

April 27, 2015

10 CFR 50.36(a)

ATTN: Document Control Desk  
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Subject: **Docket Nos. 50-206, 50-361 and 50-362**  
**Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report - 2014**  
**San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS), Units 1, 2, and 3**

Dear Sir or Madam:

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.36(a), Unit 1 Permanently Defueled Technical Specification (TS) Section D6.9.1.4, and Units 2 and 3 TS Section 5.7.1.3, Southern California Edison (SCE) is providing the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report - 2013 (ARERR) for San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS), Units 1, 2, and 3. The period of the report is January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2014.

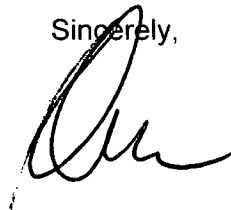
Unit 1 Permanently Defueled TS Section D6.14.2.3 and Units 2 and 3 TS Section 5.5.2.1.1(c) require revisions made to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) for this reporting period to be submitted with the ARERR.

On December 3, 2014, SO123-ODCM, Revision 8 was issued and is included with this submittal. To comply with TS 5.5.2.1.1(c), change bars are included on all affected pages.

This letter does not contain any commitments.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact Mr. Mark Morgan at (949) 368-6745.

Sincerely,



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NMSSZO

Enclosures:

- 1) San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station, Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report 2014 January – December
- 2) Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Nuclear Organization San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station (SONGS) SO123-ODCM Revision 8, .12-3-14
- 3) Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Nuclear Organization San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station Appendix A, Ri Tables, SO123-ODCM-A, Revision 8, 12-3-14
- 4) Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Nuclear Organization San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station (SONGS) Appendix B Supplemental Information for Effluent Controls, SO123-ODCM-B, Revision 7, 09-23-13

cc: M. Dapas, Regional Administrator, NRC Region IV  
T. J. Wengert, NRC Project Manager, San Onofre Unit s 2 and 3  
M. G. Vaaler, NRC Project Manager, SONGS Unit 1  
R. L. Kellar, Region IV, Branch Chief, Repository and Spent Fuel Safety  
S. Y. Hsu, California Department of Public Health

**Enclosure 1:**

San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station  
Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report  
2014  
January – December



# SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

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Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

2014

January - December



## PREFACE

San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station is located next to San Onofre State Beach, adjoining Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base, in San Diego County, 64 miles south of Los Angeles, California. There were three operating pressurized water reactors with a total rated capacity of 2254 net megawatts electrical.

Southern California Edison notified the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) on June 12, 2013, that it had permanently ceased operation of Units 2 and 3 on June 7, 2013. The notification, called a Certification of Permanent Cessation of Power Operations, sets the stage for SCE to begin preparations for decommissioning.

Unit 1, rated at 410 net megawatts electrical, was supplied by Westinghouse Electric Company and began commercial operation on January 1, 1968. The unit was permanently shutdown on November 30, 1992. By August 31, 2004, all fuel was transferred to the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI). By November 29, 2006, all remaining monitored effluent pathways were permanently removed from service. Unit 1 is owned by Southern California Edison (80%) and San Diego Gas and Electric (20%).

Unit 2 and Unit 3 were supplied by Combustion Engineering, Inc., with turbine generators supplied by G.E.C. Turbine Generators, Ltd., of England. The units began commercial operation on August 18, 1983, and April 1, 1984, respectively and were rated at 1127 net megawatts electrical each. The twin units are owned by Southern California Edison (78.21%), San Diego Gas and Electric (20%), and the City of Riverside (1.79%).

Effective December 29, 2006, the City of Anaheim had transferred its ownership interests in San Onofre Units 2 and 3 and the entitlement to the Units 2 and 3 output, to Southern California Edison Company, except that it retains its ownership interests in its spent nuclear fuel and Units 2 and 3's independent spent fuel storage installation located on the facility's site. In addition, the City of Anaheim retains financial responsibility for its spent fuel and for a portion of the Units 2 and 3 decommissioning costs. The City of Anaheim remains a licensee for purposes of its retained interests and liabilities.

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# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION A. INTRODUCTION

This Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report summarizes the gaseous and liquid radioactive effluent releases and radwaste shipments made from the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station, Units 2 and 3. This report is prepared in the general format of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1, and includes:

1. Quarterly Summaries of Gaseous and Liquid Effluents for "Continuous" and "Batch" Modes of Release
2. Percent of Applicable Limits
3. Estimated Total Percent Error
4. Lower Limit of Detection Concentrations
5. Batch Release Summaries
6. Previous Radioactive Effluent Release Report Addendum
7. Radwaste Shipments
8. 10 CFR 50 Appendix I Requirements
9. Changes to Offsite Dose Calculation Manual

These are acronyms used throughout the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

AL	Applicable Limit
ALARA	As Low As Reasonably Achievable
ARERR	Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report
Ci	Curies
DAS	Data Acquisition System
DEC	Decommissioning
ECL	Effluent Concentration Limit
GI-LLI	Gastrointestinal Tract-Lower Large Intestine
GPI	Groundwater Protection Initiative
LLD	Lower Limit of Detection
M <sup>3</sup>	Meter cubed
MPC	Maximum Permissible Concentrations
mRAD	One thousandth Radiation Absorbed Dose
mREM	One thousandth of a Roentgen Equivalent Man
N/A	Not Applicable
ODCM	Offsite Dose Calculation Manual
PCS	Plant Computer System
TLD	Thermoluminescent Dosimeter
uCi/sec	Micro Curies per second
X/Q	Chi over q

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION B. GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

Table 1A, "Gaseous Effluents Summation of All Releases," provides a detailed listing of gaseous effluents released quarterly in four categories: fission and activation gases, iodine 131, particulates with half-lives greater than eight days, and tritium. Listed for each of the four categories are:

- (1) the total curies released
- (2) the average release rate
- (3) the percent of applicable limit
- (4) the estimated total error

In addition, the particulate category lists the gross alpha radioactivity released for each quarter.

The methodology used to calculate the percent of Applicable Limit is presented in Section F of this report. The methodology used in Table 1A to calculate the estimated total error is presented in Section G of this report.

Table 1B, "Gaseous Effluents Elevated Release," has not been included in this report since San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Units 2 and 3 do not conduct elevated releases.

Table 1C, "Gaseous Effluents Ground Level Releases," provides the systematic listing by radionuclide for the quantity of radioactivity released in three categories: fission gases, iodines, and particulates. The total radioactivity for each radionuclide is listed for each quarterly period by both "continuous" and "batch" modes of release.

Waste gas decay tank releases are considered to be "batch" releases. Containment purges and plant stack releases are considered to be "continuous" releases.

Table 1D, "Gaseous Effluents Lower Limit of Detection," provides a listing of lower limit of detection concentrations for radionuclides not detected in Tables 1A and 1C.

Table 1E, "Gaseous Effluents Radiation Doses at the Site Boundary," provides a quarterly summary of doses at the site boundary for this report period.

Table 1F, "Gaseous Effluents Batch Release Summary," provides summary information regarding batch releases conducted during this report period from San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1A**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES**

		Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Estimated Total Error, %
<b>A. Fission and activation gases</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	2.68E+00	<LLD	3.00E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	3.45E-01	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	5.51E-04	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	2.36E-04	N/A	
<b>B. Iodines</b>					
1.	Total I-131	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>C. Particulates</b>					
1.	Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.60E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
5.	Gross alpha activity	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	5.00E+01
<b>D. Tritium</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	1.04E+01	1.60E+01	2.50E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	1.34E+00	2.04E+00	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	3.21E-03	4.88E-03	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	6.42E-03	9.77E-03	



**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1A (Continued)**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES**

		Unit	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Estimated Total Error, %
<b>A. Fission and activation gases</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	3.00E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>B. Iodines</b>					
1.	Total I-131	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>C. Particulates</b>					
1.	Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.60E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
5.	Gross alpha activity	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	5.00E+01
<b>D. Tritium</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	1.37E+01	1.31E+01	2.50E+01
2.	Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	1.72E+00	1.65E+00	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	4.14E-03	3.96E-03	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	8.27E-03	7.91E-03	

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1C**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS GROUND LEVEL RELEASES  
CONTINUOUS MODE**

Radionuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>1. Fission and activation gases</b>					
krypton-85	Ci	2.68E+00	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
krypton-85m	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
krypton-87	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
krypton-88	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-133	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-133m	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-135	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-135m	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-138	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
Total for period	Ci	2.68E+00	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
<b>2. Iodines</b>					
iodine-131	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iodine-133	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iodine-135	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
Total for period	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
<b>3. Particulates</b>					
barium-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cerium-141	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cerium-144	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cesium-134	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cesium-137	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cobalt-58	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cobalt-60	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iron-59	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
lanthanum-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
manganese-54	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
molybdenum-99	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
niobium-95	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
strontium-89	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
strontium-90	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
zinc-65	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

LLD Lower Limit of Detection; see Table 1D.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1C (Continued)**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS GROUND LEVEL RELEASES  
BATCH MODE \***

Radionuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
1. Fission and activation gases					
krypton-85	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
krypton-85m	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
krypton-87	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
krypton-88	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xenon-133	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xenon-133m	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xenon-135	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xenon-135m	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xenon-138	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total for period	Ci	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

\* No batch releases were conducted in 2014.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1D**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION  
CONTINUOUS and BATCH MODE**

Radionuclides	Continuous Mode LLD ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ )	Batch Mode* LLD ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ )
<b>1. Fission and activation gases</b>		
krypton-85	2.20E-05	N/A
krypton-85m	5.50E-08	N/A
krypton-87	2.70E-07	N/A
krypton-88	1.90E-07	N/A
xenon-133	1.40E-07	N/A
xenon-133m	4.40E-07	N/A
xenon-135	5.70E-08	N/A
xenon-135m	2.10E-06	N/A
xenon-138	3.70E-06	N/A
<b>2. Iodines</b>		
iodine-131	2.40E-13	N/A
iodine-133	2.20E-12	N/A
iodine-135	1.50E-10	N/A
<b>3. Particulates</b>		
barium-140	5.20E-13	N/A
cerium-141	6.30E-14	N/A
cerium-144	2.50E-13	N/A
cesium-134	2.00E-13	N/A
cesium-137	1.40E-13	N/A
cobalt-58	1.30E-13	N/A
cobalt-60	2.00E-13	N/A
iron-59	3.20E-13	N/A
lanthanum-140	9.90E-13	N/A
manganese-54	1.30E-13	N/A
molybdenum-99	7.60E-14	N/A
niobium-95	1.30E-13	N/A
strontium-89	1.00E-11	N/A
strontium-90	1.00E-11	N/A
zinc-65	3.40E-13	N/A
<b>4. alpha</b>	1.00E-11	N/A

\*Note: No batch releases were conducted in 2014.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1E**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS RADIATION DOSES AT THE SITE BOUNDARY**

Radionuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>A. Noble Gas</b>					
1. Gamma Air Dose	mrad	7.02E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2. Percent of Applicable Limit	%	7.02E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
3. Beta Air Dose	mrad	7.96E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
4. Percent Applicable Limit	%	3.98E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
<b>B. Tritium, Iodine, Particulates (at the nearest receptor)</b>					
1. Organ Dose	mrem	1.59E-03	2.45E-03	2.09E-03	1.54E-03
2. Percent of Applicable Limit	%	1.06E-02	1.63E-02	1.39E-02	1.03E-02

NOTE: Calculations performed in accordance with the ODCM utilizing the historical X/Q.



**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 1F**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS BATCH RELEASE SUMMARY**

	12 month period
1. Number of batch releases:	0 releases
2. Total time period for batch releases:	0 minutes
3. Maximum time period for a batch release:	0 minutes
4. Average time period for a batch release:	0 minutes
5. Minimum time period for a batch release:	0 minutes

There were no batch releases in 2014

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION C. LIQUID EFFLUENTS

Table 2A, "Liquid Effluents Summation of All Releases," provides a detailed summary of liquid effluents released quarterly in three categories: fission and activation products, tritium, and dissolved and entrained gases. Listed for each of the three categories are:

- (1) the total curies released
- (2) the average diluted concentration
- (3) the percent of applicable limit
- (4) the estimated total error

In addition, Table 2A lists:

- (1) the gross alpha radioactivity
- (2) the volume of waste released (prior to dilution)
- (3) the volume of dilution water

The methodology used to calculate the percent of applicable limit is presented in Section F of this report. The methodology used to calculate the estimated total error in Table 2A is presented in Section G of this report.

Table 2B, "Liquid Effluents," provides the systematic listing by radionuclide for the quantity of radioactivity released in each category. The total radioactivity of each radionuclide released is listed for each quarterly period by both "continuous" and "batch" modes of release.

Table 2C, "Liquid Effluents Lower Limit of Detection," provides a listing of lower limit of detection concentrations for radionuclides not detected in Table 2B.

Table 2D, "Liquid Effluents Radiation Doses at the Liquid Site Boundary," presents a quarterly summary of doses at the Liquid Site Boundary for this report period.

Table 2E, "Liquid Effluents Batch Release Summary," provides summary information regarding batch releases conducted during this report period from San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2A**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES**

		Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Estimated Total Error, %
<b>A. Fission and activation products</b>					
1.	Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha)	Ci	8.26E-04	2.48E-04	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	1.20E-10	3.57E-11	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	3.55E-04	1.12E-04	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	4.00E-03	1.59E-03	
<b>B. Tritium</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	2.57E+01	1.53E+01	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	3.74E-06	2.20E-06	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	1.25E-01	7.34E-02	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	3.74E-01	2.20E-01	
<b>C. Dissolved and entrained gases</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>D. Gross alpha activity</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	5.00E+01
<b>E. Volume of waste released (batch &amp; continuous, prior to dilution)</b>					
		liters	3.69E+05	2.91E+05	5.00E+00
<b>F. Volume of dilution water used during period</b>					
		liters	6.87E+09	6.94E+09	5.00E+00

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2A (Continued)**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES**

		Unit	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Estimated Total Error, %
<b>A. Fission and activation products</b>					
1.	Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha)	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>B. Tritium</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>C. Dissolved and entrained gases</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	1.90E+01
2.	Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	N/A	N/A	
3.	Percent of applicable limit	% MPC	N/A	N/A	
4.	Percent Effluent Concentration Limit	% ECL	N/A	N/A	
<b>D. Gross alpha activity</b>					
1.	Total release	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	5.00E+01
E.	Volume of waste released (batch & continuous, prior to dilution)	liters	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.00E+00
F.	Volume of dilution water used during period	liters	7.02E+09	7.02E+09	5.00E+00

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2B**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS  
CONTINUOUS MODE**

Radionuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>1. Fission and activation products</b>					
barium-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cerium-141	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cerium-144	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cesium-134	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cesium-137	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
chromium-51	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cobalt-58	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
cobalt-60	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iodine-131	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iron-55	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
iron-59	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
lanthanum-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
manganese-54	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
molybdenum-99	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
niobium-95	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
strontium-89	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
strontium-90	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
technetium-99m	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
zinc-65	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
zirconium-95	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
Total for period	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
<b>2. Dissolved and entrained gases</b>					
xenon-133	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
xenon-135	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
Total for period	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD

LLD Lower Limit of Detection; see Table 2C.



**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2B (Continued)**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS  
BATCH MODE**

Radionuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>1. Fission and activation products</b>					
antimony-125	Ci	3.82E-04	6.62E-05	N/A	N/A
barium-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cerium-141	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cerium-144	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cesium-134	Ci	5.70E-05	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cesium-137	Ci	1.15E-04	7.52E-05	N/A	N/A
chromium-51	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cobalt-58	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
cobalt-60	Ci	2.48E-04	9.90E-05	N/A	N/A
iodine-131	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
iron-55	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
iron-59	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
lanthanum-140	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
manganese-54	Ci	2.41E-05	7.40E-06	N/A	N/A
molybdenum-99	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
niobium-95	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
strontium-89	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
strontium-90	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
technetium-99m	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
zinc-65	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
zirconium-95	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
Total for period	Ci	8.26E-04	2.48E-04	N/A	N/A
<b>2. Dissolved and entrained gases</b>					
xenon-133	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
xenon-135	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A
Total for period	Ci	<LLD	<LLD	N/A	N/A

LLD Lower Limit of Detection; see Table 2C.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2C**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION**

Radionuclides	Continuous Mode LLD (μCi/cc)	Batch Mode LLD (μCi/cc)
<b>1. Fission and activation products</b>		
barium-140	3.10E-07	2.60E-07
cerium-141	4.60E-08	4.30E-08
cerium-144	1.90E-07	1.90E-07
cesium-134	8.00E-08	7.90E-08
cesium-137	6.90E-08	*
chromium-51	3.60E-07	3.30E-07
cobalt-58	7.20E-08	7.00E-08
cobalt-60	1.00E-07	*
iodine-131	6.30E-08	4.80E-08
iron-55	1.00E-06	1.00E-06
iron-59	1.70E-07	1.60E-07
lanthanum-140	5.80E-07	1.90E-07
manganese-54	7.10E-08	*
molybdenum-99	6.00E-08	2.80E-08
niobium-95	7.30E-08	6.80E-08
strontium-89	5.00E-08	5.00E-08
strontium-90	5.00E-08	5.00E-08
technetium-99m	6.10E-08	2.90E-08
zinc-65	1.80E-07	1.80E-07
zirconium-95	1.20E-07	1.20E-07
<b>2. Dissolved and entrained gases</b>		
xenon-133	2.50E-07	2.50E-07
xenon-135	9.40E-08	9.40E-08
<b>3. gross alpha</b>		
	1.00E-07	1.00E-07

\* Radionuclide was >LLD in all quarters in which batch releases occurred.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

TABLE 2D

LIQUID EFFLUENTS RADIATION DOSES AT THE LIQUID SITE BOUNDARY

	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
<b>A.</b>					
1. Total body dose	mrem	1.47E-03	7.98E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2. Percent of Applicable Limit	%	4.90E-02	2.66E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
<b>B.</b>					
1. Limiting organ dose	mrem	2.47E-03	1.18E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2. Percent of Applicable Limit	%	2.47E-02	1.18E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
3. Limiting organ for period		GI/LLI	GI/LLI	N/A	N/A

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**TABLE 2E**

**LIQUID EFFLUENTS BATCH RELEASE SUMMARY**

	12 month period
1. Number of batch releases:	8 releases
2. Total time period for batch releases:	1725 minutes
3. Maximum time period for a batch release:	262 minutes
4. Average time period for a batch release:	216 minutes
5. Minimum time period for a batch release:	118 minutes
6. Average saltwater flow during batch releases:	29500 gpm

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION D. PREVIOUS RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT ADDENDUM**

In the 2013 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report (ARERR), under section K, it was documented that 2/2 RIT-7202, Waste Gas Holdup System Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device was out of service for greater than 30 days. This was a typo identified. The correct component identification should have been documented as 2/3 RIT-7202.



**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION E. RADWASTE SHIPMENTS**

**TABLE 3 (Units 2 & 3)**

**SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENT**

**A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not Irradiated Fuel)**

<b>1. Type of waste</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>12 month period</b>	<b>Estimated total error (%)</b>
a. Spent resins, filter sludge	m <sup>3</sup>	43.304	3.00E+01
	Ci	1.570E+02	
b. Dry active waste (DAW), compactable and non-compactable	m <sup>3</sup>	1946.232	3.00E+01
	Ci	2.006E+01	
c. Irradiated components	m <sup>3</sup>	0.022	3.00E+01
	Ci	2.280E-02	
d. Other: Filters	m <sup>3</sup>	10.463	3.00E+01
	Ci	1.142E+02	

Notes:

Total curie content estimated

Shipments included: Dry Active Waste (DAW), Excore Detectors, Concrete Missile Shields, Misc. Filters and Mixed Bed Ion Exchange Bead Resin. These items were packaged and shipped in various GENERAL DESIGN PACKAGES and TYPE A SHIPPING CASKS. The Excore Detectors were shipped in a TYPE A SHIPPING CASK. The Spent Resin was packaged into High Integrity Containers (HICs) and shipped in GENERAL DESIGN shipping casks, USA DOT 7A TYPE A shipping casks and a USA DOT 7A TYPE A "SMAC" shipping container. Misc. Filters were packaged and shipped in GENERAL DESIGN shipping casks and USA DOT 7A TYPE A shipping casks.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not Irradiated Fuel)**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Resin)</b>			
a.	Tritium (H3)	%	N/A
	Actinium-227	%	N/A
	Americium-241	%	3.08E-04
	Antimony-124	%	N/A
	Antimony-125	%	8.96E-01
	Barium-133	%	N/A
	Beryllium-7	%	N/A
	Carbon-14	%	4.27E+00
	Cerium-141	%	N/A
	Cerium-144	%	1.66E-01
	Cesium-134	%	2.71E+00
	Cesium-135	%	N/A
	Cesium-137	%	1.32E+01
	Chromium-51	%	N/A
	Cobalt-57	%	2.79E-01
	Cobalt-58	%	1.68E-01
	Colbalt-60	%	1.20E+01
	Curium-242	%	N/A
	Curium-243	%	N/A
	Europium-152	%	N/A
	Europium-154	%	N/A
	Europium-155	%	N/A
	Holmium-166m	%	N/A
	Iodine-129	%	N/A
	Iron-55	%	1.50E+01
	Iron-59	%	N/A
	Manganese-54	%	1.08E+00
	Neptunium-237	%	N/A
	Nickel-59	%	1.91E-01
	Nickel-63	%	4.99E+01
	Niobium-94	%	N/A
	Niobium-95	%	N/A
	Plutonium-238	%	5.37E-4

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Resin) continued</b>		
Plutonium-239	%	2.07E-04
Plutonium-240	%	N/A
Plutonium-241	%	N/A
Plutonium-242	%	N/A
Promethium-145	%	N/A
Promethium-146	%	N/A
Promethium-147	%	N/A
Protactinium-231	%	N/A
Radium-226	%	N/A
Radium-228	%	N/A
Ruthenium-103	%	N/A
Ruthenium-106	%	N/A
Samarium-147	%	N/A
Samarium-151	%	N/A
Silver-110m	%	N/A
Strontium-89	%	N/A
Strontium-90	%	6.19E-02
Technetium-99	%	N/A
Thorium-228	%	N/A
Thorium-230	%	N/A
Thulium-171	%	N/A
Tin-113	%	N/A
Uranium-232	%	N/A
Uranium-233	%	N/A
Uranium-234	%	N/A
Uranium-235	%	N/A
Uranium-236	%	N/A
Uranium-238	%	N/A
Zinc-65	%	N/A
Zirconium-95	%	N/A

a. Total Percentage for pages 20 and 21                      100%

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 DAW)</b>			
b.	Tritium (H3)	%	1.48E+00
	Actinium-227	%	N/A
	Americium-241	%	8.45E-03
	Antimony-124	%	5.45E-04
	Antimony-125	%	3.60E-01
	Barium-133	%	N/A
	Beryllium-7	%	N/A
	Carbon-14	%	6.94E+00
	Cerium-141	%	N/A
	Cerium-144	%	2.04E-02
	Cesium-134	%	2.41E-01
	Cesium-135	%	N/A
	Cesium-137	%	1.97E+01
	Chromium-51	%	1.28E+00
	Cobalt-57	%	1.37E-02
	Cobalt-58	%	1.84E+00
	Colbalt-60	%	9.93E+00
	Curium-242	%	2.33E-06
	Curium-243	%	9.27E-03
	Europium-152	%	2.04E-02
	Europium-154	%	N/A
	Europium-155	%	N/A
	Holmium-166m	%	N/A
	Iodine-129	%	3.70E-05
	Iron-55	%	1.05E+01
	Iron-59	%	1.15E-01
	Manganese-54	%	9.25E-02
	Neptunium-237	%	N/A
	Nickel-59	%	6.00E-01
	Nickel-63	%	4.57E+01
	Niobium-94	%	1.86E-02
	Niobium-95	%	7.88E-02
	Plutonium-238	%	8.01E-03

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 DAW) continued</b>		
Plutonium-239	%	6.97E-03
Plutonium-240	%	N/A
Plutonium-241	%	2.10E-01
Plutonium-242	%	N/A
Promethium-145	%	N/A
Promethium-146	%	N/A
Promethium-147	%	N/A
Protactinium-231	%	N/A
Radium-226	%	6.85E-04
Radium-228	%	5.85E-04
Ruthenium-103	%	N/A
Ruthenium-106	%	N/A
Samarium-147	%	N/A
Samarium-151	%	N/A
Silver-110m	%	2.65E-07
Strontium-89	%	3.20E-05
Strontium-90	%	5.80E-02
Technetium-99	%	7.01E-01
Thorium-228	%	N/A
Thorium-230	%	6.85E-04
Thulium-171	%	N/A
Tin-113	%	1.31E-02
Uranium-232	%	N/A
Uranium-233	%	8.64E-05
Uranium-234	%	N/A
Uranium-235	%	N/A
Uranium-236	%	N/A
Uranium-238	%	1.68E-05
Zinc-65	%	1.09E-02
Zirconium-95	%	5.53E-02

b. Total Percentage for pages 22 and 23                      100%

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Irradiated Components)</b>			
c.	Actinium-227	%	2.31E-06
	Americium-241	%	3.43E-08
	Antimony-124	%	N/A
	Antimony-125	%	N/A
	Barium-133	%	7.04E-10
	Beryllium-7	%	N/A
	Carbon-14	%	N/A
	Cerium-141	%	N/A
	Cerium-144	%	1.85E-06
	Cesium-134	%	1.19E-04
	Cesium-135	%	2.38E-03
	Cesium-137	%	9.10E+01
	Chromium-51	%	N/A
	Cobalt-57	%	N/A
	Cobalt-58	%	N/A
	Colbalt-60	%	4.81E+00
	Curium-242	%	N/A
	Curium-243	%	N/A
	Europium-152	%	8.44E-04
	Europium-154	%	1.98E-03
	Europium-155	%	1.38E-01
	Holmium-166m	%	5.64E-10
	Iodine-129	%	4.02E-05
	Iron-55	%	N/A
	Iron-59	%	N/A
	Manganese-54	%	N/A
	Neptunium-237	%	7.70E-06
	Nickel-59	%	N/A
	Nickel-63	%	N/A
	Niobium-94	%	N/A
	Niobium-95	%	N/A
	Plutonium-238	%	9.53E-06
	Plutonium-239	%	5.29E-03

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Irradiated Components)</b>		
Plutonium-240	%	1.22E-05
Plutonium-241	%	1.47E-06
Plutonium-242	%	N/A
Promethium-145	%	1.45E-10
Promethium-146	%	2.45E-09
Promethium-147	%	7.87E-01
Protactinium-231	%	2.55E-05
Radium-226	%	N/A
Radium-228	%	N/A
Ruthenium-103	%	N/A
Ruthenium-106	%	N/A
Samarium-147	%	1.48E-08
Samarium-151	%	3.18E+00
Silver-110m	%	N/A
Strontium-89	%	N/A
Strontium-90	%	N/A
Technetium-99	%	N/A
Thorium-228	%	2.85E-09
Thorium-230	%	N/A
Thulium-171	%	1.66E-11
Tin-113	%	N/A
Tritium	%	N/A
Uranium-232	%	2.80E-06
Uranium-233	%	1.22E-07
Uranium-234	%	2.52E-05
Uranium-235	%	9.01E-02
Uranium-236	%	9.27E-04
Uranium-238	%	1.20E-03
Zinc-65	%	N/A
Zirconium-95	%	N/A

c. Total Percentage for page 24 and 25

100%

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Filters)</b>			
d.	Tritium	%	2.98E-01
	Actinium-227	%	N/A
	Americium-241	%	1.04E-02
	Antimony-124	%	2.97E-25 <sup>(1)</sup>
	Antimony-125	%	1.92E-01
	Barium-133	%	N/A
	Beryllium-7	%	4.84E-34 <sup>(1)</sup>
	Carbon-14	%	3.11E+01
	Cerium-141	%	2.83E-46 <sup>(1)</sup>
	Cerium-144	%	4.08E-02
	Cesium-134	%	8.40E-03
	Cesium-135	%	N/A
	Cesium-137	%	7.96E-01
	Chromium-51	%	2.66E-03
	Cobalt-57	%	1.56E-02
	Cobalt-58	%	4.11E-01
	Cobalt-60	%	7.23E+00
	Curium-242	%	1.52E-06
	Curium-243	%	1.69E-02
	Europium-152	%	N/A
	Europium-154	%	N/A
	Europium-155	%	N/A
	Holmium-166m	%	N/A
	Iodine-129	%	2.70E-03
	Iron-55	%	6.08E+00
	Iron-59	%	2.85E-05
	Manganese-54	%	9.09E-02
	Neptunium-237	%	N/A
	Nickel-59	%	3.72E-02
	Nickel-63	%	5.32E+01
	Niobium-94	%	3.44E-02
	Niobium-95	%	6.41E-03
	Plutonium-238	%	7.02E-03



**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (Table 3 Filters) continued</b>		
Plutonium-239	%	5.94E-03
Plutonium-240	%	N/A
Plutonium-241	%	2.39E-01
Plutonium-242	%	2.62E-06
Promethium-145	%	N/A
Promethium-146	%	N/A
Promethium-147	%	N/A
Protactinium-231	%	N/A
Radium-226	%	N/A
Radium-228	%	N/A
Ruthenium-103	%	2.38E-45 <sup>(1)</sup>
Ruthenium-106	%	1.92E-06
Samarium-147	%	N/A
Samarium-151	%	N/A
Silver-110m	%	2.42E-06
Strontium-89	%	9.68E-05
Strontium-90	%	6.91E-02
Technetium-99	%	4.31E-02
Thorium-228	%	N/A
Thorium-230	%	N/A
Thulium-171	%	N/A
Tin-113	%	4.85E-05
Uranium-232	%	N/A
Uranium-233	%	1.60E-06
Uranium-234	%	N/A
Uranium-235	%	N/A
Uranium-236	%	N/A
Uranium-238	%	2.18E-07
Zinc-65	%	3.45E-08
Zirconium-95	%	1.37E-02

d. Total Percentage for pages 26 and 27                      100%

<sup>(1)</sup> Nuclides were decayed automatically from initial waste characterization years prior to the date of actual shipment on manifest

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not Irradiated Fuel)**

<b>3. Solid Waste Disposition</b>		
<b>Number of Shipments</b>	<b>Mode of Transportation</b>	<b>Destination</b>
32	Truck/Flatbed Trailer	Energy Solutions Utah
6	Truck/Flatbed Trailer	Energy Solutions Bear Creek TN**
1	Truck/Flatbed Trailer	Energy Solutions Oak Ridge TN**
2	Truck/Flatbed Trailer	Energy Solutions Kingston TN**
1	Truck/Flatbed Trailer	Waste Control Specialists Andrews TX
12	Truck/Type A Cask	Energy Solutions Utah
3	Truck/Type A Cask	Waste Control Specialists Andrews TX
1	Truck/Type A Cask	Energy Solutions Bear Creek TN**
6	Truck/Type A Cask	Energy Solutions Barnwell BPF SC**
1	Truck/Type A Cask	TOXCO Oak Ridge TN**
3	Truck/Type A SMAC	Waste Control Specialists Andrews TX
5	Truck/Special Trailer	Energy Solutions Utah

There were a total of 73 shipments.

\*\*Shipments made to vendor processor

NOTE: SONGS maintains a contract with Bear Creek, Barnwell, Kingston Facilities/Energy Solutions, Toxco MCC-WMG, which provides volume reduction services. Processed Solid Waste was shipped from Bear Creek/Energy Solutions Facility (OakRidge TN) to Energy Solutions Burial Site (Clive UT) using 3 shipments. Processed Solid Waste was shipped from Toxco MCC-WMG (Oak Ridge TN) to Energy Solutions Burial Site (Clive UT) using 1 shipment. Processed Solid Waste was shipped from Barnwell (Barnwell, SC) to Energy Solutions Burial Site (Clive, UT) using 1 Shipment. A few of these shipments included waste from other generators, SCE's waste volume was a small fraction of the total waste included with these shipments. The processing of these wastes are ongoing into this current year as some shipments made were in 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter of 2014 to Barnwell BPF/Energy Solutions facility South Carolina.

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**B. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Disposition)**

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
None	No shipments were made	N/A

**C. DEWATERING**

Number of Containers	Solidification Agent
12*	N/A

\*12 High integrity containers of spent resin were dewatered as part of the resin drying process

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION E. RADWASTE SHIPMENTS**

**TABLE 3 (COMMON)**

**SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENT**

**A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not Irradiated Fuel)**

<b>1. Type of waste</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>12 month period</b>	<b>Estimated total error (%)</b>
a. Spent resins, filter sludge , evaporator bottoms	m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	N/A
	Ci	N/A	
b. Dry active waste (DAW), compactable and non-compactable	m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	N/A
	Ci	N/A	
c. Irradiated components	m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	N/A
	Ci	N/A	
d. Other: Filters	m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	N/A
	Ci	N/A	

N/A No shipments made.

<b>2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)</b>		
a. not applicable	%	N/A
b. not applicable	%	N/A
c. not applicable	%	N/A
d. not applicable	%	N/A

<b>3. Solid Waste Disposition (SONGS 1, 2, and 3)</b>		
<b>Number of Shipments</b>	<b>Mode of Transportation</b>	<b>Destination</b>
None	No shipments were made	N/A

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENT**

**B. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Disposition)**

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
None	No shipments were made	N/A

**C. DEWATERING**

Number of Containers	Solidification Agent
None	N/A

**D. CHANGES TO THE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM AT SAN ONOFRE UNITS 1, 2 & 3**

None

**REFERENCES:**

1. Unit 1 Technical Specifications, section D6.13.2.
2. Units 2 and 3 License Controlled Specifications, section 5.0.103.2.2.
3. Procedure SO123-VII-8.5.1 (Rev. 10 EC3) "Radwaste Process Control Program".
4. Procedure SO123-VII-8.1.6 (Rev. 6 EC3) "Radioactive Waste Shipment Data For The Annual Effluent Release Report"
5. Regulatory Guide 1.21, Rev. 1, June 1974.

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## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION F. APPLICABLE LIMITS

#### Gaseous Effluents Applicable Limits

The percent of Applicable Limits, tabulated in Sections A, B, C, and D of Table 1A, were calculated using the following equation:

- % Applicable Limit = 
$$\frac{(\text{Rel Rate}) (X/Q) (100)}{\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}}$$

where: Rel Rate = total curies released in each category and each quarter, divided by the seconds in a quarter; the value in Sections A.2, B.2, C.2 and D.2 of Table 1A,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ .

X/Q =  $4.80\text{E-}6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$ ; the annual average atmospheric dispersion defined in the ODCM.

- $\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}$  = 
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{F_i}{\text{MPC}_i}}$$

where:  $F_i$  = fractional abundance of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide obtained by dividing the activity (curies) for each radionuclide,  $C_i$ , by the sum of all the isotopic activity,  $C_T$ .

n = total number of radionuclides identified

$\text{MPC}_i$  = Maximum Permissible Concentration (MPC) of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide from 10 CFR 20 (20.1-20.602), Appendix B, Table II, Column 1.

- % ECL = 
$$\frac{(\text{Rel Rate}) (X/Q) (100)}{\text{ECL}_{\text{eff}}}$$

where: Rel Rate = total curies released in each category and each quarter, divided by the seconds in a quarter; the value in Sections A.2, B.2, C.2 and D.2 of Table 1A,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ .

X/Q =  $4.80\text{E-}6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$ ; the annual average atmospheric dispersion defined in the ODCM.

- $\text{ECL}_{\text{eff}}$  = 
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{F_i}{\text{ECL}_i}}$$

where:  $F_i$  = fractional abundance of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide obtained by dividing the activity (curies) for each radionuclide,  $C_i$ , by the sum of all the isotopic activity,  $C_T$ .

n = total number of radionuclides identified

$\text{ECL}_i$  = Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL) of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide from 10 CFR 20 (20.1001-20.2402), Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION F. APPLICABLE LIMITS (Continued)

#### Liquid Effluents Applicable Limits

The percent of Applicable Limits, tabulated in Sections A, B, and C of Table 2A, were calculated using the following equations:

- % Applicable Limit = 
$$\frac{(\text{Dil Conc}) (100)}{\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}}$$

where: Dil Conc = total curies released in each category and each quarter divided by the total volume released (sum of Sections E and F in Table 2A); the value in Sections A.2, B.2, and C.2 of Table 2A,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .
- $\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}$  = 
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{F_i}{\text{MPC}_i}}$$

where:  $F_i$  = fractional abundance of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide obtained by dividing the activity (curies) for each radionuclide,  $C_i$ , by the sum of all the isotopic activity,  $C_T$ .

n = total number of radionuclides identified

$\text{MPC}_i$  = Maximum Permissible Concentration (MPC) of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide from 10 CFR 20 (20.1-20.602), Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.
- % ECL = 
$$\frac{(\text{Dil Conc}) (100)}{\text{ECL}_{\text{eff}}}$$

where: Dil Conc = total curies released in each category and each quarter divided by the total volume released (sum of Sections E and F in Table 2A); the value in Sections A.2, B.2, and C.2 of Table 2A,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .
- $\text{ECL}_{\text{eff}}$  = 
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{F_i}{\text{ECL}_i}}$$

where:  $F_i$  = fractional abundance of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide obtained by dividing the activity (curies) for each radionuclide,  $C_i$ , by the sum of all the isotopic activity,  $C_T$ .

n = total number of radionuclides identified

$\text{ECL}_i$  = Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL) of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide from 10 CFR 20 (20.1001-20.2402), Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION F. APPLICABLE LIMITS (Continued)**

**APPENDIX A**

**GASEOUS EFFLUENTS – APPLICABLE LIMITS**

- A. Table 1A lists the total curies released and the release rate. The percent of applicable limit compares the release concentration limits of 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table II, Column 1.
- B. Table 1E lists the air doses as calculated using the historical X/Q. the air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents from SONGS (per reactor) to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following values:
1. During any calendar quarter:  $\leq 5$  mrad for gamma radiation and  $\leq 10$  mrad for beta radiation.
  2. During any calendar year:  $\leq 10$  mrad for gamma radiation and  $\leq 20$  mrad for beta radiation.
- C. The dose to a Member of the Public from iodines, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days in gaseous effluents released from SONGS (per reactor) to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following values:
1. During any calendar quarter:  $\leq 7.5$  mrem to any organ.
  2. During any calendar year:  $\leq 15$  mrem to any organ.



# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION F. APPLICABLE LIMITS (Continued)

#### APPENDIX A (Continued)

#### LIQUID EFFLUENTS – APPLICABLE LIMITS

- A. Table 2A lists the total curies released, the diluted concentration, and percent of applicable limit. The percent of applicable limit compares the diluted concentration of radioactive material released to the concentrations specified in 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to  $2.00E-04$   $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .
- B. Table 2D lists the doses due to liquid releases. The dose commitment to a Member of the Public from radioactive materials in liquid effluent release from SONG (per reactor) to unrestricted areas shall be limited to the following values:
1. During any calendar quarter:  $\leq 1.5$  mrem to the total body and  $\leq 5$  mrem to any organ.
  2. During any calendar year:  $\leq 3$  mrem to the total body and  $\leq 10$  mrem to any organ.

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## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION G. ESTIMATION OF ERROR

Estimations of the error in reported values of gaseous and liquid effluents releases have been made.

Sources of error for gaseous effluents batch releases are:

- (1) Tank volumes
- (2) Sampling
- (3) Counting
- (4) Calibration

Sources of error for gaseous effluents - continuous releases are:

- (1) Fan flow rate
- (2) Sampling
- (3) Counting
- (4) Calibration
- (5) Differential pressure drop

Sources of error for liquid effluents - batch releases are:

- (1) Tank volumes
- (2) Sampling
- (3) Counting
- (4) Calibration

Sources of error for liquid effluents - continuous releases are:

- (1) Dilution flow rate
- (2) Sampling
- (3) Counting
- (4) Calibration

These sources of error are independent, and thus, the total error is calculated according to the following formula:

$$\text{Total Error} = \sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2 + \sigma_3^2 \dots \sigma_i^2}$$

where:  $\sigma_i$  = Error associated with each component.

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION H. 10 CFR 50 APPENDIX I REQUIREMENTS

Table 1 in Section H presents the quarterly and annual maximum dose to an individual. Six different categories are presented:

- (1) Liquid Effluents - Whole Body
- (2) Liquid Effluents - Organ
- (3) Airborne Effluents - Tritium, Iodines and Particulates
- (4) Noble Gases - Gamma
- (5) Noble Gases - Beta
- (6) Direct Radiation

The doses for categories 1 and 2 were calculated using the methodology of the ODCM; these data are also presented in Table 2D. Categories 3, 4, and 5 were calculated utilizing RETDAS (Radioactive Effluent Tracking and Dose Assessment Software), Regulatory Guide 1.109 methodology, and concurrent meteorology. Table 1E of gaseous effluents previously presented, however, lists data similar to categories 3, 4 and 5 using methods described in the ODCM and the historical meteorology (X/Q). Category 6 presents direct dose data measured by TLD dosimeters. Each portion of each category is footnoted to briefly describe each maximum individual dose presented.

For members of the public, per the ODCM, who may at times be within the site boundary<sup>1</sup>, the occupancy of the individual will be sufficiently low to compensate for any increase in the atmospheric diffusion factor above that for the site boundary. For members of the public who traverse the site boundary via highway I-5, the residency time shall be considered negligible and hence the dose "0".

Table 2 in Section H presents the percent of Applicable Limits for each dose presented in Table 1.

<sup>1</sup> ODCM Figures 1-2 & 2-2.

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TABLE 1

SOURCE	Dose * (millirems)				
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
LIQUID EFFLUENTS	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)
Whole Body	1.47E-03	7.98E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.27E-03
	6)	7)	8)	9)	10)
Organ	2.47E-03	1.18E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.65E-03
AIRBORNE EFFLUENTS	11)	12)	13)	14)	15)
Tritium, Iodines, and Particulates	4.15E-03	3.24E-03	5.09E-03	4.33E-03	1.68E-02
NOBLE GASES **	16)	17)	18)	19)	20)
Gamma	3.11E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.11E-05
	21)	22)	23)	24)	25)
Beta	3.52E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.52E-03
DIRECT RADIATION	26)	27)	28)	29)	30)
	6.69E-02	6.28E-02	3.51E-02	6.36E-02	2.06E-01

\* The numbered footnotes below briefly explain how each maximum dose was calculated, including the organ and the predominant pathway(s).

\*\* Noble gas doses due to airborne effluent are in units of mrad, reflecting the air dose.

1. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM.
2. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM.
3. No liquid radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
4. No liquid radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
5. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM.
6. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM; the GI-LLI received the maximum dose primarily by the saltwater fish pathway.
7. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM; the GI-LLI received the maximum dose primarily by the saltwater fish pathway.
8. No liquid radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
9. No liquid radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
10. This value was calculated using the methodology of the ODCM; the GI-LLI received the maximum dose primarily by the saltwater fish pathway.

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11. The maximum organ dose was to a child's liver, thyroid, kidney, lung, and GI-LLI and was located in the NNW sector. This was calculated using the assumptions of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
12. The maximum organ dose was to a child's liver, thyroid, kidney, lung, and GI-LLI and was located in the NNW sector. This was calculated using the assumptions of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
13. The maximum organ dose was to a child's liver, thyroid, kidney, lung, and GI-LLI and was located in the NNW sector. This was calculated using the assumptions of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
14. The maximum organ dose was to a child's liver, thyroid, kidney, lung, and GI-LLI and was located in the NNW sector. This was calculated using the assumptions of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
15. The maximum organ dose was to a child's liver, thyroid, kidney, lung, and GI-LLI and was located in the NNW sector. This was calculated using the assumptions of USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
16. The maximum air dose for gamma radiation was located in the NNE sector, at the exclusion area boundary, and calculated using the assumptions of the USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
17. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
18. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
19. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
20. The maximum air dose for gamma radiation was located in the NNE sector, at the exclusion area boundary, and calculated using the assumptions of the USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
21. The maximum air dose for beta radiation was located in the NNE sector, at the exclusion area boundary, and calculated using the assumptions of the USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
22. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
23. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
24. No noble gas radioactive effluent releases occurred during this quarter.
25. The maximum air dose for beta radiation was located in the NNE sector, at the exclusion area boundary, and calculated using the assumptions of the USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.109.
26. Measurements were made using TLD dosimeters; values are presented as site wide dose and are prorated to 300 hours per year; highest dose was measured at the Site Boundary in the W sector.
27. Measurements were made using TLD dosimeters; values are presented as site wide dose and are prorated to 300 hours per year; highest dose was measured at the Site Boundary in the W sector.
28. Measurements were made using TLD dosimeters; values are presented as site wide dose and are prorated to 300 hours per year; highest dose was measured at the Site Boundary in the WNW sector.
29. Measurements were made using TLD dosimeters; values are presented as site wide dose and are prorated to 300 hours per year; highest dose was measured at the Site Boundary in the W sector.
30. Measurements were made using TLD dosimeters; values are presented as site wide dose and are prorated to 300 hours per year; highest dose was measured at the Site Boundary in the W sector.

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

TABLE 2

SOURCE	Percent Applicable Limit				
	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
<b>LIQUID EFFLUENTS</b>					
Whole Body	4.90E-02	2.66E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.78E-02
Organ	2.47E-02	1.18E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.83E-02
<b>AIRBORNE EFFLUENTS</b>					
Tritium, Iodines, and Particulates	2.77E-02	2.16E-02	3.39E-02	2.88E-02	5.60E-02
<b>NOBLE GASES</b>					
Gamma	3.11E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.55E-04
Beta	1.76E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.81E-03

NOTE: Direct Radiation is not specifically addressed in the Applicable Limits.

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION I. CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

Revision 8 to the SONGS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) was issued on December 03, 2014. This revision incorporates the following:

Updated land use information from the 2013 Land Use Census

Section 5, Table 5-4, Barn Kelp Bed direction was changed to incorporate both SSE and SE sectors

Section 5, Table 5-4, Ocean Bottom Sediments Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed to 20-25 miles due to issuance of California's South Coast Marine Protected Areas, effective January 1, 2012.

Section 5, Table 5-4, Non-migratory Marine Animals Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed from 15 to 150 miles to 20-25 miles.

Updated Section 5, Figures 5-1 through 5-5

None of the changes impacted the accuracy or reliability of effluent dose or setpoint calculations. The level of radioactive effluent control required by 10CFR20, 40CFR190, 10CFR50.36a and Appendix I to 10CFR50 will be maintained.

Throughout the document, change bars indicated the following types of changes:

A Addition

D Deletion

F Editorial/Format change

R Revision

Page #	changes due to Revision	Reason
Cover page and Table of Contents	Revised to Revision 8 and date	R
2-29	Revised U2 and U3 Controlling Factors per LUC	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Non-migratory Marine Animals Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed from 15-150miles to 20-25 miles.	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Barn Kelp Bed direction was changed to incorporate both SSE and SE sectors	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Ocean Bottom Sediments Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed to 20-25 miles due to issuance of California's South Coast Marine Protected Areas, effective January 1, 2012	R
5-23	Updated Figures 5-1 for REMP sample location 1 miles	R
5-24	Updated Figures 5-2 for REMP sample location 2 miles	R
5-25	Updated Figures 5-3 for REMP sample location 5 miles	R
5-26	Updated Figures 5-4 for REMP sample locations Orange County	R
5-27	Updated Figures 5-5 for REMP sample locations San Diego County	R
	APPENDIX A	
Cover	Revised to Revision 8 and date	R

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Ai	Revised reference, page numbers and date	R
A1-3	Added Contractor Park Lot 4, revision and date	A
A1-1 through A1-5	Revise Table 1-1 total page numbering	R
A1-11	Revise distance, X/Q, D/Q, revision and date	R
A1-13	Revised per LUC, revision and date	R
A1-17	Revised per LUC, revision and date	R
A1-26	Revised per LUC, revision and date	R
A1-27	Remove Camp San Onofre Barr and Camp San Onofre from Table 1-6 based on 2013 Dose Parameters from San Onofre Units 2 and 3 memo dated 3/6/2014	D
A1-42	Revised per LUC	R

The Land Use Census (LUC) for 2014 did not identify a new location with a higher calculated or committed dose than those calculated for the locations evaluated in the previous revision to the ODCM. Therefore, no new location is reported per ODCM 5.2.1.



