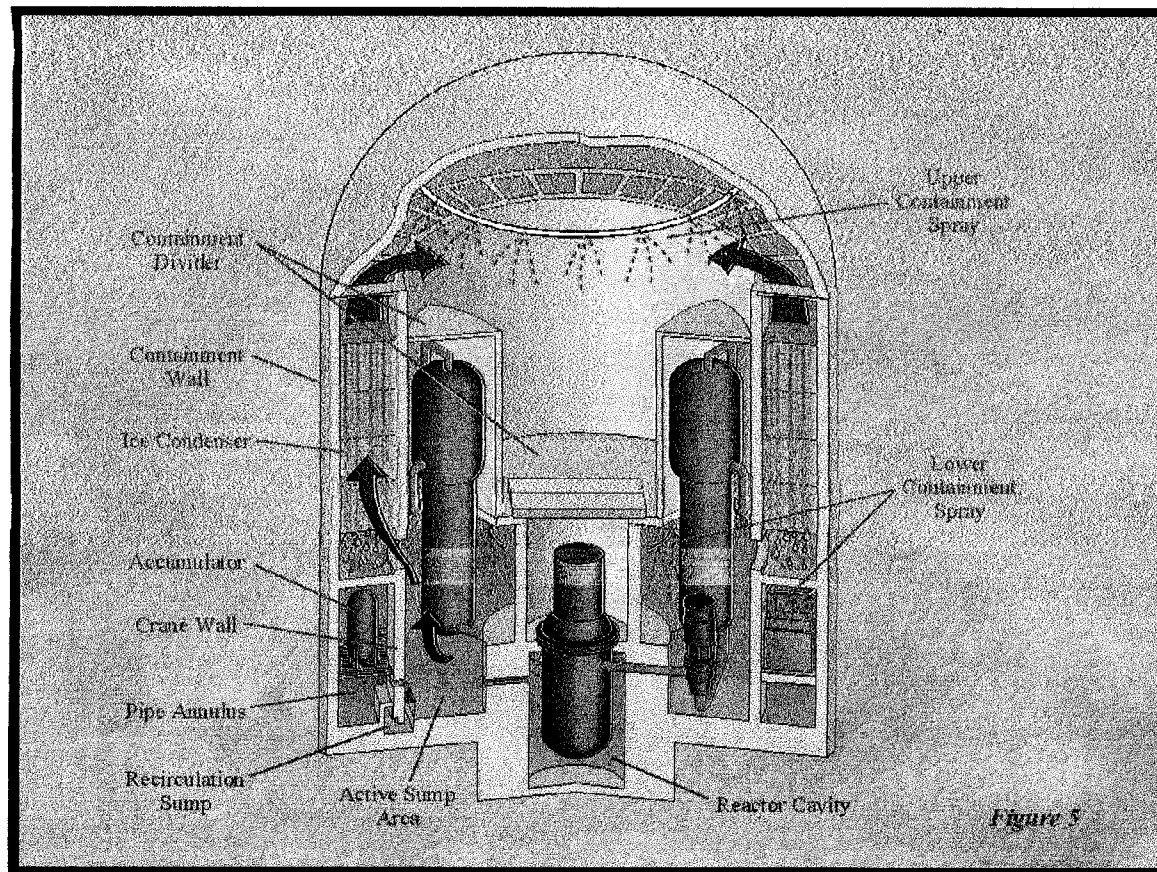


Agenda

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| ■ Agenda/Background | Mike Rencheck |
| ■ Description of the Problem | Scot Greenlee |
| ■ Corrective Action Prior to Restart and the Long-Term Plan | Scot Greenlee |
| ■ Operability of Subcompartment Wall at Restart | Scot Greenlee |
| ■ Closing Remarks | Mike Rencheck |

