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U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D. C. 20555

Attention: Document Control Desk

Subject: Oconee Nuclear Station
Docket Numbers 50-269, 270, and 287
Technical Specification Bases Changes

Please find attached revisions to Tech Spec Bases B 3.7.8, ECCW System which were approved by Station Management on May 1, 2000, and implemented on May 2, 2000. This change revises the Bases such that, for the purpose of performing SR 3.7.8.9, it is not required that the Unit 3 LPSW system be taking suction from the Unit 3 siphon header.

Attachment 1 contains the new Technical Specification Bases pages and Attachment 2 contains the markup version of the Bases pages.

If any additional information is needed, please contact Larry E. Nicholson, (864-885-3292)

Very truly yours,

W. R. McCollum, Jr., Vice President
Oconee Nuclear Site

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Attachment 1

BASES

SURVEILLANCE
REQUIREMENTS
(continued)

SR 3.7.8.9

This SR verifies the ECCW system functions to supply siphon header flow to the suction of the LPSW pumps during design basis conditions by ensuring air accumulation in the ECCW siphon headers is within the removal capabilities of the ESV System. This SR establishes siphon flow with the ESV pumps off. Air accumulation in the pipe results in a corresponding reduction in water level in the CCW piping over a time period. The rate of water level reduction is recorded and compared to limits established in design basis documents. The limits on the rate of water level reduction over a time period are established to ensure ECCW siphon header air accumulation rate is within the removal capabilities of the ESV System under design basis conditions. The Frequency of 18 months is based on the need to perform this SR when the Unit is shutdown. This SR is not required to be performed with the Unit 3 LPSW System taking suction from the siphon. This is acceptable since aligning the LPSW pumps to the Unit 3 ECCW siphon headers is not necessary to demonstrate that the ECCW air accumulation is within the ESV capacity, which is the basic purpose of the test. The flow path from the Unit 3 CCW piping to the suction of the Unit 3 LPSW pumps is demonstrated by normal operation of the LPSW pumps.

A Note states that for Units 1 and 2, the SR is not required to be performed with the shared LPSW System for Units 1 and 2 taking suction from the siphon. This is necessary to avoid potential effects on an operating unit and is acceptable since the capability of the LPSW pumps to take suction from the CCW crossover header is demonstrated by normal, day-to-day operation of the LPSW pumps. Although a loss of suction to the LPSW pumps is unlikely during this SR, it is prudent to minimize the potential for jeopardizing the LPSW suction supply to the LPSW pumps when they are supporting an operating Unit.

REFERENCES

1. UFSAR, Chapter 9.
 2. 10 CFR 50.36.
 3. UFSAR, Chapter 16.
 4. ASME, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section XI.
 5. ASME Standard OM-6.
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Attachment 2

BASES

SURVEILLANCE
REQUIREMENTS
(continued)

SR 3.7.8.9

This SR verifies the ECCW system functions to supply siphon header flow to the suction of the LPSW pumps during design basis conditions by ensuring air accumulation in the ECCW siphon headers is within the removal capabilities of the ESV System. ~~For Unit 3 the LPSW System shall be taking its suction from the siphon header during the SR.~~ This SR establishes siphon flow with the ESV pumps off. Air accumulation in the pipe results in a corresponding reduction in water level in the CCW piping over a time period. The rate of water level reduction is recorded and compared to limits established in design basis documents. The limits on the rate of water level reduction over a time period are established to ensure ECCW siphon header air accumulation rate is within the removal capabilities of the ESV System under design basis conditions. The Frequency of 18 months is based on the need to perform this SR when the Unit is shutdown.

A Note states that for Units 1 and 2, the SR is not required to be performed with the shared LPSW System for Units 1 and 2 taking suction from the siphon. This is necessary to avoid potential effects on an operating unit and is acceptable since the capability of the LPSW pumps to take suction from the CCW crossover header is demonstrated by normal, day-to-day operation of the LPSW pumps. Although a loss of suction to the LPSW pumps is unlikely during this SR, it is prudent to minimize the potential for jeopardizing the LPSW suction supply to the LPSW pumps when they are supporting an operating Unit.

*See
attached
insert.* →

REFERENCES

1. UFSAR, Chapter 9.
 2. 10 CFR 50.36.
 3. UFSAR, Chapter 16.
 4. ASME, Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section XI.
 5. ASME Standard OM-6.
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