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## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION J. CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

Southern California Edison notified the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) on June 12, 2013, that San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station had permanently ceased operation of Units 2 and 3 on June 7, 2013. The notification, called a Certification of Permanent Cessation of Power Operations, sets the stage for SCE to begin preparations for decommissioning. Due to the permanent shutdown of the units, the site has initiated a decommissioning (DEC) process to address permanent removal of plant systems/components and equipment from service. There were two (2) 10 CFR 50.59s written to document changes to the Radioactive Waste Treatment Systems and to verify no bases to the UFSAR were challenged by the change.

#### **10 CFR 50.59 for the permanent removal of the Gaseous Radwaste System**

A 10 CFR 50.59 was written to change UFSAR Section 11.3 which documents the permanent removal of the Gaseous Radwaste System. As the result of the permanent shutdown of SONGS Units 2 and 3, the systems components and equipment that provide input to the Waste Gas Surge Tank have been removed from service, isolated and drained. With all the inputs to the Waste Gas System eliminated, the system has been isolated. The Waste Gas Surge Tank (WGST) and Waste Gas Decay Tanks (WGDT) contents were then released in accordance with the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). After completion of releases, all the tanks were purged with nitrogen. The hydrogen concentration was verified to be at 0%. All radioactive sources to the gaseous radwaste system were eliminated with the draining and processing of the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) and the Chemical Volume Control System (CVCS). Therefore, the release of radioactive gases from inputs to the GRWS following the abandonment of the GWRS is not a credible effluent release pathway. The conclusion of the 10 CFR 50.59 evaluation is that the permanent removal of these systems from service does not challenge the bases of the UFSAR and therefore is an acceptable modification for the plant. With all the inputs to the gaseous permanently isolated, the contents of the system released, and the system purged, a release of radioactive gases due to decay tank rupture or other means is no longer a credible accident. The 10 CFR 50.59 is documented in the site's corrective action program. (NN# 202526805)

#### **10 CFR 50.59 for Removal of the Coolant Radwaste System (CRS) and Removal of the Resin from the Coolant Radwaste System (CRS) and the Miscellaneous Liquid Waste System (MLWS)**

A 10 CFR 50.59 was written to in support of an update to UFSAR Section 11.2 documenting removal of the Coolant Radwaste System (CRS) from service as well as the removal of resin from various ion exchangers in the CRS and the Miscellaneous Liquid Waste System (MLWS). With the plant permanently shutdown and in a defueled condition, the quantity and activity level of radioactive liquid wastes generated (liquid waste source term) were significantly reduced.

Since the permanent shutdown of Units 2 and 3, the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) and the Chemical Volume Control System (CVCS) have been drained and processed through the Coolant Radwaste System. The liquid radwaste contained within the Primary and Secondary Tanks has been processed and released in accordance with the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). The resin contained in the Radwaste Primary and Secondary Ion Exchangers has been removed and processed for offsite release/disposal. These evolutions eliminated a considerable amount of radioactive waste in support of future decommissioning and dismantling efforts. The CRS has been isolated from systems/sub-systems it interfaces with and the resin contained in the Radwaste

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Primary Ion Exchangers (E-081 and E-082) and Radwaste Secondary Ion Exchangers (E-079 and E-080) was removed and disposed of.

The resin contained in the Miscellaneous Ion Exchangers (E-072 and E-073) and Miscellaneous Waste Condensate Ion Exchangers (E-076 and E-077) was removed and processed for offsite release/disposal. This eliminated a considerable amount of radioactive waste in support of future dismantlement and decommissioning. The Miscellaneous Liquid Waste Sub-systems will remain in-service to collect and temporarily store radioactive liquid waste which will be processed for release in accordance with ODCM, 10 CFR 20 and 10 CFR 50 requirements. In order to perform this function, a skid-mounted liquid waste treatment system will be used for processing radioactive liquid prior to any release. The 10 CFR 59 evaluation(s) documenting the basis for these changes and plant modifications not challenging the bases of the Unit 2 and 3 UFSARs is documented in the site's corrective action program. (NN# 202846860)

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS

#### Abnormal Releases/Missed ODCM Surveillances

##### Loss of power to Southyard Facility (SYF)

On 3/4/2014, there was a loss of power to the SYF due to fire outside of the building in the electrical infrastructure. This resulted in the loss of ventilation and functioning air samplers (RU-7904 Southyard Facility Work Area and RU-7905 Southyard Facility Decontamination Unit) which samples the ventilation for their respective work areas. These samplers collect airborne particulate and iodine. The loss of sampling and collection capabilities delayed work evolutions due to loss of power to the building and personnel were unable to enter either building. Grab samples were collected by RP Technician as compensatory measures and Chemistry analyzed the samples. The MDA/LLD reports were generated and MDA values were verified to be lower than the LLD requirements for principle gamma emitters as per ODCM, Table 2-1. There was no detectable activity on the particulate or iodine samples. Since there was no power to the building and ventilation, there was no release of radioactive gaseous effluents to the atmosphere. There was no dose or curie impact to the members of the public or to the environment. The power and air samplers were restored on 8/22/2014. This event was documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 202798863)

##### Unplanned Release from Liquid from Bermed Mixed Waste Area

On 3/4/2014, a Hazmat Technician was performing weekly hazardous material inspections and noticed over 2 inches of rain water inside the Hazmat Truckbay Berm and declared it unsatisfactory per the site's procedure. On 3/7/2014, the Hazmat Technician returned to collect samples of liquid inside the area and noticed no liquid was present inside the bermed area. Hazmat tried to check if the drain valve was left partially open, but was unable to check due to security access control barricades. The Hazmat Technician contacted the Radiological Effluent/Environmental Specialist. Both walked down the area and were able to collect a liter of sample from the area. The sample was analyzed for principle gamma emitters and tritium. There was no detectable gamma emitter or tritium activity identified. Therefore, no dose or curie impact to the members of the public or to the environment resulted. This event was documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 202800530)

##### Unmonitored Release from Unit 2 Condensate was drained to Turbine Building Floor Drain

On 4/14/2014, the Unit 2 Condensate System was drained to the Turbine Building floor drain which drains to a storm drain. Operations assumed that that the drains near the condensate piping went to the turbine building sumps which is a monitored effluent release pathway. Instead, the floor drain discharged outside the turbine building onto the ground. The water pooled and eventually drained to the nearest storm drain. Recognizing the issue, the operator secured the draining immediately once he discovered the water wasn't going where he expected it to. It was determined that approximately 600 gallons was drained to the unmonitored storm drain. Chemistry collected and analyzed a sample for principle gamma emitters and tritium. No detectable gamma emitter or tritium activity was identified in the samples. Therefore, there was no dose or curie impact to members of the public or to the environment. This event was documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 202844394)

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### SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

#### SYF Air Sampler Flow Meter Out of Calibration

On 8/27/2014, while performing weekly particulate and iodine changes, it was noted that the calibrated flowmeters were out of calibration. (SYF-7904 was due 5/24/2014 and SYF-7905 was due 6/17/2014). The samplers were out of service since the fire event occurred in March 2014 and the building ventilation was secured. The samplers were placed back in-service on Friday, August 22, 2014 by RP Technician as directed by RP supervisor due to the building ventilation was started. Once it was determined that the flowmeters were out of calibration, the flowmeters were replaced with calibrated flowmeters. The particulate and iodine samples were collected and analyzed. There was no detectable activity in the sample, therefore no consequence with the flowmeters being out of calibration. If activity was detected on sample media, then an "as found" condition on flowmeters would need to be evaluated for potential effect on release quantification. In addition, the following week's particulate and iodine analyses showed no detectable activity. Therefore, there was no curie release or dose impact to the members of the public or environment. This event was documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 203003400)

#### Missed ODCM Surveillance

On 11/19/2014, ODCM required daily channel checks of DAS and PCS were not performed in accordance with the defueled surveillance on 11/19/2014 and 11/20/2014. These channel checks are performed on night shift for the purpose of satisfying the surveillance requirement. On the nights in question, the page of the procedure containing the channel checks was missing from the attachments being used. The missed surveillance was not discovered until 11/21/2014. Upon discovery, the crew re-performed the channel checks. The channel check results were performed satisfactory and met acceptance criteria. This event was documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 203117666)

#### SYF Missed ODCM Sample Surveillance

Per SO123-VII-20.9, Attachment 3, RP preformed an Auxiliary Sampling Equipment operability check on 12/18/2014 at 0830. On 12/24/2014, a weekly particulate and iodine change out was performed by a Chemistry Technician at 1010. The Chemistry Technician made a notation that the sample pump was operating after completing the change out, which is part of the acceptance criteria. On 12/30/2014 at 0837, Chemistry Technician noticed that the pump was not running with the pump in the "ON" position and plugged into the electrical outlet. Sometime between 12/24/2014 at 1010 to 12/30/2014 at 0837, the SYF RU-7904 lost power. The chemistry technician was instructed to collect the particulate and iodine samples due to presence of particulate on the filter and need to determine if there is any licensed radioactive material present (compensatory measure). The particulate and iodine samples showed no detectable activity. In addition, the prior to missed surveillance and the post missed surveillance week's results for particulate and iodine results showed no detectable radioactivity. The Chemistry Technician replaced the entire pump. The RP Shipping Supervisor responsible for work conducted within the Southyard Facility Area stated that no radiological activities were performed from 12/24/2014 to 12/30/2014 which would result any airborne activity from the SYF effluent release point during this time period. Therefore, required ODCM compensatory and corrective actions for the installed air sampler were performed as required by the ODCM and procedures. Since no radiological work was performed with the potential to release airborne radioactivity, there was no release of radioactive material and no off site dose resulting from effluent releases. There was no impact to members of the public or to the environment as a result of a missed sampling requirement. This event is documented in the corrective action program. (NN# 203160632)

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)**

**EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTS OUT OF SERVICE  
GREATER THAN 30 DAYS**

January 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014

For the effluent monitoring instrumentation where the inoperability period is indicated as ending 12/31/14, the date represents the end of the reporting period. Not all of the instruments were returned to service at that time.

<b>SONGS Unit 2</b>			
<b>Instrument</b>	<b>Inoperability Period</b>	<b>Inoperability Cause</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
2FT-7870H Condenser Evacuation System High Range Process Flow Rate Monitor	4/17/00–Current	Inoperable process flow measuring device due to inadequate instrument range (design deficiency)	Design deficiency caused process flow instrument to be inoperable when the vacuum pump is running. Flow monitor works properly during normal operations. Isokinetic conditions are maintained during vacuum pump operation by automatic insertion of substitute flow value whenever the vacuum pump is running.
2RT-7870 Condenser Evacuation System Noble Gas Activity Monitor	11/16/12–Current	Wide Range Gas Monitor out of service for outage activities.	Monitor not required during this period since the plant was not in Modes 1-4.
2RT-7818 Condenser Evacuation System Noble Gas Activity Monitor	12/5/12–Current	Out of service for outage	Monitor not required during this period since the plant was not in Modes 1-4.
2RT-6753 Steam Generator E089 Blowdown Effluent Line Gross Radioactivity Monitor	1/6/12–Current	Jumpers installed for outage	The radiation monitors are declared inoperable by Operations when the monitor's alarm and automatic functions are bypassed to support outage activities. Channel Functional Test cannot be performed with jumpers installed.
2RT-6759 Steam Generator E088 Blowdown Effluent Gross Radioactivity Monitor	1/6/12–Current	Jumpers installed for outage	The radiation monitors are declared inoperable by Operations when the monitor's alarm and automatic functions are bypassed to support outage activities. Channel Functional Test cannot be performed with jumpers installed.

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<p>2RE-7828 Containment Purge Monitor Gas Channel</p>	<p>11/22/2013- Current</p>	<p>Maintenance Plans (MPs) deferred to future dates</p>	<p>Containment Purge Stack Radiation Monitors have their Maintenance Plans deferred to future dates. The monitors are no abandoned and will remain available and left in place to operate in the event of a mode change from the defueled status. The Reactor Coolant System (RCS) was removed from service and is required to be in service to have fuel in containment. Since fuel has been removed from containment, monitor is no longer needed.</p>
<p>2RE-7828 Containment Purge Particulate and Iodine Channel</p>	<p>9/7/2013-Current</p>	<p>Maintenance Plans (MPs) deferred to future dates</p>	<p>Containment Purge Stack Radiation Monitors have their Maintenance Plans deferred to future dates. The monitors are no abandoned and will remain available and left in place to operate in the event of a mode change from the defueled status. The Reactor Coolant System (RCS) was removed from service and is required to be in service to have fuel in containment. Since fuel has been removed from containment, monitor is no longer needed.</p>
<p>2RE-7865 Plant Vent Stack Radiation Monitor</p>	<p>3/4/2014-4/7/2014</p>	<p>Removed for 18 month channel calibration in regards to containment purge alignment</p>	<p>2RT-7865 was OOS (greater than 30 days) due to unexpected failures and complexity of the issues with troubleshooting the failure.</p>

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)**

**EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTS OUT OF SERVICE  
GREATER THAN 30 DAYS (Continued)**

January 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014

<b>SONGS Unit 3</b>			
Instrument	Inoperability Period	Inoperability Cause	Explanation
3FT-7870H Condenser Evacuation System High Range Process Flow Rate Monitor	04/17/00–Current	Inoperable process flow measuring device due to inadequate instrument range (design deficiency)	Design deficiency caused process flow instrument to be inoperable when the vacuum pump is running. Flow monitor works properly during normal operations. Isokinetic conditions are maintained during vacuum pump operation by automatic insertion of substitute flow value whenever the vacuum pump is running.
3RT-7870 Condenser Evacuation System Iodine and Particulate Samplers	2/14/12–Current	Out of service for outage  During channel functional test, Mid/High Range Sample Flow was lower than the acceptance criteria.	Monitor not required during this period since the plant was not in Modes 1-4.  Valve S3131MU219 in the low flow position does not meet the test acceptance criteria. Repair of this valve will not be done unless requested. 2(3)RT-7870 is presently not being maintained.
3RT-7818 Condenser Evacuation System Noble Gas Activity Monitor	3/20/12–Current	Low sample flow due to a faulty connector crimp on the flow control valve wiring harness.  Monitor remained inoperable due to overdue surveillance	Monitor not required during this period since the plant was not in Modes 1-4. Repaired faulty crimp. Obsolete spare parts. Parts for corroded wiring harness taken from abandoned in place equipment Not required while Defueled.
3RT-6753 Steam Generator E089 Blowdown Effluent Gross Radioactivity Monitor	1/31/12–Current	Jumpers installed for outage.	The radiation monitors are declared inoperable by Operations when the monitor's alarm and automatic functions are bypassed to support outage activities. Channel Functional Test cannot be performed with jumpers installed.

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

3RT-6759 Steam Generator E088 Blowdown Effluent Gross Radioactivity Monitor	1/31/12–Current	Jumpers installed for outage.	The radiation monitors are declared inoperable by Operations when the monitor's alarm and automatic functions are bypassed to support outage activities. Channel Functional Test cannot be performed with jumpers installed.
3RE-7828 Containment Purge Monitor Gas Channel	11/22/2013-Current	Maintenance Plans (MPs) deferred to future dates	Containment Purge Stack Radiation Monitors have their Maintenance Plans deferred to future dates. The monitors are no abandoned and will remain available and left in place to operate in the event of a mode change from the defueled status. The Reactor Coolant System (RCS) was removed from service and is required to be in service to have fuel in containment. At this time, the fuel has been removed from containment.
3RE-7828 Containment Purge Particulate and Iodine Channel	12/7/2013-Current	Maintenance Plans (MPs) deferred to future dates	Containment Purge Stack Radiation Monitors have their Maintenance Plans deferred to future dates. The monitors are no abandoned and will remain available and left in place to operate in the event of a mode change from the defueled status. The Reactor Coolant System (RCS) was removed from service and is required to be in service to have fuel in containment. At this time, the fuel has been removed from containment.
3RT-7865 Unit 3 Plant Vent Stack / Cntmt Purge Monitor	4/1/14- 8/13/14	Functional testing for Containment Purge alignment was not included	When purge stack monitor 3RE7828 was removed from service, the surveillance for purge stack monitoring for 3RE7865 was also removed. The surveillance has been placed back into service.

**SONGS Unit 2/3 Common**

Instrument	Inoperability Period	Inoperability Cause	Explanation
2/3RIT-7202 Waste Gas Holdup System Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	11/05/2013-Current	Maintenance Surveillance	Due to SONGS decommissioning and Waste Gas System is no longer in-service the surveillances were cancelled. This action is documented under the SONGS Corrective Action Program NN# 202652024



# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

#### ONSITE GROUND WATER SAMPLES

In 2007, the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) established a standard for monitoring and reporting radioactive isotopes in groundwater titled NEI Groundwater Protection Initiative, NEI 07-07. It has been established that there is no drinking water pathway for groundwater underneath SONGS. However, the site implemented the groundwater protection industry standard. This section provides results of on-site samples of ground water that were obtained as part of SCE's implementation of the voluntary industry Ground Water Protection Initiative. The sample locations and the frequency of sampling may change over time.

Ground water sample data indicated the present of low but detectable levels of tritium in shallow ground water in the area formerly occupied by Unit 1. The concentrations of tritium are well below all regulatory limits. An investigation was performed to characterize these low concentrations of tritium and to identify the potential source. The investigation determined that the low concentrations are present in the shallow ground water situated generally between the former Unit 1 containment and fuel handling building, and extend towards the seawall. Although these samples indicated the presence of tritium, the sample results were at concentrations below the Environmental Protection Agency drinking water limit of 20,000 pCi/l. An extraction plan has been implemented to initiate hydraulic containment of the plume and to facilitate monitoring and documentation of any changes in tritium concentration. Extraction of the shallow ground water beneath the former Unit 1 area is being performed and the resultant water is managed and discharged through an ODCM-credited release point. Any tritium in the wastewater is included in Tables 2A, 2B and 2D and the dose included in the Section H, 10 CFR 50 Appendix I Table 1 of the ARERR.

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SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

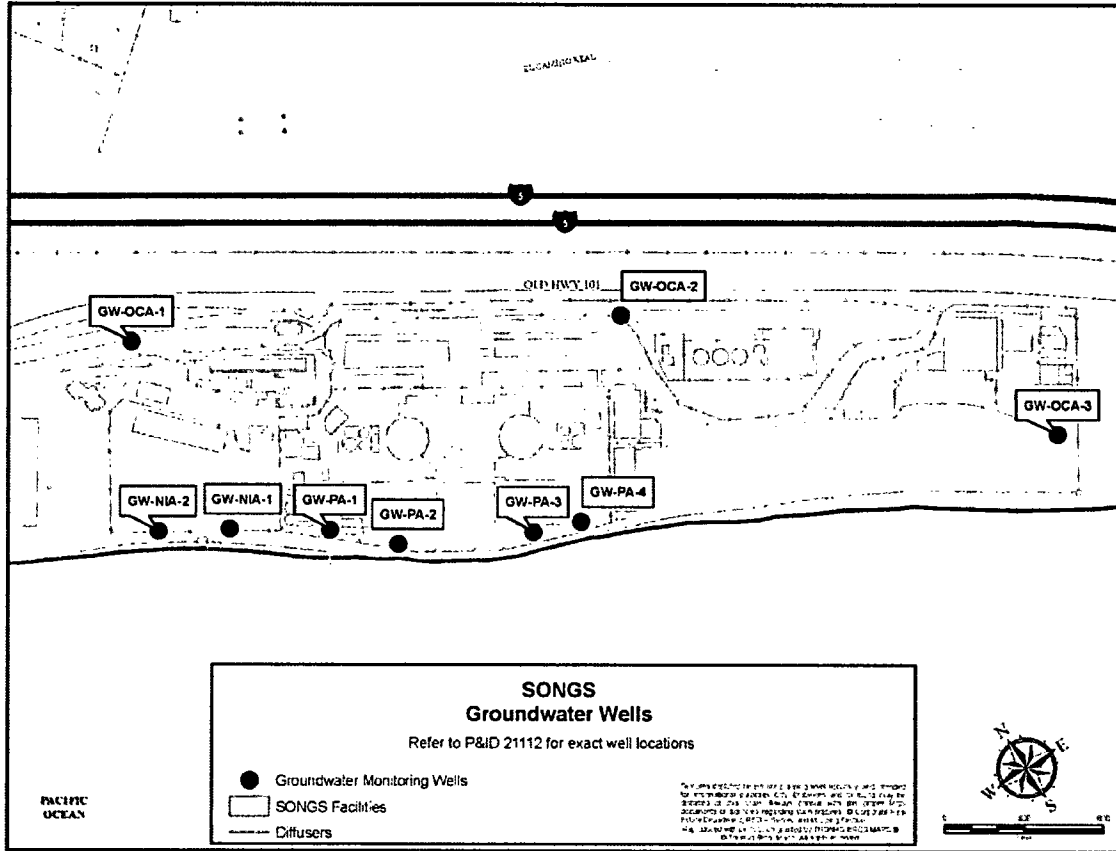


Diagram on SONGS Groundwater Monitoring Well Locations

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)**

**ONSITE GROUND WATER SAMPLES**

January 1, 2014 – December 31, 2014

<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Tritium Activity, <math>\mu\text{Ci/ml}</math></b>	<b>Gamma Activity, <math>\mu\text{Ci/ml}</math></b>
1/16/2014	GW-NIA -1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-NIA -2	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-5	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-6	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-11	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-12	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-13	<LLD	<LLD
1/29/2014	GW-PA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	<LLD	<LLD
1/30/2014	GW-OCA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	<LLD	<LLD
2/3/2014	NIA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-5	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-7	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-10	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-11	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-12	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-13	<LLD	<LLD
2/5/2014	GW-OCA-2	<LLD	<LLD

GW-OCA = Wells installed in the Owner Controlled Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-PA = Wells installed in the Protected Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-NIA = Wells installed in the North Industrial Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

NIA and NIA-EXT = Temporary investigation wells installed in the North Industrial Area

*a priori* LLD = H-3: 3.0E-06  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  = indicated microcuries per milliliter

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

ONSITE GROUND WATER SAMPLES (Continued)

Sample Date	Location	Tritium Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$	Gamma Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
2/6/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-4	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-6	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-9	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-15	<LLD	<LLD
2/19/2014	GW-PA-4	<LLD	<LLD
5/19/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-4	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-6	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-9	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-15	<LLD	<LLD
5/21/2014	GW-NIA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-5	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-7	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-10	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-11	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-12	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-13	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-14	<LLD	<LLD
5/28/2014	GW-OCA-3	<LLD	<LLD
5/29/2014	GW-OCA-2	<LLD	<LLD
6/2/2014	GW-OCA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	<LLD	<LLD

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$\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  = indicated microcuries per milliliter

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

ONSITE GROUND WATER SAMPLES (Continued)

Sample Date	Location	Tritium Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$	Gamma Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
6/3/2014	GW-PA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	<LLD	<LLD
6/25/2014	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
7/17/2014	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
8/14/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-9	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-15	<LLD	<LLD
8/18/2014	NIA -7	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -10	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -11	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -12	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -13	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -14	<LLD	<LLD
8/20/2014	GW-NIA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -3	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -4	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -5	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA -6	<LLD	<LLD
8/21/2014	GW-OCA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-OCA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	<LLD	<LLD
8/25/2014	GW-PA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	<LLD	<LLD

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*a priori* LLD = H-3: 3.0E-06  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  = indicated microcuries per milliliter

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**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

ONSITE GROUND WATER SAMPLES (Continued)

Sample Date	Location	Tritium Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$	Gamma Activity, $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
11/19/2014	GW-NIA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-10	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-11	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-12	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-13	<LLD	<LLD
11/20/2014	NIA-4	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-5	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-6	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-7	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-14	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-15	<LLD	<LLD
11/24/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-8	<LLD	<LLD
	NIA-9	<LLD	<LLD
12/8/2014	GW-OCA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-OCA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	<LLD	<LLD
12/11/2014	GW-PA-1	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-3	<LLD	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	<LLD	<LLD

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*a priori* LLD = H-3: 3.0E-06  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  = indicated microcuries per milliliter

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

Sample Date	Location	Gross Beta, pCi/L	Gross Alpha, pCi/L
1/29/2014	GW-PA-1	5.31E+00	1.14E+01
	GW-PA-2	2.55E+01	3.62E+01
	GW-PA-3	2.16E+01	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	1.42E+01	7.46E+00
1/30/2014	GW-OCA-1	4.38E+00	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	6.20E+00	<LLD
2/3/2014	GW-NIA-2	1.47E+01	<LLD
2/5/2014	GW-OCA-2	<LLD	1.53E+01
2/6/2014	GW-NIA-1	1.23E+01	<LLD
2/19/2014	GW-PA-4	5.80E+00	3.60E+00
5/19/2014	GW-NIA-1	1.90E+01	3.46E+00
5/21/2014	GW-NIA-2	1.69E+01	3.36E+00
5/28/2014	GW-OCA-3	<LLD	<LLD
5/29/2014	GW-OCA-2	4.15E+00	4.83E+00
6/2/2014	GW-PA-1	9.96E+00	1.49E+01
	GW-PA-2	2.07E+01	6.35E+01
	GW-OCA-1	7.00E+00	1.31E+01
6/3/2014	GW-PA-3	1.50E+01	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	7.07E+00	3.70E+00
8/14/2014	GW-NIA-1	1.34E+01	<LLD
8/20/2014	GW-NIA-2	2.21E+01	3.89E+00
8/21/2014	GW-OCA-1	7.28E+00	<LLD
	GW-OCA-2	8.16E+00	1.16E+01
	GW-OCA-3	5.66E+00	3.96E+00
8/25/2014	GW-PA-1	4.74E+00	1.90E+01
	GW-PA-2	2.37E+01	4.21E+01
	GW-PA-3	4.37E+01	1.27E+01
	GW-PA-4	1.01E+01	8.19E+00

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*a priori* LLD = Gross Beta: 4.0 pCi/l  
 = Gross Alpha: 3.0 pCi/l

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Gross Beta, pCi/L</b>	<b>Gross Alpha, pCi/L</b>
11/19/2014	GW-NIA-2	1.19E+01	<LLD
11/24/2014	GW-NIA-2	2.41E+01	<LLD
12/08/2014	GW-OCA-1	1.55E+01	8.82E+00
	GW-OCA-2	1.10E+01	1.80E+01
	GW-OCA-3	1.05E+01	5.15E+00
12/11/2014	GW-PA-1	7.74E+00	1.74E+01
	GW-PA-2	2.47E+01	4.94E+01
	GW-PA-3	2.27E+01	1.01E+01
	GW-PA-4	<LLD	4.30E+00

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*a priori* LLD = Gross Beta: 4.0 pCi/l  
 = Gross Alpha: 3.0 pCi/l



# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

The primary document providing guidance for effluent reporting and dose calculation methodology is Regulatory Guide 1.1.09, Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10CFR 50, Appendix I. An examination of the database in RG 1.109 shows a lengthy list of radionuclides, specifically Table A-1 (bioaccumulation factors), Table E-1 (transfer factors), Table E-6 (ground factors), Tables E-7, E-8, E-9, E-10 (inhalation factors), and Table E-11, E-12, E-13 and E-14 (ingestion factors). Uranium, as a naturally occurring radionuclide does not appear in any of the tables. Only fission products and activation products associated with commercial nuclear power plants appear in these tables. As such, there is no regulatory guidance to calculate dose if uranium was a plant-related nuclide present in effluents. The uranium reported in the groundwater is of natural origin and not from plant operation. The relative ratios of U-234, U-235, and U-238 show that the groundwater ratios are similar to ratios for natural uranium: 56% U-234, 2.8% U-235 and 41% U-238 by activity in groundwater compared to 49% U-234, 2.2% U-235, and 49% U-238 by activity in natural uranium. Compare the ratios from 3.5% enriched uranium, expected in commercial nuclear fuel: 82% U-234, 3.4% U-235 and 15% U-238, it is evident that the groundwater activity ratios are closer to natural uranium and do not correlate with ratios from the enriched uranium.

Sample Date	Location	Transuranics			
		U-233/234 pCi/L	U-234/236 pCi/L	U-238 pCi/L	All other Transuranics (1)
1/29/2014	GW-PA-2	3.10E+01	1.61E+00	2.83E+01	<LLD
6/02/2014	GW-PA-2	2.89E+01	1.15E+00	2.44E+01	<LLD
8/25/2014	GW-PA-1	3.79E+00	<LLD	4.05E+00	N/A
	GW-PA-2	2.81E+01	1.85E+00	2.38E+01	<LLD
11/19/2014	GW-NIA-2	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
11/24/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD	<LLD
12/08/2014	GW-OCA-1	4.50E+00	<LLD	3.77E+00	<LLD
	GW-OCA-2	5.94E+00	<LLD	4.23E+00	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	2.09E+01	<LLD	5.15E+00	<LLD
12/11/2014	GW-PA-1	4.69E+00	<LLD	5.05E+00	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	2.88E+01	1.75E+00	2.73E+00	<LLD
	GW-PA-3	3.39E+00	<LLD	3.77E+00	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	3.65E+00	<LLD	2.37E+00	<LLD

GW-OCA = Wells installed in the Owner Controlled Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-PA = Wells installed in the Protected Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-NIA = Wells installed in the North Industrial Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

NIA and NIA-EXT = Temporary investigation wells installed in the North Industrial Area

(1) All other transuranics: Pu-238, Pu-239/240, Am-241, Cm-242, Cm-243/244

a priori LLD = Transuranics: 1.0 pCi/l

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Hard to detect, pCi/L (Ni-63, Fe-55, Sr-89/Sr-90)</b>
11/19/2014	GW-NIA-2	<LLD
11/24/2014	GW-NIA-1	<LLD
12/08/2014	GW-OCA-1	<LLD
	GW-OCA-2	<LLD
	GW-OCA-3	<LLD
12/11/2014	GW-PA-1	<LLD
	GW-PA-2	<LLD
	GW-PA-3	<LLD
	GW-PA-4	<LLD

GW-OCA = Wells installed in the Owner Controlled Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-PA = Wells installed in the Protected Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

GW-NIA = Wells installed in the North Industrial Area to implement the Ground Water Protection Initiative.

NIA and NIA-EXT = Temporary investigation wells installed in the North Industrial Area

*a priori* LLD = Ni-63: 50 pCi/L  
 = Fe-55: 200 pCi/L  
 = SR-89/SR-90: 2 pCi/L

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014**

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION**

**SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)**

**40 CFR 190 REQUIREMENTS**

The Table below presents the annual site-wide doses and percent of ODCM Specification limits to members of the public. These values were calculated utilizing doses resulting from all effluent pathways and direct radiation. The different categories presented are: (1) Total Body, (2) Limiting Organ, and (3) Thyroid.

Dose Category	Units	Year
1. Total Body		
a. Total Body Dose	mrem	7.04E-01
b. Percent ODCM Specification Limit	%	2.82E+00
2. Limiting Organ		
a. Organ Dose (GI-LLI)	mrem	1.13E-02
b. Percent ODCM Specification Limit	%	4.53E-02
3. Thyroid		
a. Thyroid Dose	mrem	9.40E-03
b. Percent ODCM Specification Limit	%	1.25E-02

# ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

## SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

### SECTION K. MISCELLANEOUS (Continued)

#### CARBON-14

In June, 2009, the NRC revised its guidance in Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating and Reporting Radioactivity In Solid Wastes And Releases Of Radioactive Materials In Liquid And Gaseous Effluents From Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants", Revision 2. RG 1.21 explains, that in part, the quantity of carbon-14 (C-14) discharged can be estimated by sample measurements or by use of a normalized C-14 source term and scaling factors based on power generation or estimated by use of the GALE code from NUREG-0017. The dose contribution of C-14 from liquid radioactive waste is much less than that contributed by gaseous radioactive waste, evaluation of C-14 in liquid radioactive waste is not required. Revision 2 to RG 1.21 guidance includes:

- If sampling is performed, the sampling frequency may be adjusted to that interval that allows adequate measurement and reporting of effluents.
- If estimating C-14 based on scaling factors and fission rates, a precise and detailed evaluation of C-14 is not necessary. It is not necessary to calculate uncertainties for C-14 or to include C-14 uncertainty in any subsequent calculation of overall uncertainty.

Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) Technical Report 1021106, "Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents," was used to estimate the production and release quantities of C-14.

C-14 calculated production, discharge parameters and resulting dose are reported here, separately from tables 1, 1A, 1C, 1E, 2 and 40CFR190 table 1.

Calculated C-14 production , Ci/EFPY <sup>(1)</sup>	U2 = 0 U3 = 0
2012 Unit capacity factors	U2 = 0 U3 = 0
Fraction release of produced C-14 to atmosphere	0.98
C-14 chemical form fraction assumed	Organic = 0.80 Inorganic = 0.20
C-14 curies released to atmosphere	U2 = 0 U3 = 0
Critical receptor dose <sup>(2)</sup> [Child (bone)], mrem	0

(1) Effective Full Power Year

NOTE: Units have been shutdown since January 9, 2012 for Unit 2 and January 31, 2012 for Unit 3.

## ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

### SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

#### SECTION L. SONGS CONCLUSIONS

- Gaseous releases (excluding carbon-14) totaled  $5.59\text{E}+01$  curies of which noble gases were  $2.68\text{E}+00$  curies, particulates and iodines were  $0.00\text{E}+00$  curies, and tritium was  $5.32\text{E}+01$  curies.
- The radiation doses from gaseous releases were: (a) gamma air dose:  $3.11\text{E}-05$  mrad at the site boundary, (b) beta air dose:  $3.52\text{E}-03$  mrad at the site boundary, (c) organ dose (child):  $1.68\text{E}-02$  mrem at the highest receptor.
- Airborne carbon-14 release was projected at  $0.00\text{E}+00$  curies.
- Liquid releases totaled  $4.10\text{E}+01$  curies of which particulates and iodines were  $1.07\text{E}-03$  curies, tritium was  $4.10\text{E}+01$  curies, and noble gases were  $0.00\text{E}+00$  curies.
- The radiation doses from liquid releases were: (a) total body:  $2.27\text{E}-03$  mrem, (b) limiting organ (GI-LLI):  $3.65\text{E}-03$  mrem.
- The radioactive releases and resulting doses generated from Units 2 and 3 were below the Applicable Limits for both gaseous and liquid effluents.
- SONGS Units 2 and 3 shipped 73 radwaste shipments to Energy Solutions Utah, Energy Solutions Bear Creek Operations, TN, Energy Solutions Oak Ridge, TN, Energy Solutions Kingston, TN, Energy Solutions Barnwell, SC, Waste Control Specialist Andrews, TX, and Toxco Inc. Oakridge, TN. The total volume of the shipments was  $2.00\text{E}+03$  cubic meters containing  $2.91\text{E}+02$  curies of radioactivity. There was no Unit 1 or common radwaste shipments.
- Meteorological conditions during the year were typical for SONGS. Meteorological dispersion was good 30% of the time, fair 42% of the time and poor 28% of the time.
- The results of samples taken from on-site ground water wells in support of the Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative are reported in Section K. The total volume of groundwater and dewatering wells released from the site in 2014 through an ODCM credited release point was 5,533,574 gallons.
- The results of on-site ground water samples taken in support of the industry Ground Water Protection Initiative are reported in Section K. There are low but detectable concentrations of tritium that have been identified in shallow ground water area formerly occupied by Unit 1. The ground water beneath SONGS is not a source of drinking water. In 2014, the affected shallow ground water is being extracted and released under the radioactive effluent control program and is accounted for in this ARERR.
- The net result from the analysis of these effluent releases indicates that the operation of SONGS has met all the requirements of the applicable regulations that ensure adequate protection of the health of members of the public.

## METEOROLOGY

The meteorology of the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station for each of the four quarters, 2014 is described in this section. Meteorological measurements have been made according to the guidance provided in USNRC Regulatory Guide 1.23, "Onsite Meteorological Programs." A summary report of the meteorological measurements taken during each calendar quarter are presented in Table 4A as joint frequency distribution (JFD) of wind direction and wind speed by atmospheric stability class.

Hourly meteorological data for batch releases have been recorded for the periods of actual release. These data are available, as well as the hourly data for the Annual Report, but have not been included in this report because of the bulk of data records.

Table 4A lists the joint frequency distribution for each quarter, 2014. Each page of Table 4A represents the data for the individual stability classes: A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. The last page of each section is the JFD for all the stability classes. The wind speeds have been measured at the 10 meter level, and the stability classes are defined by the temperature differential between the 10 meter and 40 meter levels.

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

January - March  
Table 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14010100-14033123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL A  
EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (DT/DZ ≤ - 1.9 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	7
S	0	0	0	2	2	19	12	4	0	0	0	0	39
SSW	0	0	0	1	10	13	16	0	0	0	0	0	40
SW	0	0	0	3	12	20	13	0	0	0	0	0	48
WSW	0	0	0	2	14	38	36	4	1	0	0	0	95
W	0	0	0	1	5	58	69	3	0	0	0	0	136
WNW	0	0	0	1	1	10	28	7	0	0	0	0	47
NW	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	11	47	159	180	18	1	0	0	0	416

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 433 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 416

PASQUILL B  
MODERATELY UNSTABLE ( - 1.9 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.7 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
SSW	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
SW	0	0	0	0	1	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3
W	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
WNW	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
NW	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	5
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	1	8	16	10	4	1	0	0	0	40

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 40 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 40

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

January - March  
Table 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14010100-14033123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL C  
SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE (  $-1.7 < DT/DZ \leq -1.5$  °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
S	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	7
SSW	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	7
SW	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	7
WSW	0	0	0	1	3	5	2	0	1	0	0	0	12
W	0	0	0	0	2	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
WNW	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	9
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
NNW	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTALS	0	0	0	4	14	27	15	4	2	0	0	0	66

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	66	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	66

PASQUILL D  
NEUTRAL (  $-1.5 < DT/DZ \leq -0.5$  °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
NNE	0	0	0	3	3	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	13
NE	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	1	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	8
ESE	0	1	0	0	2	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	16
SE	0	0	0	1	1	18	25	14	2	0	0	0	61
SSE	0	0	0	1	9	16	23	15	1	0	0	0	65
S	0	0	1	1	2	15	12	3	3	0	0	0	37
SSW	0	0	0	4	8	5	10	3	2	1	0	0	33
SW	0	0	2	9	3	10	3	2	0	0	0	0	29
WSW	0	0	0	6	8	10	4	4	0	0	0	0	32
W	0	1	3	6	8	14	5	8	0	0	0	0	45
WNW	0	0	0	2	6	15	10	1	0	0	0	0	34
NW	0	0	2	2	6	11	15	3	0	0	0	0	39
NNW	0	0	1	4	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	11
TOTALS	0	2	9	42	63	133	119	55	8	1	0	0	432

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	432	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	432



ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

January - March  
Table 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14010100-14033123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL E  
SLIGHTLY STABLE ( - 0.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	2	7	8	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	24
NNE	0	0	3	11	11	13	4	1	0	0	0	0	43
NE	0	1	1	11	2	4	2	0	1	0	0	0	22
ENE	0	0	5	8	4	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	25
E	0	0	1	3	9	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	29
ESE	0	0	1	6	5	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	22
SE	0	0	1	5	2	8	13	1	1	0	0	0	31
SSE	0	1	0	6	3	5	3	2	0	1	4	0	25
S	0	1	1	2	0	3	1	3	3	2	0	0	16
SSW	0	0	2	4	2	2	1	2	2	1	0	0	16
SW	0	0	2	3	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	11
WSW	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
W	0	0	0	4	7	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	20
WNW	0	0	1	5	3	15	7	3	0	0	0	0	34
NW	0	0	0	6	10	5	5	1	0	0	0	0	27
NNW	0	0	2	8	7	10	3	0	0	0	0	0	30
TOTALS	0	3	23	91	76	104	50	18	8	4	4	0	381

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 381  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0

NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 381

PASQUILL F  
MODERATELY STABLE ( 1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	6	7	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	28
NNE	0	0	0	16	59	59	17	0	0	0	0	0	151
NE	0	2	6	21	27	8	1	1	0	0	0	0	66
ENE	0	1	3	12	13	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
E	0	0	0	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
ESE	0	0	2	5	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
SE	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
S	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
SW	0	0	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
WSW	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
W	0	0	1	2	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
WNW	0	0	1	3	2	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	14
NW	0	0	0	4	3	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	15
NNW	0	0	1	2	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
TOTALS	0	3	21	90	120	124	26	1	0	0	0	0	385

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 385  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0

NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 385

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

January - March  
Table 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14010100-14033123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL G  
EXTREMELY STABLE (DT/DZ > 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	2	3	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	19
NNE	0	0	1	4	15	136	91	6	0	0	0	0	253
NE	0	1	3	13	10	19	9	0	0	0	0	0	55
ENE	0	0	1	7	6	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	21
E	0	0	1	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	7
ESE	0	1	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
SE	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
S	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
SW	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	0	0	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
W	0	0	0	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
WNW	0	0	0	1	0	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	13
NW	0	0	0	4	2	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	15
NNW	0	0	2	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
TOTALS	0	3	14	47	55	187	127	7	0	0	0	0	440

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 440  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0

NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 440

ALL STABILITY CLASSES, ALL DT/DZ  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	8	18	21	20	11	0	0	0	0	0	78
NNE	0	0	4	34	88	213	114	7	0	0	0	0	460
NE	0	4	10	46	40	32	12	1	1	0	0	0	146
ENE	0	1	9	27	23	18	6	2	0	0	0	0	86
E	0	0	2	9	16	18	7	1	0	0	0	0	53
ESE	0	2	3	13	12	19	11	1	0	0	0	0	61
SE	0	0	3	9	3	28	39	16	3	0	0	0	101
SSE	0	1	2	10	16	22	35	20	2	1	4	0	113
S	0	1	2	6	8	44	31	10	6	2	0	0	110
SSW	0	0	3	15	25	24	32	6	4	2	0	0	111
SW	0	1	5	21	22	42	18	4	1	0	0	0	114
WSW	0	0	2	16	29	61	42	8	3	0	0	0	161
W	0	1	4	17	28	101	77	13	0	0	0	0	241
WNW	0	0	2	12	15	62	53	11	0	0	0	0	155
NW	0	0	2	16	24	27	32	7	0	0	0	0	108
NNW	0	0	6	17	13	19	7	0	0	0	0	0	62
TOTALS	0	11	67	286	383	750	527	107	20	5	4	0	2160

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 2160  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0

NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 2160

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

April - June  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14040100-14063023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL A  
EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (DT/DZ ≤ - 1.9 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	8
S	0	0	0	0	0	5	33	17	3	0	0	0	58
SSW	0	0	0	1	3	10	60	3	0	0	0	0	77
SW	0	0	0	0	5	33	65	1	0	0	0	0	104
WSW	0	0	0	0	4	32	88	2	0	0	0	0	126
W	0	0	0	0	3	27	93	6	0	0	0	0	129
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	12	60	21	2	0	0	0	95
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	1	15	119	409	61	6	0	0	0	611

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	611	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	611

PASQUILL B  
MODERATELY UNSTABLE ( - 1.9 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.7 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	1	0	0	0	0	13
SSW	0	0	0	0	2	5	17	3	0	0	0	0	27
SW	0	0	0	0	0	9	10	0	0	0	0	0	19
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
W	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	6
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	4
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	0	3	23	45	5	0	1	0	0	77

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	77	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	77

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

April - June  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14040100-14063023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL C  
SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE ( -1.7 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	5
S	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	2	1	0	0	0	12
SSW	0	0	0	0	1	4	9	4	0	0	0	0	18
SW	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	13
WSW	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
W	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	10
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	0	3	26	37	10	2	0	0	0	78

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	78	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	78

PASQUILL D  
NEUTRAL ( - 1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ - 0.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	2	8	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	15
NNE	0	0	0	5	5	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	17
NE	0	0	0	5	5	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	16
ENE	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	10
E	0	0	0	3	4	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	21
ESE	0	0	0	3	7	27	20	0	0	0	0	0	57
SE	0	0	0	3	15	40	55	5	0	0	0	0	118
SSE	0	0	0	7	18	42	65	24	1	0	0	0	157
S	0	0	1	12	20	41	48	15	1	0	0	0	138
SSW	0	0	0	9	16	34	31	0	0	0	0	0	90
SW	0	0	1	5	7	14	10	1	0	0	0	0	38
WSW	0	0	0	8	13	3	9	1	2	0	0	0	36
W	0	0	0	5	9	6	5	1	0	1	0	0	27
WNW	0	0	1	5	16	21	6	2	4	1	0	0	56
NW	0	0	0	1	8	9	14	3	0	1	0	0	36
NNW	0	0	0	10	5	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	20
TOTALS	0	0	3	85	159	269	269	54	10	3	0	0	852

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	852	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	852

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

April - June  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14040100-14063023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL E  
SLIGHTLY STABLE ( - 0.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	1	0	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
NNE	0	0	1	8	7	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	31
NE	0	0	0	7	4	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	19
ENE	0	0	1	6	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	12
E	0	0	0	0	3	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	11
ESE	0	0	0	5	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	13
SE	0	0	0	1	2	2	7	1	0	0	0	0	13
SSE	0	0	1	4	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	9
S	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
SSW	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
SW	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
W	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
WNW	0	0	1	1	0	5	8	0	1	2	0	0	18
NW	0	0	0	4	3	2	5	1	0	0	0	0	15
NNW	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	9
TOTALS	0	1	7	47	35	46	38	7	3	2	0	0	186

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 186 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 186

PASQUILL F  
MODERATELY STABLE (1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	1	1	3	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
NNE	0	0	0	7	21	33	5	0	0	0	0	0	66
NE	0	0	4	6	7	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	23
ENE	0	0	2	5	2	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	14
E	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
ESE	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	2	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	8
SSE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
SW	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
W	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WNW	0	0	1	1	0	5	7	1	0	0	0	0	15
NW	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
NNW	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	8
TOTALS	0	0	10	37	41	55	26	6	1	0	0	0	176

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 176 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 176

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

April - June  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14040100-14063023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL G  
EXTREMELY STABLE (DT/DZ > 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	13
NNE	0	0	1	1	5	58	31	1	0	0	0	0	97
NE	0	0	0	1	5	6	11	0	0	0	0	0	23
ENE	0	0	1	3	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	10
E	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
SE	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SW	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WSW	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
W	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WNW	0	0	0	0	2	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	17
NW	0	0	1	2	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	9
NNW	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5
TOTALS	0	0	5	16	22	98	62	1	0	0	0	0	204

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 204 NUMBER OF CALMS 204  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD

ALL STABILITY CLASSES, ALL DT/DZ  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	1	1	7	14	18	8	2	0	0	0	0	51
NNE	0	0	2	21	39	107	42	5	1	0	0	0	217
NE	0	0	4	19	21	17	18	6	0	0	0	0	85
ENE	0	0	4	16	7	6	6	3	5	0	0	0	47
E	0	0	0	6	11	22	1	1	0	0	0	0	41
ESE	0	0	0	12	11	31	23	1	0	0	0	0	78
SE	0	0	0	8	18	48	66	6	0	0	0	0	146
SSE	0	0	1	12	19	47	77	27	2	0	0	0	185
S	0	0	2	16	23	51	98	35	5	0	0	0	230
SSW	0	0	2	10	24	55	119	10	0	0	0	0	220
SW	0	0	2	8	15	65	90	2	0	0	0	0	182
WSW	0	0	2	15	23	42	99	4	2	0	0	0	187
W	0	0	1	6	13	47	101	7	0	1	0	0	176
WNW	0	0	3	7	18	58	97	24	7	3	0	0	217
NW	0	0	1	8	13	14	33	9	0	2	0	0	80
NNW	0	0	0	15	9	8	8	2	0	0	0	0	42
TOTALS	0	1	25	186	278	636	886	144	22	6	0	0	2184

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 2184 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 2184