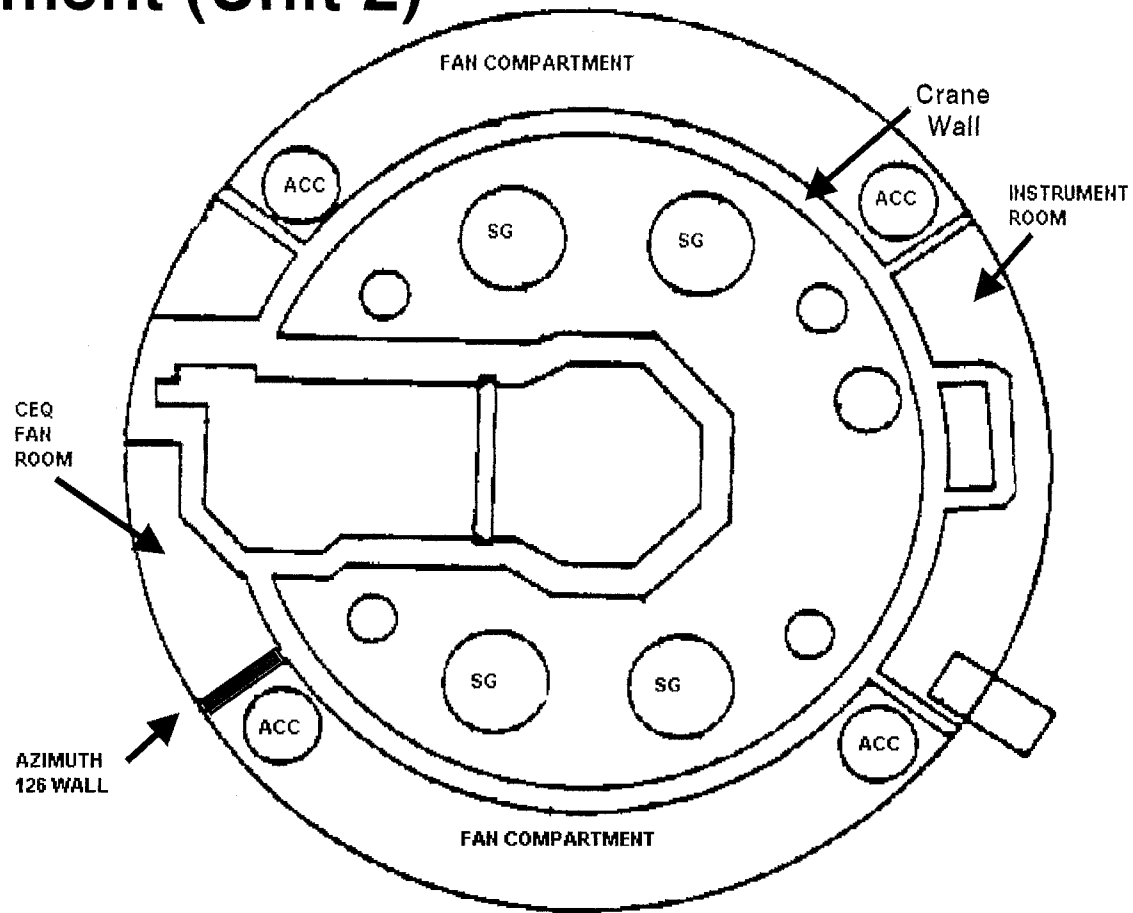
Containment Subcompartment Walls: Diagram

■ Containment



Containment Subcompartment Walls: Diagram

■ Containment (Unit 2)



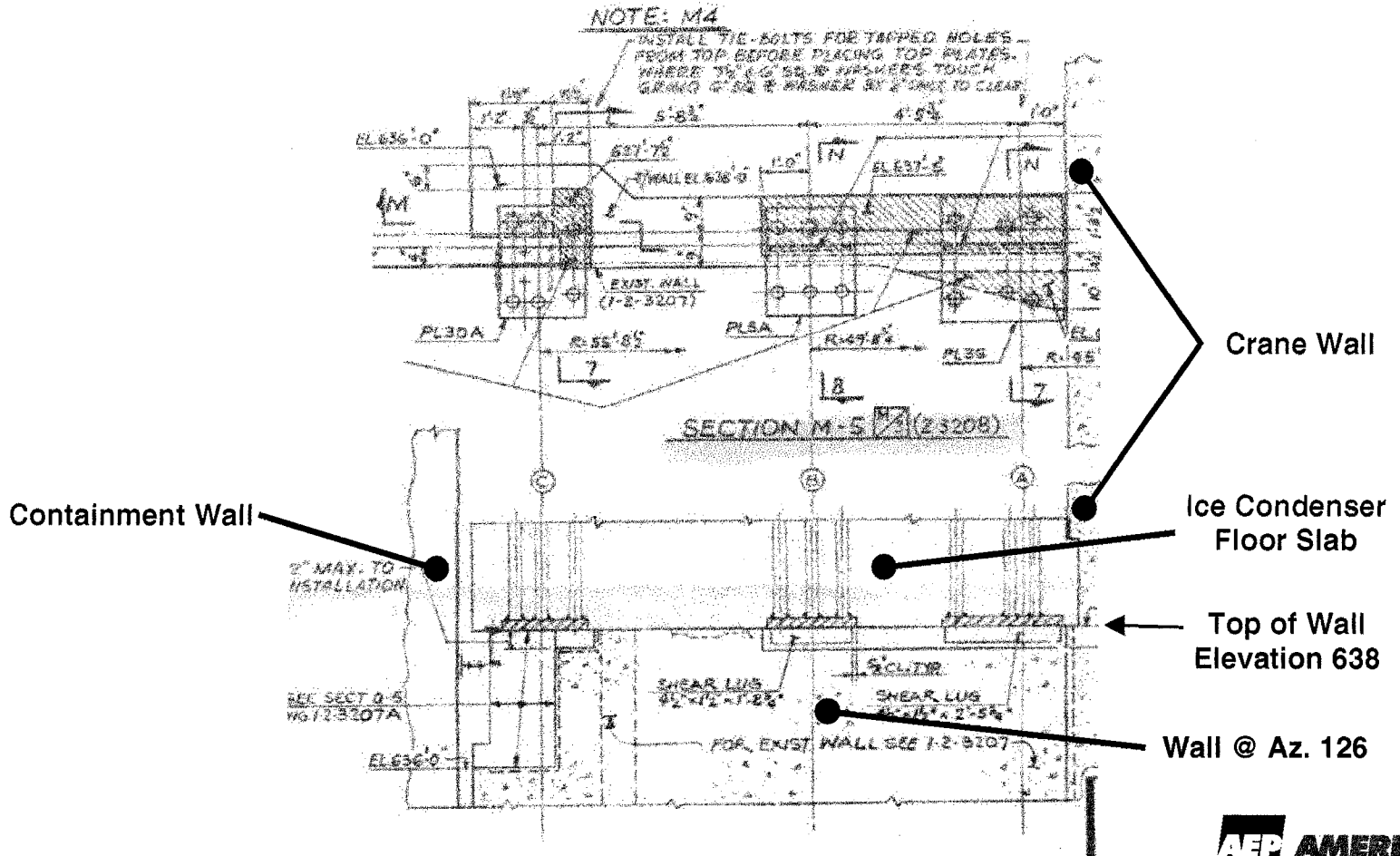
Fan/Accumulator Walls: Description

■ Four Walls in Each Unit

- Two form end walls of CEQ Fan Room (Upper Containment)
- Two form end walls of Instrument Room (Lower Containment “dead ended room”)
- All walls fixed at base and crane wall; free (gap) at containment wall
 - » 6 Walls fixed at top (ice condenser slab)
 - » 2 Walls (Unit 1 - 307° Instrument Room, Unit 2 - 126° CEQ Fan Room) pinned at top with rebar and grout fill