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

July - September  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14070100-14093023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL A  
EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (DT/DZ ≤ - 1.9 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	5
S	0	0	0	0	2	6	14	3	0	0	0	0	25
SSW	0	0	0	0	4	9	15	1	0	0	0	0	29
SW	0	0	0	0	4	20	18	0	0	0	0	0	42
WSW	0	0	0	2	7	55	66	0	0	0	0	0	130
W	0	0	0	0	5	90	166	0	0	0	0	0	261
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	40	148	15	0	0	0	0	203
NW	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	9
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>705</b>

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	705	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	705

PASQUILL B  
MODERATELY UNSTABLE ( - 1.9 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.7 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
SSW	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	8
SW	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	8
WSW	0	0	0	1	2	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	13
W	0	0	0	1	1	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	8
WNW	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
NW	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	7
NNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>58</b>

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	58	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	58

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

**July - September  
TABLE 4A**

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14070100-14093023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL C  
SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE (- 1.7 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
S	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	0	0	2	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	11
SW	0	0	0	1	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	9
WSW	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	8
W	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	11
WNW	0	0	0	0	2	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	14
NW	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	1	0	0	0	9
NNW	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTALS	0	0	0	1	7	27	35	2	1	0	0	0	73

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	73	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	73

PASQUILL D  
NEUTRAL (- 1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ - 0.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	1	11	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
NNE	0	0	0	6	8	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	21
NE	0	0	0	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
ENE	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
E	0	0	0	0	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	10
ESE	0	0	1	5	6	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	25
SE	0	0	1	3	9	22	29	3	0	0	0	0	67
SSE	0	1	2	7	6	15	22	12	0	0	0	0	65
S	0	0	0	8	8	17	16	0	0	0	0	0	49
SSW	0	0	0	10	8	18	6	1	0	0	0	0	43
SW	0	0	3	9	14	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	41
WSW	0	1	5	6	17	14	14	1	0	0	0	0	58
W	1	0	5	13	10	12	7	0	0	0	0	0	48
WNW	0	0	1	9	25	19	11	0	0	0	0	0	65
NW	0	0	0	15	15	26	32	4	0	0	0	0	92
NNW	3	0	3	14	14	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	40
TOTALS	4	2	22	122	157	178	154	22	0	0	0	0	661

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	661	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	661



ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

July - September  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14070100-14093023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL E  
SLIGHTLY STABLE ( - 0.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	1	3	3	16	11	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
NNE	0	1	7	22	20	21	1	0	0	0	0	0	72
NE	0	2	2	8	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
ENE	0	0	1	4	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
E	0	0	0	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
ESE	0	0	1	5	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
SE	0	1	5	6	8	14	6	1	0	0	0	0	41
SSE	0	0	2	8	8	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	25
S	0	0	2	6	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	16
SSW	0	1	2	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
SW	0	1	2	4	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	15
WSW	0	1	2	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
W	0	0	0	6	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
WNW	0	1	1	8	6	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	25
NW	0	2	2	7	1	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	24
NNW	0	0	0	7	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
TOTALS	1	13	32	120	92	79	28	1	0	0	0	0	366

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	366	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	366

PASQUILL F  
MODERATELY STABLE (1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	1	5	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	16
NNE	0	0	1	16	54	54	1	0	0	0	0	0	126
NE	0	0	0	6	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
ENE	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
E	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	9
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSW	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
SW	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
WSW	6	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
W	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
WNW	1	0	1	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
NW	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	10
NNW	2	0	0	2	6	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
TOTALS	13	1	6	41	79	75	7	5	0	0	0	0	227

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	227	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	227

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

July - September  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14070100-14093023  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL G  
EXTREMELY STABLE (DT/DZ > 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
NNE	0	0	0	1	6	40	29	0	0	0	0	0	76
NE	0	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	7
ENE	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
E	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
WSW	4	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
W	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
TOTALS	4	0	2	9	14	54	35	0	0	0	0	0	118

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 118 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 118

ALL STABILITY CLASSES, ALL DT/DZ  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	1	3	5	28	24	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	81
NNE	0	1	8	45	88	120	33	1	0	0	0	0	296
NE	0	2	2	18	16	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	49
ENE	0	0	2	7	13	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	28
E	0	0	1	4	9	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	24
ESE	0	0	3	12	8	16	5	0	0	0	0	0	44
SE	0	1	6	12	21	37	37	8	0	0	0	0	122
SSE	0	1	4	17	14	20	34	16	0	0	0	0	106
S	0	0	2	14	14	28	36	4	0	0	0	0	98
SSW	2	1	2	14	18	31	34	2	0	0	0	0	104
SW	0	1	6	15	22	44	32	0	0	0	0	0	120
WSW	10	2	7	22	33	77	91	1	0	0	0	0	243
W	1	0	5	23	22	114	184	0	0	0	0	0	349
WNW	1	1	3	20	35	74	171	15	0	0	0	0	320
NW	2	3	3	23	18	38	55	10	1	0	0	0	153
NNW	6	0	3	24	22	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	71
TOTALS	23	16	62	298	377	652	722	57	1	0	0	0	2208

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 2208 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 2208

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

October - December  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14100100-14123123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL A  
EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (DT/DZ ≤ - 1.9 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
S	0	0	0	1	1	11	16	0	0	0	0	0	29
SSW	0	0	0	1	3	19	7	0	0	0	0	0	30
SW	0	0	0	4	11	23	12	0	0	0	0	0	50
WSW	0	0	0	4	10	43	24	0	0	0	0	0	81
W	0	0	0	0	3	70	79	3	0	0	0	0	155
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	21	29	4	0	0	0	0	54
NW	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTALS	0	0	0	11	29	190	169	7	0	0	0	0	406

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 406 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 406

PASQUILL B  
MODERATELY UNSTABLE (- 1.9 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.7 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
SSW	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	6
SW	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
W	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
NW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	0	7	14	12	2	0	0	0	0	35

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS 35 NUMBER OF CALMS 0  
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS 0 TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD 35

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

October - December  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14100100-14123123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL C  
SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE ( - 1.7 < DT/DZ ≤ - 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
S	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	5
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
SW	0	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
WSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
W	0	0	0	1	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
WNW	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	9
NW	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	0	0	0	3	10	19	11	5	0	0	0	0	48

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	48	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	48

PASQUILL D  
NEUTRAL ( - 1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ - 0.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	2	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
NNE	0	0	0	4	4	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	20
NE	0	0	0	1	1	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	10
ENE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	0	0	1	1	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	7
ESE	0	0	0	1	8	14	15	5	0	0	0	0	43
SE	0	0	0	2	6	14	21	18	3	1	0	0	65
SSE	0	0	0	1	2	10	13	7	6	0	1	0	40
S	0	0	0	1	4	7	3	6	6	1	0	0	28
SSW	0	0	0	3	5	6	4	2	0	2	0	0	22
SW	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	4	1	1	0	0	12
WSW	0	0	1	4	7	5	1	4	1	0	0	0	23
W	0	0	0	6	6	12	0	1	0	0	0	0	25
WNW	0	0	2	1	7	12	8	0	0	0	0	0	30
NW	0	0	1	1	13	14	14	3	0	0	0	0	46
NNW	0	0	2	2	4	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	18
TOTALS	0	0	6	33	74	120	89	53	18	5	1	0	399

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	399	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	399

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

**October - December  
TABLE 4A**

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14100100-14123123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL E  
SLIGHTLY STABLE ( - 0.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 1.5 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	9	15	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
NNE	0	0	5	18	16	28	8	2	1	0	0	0	78
NE	0	0	1	6	2	4	3	4	3	3	0	0	26
ENE	0	0	1	7	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	17
E	0	1	0	4	3	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	21
ESE	0	0	1	4	2	16	6	4	1	0	0	0	34
SE	0	0	1	4	2	6	13	3	4	0	0	0	33
SSE	1	0	0	3	3	4	3	4	0	0	0	0	18
S	0	0	1	5	7	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	15
SSW	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	9
SW	0	0	1	5	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
WSW	0	0	1	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
W	0	0	0	4	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
WNW	0	0	1	4	3	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	16
NW	0	0	2	1	3	5	9	2	0	0	0	0	22
NNW	0	0	1	3	11	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	27
TOTALS	1	1	19	81	86	112	53	23	9	3	0	0	388

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	388	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	388

PASQUILL F  
MODERATELY STABLE (1.5 < DT/DZ ≤ 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	1	4	4	13	5	0	0	0	0	0	27
NNE	0	0	2	16	38	70	26	1	0	0	0	0	153
NE	0	0	2	13	19	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	47
ENE	0	0	2	4	5	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	18
E	0	0	0	2	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
ESE	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
SE	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
SW	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	8
WSW	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
W	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
WNW	0	0	1	2	1	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	15
NW	0	1	0	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	10
NNW	0	0	0	4	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	12
TOTALS	0	1	13	57	89	124	48	2	0	0	0	0	334

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	334	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	334

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT – 2014

METEOROLOGY

October - December  
TABLE 4A

SITE: SAN ONOFRE  
PERIOD OF RECORD 14100100-14123123  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

PASQUILL G  
EXTREMELY STABLE (DT/DZ > 4.0 °C/100 METERS)

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	1	2	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	21
NNE	0	0	1	4	15	167	275	9	0	0	0	0	471
NE	0	0	0	5	3	17	12	0	0	0	0	0	37
ENE	0	0	1	4	6	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	18
E	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
ESE	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SW	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
W	0	0	0	1	5	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
WNW	0	0	0	0	3	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	12
NW	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
TOTALS	0	0	6	23	37	220	303	9	0	0	0	0	598

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	598	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	598

ALL STABILITY CLASSES, ALL DT/DZ  
WIND SPEED (M/S) AT 10 METER LEVEL

Wind Dir	0.22 0.5	0.51 0.75	0.76 1	1.1 1.5	1.6 2	2.1 3	3.1 5	5.1 7	7.1 10	10.1 13	13.1 18	>18	TOTAL
N	0	0	4	16	25	33	15	0	0	0	0	0	93
NNE	0	0	8	42	73	271	316	15	1	0	0	0	726
NE	0	0	3	25	25	31	25	7	4	3	0	0	123
ENE	0	0	4	16	17	14	4	0	0	0	0	0	55
E	0	1	0	10	9	20	5	1	0	0	0	0	46
ESE	0	0	2	5	12	33	21	9	1	0	0	0	83
SE	0	0	1	8	9	24	36	22	7	1	0	0	108
SSE	1	0	2	7	8	16	22	11	6	0	1	0	74
S	0	0	2	8	16	20	21	9	6	1	0	0	83
SSW	0	0	0	9	15	30	18	4	0	2	0	0	78
SW	0	0	4	13	23	32	17	5	1	1	0	0	96
WSW	0	0	3	15	21	55	28	4	1	0	0	0	127
W	0	0	0	12	25	105	80	4	0	0	0	0	226
WNW	0	0	4	7	18	62	46	5	0	0	0	0	142
NW	0	1	4	6	19	27	26	5	0	0	0	0	88
NNW	0	0	3	9	17	26	5	0	0	0	0	0	60
TOTALS	1	2	44	208	332	799	685	101	27	8	1	0	2208

NUMBER OF VALID HOURS	2208	NUMBER OF CALMS	0
NUMBER OF INVALID HOURS	0	TOTAL HOURS FOR THE PERIOD	2208

**Enclosure 2:**

Offsite Dose Calculation Manual  
Nuclear Organization  
San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station (SONGS)  
SO123-ODCM Revision 8, 12-3-14

December 03, 2014

Mr. Tom Palmisano

SUBJECT: Revision 8 of the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS) Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), SO123-ODCM.

In accordance with Technical Specification 5.5.2.1, Revision 8 to the SONGS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual has been prepared and reviewed for your approval.

This revision incorporates the following:

- Updated land use information from the 2013 Land Use Census
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Barn Kelp Bed direction was changed to incorporate both SSE and SE sectors
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Ocean Bottom Sediments Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed to 20-25 miles due to issuance of California's South Coast Marine Protected Areas, effective January 1, 2012.
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Non-migratory Marine Animals Laguna Beach (Control) distance was changed from 15 to 150 miles to 20-25 miles
- Updated Section 5, Figures 5-1 through 5-5

None of the changes in this revision will adversely affect the accuracy or reliability of effluent dose calculations or set point determinations. Your approval for this revision is requested.

Please contact me if there are any questions.

Approved Electronically

---

Richard C. Brabec  
Principal Manager, Nuclear Regulatory Affairs, Emergency  
Planning, Environmental, Records Management

Approved by: Approved Electronically  

---

Thomas J. Palmisano  
Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer

Attachment  
cc: Records Management  
NRA File



December 03, 2014

SUBJECT: Revision 8 of the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS)  
Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), SO123-ODCM

Enclosed is Revision 8 to the SONGS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). This revision incorporates the following:

- Updated land use information from the 2013 Land Use Census
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Barn Kelp Bed direction was changed to incorporate both SSE and SE sectors
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Ocean Bottom Sediments Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed to 20-25 miles due to issuance of California's South Coast Marine Protected Areas, effective January 1, 2012.
- Section 5, Table 5-4, Non-migratory Marine Animals Laguna Beach (Control) distance was changed from 15 to 150 miles to 20-25 miles
- Updated Section 5, Figures 5-1 through 5-5

50.59 review was not required; EOE reviews were required and performed for the changes.

None of the changes impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent dose or setpoint calculations. The level of radioactive effluent control required by 10CFR20, 40CFR190, 10CFR50.36a and Appendix I to 10CFR50 will be maintained.

Throughout the document, change bars indicate the following types of changes:

- A Addition
- D Deletion
- F Editorial/Format change
- R Revision

Page #	changes due to new revision	Reason
Cover Page & Table of Contents	Revised to Revision 8 and date	R
2-29	Revised U2 and U3 Controlling Factors per 2013 LUC	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Non-Migratory Marine Animals Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed from 15 to 150 miles to 20 to 25 miles	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Barn Kelp Bed direction was changed to incorporate both SSE and SE sectors	R
5-20	Section 5, Table 5-4, Ocean Bottom Sediments Laguna Beach (CONTROL) distance was changed to 20-25 miles due to issuance of California's South Coast Marine Protected Areas, effective January 1, 2012	R
5-23	Updated Figures 5-1 for REMP sample location 1 miles	R
5-24	Updated Figure 5-2 for REMP sample location 2 miles	R
5-25	Updated Figure 5-3 for REMP sample location 5 miles	R
5-26	Updated Figure 5-4 for REMP sample locations Orange County	R
5-27	Updated Figure 5-5 for REMP sample locations San Diego County	R

<b>Page #</b>	<b>changes due to new revision</b>	<b>Reason</b>
Appendix A		
Cover	Revised to Revision 8 and date	R
Ai	Revised reference, page numbers, and date	R
A1-3	Added for Contractor Park Lot 4, revision, and date	A
A1-1 through A1-5	Revise Table 1-1 total page numbering	R
A1-11	Revise Distance, X/Q, D/Q, revision, and date	R
A1-13	Revised per LUC, revision, and date	R
A1-17	Revised per LUC, revision, and date	R
A1-26	Revised per LUC, revision, and date	R
A1-27	Remove Camp San Onofre barr and Camp San Onofre from Table 1-6 based on 2013 Dose Parameters for San Onofre Units 2 and 3 memo dated 3/6/2014.	D
A1-42	Revised per LUC	R

**OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL**  
**NUCLEAR ORGANIZATION**  
**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION (SONGS)**

ODCM

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) is a supporting document of the RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (NUREG 0472). The ODCM enumerates dose and concentration specifications, instrument requirements, as well as describes the methodology and parameters to be used in the calculation of offsite doses from radioactive liquid and airborne effluents consistent with RG 1.109 and NUREG 0133. In order to meet release limits, it additionally provides calculations for liquid and gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation alarm/trip setpoints. The environmental section contains the requirements for the radiological environmental monitoring program.

The ODCM will be maintained at the Site for use as a document of Specifications and acceptable methodologies and calculations to be used in implementing the Specifications. Changes in the calculational methods or parameters will be incorporated into the ODCM in order to assure that the ODCM represents current methodology.

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

### 1.1 CONCENTRATION

#### SPECIFICATION

- 1.1.1 The concentration of radioactive material released from the site (see Figure 1-2) shall be limited to the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, column 2 for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to  $2 \times 10^{-4}$  microcuries/ml total activity.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With the concentration of radioactive material released from the site exceeding the above limits, immediately restore the concentration to within the above limits.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Radioactive liquid wastes shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis program of Table 1-1.
- .2 The results of the radioactivity analyses shall be used in accordance with the methodology and parameters in Section 1.4 to assure that the concentrations at the point of release are maintained within the limits of Specification 1.1.1.

TABLE 1-1

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Liquid Release Type	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) <sup>a</sup>		
A. Batch Waste Release <sup>d</sup>	P Each Batch	P Each Batch	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>f</sup>	$5 \times 10^{-7}$		
			I-131	$1 \times 10^{-6}$		
	P One Batch/M	M	Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma emitters)	$1 \times 10^{-5}$		
			P Each Batch	M Composite <sup>b</sup>	H-3	$1 \times 10^{-5}$
					Gross Alpha	$1 \times 10^{-7}$
P Each Batch	Q Composite <sup>b</sup>	Sr-89, Sr-90	$5 \times 10^{-8}$			
		Fe-55	$1 \times 10^{-6}$			

**NOTE** BATCH RELEASE POINTS: Primary Plant Makeup Storage Tanks, Radwaste Primary Tanks, Radwaste Secondary Tanks, Miscellaneous Waste Condensate Monitor Tanks, Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump, FFCD sumps (high conductivity, low conductivity) and holdup tank, Component Cooling Water Sump, Storage Tank Area Sump, S/G Blowdown.

B. Continuous Releases <sup>e</sup>	D Grab Sample	W Composite <sup>c</sup>	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>f</sup>	$5 \times 10^{-7}$		
			I-131	$1 \times 10^{-6}$		
	M Grab Sample	M	Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma emitters)	$1 \times 10^{-5}$		
			D Grab Sample	M Composite <sup>c</sup>	H-3	$1 \times 10^{-5}$
					Gross Alpha	$1 \times 10^{-7}$
D Grab Sample	Q Composite <sup>c</sup>	Sr-89, Sr-90	$5 \times 10^{-8}$			
		Fe-55	$1 \times 10^{-6}$			

**NOTE** CONTINUOUS RELEASE POINTS: Turbine Plant Sump\*, Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump\*\*, S/G Blowdown Bypass Line\*\*\*, S/G Blowdown, Auxiliary Building Sump.\*

TABLE 1-1

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM  
(Continued)

Liquid Release Type	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) <sup>a</sup>
C. Continuous Release <sup>e</sup> North Industrial Area Yard Drain Sump	3 X W Grab Sample	W Composite <sup>b,g</sup>	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>f</sup>	$5 \times 10^{-7}$
	3 X W Grab Sample	M Composite <sup>b,g</sup>	H-3	$1 \times 10^{-5}$
			Gross Alpha	$1 \times 10^{-7}$
	3 X W Grab Sample	Q Composite <sup>b,g</sup>	Sr-89, Sr-90	$5 \times 10^{-8}$
			Fe-55	$1 \times 10^{-6}$

TABLE 1-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- a. The LLD is the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66S_b}{E * V * 2.22 \times 10^6 * Y * \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above (as microcurie per unit mass or volume),

$s_b$  is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency (as counts per transformation),

V is the sample size (in units of mass or volume),

$2.22 \times 10^6$  is the number of transformations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable),

$\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

$\Delta t$  is the elapsed time between midpoint of sample collection and time of counting (for plant effluents, not environmental samples).

The value of  $s_b$  used in the calculation of the LLD for a particular measurement system shall be based on the actual observed variance of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of the blank samples (as appropriate) rather than on an unverified theoretically predicted variance.

Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of the measurement system and not as a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.#

#For a more complete discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits, see the following:

- (1) HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300 (revised annually).
- (2) Currie, L. A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry" Anal. Chem. **40**, 586-93 (1968).
- (3) Hartwell, J. K., "Detection Limits for Radioisotopic Counting Techniques," Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company Report ARH-2537 (June 22, 1972).

TABLE 1-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- b. A composite sample is one in which the quantity of liquid sampled is proportional to the quantity of liquid waste discharged and in which the method of sampling employed results in a specimen which is representative of the liquids released.
- c. To be representative of the quantities and concentrations of radioactive materials in liquid effluents, samples shall be collected continuously in proportion to the rate of flow of the effluent stream. Prior to analysis, all samples taken for the composite shall be thoroughly mixed in order for the composite sample to be representative of the effluent release.
- d. A batch release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a discrete volume. Prior to sampling for analyses, each batch shall be isolated, and then thoroughly mixed, by a method described in the ODCM, to assure representative sampling.
- e. A continuous release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a nondiscrete volume; e.g., from a volume of system that has an input flow during the continuous release.
- f. The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141, Ce-144. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks which are measurable and identifiable, together with the above nuclides, and those isotopes listed in Reg. Guide 1.21, shall also be identified and reported.
- g. Prior to analysis, all samples taken for the composite shall be thoroughly mixed in order for the composite sample to be representative of the effluent release.
- \* Administrative controls shall ensure that only one continuous release point is discharging through a discharge path at any given time. The normal continuous release point via 2(3)RT-7821 is the turbine plant sump.
- \*\* The first sump when transferring outlying sumps shall be treated as a batch release.
- \*\*\* Sampling of this flow is not required if at least once per 31 days blowdown bypass isolation valve (S21301MU619 for Steam Generator 2E088, S21301MU618 for Steam Generator 2E089, S31301MU619 for Steam Generator 3E088 and S31301MU618 for Steam Generator 3E089) is verified locked shut.

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.2 DOSE

#### SPECIFICATION

- 1.2.1 The dose or dose commitment to an individual from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released, from each reactor unit, from the site (see Figure 1-2) shall be limited:
- a. During any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 1.5 mrem to the total body and to less than or equal to 5 mrem to any organ, and
  - b. During any calendar year to less than or equal to 3 mrem to the total body and to less than or equal to 10 mrem to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid effluents exceeding any of the above limits, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification Section 5.7.2 and LCS 5.0.104.2, a Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions taken to reduce the releases and the proposed actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with Specification 1.2.1.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Dose Calculation. Cumulative dose contributions from liquid effluents shall be determined in accordance with Section 1.5 at least once per 31 days.



## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.3 LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT

#### SPECIFICATION

- 1.3.1 The liquid radwaste treatment system shall be OPERABLE. The appropriate portions of the system shall be used to reduce the radioactive materials in liquid wastes prior to their discharge when the projected doses due to the liquid effluent from the site (see Figure 1-2) when averaged over 31 days, would exceed 0.06 mrem to the total body or 0.2 mrem to any organ.\*

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With radioactive liquid waste being discharged without treatment and in excess of the above limits, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days pursuant to Technical Specification Section 5.7.2 and LCS 5.0.104.2, a Special Report which includes the following information:
1. Explanation of why liquid radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of the inoperable equipment or subsystems and the reason for inoperability,
  2. Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
  3. Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

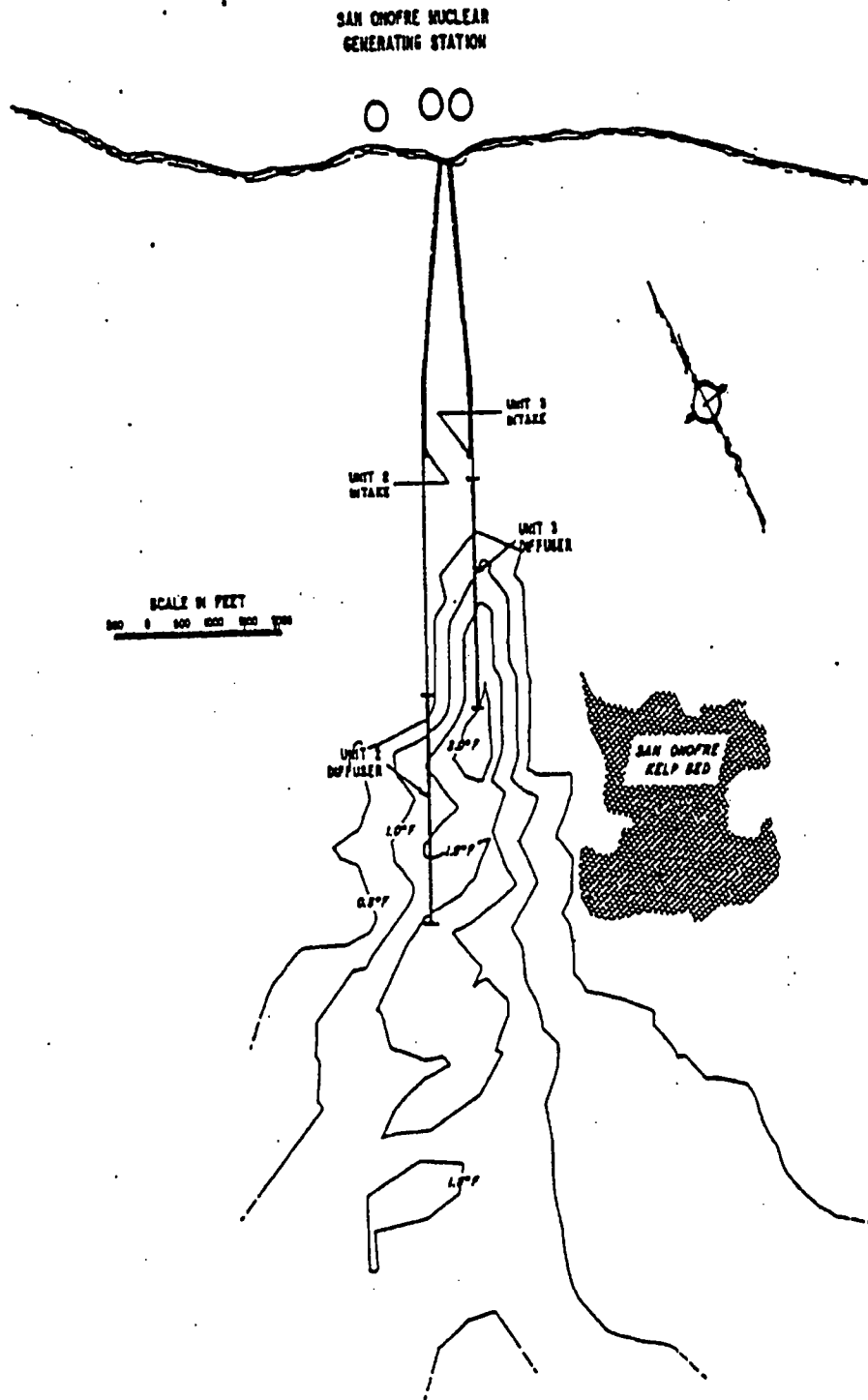
- .1 Doses due to liquid releases shall be projected at least once per 31 days, in accordance with Section 3.1.
- .2 During plant operation (either unit in Mode 1-4), the appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by operating the liquid radwaste treatment system equipment for at least 15-minutes at least once per 92 days unless the liquid radwaste system has been utilized to process radioactive liquid effluents during the previous 92 days.
- .3 In plant shut-down (both units in Mode 5,6), the appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by operating the liquid radwaste treatment system equipment for at least 15-minutes prior to processing liquids unless the appropriate liquid radwaste system has been utilized to process radioactive liquid effluents during the previous 92 days.

---

\*Per reactor unit

SITE BOUNDARY FOR LIQUID EFFLUENTS  
FIGURE 1-2

NIA UNIT 2 & UNIT 3



## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITOR METHODS OF SETPOINT CALCULATION

Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line Monitors provide alarm and automatic termination of release prior to exceeding the concentration limits specified in 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 at the release point to the unrestricted area. To meet this specification and for the purpose of implementation of Specification 1.1.1, the alarm/trip setpoints for liquid effluent monitors and flow measurement devices are set to assure that the following equation is satisfied:

$$\left[ \frac{C_m R}{F + R} \right] \leq \text{MPC}_{\text{eff}} \quad (1-1)$$

where:

$C_m$  = setpoint, representative of a radionuclide concentration for the radiation monitor measuring the radioactivity in the waste effluent line prior to dilution and subsequent release,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$R$  = permissible waste effluent flow rate at the radiation monitor location, in volume per unit time in the same units as for  $F$

$F$  = dilution water flow in volume per unit time.

= 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump\*

= 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump \*\*

\* The design flowrate of each circulating water pump is 205,000 gpm. The value used in the determination of  $F$  takes into account factors such as frictional losses, pump inefficiency, and tidal flow, and provides reasonable assurance that the radioactive release concentration is not underestimated.

\*\* The design flowrate of each saltwater water pump is 17,000 gpm. The value used in the determination of  $F$  takes into account factors such as frictional losses, pump inefficiency, and tidal flow, and provides reasonable assurance that the radioactive release concentration is not underestimated. A minimum of 2 salt water pumps aligned to the same outfall should be used for liquid radwaste releases.

NOTE: Since the values of  $R$  are much smaller than  $F$ , the term  $(F + R)$  in equation (1-1) may be replaced by  $F$ .

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITOR METHODS OF SETPOINT CALCULATION (Continued)

$MPC_{eff}$  = effective effluent maximum concentration permissible limit ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) at the release point to the unrestricted area for the radionuclide mixture being released:

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{F_i}{MPC_i}} \right] \quad (1-2)$$

where:

$n$  = number of radionuclides identified in sample analysis

$F_i$  = fractional concentration of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide as obtained by sample analysis

$MPC_i$  = MPC of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  radionuclide (10CFR20, App B, Table II, Column 2)

Administrative values are used to reduce each setpoint to account for the potential activity released simultaneously from the following release points:

$RW_{7813}$  = Radwaste Effluent discharge  
 $SG_{88-2}$  = Unit 2 Steam Generator E-088  
 $SG_{89-2}$  = Unit 2 Steam Generator E-089  
 $SG_{88-3}$  = Unit 3 Steam Generator E-088  
 $SG_{89-3}$  = Unit 3 Steam Generator E-089  
 $B_2$  = Unit 2 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump  
 $B_3$  = Unit 3 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump  
 $T_2$  = Unit 2 Turbine Plant Sump  
 $T_3$  = Unit 3 Turbine Plant Sump  
 $Y$  = NIA Yard Drain Sump

The sum of the administrative values is limited to 1.0 to ensure that the total concentration from all release points to the plant discharge will not result in a release exceeding the limits of 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. The administrative values shall be assigned such that:

$$(RW_{7813} + SG_{88-2} + SG_{89-2} + SG_{88-3} + SG_{89-3} + B_2 + B_3 + T_2 + T_3 + Y) < 1.0.$$

The administrative values shall be periodically reviewed based on actual release data and revised as necessary.

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.1 BATCH RELEASE SETPOINT DETERMINATION

The waste flow (R) and monitor setpoint ( $C_m$ ) are set to meet the condition of equation (1-1) for the  $MPC_{eff}$  limit. The method by which this is accomplished as follows:

STEP 1: The isotopic concentration for each batch tank (or sump) to be released is obtained from the sum of the measured concentrations in the tank (or sump) as determined by analysis.

$$C = (\sum_i C'_{\gamma i}) + (C_{\alpha}) + (C_s) + (C_t) + (C_{Fe}) + (C_{Xe}) \quad (1-3)$$

where:

- C = total concentration in each batch tank,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $\sum_i C'_{\gamma i}$  = sum of the measured concentrations for each radionuclide, i, in the gamma spectrum, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{\alpha}$  = gross alpha concentration determined in the previous monthly composite sample,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_s$  = Sr-89 and Sr-90 concentrations as determined in the previous quarterly composite sample,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_t$  = H-3 concentration as determined in the previous monthly composite sample, or as measured in the sample taken prior to release,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{Fe}$  = Fe-55 concentration as determined in the previous quarterly composite sample,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{Xe}$  = Xe-133 concentration as determined by isotopic analysis,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

1.4.1 BATCH RELEASE SETPOINT DETERMINATION (Continued)

STEP 2: The effective MPC ( $MPC_{eff}$ ) for each batch tank (or sump) is determined using:

$$MPC_{eff} = \frac{1}{\sum_i \left( \frac{C_{yi}/C}{MPC_{yi}} \right) + \left( \frac{C_S/C}{MPC_S} \right) + \left( \frac{C_t/C}{MPC_t} \right) + \left( \frac{C_\alpha/C}{MPC_\alpha} \right) + \left( \frac{C_{Fe}/C}{MPC_{Fe}} \right)} \quad (1-4)$$

where:

$MPC_{yi}$ ,  
 $MPC_S$ , = the limiting concentrations of the appropriate radionuclide from  
 $MPC_t$ , 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2  
 $MPC_{Fe}$ ,  
 $MPC_\alpha$

NOTE: For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-4  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$  total activity.

STEP 3: The setpoint,  $C_m$  ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) for each batch release radioactivity monitor may now be specified based on the respective values of  $C$ ,  $\sum_i C'_{yi}$ ,  $F$ ,  $MPC_{eff}$ , and  $R$  to provide compliance with the limits of 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.

STEP 4: If the monitor reads in CPM, the setpoint may be derived using the applicable calibration constants given in Table 1-3 to correspond to the calculated monitor limit  $C_m$ ,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .

$$CPM_{max} = \frac{(C_m), \mu\text{Ci/ml}}{(\text{Cal. Const.}, \mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm})} \quad (1-5)$$

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.1 BATCH RELEASE SETPOINT DETERMINATION (Continued)

#### 1.4.1.1 RADWASTE DISCHARGE LINE MONITOR (2/3RT-7813)

The value for  $C_m$ , the concentration limit at the detector, is determined by using:

$$C_m \leq \frac{(RW_{7813})(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)\left(\frac{C}{MPC_{eff}}\right)} \quad (1-6)$$

where:

$RW_{7813}$  = Radwaste Effluent discharge administrative value

F = dilution water flow in volume per unit time  
= 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump  
= 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump  
A minimum of 2 salt water pumps aligned to the same outfall should be used for liquid radwaste releases

C = Total concentration in each batch sample

$\sum_i C'_{yi}$  = total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

R = typical effluent release rate.  
Values of R for each tank are as follows:  
Radwaste Primary Tanks = 285 gpm (per pump)  
Radwaste Secondary Tanks = 275 gpm (per pump)  
Primary Plant Makeup Tank = 160 gpm (per pump)  
Condensate Monitor Tanks = 100 gpm (per pump)  
The maximum liquid radwaste release discharge flow rate will be administratively limited to less than 95 gpm if salt water pumps are used to provide dilution flow

$MPC_{eff}$  = from equation (1-4)

NOTE: If  $C_m \leq \sum_i C'_{yi}$ , then no release is possible. To increase  $C_m$ , increase the administrative value  $RW_{7813}$ , and/or increase dilution flow F (by running more dilution pumps in the applicable discharge structure), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate R and recalculate  $C_m$  using the new  $RW_{7813}$ , F, R as applicable and equation (1-6).

1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

1.4.1.2 BLOWDOWN PROCESSING SYSTEM NEUTRALIZATION SUMP/FULL FLOW CONDENSATE POLISHER DEMINERALIZER (FFCPD) SUMP DISCHARGE LINE MONITOR (BATCH) (2RT-7817, 3RT-7817)

The value for C<sub>2</sub> (Unit 2) or C<sub>3</sub> (Unit 3), the concentration limit at the Unit 2 or Unit 3 detector, is determined by using:

$$C_2 \leq \frac{(B_2)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-7)$$

$$C_3 \leq \frac{(B_3)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-8)$$

where:

C<sub>2</sub> = instantaneous concentration at detector 2RT-7817 in µCi/cc

C<sub>3</sub> = instantaneous concentration at detector 3RT-7817 in µCi/cc

B<sub>2</sub> = Unit 2 BPS Neutralization Sump administrative value

B<sub>3</sub> = Unit 3 BPS Neutralization Sump administrative value

F = dilution water flow in volume per unit time  
 = 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump  
 = 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump

Σ<sub>i</sub>C'<sub>yi</sub> = total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133, µCi/ml, (STEP 1)

R = Typical release flow rates:  
 BPS Neutralization Sump = 500 gpm  
 FFCPD High Conductivity Sump = 500 gpm  
 FFCPD Low Conductivity Sump = 600 gpm  
 FFCPD Holdup Tank = 1000 gpm

C = total concentration in each batch sample, µCi/ml

MPC<sub>eff</sub> = value of MPC<sub>eff</sub> from equation (1-4) for the sample analysis

NOTE: If C<sub>2</sub> or C<sub>3</sub> < Σ<sub>i</sub>C'<sub>yi</sub>, then no release is possible. To increase C<sub>2</sub> or C<sub>3</sub>, increase the administrative value B<sub>2</sub> or B<sub>3</sub>, and/or increase dilution flow F (by running more dilution pumps), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate, R, and recalculate C<sub>2</sub> or C<sub>3</sub> using the new B<sub>2</sub> or B<sub>3</sub>, F, R as applicable and equation (1-7) or (1-8).



## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2 CONTINUOUS RELEASE SETPOINT DETERMINATION

The waste flow (R) and monitor setpoint ( $C_m$ ) are set to meet the condition of equation (1-1) for the effective MPC ( $MPC_{eff}$ ) limit. The method by which this is accomplished is as follows:

STEP 1: The isotopic concentration for the continuous releases are obtained for each release stream (steam generator blowdown, steam generator blowdown bypass, blowdown processing system neutralization sump, turbine plant sump, and NIA yard drain sump) from the sum of the respective measured concentrations as determined by analysis:

$$C = \left( \sum_i C'_{\gamma i} \right) + (C_\alpha) + (C_s) + (C_t) + (C_{Fe}) + (C_{Xe}) \quad (1-3)$$

where:

- C = total concentration ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )
- $\sum_i C'_{\gamma i}$  = total gamma activity associated with each radionuclide, i, in the weekly composite analysis for the release stream, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_\alpha$  = total measured gross alpha concentration determined from the previous monthly composite analysis for the release stream,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_s$  = total measured concentration of Sr-89 and Sr-90 as determined from the previous quarterly composite analysis for the release stream,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_t$  = total measured H-3 concentration determined from the previous weekly or monthly composite analysis for the release stream,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{Fe}$  = total Fe-55 concentration as determined in the previous quarterly composite sample for the release stream,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{Xe}$  = Xe-133 concentration as determined by isotopic analysis,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

1.4.2 CONTINUOUS RELEASE SETPOINT DETERMINATION (Continued)

STEP 2: The effective MPC ( $MPC_{eff}$ ) for each release stream (steam generator blowdown, blowdown processing system neutralization sump, turbine plant sump, or NIA yard drain sump) is determined using:

$$MPC_{eff} = \frac{1}{\sum_i \left( \frac{C_{yi}/C}{MPC_{yi}} \right) + \left( \frac{C_s/C}{MPC_s} \right) + \left( \frac{C_t/C}{MPC_t} \right) + \left( \frac{C_\alpha/C}{MPC_\alpha} \right) + \left( \frac{C_{Fe}/C}{MPC_{Fe}} \right)} \quad (1-4)$$

where:

$MPC_{yi}$ ,  
 $MPC_s$ ,  
 $MPC_t$ ,  
 $MPC_{Fe}$ ,  
 $MPC_\alpha$

= the limiting concentrations of the appropriate radionuclide from 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2

STEP 3: The setpoint,  $C_m$  ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) for each continuous release radioactivity monitor may now be specified based on the respective values of  $C$ ,  $\sum_i C'_{yi}$ ,  $F$ ,  $MPC_{eff}$ , and  $R$  to provide compliance with the limits of 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.

STEP 4: If the monitor reads in CPM, the setpoint may be derived using the applicable calibration constants given in Table 1-3 to correspond to the calculated monitor limit  $C_m$ ,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .

$$CPM_{max} = \frac{(C_m, \mu\text{Ci/ml})}{(\text{Cal. Const., } \mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm})} \quad (1-5)$$

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2.1 BLOWDOWN PROCESSING SYSTEM NEUTRALIZATION SUMP DISCHARGE LINE MONITORS (2RT-7817, 3RT-7817)

The value for  $C_2$  (Unit 2) or  $C_3$  (Unit 3), the concentration limit at the Unit 2 or Unit 3 detector, is determined by using:

$$C_2 \leq \frac{(B_2)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-7)$$

$$C_3 \leq \frac{(B_3)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-8)$$

where:

$C_2$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 2RT-7817 in  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$

$C_3$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 3RT-7817 in  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$

$B_2$  = Unit 2 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump administrative value

$B_3$  = Unit 3 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump administrative value

$F$  = dilution water flow in volume per unit time

= 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump

= 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump

$\sum_i C'_{yi}$  = total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ , (STEP 1)

$R$  = effluent flow rate, gpm, (STEP 1), (maximum of 500 gpm)

$C$  = total concentration,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$MPC_{eff}$  = value of  $MPC_{eff}$  from equation (1-4) for the sample analysis

**NOTE:** If  $C_2$  or  $C_3 < \sum_i C'_{yi}$ , then no release is possible. To increase  $C_2$  or  $C_3$ , increase the administrative value  $B_2$  or  $B_3$ , and/or increase dilution flow  $F$  (by running more dilution pumps), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate,  $R$ , and recalculate  $C_2$  or  $C_3$  using the new  $B_2$  or  $B_3$ ,  $F$ ,  $R$  as applicable and equation (1-7) or (1-8).

1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

1.4.2.2 STEAM GENERATOR BLOWDOWN BYPASS DISCHARGE LINE MONITORS (2RT-6753, 2RT-6759, 3RT-6753, 3RT-6759)

The value for  $C_{59-2}$ ,  $C_{53-2}$ ,  $C_{59-3}$  or  $C_{53-3}$ , the concentration limit at the Unit 2 or Unit 3 detectors, is determined by using:

$$C_{59-2} \leq \frac{(SG_{88-2})(F)(\sum_i C_{yi}')}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-9)$$

$$C_{53-2} \leq \frac{(SG_{89-2})(F)(\sum_i C_{yi}')}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-10)$$

$$C_{59-3} \leq \frac{(SG_{88-3})(F)(\sum_i C_{yi}')}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-11)$$

$$C_{53-3} \leq \frac{(SG_{89-3})(F)(\sum_i C_{yi}')}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-12)$$

where:

- $C_{59-2}$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 2RT-6759 in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{53-2}$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 2RT-6753 in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{59-3}$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 3RT-6759 in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $C_{53-3}$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 3RT-6753 in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $SG_{88-2}$  = Unit 2 E088 Steam Generator Blowdown administrative value
- $SG_{89-2}$  = Unit 2 E089 Steam Generator Blowdown administrative value
- $SG_{88-3}$  = Unit 3 E088 Steam Generator Blowdown administrative value
- $SG_{89-3}$  = Unit 3 E089 Steam Generator Blowdown administrative value
- $F$  = dilution water flow in volume per unit time  
 = 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump  
 = 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2.2 STEAM GENERATOR BLOWDOWN BYPASS DISCHARGE LINE MONITORS (2RT-6753, 2RT-6759, 3RT-6753, 3RT-6759) (Continued)

$\Sigma_i C'_{\gamma i}$  = total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ , (STEP 1)

R = maximum blowdown bypass effluent flowrate per steam generator, 200 gpm, (STEP 1)

C = total concentration,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$

$\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}$  = value of  $\text{MPC}_{\text{eff}}$  from equation (1-4) for the sample analysis

**NOTE:** If  $C_{59-2}$ ,  $C_{53-2}$ ,  $C_{59-3}$ , or  $C_{53-3} < \Sigma_i C'_{\gamma i}$  (for the respective steam generator), then no release is possible. To increase  $C_{59-2}$ ,  $C_{53-2}$ ,  $C_{59-3}$  or  $C_{53-3}$ , increase the administrative value  $\text{SG}_{88-2}$ ,  $\text{SG}_{89-2}$ ,  $\text{SG}_{88-3}$  or  $\text{SG}_{89-3}$ , and/or increase dilution flow F (by running more dilution pumps), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate R and recalculate  $C_{59-2}$ ,  $C_{53-2}$ ,  $C_{59-3}$  or  $C_{53-3}$  using the new values of  $\text{SG}_{89-2}$ ,  $\text{SG}_{88-2}$ ,  $\text{SG}_{89-3}$  or  $\text{SG}_{88-3}$ , F, R as applicable and equation (1-9), (1-10), (1-11) or (1-12).

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2.3 TURBINE PLANT SUMP MONITORS (2RT-7821, 3RT-7821)

The value for  $C_2$  (Unit 2) or  $C_3$  (Unit 3), the concentration limit at the Unit 2 or Unit 3 detector, is determined by using:

$$C_2 \leq \frac{(T_2)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-13)$$

$$C_3 \leq \frac{(T_3)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-14)$$

where:

- $C_2$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 2RT-7821 in  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$
- $C_3$  = instantaneous concentration at detector 3RT-7821 in  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$
- $T_2$  = Unit 2 Turbine Plant Sump administrative value
- $T_3$  = Unit 3 Turbine Plant Sump administrative value
- $F$  = dilution water flow in volume per unit time
  - = 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump
  - = 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump
- $\sum_i C'_{yi}$  = total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ , (STEP 1)
- $R$  = effluent flow rate, gpm, (STEP 1), typically flow rate:
  - = 100 gpm (per pump)
- $C$  = total concentration,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $MPC_{eff}$  = value of  $MPC_{eff}$  from equation (1-4) for the sample analysis

**NOTE:** If  $C_2$  or  $C_3 \leq \sum_i C'_{yi}$ , then no release is possible. To increase  $C_2$  or  $C_3$ , increase the administrative value  $T_2$  or  $T_3$ , and/or increase dilution flow  $F$  (by running more dilution pumps), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate,  $R$ , and recalculate  $C_2$  or  $C_3$  using the new  $T_2$  or  $T_3$ ,  $F$ ,  $R$  as applicable and equation (1-13) or (1-14).

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2.3 TURBINE PLANT SUMP MONITORS (2RT-7821, 3RT-7821) (Continued)

Use of a temporary discharge path from the Turbine Plant Sump is allowed providing the radiation monitor, 2(3)RT-7821, is in service and the normal discharge path is used concurrently. Temporary pumps facilitate faster discharge when draining the condenser to the outfall via this pathway. The following conditions shall be met:

- a. The release permit shall account for the entire volume of water discharged from the Turbine Plant Sump.
- b. The alarm setpoint for the monitor shall be adjusted to take into account the entire discharge flow through both the normal and temporary paths.
- c. Procedures shall require the immediate termination of the discharge via the temporary path if the monitor on the normal path alarms.

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.4.2.4 NIA YARD DRAIN SUMP MONITOR (RT-2101)

There is one Yard Drain Sump on site, located in the North Industrial Area. It can be released through either the Unit 2 or Unit 3 outfall. The same radiation monitor is used for either outfall.

The value for  $C_{YDS}$ , the concentration limit at the detector, is determined by using:

$$C_{YDS} \leq \frac{(Y)(F)(\sum_i C'_{yi})}{(R)(C/MPC_{eff})} \quad (1-15)$$

where:

- $C_{YDS}$  = instantaneous concentration at detector RT-2101 in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $Y$  = NIA Yard Drain Sump administrative value
- $F$  = dilution water flow in volume per unit time  
= 124,500 gpm per circulating water pump  
= 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump
- $\sum_i C'_{yi}$  = total gamma isotopic concentration,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ , (STEP 1)
- $R$  = effluent flow rate, gpm, typical flow rates:  
= 2300 gpm or 4100 gpm
- $C$  = total concentration,  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$
- $MPC_{eff}$  = value of  $MPC_{eff}$  from equation (1-4) for the sample analysis

**NOTE:** If  $C_{YDS} \leq \sum_i C'_{yi}$ , then no release is possible. To increase  $C_{YDS}$ , increase the administrative value  $Y$ , and/or increase dilution flow  $F$  (by running more dilution pumps), and/or decrease the effluent flow rate,  $R$ , and recalculate  $C_{YDS}$  using the new  $Y$ ,  $F$ ,  $R$  as applicable and equation (1-15).



**TABLE 1-3**

**Liquid Effluent Radiation Monitor Calibration Constants <sup>(a)</sup>**  
( $\mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm}$ )

MONITOR	Co-60	Ba-133	Cs-137
2RT-6753		1.52E-8	1.90E-8
2RT-6759		1.14E-8	1.90E-8
3RT-6753		1.55E-8	2.21E-8
3RT-6759		1.17E-8	1.97E-8

<sup>(a)</sup> This table provides typical ( $\pm 20\%$ ) calibration constants for the liquid effluent radiation monitors.