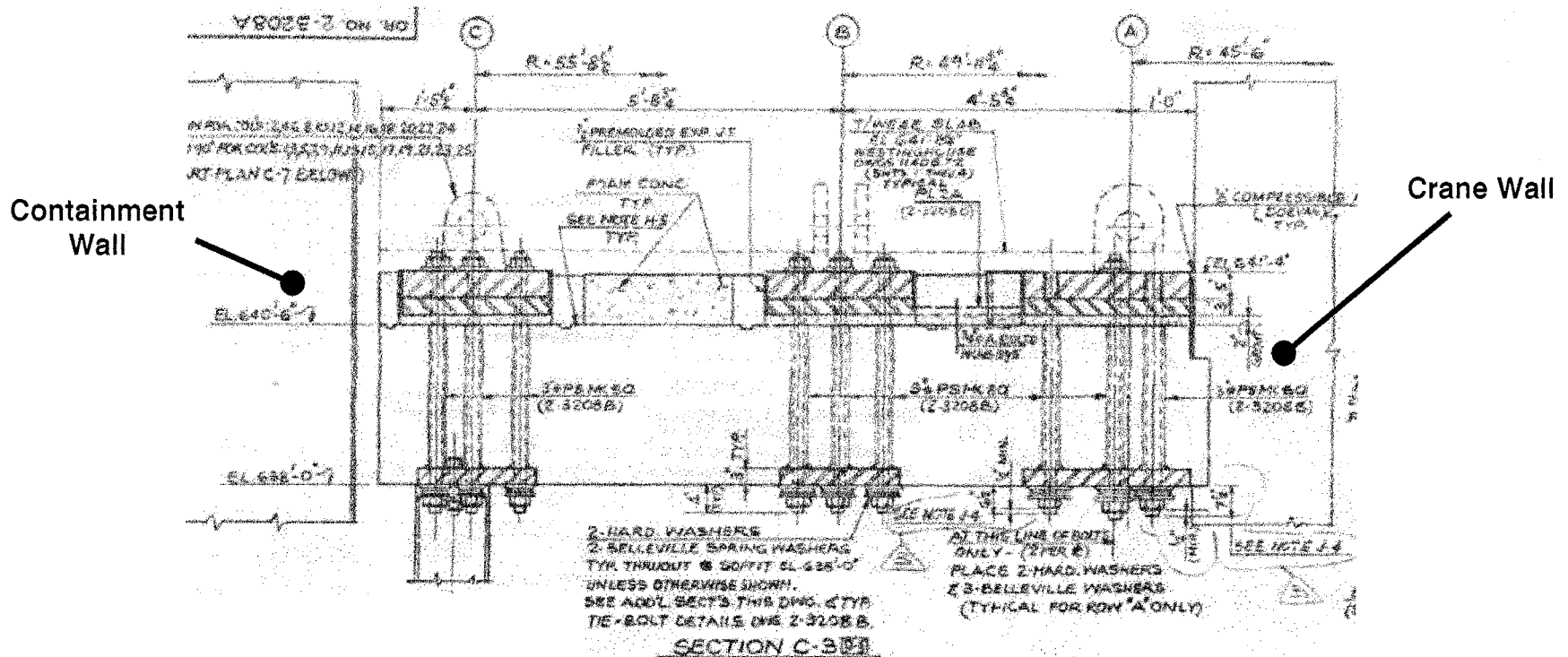
Fan/Accumulator Wall: Unit 2 Configuration

■ Azimuth 126 Wall



Fan/Accumulator Wall: Unit 2 Configuration

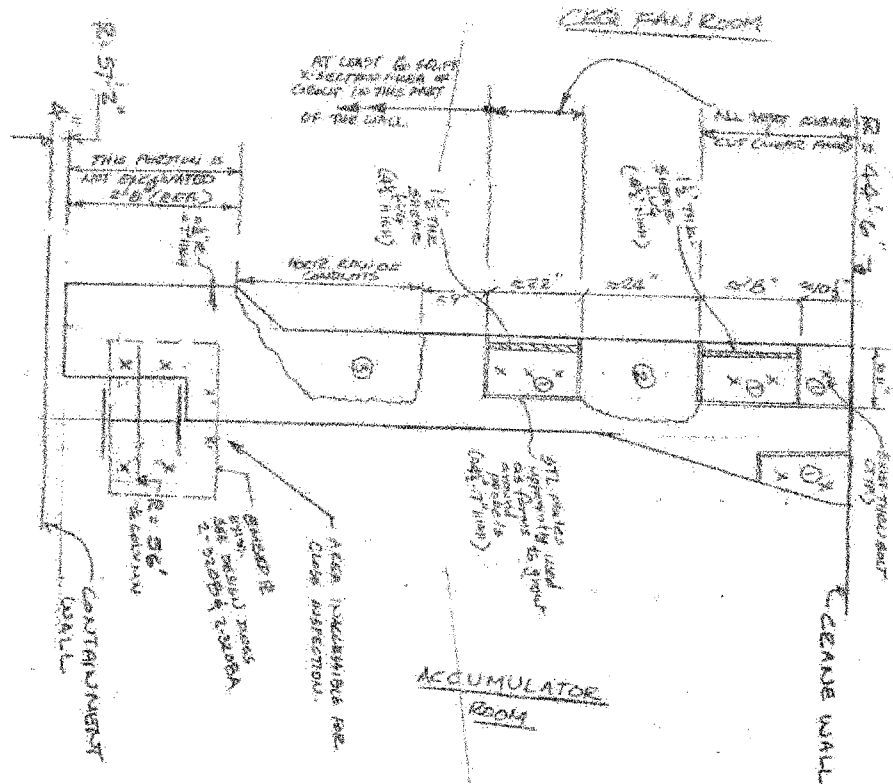
■ Typical Slab/Column Connection (Unit 2 Only)



Fan/Accumulator Wall: Unit 2 Configuration

■ Azimuth 126 Wall Walkdown

- ① Structures - Unit 2 (Azimuth 126)
 - ② Azimuth 126 Wall Walkdown - Unit 2 (Azimuth 126)
 - ③ Partially complete Azimuth 126 Wall Walkdown - Unit 2 (Azimuth 126)
- ④ Structures & Part of Accumulator/Walkdown
located within top 7" of this walkdown. Total of 15 (500-10' diam.)



WALK-DOWN DATE: 2/13/00
PREPARED BY:
REVIEWED BY:

Fan/Accumulator Wall: As Found

■ **Unit 2 Azimuth 126° Wall**

- Grout not present in “pockets” at top of wall
- Existing grout low strength
- Rebar cut in interference areas

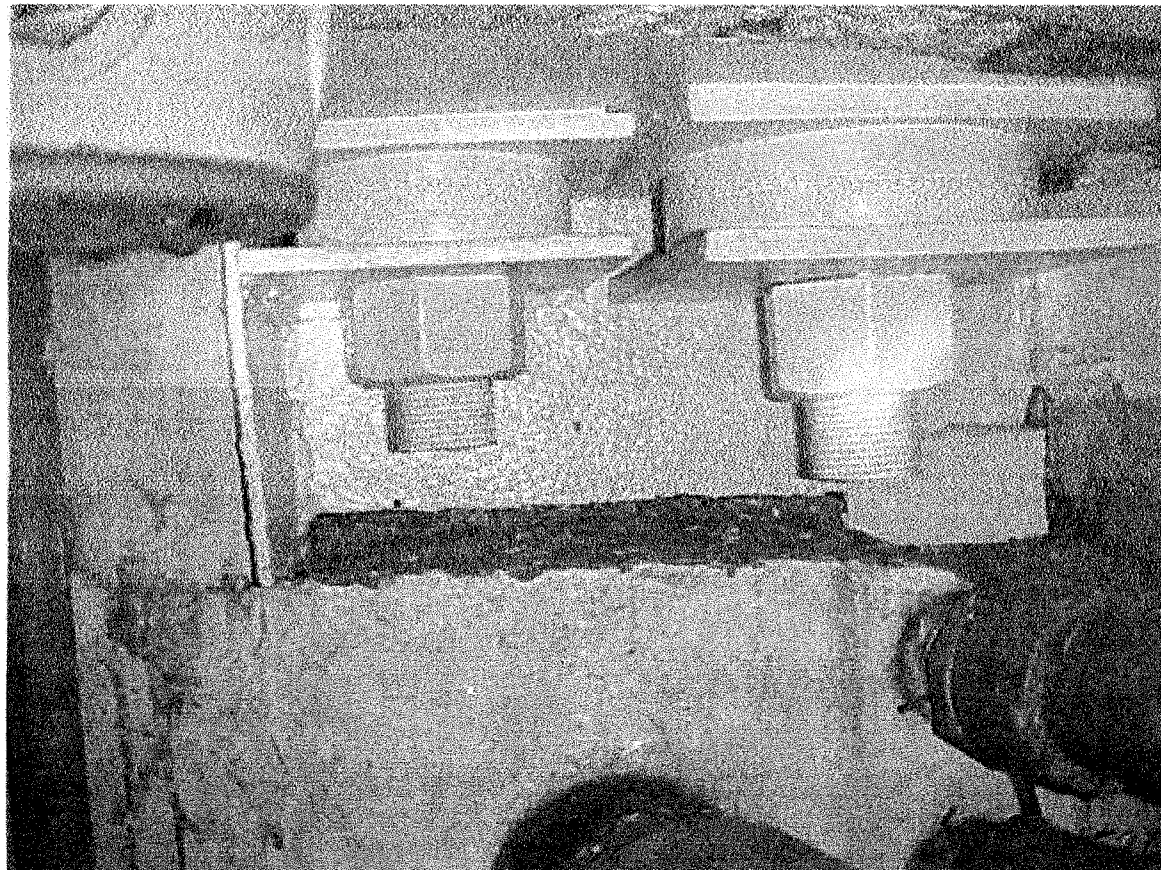
■ **Extent of Condition - Other Seven Walls**

- Monolithic concrete in all but one
- Low strength, intact grout on top seven inches of one Unit 1 Instrument Room wall
- No interference points in other walls - intact rebar