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.5 DOSE CALCULATION FOR LIQUID EFFLUENTS

The liquid releases considered in the following dose calculations are described in Section 1.4. The dose commitment to an individual from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas are calculated for the purpose of implementing Specification 1.2.1 using the following expression.

$$D_{\tau} = \sum_i \left[ A_{i\tau} \sum_j (\Delta t_j C_{ij} F_j) \right] \quad (1-16)$$

where:

$A_{i\tau}$  = Site-related adult ingestion dose commitment factor to the total body or an organ,  $\tau$ , for each identified principal gamma and beta emitter,  $i$ , from Table 1-4 in mrem/hr per  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .

$C_{ij}$  = average concentration of radionuclide,  $i$ , in the undiluted liquid effluent during time period,  $\Delta t_j$ , in  $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ .

$D_{\tau}$  = dose commitment to the total body or an organ,  $\tau$ , from the liquid effluent for the time period,  $\Delta t_j$ , in mrem.

$F_j$  = near field average dilution factor (actually mixing ratio) for  $C_{ij}$  during the time period,  $\Delta t_j$ . This factor is the ratio of the maximum undiluted liquid waste flow during time period,  $\Delta t_j$ , to the average flow from the site discharge structure to unrestricted receiving waters,

$$\text{or: } \left( \frac{\text{maximum liquid radioactive wasteflow}}{\text{discharge structure exit flow}} \right)$$

$\Delta t_j$  = length of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  time period over which  $C_{ij}$  and  $F_j$  are averaged for all liquid releases, in hours.

**TABLE 1-4****DOSE COMMITMENT FACTORS\*, A<sub>IT</sub>**  
(mrem/hr per µCi/ml)

Radionuclide	Bone	Liver	Total Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
H-3		2.82E-1	2.82E-1	2.82E-1	2.82E-1	2.82E-1	2.82E-1
Na-24	4.57E-1	4.57E-1	4.57E-1	4.57E-1	4.57E-1	4.57E-1	4.57E-1
Cr-51			5.58E+0	3.34E+0	1.23E+0	7.40E+0	1.40E+3
Mn-54		7.06E+3	1.35E+3		2.10E+3		2.16E+4
Mn-56		1.78E+2	3.15E+1		2.26E+2		5.67E+3
Fe-55	5.11E+4	3.53E+4	8.23E+3			1.97E+4	2.03E+4
Fe-59	8.06E+4	1.90E+5	7.27E+4			5.30E+4	6.32E+5
Co-57		1.42E+2	2.36E+2				3.59E+3
Co-58		6.03E+2	1.35E+3				1.22E+4
Co-60		1.73E+3	3.82E+3				3.25E+4
Cu-64		2.14E+2	1.01E+2		5.40E+2		1.83E+4
Zn-65	1.61E+5	5.13E+5	2.32E+5		3.43E+5		3.23E+5
Br-84			9.39E-2				7.37E-7
Rb-88		1.79E+0	9.49E-1				2.47E-11
Sr-89	4.99E+3		1.43E+2				8.00E+2
Sr-90	1.23E+5		3.01E+4				3.55E+3
Sr-91	9.18E+1		3.71E+0				4.37E+2
Sr-92	3.48E+1		1.51E+0				6.90E+2
Y-90	6.06E+0		1.63E-1				6.42E+4
Y-91m	5.73E-2		2.22E-3				1.68E-1
Y-92	5.32E-1		1.56E-2				9.32E+3
Zr-95	1.59E+1	5.11E+0	3.46E+0		8.02E+0		1.62E+4
Zr-97	8.81E-1	1.78E-1	8.13E-2		2.68E-1		5.51E+4
Nb-95	1.84E+0	1.03E+0	5.51E-1		1.01E+0		6.22E+3
Nb-95m	1.84E+0	1.03E+0	5.51E-1		1.01E+0		6.22E+3
Nb-97	1.55E-2	3.91E-3	1.43E-3		4.56E-3		1.44E+1
Mo-99		1.28E+2	2.43E+1		2.89E+2		2.96E+2
Tc-99m	1.30E-2	3.66E-2	4.66E-1		5.56E-1	1.79E-2	2.17E+1

NOTE: where no value is given, no data are available.

\* Source: Reg. Guide 1.109, Table E-11, Table A-1  
USNRC NUREG-0172, Table 4  
ICRP-30, Part 3, Supplement A

Methodology: USNRC NUREG-0133, Section 4.3.1

**TABLE 1-4**  
(Continued)

**DOSE COMMITMENT FACTORS\*, A<sub>TC</sub>**  
(mrem/hr per  $\mu$ Ci/ml)

Radionuclide	Bone	Liver	Total Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Ru-103	1.07E+2		4.60E+1		4.07E+2		1.25E+4
Ru-106	1.59E+3		2.01E+2		3.06E+3		1.03E+5
Ag-110m	1.42E+3	1.32E+3	7.82E+2		2.59E+3		5.37E+5
Sn-113							2.26E+5
Sn-117m							2.26E+5
Sb-124	2.76E+2	5.22E+0	1.09E+2	6.70E-1		2.15E+2	7.84E+3
Sb-125	1.77E+2	1.97E+0	4.20E+1	1.79E-1		1.36E+2	1.94E+3
Te-129m	9.31E+2	3.47E+2	1.47E+2	3.20E+2	3.89E+3		4.69E+3
Te-132	2.04E+2	1.32E+2	1.24E+2	1.46E+2	1.27E+3		6.24E+3
I-131	2.18E+2	3.12E+2	1.79E+2	1.02E+5	5.35E+2		8.23E+1
I-132	1.06E+1	2.85E+1	9.96E+0	9.96E+2	4.54E+1		5.35E+0
I-133	7.45E+1	1.30E+2	3.95E+1	1.90E+4	2.26E+2		1.16E+2
I-134	5.56E+0	1.51E+1	5.40E+0	2.62E+2	2.40E+1		1.32E-2
I-135	2.32E+1	6.08E+1	2.24E+1	4.01E+3	9.75E+1		6.87E+1
Cs-134	6.84E+3	1.63E+4	1.33E+4		5.27E+3	1.75E+3	2.85E+2
Cs-136	7.16E+2	2.83E+3	2.04E+3		1.57E+3	2.16E+2	3.21E+2
Cs-137	8.77E+3	1.20E+4	7.85E+3		4.07E+3	1.35E+3	2.32E+2
Cs-138	6.07E+0	1.20E+1	5.94E+0		8.81E+0	8.70E-1	5.12E-5
Ba-139	7.85E+0	5.59E-3	2.30E-1		5.23E-3	3.17E-3	1.39E+1
Ba-140	1.64E+3	2.06E+0	1.08E+2		7.02E-1	1.18E+0	3.38E+3
La-140	1.57E+0	7.94E-1	2.10E-1				5.83E+4
Ce-141	3.43E+0	2.32E+0	2.63E-1		1.08E+0		8.86E+3
Ce-143	6.04E-1	4.46E+2	4.94E-2		1.97E-1		1.67E+4
Ce-144	1.79E+2	7.47E+1	9.59E+0		4.43E+1		6.04E+4
Nd-147	3.96E+0	4.58E+0	2.74E-1		2.68E+0		2.20E+4
W-187	9.16E+0	7.66E+0	2.68E+0				2.51E+3
Np-239	3.53E-2	3.47E-3	1.91E-3		1.08E-2		7.11E+2

NOTE: where no value is given, no data are available.

\* Source: Reg. Guide 1.109, Table E-11, Table A-1  
USNRC NUREG-0172, Table 4  
ICRP-30, Part 3, Supplement A

Methodology: USNRC NUREG-0133, Section 4.3.1

## 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 1.6 Representative Sampling

Prior to sampling of a batch release, each batch shall be thoroughly mixed to assure representative sampling in accordance with the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.21 and NUREG-0800, Section 11.5. The methodology for mixing and sampling is described in SO123-III-5.23, "Generating Effluent Release Permits Using The VAX Computer" and SO123-III-5.2.23, "Units 2/3 Liquid Effluents".

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

### 2.1 DOSE RATE

#### SPECIFICATION

- 2.1.1 The dose rate in unrestricted areas due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents from the site (see Figure 2-2) shall be limited to the following:
- a. For noble gases: Less than or equal to 500 mrem/yr to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrem/yr to the skin, and
  - b. For all radioiodines, tritium and for all radioactive materials in particulate form with half lives greater than 8 days: Less than or equal to 1500 mrem/yr to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With dose rate(s) exceeding the above limits, immediately decrease the release rate to within the above limit(s).

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The dose rate due to noble gases in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits in accordance with Section 2.7.
- .2 The dose rate due to radioiodines, tritium and radioactive materials in particulate form with half lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits in accordance with Section 2.7 by obtaining representative samples and performing analyses in accordance with the sampling and analysis program specified in Table 2-1.

TABLE 2-1

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Gaseous Release Type	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ ) <sup>a</sup>
Batch Waste Gas Decay Tank	P Each Tank Grab Sample	P Each Tank	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>9</sup>	$1 \times 10^{-4}$
Continuous	*	*	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>9</sup>	$1 \times 10^{-4}$
	*	*	Tritium	$1 \times 10^{-6}$
	Continuous <sup>f</sup> Sampler	W <sup>d</sup> Charcoal Sample	I-131	$1 \times 10^{-12}$
			I-133	$1 \times 10^{-10}$
	Continuous <sup>f</sup> Sampler	W <sup>d</sup> Particulate Sample	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>9</sup> (I-131 and Others)	$1 \times 10^{-11}$
	Continuous <sup>f</sup> Sampler	M Composite Particulate Sample	Gross Alpha	$1 \times 10^{-11}$
	Continuous <sup>f</sup> Sampler	Q Composite Particulate Sample	Sr-89 and Sr-90	$1 \times 10^{-11}$
Continuous <sup>f</sup> Monitor	Noble Gas Monitor	Noble Gases Gross Beta and Gamma	$1 \times 10^{-6}$	

\*Sampling frequencies for noble gases and tritium are:

CONTINUOUS PATHWAYS: Containment Purge - 42"	: Each Purge <sup>b,c</sup>
Containment Purge - 8"	: Monthly Grab <sup>b</sup>
Condenser Air Ejector	: Monthly Grab <sup>b</sup>
Plant Vent Stack	: Weekly Grab <sup>b,e</sup>
South Yard Facility	: Particulate and Iodine sampling only <sup>h</sup>

TABLE 2-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- a. The LLD is the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 S_b}{E * V * 2.22 \times 10^6 * Y * \exp(-\lambda\Delta\tau)}$$

where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above (as microcurie per unit mass or volume),

$s_b$  is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency (as counts per transformation),

V is the sample size (in units of mass or volume),

$2.22 \times 10^6$  is the number of transformations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable),

$\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

$\Delta t$  is the elapsed time between midpoint of sample collection and time of counting (for plant effluents, not environmental samples).

The value of  $s_b$  used in the calculation of the LLD for a particular measurement system shall be based on the actual observed variance of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of the blank samples (as appropriate) rather than on an unverified theoretically predicted variance.

Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of the measurement system and not as a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.\*

\*For a more complete discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits, see the following:

- (1) HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300 (revised annually).
- (2) Currie, L. A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry" Anal. Chem. **40**, 586-93 (1968).
- (3) Hartwell, J. K., "Detection Limits for Radioisotopic Counting Techniques," Atlantic Richfield Hanford Company Report ARH-2537 (June 22, 1972).



TABLE 2-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- b. Analyses shall also be performed on the affected unit and plant vent stack following shutdown, startup, or a THERMAL POWER change exceeding 15 percent of the RATED THERMAL POWER within a 1-hour period. This requirement does not apply if: (1) analysis shows that the DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 concentration in the reactor coolant has not increased more than a factor of 3; and (2) the noble gas monitor shows that effluent activity has not increased more than a factor of 3.
- c. Tritium grab samples shall be taken at least once per 24 hours when the refueling canal is flooded.
- d.
  - (i) Samples shall be changed at least once per 7 days and analyses shall be completed within 48 hours after changing (or after removal from sampler).
  - (ii) Sampling shall also be performed on the affected unit and plant vent stack at least once per 24 hours for at least 7 days following each shutdown, startup, or a THERMAL POWER change exceeding 15 percent of RATED THERMAL POWER in 1 hour and analyses shall be completed within 48 hours of changing. This requirement does not apply if: (1) analysis shows that the DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 concentration in the reactor coolant has not increased more than a factor of 3; and (2) the noble gas monitor shows that effluent activity has not increased more than a factor of 3. When samples collected for 24 hours are analyzed, the corresponding LLDs may be increased by a factor of 10. This requirement is not applicable to the South Yard Facility.
- e. Tritium grab samples shall be taken at least one per 7 days from the ventilation exhaust from the spent fuel pool area, whenever spent fuel is in the spent fuel pool.
- f. The ratio of the sample flow rate to the sampled stream flow rate shall be known for the time period covered by each dose or dose rate calculation made in accordance with Specifications 2.1, 2.2, 2.3.
- g. The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, and Xe-138 for gaseous emissions and Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141 and Ce-144 for particulate emissions. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks which are measurable and identifiable, together with the above nuclides, shall also be identified and reported.
- h. Radioactive airborne effluents only expected to be particulate and iodine.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.2 DOSE - NOBLE GASES

#### SPECIFICATION

- 2.2.1 The air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents, from each reactor unit, from the site (see Figure 2-2) shall be limited to the following:
- a. During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 5 mrad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mrad for beta radiation and,
  - b. During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 10 mrad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mrad for beta radiation.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With calculated air dose from radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above limits, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification Section 5.7.2 and LCS 5.0.104.2, a Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions taken to reduce releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with Specification 2.2.1.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Dose Calculations Cumulative dose contributions for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year shall be determined in accordance with Section 2.8 at least once per 31 days.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.3 DOSE - RADIOIODINES, RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN PARTICULATE FORM AND TRITIUM

#### SPECIFICATION

- 2.3.1 The dose to an individual from tritium, radioiodines and radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents released, from each reactor unit, from the Site (see Figure 2-2) shall be limited to the following:
- a. During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 7.5 mrem to any organ and,
  - b. During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 15 mrem to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With the calculated dose from the release of tritium, radioiodines, and radioactive materials in particulate form, with half lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above limits, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days pursuant to Technical Specification Section 5.7.2 and LCS 5.0.104.2, a Special Report which identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit and defines the corrective actions taken to reduce releases and the proposed actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with Specification 2.3.1.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Dose Calculations Cumulative dose contributions for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year shall be determined in accordance with Section 2.8 at least once per 31 days.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT

#### SPECIFICATION

- 2.4.1 The GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM and the VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be operable. The appropriate portions of the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be used to reduce radioactive materials in gaseous waste prior to their discharge when the projected gaseous effluent air doses due to gaseous effluent releases from the site (see Figure 2-2), when averaged over 31 days, would exceed 0.2 mrad for gamma radiation and 0.4 mrad for beta radiation. The appropriate portions of the VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be used to reduce radioactive materials in gaseous waste prior to their discharge when the projected doses due to gaseous effluent releases from the site (see Figure 2-2) when averaged over 31 days would exceed 0.3 mrem to any organ.\*

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With gaseous waste being discharged without treatment and in excess of the above limits, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification Section 5.7.2 and LCS 5.0.104.2, a Special Report which includes the following information:
1. Explanation of why gaseous radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of the inoperable equipment or subsystems and the reason for inoperability,
  2. Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
  3. Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Doses due to gaseous releases from the site shall be projected at least once per 31 days, in accordance with Section 3.2.

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\*These doses are per reactor unit.

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

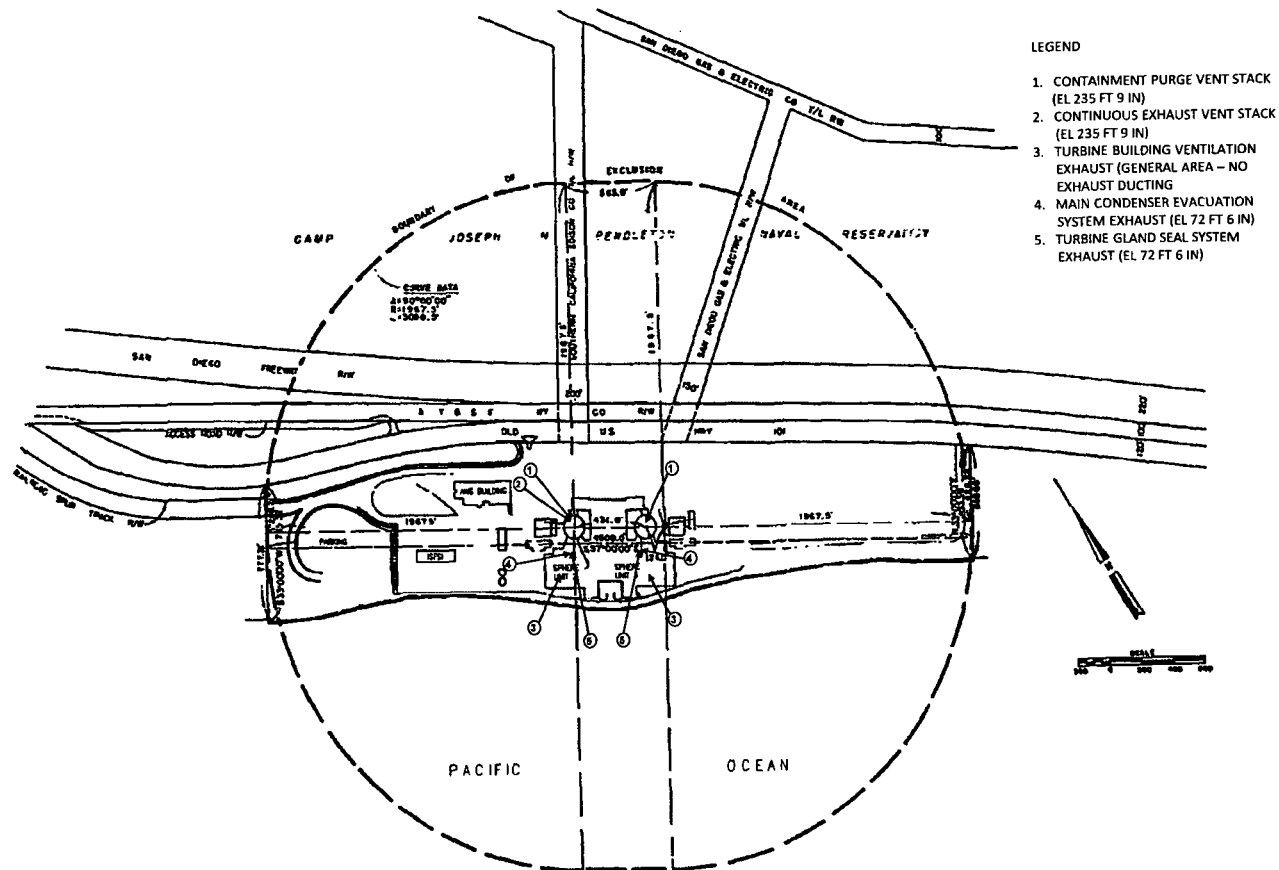
2.4 **GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT** (Continued)

**SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS** (Continued)

- 2.4.1.2 During plant operation (Modes 1-4), the applicable portions of the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM and VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by operating the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM equipment and VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM equipment for at least 15 minutes, at least once per 92 days unless the appropriate system has been utilized to process radioactive gaseous effluents during the previous 92 days.
- .3 In plant shut-down (Mode 5, 6), the applicable portions of the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM and VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by operating the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM equipment and VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM equipment for at least 15-minutes prior to processing gases unless the appropriate gaseous radwaste system has been utilized to process radioactive gaseous effluents during the previous 92 days.

**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION  
SITE BOUNDARY FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS**

Figure 2-2



2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.6 **Methods of Calculation for Gaseous Effluent Monitor Setpoints**

Administrative values are used to reduce each setpoint to account for the potential activity released simultaneously from the following release points:

PVS = Plant Vent Stack  
 CAE = Condenser Air Ejector  
 CP = Containment Purge  
 SY = South Yard  
 WG = Waste Gas

The sum of the administrative values is limited to 1.0 to ensure that the total concentration from all release points on site to the environment will not result in a release exceeding the limits of Specification 2.1.1. The sum total of all these administrative values for the site shall be less than or equal to 1.0.

The administrative values shall be periodically reviewed based on actual release data and revised as necessary.

2.6.1 **PLANT VENT STACK - 2/3RT-7808, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1**

For the purpose of implementation of Specification 2.1.1, the alarm setpoint level for noble gas monitors is based on the gaseous effluent flow rate and the meteorological dispersion factor.

**Total Body**

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a 500 mrem/yr total body dose rate at the exclusion area boundary is determined by:

$$C_{det} = \frac{(PVS) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (500 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm}) (X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( K_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-1)$$

**Skin**

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a 3000 mrem/yr skin dose rate at the exclusion area boundary is determined by:

$$C_{det} = \frac{(PVS) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (3000 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm}) (X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( L_i + 1.1M_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-2)$$

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.1 PLANT VENT STACK - 2/3RT-7808, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1 (Continued)

where:

- $C_{det}$  = the instantaneous concentration at the detector,  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$
- PVS = an administrative value used to account for potential activity from other gaseous release pathways, typically 0.38.
- $K_i$  = total body dose conversion factor from Table 2-4 for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  gamma emitting noble gas,  $\text{mrem/yr per } \mu\text{Ci/m}^3$
- $L_i$  = skin Dose Conversion Factor from Table 2-4 for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  noble gas,  $\text{mrem/yr per } \mu\text{Ci/m}^3$
- $M_i$  = air Dose Conversion Factor from Table 2-4 for the  $i^{\text{th}}$  noble gas,  $\text{mrem/yr per } \mu\text{Ci/m}^3$
- 1.1 = conversion factor to convert gamma air dose to skin dose
- $C_i$  = concentration of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  noble gas as determined by sample analysis,  $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$
- $C_{tot}$  = total concentration of noble gases as determined by sample analysis,  $\mu\text{Ci/cc} = \sum_i C_i$
- flow rate = total plant vent stack flow rate, cfm,  
= typically 164,000 cfm
- 2120 = conversion constant, cfm per  $\text{m}^3/\text{sec}$
- 500 mrem/yr = total body dose rate limit, as specified by Specification 2.1.1.a
- 3000 mrem/y = skin dose rate limit as specified by Specification 2.1.1.a
- X/Q = historical annual average dispersion factor for any landward sector,  $\text{sec/m}^3$   
=  $4.8\text{E-}6 \text{ sec/m}^3$



## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.1.1 Maximum Permissible Alarm Setpoint for 2/3RT-7808, 2RT-7865-1 and 3RT-7865-1

The smaller of the values of  $C_{det}$  from equations (2-1) and (2-2) shall be used to determine the maximum permissible monitor alarm setpoint.

The maximum release rate ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ ) for Plant Vent Stack Monitors is determined by converting the concentration at the detector,  $C_{det}$  ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ ) to an equivalent release rate in  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ , as follows:

$$A_{\max} = \frac{(C_{det}, \mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc})(\text{flow rate, cfm})(28320)}{(S)(60)}$$

where:

$A_{\max}$  = maximum permissible release rate,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$

$C_{det}$  = smaller of the values of  $C_{det}$  determined in equations (2-1) and (2-2).

flow rate = plant vent stack flow rate (cfm) used in equations (2-1) and 2-2)

28320 = conversion from  $\text{ft}^3$  to cc

60 = conversion from minutes to seconds

S = correction factor to compensate for the split flow between Unit 2 and Unit 3 Plant Vent Stacks, typically 2 for split stack monitoring and 1 for combined stack monitoring

The release rate setpoint shall not be set greater than the maximum release rate determined above, when the monitor is being used to meet the requirements of Specification 2.1.1.

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.6.2 **CONDENSER EVACUATION SYSTEM** - 2RT-7818, 2RT-7870-1, 3RT-7818 or 3RT-7870-1

2.6.2.1 **2RT-7818 and 3RT-7818 Condenser Air Ejector Monitors**

For the purpose of implementation of Specification 2.1.1, the alarm setpoint level for noble gas monitors is based on the gaseous effluent flow rate and the meteorological dispersion factor.

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a total body dose rate of 500 mrem/yr at the exclusion area boundary is determined by using:

Total Body

$$C_{det} = \frac{(CAE)(0.5) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (500 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm}) (X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( K_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-4)$$

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a 3000 mrem/yr skin dose rate at the exclusion area boundary is determined by using:

Skin

$$C_{det} = \frac{(CAE)(0.5) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (3000 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm}) (X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( L_i + 1.1M_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-5)$$

where:

(CAE) = an administrative value used to account for potential activity from other gaseous release pathways, typically 0.1.

0.5 = an administrative value used to account for releases from both SONGS 2 and SONGS 3 condenser air ejectors simultaneously.

Other parameters are specified in 2.6.1 and/or 2.6.2.2.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.2 CONDENSER EVACUATION SYSTEM - 2RT-7818, 2RT-7870-1, 3RT-7818 or 3RT-7870-1 (Continued)

The smaller of the values  $C_{det}$  from equations (2-4) or (2-5) is to be used in determining the maximum permissible monitor alarm setpoint (cpm), as follows:

The maximum permissible alarm setting (cpm) is determined by using the calibration constant for the corresponding Condenser Evacuation System Monitor given in Table 2-3. The maximum permissible alarm setpoint is the cpm value corresponding to the concentration,  $C_{det}$ , [smaller value from equation (2-4) or (2-5)].

The calibration constant used is based on Kr-85 or on Xe-133, whichever yields a lower detection efficiency (higher value in terms of  $\mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm}$ ). The alarm setpoint will not be set greater than the maximum permissible alarm setting determined above.

#### 2.6.2.2 2RT-7870-1 and 3RT-7870-1 Wide Range Gas Monitors

The maximum release rate ( $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$ ) for Wide Range Gas Monitor is determined by converting the concentration at the detector,  $C_{det}$  ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ ), to an equivalent release rate in  $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$ .

$$A_{max} = (C_{det}, \mu\text{Ci/cc}) (\text{flow rate, cc/sec}) \quad (2-6)$$

where:

$A_{max}$  = maximum permissible release rate,  $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$

$C_{det}$  = smaller value of  $C_{det}$ , as obtained from equations (2-4) and (2-5)

flow rate = flow rate of the condenser air ejector, cc/sec  
= 4.719E5 cc/sec (conservatively assumed as design flow rate)

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.6.3 **CONTAINMENT PURGE** - 2RT-7828, 3RT-7828, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1

For the purpose of implementation of Specification 2.1.1, the alarm setpoint level for noble gas monitors is based on the gaseous effluent flow rate and the meteorological dispersion factor.

NOTE: 2(3)RT-7865 is not designed to monitor main purge.

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a total body dose rate of 500 mrem/yr at the exclusion boundary is determined by using:

Total Body

$$C_{det2} = \frac{(CP)(P_2) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (500 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm})(X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( K_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-7)$$

$$C_{det3} = \frac{(CP)(P_3) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (500 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm})(X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( K_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-8)$$

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a 3000 mrem/yr skin dose rate at the exclusion area boundary is determined by using:

Skin

$$C_{det2} = \frac{(CP)(P_2) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (3000 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm})(X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( L_i + 1.1M_i, \frac{\text{mrem/yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-9)$$

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.6.3 **CONTAINMENT PURGE** - 2RT-7828, 3RT-7828, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1  
(Continued)

$$C_{det3} = \frac{(CP)(P_3) \left( 2120 \frac{\text{cfm}}{\text{m}^3/\text{sec}} \right) (3000 \text{ mrem/yr}) (10^{-6} \text{ m}^3/\text{cc})}{(\text{flowrate, cfm}) (X/Q, \text{sec}/\text{m}^3) \left[ \sum_i \left( L_i + 1.1M_i, \frac{\text{mrem}/\text{yr}}{\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3} \right) \left( \frac{C_i}{C_{tot}} \right) \right]} \quad (2-10)$$

where:

- $C_{det2}$  = instantaneous concentration of the Unit 2 detector,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ .
- $C_{det3}$  = instantaneous concentration of the Unit 3 detector,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ .
- CP = administrative value used to account for potential activity from other gaseous release pathways, typically 0.38.

$P_2$  and  $P_3$  are administrative values used to account for simultaneous purges of both SONGS 2 and SONGS 3. The fractions  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  will be assigned such that  $P_2 + P_3 \leq 1.0$ .

- Flow rate = observed maximum flowrate in cfm from the unit specific monitor 7828.  
Default values will be the following conservative measured flows:
  - = 50,000 cfm main purge [2(3)RT-7828 only].
  - = 3,000 cfm mini-purge.
 (The above values replace the smaller design flowrates.)

Other parameters are as specified in 2.6.1 above. The smaller of the values of maximum permissible  $C_{det2}$  from equation (2-7) or (2-9) and  $C_{det3}$  from equations (2-8) or (2-10) is to be used in determining the maximum permissible monitor alarm setpoints.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.3 CONTAINMENT PURGE - 2RT-7828, 3RT-7828, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1 (Continued)

#### 2.6.3.1 Maximum Permissible Alarm Setting for 2(3)RT-7865-1

The maximum permissible alarm setting for the Wide Range Gas Monitor expressed as a maximum release rate ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ ) is determined by converting the concentration at the detector,  $C_{\text{det}}$  ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ ), to an equivalent release rate in  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ .

$$A_{\text{max}} = (C_{\text{det}}, \mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}) (\text{flow rate, cc}/\text{sec}) \quad (2-6)$$

where:

$A_{\text{max}}$  = maximum permissible release rate,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$

$C_{\text{det}}$  = smaller value of  $C_{\text{det}}$ , as obtained from equation (2-7, 2-9) for Unit 2 or (2-8, 2-10) for Unit 3.

flow rate = flow rate, cc/sec  
= 1.416E6 cc/sec for mini-purge.

#### 2.6.3.2 Maximum Permissible Alarm Setting (RT-7828)

The maximum permissible alarm setting for RT-7828 is in  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$  and is the smaller of the values of  $C_{\text{det}}$  ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ ) from equations (2-7) and (2-9) for Unit 2 or equations (2-8) and (2-10) for Unit 3.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.4 WASTE GAS HEADER - 3RT-7865-1, 2/3RT-7808

For the purpose of Specification 2.1.1, the alarm setpoint level for noble gas monitors is based on the gaseous effluent flow rate and the meteorological dispersion factor. Since the waste gas header discharges to the plant vent stack, either 3RT-7865-1 or 2/3RT-7808 may be used to monitor waste gas header releases.

The concentration at the detector corresponding to a total body dose rate of 500 mrem/yr or a skin dose rate of 3000 mrem/yr at the exclusion area boundary is determined by using equations (2-1) or (2-2) with sample concentration ( $C_i$ ) and ( $C_{tot}$ ) being obtained from the waste gas decay tank to be released.

#### 2.6.4.1 Maximum Permissible Alarm Setpoint for 3RT-7865-1 and 2/3RT-7808

The smaller of the values of  $C_{det}$  from equations (2-1) and (2-2) shall be used to determine the maximum permissible monitor alarm setpoint.

The maximum release rate ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ ) for Plant Vent Stack Monitors is determined by converting the concentration at the detector,  $C_{det}$  ( $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$ ) to an equivalent release rate in  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ , as follows:

$$A_{\max} = \frac{(C_{\text{det}}, \mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc})(\text{flow rate, cfm})(28320)}{(S)(60)} \quad (2-3)$$

where:

$A_{\max}$  = maximum permissible release rate,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$

$C_{\text{det}}$  = smaller of the values of  $C_{\text{det}}$  determined in equations (2-1) and (2-2)

flow rate = plant vent stack flow rate (cfm) used in equations (2-1) and (2-2)

28320 = conversion from  $\text{ft}^3$  to cc

60 = conversion from minutes to seconds

S = correction factor for 3RT-7865-1 viewing only half the total plant vent stack flow, typically 2 for 3RT-7865-1 and 1 for 2/3RT-7808.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.6.4 WASTE GAS HEADER - 3RT-7865-1, 2/3RT-7808 (Continued)

2.6.4.2 A release from the waste gas header is not possible if:

$$\left(\sum_i C_i\right)\left(\frac{f}{F}\right) > C_{det} \quad (2-11)$$

where:

- $\Sigma_i C_i$  = total gamma activity ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ ) of the waste gas holdup tank to be released, as determined from the pre-release sample analysis
- $f$  = waste gas header effluent flow rate, cfm
- $F$  = plant vent stack flowrate (cfm) used in equations (2-1) and (2-2)
- $C_{det}$  = smaller of the values of  $C_{det}$  determined in equations (2-1) and (2-2) with  $C_i$  being obtained from the waste gas holdup tank to be released

If a release is not possible, adjust the waste gas header flow by determining the maximum permissible waste gas header effluent flow rate corresponding to the Plant Vent Stack Monitor setpoint in accordance with the following:

$$f < \frac{(WG)(C_{det})(F)}{\sum_i C_i} \quad (2-12)$$

where:

- $f$  = waste gas header effluent flow rate (cfm)
- $F$  = plant vent stack flow rate (cfm) used in equation (2-1) or (2-2)
- $C_{det}$  = smaller of the value of  $C_{det}$  from equation (2-1) or (2-2)
- $\Sigma_i C_i$  = total gamma activity ( $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$ ) of the waste gas holdup tank to be released, as determined from the pre-release sample analysis.
- $WG$  = an administrative value to account for the potential activity from other releases in the same release pathway, typically 0.9.



**Table 2-3**

**Gaseous Effluent Radiation Monitor Calibration Constants<sup>(a)</sup>**  
( $\mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm}$ )

MONITOR	Kr-85	Xe-133
2RT-7818A	4.27E-8	6.86E-8
3RT-7818A	3.73E-8	5.12E-8

- (a) This table provides typical ( $\pm 20\%$ ) calibration constants for the gaseous effluent radiation monitors.

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.7 **Gaseous Effluent Dose Rate**

The methodology used for the purpose of implementation of Specification 2.1.1 for the dose rate above background to an individual in an unrestricted area is calculated by using the following expressions:

2.7.1 **FOR NOBLE GASES:**

$$\dot{D}_{TB} = \sum_i \left[ K_i \overline{(X/Q)} \dot{Q}_i \right] \quad (2-13)$$

$$\dot{D}_S = \sum_i \left[ (L_i + 1.1M_i) \overline{(X/Q)} \dot{Q}_i \right] \quad (2-14)$$

where:

$\dot{D}_{TB}$  = total body dose rate in unrestricted areas due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents, mrem/yr

$\dot{D}_S$  = skin dose rate in unrestricted areas due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents, mrem/yr

$K_i$  = the total body dose factor due to gamma emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i, in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$L_i$  = skin dose factor due to the beta emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i, in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$M_i$  = air dose factor due to gamma emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i, in mrad/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$  (conversion constant of 1.1 mrem/mrad converts air dose to skin dose.)

$\dot{Q}_i$  = measured or calculated release rate of radionuclide, i, for either continuous or batch gaseous effluents, in  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$

$\overline{(X/Q)}$  = Maximum annual average atmospheric dispersion factor for any landward sector or distance at or beyond the unrestricted area boundary.

=  $4.8\text{E}-6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for Units 2 and 3

=  $8.0\text{E}-5 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for South Yard Facility

2.0 **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS** (Continued)

2.7.2 **FOR ALL RADIOIODINES, TRITIUM AND FOR ALL RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN PARTICULATE FORM WITH HALF LIVES GREATER THAN EIGHT DAYS:**

$$\dot{D}_O = \sum_i \left[ \sum_k (P_{ik} \bar{W}_k) \dot{Q}_i \right] \quad (2-15)$$

where:

- $\dot{D}_O$  = organ dose rate in unrestricted areas due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents, mrem/yr
- $\dot{Q}_i$  = measured or calculated release rate of radionuclide, i, for either continuous or batch gaseous effluents,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$
- $P_{ik}$  = dose parameter for radionuclide, i, for pathway, k, from Table 2-5 for the inhalation pathway in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ . The dose factors are based on the critical individual organ and the child age group.
- $\bar{W}_k$  = highest calculated annual average dispersion  $\left(\frac{X/Q}{\right}$  or deposition  $\left(\frac{D/Q}{\right}$  factor for estimating the dose to an individual at or beyond the unrestricted area boundary for pathway k.
- =  $\left(\frac{X/Q}{\right}$ ,  $4.8\text{E-}6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for Units 2/3 for the inhalation pathway. The location is the unrestricted area in the NW sector.
- =  $\left(\frac{X/Q}{\right}$ ,  $8.0\text{E-}5 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for South Yard Facility for the inhalation pathway. The location is the unrestricted area in the E sector.
- =  $\left(\frac{X/Q}{\right}$ ,  $1.3\text{E-}5 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for the NIA (Unit 1) for the inhalation pathway. The location is the unrestricted area in the NW sector. (Historical value)
- =  $\left(\frac{D/Q}{\right}$ ,  $4.3\text{E-}8 \text{ m}^2$  for Units 2/3 for the food and ground plane pathways. The location is the unrestricted area in the E sector.
- =  $\left(\frac{D/Q}{\right}$ ,  $8.0\text{E-}7 \text{ m}^2$  for South Yard Facility for the food and ground plane pathways. The location is the unrestricted area in the E sector.
- =  $\left(\frac{D/Q}{\right}$ ,  $7.2\text{E-}8 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for NIA (Unit 1) for the food and ground pathways. The location is the unrestricted area in the NW sector. (Historical value)

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.8 Gaseous Effluent Dose Calculation

#### 2.8.1 DOSE FROM NOBLE GASES IN GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

The gaseous releases considered in the following dose calculations are described in Section 2.6. The air dose in unrestricted areas due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents is calculated using the following expressions:

##### 2.8.1.1 For historical meteorology:

$$D_{\gamma} = 3.17 \times 10^{-8} \sum_i M_i \left[ \left( \overline{x/Q} \right) Q_i \right] \quad (2-16)$$

$$D_{\beta} = 3.17 \times 10^{-8} \sum_i N_i \left[ \left( \overline{x/Q} \right) Q_i \right] \quad (2-17)$$

where:

$D_{\gamma}$  = total gamma air dose from gaseous effluents, mrad

$D_{\beta}$  = total beta air dose from gaseous effluents, mrad

$3.17 \times 10^{-8}$  = inverse seconds per year

$M_i$  = air dose factor due to gamma emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i, in mrad/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$N_i$  = air dose due to beta emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i, in mrad/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$\left( \overline{x/Q} \right)$  = Maximum annual average atmospheric dispersion factor for any landward sector or distance at or beyond the unrestricted area boundary.

=  $4.8\text{E-}6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for Units 2 and 3

=  $8.0\text{E-}5 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3$  for South Yard Facility

$Q_i$  = amount of noble gas radionuclide, i, released in gaseous effluents,  $\mu\text{Ci}$ .

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.8.1.2 For meteorology concurrent with release:

NOTE: Consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and the following equations, quality affecting computer software is used to perform the actual calculations.

$$D_{\gamma\theta} = 1.14 \times 10^{-4} \sum_i M_i \left[ \sum_j \left( \Delta t_j (X/Q)_{j\theta} \dot{Q}_{ij} \right) \right] \quad (2-18)$$

$$D_{\beta\theta} = 1.14 \times 10^{-4} \sum_i N_i \left[ \sum_j \left( \Delta t_j (X/Q)_{j\theta} \dot{Q}_{ij} \right) \right] \quad (2-19)$$

where:

$D_{\gamma\theta}$  = total gamma air dose from gaseous effluents in sector  $\theta$ , mrad

$D_{\beta\theta}$  = total beta air dose from gaseous effluents in sector  $\theta$ , mrad

$1.14 \times 10^{-4}$  = inverse hours/year

$M_i$  = air dose factor due to gamma emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide,  $i$ , in mrad/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$N_i$  = air dose factor due to beta emissions from Table 2-4 for each identified noble gas radionuclide,  $i$ , in mrad/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$

$\Delta t_j$  = length of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  time period over which  $(X/Q)_{j\theta}$  and  $\dot{Q}_{ij}$  are averaged for gaseous releases in hours

$(X/Q)_{j\theta}$  = atmospheric dispersion factor for time period  $\Delta t_j$  at exclusion boundary location in landward sector  $\theta$  determined by concurrent meteorology,  $\text{sec}/\text{m}^3$

$\dot{Q}_{ij}$  = average release rate of radionuclide,  $i$ , in gaseous effluents during time period,  $\Delta t_j$ ,  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.8.2 DOSE FROM TRITIUM, RADIOIODINES AND RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN PARTICULATE FORM WITH HALF LIVES GREATER THAN 8 DAYS IN GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

The dose to an individual from tritium, radioiodines and radioactive materials in particulate form with half lives greater than eight days in gaseous effluents released to unrestricted areas is calculated using the following expressions:

#### 2.8.2.1 For historical meteorology:

$$D_o = 3.17 \times 10^{-8} \sum_i [\sum_k (R_{ik} W_k) Q_i] \quad (2-20)$$

where:

$D_o$  = total projected dose from gaseous effluents to an individual, mrem

$3.17 \times 10^{-8}$  = year/second

$Q_i$  = amount of each radionuclide, i, (tritium, radioiodine, radioactive material in particulate form with half lives greater than eight days), released in gaseous effluents,  $\mu\text{Ci}$

$\sum_k R_{ik} W_k$  = sum of all pathways, k, for radionuclide, i, of the  $R_i W$  product, in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ . The  $\sum_k R_{ik} W_k$  value for each radionuclide, i, is given in Table 2-6 for Units 2/3, Table 2-7 for South Yard Facility, and Table 2-8 for the North Industrial Area (Unit 1 historical value). The value given is the maximum  $\sum_k R_{ik} W_k$  for all locations and is based on the most restrictive age groups.

$R_{ik}$  = dose factor for each identified radionuclide, i, for pathway k, (for the inhalation pathway in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$  and for the food and ground plane pathways in  $\text{m}^2$ -mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ ), at the controlling location. The  $R_{ik}$ 's for each controlling location for each age group are given in Appendix A. Data in these tables are derived using the NRC code, PARTS. (See the annual update of revised  $R_i$  parameters based on changes in the Land Use Census provided by Corporate Health Physics and Environmental.)

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS (Continued)

### 2.8.2.1 For historical meteorology: (Continued)

- $W_k$  = annual average dispersion  $(\overline{X/Q})$  or deposition  $(\overline{D/Q})$  factor for estimating the dose to an individual at the controlling location for pathway k.  
 =  $(\overline{X/Q})$  for the inhalation pathway in sec/m<sup>3</sup>. The  $(\overline{X/Q})$  for each controlling location is given in Appendix A.  
 =  $(\overline{D/Q})$  for the food and ground plane pathways in m<sup>2</sup>. The  $(\overline{D/Q})$  for each controlling location is given in Appendix A.

### 2.8.2.2 For meteorology concurrent with releases:

NOTE: Consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and the following equations, quality affecting computer software is used to perform the actual calculations.

$$D_{\theta} = 1.14 \times 10^{-4} \sum_i^l \sum_j^m \sum_k^n \left[ (\Delta t_j) (R_{ik\theta}) (W_{jk\theta}) (\dot{Q}_{ij}) \right] \quad (2-21)$$

where:

- $D_{\theta}$  = total annual dose from gaseous effluents to an individual in sector  $\theta$ , mrem.  
 $\Delta t_j$  = length of the j<sup>th</sup> period over which  $W_{jk\theta}$  and  $\dot{Q}_{ij}$  are averaged for gaseous released, hours  
 $\dot{Q}_{ij}$  = average release rate of radionuclide, i, in gaseous effluents during time period  $\Delta t_j$ ,  $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$   
 $R_{ik\theta}$  = dose factor for each identified radionuclide i, for pathway k for sector  $\theta$  (for the inhalation pathway in mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci/m}^3$  and for the food and ground plane pathways in m<sup>2</sup> mrem/yr per  $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$ ) at the controlling location. A listing of  $R_{ik}$  for the controlling locations in each landward sector for each group is given in Appendix A. The  $\theta$  is determined by the concurrent meteorology.  
 $W_{jk\theta}$  = dispersion  $(\overline{X/Q})$  or deposition  $(\overline{D/Q})$  factor for the time period  $\Delta t_j$  for each pathway k for calculating the dose to an individual at the controlling location in sector  $\theta$  using concurrent meteorological conditions.  
 =  $(\overline{X/Q})$  for the inhalation pathway, sec/m<sup>3</sup>  
 =  $(\overline{D/Q})$  for the food and ground plane pathways, m<sup>2</sup>

**TABLE 2-4**

**DOSE FACTORS FOR NOBLE GASES AND DAUGHTERS\*\***

Radio-Nuclide	Total Body Dose Factor $K_i$ (mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )	Skin Dose Factor $L_i$ (mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )	Gamma Air Dose Factor $M_i$ (mrad/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )	Beta Air Dose Factor $N_i$ (mrad/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )
Kr-85m	1.17E+3	1.46E+3	1.23E+3	1.97E+3
Kr-85	1.61E+1	1.34E+3	1.72E+1	1.95E+3
Kr-87	5.92E+3	9.73E+3	6.17E+3	1.03E+4
Kr-88	1.47E+4	2.37E+3	1.52E+4	2.93E+3
Xe-131m	9.15E+1	4.76E+2	1.56E+2	1.11E+3
Xe-133m	2.51E+2	9.94E+2	3.27E+2	1.48E+3
Xe-133	2.94E+2	3.06E+2	3.53E+2	1.05E+3
Xe-135m	3.12E+3	7.11E+2	3.36E+3	7.39E+2
Xe-135	1.81E+3	1.86E+3	1.92E+3	2.46E+3
Xe-138	8.83E+3	4.13E+3	9.21E+3	4.75E+3
Ar-41	8.84E+3	2.69E+3	9.30E+3	3.28E+3

\*\*Source: USNRC Reg. Guide 1.109, Table B-1



**TABLE 2-5**

**DOSE PARAMETER  $P_{ik}$ \***

**CHILD AGE GROUP  
CRITICAL ORGAN**

Radionuclide	Inhalation Pathway (mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )	Radionuclide	Inhalation Pathway (mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{m}^3$ )
H - 3	1.1E+3	I -131	1.6E+7
Cr-51	1.7E+4	I -132	1.9E+5
Mn-54	1.6E+6	I -133	3.8E+6
Co-57	5.1E+5	I -134	5.1E+4
Co-58	1.1E+6	I -135	7.9E+5
Co-60	7.1E+6	Cs-134	1.0E+6
Sr-89	2.2E+6	Cs-136	1.7E+5
Sr-90	1.0E+8	Cs-137	9.1E+5
Zr-95	2.2E+6	Ba-140	1.7E+6
Nb-95	6.1E+5	Ce-141	5.4E+5
Ru-103	6.6E+5	Ce-144	1.2E+7
Te-129m	1.8E+6		

\*Source: USNRC NUREG-0133, Section 5.2.1.1

TABLE 2-6

UNITS 2&3 CONTROLLING LOCATION FACTORS<sup>1</sup>

Radionuclide	$\Sigma_k R_{ik} W_k$ mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$	Use:
H -3	1.29E-3	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Cr-51	3.74E-2	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Mn-54	8.39E+0	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Co-57	1.73E+0	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Co-58	2.82E+0	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Co-60	1.16E+2	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Sr-89	1.92E+1	Q: SC Res with Garden #2
Sr-90	7.58E+2	Q: SC Res with Garden #2
Zr-95	3.03E+0	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Nb-95	9.03E+0	E: Deer Consumer/Hunter
Ru-103	1.43E+1	E: Deer Consumer/Hunter
Te-129m	6.49E+0	E: Deer Consumer/Hunter
Cs-134	3.41E+1	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Cs-136	7.62E-1	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Cs-137	5.01E+1	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd
Ba-140	1.45E+0	Q: San Onofre III Housing
Ce-141	4.67E-1	Q: San Onofre III Housing
Ce-144	9.20E+0	Q: San Onofre III Housing
I -131	2.83E+1	Q: SC Res with Garden #2
I -132	1.35E-1	Q: San Onofre III Housing
I -133	2.63E+0	Q: San Onofre III Housing
I -134	3.67E-2	Q: San Onofre III Housing
I -135	5.53E-1	Q: San Onofre III Housing
UN-ID	4.60E+0	Q:SORB Resdnt/Cmpgrnd

<sup>1</sup> These values to be used in manual calculations are the maximum  $\Sigma_k R_{ik} W_k$  for all locations based on the most restrictive age group.

TABLE 2-7

SOUTH YARD FACILITY CONTROLLING LOCATION FACTORS<sup>1</sup>

Radionuclide	$\Sigma_k R_{ik} W_k$ mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$	Use:
H-3	1.43E-3	R: Camp Mesa
Cr-51	5.65E-2	R: Camp Mesa
Mn-54	1.21E+1	R: Camp Mesa
Co-57	2.45E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Co-58	4.13E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Co-60	1.66E+2	R: Camp Mesa
Sr-89	8.59E+0	P: Cotton Point Gardens
Sr-90	3.37E+2	P: Cotton Point Gardens
Zr-95	4.74E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Nb-95	1.82E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Ru-103	1.64E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Te-129m	2.34E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Cs-134	4.84E+1	R: Camp Mesa
Cs-136	1.08E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Cs-137	7.11E+1	R: Camp Mesa
Ba-140	2.35E+0	R: Camp Mesa
Ce-141	7.70E-1	R: Camp Mesa
Ce-144	1.48E+1	R: Camp Mesa
I-131	1.77E+1	R: Camp Mesa
I-132	2.18E-1	R: Camp Mesa
I-133	4.20E+0	R: Camp Mesa
I-134	5.93E-2	R: Camp Mesa
I-135	8.87E-1	R: Camp Mesa
UN-ID	6.65E+0	R: Camp Mesa

<sup>1</sup> These values to be used in manual calculations are the maximum  $\Sigma_k R_{ik} W_k$  for all locations based on the most restrictive age group.

TABLE 2-8

NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1) CONTROLLING LOCATION FACTORS<sup>1</sup>

Radionuclide	$\sum_k R_{ik} W_k$ mrem/yr per $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$	Use:
H -3	5.46E-3	A: Camp Mesa
Cr-51	2.42E-1	B: Camp Mesa
Mn-54	5.54E+1	B: Camp Mesa
Co-57	1.17E+1	B: Camp Mesa
Co-58	1.80E+1	B: Camp Mesa
Co-60	7.82E+2	B: Camp Mesa
Sr-89	1.82E+1	Q: SC Res. With Garden
Sr-90	7.16E+2	Q: SC Res. With Garden
Zr-95	1.93E+1	A: Camp Mesa
Nb-95	7.68E+0	B: Camp Mesa
Ru-103	6.80E+0	A: Camp Mesa
Te-129m	9.04E+0	A: Camp Mesa
Cs-134	2.32E+2	B: Camp Mesa
Cs-136	5.17E+0	B: Camp Mesa
Cs-137	3.40E+2	B: Camp Mesa
Ba-140	9.07E+0	A: Camp Mesa
Ce-141	3.01E+0	A: Camp Mesa
Ce-144	5.68E+1	A: Camp Mesa
I -131	6.77E+1	A: Camp Mesa
I -132	8.36E-1	A: Camp Mesa
I -133	1.60E+1	A: Camp Mesa
I -134	2.29E-1	A: Camp Mesa
I -135	3.40E+0	A: Camp Mesa
UN-ID	3.02E+1	B: Camp Mesa

<sup>1</sup> These values to be used in manual calculations are the maximum  $\sum_k R_{ik} W_k$  for all locations based on the most restrictive age group.

### 3.0 **PROJECTED DOSES**

#### 3.1 **Liquid Dose Projection**

The methodology used for projecting a liquid dose over 31 days for Specification 1.3.1 is as follows:

- .1 Determine the monthly total body and organ doses resulting from releases during the previous twelve months.
- .2 Projected dose = Previous 12 months' dose divided by 12 for the total body and each organ.

#### 3.2 **Gaseous Dose Projection**

The methodology used for projecting a gaseous dose over 31 days for Specification 2.4.1 is as follows:

- .1 Determine the monthly gamma, beta and organ dose resulting from releases during the previous twelve months.
- .2 Projected dose = Previous 12 months' dose divided by 12 for the gamma, beta and organ doses.

### 3.0 PROJECTED DOSES (Continued)

#### 3.3 TOTAL DOSE

##### SPECIFICATION

- 3.3.1 The dose or dose commitment to any member of the public, due to releases of radioactivity and radiation, from uranium fuel cycle sources shall be limited to less than or equal to 25 mrem to the total body or any organ (except the thyroid, which shall be limited to less than or equal to 75 mrem) over 12 consecutive months.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

##### ACTION:

- b. With the calculated doses from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceeding twice the limits of Specifications 1.2.1.a, 1.2.1.b, 2.2.1.a, 2.2.1.b, 2.3.1.a, or 2.3.1.b in lieu of any other report required by Specification 6.9.1, prepare and submit a Special Report to the Director, Nuclear Reactor Regulation, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. 20555, within 30 days, which defines the corrective action to be taken to reduce subsequent releases to prevent recurrence of exceeding the limits of Specification 3.3.1. This Special Report shall include an analysis which estimates the radiation exposure (dose) to a member of the public from uranium fuel cycle sources (including all effluent pathways and direct radiation) for a 12 consecutive month period that includes the release(s) covered by this report. If the estimated dose(s) exceeds the limits of Specification 3.3.1, and if the release condition resulting in violation of 40 CFR 190 has not already been corrected, the Special Report shall include a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 190 and including the specified information of paragraph 190.11(b). Submittal of the report is considered a timely request, and a variance is granted until staff action on the request is complete. The variance only relates to the limits of 40 CFR 190, and does not apply in any way to the requirements for dose limitation of 10 CFR Part 20, as addressed elsewhere in this ODCM.

##### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Dose Calculations Cumulative dose contributions from liquid and gaseous effluents shall be determined in accordance with surveillance 1.2.1.1, 2.2.1.1, and 2.3.1.1.

### 3.0 PROJECTED DOSES (Continued)

#### 3.4 TOTAL DOSE CALCULATIONS

##### 3.4.1 **Total Dose to Most Likely Member of the Public**

The total annual dose or total dose commitment to any member of the public, due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation, from uranium fuel cycle sources within 5 miles of the Site is calculated using the following expressions. This methodology is used to meet the dose limitations of 40 CFR 190 per twelve consecutive months. The transportation of radioactive material is excluded from the dose calculations.

The Annual Total Dose is determined monthly for maximum organ (gas & liquid), whole body (gas & liquid) and thyroid (gas & liquid) to verify that the Site total is less than or equal to 25 mrem, 25 mrem, and 75 mrem respectively.

##### .1 Annual Total Organ Dose ( $D_{TOT}(O)$ )

$$D_{TOT}(O) = \sum_{l=1}^{12} \sum_{j=1}^{2/3} [D_{jl}(OG) + D_{jl}(OL) + D_{jl}^{H-3}(OG)^*] \quad (3-1)$$

where:

\*NOTE:  $D_{jl}^{H-3}(OG) = 0$  for bone

\*\*All to be summed over the most recent 12 months.

$$D_{jl}(OG) = K \sum_{i=1}^n C_i \sum_k R_{ik} W_k \quad (3-2)$$

i = each isotope in specific organ category

j = NIA, Unit 2 and Unit 3

l = months 1 - 12\*\*

$$K = 3.168E^{-2} \frac{\text{year} - \mu\text{Ci}}{\text{sec} - \text{Ci}}$$

3.0 **PROJECTED DOSES** (Continued)

3.4 **TOTAL DOSE CALCULATIONS** (Continued)

3.4.1 **Total Dose to Most Likely Member of the Public** (Continued)

- n = number of isotopes in the specified organ category
- C<sub>i</sub> = total particulate gas curies released for the month
- Σ<sub>k</sub>r<sub>ik</sub>W<sub>k</sub> = SONGS controlling location factors (Tables 2-6, 2-7 or 2-8).
- D<sub>jl</sub>(OL) = liquid organ dose for the specified organ in mrem for the month. [equation (1-16)]
- D<sub>jl</sub><sup>H-3</sup> (OG)\* = gas organ dose from tritium in mrem for the month. [equation (2-15)]

.2 **Annual Total Whole Body Dose D<sub>TOT</sub>(WB)**

$$D_{TOT} (WB) = \sum_{l=1}^{12} \sum_{j=1}^{2/3} [D_{jl} (WBL) + D_{jl}^{H-3} (OG) + 0.9 D_{jl} (\gamma)] + D(U1) + D(DIRECT) \quad (3-3)$$

where:

- j = NIA, Unit 2 and Unit 3
- l = months 1 - 12, to be summed over the most recent 12 months
- D<sub>jl</sub>(WBL) = liquid whole body organ dose in mrem for the whole month. [equation (1-16)]
- D<sub>jl</sub><sup>H-3</sup> (OG) = gas organ dose from tritium in mrem for the month. [equation (2-15)]
- D<sub>jl</sub>(γ) = gamma air dose in mrad for the month. 0.9 converts mrad to mrem. [equation (2-16)]
- D(U1) = 0.494 mrem/yr, Total Effective Dose Equivalent from the offshore portion of the Unit 1 Circulating Water System.

Reference: Safety Evaluation related to Amendment No. 165 to Facility Operating License No. DPR-13, SCE, SONGS Unit 1



3.0 **PROJECTED DOSES** (Continued)

3.4 TOTAL DOSE CALCULATIONS (Continued)

3.4.1 Annual Total Whole Body Dose  $D_{TOT}(WB)$  (Continued)

$$D(\text{DIRECT}) = \sum_{q=1}^4 \left[ \max [ D(\text{beach})_i ] - \frac{\sum_{p=1}^n D(\text{bkgd})_i}{n} \right] 0.0342 \quad (3-4)$$

p = for all TLDs per quarter  
 q = for Quarters 1-4

\*Direct Radiation

The direct radiation levels are evaluated most recently using thulium doped TLDs. The TLDs are placed at a minimum of 30 locations around the site. The average dose measured by TLDs 5 to 50 miles from the site is used as background. These sites are subject to change.

The background is subtracted from the highest reading TLD within 5 miles of the site (generally numbers 55 through 58). This value is the direct dose but must be prorated by the occupancy factor.

Example: Beach time (west boundary, seawall) of 300 hrs/yr, east and north boundaries of 20 hrs/yr, or 8 hrs/yr for the south boundary and west fence of parking lot 1 (top of bluff).

Reference: E. M. Goldin Memorandum for File, "Occupancy Factors at San Onofre Owner Controlled Area Boundaries," dated October 1, 1991.

3. Annual Total Thyroid Dose  $D_{TOT}(T)$

$$D_{TOT}(T) = \sum_{l=1}^{12} \sum_{j=1}^{2/3} [ D_{jl}(\text{OG}) + D_{jl}(\text{OL}) ] \quad (3-5)$$

where:

j = NIA, Unit 2 and Unit 3  
 l = months 1 - 12, to be summed over the most recent 12 months  
 $D_{jl}(\text{OG})$  = thyroid organ dose from gaseous iodine for the month in mrem. [equation (2-20)]  
 $D_{jl}(\text{OL})$  = liquid thyroid organ dose for the month in mrem. [equation (1-16)]

## 4.0 EQUIPMENT

### 4.1 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SPECIFICATION

- 4.1.1 The radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 4-1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of Specification 1.1.1 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined in accordance with Section 1.4.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above specification, immediately suspend the release of radioactive liquid effluents monitored by the affected channel or declare the channel inoperable.
- b. With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 4-1. Exert best efforts to return the instrument to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, additionally, if the inoperable instrument(s) remain inoperable for greater than 30 days, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.
- c. With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE and either the appropriate ACTION items in Table 4-1 not taken or the necessary surveillances not performed at the specified frequency prescribed in Table 4-2, perform an evaluation based on the significance of the event in accordance with the site Corrective Action Program.

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Each radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 4-2.
- .2 At least once per 12 hours and within 1 hour after a change in pump operation that affects dilution flow has been completed, all pumps required to be providing dilution to meet the site radioactive effluent concentration limits of Specification 1.1.1 shall be determined to be operating and providing dilution to the discharge structure.

TABLE 4-1

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT*</u>	<u>MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
1. GROSS RADIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM AND AUTOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE		
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line - 2/3RT-7813	1	28
b. Steam Generator Blowdown Processing System (Neutralization Sump) Full Flow Condensate Polisher Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-7817	1	29
c. Turbine Plant Sumps, Auxiliary Building Sump, Component Cooling Water Sumps, Storage Tank Area Sumps Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-7821	1	30
d. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-6759	1	29
e. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-6753	1	29
f. NIA Yard Drain Sump - RT-2101	1	44
2. PROCESS FLOW RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES		
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line	1	31
b. Steam Generator Blowdown Processing System (Neutralization Sump), Full Flow Condensate Polisher Effluent Line	1	31
c. Turbine Plant Sumps, Auxiliary Building Sump, Component Cooling Water Sumps, Storage Tank Area Sumps Effluent Line	1	31
d. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line	1	31
e. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line	1	31
f. NIA Yard Drain Sump Effluent Line	1	31

TABLE 4-1 (Continued)

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT*</u>	<u>MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
3. DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM (CONTROL ROOM ALARM ANNUNCIATION)	1	32
4. UNIT 2 PLANT COMPUTER SYSTEM (CONTROL ROOM ALARM ANNUNCIATION)	1	32
5. CONTINUOUS COMPOSITE SAMPLERS		
a. Turbine Plant Sump, Auxiliary Building Sumps - 2(3) APC 5887	1	33
b. Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump - 2(3) APC 3772	1	33
c. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown to Bypass, Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown - 2(3) APC 4077	1	33
d. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown to Bypass, Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown - 2(3) APC 4076	1	33

TABLE 4-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- \* Monitor Recorders are not required for the Operability of the monitor, providing the inoperable recorder does not cause the monitor to become inoperable (i.e., feedback signal). As long as the monitor has indication, alarm capability (if applicable), proper response (based on surveillance requirements) and isolation function (if applicable), the loss of the recorder does not render the monitor inoperable.

ACTION 28 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirements, effluent releases may continue provided that prior to initiating a release:

- a. At least two independent samples are analyzed in accordance with Specification 1.1.1 and
- b. At least two technically qualified members of the Facility Staff independently verify the release rate calculation and discharge line valving;

Otherwise, suspend release of radioactive effluents via this pathway.

ACTION 29 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided grab samples are analyzed for gross radioactivity (beta or gamma) at a limit of detection of at least  $10^{-7}$  microcuries/gram:

- a. At least once per 8 hours when the specific activity of the secondary coolant is greater than 0.01 microcuries/gram DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131;
- b. At least once per 24 hours when the specific activity of the secondary coolant is less than or equal to 0.01 microcuries/gram DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131; or
- c. Lock closed valve S2(3)1318MU577 and divert flow to T-064 for processing as liquid radwaste.

ACTION 30 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that at least once per 12 hours, grab samples are collected and analyzed within 4 hours of collection time for gross radioactivity (beta or gamma) at a limit of detection of at least  $10^{-7}$  microcuries/ml or lock closed valve S2(3)2419MU077 or S2(3)2419MU078 and divert flow to the radwaste sump for processing as liquid radwaste.

TABLE 4-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- ACTION 31 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the process flow rate is estimated at least once per 12 hours during actual releases. In addition, a new flow estimate shall be made within 1 hour after a change that affects process flow has been completed. Pump curves may be used to estimate process flow.
- Loss of process flow instrument(s) results in the associated gross activity monitor becoming INOPERABLE. Perform the compensatory action for the inoperable gross activity monitor in addition to this compensatory action. [2(3)RT-7817, 2(3)RT-7821, 2/3RT-7813]
- ACTION 32 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the monitor is verified OPERABLE by performing a channel check at least once per 4 hours during actual releases.
- ACTION 33 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided grab samples are collected daily, and composited and analyzed weekly:
- a. at least once per 24 hours, not to exceed 30 hours
  - b. at least once per 12 hours for steam generator when the specific activity of the secondary coolant is greater than 0.01 microcuries/gram DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131.
- ACTION 44 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that, at least once per 12 hours, grab samples are collected and analyzed within 4 hours of collection time for gross radioactivity (beta or gamma) at a lower limit of detection of at least  $10^{-7}$  microcurie/ml).

TABLE 4-2

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT**</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>SOURCE CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNELS CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>
1. GROSS BETA OR GAMMA RADIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM AND AUTOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE				
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluents Line - 2/3RT-7813	D	P	R(2)	Q(1)
b. Steam Generator Blowdown Processing System (Neutralization Sump), Full Flow Condensate Polisher Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-7817	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)
c. Turbine Plant Sump, Auxiliary Building Sump, Component Cooling Water Sumps, Storage Tank Area Sumps Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-7821	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)
d. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-6759	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)
e. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line - 2(3)RT-6753	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)
f. NIA Yard Drain Sump Effluent Line - RT-2101	D	M	R(2)	Q(1)
2. PROCESS FLOW RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES				
a. Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q
b. Steam Generator Blowdown Processing System (Neutralization Sump), Full Flow Condensate Polisher Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q
c. Turbine Plant Sump, Auxiliary Building Sump, Component Cooling Water Sumps, Storage Tank Area Sumps Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q
d. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q
e. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown Bypass Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q
f. NIA Yard Drain Sump Effluent Line	D(3)	N/A	R	Q

TABLE 4-2 (Continued)

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT**</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>SOURCE CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNELS CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>
3. DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM (CONTROL ROOM ALARM ANNUNCIATION)	D	N/A	N/A(4)	Q
4. UNIT 2 PLANT COMPUTER SYSTEM (CONTROL ROOM ANNUNCIATION)	D	N/A	N/A	Q
5. CONTINUOUS COMPOSITE SAMPLERS				
a. Turbine Plant Sump, Auxiliary building Sumps - 2(3) APC 5887	D(5)	N/A	R	Q
b. Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump - 2(3) APC 3772	D(5)	N/A	R	Q
c. Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown to Bypass, Steam Generator (E088) Blowdown - 2(3) APC 4077	D(5)	N/A	R	Q
d. Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown to Bypass, Steam Generator (E089) Blowdown - 2(3) APC 4076	D(5)	N/A	R	Q



TABLE 4-2 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

\*\* Monitor Recorders are not required for the Operability of the monitor, providing the inoperable recorder does not cause the monitor to become inoperable (i.e., feedback signal). As long as the monitor has indication, alarm capability (if applicable), proper response (based on surveillance requirements) and isolation function (if applicable), the loss of the recorder does not render the monitor inoperable.

(1) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate verification of effluent path isolation actuation signal, automatic pathway isolation<sup>†</sup>, and Control Room alarm annunciation if any of the following conditions exist:

1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm/trip setpoint.
2. Circuit failure.

† Automatic pathway isolation is tested on a once per refueling period.

Down scale failure testing is bounded by administrative limitation on monitor setpoint which ensure monitor alarm and release termination occur prior to reaching the level of monitor saturation.

If the instrument controls are not in the operate mode, procedures shall require that the channel be declared inoperable.

- (2) The initial CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be performed using one or more of the reference standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology or using standards that have been obtained from suppliers that participate in measurement assurance activities with NIST. These standards shall permit calibrating the system over its intended range of energy and measurement range. For subsequent CHANNEL CALIBRATIONS, sources that have been related to the initial calibration shall be used.
- (3) CHANNEL CHECK shall consist of verifying indication of flow during periods of release. CHANNEL CHECK shall be made at least once per 24 hours on days on which continuous, periodic, or batch releases are made.
- (4) The Data Acquisition System (DAS) software and hardware do not require Channel Calibration. The DAS software is quality affecting and controlled by the site Software Modification Request process under procedure SO123-V-4.71, Software Development and Maintenance. The DAS hardware is installed plant equipment and controlled by the site design change process utilizing procedure SO123-XXIX-2.10, Design Change Process or SO123-XXIV-10.1, Field Change Notice (FCN) and Field Interim Design Change Notice (FIDCN).
- (5) CHANNEL CHECK shall consist of verifying compositor switch positions and installed counter setting, and comparing integrator readings to sample volume collected.

#### 4.0 EQUIPMENT (Continued)

##### 4.2 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

###### SPECIFICATION

4.2.1 The radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 4-3 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of Specification 2.1.1 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined in accordance with ODCM.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

###### ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above specification, immediately suspend the release of radioactive gaseous effluents monitored by the affected channel or declare the channel inoperable.
- b. With less than the minimum number of radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 4-3. Exert best efforts to return the instrument to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, additionally, if the inoperable instrument(s) remain inoperable for greater than 30 days, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.
- c. With less than the minimum number of radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE and either the appropriate ACTION items in Table 4-3 not taken or the necessary surveillances not performed at the specified frequency prescribed in Table 4-4, perform an evaluation based on the significance of the event in accordance with the site Corrective Action Program.

###### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 Each radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 4-4.

TABLE 4-3

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT***</u>	<u>MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE</u>	<u>APPLICABILITY</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
1. WASTE GAS HOLDUP SYSTEM			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - Providing Alarm and Automatic Termination of Release - 2/3RT-7808, or 3RT-7865-1	1	*	35
b. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device - 2/3FIT7202	1	*	36a
2. CONDENSER EVACUATION SYSTEM			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - 2(3)RT-7818, or 2(3)RT-7870-1	1	**	37
b. Iodine Sampler	1	**	40
c. Particulate Sampler	1	**	40
d. Associated P&I Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	**	36b
e. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	1(1)	**	36a
3. PLANT VENT STACK			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - 2/3RT-7808, or 2RT-7865-1 <u>and</u> 3RT-7865-1	1(2)	*	37
b. Iodine Sampler	1(2)	*	40
c. Particulate Sampler	1(2)	*	40
d. Associated P&I Sample Flow Measuring Device	1(2)	*	36b
e. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device - 2/3RT-7808, or 2RT-7865-1 <u>and</u> 3RT-7865-1	1	*	36a
4. CONTAINMENT PURGE SYSTEM			
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - Providing Alarm and Automatic Termination of Release - 2(3)RT-7828, or 2(3)RT-7865-1	1	*	38
b. Iodine Sampler	1	*	40
c. Particulate Sampler	1	*	40
d. Associated P&I Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	*	36b
e. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	1	*	36a

TABLE 4-3 (Continued)

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INSTRUMENT***</u>	<u>MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE</u>	<u>APPLICABILITY</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
5. DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM (CONTROL ROOM ALARM ANNUNCIATION)	1	*	42
6. SOUTH YARD FACILITY (SYF) WORK AREA SYFRU-7904			
a. Iodine Sampler	1	*	40
b. Particulate Sampler	1	*	40
c. Associated P&I Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	*	41b
d. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	1	*	41a
7. SOUTH YARD FACILITY (SYF) DECONTAMINATION UNIT SYFRU-7905			
a. Iodine Sampler	1	*	40
b. Particulate Sampler	1	*	40
c. Associated P&I Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	*	41b
d. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	1	*	41a

TABLE 4-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- \* At all times.
  - \*\* MODES 1-4 with any main steam isolation valve and/or any main steam isolating bypass valve not fully closed.
  - \*\*\* Monitor Recorders are not required for the Operability of the monitor, providing the inoperable recorder does not cause the monitor to become inoperable (i.e., feedback signal). As long as the monitor has indication, alarm capability (if applicable), proper response (based on surveillance requirements) and isolation function (if applicable), the loss of the recorder does not render the monitor inoperable.
- (1) 2(3)RT-7818 is not equipped to monitor process flow. If another means of continuously monitoring process flow is not available, then comply with ACTION 36.
  - (2) Due to unequal mixing in the Plant Vent Stack, both 2RT-7865-1 and 3RT-7865-1 are required to be operable when 2/3RT-7808 is inoperable.

ACTION 35 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, the contents of the tank(s) may be released to the environment provided that prior to initiating the release:

- a. At least two independent samples of the tank's contents are analyzed, and
- b. At least two technically qualified members of the Facility Staff independently verify the release rate calculations and discharge valve lineup;

Otherwise, suspend releases of radioactive effluents via this pathway.

TABLE 4-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- ACTION 36 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided:
- a. The process flow rate is estimated at least once per 12 hours during actual releases. In addition, a new flow estimate shall be made within 1 hour after a change that affects process flow has been completed. System design characteristics may be used to estimate process flow.
  - b. The particulate and iodine (P&I) sample flow rate is estimated or verified at least once per 12 hours during actual releases.
- ACTION 37 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided grab samples are taken at least once per 12 hours and these samples are analyzed for gross activity within 24 hours.
- ACTION 38 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, immediately suspend PURGING of radioactive effluents via this pathway.
- ACTION 40 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via the effected pathway may continue provided samples are continuously collected with auxiliary sampling equipment as required in Table 2-1.
- ACTION 41 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided:
- a. The process flow rate is estimated at least once per 12 hours during times of building occupation. System design characteristics may be used to estimate flow.
  - b. The particulate and iodine (P&I) sample flow rate is estimated at least once per 12 hours during times of building occupation.
- ACTION 42 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the monitor is verified operable by performing a channel check at least once per 4 hours during actual releases.

TABLE 4-4

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT***</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>SOURCE CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNELS CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>	<u>MODE FOR WHICH SURVEILLANCE IS REQUIRED</u>
1. WASTE GAS HOLDUP SYSTEM					
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - Providing Alarm and Automatic Termination of Release - 2/3RT-7808, 3RT-7865-1	P	P	R(3)	Q(1)	*
b. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	P	NA	R	Q	*
2. CONDENSER EVACUATION SYSTEM					
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - 2(3)RT-7818, 2(3)RT-7870-1	D	M	R(3)	Q(2)	**
b. Iodine Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	**
c. Particulate Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	**
d. Associated Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	NA	R	Q	**
e. Prpcess Flow Rate Monitoring Device (2(3)RT-7870-1)	D	NA	R	Q	**

TABLE 4-4 (Continued)

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT***</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>SOURCE CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNELS CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>	<u>MODE FOR WHICH SURVEILLANCE IS REQUIRED</u>
<b>3. PLANT VENT STACK</b>					
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - 2/3RT-7808, 2RT-7865-1, 3RT-7865-1	D	M	R(3)	Q(2)	*
b. Iodine Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
c. Particulate Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
d. Associated Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	NA	R	Q	*
e. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	D	NA	R	Q	*
<b>4. CONTAINMENT PURGE SYSTEM</b>					
a. Noble Gas Activity Monitor - Providing Alarm and Automatic Termination of Release - 2(3)RT-7828, 2(3)RT-7865-1	D	P(4)	R(3)	Q(1)	*
b. Iodine Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
c. Particulate Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
d. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	D	NA	R	Q	*
e. Associated Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	NA	R	Q	*



TABLE 4-4 (Continued)  
RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>INSTRUMENT***</u>	<u>CHANNEL CHECK</u>	<u>SOURCE CHECK</u>	<u>CHANNELS CALIBRATION</u>	<u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>	<u>MODE FOR WHICH SURVEILLANCE IS REQUIRED</u>
5. SOUTH YARD FACILITY (SYF) WORK AREA					
a. Iodine Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
b. Particulate Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
c. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	D(5)	NA	R	Q	*
d. Associated Sample Flow Measuring Device	D(5)	NA	R	Q	*
6. SOUTH YARD FACILITY (SYF) DECONTAMINATION UNIT					
a. Iodine Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
b. Particulate Sampler	W	NA	NA	NA	*
c. Process Flow Rate Monitoring Device	D(6)	NA	R	Q	*
d. Associated Sample Flow Measuring Device	D(6)	NA	R	Q	*

NOTE: For 5 and 6, ECP 030100131 abandons the MGP radiation monitors and installs flow meters. This section applies to the flow meters and will take effect when ECP turnover is complete.

TABLE 4-4 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- \* At all times.
  - \*\* Modes 1-4 with any main steam isolation valve and/or any main steam isolating bypass valve not fully closed.
  - \*\*\* Monitor Recorders are not required for the Operability of the monitor, providing the inoperable recorder does not cause the monitor to become inoperable (i.e., feedback signal). As long as the monitor has indication, alarm capability (if applicable), proper response (based on surveillance requirements) and isolation function (if applicable), the loss of the recorder does not render the monitor inoperable.
- (1) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate verification of effluent path isolation actuation signal, automatic pathway isolation†, and Control Room alarm annunciation if any of the following conditions exist:
- 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm/trip setpoint.
  - 2. Circuit failure.
- † Automatic pathway isolation is tested on a once per refueling interval.
- † The main containment purge isolation valves are required to be tested in Mode 5 prior to performing initial core alterations. Containment purge valves are not required to be tested for automatic isolation in the event of a mid-cycle outage.

Down scale failure testing is bounded by administrative limitation on monitor setpoints which ensure monitor alarm and release termination occur prior to reaching the level of monitor saturation.

If the instrument controls are not set in the operate mode, procedures shall call for declaring the channel inoperable.

- (2) The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exist:
- 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm setpoint.
  - 2. Circuit failure.

Down scale failure testing is bounded by administrative limitation on monitor setpoints which ensure monitor alarm and release termination occur prior to reaching the level of monitor saturation.

If the instrument controls are not set in the operate mode, procedures shall call for declaring the channel inoperable.

TABLE 4-4 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION (Continued)

- (3) The initial CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be performed using one or more of the reference standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology or using standards that have been obtained from suppliers that participate in measurement assurance activities with NIST. These standards shall permit calibrating the system over its intended range of energy and measurement range. For subsequent CHANNEL CALIBRATIONS, sources that have been related to the initial calibration shall be used.
- (4) Prior to each release and at least once per month.
- (5) Daily checks only required during times of building occupation.
- (6) CHANNEL CHECK required by Health Physics daily for each day that the CO<sub>2</sub> Decontamination Unit is used.

### 4.3 OPERABILITY OF RADIOACTIVE WASTE EQUIPMENT

The flow diagrams defining the treatment paths and the components of the radioactive liquid, gaseous and solid waste management systems are shown in Figures 4-5 thru 4-7.

FIGURE 4-5 SONGS RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

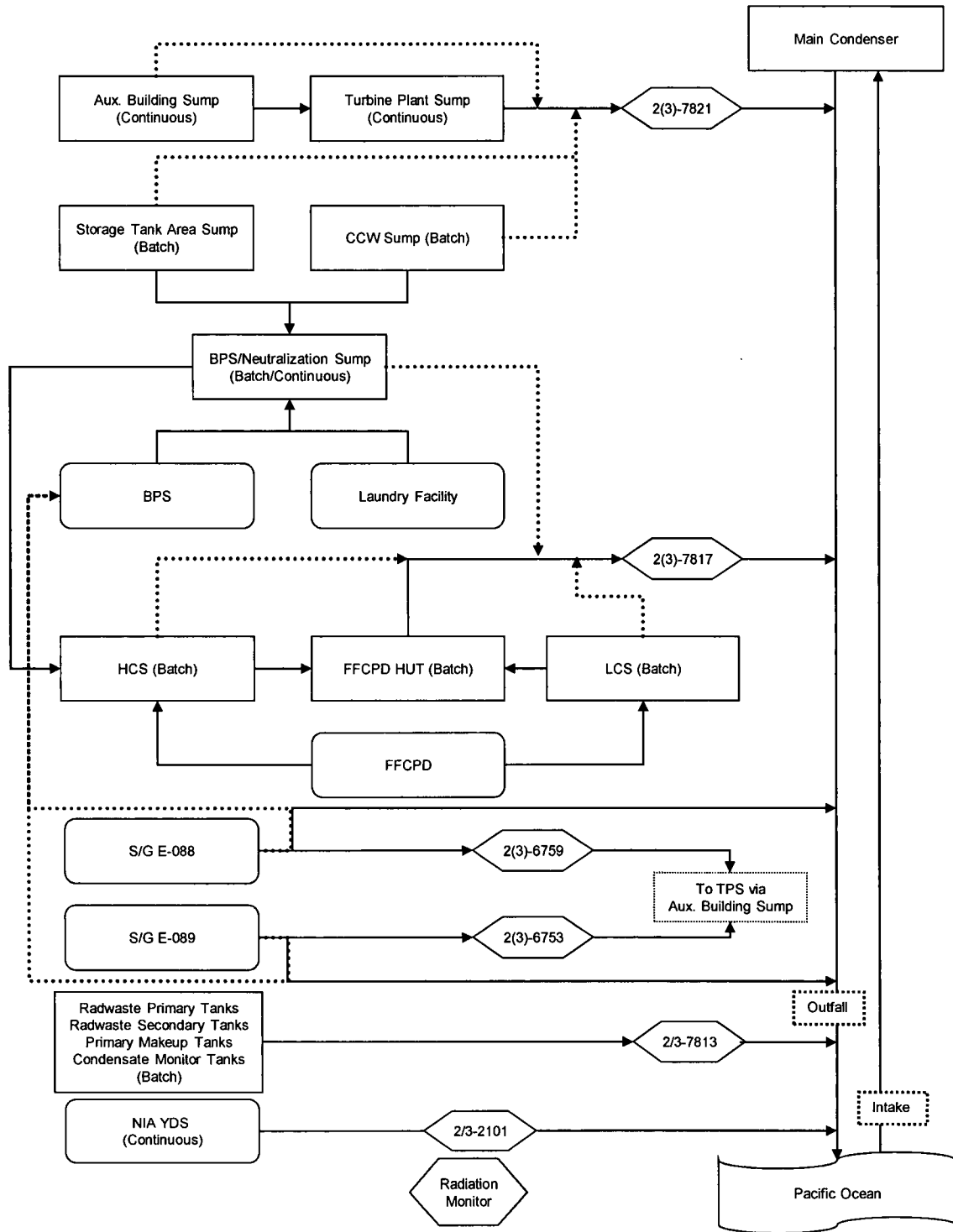
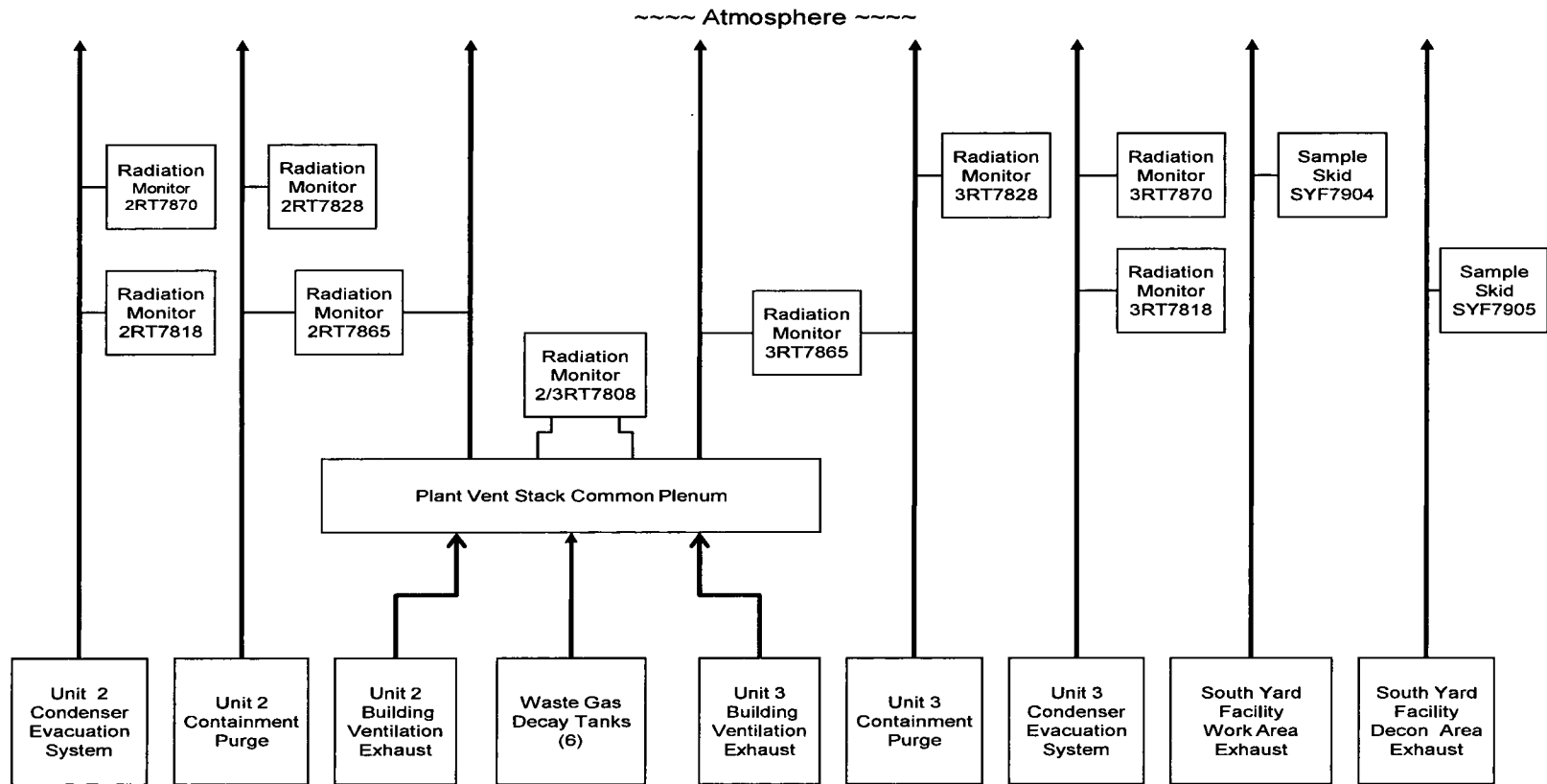
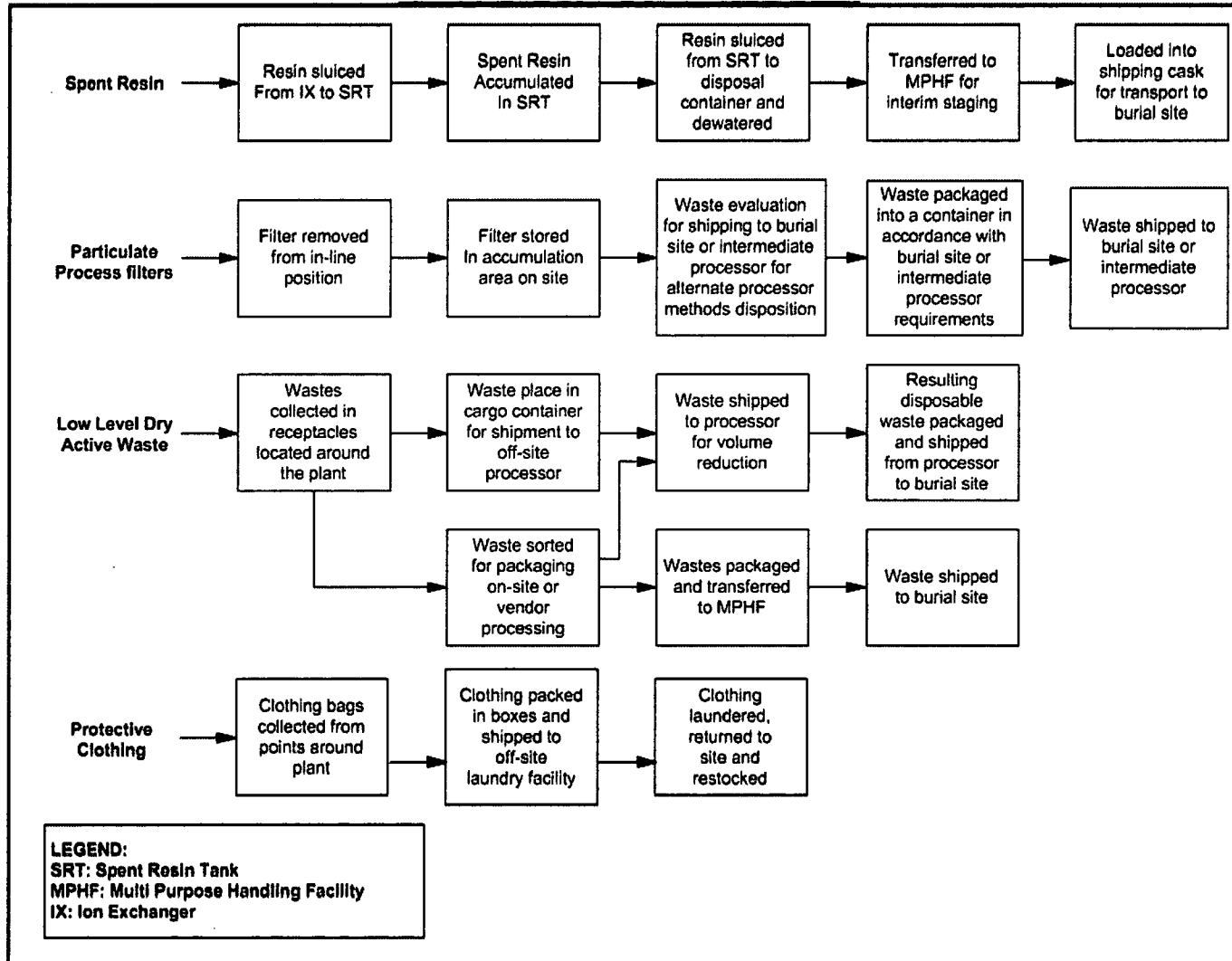


FIGURE 4-6 SONGS RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS



2(3)RT-7865-1 can be aligned to either containment purge or the plant vent stack.

FIGURE 4-7 SOLID WASTE HANDLING



## 5.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

### 5.1 Monitoring Program

#### SPECIFICATION

- 5.1.1 The radiological environmental monitoring program shall be conducted as specified in Table 5-1. The requirements are applicable at all times.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. Should the radiological environmental monitoring program not be conducted as specified in Table 5-1, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission, in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (see Section 5.4), a description of the reasons for not conducting the program as required and the plans for preventing a recurrence.
- b. Should the level of radioactivity in an environmental sampling medium exceed the reporting levels of Table 5-2 when averaged over any calendar quarter, in lieu of any other report required by Technical Specification Section 5.7.1 and LCS 5.0.104, prepare and submit to the Commission, within 30 days from the end of the affected calendar quarter a Report pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73. When more than one of the radionuclides in Table 5-2 are detected in the sampling medium, this report shall be submitted if:

$$\frac{\text{concentration (1)}}{\text{limit level (1)}} + \frac{\text{concentration (2)}}{\text{limit level (2)}} + \dots \geq 1.0$$

- c. When radionuclides other than those in Table 5-2 are detected and are the result of plant effluents, this report shall be submitted if the potential annual dose to an individual is equal to or greater than the calendar year limits of Specification(s) 1.2.1, 2.2.1 or 2.3.1, as appropriate. This report is not required if the measured level of radioactivity was not the result of plant effluents; however, in such an event, the condition shall be reported and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (see Section 5.4).



## 5.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (Continued)

### ACTION: (Continued)

- d. With fresh leafy vegetable samples or fleshy vegetable samples unavailable from one or more of the sample locations required by Table 5-1, identify specific locations for obtaining replacement samples and add them within 30 days to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program given in the ODCM. The specific locations from which samples were unavailable may then be deleted from the monitoring program. Pursuant to Technical Specification 5.7.1, submit in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report documentation for a change in the ODCM including a revised figure(s) and table for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s) with supporting information identifying the cause of the unavailability of samples and justifying the selection of the new location(s) for obtaining samples.

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The radiological environmental monitoring samples shall be collected pursuant to Table 5-1 from the locations given in Table 5-4 and Figures 5-1 through 5-5 and shall be analyzed pursuant to the requirements of Tables 5-1 and 5-3.

TABLE 5-1

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM**

<u>Exposure Pathway and/or Sample</u>	<u>Number of Samples and Sample Locations<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Sampling and Collection Frequency<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Type and Frequency of Analyses</u>
1. AIRBORNE Radioiodine and Particulates	<p>Samples from at least 5 locations</p> <p>3 samples from offsite locations (in different sectors) of the highest calculated annual average ground level D/Q.</p> <p>1 sample from the vicinity of a community having the highest calculated annual average ground-level D/Q.</p> <p>1 sample from a control location 15-30 km (10-20 miles) distant and in the least prevalent wind direction<sup>c</sup></p>	<p>Continuous operation of sampler with sample collection as required by dust loading, but at least once per 7 days.<sup>d</sup></p>	<p>Radioiodine cartridge. Analyze at least once per 7 days for I-131.</p> <p>Particulate sampler. Analyze for gross beta radioactivity &gt; 24 hours following filter change. Perform gamma isotopic<sup>b</sup> analysis on each sample when gross beta activity is &gt; 10 times the yearly mean of control samples. Perform gamma isotopic analysis on composite (by location) sample at least once per 92 days.</p>
2. DIRECT RADIATION <sup>e</sup>	<p>At least 30 locations including an inner ring of stations in the general area of the site boundary and an outer ring approximately in the 4 to 5 mile range from the site with a station in each sector of each ring. The balance of the stations is in special interest areas such as population centers, nearby residences, schools, and in 2 or 3 areas to serve as control stations.</p>	<p>At least once per 92 days.</p>	<p>Gamma dose. At least once per 92 days.</p>

TABLE 5-1 (Continued)

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM**

<u>Exposure Pathway and/or Sample</u>	<u>Number of Samples and Sample Locations<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Sampling and Collection Frequency<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Type and Frequency of Analyses</u>
3. WATERBORNE			
a. Ocean	4 locations	At least once per month and composited <sup>f</sup> quarterly	Gamma isotopic analysis of each monthly sample. Tritium analysis of composite sample at least once per 92 days.
b. Drinking <sup>g</sup>	2 locations	Monthly at each location.	Gamma isotopic and tritium analyses of each sample.
c. Sediment	4 locations from Shoreline	At least once per 184 days.	Gamma isotopic analysis of each sample.
d. Ocean	5 locations Bottom Sediments	At least once per 184 days.	Gamma isotopic analysis of each sample.

TABLE 5-1 (Continued)

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM**

<u>Exposure Pathway and/or Sample</u>	<u>Number of Samples and Sample Locations<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Sampling and Collection Frequency<sup>a</sup></u>	<u>Type and Frequency of Analyses</u>
4. INGESTION			
a. Animals Nonmigratory Marine	3 locations	One sample in season, or at least once per 184 days if not seasonal. One sample of each of the following species: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fish-2 adult species such as perch or sheephead.</li> <li>2. Crustaceae-such as crab or lobster.</li> <li>3. Mollusks-such as limpets, seahares or clams.</li> </ol>	Gamma isotopic analysis on edible portions.
b. Local Crops	2 locations	Representative vegetables, normally 1 leafy and 1 fleshy collected at harvest time. At least 2 vegetables collected semiannually from each location.	Gamma isotopic analysis on edible portions semiannually and I -131 analysis for leafy crops.

TABLE 5-1 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- a. Sample locations are indicated on Figures 5-1 through 5-5.
- b. Gamma isotopic analysis means the identification and quantification of gamma-emitting radionuclides that may be attributable to the effluents from the facility.
- c. The purpose of this sample is to obtain background information. If it is not practical to establish control locations in accordance with the distance and wind direction criteria, other sites which provide valid background data may be substituted.
- d. Canisters for the collection of radioiodine in air are subject to channeling. These devices should be carefully checked before operation in the field or several should be mounted in series to prevent loss of iodine.
- e. Regulatory Guide 4.13 provides minimum acceptable performance criteria for thermoluminescence dosimetry (TLD) systems used for environmental monitoring. One or more instruments, such as a pressurized ion chamber, for measuring and recording dose rate continuously may be used in place of, or in addition to, integrating dosimeters. For the purpose of this table, a thermoluminescent dosimeter may be considered to be one phosphor and two or more phosphors in a packet may be considered as two or more dosimeters. Film badges should not be used for measuring direct radiation.
- f. Composite samples should be collected with equipment (or equivalent) which is capable of collecting an aliquot at time intervals which are very short (e.g., hourly) relative to the compositing period (e.g., monthly).
- g. No drinking water pathway exists at SONGS.