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Fan/Accumulator Wall

■ Detail Showing Shear Lug, Pocket, Through Bolts



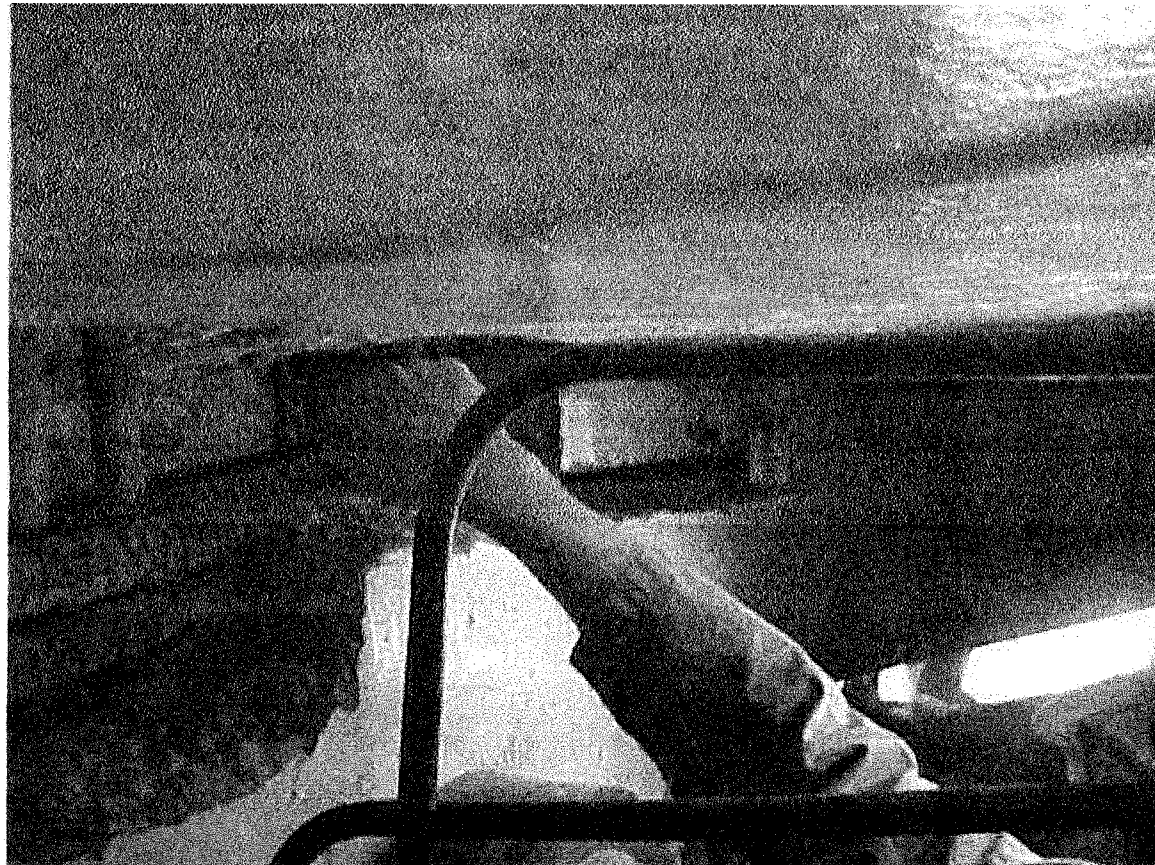
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May 4, 2000