TABLE 5-2

**REPORTING LEVELS FOR RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES**

Reporting Levels

Analysis	Water (pCi/l)	Airborne Particulate or Gases (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	Marine Animals (pCi/Kg, wet)	Local Crops (pCi/Kg, wet)
H-3	2 x 10 <sup>4(a)</sup>			
Mn-54	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>		3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Fe-59	4 x 10 <sup>2</sup>		1 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Co-58	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>		3 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Co-60	3 x 10 <sup>2</sup>		1 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Zn-65	3 x 10 <sup>2</sup>		2 x 10 <sup>4</sup>	
Zr-95, Nb-95	4 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			
I-131	2 <sup>(b)</sup>	0.9		1 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
Cs-134	30	10	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
Cs-137	50	20	2 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	2 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
Ba-140, La-140	2 x 10 <sup>2</sup>			

(a) For drinking water samples. This is 40 CFR Part 141 value. If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 30,000 pCi/l may be used.

(b) If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 20 pCi/l may be used.

TABLE 5-3

DETECTION CAPABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS:

MAXIMUM VALUES FOR THE LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD)<sup>a</sup>

Analysis	Water (pCi/l)	Airborne Particulate or Gases (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	Marine Animals (pCi/Kg, wet)	Local Crops (pCi/Kg, wet)	Sediment (pCi/Kg, dry)
gross beta	4	1 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>			
H-3	2000 <sup>(b)</sup>				
Mn-54	15		130		
Fe-59	30		260		
Co-58, 60	15		130		
Zn-65	30		260		
Zr-95, Nb-95	15				
I-131	1 <sup>(d)</sup>	7 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>		60	
Cs-134	15	5 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>	130	60	150
Cs-137	18	6 x 10 <sup>-2</sup>	150	80	180
Ba-140, La-140	15				

TABLE 5-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- a. The LLD is the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will be detected with 95% probability with 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 S_b}{E * V * 2.22 \times 10^6 * Y * \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above (as microcurie per unit mass or volume),

$S_b$  is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency (as counts per transformation),

V is the sample size (in units of mass or volume),

$2.22 \times 10^6$  is the number of transformations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable),

$\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

$\Delta t$  is the elapsed time between midpoint of sample collection or end of the collection period and time of counting (for environmental samples, not plant effluents).

The value of  $S_b$  used in the calculation of the LLD for a detection system shall be based on the actual observed variance of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of the blank samples (as appropriate) rather than on an unverified theoretically predicted variance. In calculating the LLD for a radionuclide determined by gamma-ray spectrometry, the background shall include the typical contributions of other radionuclides normally present in the samples (e.g., potassium-40 in milk samples). Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  shall be used in the calculations.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of the measurement system and not as a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.\*

\* For a more complete discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits, see the following:

- (1) HASL Procedures Manual, HASL-300 (revised annually).



- (2) Currie, L. A., "Limits for Qualitative Detection and Quantitative Determination - Application to Radiochemistry" Anal. Chem. 40, 586-93 (1968).

TABLE 5-3 (Continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- b. If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 3000 pCi/l may be used.
- c. Other peaks which are measurable and identifiable, together with the radionuclides in Table 5-3, shall be identified and reported.
- d. If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 15 pCi/l may be used.

## 5.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (Continued)

### 5.2 LAND USE CENSUS

#### SPECIFICATION

- 5.2.1 A land use census shall be conducted and shall identify the location of the nearest milk animal, the nearest residence and the nearest garden\* of greater than 500 square feet producing fresh leafy vegetables in each of the 16 meteorological sectors within a distance of five miles.

#### APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With the land use census identifying a location(s) that yields a calculated dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in Specification 2.3.1, pursuant to Technical Specification 5.7.1, identify the new locations in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.
- b. With the land use census identifying a location(s) that yields a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20 percent greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained in accordance with Specification 5.1, add the new location within 30 days to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program given in the ODCM. The sampling location(s), excluding the control station location, having the lowest calculated dose or dose commitment(s) via the same exposure pathway, may be deleted from this monitoring program after October 31, of the year in which this Land Use Census was conducted. Pursuant to Technical Specification 5.7.1, submit in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report documentation for a change in the ODCM including a revised figure(s) and table(s) for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s) with information supporting the change in sampling locations.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The land use census shall be conducted at least once per 12 months between the dates of June 1 and October 1 using that information which will provide the best results, such as by a door-to-door survey, aerial survey, or by consulting local agriculture authorities.

\*Broad leaf vegetation sampling may be performed at the site boundary in the direction sector with the highest D/Q in lieu of the garden census.

5.0 **RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** (Continued)

5.3 **INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM**

**SPECIFICATION**

- 5.3.1 Analyses shall be performed on radioactive materials supplied as part of an Interlaboratory Comparison Program that complies with Regulatory Guide 4.15.

**APPLICABILITY:** At all times

**ACTION:**

- a. With analyses not being performed as required above, report the corrective actions taken to prevent a recurrence to the Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

**SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- .1 A summary of the results obtained as part of the above required Interlaboratory Comparison Program and in accordance with Section 5.4.1 of this document shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (see Section 5.4).

5.0 **RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING** (Continued)

5.4 **ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING REPORT\***

- 5.4.1 The annual radiological environmental operating reports shall include summaries, interpretations, and an analysis of trends of the results of the radiological environmental surveillance activities for the report period, including a comparison with preoperational studies, operational controls (as appropriate), and previous environmental surveillance reports and an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment. The reports shall also include the results of land use censuses required by Section 5.2. If harmful effects or evidence of irreversible damage are detected by the monitoring, the report shall provide an analysis of the problem and a planned course of action to alleviate the problem.

The annual radiological environmental operating reports shall include summarized and tabulated results in the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979 of all radiological environmental samples taken during the report period. In the event that some results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report.

The reports shall also include the following: a summary description of the radiological environmental monitoring program; a map of all sampling locations keyed to a table giving distances and directions from the mid-point of reactor Units 2 and 3; and the results of licensee participation in the Interlaboratory Comparison Program, required by Section 5.3.

- \* A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station, combining those sections that are common to all units at the station.

## 5.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (Continued)

### 5.5 SAMPLE LOCATIONS

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations are identified in Figures 5-1 through 5-5. These sample locations are described in Table 5-4 and indicate the distance in miles and the direction, determined from degrees true north, from the center of the Units 2 and 3 building complex. Table 5-6 gives the sector and direction designation for the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Location on Map, Figures 5-1 through 5-5.

**TABLE 5-4****RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS**

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION***		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Direct Radiation</b>			
1	City of San Clemente (Former SDG&E Offices)	5.7	NW
2	Camp San Mateo (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	3.6	N
3	Camp San Onofre (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	2.8	NE
4	Camp Horno (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	4.4	E
6	Old El Camino Real (AKA Old Route 101)	3.0	ESE
8	Noncommissioned Officers' Beach Club	1.4	NW
10	Bluff (Adjacent to PIC #1)	0.7	WNW
11	Former Visitors' Center	0.4**	NW
12	South Edge of Switchyard	0.2**	E
13	Southeast Site boundary (Bluff)	0.4**	ESE
15	Southeast Site Boundary (Office Building)	0.1**	SSE
16	East Southeast Site Boundary	0.4**	ESE
17	Deleted	-	-
18	Deleted	-	-
19	San Clemente Highlands	4.9	NNW
22	Former U.S. Coast Guard Station - San Mateo Point	2.7	WNW
23	SDG&E Service Center Yard	8.1	NW

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* Distances are within the Units 2 and 3 Site Boundary (0.4 mile in all sectors) and not required by Technical Specification.

\*\*\* MCB - Marine Corps Base PIC - Pressurized Ion Chamber

**TABLE 5-4****RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS**

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION***		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Direct Radiation (Continued)</b>			
31	Aurora Park-Mission Viejo	18.6	NNW
33	Camp Talega (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	5.9	N
34	San Onofre School (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	1.9	NW
35	Range 312 (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	4.8	NNE
36	Range 208C (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	4.1	NE
38	San Onofre State Beach Park	3.4	SE
40	SCE Training Center - Mesa (Adjacent to PIC #3)	0.7	NNW
41	Old Route 101 - East	0.3**	E
44	Fallbrook Fire Station	17.7	E
46	San Onofre State Beach Park	1.0	SE
47	Camp Las Flores (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	8.6	SE

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* Distances are within the Units 2 and 3 Site Boundary (0.4 mile in all sectors) and not required by Technical Specification.

\*\*\* MCB - Marine Corps Base PIC - Pressurized Ion Chamber

TABLE 5-4

## RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION***		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Direct Radiation (Continued)</b>			
49	Camp Chappo (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	12.9	ESE
50	Oceanside Fire Station (CONTROL)	15.6	SE
53	San Diego County Operations Center	44.2	SE
54	Escondido Fire Station	31.8	ESE
55	San Onofre State Beach (Unit 1, West)	0.2**	WNW
56	San Onofre State Beach (Unit 1, West)	0.2**	W
57	San Onofre State Beach (Unit 2)	0.1**	SW
58	San Onofre State Beach (Unit 3)	0.1**	S
59	SONGS Meteorological Tower	0.3**	WNW
60	Deleted	-	-
61	Mesa - East Boundary (Adjacent to PIC #4)	0.7	N
62	MCB - Camp Pendleton (Adjacent to PIC #5)	0.7	NNE
63	MCB - Camp Pendleton (Adjacent to PIC #6)	0.6	NE
64	MCB - Camp Pendleton (Adjacent to PIC #7)	0.6	ENE
65	MCB - Camp Pendleton (Adjacent to PIC #8)	0.7	E
66	San Onofre State Beach (Adjacent to PIC #9)	0.6	ESE
67	Former SONGS Evaporation Pond (Adjacent to PIC #2)	0.6	NW
68	Range 210C (MCB, Camp Pendleton)	4.4	ENE
73	South Yard Facility	0.4**	ESE
74	Oceanside City Hall (Backup CONTROL)	15.6	SE
75	Gate 25 MCB	4.6	SE
76	Former El Camino Real Mobil Station	4.6	NW
77	Area 62 Heavy lift pad	4.2	N
78	Horno Canyon (AKA Sheep Valley)	4.4	ESE

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* Distances are within the Units 2 and 3 Site Boundary (0.4 mile in all sectors) and not required by Technical Specification.

\*\*\* MCB - Marine Corps Base PIC - Pressurized Ion Chamber



**TABLE 5-4****RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS**

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Airborne</b>			
1	City of San Clemente (City Hall)	5.1	NW
7	AWS Roof	0.18**	NW
9	State Beach Park	0.6	ESE
10	Bluff	0.7	WNW
11	Mesa EOF	0.7	NNW
12	Former SONGS Evaporation Pond	0.6	NW
13	Marine Corps Base (Camp Pendleton East)	0.7	E
14	Deleted	-	-
15	Deleted	-	-
16	San Luis Rey Substation (CONTROL)	16.7	SE
<b>Soil Samples†</b>			
1	Camp San Onofre	2.8	NE
2	Old Route 101 - (East Southeast)	3.0	ESE
3	Basilone Road/I-5 Freeway Offramp	2.0	NW
5	Former Visitor's Center	0.4**	NW
6	Deleted	-	-
7	Prince of Peace Abbey (CONTROL)	15	SE
<b>Ocean Water</b>			
A	Station Discharge Outfall - Unit 1	0.6	SW
B	Outfall - Unit 2	1.5	SW
C	Outfall - Unit 3	1.2	SSW
D	Newport Beach (CONTROL)	30.0	NW

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* Distances are within the Units 2 and 3 Site boundary (0.4 mile in all sectors) and not required by Technical Specification.

† Soil Samples are not required by Technical Specifications.

**TABLE 5-4****RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS**

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Drinking Water</b>			
4	Camp Pendleton Drinking Water Reservoir	2.0	NW
5	Oceanside City Hall (new CONTROL)	15.6	SE
<b>Shoreline Sediment (Beach Sand)</b>			
1	San Onofre State Beach (Southeast)	0.6	SE
2	San Onofre Surfing Beach	0.8	WNW
3	San Onofre State Beach (Southeast)	3.5	SE
4	Newport Beach (North End) (CONTROL)	29.2	NW
<b>Local Crops</b>			
1	Deleted	-	-
2	Oceanside (CONTROL)**	15 to 25	SE to ESE
4	Deleted	-	-
6	SONGS Garden	0.4	NNW

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* Control location should be in Section G or F, 15 to 25 miles from site. The control location will be selected based on sample availability. The exact location shall be noted in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

## RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATIONS

TYPE OF SAMPLE AND SAMPLING LOCATION		DISTANCE* (miles)	DIRECTION*
<b>Non-Migratory Marine Animals</b>			
A	Unit 1 Outfall	0.9	WSW
B	Units 2 and 3 Outfall	1.5	SSW
C	Laguna Beach (CONTROL)**	20 to 25	WNW to NW
<b>Kelp†</b>			
A	San Onofre Kelp Bed	1.5	S
B	San Mateo Kelp Bed	3.8	WNW
C	Barn Kelp Bed	6.3	SSE to SE
D	DELETED	-	-
E	Salt Creek (CONTROL)	11 to 13	WNW to NW
<b>Ocean Bottom Sediments</b>			
A	DELETED	-	-
B	Unit 1 Outfall	0.8	SSW
C	Unit 2 Outfall	1.6	SW
D	Unit 3 Outfall	1.2	SSW
E	Laguna Beach (CONTROL)	20 to 25	NW
F	SONGS Upcoast	0.9	WSW

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true north.

\*\* A location more distant from SONGS in the WNW to NW direction may be used as the CONTROL location.

† Kelp Samples are not required by Technical Specifications.

**TABLE 5-5**

**PIC - RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS**

PRESSURIZED ION CHAMBERS	Theta (Degrees)*	DISTANCE*		DIRECTION/SECTOR*		
		Meters	miles			
S1	San Onofre Beach	298°	1060	0.7	WNW	P
S2	SONGS Former Evap. Pnd	313°	890	0.6	NW	Q
S3	Japanese Mesa	340°	1200	0.7	NNW	R
S4	MCB - Camp Pendleton	3°	1130	0.7	N	A
S5	MCB - Camp Pendleton	19°	1080	0.7	NNE	B
S6	MCB - Camp Pendleton	46°	970	0.6	NE	C
S7	MCB - Camp Pendleton	70°	960	0.6	ENE	D
S8	MCB - Camp Pendleton	98°	1130	0.7	E	E
S9	San Onofre State Beach	121°	920	0.6	ESE	F

\* Distance (meters/miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Theta direction is determined from degrees true north.

**TABLE 5-6**

**SECTOR AND DIRECTION DESIGNATION FOR RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SAMPLE LOCATION MAP**

DEGREES TRUE NORTH FROM SONGS 2 AND 3 MID-POINT			NOMENCLATURE	
<u>Sector Limit</u>	<u>Center Line</u>	<u>Sector Limit</u>	<u>22.5° Sector*</u>	<u>Direction</u>
348.75	0 & 360	11.25	A	N
11.25	22.5	33.75	B	NNE
33.75	45.0	56.25	C	NE
56.25	67.5	78.75	D	ENE
78.75	90.0	101.25	E	E
101.25	112.0	123.75	F	ESE
123.75	135.0	146.25	G	SE
146.25	157.0	168.75	H	SSE
168.75	180.0	191.25	J	S
191.25	202.5	213.75	K	SSW
213.75	225.0	236.25	L	SW
236.25	247.5	258.75	M	WSW
258.75	270.0	281.25	N	W
281.25	292.5	303.75	P	WNW
303.75	315.0	326.25	Q	NW
326.25	337.5	348.75	R	NNW

\* Distance (miles) and Direction (sector) are measured relative to Units 2 and 3 midpoint. Direction is determined from degrees true North.

Figure 5-1  
Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations  
1 Mile Radius

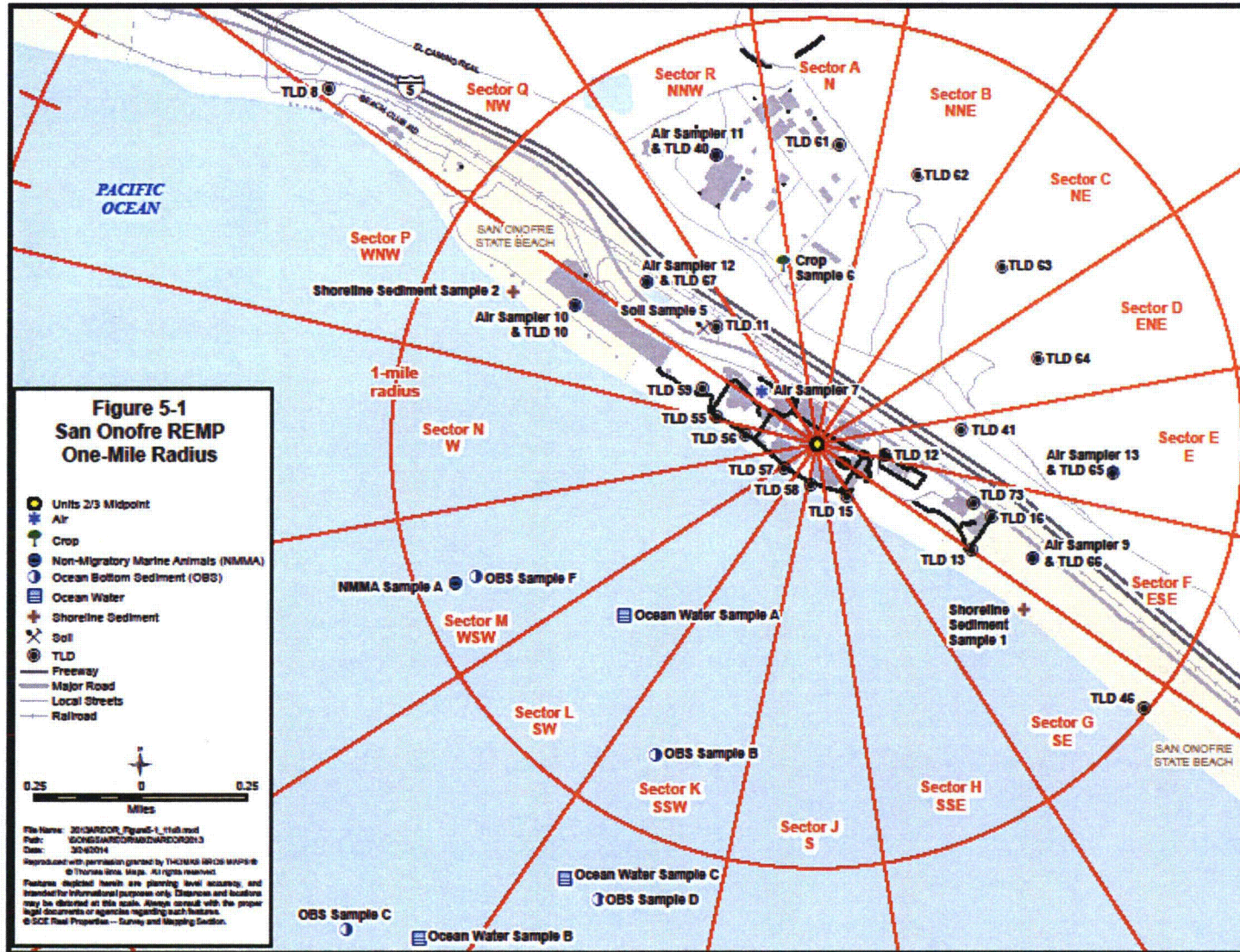




Figure 5-2  
Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations  
2 Mile Radius

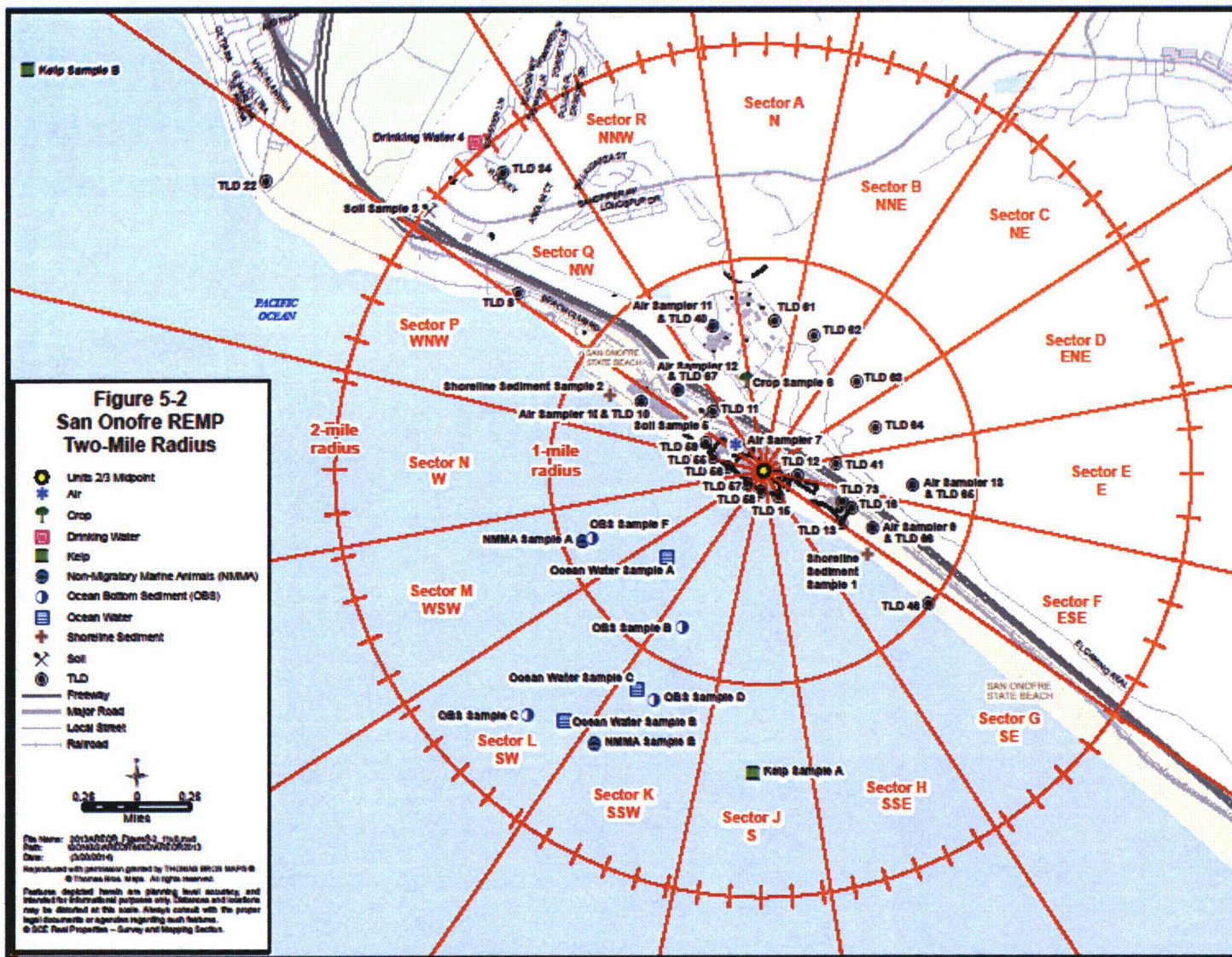




Figure 5-3  
Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations  
5 Mile Radius

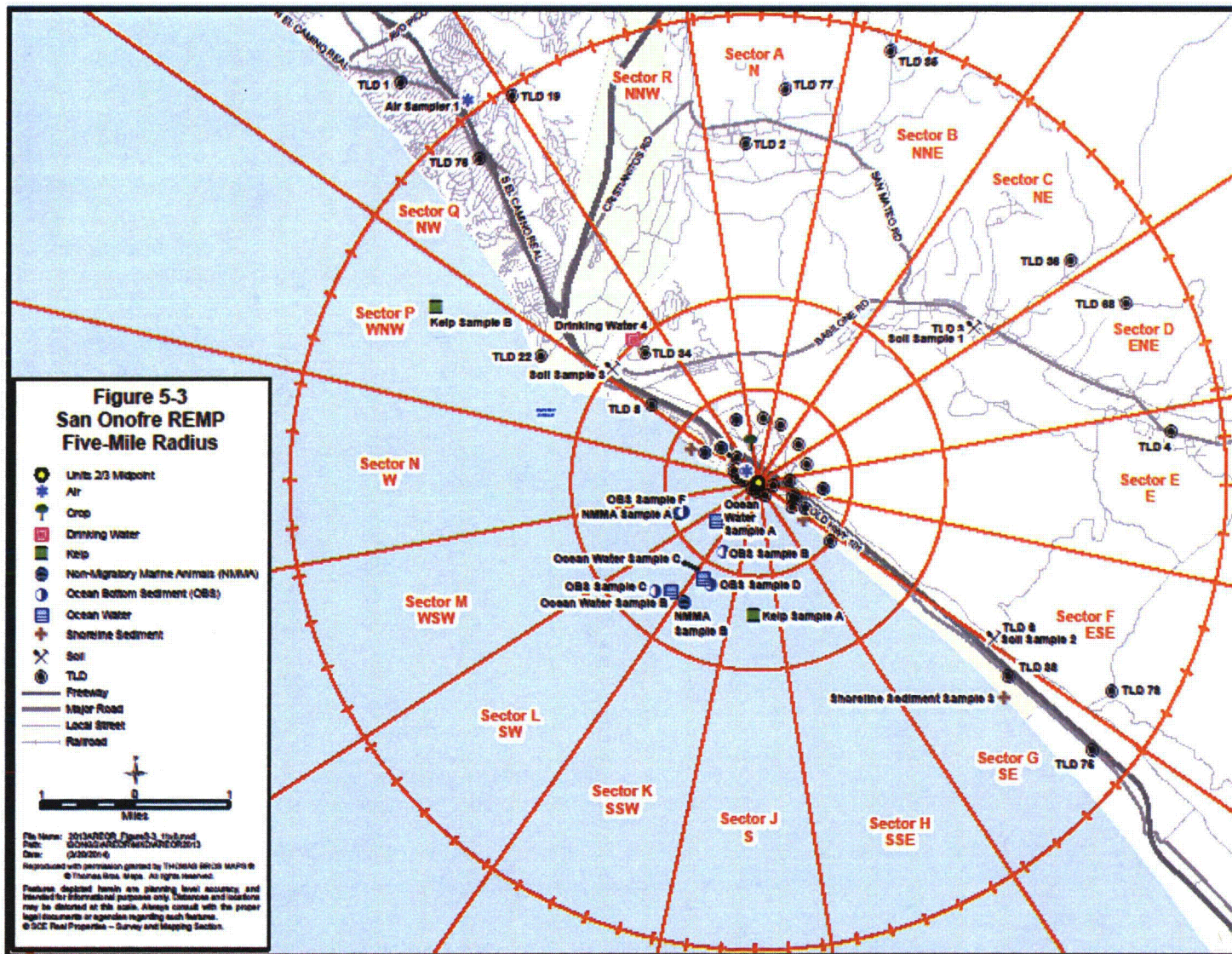


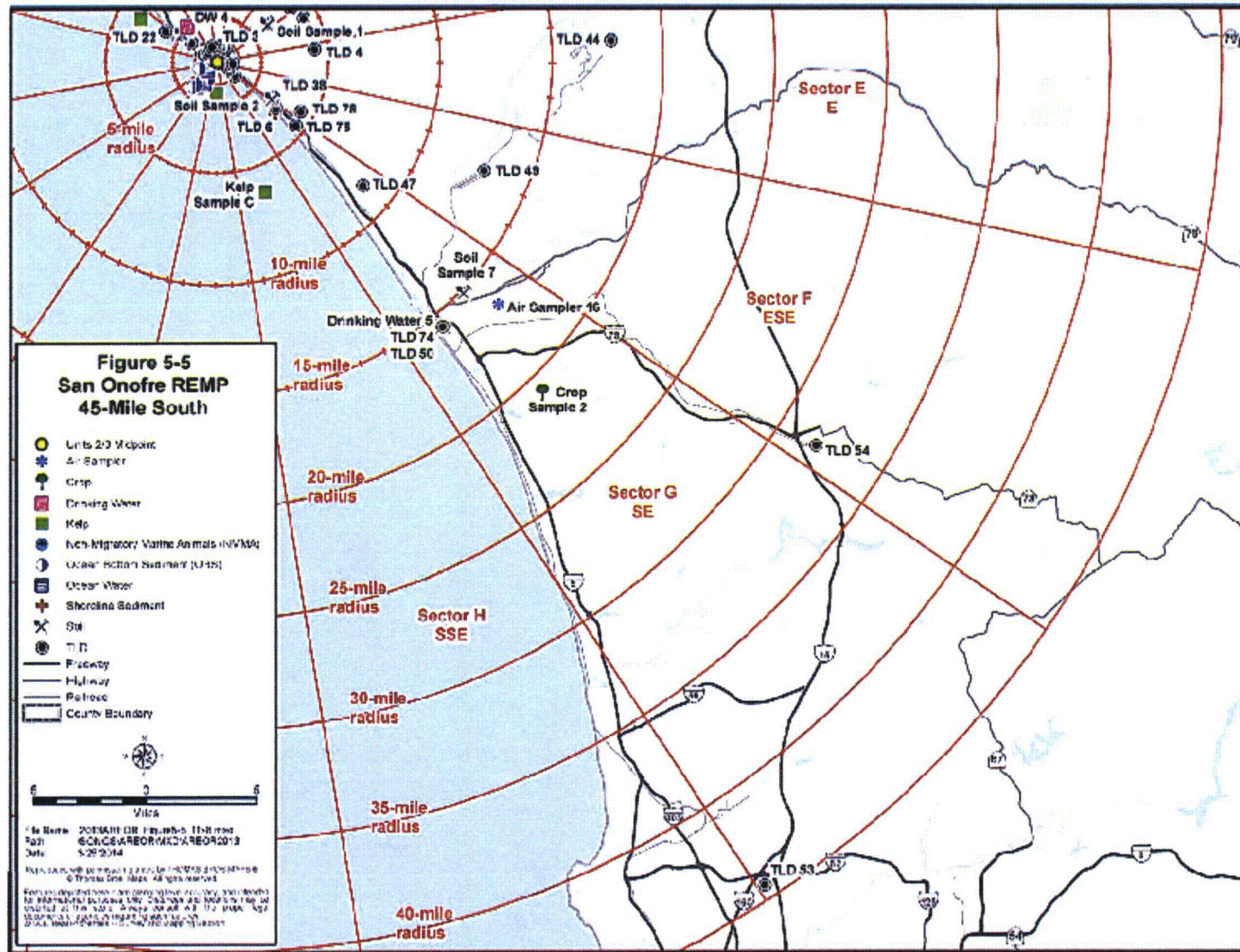


Figure 5-4  
Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations - Orange County





Figure 5-5  
Radiological Environmental Monitoring Sample Locations - San Diego County



## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE

### 6.1 DEFINITIONS

The defined terms of this section appear in capitalized type and are applicable through these Specifications.

#### ACTION

- 6.1.1 ACTION shall be that part of a specification which prescribes remedial measures required under designated conditions.

#### CHANNEL CALIBRATION

- 6.1.2 A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds with the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter which the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass the entire channel, including the sensor and alarm and/or trip functions, and shall include the CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by any series of sequential, overlapping or total channel steps such that the entire channel is calibrated.

#### CHANNEL CHECK

- 6.1.3 A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel behavior during operation by observation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and/or status with other indications and/or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.

#### CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST

- 6.1.4 A CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be:
- a. Analog channels - the injection of a simulated signal into channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY, including alarm and/or trip functions.
  - b. Bistable channels - the injection of a simulated signal into the sensor to verify OPERABILITY, including alarm and/or trip functions.
  - c. Digital computer channels - the exercising of the digital computer hardware using diagnostic programs and the injection of simulated process data into the channel to verify OPERABILITY.

6.0 **ADMINISTRATIVE** (Continued)

**DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131**

- 6.1.5 DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (microcuries/gram) which alone would produce the same thyroid dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The thyroid dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in International Commission on Radiological Protection Publication 30, Tables titled Committed Dose Equivalent in Target Organs or Tissues per Intake of Unit Activities.

**FREQUENCY NOTATION**

- 6.1.6 The FREQUENCY NOTATION specified for the performance of Surveillance Requirements shall correspond to the intervals defined in Table 6.2.

**GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM**

- 6.1.7 A GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM is any system designed and installed to reduce radioactive gaseous effluents by collecting primary coolant system offgases from the primary system and providing for delay or holdup for the purpose of reducing the total radioactivity prior to release to the environment.

**MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC**

- 6.1.8 MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC shall include all individuals who by virtue of their occupational status have no formal association with the plant. This category complies with the requirements of 10CFR50 and shall include non-employees of the licensee who are permitted to use portions of the site for recreational, occupational, or purposes not associated with plant functions. Supplemental workers and their dependents are included in this definition while they temporarily reside at Camp Mesa. This category shall not include non-employees such as vending machine servicemen or postmen who, as part of their formal job function, occasionally enter an area that is controlled by the licensee for purposes of protection of individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### MODE

- 6.1.9 A MODE shall correspond to any one inclusive combination of core reactivity condition, power level, average reactor coolant temperature, and reactor vessel head closure bolt tensioning specified in Table 6-1 with fuel in the reactor vessel.

### OPERABLE - OPERABILITY

- 6.1.10 A system, subsystem, train, component or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified function(s), and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power, cooling and seal water, lubrication and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component or device to perform its function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

### PURGE - PURGING

- 6.1.11 PURGE or PURGING is the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is required to purify the confinement.

### SITE BOUNDARY

- 6.1.12 The SITE BOUNDARY shall be that line beyond which the land is not owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by the licensee.

### SOLIDIFICATION

- 6.1.13 SOLIDIFICATION shall be the conversion of radioactive wastes from liquid systems to a homogeneous (uniformly distributed), monolithic, immobilized solid with definite volume and shape, bounded by a stable surface of distinct outline on all sides (free-standing).

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### SOURCE CHECK

- 6.1.14 For Victoreen and NMC analog monitors, a SOURCE CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel response when the channel sensor is exposed to a radioactive source. [2(3)RT-6753, 2(3)RT-6759, 2(3)RT-7818A]

For Sorrento Electronics digital monitors a SOURCE CHECK shall be the verification of proper computer response to a check source request. [2(3)RT-7828, 2(3)RT-7865-1, 2(3)RT-7870-1]

For MGPI monitors a SOURCE CHECK shall be the verification of proper computer response to the continuous internal detector, monitor calibration and electrical checks. [2(3)RT-7817, 2(3)RT-7821, 2(3)RT-7813, 2(3)RT-7808, RT-2101]

### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT: MEETING SPECIFIED FREQUENCY

- 6.1.15 The specified Frequency for each SR is met if the Surveillance is performed within 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency, as measured from the previous performance or as measured from the time a specified condition of the Frequency is met.

For Frequencies specified as "once," the above interval extension does not apply.

If a Completion Time requires periodic performance on a "once per ..." basis, the above Frequency extension applies to each performance after the initial performance.

This provision is not intended to be used repeatedly as a convenient means to extend surveillance intervals beyond those specified. Additionally, it does not apply to any Action Statements.

### THERMAL POWER

- 6.1.16 THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.

### VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM

- 6.1.17 A VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM is any system designed and installed to reduce gaseous radioiodine or radioactive material in particulate form in effluents by passing ventilation or vent exhaust gases through charcoal absorbers and/or HEPA filters for the purpose of removing iodines or particulates from the gaseous exhaust stream prior to the release to the environment (such a system is not considered to have any effect on noble gas effluents). Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) atmospheric cleanup systems are not considered to be VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM components.

6.0 **ADMINISTRATIVE** (Continued)

**VENTING**

- 6.1.18 VENTING is the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is not provided or required during VENTING. Vent used in system names does not imply a VENTING process.

TABLE 6-1

## OPERATIONAL MODES

<u>OPERATION MODE</u>	<u>REACTIVITY CONDITION, (Keff)</u>	<u>% OF RATED THERMAL POWER(a)</u>	<u>AVERAGE COOLANT TEMPERATURE (EF)</u>
1. POWER OPERATION	≥ 0.99	> 5%	NA
2. STARTUP	≥ 0.99	< 5%	NA
3. HOT STANDBY	< 0.99	NA	≥ 350EF
4. HOT SHUTDOWN	< 0.99	NA	350EF > T <sub>avg</sub> > 200EF
5. COLD SHUTDOWN (b)	< 0.99	NA	≤ 200EF
6. REFUELING (c)	NA	NA	NA

(a) Excluding decay heat.

(b) All reactor vessel head closure bolts fully tensioned.

(c) One or more reactor vessel head closure bolts less than fully tensioned.



TABLE 6-2

FREQUENCY NOTATION

<u>NOTATION</u>	<u>FREQUENCY</u>
S	At least once per 12 hours
D	At least once per 24 hours
W	At least once per 7 days
M	At least once per 31 days
Q	At least once per 92 days
SA	At least once per 184 days
R	At least once per 18 months*
S/U	Prior to each reactor startup
P	Completed prior to each release
N.A.	Not applicable
Refueling Interval	Not to exceed 24 months

\*A month is defined as a 31-day period.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.2 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

#### ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT\*

- 6.2.1 Routine radioactive effluent release reports covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted before May 1 of each year.
- 6.2.2 The radioactive effluent release reports shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, Revision 1, June 1974, with data summarized on a quarterly basis following the format of Appendix B thereof.

The radioactive effluent release report shall include an annual summary of hourly meteorological data collected over the previous year. This annual summary may be either in the form of an hour-by-hour listing of wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric stability, and precipitation (if measured) on magnetic tape, or in the form of joint frequency distributions of wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric stability. This same report shall include an assessment of the radiation doses due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the unit or station during the previous calendar year. This same report shall also include an assessment of the radiation doses from radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY (Figure 1-2 and 2-2) during the report period. All assumptions used in making these assessments (i.e., specific activity, exposure time and location) shall be included in these reports. The meteorological conditions concurrent with the time of release of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents (as determined by sampling frequency and measurement) shall be used for determining the gaseous pathway doses. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with the OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM).

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\* A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine those sections that are common to all units at the Station; however, for units with separate radwaste systems, the submittal shall specify the releases of radioactive material from each unit.

6.0 **ADMINISTRATIVE** (Continued)

6.2 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS (Continued)

6.2.2 (Continued)

The radioactive effluent release report shall also include an assessment of radiation doses to the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from reactor releases and other nearby uranium fuel cycle sources (including doses from primary effluent pathways and direct radiation) for the previous 12 consecutive months to show conformance with 40 CFR 190, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operation. Acceptable methods for calculating the dose contribution from liquid and gaseous effluents are given in Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1.

The radioactive effluents release shall include the following information for each type of solid waste shipped offsite during the report period:

- a. Container volume,
- b. Total curie quantity (specify whether determined by measurement or estimate),
- c. Principal radionuclides (specify whether determined by measurement or estimate),
- d. Type of waste (e.g., spent resin, compacted dry waste, evaporator bottoms),
- e. Type of container (e.g., LSA, Type A, Type B, Large Quantity), and
- f. Solidification Agent (e.g., cement, urea formaldehyde).

The radioactive effluent release report shall include unplanned releases from the site to unrestricted areas of radioactive materials in gaseous and liquid effluents made during the reporting period.

The radioactive effluent release reports shall include any changes to the PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP) made during the reporting period.

6.0 **ADMINISTRATIVE** (Continued)

6.3 **MAJOR CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS**  
(Liquid, & Gaseous)

Licensee initiated major changes to the radioactive waste systems (liquid & gaseous):

1. Shall be reported to the Commission in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period in which the evaluation was performed pursuant to Quality Assurance Program Description (SCE-1-A), Subsection 17.2.20.3.1.i. The discussion of each change shall contain:
  - a. A summary of the evaluation that led to the determination that the change could be made in accordance with applicable regulations;
  - b. Sufficient detailed information to totally support the reason for the change without benefit of additional or supplemental information;
  - c. A detailed description of the equipment, components and processes involved and the interfaces with other plant systems;
  - d. An evaluation of the change which shows the predicted releases of radioactive materials in liquid and gaseous effluents that differ from those previously predicted in the license application and amendments thereto;
  - e. An evaluation of the change which shows the expected maximum exposures to individual in the unrestricted area and to the general population that differ from those previously estimated in the license application and amendments thereto;
  - f. A comparison of the predicted releases of radioactive materials, in liquid and gaseous effluents to the actual release for the period prior to when the changes are to be made;
  - g. An estimate of the exposure to plant operating personnel as a result of the change; and
  - h. Documentation of the fact that the change was reviewed and found acceptable pursuant to Quality Assurance Program Description (SCE-1-A), Subsection 17.2.20.3.1.i.
2. Shall become effective upon review and acceptance pursuant to Quality Assurance Program Description (SCE-1-A), Subsection 17.2.20.3.1.i.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES

#### LIQUID EFFLUENTS

##### CONCENTRATION (1.1)

- 6.4.1 This specification is provided to ensure that the concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid waste effluents from the site will be less than the concentration levels specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. This limitation provides additional assurance that the levels of radioactive materials in bodies of water outside the site will result in exposures within (1) the Section II.A design objectives of Appendix I, 10 CFR 50, to an individual, and (2) the limits of 10 CFR 20.106(e) to the population. The concentration limit for dissolved or entrained noble gases is based upon the assumption that Xe-135 is the controlling radioisotope and its MPC in air (submersion) was converted to an equivalent concentration in water using the methods described in International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) Publication 2.

##### DOSE (1.2)

- 6.4.2 This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Section II.A, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Condition for Operation implements the guides set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The dose calculations in the ODCM implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data, such that the actual exposure of an individual through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The equations specified in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive materials in liquid effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.113, "Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the Purpose of Implementing Appendix I," April 1977.

This specification applies to the release of liquid effluents from each reactor at the site. For units with shared radwaste treatment systems, the liquid effluents from the shared system are proportioned among the units sharing that system.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES (Continued)

#### LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT (1.3)

- 6.4.3 The OPERABILITY of the liquid radwaste treatment system ensures that this system will be available for use whenever liquid effluents require treatment prior to release to the environment. The requirement that the appropriate portions of this system be used when specified provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." This specification implements the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50.36a, General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50 and the design objective given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for liquid effluents.

#### GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

##### DOSE RATE (2.1)

- 6.4.4 This specification is provided to ensure that the dose at any time at the site boundary from gaseous effluents from all units on the site will be within the annual dose limits of 10 CFR Part 20 for unrestricted areas. The annual dose limits are the doses associated with the concentrations of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 1. These limits provide reasonable assurance that radioactive material discharged in gaseous effluents will not result in the exposure of an individual in an unrestricted area, either within or outside the site boundary, to annual average concentrations exceeding the limits specified in Appendix B, Table II of 10 CFR Part 20 (10 CFR Part 20.106(b)). For individuals who may at times be within the site boundary, the occupancy of the individual will be sufficiently low to compensate for any increase in the atmospheric diffusion factor above that for the site boundary. The specified release rate limits restrict, at all times, the corresponding gamma and beta dose rates above background to an individual at or beyond the site boundary to less than or equal to 500 mrem/year to the total body or to less than or equal to 3000 mrem/year to the skin. These release rate limits also restrict, at all times, the corresponding thyroid dose rate above background to a child via the inhalation pathway to less than or equal to 1500 mrem/year.

This specification applies to the release of gaseous effluents from all reactors at the site. For units with shared radwaste treatment systems, the gaseous effluents from the shared system are proportioned among the units sharing that system.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES (Continued)

#### DOSE - NOBLE GASES (2.2)

- 6.4.5 This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.B, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Condition for Operation implements the guides set forth in Section II.B of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The Surveillance Requirements implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data such that the actual exposure of an individual through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The dose calculations established in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water Cooled Reactors," Revision 1, July 1977. For individuals who may at times be within the site boundary, the occupancy of the individual will be sufficiently low to compensate for any increase in the atmospheric diffusion factor above that for the SITE BOUNDARY. For MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC who traverse the SITE BOUNDARY via highway I-5, the residency time shall be considered negligible and hence the dose "0". The ODCM equations provided for determining the air doses at the SITE BOUNDARY are based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions.

#### DOSE - RADIOIODINES, RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS IN PARTICULATE FORM AND TRITIUM (2.3)

- 6.4.6 This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.C, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Conditions for Operation are the guides set forth in Section II.C of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The ODCM calculational methods specified in the Surveillance Requirements implement the

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES (Continued)

requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data, such that the actual exposure of an individual through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The ODCM calculational methods for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of the subject materials are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors," Revision 1, July 1977. These equations also provide for determining the actual doses based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions. The release rate specifications for radioiodines, radioactive materials in particulate form and tritium are dependent on the existing radionuclide pathways to man, in the unrestricted area. The pathways which were examined in the development of these calculations were: 1) individual inhalation of airborne radionuclides, 2) deposition of radionuclides onto green leafy vegetation with subsequent consumption by man, 3) deposition onto grassy areas where milk animals and meat producing animals graze with consumption of the milk and meat by man, and 4) deposition on the ground with subsequent exposure of man.

### GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT (2.4)

- 6.4.7 The OPERABILITY of the GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM and the VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM ensures that the systems will be available for use whenever gaseous effluents require treatment prior to release to the environment. The requirement that the appropriate portions of these systems be used, when specified, provides reasonable assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." This specification implements the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50.36a, General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50, and the design objectives given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the systems were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Sections II.B and II.C of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for gaseous effluents.



## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES (Continued)

#### TOTAL DOSE (3.3)

- 6.4.8 This specification is provided to meet the dose limitations of 40 CFR 190. The specification requires the preparation and submittal of a Special Report whenever the calculated doses from plant radioactive effluents exceed twice the design objective doses of Appendix I. For sites containing up to 4 reactors, it is highly unlikely that the resultant dose to a member of the public will exceed the dose limits of 40 CFR 190 if the individual reactors remain within the reporting requirement level. The Special Report will describe a course of action which should result in the limitation of dose to a member of the public for 12 consecutive months to within the 40 CFR 190 limits. For the purposes of the Special Report, it may be assumed that the dose commitment to the member of the public from other uranium fuel cycle sources is negligible, with the exception that dose contributions from other nuclear fuel cycle facilities at the same site or within a radius of 5 miles must be considered. If the dose to any member of the public is estimated to exceed the requirements of 40 CFR 190, the Special Report with a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 190.11, is considered to be a timely request and fulfills the requirements of 40 CFR 190 until NRC staff action is completed provided the release conditions resulting in violation of 40 CFR 190 have not already been corrected. An individual is not considered a member of the public during any period in which he/she is engaged in carrying out any operation which is part of the nuclear fuel cycle.

#### RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT INSTRUMENTATION (4.1)

- 6.4.9 The radioactive liquid effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE (Continued)

### 6.4 BASES (Continued)

#### RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT INSTRUMENTATION (4.2)

- 6.4.10 The radioactive gaseous effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents during actual or potential releases of gaseous effluents. The alarm/trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with the procedures in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. This instrumentation also includes provisions for monitoring and controlling the concentrations of potentially explosive gas mixtures in the waste gas holdup system. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

#### MONITORING PROGRAM (5.1)

- 6.4.11 The radiological monitoring program required by this specification provides measurements of radiation and of radioactive materials in those exposure pathways and for those radionuclides, which lead to the highest potential radiation exposures of individuals resulting from the station operation. This monitoring program thereby supplements the radiological effluent monitoring program by verifying that the measurable concentrations of radioactive materials and levels of radiation are not higher than expected on the basis of the effluent measurements and modeling of the environmental exposure pathways. The initially specified monitoring program will be effective for at least the first three years of commercial operation. Following this period, program changes may be initiated based on operational experience.

The detection capabilities required by Table 5-1 are state-of-the-art for routine environmental measurements in industrial laboratories. It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an a priori (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as a posteriori (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement. Analyses shall be performed in such a manner that the stated LLDs will be achieved under routine conditions. Occasionally background fluctuations, unavoidably small sample sizes, the presence of interfering nuclides, or other uncontrollable circumstances may render these LLDs unachievable. In such cases, the contributing factors will be identified and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

6.0 **ADMINISTRATIVE** (Continued)

6.4 **BASES** (Continued)

**LAND USE CENSUS** (5.2)

6.4.12 This specification is provided to ensure that changes in the use of UNRESTRICTED AREAS are identified and that modifications to the monitoring program are made if required by the results of this census. The best survey information from the door-to-door, aerial or consulting with local agricultural authorities shall be used. This census satisfies the requirements of Section IV.B.3 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. Restricting the census to gardens of greater than 500 square feet provides assurance that significant exposure pathways via leafy vegetables will be identified and monitored since a garden of this size is the minimum required to produce the quantity (26 kg/year) of leafy vegetables assumed in Regulatory Guide 1.109 for consumption by a child. To determine this minimum garden size, the following assumptions were used,

- 1) that 20% of the garden was used for growing broad leaf vegetation (i.e., similar to lettuce and cabbage), and
- 2) a vegetation yield of 2 kg/square meter.

**INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM** (5.3)

6.4.13 The requirement for participation in an Interlaboratory Comparison Program is provided to ensure that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive material in environmental sample matrices are performed as part of the quality assurance program for environmental monitoring in order to demonstrate that the results are reasonably valid.

**Enclosure 3:**

Offsite Dose Calculation Manual  
Nuclear Organization  
San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station  
Appendix A  
R<sub>i</sub> Tables  
SO123-ODCM-A, Revision 8, 12-3-14

OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL  
NUCLEAR ORGANIZATION  
SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION

APPENDIX A

R: TABLES

SO123-ODCM-A  
Revision 8  
12/2014

# ODCM APPENDIX A

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References: \* E. Goldin to S. Hoque Memorandum for file: "2013 Dose Parameters for SONGS Units 2 and 3", dated February 28, 2014.

References: \* \* J. W. Scott to L. McCann Memorandum for file: "2011 Dose Parameters for San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station South Yard Facility and North Industrial Area," dated February 8, 2011.

TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

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PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/LIFE GUARD      DISTANCE: .5 MILES

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X/Q      :    1.3E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q      :    5.5E-09 /M\*\*(2)

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RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	1.3E+03	4.2E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	1.3E+05	1.3E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	2.9E+03	3.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	8.5E+04	3.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	5.4E+05	2.0E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	1.3E+05	2.0E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	8.8E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	1.6E+05	2.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	4.6E+04	1.2E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	4.6E+04	9.9E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	1.1E+05	1.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	8.9E+03	6.2E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	1.1E+03	1.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	6.9E+03	9.4E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.3E+04	1.2E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	7.1E+05	6.4E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	1.1E+06	1.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	1.0E+04	1.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	2.0E+05	2.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	2.7E+03	4.1E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	4.1E+04	2.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	7.9E+04	6.8E+07

TABLE I-1  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: 1.0 MILES

X/Q : 4.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.7E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08



TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2&3

PATHWAY: Contractor Park Lot 4      DISTANCE: .6 MILES

X/Q      :    1.1E-067 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q      :    4.7E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+03	5.5E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+05	1.6E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+03	4.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	4.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.1E+05	2.6E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+05	2.6E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	3.0E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+04	1.6E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+04	1.3E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	2.3E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	8.1E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+03	1.8E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.9E+03	1.2E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	2.4E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.3E+04	1.6E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+05	8.3E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.0E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	1.5E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+05	2.9E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+03	5.3E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.3E+04	3.0E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	8.8E+07

TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT ESTATES

DISTANCE: 2.7 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 3.2E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT GARDENS

DISTANCE: 2.8 MILES

X/Q : 1.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 3.0E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: ST PARK OFFICE TRLR                   DISTANCE: .6 MILES  
X/Q       : 2.5E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)                   D/Q       : 1.4E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: .7 MILES

X/Q : 2.0E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	1.5E+05	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: 1.1 MILES

X/Q : 9.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 5.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING DISTANCE: 1.4 MILES

X/Q : 6.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 3.3E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN MATEO PT HOMES

DISTANCE: 2.7 MILES

X/Q : 2.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 1.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08



TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SC RES. WITH GARDEN #2 DISTANCE: 3.8 MILES

X/Q : 1.5E-7 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 5.4E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 1-2  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SC RES. WITH GARDEN

DISTANCE: 4.1 MILES

X/Q : 1.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 4.7E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 1-3  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: CAMP MESA

DISTANCE: .4 MILES

X/Q : 3.7E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.5E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	7.4E+01	0.0E+00	1.3E+02	0.0E+00	1.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.5E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.5E+03	5.4E+05	2.0E+03	5.4E+05	2.4E+03	5.4E+05	1.7E+03	5.4E+05
MN 54	1.2E+05	1.6E+08	1.8E+05	1.6E+08	2.3E+05	1.6E+08	1.6E+05	1.6E+08
CO 57	5.6E+02	3.9E+07	1.5E+03	3.9E+07	3.6E+03	3.9E+07	3.6E+03	3.9E+07
CO 58	8.9E+04	4.4E+07	1.3E+05	4.4E+07	1.5E+05	4.4E+07	1.1E+05	4.4E+07
CO 60	5.2E+05	2.5E+09	8.1E+05	2.5E+09	1.0E+06	2.5E+09	6.9E+05	2.5E+09
SR 89	2.3E+05	2.5E+03	2.5E+05	2.5E+03	2.8E+05	2.5E+03	1.6E+05	2.5E+03
SR 90	1.3E+06	0.0E+00	1.7E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+06	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.0E+05	2.9E+07	2.6E+05	2.9E+07	3.1E+05	2.9E+07	2.0E+05	2.9E+07
NB 95	5.5E+04	1.6E+07	7.1E+04	1.6E+07	8.6E+04	1.6E+07	5.8E+04	1.6E+07
RU 103	6.3E+04	1.3E+07	7.6E+04	1.3E+07	9.0E+04	1.3E+07	5.8E+04	1.3E+07
TE 129M	1.9E+05	2.3E+06	2.0E+05	2.3E+06	2.3E+05	2.3E+06	1.4E+05	2.3E+06
CS 134	9.2E+03	7.9E+08	1.4E+04	7.9E+08	1.7E+04	7.9E+08	1.1E+04	7.9E+08
CS 136	1.4E+03	1.7E+07	1.7E+03	1.7E+07	2.0E+03	1.7E+07	1.4E+03	1.7E+07
CS 137	8.2E+03	1.2E+19	1.2E+04	1.2E+09	1.4E+04	1.2E+09	8.7E+03	1.2E+09
BA 140	1.8E+05	2.4E+06	2.0E+05	2.4E+06	2.3E+05	2.4E+06	1.5E+05	2.4E+06
CE 141	5.9E+04	1.6E+06	6.3E+04	1.6E+06	7.1E+04	1.6E+06	4.2E+04	1.6E+06
CE 144	1.1E+06	8.0E+06	1.4E+06	8.0E+06	1.5E+06	8.0E+06	9.0E+05	8.0E+06
I 131	1.7E+06	2.0E+06	1.9E+06	2.0E+06	1.7E+06	2.0E+06	1.4E+06	2.0E+06
I 132	1.9E+04	1.4E+05	2.2E+04	1.4E+05	1.7E+04	1.4E+05	1.3E+04	1.4E+05
I 133	4.1E+05	2.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.8E+05	3.4E+05	2.8E+05	2.5E+05	2.8E+05
I 134	5.1E+03	5.2E+04	5.8E+03	5.2E+04	4.5E+03	5.2E+04	3.4E+03	5.2E+04
I 135	8.0E+04	2.9E+05	9.1E+04	2.9E+05	7.1E+04	2.9E+05	5.2E+04	2.9E+05
UN-ID*	7.4E+04	8.6E+07	1.1E+05	8.6E+07	1.4E+05	8.6E+07	9.9E+04	8.6E+07

TABLE 1-3  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING DISTANCE: 1.3 MILES

X/Q : 5.2E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 3.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-3  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER

DISTANCE: 1.8 MILES

X/Q : 3.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	1.5E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	1.7E+02	2.4E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.6E+04	1.9E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	3.6E+02	1.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.1E+04	4.1E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	6.9E+04	3.8E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	1.6E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.1E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	2.1E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	5.9E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	5.9E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.4E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.1E+03	2.3E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.4E+02	7.2E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	8.7E+02	2.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.5E+04	7.0E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	4.2E+03	4.0E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	9.0E+04	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	1.4E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	1.4E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	2.5E+04	2.8E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	5.2E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	5.2E+03	2.9E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.0E+04	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-3  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN MATEO STP                      DISTANCE: 3.7 MILES  
X/Q        :    1.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    4.5E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 1-4  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: CAMP MESA

DISTANCE: .4 MILES

X/Q : 2.7E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.1E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.2E+05	1.6E+08	1.8E+05	1.6E+08	2.3E+05	1.6E+08	1.6E+05	1.6E+08
CO 57	5.6E+02	3.9E+07	1.5E+03	3.9E+07	3.6E+03	3.9E+07	3.6E+03	3.9E+07
CO 58	8.9E+04	4.4E+07	1.3E+05	4.4E+07	1.5E+05	4.4E+07	1.1E+05	4.4E+07
CO 60	5.2E+05	2.5E+09	8.1E+05	2.5E+09	1.0E+06	2.5E+09	6.9E+05	2.5E+09
SR 89	2.3E+05	2.5E+03	2.5E+05	2.5E+03	2.8E+05	2.5E+03	1.6E+05	2.5E+03
SR 90	1.3E+06	0.0E+00	1.7E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+06	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.0E+05	2.9E+07	2.6E+05	2.9E+07	3.1E+05	2.9E+07	2.0E+05	2.9E+07
NB 95	5.5E+04	1.6E+07	7.1E+04	1.6E+07	8.6E+04	1.6E+07	5.8E+04	1.6E+07
RU 103	6.3E+04	1.3E+07	7.6E+04	1.3E+07	9.0E+04	1.3E+07	5.8E+04	1.3E+07
TE 129M	1.9E+05	2.3E+06	2.0E+05	2.3E+06	2.3E+05	2.3E+06	1.4E+05	2.3E+06
CS 134	9.2E+03	7.9E+08	1.4E+04	7.9E+08	1.7E+04	7.9E+08	1.1E+04	7.9E+08
CS 136	1.4E+03	1.7E+07	1.7E+03	1.7E+07	2.0E+03	1.7E+07	1.4E+03	1.7E+07
CS 137	8.2E+03	1.2E+09	1.2E+04	1.2E+09	1.4E+04	1.2E+09	8.7E+03	1.2E+09
BA 140	1.8E+05	2.4E+06	2.0E+05	2.4E+06	2.3E+05	2.4E+06	1.5E+05	2.4E+06
CE 141	5.9E+04	1.6E+06	6.3E+04	1.6E+06	7.1E+04	1.6E+06	4.2E+04	1.6E+06
CE 144	1.1E+06	8.0E+06	1.4E+06	8.0E+06	1.5E+06	8.0E+06	9.0E+05	8.0E+06
I 131	1.7E+06	2.0E+06	1.9E+06	2.0E+06	1.7E+06	2.0E+06	1.4E+06	2.0E+06
I 132	1.9E+04	1.4E+05	2.2E+04	1.4E+05	1.7E+04	1.4E+05	1.3E+04	1.4E+05
I 133	4.1E+05	2.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.8E+05	3.4E+05	2.8E+05	2.5E+05	2.8E+05
I 134	5.1E+03	5.2E+04	5.8E+03	5.2E+04	4.5E+03	5.2E+04	3.4E+03	5.2E+04
I 135	8.0E+04	2.9E+05	9.1E+04	2.9E+05	7.1E+04	2.9E+05	5.2E+04	2.9E+05
UN-ID*	7.4E+04	8.6E+07	1.1E+05	8.6E+07	1.4E+05	8.6E+07	9.9E+04	8.6E+07

TABLE 1-4  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER

DISTANCE: 1.8 MILES

X/Q : 2.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 1.5E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	1.5E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	1.7E+02	2.4E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.6E+04	1.9E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	3.6E+02	1.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.1E+04	4.1E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	6.9E+04	3.8E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	1.6E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.1E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	2.1E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	5.9E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	5.9E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.4E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.1E+03	2.3E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.4E+02	7.2E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	8.7E+02	2.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.5E+04	7.0E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	4.2E+03	4.0E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	9.0E+04	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	1.4E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	1.4E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	2.5E+04	2.8E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	5.2E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	5.2E+03	2.9E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.0E+04	1.3E+08



TABLE 1-4  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN MATEO

DISTANCE: 3.6 MILES

X/Q : 7.2E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 4.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-4  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERA2 DISTANCE: 4.2 MILES

X/Q : 5.7E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 6.6E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	1.8E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	2.0E+02	2.5E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.9E+04	2.2E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	4.4E+02	1.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.3E+04	4.2E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	8.3E+04	4.3E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	1.9E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.3E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	2.5E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	7.0E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	7.0E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.7E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.4E+03	2.4E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.7E+02	7.5E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.0E+03	2.6E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.8E+04	7.1E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	5.0E+03	4.0E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.1E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	1.7E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+03	1.7E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	3.0E+04	3.4E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+02	6.3E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	6.2E+03	3.5E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.2E+04	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-5  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER

DISTANCE: 1.6 MILES

X/Q : 2.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 1.8E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	1.5E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	1.7E+02	2.4E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.6E+04	1.9E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	3.6E+02	1.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.1E+04	4.1E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	6.9E+04	3.8E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	1.6E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.1E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	2.1E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	5.9E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	5.9E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.4E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.1E+03	2.3E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.4E+02	7.2E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	8.7E+02	2.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.5E+04	7.0E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	4.2E+03	4.0E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	9.0E+04	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	1.4E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	1.4E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	2.5E+04	2.8E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	5.2E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	5.2E+03	2.9E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.0E+04	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-5.  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: SANITARY LANDFILL DISTANCE: 2.1 MILES

X/Q : 1.3E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	4.3E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+05	1.3E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+03	3.2E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	3.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.6E+05	2.0E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+05	2.0E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.9E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	2.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	1.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	1.0E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+03	6.4E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	1.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+03	9.6E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.4E+04	1.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+05	6.5E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	1.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	1.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	2.3E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+03	4.2E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+04	2.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.1E+04	6.9E+07

TABLE 1-5  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERB2 DISTANCE: 3.0 MILES

X/Q : 7.8E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 5.9E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	4.4E+00	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.0E+01	2.1E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+03	7.5E+06
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.1E+02	1.5E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	3.2E+03	3.8E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	2.1E+04	2.1E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	4.9E+03	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	3.4E+04	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	6.2E+03	1.9E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.8E+03	8.1E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.8E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	4.3E+03	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	3.4E+02	1.7E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.2E+01	5.9E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	2.6E+02	1.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.5E+03	6.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.3E+03	3.9E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	2.7E+04	4.7E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	4.2E+04	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+02	4.3E+03
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	7.5E+03	8.6E+03
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.6E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.6E+03	8.8E+03
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	3.0E+03	1.2E+08

TABLE 1-5  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERB3      DISTANCE: 3.8 MILES  
X/Q        :    6.8E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)            D/Q        :    5.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	1.8E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	2.0E+02	2.5E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.9E+04	2.2E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	4.4E+02	1.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.3E+04	4.2E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	8.3E+04	4.3E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	1.9E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.3E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	2.5E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	7.0E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	7.0E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.7E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.4E+03	2.4E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.7E+02	7.5E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.0E+03	2.6E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	1.8E+04	7.1E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	5.0E+03	4.0E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.1E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	1.7E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+03	1.7E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	3.0E+04	3.4E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+02	6.3E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	6.2E+03	3.5E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.2E+04	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-6  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: SEWAGE TREAT.FACILITY DISTANCE: 2.2 MILES

X/Q : 1.3E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 1-6  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE FR.STN DISTANCE: 2.4 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08



TABLE 1-6  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER      DISTANCE: 3.0 MILES  
X/Q        :    7.8E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q        :    6.8E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	2.8E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	3.2E+02	2.9E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	3.1E+04	3.4E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	7.0E+02	2.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	2.1E+04	4.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.3E+05	6.2E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	2.2E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	4.0E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.1E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.1E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.8E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	2.2E+03	3.0E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.7E+02	8.8E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.7E+03	3.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.8E+04	7.2E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	8.1E+03	4.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.7E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	2.7E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+03	2.8E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	4.8E+04	5.5E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+02	1.0E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.0E+04	5.6E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.9E+04	1.4E+08

TABLE 1-6  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERC2      DISTANCE: 3.2 MILES  
X/Q        :    7.2E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)            D/Q        :    6.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	4.4E+00	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.0E+01	2.1E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+03	7.5E+06
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.1E+02	1.5E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	3.2E+03	3.8E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	2.1E+04	2.1E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	4.9E+03	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	3.4E+04	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	6.2E+03	1.9E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.8E+03	8.1E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.8E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	4.3E+03	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	3.4E+02	1.7E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.2E+01	5.9E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	2.6E+02	1.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.5E+03	6.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.3E+03	3.9E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	2.7E+04	4.7E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	4.2E+04	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+02	4.3E+03
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	7.5E+03	8.6E+03
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.6E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.6E+03	8.8E+03
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	3.0E+03	1.2E+08

TABLE 1-7  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'D'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER      DISTANCE: .8 MILES  
X/Q : 4.5E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q : 6.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	2.8E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	3.2E+02	2.9E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	3.1E+04	3.4E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	7.0E+02	2.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	2.1E+04	4.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.3E+05	6.2E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	2.2E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	4.0E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.1E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.1E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.8E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	2.2E+03	3.0E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.7E+02	8.8E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.7E+03	3.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.8E+04	7.2E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	8.1E+03	4.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.7E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	2.7E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+03	2.8E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	4.8E+04	5.5E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+02	1.0E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.0E+04	5.6E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.9E+04	1.4E+08

TABLE 1-7  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'D'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERD2 DISTANCE: 2.2 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.3E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	4.1E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	4.7E+02	3.4E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.5E+04	4.8E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.0E+03	2.5E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	3.0E+04	4.9E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.9E+05	8.3E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	4.5E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	3.1E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	5.7E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.6E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.6E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	4.0E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	3.2E+03	3.7E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	3.9E+02	1.0E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	2.4E+03	4.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.1E+04	7.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.2E+04	4.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	2.5E+05	4.9E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	3.9E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+03	4.0E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	7.0E+04	8.0E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.7E+02	1.5E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.5E+04	8.2E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	2.8E+04	1.5E+08

TABLE 1-7  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'D'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE barr

DISTANCE: 3.0 MILES

X/Q : 6.9E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 7.2E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-8  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER      DISTANCE: .8 MILES  
X/Q      :    7.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q      :    1.1E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	2.8E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	3.2E+02	2.9E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	3.1E+04	3.4E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	7.0E+02	2.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	2.1E+04	4.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.3E+05	6.2E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	2.2E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	4.0E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.1E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.1E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.8E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	2.2E+03	3.0E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.7E+02	8.8E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.7E+03	3.5E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.8E+04	7.2E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	8.1E+03	4.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.7E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	2.7E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+03	2.8E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	4.8E+04	5.5E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+02	1.0E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.0E+04	5.6E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.9E+04	1.4E+08

TABLE 1-8  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERE2 DISTANCE: 1.0 MILES

X/Q : 5.8E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 8.4E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	4.3E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	4.9E+02	3.5E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.8E+04	5.0E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.1E+03	2.5E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	3.2E+04	5.0E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	2.0E+05	8.7E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	4.8E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	3.3E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	6.0E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	1.7E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	1.7E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	4.2E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	3.3E+03	3.8E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.1E+02	1.1E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	2.6E+03	4.7E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.3E+04	7.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.2E+04	4.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	2.6E+05	4.9E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	4.1E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+03	4.2E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	7.3E+04	8.3E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+03	1.5E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.5E+04	8.6E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	2.9E+04	1.5E+08

TABLE 1-8  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERE3 DISTANCE: 1.4 MILES

X/Q : 3.7E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 5.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	2.4E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	2.8E+02	2.8E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.7E+04	2.9E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	6.0E+02	2.0E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.8E+04	4.4E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.1E+05	5.5E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	2.7E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.8E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	3.4E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	9.6E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	9.6E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.4E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.9E+03	2.8E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.3E+02	8.3E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.4E+03	3.1E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.4E+04	7.2E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	6.9E+03	4.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.5E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	2.3E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+03	2.4E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	4.1E+04	4.7E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.7E+02	8.6E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	8.6E+03	4.8E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.7E+04	1.4E+08



TABLE 1-8  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERE4 DISTANCE: 2.6 MILES

X/Q : 1.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.6E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	5.1E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+02	3.8E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	5.6E+04	5.8E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.3E+03	2.7E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	3.7E+04	5.2E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	2.4E+05	1.0E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	5.6E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	3.9E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	7.1E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.0E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	2.0E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	5.0E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	3.9E+03	4.2E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	4.8E+02	1.1E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	3.0E+03	5.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	5.1E+04	7.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.5E+04	4.4E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	3.1E+05	5.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	4.8E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	5.0E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	8.7E+04	9.9E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+03	1.8E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	1.8E+04	1.0E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	3.5E+04	1.5E+08

TABLE 1-8  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: CAMP HORNO

DISTANCE: 4.1 MILES

X/Q : 7.5E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 7.2E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 1-9  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: SO ST. PK./GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: .8 MILES

X/Q : 9.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 8.4E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	1.3E+08

TABLE 1-9  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTER

DISTANCE: 1.5 MILES

X/Q : 3.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.8E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	2.4E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	2.8E+02	2.8E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.7E+04	2.9E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	6.0E+02	2.0E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	1.8E+04	4.4E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	1.1E+05	5.5E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	2.7E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	1.8E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	3.4E+04	2.0E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	9.6E+03	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	9.6E+03	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.4E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	1.9E+03	2.8E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.3E+02	8.3E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	1.4E+03	3.1E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	2.4E+04	7.2E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	6.9E+03	4.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	1.5E+05	4.8E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	2.3E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+03	2.4E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	4.1E+04	4.7E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.7E+02	8.6E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	8.6E+03	4.8E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	1.7E+04	1.4E+08

TABLE 1-9  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: BORDER PATROL CHECKPT. DISTANCE: 1.9 MILES

X/Q : 2.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.9E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+03	1.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	3.8E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+03	9.4E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+05	1.0E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	5.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	5.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	6.9E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.7E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.0E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.4E+05	5.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.9E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	4.1E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+04	2.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+05	5.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.9E+04	3.7E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	1.9E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+06	4.7E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+05	6.7E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+03	1.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	6.9E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.0E+08

TABLE 1-9  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: DEER CONSUMER/HUNTERF2 DISTANCE: 5.0 MILES

X/Q : 6.2E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 3.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	2.3E+01	6.7E+01	3.9E+01
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+04	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	7.6E+02	4.3E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	7.4E+04	7.6E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+06	0.0E+00	8.0E+06	1.7E+03	3.2E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00	1.9E+07	4.9E+04	5.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+07	0.0E+00	7.2E+07	3.1E+05	1.3E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+07	0.0E+00	2.6E+07	7.4E+04	3.1E+07
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+09	0.0E+00	8.0E+08	5.1E+05	1.2E+09
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+07	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	9.3E+04	2.1E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	2.7E+04	8.2E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+08	0.0E+00	7.5E+08	2.7E+04	1.3E+09
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+08	0.0E+00	4.5E+08	6.5E+04	5.3E+08
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+08	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	5.1E+03	5.1E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	6.3E+02	1.3E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+08	0.0E+00	9.3E+07	4.0E+03	6.6E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+06	0.0E+00	4.2E+06	6.7E+04	7.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	1.9E+04	4.6E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+07	0.0E+00	2.9E+07	4.1E+05	5.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+08	0.0E+00	4.3E+08	6.3E+05	5.9E+08
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+03	6.5E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	8.6E+00	1.1E+05	1.3E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+03	2.4E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E-15	0.0E+00	6.3E-16	2.4E+04	1.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+08	0.0E+00	9.4E+07	4.6E+04	1.6E+08

TABLE 1-10  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE BCH CAMPGD DISTANCE: 1.8 MILES

X/Q : 2.3E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	5.3E+01	0.0E+00	9.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.1E+03	3.8E+05	1.4E+03	3.8E+05	1.7E+03	3.8E+05	1.2E+03	3.8E+05
MN 54	8.2E+04	1.1E+08	1.3E+05	1.1E+08	1.6E+05	1.1E+08	1.2E+05	1.1E+08
CO 57	4.0E+02	2.8E+07	1.1E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07
CO 58	6.4E+04	3.1E+07	9.1E+04	3.1E+07	1.1E+05	3.1E+07	7.6E+04	3.1E+07
CO 60	3.7E+05	1.8E+09	5.8E+05	1.8E+09	7.2E+05	1.8E+09	4.9E+05	1.8E+09
SR 89	1.7E+05	1.8E+03	1.8E+05	1.8E+03	2.0E+05	1.8E+03	1.2E+05	1.8E+03
SR 90	9.2E+05	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	0.0E+00	7.9E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.4E+05	2.1E+07	1.8E+05	2.1E+07	2.2E+05	2.1E+07	1.5E+05	2.1E+07
NB 95	3.9E+04	1.1E+07	5.0E+04	1.1E+07	6.2E+04	1.1E+07	4.1E+04	1.1E+07
RU 103	4.5E+04	8.9E+06	5.4E+04	8.9E+06	6.4E+04	8.9E+06	4.1E+04	8.9E+06
TE 129M	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.6E+05	1.6E+06	1.0E+05	1.6E+06
CS 134	6.5E+03	5.6E+08	9.9E+03	5.6E+08	1.2E+04	5.6E+08	8.0E+03	5.6E+08
CS 136	9.7E+02	1.2E+07	1.2E+03	1.2E+07	1.5E+03	1.2E+07	9.9E+02	1.2E+07
CS 137	5.9E+03	8.5E+08	8.5E+03	8.5E+08	9.9E+03	8.5E+08	6.2E+03	8.5E+08
BA 140	1.3E+05	1.7E+06	1.4E+05	1.7E+06	1.7E+05	1.7E+06	1.0E+05	1.7E+06
CE 141	4.2E+04	1.1E+06	4.5E+04	1.1E+06	5.0E+04	1.1E+06	3.0E+04	1.1E+06
CE 144	8.1E+05	5.7E+06	9.8E+05	5.7E+06	1.1E+06	5.7E+06	6.4E+05	5.7E+06
I 131	1.2E+06	1.4E+06	1.3E+06	1.4E+06	1.4E+06	1.4E+06	9.8E+05	1.4E+06
I 132	1.4E+04	1.0E+05	1.6E+04	1.0E+05	1.2E+04	1.0E+05	9.4E+03	1.0E+05
I 133	2.9E+05	2.0E+05	3.2E+05	2.0E+05	2.4E+05	2.0E+05	1.8E+05	2.0E+05
I 134	3.7E+03	3.7E+04	4.2E+03	3.7E+04	3.2E+03	3.7E+04	2.5E+03	3.7E+04
I 135	5.7E+04	2.1E+05	6.5E+04	2.1E+05	5.1E+04	2.1E+05	3.7E+04	2.1E+05
UN-ID*	5.3E+04	6.1E+07	8.2E+04	6.1E+07	1.0E+05	6.1E+07	7.1E+04	6.1E+07

TABLE 1-10  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: YMCA SURFCAMP/RES

DISTANCE: 2.0 MILES

X/Q : 1.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 8.0E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.4E+01	0.0E+00	8.4E+01	0.0E+00	8.3E+01	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	3.1E+05	1.4E+03	3.1E+05	9.5E+02	3.1E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	9.1E+07	1.3E+05	9.1E+07	9.2E+04	9.1E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.7E+02	2.3E+07	2.1E+03	2.3E+07	2.1E+03	2.3E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.3E+04	2.5E+07	8.8E+04	2.5E+07	6.1E+04	2.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+05	1.4E+09	5.7E+05	1.4E+09	3.9E+05	1.4E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	1.4E+03	1.6E+05	1.4E+03	9.2E+04	1.4E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.7E+05	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	0.0E+00	6.3E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	1.7E+07	1.8E+05	1.7E+07	1.2E+05	1.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+04	9.0E+06	4.9E+04	9.0E+06	3.3E+04	9.0E+06
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.4E+04	7.2E+06	5.2E+04	7.2E+06	3.3E+04	7.2E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	1.3E+06	1.3E+05	1.3E+06	8.1E+04	1.3E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.0E+03	4.5E+08	9.6E+03	4.5E+08	6.4E+03	4.5E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+02	9.9E+06	1.2E+03	9.9E+06	7.9E+02	9.9E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	6.8E+08	7.9E+03	6.8E+08	4.9E+03	6.8E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.4E+06	1.3E+05	1.4E+06	8.4E+04	1.4E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+04	9.0E+05	4.0E+04	9.0E+05	2.4E+04	9.0E+05
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.9E+05	4.6E+06	8.8E+05	4.6E+06	5.1E+05	4.6E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+06	1.1E+06	9.6E+05	1.1E+06	7.8E+05	1.1E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	8.2E+04	9.9E+03	8.2E+04	7.5E+03	8.2E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+05	1.6E+05	1.9E+05	1.6E+05	1.4E+05	1.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	3.0E+04	2.6E+03	3.0E+04	2.0E+03	3.0E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.2E+04	1.7E+05	4.1E+04	1.7E+05	2.9E+04	1.7E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+04	4.9E+07	8.2E+04	4.9E+07	5.7E+04	4.9E+07



TABLE 1-10  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: HWY PATROL WEIGH STN      DISTANCE: 2.1 MILES  
X/Q      :    1.8E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q      :    7.5E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+03	1.0E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	3.1E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+03	7.7E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	4.8E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	4.8E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.6E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	2.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.5E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.1E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.8E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	5.5E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.6E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 1-10  
UNITS 2&3

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: ENCLS SUM SURFCAMP/RES DISTANCE: 2.8 MILES

X/Q : 1.2E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 4.5E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+01	0.0E+00	5.2E+01	0.0E+00	6.3E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+02	1.9E+05	8.6E+02	1.9E+05	7.2E+03	2.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+04	5.7E+07	8.2E+04	5.7E+07	7.0E+05	6.9E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+02	1.4E+07	1.3E+03	1.4E+07	1.6E+04	1.7E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+04	1.6E+07	5.5E+04	1.6E+07	4.6E+05	1.9E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	8.8E+08	3.6E+05	8.8E+08	3.0E+06	1.1E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.9E+04	8.9E+02	9.9E+04	8.9E+02	7.0E+05	1.1E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.1E+05	0.0E+00	6.8E+05	0.0E+00	4.8E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+04	1.0E+07	1.1E+05	1.0E+07	8.8E+05	1.3E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+04	5.6E+06	3.1E+04	5.6E+06	2.5E+05	6.8E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	4.5E+06	3.2E+04	4.5E+06	2.5E+05	5.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.1E+05	8.1E+04	8.1E+05	6.2E+05	9.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+03	2.8E+08	6.0E+03	2.8E+08	4.9E+04	3.4E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+02	6.2E+06	7.3E+02	6.2E+06	6.0E+03	7.5E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.3E+03	4.2E+08	5.0E+03	4.2E+08	3.8E+04	5.1E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.4E+05	8.4E+04	8.4E+05	6.4E+05	1.0E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	5.6E+05	2.5E+04	5.6E+05	1.8E+05	6.8E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	2.9E+06	5.5E+05	2.9E+06	3.9E+06	3.5E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+06	8.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.0E+03	5.1E+04	6.2E+03	5.1E+04	5.7E+04	6.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	1.0E+05	1.2E+05	1.0E+05	1.1E+06	1.2E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	1.8E+04	1.6E+03	1.8E+04	1.5E+04	2.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+04	1.0E+05	2.6E+04	1.0E+05	2.2E+05	1.3E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+04	3.1E+07	5.1E+04	3.1E+07	4.3E+05	3.7E+08

TABLE 2-1  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/LIFE GUARD DISTANCE: .9 MILES

X/Q : 5.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	1.3E+03	4.2E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	1.3E+05	1.3E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	2.9E+03	3.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	8.5E+04	3.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	5.4E+05	2.0E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	1.3E+05	2.0E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	8.8E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	1.6E+05	2.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	4.6E+04	1.2E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	4.6E+04	9.9E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	1.1E+05	1.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	8.9E+03	6.2E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	1.1E+03	1.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	6.9E+03	9.4E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.3E+04	1.2E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	7.1E+05	6.4E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	1.1E+06	1.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	1.0E+04	1.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	2.0E+05	2.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	2.7E+03	4.1E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	4.1E+04	2.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	7.9E+04	6.8E+07

TABLE 2-1  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: 1.4 MILES

X/Q : 2.8E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-1  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT ESTATES

DISTANCE: 3.1 MILES

X/Q : 8.6E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.4E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-1  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT GARDENS

DISTANCE: 3.1 MILES

X/Q : 8.5E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 2.4E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: ST PARK OFFICE TRLR                   DISTANCE: .9 MILES  
X/Q       : 1.2E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)                   D/Q       : 6.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: 1.1 MILES

X/Q : 9.8E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 4.9E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	1.5E+05	1.3E+08



TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: 1.5 MILES

X/Q : 5.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.7E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING      DISTANCE: 1.7 MILES

X/Q      :      5.2E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q      :      2.3E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN MATEO PT HOMES

DISTANCE: 3.1 MILES

X/Q : 2.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 8.0E-12 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-2  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SC RES. WITH GARDEN

DISTANCE: 4.4 MILES

X/Q : 1.2E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 1.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 2-3  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: CAMP MESA

DISTANCE: .7 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 7.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-3  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING DISTANCE: 1.6 MILES

X/Q : 3.7E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-4  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: CAMP MESA

DISTANCE: .7 MILES

X/Q : 7.7E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 6.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-4  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN MATEO

DISTANCE: 3.9 MILES

X/Q : 6.5E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 3.6E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08



TABLE 2-5  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: SANITARY LANDFILL DISTANCE: 2.1 MILES

X/Q : 1.3E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+02	1.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.0E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+02	7.5E+06
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+04	8.3E+06
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+05	4.7E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	4.7E+02
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+04	5.5E+06
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	3.0E+06
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	2.4E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	4.3E+05
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	1.5E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+02	3.3E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+03	2.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+04	4.5E+05
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.9E+03	3.0E+05
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+05	1.5E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+05	3.8E+05
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+03	2.7E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	5.4E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+02	9.9E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+03	5.5E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+04	1.6E+07

TABLE 2-6  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: SEWAGE TREAT.FACILITY DISTANCE: 2.2 MILES

X/Q : 1.3E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 2-6  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE FR.STN DISTANCE: 2.3 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+03	2.0E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+05	5.9E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.5E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	1.6E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+06	9.2E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+05	9.2E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+05	1.1E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	5.8E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	4.6E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.3E+05	8.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+04	2.9E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+03	6.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+04	4.4E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	8.8E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	5.8E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+06	3.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	7.4E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	5.3E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+05	1.0E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.9E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+05	1.1E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+05	3.2E+08

TABLE 2-6  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE

DISTANCE: 2.7 MILES

X/Q : 9.1E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 8.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-7  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'D'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE

DISTANCE: 2.7 MILES

X/Q : 8.0E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 8.6E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-8  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'E'

PATHWAY: CAMP HORNO

DISTANCE: 3.7 MILES

X/Q : 8.6E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 8.5E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 2-9  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: SO ST. PK./GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: .4 MILES

X/Q : 4.1E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.7E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	1.3E+08

TABLE 2-9  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: BORDER PATROL CHECKPT. DISTANCE: 1.6 MILES

X/Q : 3.5E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.6E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+03	1.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	3.8E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+03	9.4E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+05	1.0E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	5.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	5.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	6.9E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.7E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.0E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.4E+05	5.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.9E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	4.1E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+04	2.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+05	5.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.9E+04	3.7E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	1.9E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+06	4.7E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+05	6.7E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+03	1.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	6.9E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.0E+08



TABLE 2-10  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE BCH CAMPGD DISTANCE: 1.4 MILES

X/Q : 3.5E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.6E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	5.3E+01	0.0E+00	9.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.1E+03	3.8E+05	1.4E+03	3.8E+05	1.7E+03	3.8E+05	1.2E+03	3.8E+05
MN 54	8.2E+04	1.1E+08	1.3E+05	1.1E+08	1.6E+05	1.1E+08	1.2E+05	1.1E+08
CO 57	4.0E+02	2.8E+07	1.1E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07
CO 58	6.4E+04	3.1E+07	9.1E+04	3.1E+07	1.1E+05	3.1E+07	7.6E+04	3.1E+07
CO 60	3.7E+05	1.8E+09	5.8E+05	1.8E+09	7.2E+05	1.8E+09	4.9E+05	1.8E+09
SR 89	1.7E+05	1.8E+03	1.8E+05	1.8E+03	2.0E+05	1.8E+03	1.2E+05	1.8E+03
SR 90	9.2E+05	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	0.0E+00	7.9E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.4E+05	2.1E+07	1.8E+05	2.1E+07	2.2E+05	2.1E+07	1.5E+05	2.1E+07
NB 95	3.9E+04	1.1E+07	5.0E+04	1.1E+07	6.2E+04	1.1E+07	4.1E+04	1.1E+07
RU 103	4.5E+04	8.9E+06	5.4E+04	8.9E+06	6.4E+04	8.9E+06	4.1E+04	8.9E+06
TE 129M	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.6E+05	1.6E+06	1.0E+05	1.6E+06
CS 134	6.5E+03	5.6E+08	9.9E+03	5.6E+08	1.2E+04	5.6E+08	8.0E+03	5.6E+08
CS 136	9.7E+02	1.2E+07	1.2E+03	1.2E+07	1.5E+03	1.2E+07	9.9E+02	1.2E+07
CS 137	5.9E+03	8.5E+08	8.5E+03	8.5E+08	9.9E+03	8.5E+08	6.2E+03	8.5E+08
BA 140	1.3E+05	1.7E+06	1.4E+05	1.7E+06	1.7E+05	1.7E+06	1.0E+05	1.7E+06
CE 141	4.2E+04	1.1E+06	4.5E+04	1.1E+06	5.0E+04	1.1E+06	3.0E+04	1.1E+06
CE 144	8.1E+05	5.7E+06	9.8E+05	5.7E+06	1.1E+06	5.7E+06	6.4E+05	5.7E+06
I 131	1.2E+06	1.4E+06	1.3E+06	1.4E+06	1.2E+06	1.4E+06	9.8E+05	1.4E+06
I 132	1.4E+04	1.0E+05	1.6E+04	1.0E+05	1.2E+04	1.0E+05	9.4E+03	1.0E+05
I 133	2.9E+05	2.0E+05	3.2E+05	2.0E+05	2.4E+05	2.0E+05	1.8E+05	2.0E+05
I 134	3.7E+03	3.7E+04	4.2E+03	3.7E+04	3.2E+03	3.7E+04	2.5E+03	3.7E+04
I 135	5.7E+04	2.1E+05	6.5E+04	2.1E+05	5.1E+04	2.1E+05	3.7E+04	2.1E+05
UN-ID*	5.3E+04	6.1E+07	8.2E+04	6.1E+07	1.0E+05	6.1E+07	7.1E+04	6.1E+07

TABLE 2-10  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: YMCA SURFCAMP/RES DISTANCE: 1.6 MILES

X/Q : 2.7E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+01	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+02	1.0E+05	4.6E+02	1.0E+05	1.4E+03	4.6E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+04	3.0E+07	4.3E+04	3.0E+07	1.4E+05	1.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	7.5E+06	6.9E+02	7.5E+06	3.1E+03	3.4E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+04	8.3E+06	2.9E+04	8.3E+06	9.2E+04	3.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	4.7E+08	1.9E+05	4.7E+08	5.9E+05	2.1E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	4.7E+02	5.3E+04	4.7E+02	1.4E+05	2.1E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	0.0E+00	9.5E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	5.5E+06	5.9E+04	5.5E+06	1.7E+05	2.5E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	3.0E+06	1.6E+04	3.0E+06	5.0E+04	1.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	2.4E+06	1.7E+04	2.4E+06	5.0E+04	1.1E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+04	4.3E+05	4.3E+04	4.3E+05	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+03	1.5E+08	3.2E+03	1.5E+08	9.6E+03	6.7E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+02	3.3E+06	3.9E+02	3.3E+06	1.2E+03	1.5E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+03	2.3E+08	2.6E+03	2.3E+08	7.4E+03	1.0E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+04	4.5E+05	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	1.3E+05	2.0E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	3.0E+05	1.3E+04	3.0E+05	3.6E+04	1.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+05	1.5E+06	2.9E+05	1.5E+06	7.7E+05	6.9E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	3.8E+05	3.2E+05	3.8E+05	1.2E+06	1.7E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	2.7E+04	3.3E+03	2.7E+04	1.1E+04	1.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.4E+04	5.4E+04	6.4E+04	5.4E+04	2.1E+05	2.4E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	9.9E+03	8.7E+02	9.9E+03	2.9E+03	4.4E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	5.5E+04	1.4E+04	5.5E+04	4.4E+04	2.5E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+07	2.7E+04	1.6E+07	8.5E+04	7.3E+07

TABLE 2-10  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: HWY PATROL WEIGH STN DISTANCE: 1.8 MILES

X/Q : 2.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+03	1.0E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	3.1E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+03	7.7E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	4.8E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	4.8E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.6E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	2.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.5E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.1E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.8E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	5.5E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.6E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 2-10  
SOUTH YARD FACILITY

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: ENCLS SUM SURFCAMP/RES DISTANCE: 2.5 MILES

X/Q : 1.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 5.6E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+01	0.0E+00	5.2E+01	0.0E+00	6.3E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+02	1.9E+05	8.6E+02	1.9E+05	7.2E+03	2.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+04	5.7E+07	8.2E+04	5.7E+07	7.0E+05	6.9E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+02	1.4E+07	1.3E+03	1.4E+07	1.6E+04	1.7E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+04	1.6E+07	5.5E+04	1.6E+07	4.6E+05	1.9E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	8.8E+08	3.6E+05	8.8E+08	3.0E+06	1.1E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.9E+04	8.9E+02	9.9E+04	8.9E+02	7.0E+05	1.1E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.1E+05	0.0E+00	6.8E+05	0.0E+00	4.8E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+04	1.0E+07	1.1E+05	1.0E+07	8.8E+05	1.3E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+04	5.6E+06	3.1E+04	5.6E+06	2.5E+05	6.8E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	4.5E+06	3.2E+04	4.5E+06	2.5E+05	5.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.1E+05	8.1E+04	8.1E+05	6.2E+05	9.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+03	2.8E+08	6.0E+03	2.8E+08	4.9E+04	3.4E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+02	6.2E+06	7.3E+02	6.2E+06	6.0E+03	7.5E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.3E+03	4.2E+08	5.0E+03	4.2E+08	3.8E+04	5.1E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.4E+05	8.4E+04	8.4E+05	6.4E+05	1.0E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	5.6E+05	2.5E+04	5.6E+05	1.8E+05	6.8E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	2.9E+06	5.5E+05	2.9E+06	3.9E+06	3.5E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+06	8.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.0E+03	5.1E+04	6.2E+03	5.1E+04	5.7E+04	6.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	1.0E+05	1.2E+05	1.0E+05	1.1E+06	1.2E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	1.8E+04	1.6E+03	1.8E+04	1.5E+04	2.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+04	1.0E+05	2.6E+04	1.0E+05	2.2E+05	1.3E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+04	3.1E+07	5.1E+04	3.1E+07	4.3E+05	3.7E+08

TABLE 3-1  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/LIFE GUARD DISTANCE: .3 MILES

X/Q : 3.8E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.7E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	1.3E+03	4.2E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	1.3E+05	1.3E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	2.9E+03	3.1E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	8.5E+04	3.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	5.4E+05	2.0E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	1.3E+05	2.0E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	8.8E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	1.6E+05	2.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	4.6E+04	1.2E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	4.6E+04	9.9E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	1.1E+05	1.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	8.9E+03	6.2E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	1.1E+03	1.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	6.9E+03	9.4E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.3E+04	1.2E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	7.1E+05	6.4E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	1.1E+06	1.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	1.0E+04	1.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	2.0E+05	2.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	2.7E+03	4.1E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	4.1E+04	2.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	7.9E+04	6.8E+07

TABLE 3-1  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: .8 MILES

X/Q : 6.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 2.5E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-1  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT ESTATES                      DISTANCE: 2.5 MILES

X/Q            :    1.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q            :    4.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.2E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-1  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'P'

PATHWAY: COTTON POINT GARDENS

DISTANCE: 2.5 MILES

X/Q : 1.4E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 4.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09



TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: ST PARK OFFICE TRLR      DISTANCE: .4 MILES  
X/Q : 5.6E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)      D/Q : 3.1E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SURF BEACH/GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: .5 MILES

X/Q : 3.2E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.7E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+01	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	3.2E+04	6.9E+02	1.5E+05	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	9.5E+06	6.5E+04	4.5E+07	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.1E+01	2.4E+06	1.0E+03	1.1E+07	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+03	2.6E+06	4.4E+04	1.2E+07	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	1.5E+08	2.9E+05	7.0E+08	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.5E+02	7.9E+04	7.1E+02	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	1.7E+06	8.8E+04	8.2E+06	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	9.4E+05	2.5E+04	4.5E+06	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+03	7.5E+05	2.6E+04	3.6E+06	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.5E+04	6.4E+05	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+02	4.7E+07	4.8E+03	2.2E+08	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	1.0E+06	5.8E+02	4.9E+06	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+02	7.1E+07	4.0E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.4E+05	6.6E+04	6.7E+05	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+03	9.4E+04	2.0E+04	4.5E+05	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+04	4.8E+05	4.4E+05	2.3E+06	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+05	4.8E+05	5.6E+05	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	8.5E+03	4.9E+03	4.1E+04	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.7E+04	9.5E+04	8.0E+04	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	3.1E+03	1.3E+03	1.5E+04	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.5E+03	1.7E+04	2.0E+04	8.2E+04	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+03	5.1E+06	4.1E+04	2.4E+07	1.5E+05	1.3E+08

TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SORB RESDNT/CAMPGROUND DISTANCE: .9 MILES

X/Q : 1.2E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 6.0E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	1.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.8E+02	0.0E+00	2.1E+02	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	2.1E+03	7.6E+05	2.8E+03	7.6E+05	3.4E+03	7.6E+05	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.6E+05	2.3E+08	2.6E+05	2.3E+08	3.3E+05	2.3E+08	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	8.0E+02	5.6E+07	2.2E+03	5.6E+07	5.2E+03	5.6E+07	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	1.3E+05	6.2E+07	1.8E+05	6.2E+07	2.2E+05	6.2E+07	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	7.4E+05	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	3.5E+09	1.4E+06	3.5E+09	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	3.3E+05	3.5E+03	3.5E+05	3.5E+03	4.0E+05	3.5E+03	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.8E+06	0.0E+00	2.4E+06	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	2.9E+05	4.1E+07	3.7E+05	4.1E+07	4.4E+05	4.1E+07	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	7.9E+04	2.2E+07	1.0E+05	2.2E+07	1.2E+05	2.2E+07	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	9.1E+04	1.8E+07	1.1E+05	1.8E+07	1.3E+05	1.8E+07	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	2.8E+05	3.2E+06	2.9E+05	3.2E+06	3.2E+05	3.2E+06	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	1.3E+04	1.1E+09	2.0E+04	1.1E+09	2.4E+04	1.1E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.9E+03	2.5E+07	2.4E+03	2.5E+07	2.9E+03	2.5E+07	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	1.2E+04	1.7E+09	1.7E+04	1.7E+09	2.0E+04	1.7E+09	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	2.6E+05	3.4E+06	2.9E+05	3.4E+06	3.3E+05	3.4E+06	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	8.5E+04	2.2E+06	8.9E+04	2.2E+06	1.0E+05	2.2E+06	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	1.6E+06	1.1E+07	2.0E+06	1.1E+07	2.2E+06	1.1E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	2.7E+06	2.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.8E+06	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	2.8E+04	2.0E+05	3.2E+04	2.0E+05	2.5E+04	2.0E+05	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	5.8E+05	4.0E+05	6.3E+05	4.0E+05	4.8E+05	4.0E+05	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	7.3E+03	7.4E+04	8.3E+03	7.4E+04	6.5E+03	7.4E+04	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	1.1E+05	4.1E+05	1.3E+05	4.1E+05	1.0E+05	4.1E+05	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	1.1E+05	1.2E+08	1.6E+05	1.2E+08	2.0E+05	1.2E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING      DISTANCE: 1.2 MILES