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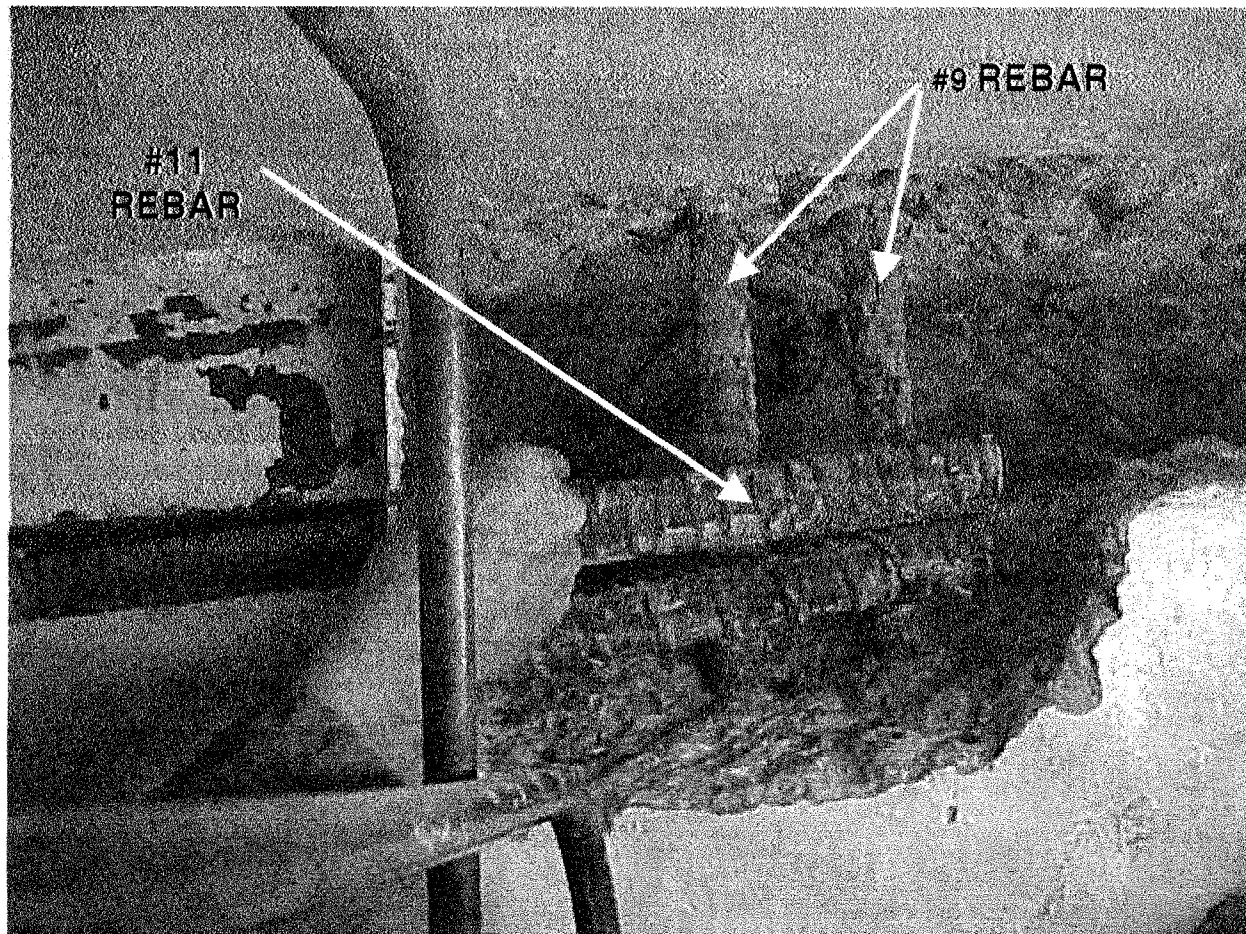
Fan/Accumulator Wall

■ Detail Showing Excavation



Fan/Accumulator Wall

■ Detail Showing Excavation and Rebar



Wall Evaluation

■ Loads

- Pressure load
 - » Original design - 16 psig
 - » New TMD load - 13 psid
 - » Dynamic load factor - 1.22
 - » Use 16 psid
- OBE or DBE
- Dead Load (DL) and Thermal Load (Th) not significant

Wall Evaluation

■ Load Combinations

– Governing UFSAR combinations

- » $1.5 P + DL + Th$ UFSAR Eq. (i)
- » $1.25 P + OBE + DL + Th$ UFSAR Eq. (b)
- » $1.0 P + DBE + DL + Th$ UFSAR Eq. (d)

– For evaluation use (d) to demonstrate operability for pressure plus DBE

– Load factor approach based on ACI 318-63 ultimate strength design method

- » ACI does not address specific nuclear plant case (i.e. accident loads, OBE/DBE, etc.)
- » Factors included to add margin for uncertainty in loads

Wall Evaluation

- **Evaluation Methodology (Assumptions)**
 - Simplified elastic analysis assuming a cantilever
 - 5,300 psi concrete (90 day strength)
 - » Compare: 3,500 psi (28 day strength)
 - 1,000 psi grout (reduced area)
 - Top of wall pinned with five #9 rebar

Wall Evaluation: Results

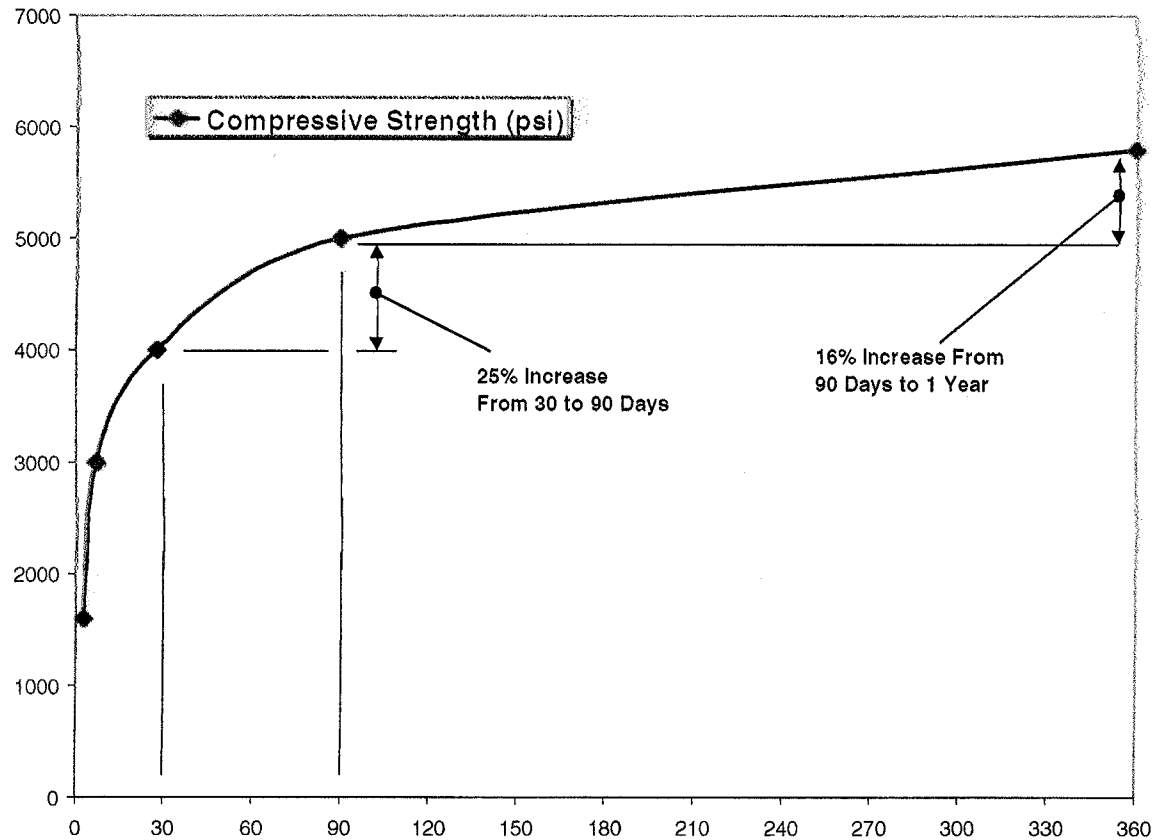
- Evaluation Load Combination Acceptable
(1.0P + SSE + DL + Th) [UFSAR Eq. (d)]
- 1.5 P + DL + Th Combination Not Acceptable
Using Conservative Simplified Analysis
[UFSAR Eq. (I)]

Wall Evaluation: Conservatism

■ Conservatism in Evaluation

- TMD pressure load assumes initial pressure in CEQ room of -1.5 psig
- Concrete strength, grout strength, rebar configuration conservative
- Simplified methodology

Wall Evaluation: Typical Concrete Strength Increase with Age



Wall Evaluation: Potential Improvements

■ Potential Analytical Improvements

- Non-linear analysis
- Increase in capacity due to impulsive load (ACI 349)
- Ductility limit of 3.0 for moment and 1.3 for shear (UFSAR Section 5)
- Use TMD differential pressure (13.0 psid) with DLF = 1.0 (based on ductile analysis)
- Final as-built configuration
 - » Continuous grout in void pockets (1000 psi)

Wall Evaluation: Expected Results of Detailed Analysis

- **7 Intact Walls - Meet All Design Basis Load Combinations**
- **Repaired Wall - Meets All Design Basis Load Combinations**

Corrective Actions

- All Walls Shown to Be Functional with Design Basis Load Combination Equation (d)
 - No credit for grout repair
- Replace Excavated/Missing Grout with High Strength Grout (Unit 2 Wall at 126°)
- Finalize Design Basis Calculations to Document Wall Capacity

Conclusion

- **Containment Walls Safe at Restart**
- **UFSAR Change Submittal Following Completion of Detailed Analysis**



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