X/Q        :    9.4E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    4.5E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SAN MATEO PT HOMES

DISTANCE: 2.5 MILES

X/Q : 2.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 1.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-2  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'Q'

PATHWAY: SC RES. WITH GARDEN                      DISTANCE: 3.9 MILES

X/Q            :    1.5E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q            :    5.1E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	4.0E+03	1.3E+03	2.6E+03	1.3E+03	2.3E+03
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	1.1E+07	2.1E+04	1.5E+07	1.4E+04	1.6E+07
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	2.0E+09	2.0E+06	2.3E+09	1.4E+06	2.3E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	5.8E+08	3.1E+04	6.6E+08	3.1E+04	6.3E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	7.5E+08	1.3E+06	9.7E+08	9.3E+05	9.9E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.4E+10	8.7E+06	2.5E+10	6.0E+06	2.5E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	3.5E+10	2.4E+06	1.5E+10	1.4E+06	9.8E+09
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	1.4E+12	1.6E+07	8.3E+11	9.6E+06	6.7E+11
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	1.1E+09	2.7E+06	1.5E+09	1.8E+06	1.4E+09
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	4.3E+08	7.5E+05	5.9E+08	5.0E+05	6.1E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	5.0E+08	7.8E+05	6.8E+08	5.0E+05	6.6E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.9E+09	2.0E+06	1.8E+09	1.2E+06	1.2E+09
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	3.2E+10	1.5E+05	2.3E+10	9.8E+04	1.8E+10
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	3.7E+08	1.8E+04	3.2E+08	1.2E+04	3.2E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	3.4E+10	1.2E+05	2.4E+10	7.5E+04	1.9E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	3.0E+08	2.0E+06	2.3E+08	1.3E+06	2.8E+08
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	4.2E+08	6.1E+05	5.5E+08	3.6E+05	5.2E+08
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	1.0E+10	1.3E+07	1.3E+10	7.8E+06	1.1E+10
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	4.8E+10	1.5E+07	3.1E+10	1.2E+07	3.8E+10
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	8.1E+08	2.9E+06	4.6E+08	2.2E+06	5.3E+08
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	1.2E+07	6.2E+05	8.2E+06	4.5E+05	9.1E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	3.5E+09	1.2E+06	2.6E+09	8.6E+05	2.0E+09

TABLE 3-3  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'R'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE III HOUSING      DISTANCE: 1.1 MILES

X/Q        :    6.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    3.8E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08





TABLE 3-4  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'A'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN MATEO

DISTANCE: 3.6 MILES

X/Q : 7.5E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 4.2E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-5  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: CAMP MESA

DISTANCE: .3 MILES

X/Q : 3.9E-06 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 3.4E-08 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	6.5E+02	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.3E+04	4.7E+06	1.7E+04	4.7E+06	2.1E+04	4.7E+06	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	1.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.6E+06	1.4E+09	2.0E+06	1.4E+09	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	4.9E+03	3.4E+08	1.3E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	7.8E+05	3.8E+08	1.1E+06	3.8E+08	1.3E+06	3.8E+08	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	4.5E+06	2.2E+10	7.1E+06	2.2E+10	8.7E+06	2.2E+10	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	2.0E+06	2.2E+04	2.2E+06	2.2E+04	2.4E+06	2.2E+04	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	1.1E+07	0.0E+00	1.5E+07	0.0E+00	1.6E+07	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.8E+06	2.5E+08	2.2E+06	2.5E+08	2.7E+06	2.5E+08	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	4.8E+05	1.4E+08	6.1E+05	1.4E+08	7.5E+05	1.4E+08	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	5.5E+05	1.1E+08	6.6E+05	1.1E+08	7.8E+05	1.1E+08	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	1.7E+06	2.0E+07	1.8E+06	2.0E+07	2.0E+06	2.0E+07	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	8.0E+04	6.8E+09	1.2E+05	6.8E+09	1.5E+05	6.8E+09	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	1.2E+04	1.5E+08	1.5E+04	1.5E+08	1.8E+04	1.5E+08	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	7.1E+04	1.0E+10	1.0E+05	1.0E+10	1.2E+05	1.0E+10	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	1.6E+06	2.1E+07	1.7E+06	2.1E+07	2.0E+06	2.1E+07	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	5.2E+05	1.4E+07	5.4E+05	1.4E+07	6.1E+05	1.4E+07	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	9.8E+06	7.0E+07	1.2E+07	7.0E+07	1.3E+07	7.0E+07	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.6E+07	1.7E+07	1.5E+07	1.7E+07	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	1.7E+05	1.2E+06	1.9E+05	1.2E+06	1.5E+05	1.2E+06	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	3.6E+06	2.4E+06	3.8E+06	2.4E+06	2.9E+06	2.4E+06	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	5.1E+04	4.5E+05	4.0E+04	4.5E+05	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	7.0E+05	2.5E+06	7.9E+05	2.5E+06	6.2E+05	2.5E+06	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	6.5E+05	7.5E+08	1.0E+06	7.5E+08	1.2E+06	7.5E+08	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-5  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'B'

PATHWAY: SANITARY LANDFILL DISTANCE: 2.1 MILES

X/Q : 1.5E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.2E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+02	1.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.0E+07
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E+02	7.5E+06
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+04	8.3E+06
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+05	4.7E+08
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	4.7E+02
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+04	5.5E+06
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	3.0E+06
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+04	2.4E+06
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	4.3E+05
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	1.5E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+02	3.3E+06
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+03	2.3E+08
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+04	4.5E+05
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.9E+03	3.0E+05
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+05	1.5E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+05	3.8E+05
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+03	2.7E+04
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	5.4E+04
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+02	9.9E+03
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+03	5.5E+04
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+04	1.6E+07

TABLE 3-6  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: SEWAGE TREAT.FACILITY DISTANCE: 2.3 MILES

X/Q : 1.2E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 1.1E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	1.1E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	3.2E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+03	7.8E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	4.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	4.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.7E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	2.5E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.5E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	4.7E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.3E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	5.6E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.8E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.8E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 3-6  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE FR.STN DISTANCE: 2.4 MILES

X/Q : 1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 9.8E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+03	2.0E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+05	5.9E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.5E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	1.6E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+06	9.2E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+05	9.2E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.6E+05	1.1E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	5.8E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	4.6E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.3E+05	8.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+04	2.9E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+03	6.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+04	4.4E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+05	8.8E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	5.8E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+06	3.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+06	7.4E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	5.3E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+05	1.0E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.9E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+05	1.1E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+05	3.2E+08

TABLE 3-6  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'C'

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PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE                      DISTANCE: 2.9 MILES

X/Q        :    8.3E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    7.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

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RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08

TABLE 3-7  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'D'

PATHWAY: CAMP SAN ONOFRE

DISTANCE: 3.1 MILES

X/Q : 6.9E-08 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 7.0E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+03	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+04	4.7E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	1.4E+09
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.3E+05	3.8E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+06	2.2E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	2.2E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.8E+06	2.5E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.4E+08
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+05	1.1E+08
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	2.0E+07
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.8E+04	6.8E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	1.5E+08
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.5E+04	1.0E+10
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	2.1E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	1.4E+07
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.8E+06	7.0E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+07	1.7E+07
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	1.2E+06
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+06	2.4E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+04	4.5E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+05	2.5E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+05	7.5E+08





TABLE 3-9  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: SO ST. PK./GUARD SHACK DISTANCE: 1.0 MILES

X/Q : 6.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 4.9E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+03	8.0E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+03	5.9E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	6.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+06	3.7E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	3.7E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.0E+05	4.3E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	2.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+04	1.9E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	3.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	1.2E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	2.6E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	1.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+05	3.5E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.2E+04	2.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	1.2E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+06	2.9E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.0E+04	2.1E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+05	4.2E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.1E+03	7.7E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.7E+04	4.3E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	1.3E+08

TABLE 3-9  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'F'

PATHWAY: BORDER PATROL CHECKPT.      DISTANCE: 2.2 MILES

X/Q        :    1.9E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    1.3E-09 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+03	1.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	3.8E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.6E+03	9.4E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+05	1.0E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+06	5.9E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+05	5.9E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	6.9E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.7E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.4E+05	3.0E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.4E+05	5.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	1.9E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+03	4.1E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+04	2.8E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+05	5.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.9E+04	3.7E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	1.9E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+06	4.7E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+04	3.4E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.9E+05	6.7E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.2E+03	1.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+05	6.9E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+05	2.0E+08

TABLE 3-10  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: SAN ONOFRE BCH CAMPGD DISTANCE: 2.0 MILES

X/Q : 2.0E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 8.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	5.3E+01	0.0E+00	9.2E+01	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00	1.0E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	1.1E+03	3.8E+05	1.4E+03	3.8E+05	1.7E+03	3.8E+05	1.2E+03	3.8E+05
MN 54	8.2E+04	1.1E+08	1.3E+05	1.1E+08	1.6E+05	1.1E+08	1.2E+05	1.1E+08
CO 57	4.0E+02	2.8E+07	1.1E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07	2.6E+03	2.8E+07
CO 58	6.4E+04	3.1E+07	9.1E+04	3.1E+07	1.1E+05	3.1E+07	7.6E+04	3.1E+07
CO 60	3.7E+05	1.8E+09	5.8E+05	1.8E+09	7.2E+05	1.8E+09	4.9E+05	1.8E+09
SR 89	1.7E+05	1.8E+03	1.8E+05	1.8E+03	2.0E+05	1.8E+03	1.2E+05	1.8E+03
SR 90	9.2E+05	0.0E+00	1.2E+06	0.0E+00	1.4E+06	0.0E+00	7.9E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	1.4E+05	2.1E+07	1.8E+05	2.1E+07	2.2E+05	2.1E+07	1.5E+05	2.1E+07
NB 95	3.9E+04	1.1E+07	5.0E+04	1.1E+07	6.2E+04	1.1E+07	4.1E+04	1.1E+07
RU 103	4.5E+04	8.9E+06	5.4E+04	8.9E+06	6.4E+04	8.9E+06	4.1E+04	8.9E+06
TE 129M	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.4E+05	1.6E+06	1.6E+05	1.6E+06	1.0E+05	1.6E+06
CS 134	6.5E+03	5.6E+08	9.9E+03	5.6E+08	1.2E+04	5.6E+08	8.0E+03	5.6E+08
CS 136	9.7E+02	1.2E+07	1.2E+03	1.2E+07	1.5E+03	1.2E+07	9.9E+02	1.2E+07
CS 137	5.9E+03	8.5E+08	8.5E+03	8.5E+08	9.9E+03	8.5E+08	6.2E+03	8.5E+08
BA 140	1.3E+05	1.7E+06	1.4E+05	1.7E+06	1.7E+05	1.7E+06	1.0E+05	1.7E+06
CE 141	4.2E+04	1.1E+06	4.5E+04	1.1E+06	5.0E+04	1.1E+06	3.0E+04	1.1E+06
CE 144	8.1E+05	5.7E+06	9.8E+05	5.7E+06	1.1E+06	5.7E+06	6.4E+05	5.7E+06
I 131	1.2E+06	1.4E+06	1.3E+06	1.4E+06	1.2E+06	1.4E+06	9.8E+05	1.4E+06
I 132	1.4E+04	1.0E+05	1.6E+04	1.0E+05	1.2E+04	1.0E+05	9.4E+03	1.0E+05
I 133	2.9E+05	2.0E+05	3.2E+05	2.0E+05	2.4E+05	2.0E+05	1.8E+05	2.0E+05
I 134	3.7E+03	3.7E+04	4.2E+03	3.7E+04	3.2E+03	3.7E+04	2.5E+03	3.7E+04
I 135	5.7E+04	2.1E+05	6.5E+04	2.1E+05	5.1E+04	2.1E+05	3.7E+04	2.1E+05
UN-ID*	5.3E+04	6.1E+07	8.2E+04	6.1E+07	1.0E+05	6.1E+07	7.1E+04	6.1E+07

TABLE 3-10  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: YMCA SURFCAMP/RES

DISTANCE: 2.2 MILES

X/Q : 1.8E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)

D/Q : 7.3E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+01	0.0E+00	2.8E+01	0.0E+00	1.2E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.7E+02	1.0E+05	4.6E+02	1.0E+05	1.4E+03	4.6E+05
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.5E+04	3.0E+07	4.3E+04	3.0E+07	1.4E+05	1.4E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+02	7.5E+06	6.9E+02	7.5E+06	3.1E+03	3.4E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.4E+04	8.3E+06	2.9E+04	8.3E+06	9.2E+04	3.7E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+05	4.7E+08	1.9E+05	4.7E+08	5.9E+05	2.1E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+04	4.7E+02	5.3E+04	4.7E+02	1.4E+05	2.1E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+05	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	0.0E+00	9.5E+05	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+04	5.5E+06	5.9E+04	5.5E+06	1.7E+05	2.5E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+04	3.0E+06	1.6E+04	3.0E+06	5.0E+04	1.3E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E+04	2.4E+06	1.7E+04	2.4E+06	5.0E+04	1.1E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.9E+04	4.3E+05	4.3E+04	4.3E+05	1.2E+05	1.9E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+03	1.5E+08	3.2E+03	1.5E+08	9.6E+03	6.7E+08
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+02	3.3E+06	3.9E+02	3.3E+06	1.2E+03	1.5E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.3E+03	2.3E+08	2.6E+03	2.3E+08	7.4E+03	1.0E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.8E+04	4.5E+05	4.5E+04	4.5E+05	1.3E+05	2.0E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.2E+04	3.0E+05	1.3E+04	3.0E+05	3.6E+04	1.3E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+05	1.5E+06	2.9E+05	1.5E+06	7.7E+05	6.9E+06
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.6E+05	3.8E+05	3.2E+05	3.8E+05	1.2E+06	1.7E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.2E+03	2.7E+04	3.3E+03	2.7E+04	1.1E+04	1.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.4E+04	5.4E+04	6.4E+04	5.4E+04	2.1E+05	2.4E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+03	9.9E+03	8.7E+02	9.9E+03	2.9E+03	4.4E+04
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	5.5E+04	1.4E+04	5.5E+04	4.4E+04	2.5E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.6E+07	2.7E+04	1.6E+07	8.5E+04	7.3E+07

TABLE 3-10  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: HWY PATROL WEIGH STN DISTANCE: 2.3 MILES

X/Q : 1.6E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3) D/Q : 6.4E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+03	1.0E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	3.1E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+03	7.7E+07
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+05	8.5E+07
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.3E+06	4.8E+09
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.1E+05	4.8E+03
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+05	5.6E+07
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	3.1E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.1E+05	2.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.4E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	1.5E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+03	3.4E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+04	2.3E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.8E+05	4.6E+06
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.1E+04	3.1E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.7E+06	1.6E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+06	3.8E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.6E+04	2.8E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.8E+05	5.5E+05
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+03	1.0E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.0E+05	5.6E+05
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.9E+05	1.7E+08

TABLE 3-10  
NORTH INDUSTRIAL AREA (UNIT 1)

DOSE PARAMETER R(I) FOR SECTOR 'G'

PATHWAY: ENCLS SUM SURFCAMP/RES      DISTANCE: 3.1 MILES

X/Q        :    1.1E-07 SEC/(M\*\*3)                      D/Q        :    3.9E-10 /M\*\*(2)

RADIO- NUCLIDE	INFANT		CHILD		TEEN		ADULT	
	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)	INHALATION (MREM/YR PER UCI/M3)	FOOD & GROUND (M2.MREM/YR PER UCI/SEC)
H 3**	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.6E+01	0.0E+00	5.2E+01	0.0E+00	6.3E+02	0.0E+00
CR 51	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E+02	1.9E+05	8.6E+02	1.9E+05	7.2E+03	2.3E+06
MN 54	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.5E+04	5.7E+07	8.2E+04	5.7E+07	7.0E+05	6.9E+08
CO 57	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.4E+02	1.4E+07	1.3E+03	1.4E+07	1.6E+04	1.7E+08
CO 58	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.5E+04	1.6E+07	5.5E+04	1.6E+07	4.6E+05	1.9E+08
CO 60	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.9E+05	8.8E+08	3.6E+05	8.8E+08	3.0E+06	1.1E+10
SR 89	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.9E+04	8.9E+02	9.9E+04	8.9E+02	7.0E+05	1.1E+04
SR 90	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.1E+05	0.0E+00	6.8E+05	0.0E+00	4.8E+06	0.0E+00
ZR 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	9.2E+04	1.0E+07	1.1E+05	1.0E+07	8.8E+05	1.3E+08
NB 95	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.5E+04	5.6E+06	3.1E+04	5.6E+06	2.5E+05	6.8E+07
RU 103	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.7E+04	4.5E+06	3.2E+04	4.5E+06	2.5E+05	5.4E+07
TE 129M	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.1E+05	8.1E+04	8.1E+05	6.2E+05	9.8E+06
CS 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E+03	2.8E+08	6.0E+03	2.8E+08	4.9E+04	3.4E+09
CS 136	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.0E+02	6.2E+06	7.3E+02	6.2E+06	6.0E+03	7.5E+07
CS 137	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.3E+03	4.2E+08	5.0E+03	4.2E+08	3.8E+04	5.1E+09
BA 140	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.2E+04	8.4E+05	8.4E+04	8.4E+05	6.4E+05	1.0E+07
CE 141	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.2E+04	5.6E+05	2.5E+04	5.6E+05	1.8E+05	6.8E+06
CE 144	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E+05	2.9E+06	5.5E+05	2.9E+06	3.9E+06	3.5E+07
I 131	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.7E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+05	7.1E+05	6.0E+06	8.6E+06
I 132	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	8.0E+03	5.1E+04	6.2E+03	5.1E+04	5.7E+04	6.2E+05
I 133	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+05	1.0E+05	1.2E+05	1.0E+05	1.1E+06	1.2E+06
I 134	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	2.1E+03	1.8E+04	1.6E+03	1.8E+04	1.5E+04	2.2E+05
I 135	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.3E+04	1.0E+05	2.6E+04	1.0E+05	2.2E+05	1.3E+06
UN-ID*	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.1E+04	3.1E+07	5.1E+04	3.1E+07	4.3E+05	3.7E+08

**Enclosure 4:**

Offsite Dose Calculation Manual  
Nuclear Organization  
San Onofre Nuclear Generation Station (SONGS)  
Appendix B,  
Supplemental Information for Effluent Controls  
SO123-ODCM-B, Revision 7, 09-23-13

**OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL**  
**NUCLEAR ORGANIZATION**  
**SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION (SONGS)**

**APPENDIX B**  
**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR EFFLUENT CONTROLS**



## ODCM APPENDIX B

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**TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2 & 3 DOSE PARAMETER R; FOR SECTOR P**

April 23, 1993

TO: DARYL DICK, SONGS Effluent Engineering

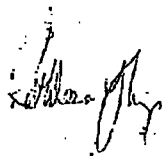
SUBJECT: RECOMMENDED EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION FROM 10CFR20  
APPENDIX B, TABLE 2, FOR SETPOINT CALCULATIONS

Daryl,

I have indicated on the attached table which effluent concentration limits (ECLs) are recommended for use when calculating radiation monitor setpoint values for liquid and airborne radioactive effluent releases from SONGS.

For simplicity's sake, when the station implements the new 10CFR20, ECLs should be used exclusively. In cases where more than one value is listed (based on retention) in Appendix B, Table 2, the most conservative value is recommended for routine calculations. Under conditions which require more flexibility, actual chemical and physical characteristics of the release stream may be considered to allow use of a more representative value. It is recommended that each of these instances be documented. Since no ECLs are provided in Column 2 for dissolved and entrained gases in liquids, per NUREG 1301, "Offsite Dose Calculation manual Guidance: Standard Radiological Effluent Controls for Pressurized Water Reactors", Specification 3.11.1.1, a value of  $2E-4$  uCi/ml should be used.

If there are any questions, please call me at 50512.



Kathleen Yhip  
HPE Engineer

cc: HPE Files

SO123-ODCM-B  
Revision 1  
02-29-08

**TABLE 1-1  
UNITS 2 & 3 DOSE PARAMETER R; FOR SECTOR P**

GAS AND LIQUID EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION LIMIT (ECI) VALUES						
	ISOTOPE	GAS ECL	GAS MPC	ISOTOPE	LIQUID ECL	LIQUID MPC
		(ECL)	(MPC)		(ECL)	(MPC)
1	H-3	1E-7	2E-7	H-3	1E-3	3E-3
2	Na-24	7E-9	5E-9	Na-24	5E-5	3E-5
3	Ar-41	1E-8	4E-8	Ar-41		2E-4
4	Sc-46	3E-10	8E-10	Sc-46	1E-5	4E-5
5	Cr-51	6E-8 d 3E-8 w, a	8E-8	Cr-51	5E-4	2E-3
6	Mn-54	1E-9	1E-9	Mn-54	3E-5	1E-4
7	Mn-56	2E-8 d 3E-8 w	2E-8	Mn-56	7E-5	1E-4
8	Fe-55	3E-9 d 6E-9 w	3E-8	Fe-55	1E-4	8E-4
9	Fe-59	5E-10 d 7E-10 w	2E-9	Fe-59	1E-5	5E-5
10	Co-57	4E-9 w 9E-10 a	6E-9	Co-57	6E-5	4E-4
11	Co-58	2E-9 w 1E-9 a	2E-9	Co-58	2E-5	9E-5
12	Co-60	2E-10 w 5E-11 a	3E-10	Co-60	3E-6	3E-5
13	Cu-64	4E-8 d 3E-8 w, a	4E-8	Cu-64	2E-4	2E-4
14	Zn-65	4E-10	2E-9	Zn-65	5E-6	1E-4
15	Br-82	6E-9 d 5E-9 w	6E-9	Br-82	4E-5	4E-5
16	Br-84	8E-8 d 9E-8 w	3E-8	Br-84	4E-4	2E-4
17	Kr-85	7E-7	3E-7	Kr-85		2E-4
18	Kr-85m	1E-7	1E-7	Kr-85m		2E-4
19	Kr-87	2E-8	2E-8	Nr-87		2E-4
20	Kr-88	9E-8	2E-8	Kr-88		2E-4
21	Rb-88	9E-8	2E-4	Rb-88	4E-4	2E-4

GAS AND LIQUID EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION LIMIT (ECI) VALUES						
	ISOTOPE	GAS ECL	GAS MPC	ISOTOPE	LIQUID ECL	LIQUID MPC
		(ECL)	(MPC)		(ECL)	(MPC)
22	Rb-89	2E-7	2E-4	Rb-89	9E-4	2E-4
23	Sr-89	1E-9 d 2E-10 a	3E-10	Sr-89	8E-6	3E-6
24	Sr-90	3E-11 d 6E-12 a	3E-11	Sr-90	5E-7	3E-7
25	Sr-91	8E-9 d 5E-9 a	9E-9	Sr-91	2E-5	5E-5
26	Sr-92	1E-8 d 9E-8 a	1E-8	Sr-92	4E-5	6E-5
27	Y-90	9E-10	3E-9	Y-90	7E-6	2E-5
28	Y-91m	3E-7 w 2E-7 a	6E-7	Y-91m	2E-3	3E-3
29	Y-92	1E-8	1E-8	Y-92	4E-5	6E-5
30	Zr-95	4E-10 d, a 5E-10 w	1E-9	Zr-95	2E-5	6E-5
31	Zr-97	3E-9 d 2E-9 w, a	3E-9	Zr-97	9E-6	2E-5
32	Nb-95	2E-9	3E-9	Nb-95	3E-5	1E-4
33	Nb-95m	4E-9 w 3E-9 a	1E-10	Nb-95m	3E-5	3E-6
34	Nb-97	1E-7	2E-7	Nb-97	3E-4	9E-4
35	Mo-99	4E-9 d 2E-9 a	7E-9	Mo-99	2E-5	4E-5
36	Tc-99m	2E-7 d 3E-7 w	5E-7	Tc-99m	1E-3	3E-3
37	Ru-103	2E-9 d 1E-9 w 9E-10 a	3E-9	Ru-103	3E-5	8E-5
38	Ru-106	1E-10 d 8E-11 w 2E-11 a	2E-10	Ru-106	3E-6	1E-5
39	Ag-110m	2E-10 d 3E-10 w 1E-10 a	3E-10	Ag-110m	6E-6	3E-5
40	Sn-113	2E-9 d 8E-10 w	2E-9	Sn-113	3E-5	9E-5

GAS AND LIQUID EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION LIMIT (ECL) VALUES						
	ISOTOPE	GAS ECL	GAS MPC	ISOTOPE	LIQUID ECL	LIQUID MPC
		(ECL)	(MPC)		(ECL)	(MPC)
41	Sn-117m	3E-9 d 2E-9 w	1E-10	Sn-117m	3E-5	3E-6
42	Sb-122	3E-9 d 2E-9 w	5E-9	Sb-122	1E-5	3E-5
43	Sb-124	1E-9 d 3E-10 w	7E-10	Sb-124	7E-6	2E-5
44	Sb-125	3E-9 d 7E-10 w	9E-10	Sb-125	3E-5	1E-4
45	Xe-131m	2E-6	4E-7	Xe-131m		2E-4
46	Xe-133	5E-7	3E-7	Xe-133		2E-4
47	Xe-133m	6E-7	3E-7	Xe-133m		2E-4
48	Xe-135	7E-8	1E-7	Xe135		2E-4
49	Xe-135m	4E-8	3E-8	Xe-135m		2E-4
50	Xe-138	2E-8	3E-8	Xe138		2E-4
51	Te-129m	9E-10 d 3E-10 w	1E-9	Te-129m	7E-6	2E-5
52	Te-132	1E-9 d 9E-10	4E-9	Te-132	9E-6	2E-5
53	I-131	2E-10	1E-10	I-131	1E-6	3E-7
54	I-132	2E-8	3E-9	I-132	1E-4	8E-6
55	I-133	1E-9	4E-10	I-133	7E-6	1E-6
56	I-134	6E-8	6E-9	I-134	4E-4	2E-5
57	I-135	6E-9	1E-9	I-135	3E-5	4E-6
58	Cs-134	2E-10	4E-10	Cs-134	9E-7	9E-6
59	Cs-136	9E-10	6E-9	Cs-136	6E-6	6E-5
60	Cs-137	2E-10	5E-10	Cs-137	1E-6	2E-5
61	Cs-138	8E-8	3E-8	Cs-138	4E-4	2E-4
62	Ba-139	4E-8	3E-8	Ba-139	2E-4	2E-4
63	Ba-140	2E-9	1E-9	Ba-140	8E-6	2E-5
64	La-140	2E-9	4E-9	La-140	9E-6	2E-5
65	Ce-141	1E-9 w 8E-10 a	5E-9	Ce-141	3E-5	9E-5

GAS AND LIQUID EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION LIMIT (ECL) VALUES						
	ISOTOPE	GAS ECL	GAS MPC	ISOTOPE	LIQUID ECL	LIQUID MPC
		(ECL)	(MPC)		(ECL)	(MPC)
66	Ce-143	3E-9 w 2E-9 a	7E-9	Ce-143	2E-5	4E-5
67	Ce-144	4E-11 w 2E-11 a	2E-10	Ce-144	3E-6	1E-5
68	Nd-147	1E-9	8E-9	Nd-147	2E-5	6E-5
69	W-187	1E-8	1E-8	W-187	3E-5	6E-5
70	Np-239	3E-9	2E-8	Np-239	2E-5	1E-4
71	ALPHA	1E-15	2E-14	ALPHA	2E-9	3E-8

June 14, 1993

J. CLARK  
P. KNAPP

SUBJECT: Impact of new 10 CFR 20 upon SONGS Effluent Control Limits

#### INTRODUCTION

The New 10 CFR 20 is mandated to be implemented by all licensees by January 1, 1994. Unit 1 Technical Specification (T5) 6.B.4.f. (2) AND (7) and Units 2 and 3 TS 6.8.4.e. (2) and (7) require programs which set limits on concentrations of liquid and gaseous releases from the site according to 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table II. Questions have been asked of licensing regarding the effect of the new regulation upon SONGS Effluent Control Limits, and if it is necessary to revise the TS prior to implementation of the new rule.

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Licensing has reviewed the applicable TS and the new 10 CFR 20. As a result of the above, Licensing has concluded that SCE is not required to obtain amendments to the TS as a result of implementation of the revised Part 20. The new Part 20 permits the existing TS cited above to be amended at any time SCE deems appropriate.

The above conclusion is in agreement with the position presented to NRC Staff by NUMARC during a meeting earlier this month. Preliminary comments from the NRC staff indicate their concurrence. The NRC is expected to issue meeting minutes by mid-June, showing their concurrence.

#### LICENSING ISSUE

Revised Part 20 [20.1008] (b) generally requires that the license condition and TS references to the old Part 20, Sections 20.1-20.601 should be considered to have been replaced by comparable references to the new Part 20, Sections 20.1001-20.2401. The revised Part 20 [20.1008(c)] requires that any TS that is more restrictive than a requirement in the revised Part 20 remains in force until there is a TS change through a license amendment.

The limit on annually averaged radioactivity concentrations in effluents to unrestricted areas, which is a requirement in the old Part 20 (20.106), has been changed to an optional method [20.1302(b)(2)(i)] of demonstrating compliance with the annual dose limit specified in 20.1301 and is no longer ITSELF a requirement in the revised Part 20.

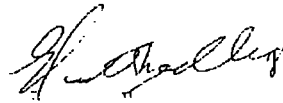
SONGS TS require that effluent concentrations be maintained below the indicated level at all times. "At all times" is reasonably accepted as meaning that averaging beyond instrument response times is not permitted. The revised Part 20 contains NO comparable "at all times" concentration limit.

The SONGS TS, by not permitting any arbitrary averaging period, are therefore MORE RESTRICTIVE than the revised part 20 limits.

Accordingly, since the SONGS TS are more restrictive than the revised Part 20, the provision of 20.1008(c) applies, with the result that the TS remains in effect, as is, until it is revised, or the license is renewed. With this conclusion, SONGS may exercise any of the following options:

1. NOT request any TS changes, with the result that SONGS must still establish setpoints in accordance with 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table II.
2. Request an amendment to section 6.8.4 changing the reference to the "revised" Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2.
3. Request an amendment to the Tech Specs of units 2/3, and NOT of 1, or vice versa.
4. Upon approval by the NRC, implement any of the above Tech Spec changes irrespective of the implementation date of the revised 10 CFR 20.

This memo does not intend to say that any requirements of 10 CFR 20 and 40 CFR 190 are invalid, including those limits pertaining to dose to members of the public, and applicable survey methods to confirm conformance with those limits.



E. S. MEDLING

cc: W. Marsh  
D. Dick  
S. Hetterick  
P. Chang  
L. Bray  
NLFS  
CDM



## MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

September 10, 1997

**SUBJECT:** Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program Bases

### REFERENCES:

1. Letter from Jack B. Moore, SCE to US Atomic Energy Commission, Proposed Environmental Technical Specifications, February 21, 1974.
2. Memorandum from E. S. Medling to D. F. Pilmer, Environmental Air Sampler Placement, October 28, 1983.
3. Memorandum from M. Goeders to E. S. Medling, Air Sampler Location Determination, August 22, 1988.
4. Memorandum from R. M. Rosenblum to H. W. Newton, Reassessment of the REMP Locations, October 28, 1992.
5. Memorandum from M. Goeders to E. M. Goldin, Bases for Selection of REMP Sample Locations, February 28, 1994.
6. Updated Final Safety Analysis Report, San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Units 2/3. Page 2.3H-1 (Appendix 2.3H).
7. UFSAR/UFHA Change Request No. SAR23-581. Add 1979-1983 meteorological data to the UFSAR.
8. Letter from K. P. Baskin, SCE to US Nuclear Regulatory Commission, February 26, 1982.
9. Final Environmental Statement, San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Units 2 and 3, NUREG-0490, US Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 1981.
10. Final Environmental Statement, San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Unit 1, US Atomic Energy Commission, 1973.
11. Environmental Report - Operating License Stage, San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station, Sections 6.1 and 6.2.

12. Letter from H. L. Ottoson, SCE to Joseph O. Ward, California Department of Health, Proposed Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, May 19, 1976.
13. Letter from Edgar D. Bailey, California Department of Health Services to Eric M. Goldin, SCE, Environmental Radiation Monitoring, February 10, 1993.
14. Memorandum from M. Goeders to E. M. Goldin, Modification of SONGS Radiological Environmental Monitoring (REM) Sample Analysis Program, November 25, 1992.
15. Memorandum from E. M. Goldin to M. J. Johnson, Deletion of Unnecessary REMP Sample Analyses, January 8, 1996.

## INTRODUCTION

The Offsite Dose Calculation Manuals (ODCM) contain Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications (RETS) that require monitoring the environs of the power plant. The RETS are based on standards published by the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) in Regulatory Guide 4.8, Regulatory Guide 1.109, NUREG-0800, NUREG-0133, NUREG-0472, and NUREG-1301. Between the time of publication of the first RETS (Reg Guide 4.8 in 1975) and the latest version (NUREG-1301 in 1991) a number of changes took place in the precise wording for the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP). Concurrent with those changes, San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station incorporated RETS first in the Technical Specifications and later, upon implementation of Generic Letter 89-01, in the ODCMs. This memorandum reviews the REMP as it exists and either cites references or provides the logic behind the construction of the program. The majority of the original RETS for Unit 1 was proposed in a letter to the Atomic Energy Commission (Reference 1) in which the REMP sampling and analysis program was detailed.

While the portion of the Unit 1 and Units 2/3 ODCMs dealing with REMP are not precisely identical in verbiage, the REMP sample requirements are the same. Sample locations, collection frequency and analyses are identified in a table in each ODCM. The table is divided into four sections for the pathways that could permit human exposure to radionuclides. Each section below describes the basis for the sample locations and/or provides appropriate references. A brief note follows each sample type with a description in general terms of differences between the San Onofre program and the standard program in regulatory guidance documents.

**AIRBORNE:** Five samples.

## Indicator Locations:

ODCM Requirement: Three samples from offsite locations (in different sectors) of the highest calculated annual average ground level D/Q.

See Reference 2 for an early documented basis for air sampler placement for Units 2/3. Reference 3 contains an evaluation of Units 2/3 air sampler locations based on the revised 1979-1983 meteorological database.

References 4 and 5 contains a more detailed evaluation of air sampler location using the five year average meteorological database (1979 through 1983 inclusive). Units 2/3 requires air samplers in Sectors E, F, and Q. Note that these sectors are the #2, #3, and #4 ranked deposition coefficients (D/Q) calculated for the Exclusion Area Boundary (EAB). The corresponding air samplers are numbers 13, 9, and 12. The highest ranked D/Q is offshore in the SSW direction (sector K), a location that cannot be sampled and does not represent a pathway for human exposure.

The three landward sectors with the highest D/Q values for Unit 1 are Q, R and A using the five year average meteorological database (1979 through 1983 inclusive). Note again that the highest D/Q is found in the offshore sector K in the SSW direction. Because the Unit 1 release point is offset from the center of the Exclusion Area Boundary (EAB), the Unit 1 sectors do not completely match the sectors for Units 2/3. Therefore, the air sampler for sector Q is air sampler #12, for sector R also #12 (on the border between Q and R), and A is air sampler #11.

Air sampler #12 appears to have been intended to satisfy both Units 2/3 and Unit 1 requirements. With regard to Unit 1, air sampler #12 is located very close to the boundary of two sectors that each require sampling. However, to ensure complete ODCM compliance, a new air sampler was installed in sector R in 1997, air sampler #14.

## Local Community:

ODCM Requirement: One sample from the vicinity of a community having the highest calculated annual average ground level D/Q.

Air sampler #1 in the City of San Clemente satisfies this requirement. It is located in sector Q for both Unit 1 and Units 2/3. Reference 4 identified Sector

Q as having the highest landward D/Q for Unit 1 (Sector K, offshore has the highest D/Q). For Units 2/3, Sector Q has the third highest D/Q. The highest is Sector K (offshore), the second highest D/Q is Sector E. Since Sector E has no community within ten miles, the air sampler location in Sector Q in the Northwest direction is appropriate. Since deposition, D/Q, decreases with increasing distance, a Distant community in Sector E will have a D/Q value considerably lower than the closer community in Sector Q. Reference 3 provided early documentation that air sampler #1 met this particular ODCM requirement.

#### Control Locations:

ODCM Requirement: One sample from a control location 15-30 km (10-20 miles) distant and in the least prevalent wind direction\*. The footnote (\*) reads: The purpose of this sample is to obtain background information. If it is not practical to establish control locations in accordance with the distance and wind direction criteria, other sites which provide valid background data may be substituted.

At the time the Unit 1 REMP was being developed, regulatory guidance did not specify air sampler locations according to the ODCM wording above. In Reference 1, proposed RETS included a control air sampler location in Huntington Beach. The Huntington Beach Generating Station is an SCE facility, providing an easy and secure location and access. Therefore, during the subsequent licensing of Units 2/3, the draft RETS that were part of the Units 2/3 license application included identification of Huntington Beach as the location for the control air sampler. The meteorological database used was a 1973-1976 three year average in which Sector P had the lowest wind prevalence for landward sectors. Therefore, although Huntington Beach was somewhat farther than the precise ODCM wording, it was an appropriate location for a control because it complied with the logic described in the footnote and because it provided continuity in data (the existing Unit 1 program).

Upon adoption of the 1979 through 1983 five year average meteorological database, Huntington Beach remained the control location for the same reasons just stated: continuity in data and sufficient distance to provide appropriate control data. The newer meteorological database, however, indicated that Sector Q was now the fifth least prevalent wind direction. Higher Sectors included (in order of decreasing wind prevalence) M (offshore), N (offshore), H (offshore), P (mostly offshore), L (offshore), G (southeast), J (offshore), B (north northeast), C (northeast), A (north), and finally Sector Q (northwest). Note that Sectors A, B and C are landward sectors on Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton. These Sectors, at a considerably higher elevation when sufficiently distant, would not be representative of the coastal location. Therefore, upon

elimination of the offshore Sectors and the landward Sectors B, C, and A, the two primary Sectors remaining are G and Q. To meet the ODCM requirement without regard for the footnote guidance, Sector G would appear to be preferable over Q. However, again noting the footnote guidance, the continuity of data, and the sufficiently distant location, Sector Q adequately meets the, ODCM requirement. Finally, due to the imminent sale of the Huntington Beach Generating Station, the control air sample will be relocated to Sector G (denoted as Air Sampler #14).

Since Unit 1 and Units 2/3 have the same meteorological database (even though the EAB D/Q and X/Q values differ), the logic above applies to Unit 1 as well. References 3, 4 and 5 have all documented the REMP air sampler locations.

The following table presents the frequency of wind direction for both the 1973-1976 and 1979-1983 databases, Sectors with an asterisk (\*) are offshore.

RANKED BY PERCENT FREQUENCY		Data from Reference 6	
Dates: 1/25/73-1/24/76		Sectors	
Wind From	Percent Frequency	From	To
E	1.6	E	N*
ESE	2.2	F	P
ENE	2.9	D	M*
NNW	3.2	R	H*
N	3.4	A	J*
SE	4.9	G	Q
SW	5.3	L*	C
SSW	6.1	K*	B
NW	6.1	Q	G
WSW	6.4	M*	D
S	6.5	J*	A
SSE	7	H*	R
W	8.6	N*	E
WNW	10.8	P	F
NNE	10.9	B	K*
NE	14	C	L*
Total	99.9		

RANKED BY PERCENT FREQUENCY		Data from Reference 7	
Dates: 1/1/79-12/31/83		Sectors	
Wind From	Percent Frequency	From	To
ENE	1.5	D	M*
E	1.7	E	N*
NNW	2	R	H*
ESE	2.4	F	P
NE	3.1	C	L*
NW	3.7	Q	G
N	4.6	A	J*
SSW	5.6	K*	B
SW	5.8	L*	C
S	6.1	J*	A
SE	6.9	G	Q
SSE	7	H*	R
WNW	7.3	P	F
WSW	7.5	M*	D
W	11.1	N*	E
NNE	23.7	B	K*
Total	100		

The ODCM requirements for airborne samples are consistent with the standard requirements in NUREG-0472 and NUREG-1301. Some variations in the wording exists, but the overall airborne sampling and analysis program is very close to that in the guidance documents.

**DIRECT RADIATION:** Thirty locations,

Inner Ring:

ODCM Requirement: An inner ring of stations in the general area of the site boundary.

References 4 and 5 documented the location of thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD) in an inner ring around both Unit 1 and Units 2/3. Note that in order to accommodate one TLD in each sector for both Unit 1 and Units 2/3, some TLDs

identified in given sectors for Units 2/3 are in different sectors for Unit 1. Due to presence of the Interstate Freeway and other obstacles, some TLDs are only located in the general vicinity of the EAB, as permitted by the ODCM. The tables below reproduce the data from Reference 4, as updated by a Global Positioning System for more precise distances. Note also that Reference 4 identified the fact that some sectors are over the ocean and cannot be monitored by TLD. Therefore, the sectors that are monitored are only those on land.

UNIT 1 INNER RING			
Direction from Site (sector)	Distance (miles)	TLD Number	Location
WNW (P)	0.39	10	PIC #1
NW (Q)	1.22	8	Beach Club
NNW (R)	0.30	67	PIC #2
N (A)	0.54	40	PIC #3
NNE (B)	0.63	61	PIC #4
NE (C)	0.66	62	PIC #5
ENE (D)	0.72	63	PIC #6
E (E)	0.76	64	PIC #7
ESE (F)	0.86	66	PIC #9
SE (G)	1.28	46	State Beach

UNITS 2/3 INNER RING			
Direction from Site (sector)	Distance (miles)	TLD Number	Location
WNW (P)	0.675	10	PIC #1
NW (Q)	0.55	67	PIC #2
NNW (R)	0.72	40	PIC #3
N (A)	0.70	61	PIC #4
NNE (B)	0.65	62	PIC #5
NE (C)	0.58	63	PIC #6
ENE (D)	0.54	64	PIC #7
E (E)	0.70	65	PIC #8
ESE (F)	0.58	66	PIC #9
SE (G)	1.0	46	State Beach

## Outer Ring:

ODCM Requirement: An outer ring in the four to five mile range from the Site with a station in each sector of each ring.

References 4 and 5 documented the location of thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD) in an outer ring around both Unit 1 and Units 2/3. As with the inner ring, in order to accommodate one TLD in each sector for both Unit 1 and Units 2/3, some TLDs identified in given sectors for Units 2/3 are indifferent sectors for Unit 1. Due to presence of the Interstate Freeway and other obstacles, some TLDs are located in a general range of four to five miles, as permitted by the ODCM. The tables below reproduce the data from Reference 4.

UNIT 1 OUTER RING			
Direction from Site (sector)	Distance (miles)	TLD Number	Location
WNW (P)	2.42	22	San Mateo Point
NW (Q)	5.33	1	San Clemente
NNW (R)	4.76	19	San Clemente Highlands
N (A)	3.38	2	Camp San Mateo
NNE (B)	4.66	35	Range 312
NE (C)	4.32	36	Range 208C
ENE (D)	4.48	68	Range 210C
E (E)	4.73	4	Camp Horno
ESE (F)	3.28	6	Old Route 101
SE (G)	3.58	38	State Beach

UNITS 2/3 OUTER RING			
Direction (sector)	Distance (miles)	TLD Number	Location
WNW (P)	2.7	22	San Mateo Point
NW (Q)	5.6	1	San Clemente
NNW (R)	5.0	19	San Clemente Highlands
N (A)	5.7	33	Camp Talega
NNE (B)	4.7	35	Range 312
NE (C)	4.2	36	Range 208C
ENE (D)	4.3	68	Range 210C
E (E)	4.5	4	Camp Horno
ESE (F)	3.0	6	Old Route 101
SE (G)	3.3	38	State Beach



**Balance:**

ODCM Requirement: The balance of the stations are in areas of specific interest such as population centers, nearby residences, schools, and two or three areas to serve as controls.

The remaining TLDs are located in other regions of interest (Marine Corps Camps), schools (San Onofre School), a hospital in San Clemente, several locations close to the plant, and several locations sufficiently distant to provide adequate controls. References 4 and 5 identified the logic for selecting those stations.

The direct radiation program is close to that in NUREG-0472 and NUREG-1301. The major difference is that the San Onofre program has fewer TLDs placed around the plant due to the seaward sectors. The ocean, and consequent lack of pathway for direct radiation measurement, limits the number of TLD locations.

**WATERBORNE:** Four categories.

## Ocean

## REMP Requirement: Four Locations

There are four ocean water sample locations, one at each Unit outfall and one control in the Newport Beach area. Note that these locations were based on the program originally proposed in Reference 1. The "indicator" locations should be near the respective outfalls but outside of the turbulent discharge area. The pathway for exposure, as discussed in Reference 1, is from swimming and a small amount of ingestion of seawater.

## Drinking Water

## REMP Requirement: Two Locations

Reference 8 noted that there is no reliable surface water in the vicinity of San Onofre. Moreover, there is no drinking water pathway for the area near San Onofre (Reference 9, pages 2-3, 2-4). Nevertheless, in accordance with Reference 8, samples are taken from nearby wells to monitor ground water. There are two locations sampled for drinking water. Until recently, two "indicator" locations were sampled for drinking water and a third sample was taken from the Huntington Beach area as a control. In 1997, the best "drinking water" location was identified as local wells about 2.4 miles from San Onofre on Camp Pendleton. As discussed in Reference 9, the flow of groundwater is toward the ocean such that it is not likely that any discharges from San Onofre, should that ever occur, could contaminate groundwater.

## Sediment from Shoreline

## REMP Requirement: Four Locations

Three samples are taken in the vicinity of San Onofre with a fourth sample taken at an appropriate control location (Newport Beach). The indicator locations are slightly upcoast (~0.2 miles from Units 2/3 midpoint at the San Onofre Surf Beach), downcoast (~0.8 miles from the midpoint at the San Onofre State Beach) and farther downcoast (~3.5 miles from the midpoint also on the State Beach). Because the predominant ocean current is downcoast (Reference 19, page 2-3), indicator samples are preferentially taken downcoast. The control is therefore appropriately taken upcoast at a sufficient distance (Newport Beach at

~29 miles). Reference 1 pointed out that this sample is intended to detect any human exposure by direct radiation (from sunbathing).

#### Ocean Bottom Sediments

##### REMP Requirement: Five Locations

Ocean bottom sediments are collected at four indicator locations and one control location. Two indicator locations are near the Unit 1 outfall and one each at Unit 2 and Unit 3 outfalls. The control location is at Laguna Beach which is about 18 miles upcoast and sufficiently distant to be unaffected by plant operation. Reference 1 noted that ocean bottom sediment could contribute to human exposure through marine plants and animals.

In addition to the ODCM required samples, ocean water and ocean bottom sediment samples have been taken near the shore at the Units 2/3 discharge structure. The purpose was to monitor any potential accumulation of radioactivity due to the presence of a defect in the discharge conduit. This defect allows some very limited discharge closer to shore than the designed discharge locations. After accumulation of sufficient negative data, this optional sampling program may be discontinued.

As discussed *above*, due to the location of San Onofre on the coast, the waterborne pathways differ from a typical land bound plant. Consequently the REMS samples required by the ODCMs for these media differ from the standard programs described in NUREG-0472 and NUREG-1301.

#### **INGESTION:** Two categories

##### Nonmigratory Marine Animals

##### REMP Requirement: Three locations

Nonmigratory marine animals are collected at two indicator locations and one control location. The indicator locations are at the Unit 1 outfall and the vicinity of the Units 2 and 3 outfalls. The control location is at Laguna Beach, which is about 18 miles upcoast and sufficiently distant to be unaffected by plant operation. Nonmigratory marine animals provide a potential pathway for human exposure through ingestion.

The types of animals collected are specified in the ODCMs (Fish, Crustacea, and Mollusks) and depend on the species available. Reference 1 noted that the samples may be taken within 2 miles of the discharge outfall. This flexibility is

important to ensure the ability to find the appropriate samples during the defined sampling period.

#### Local Crops

##### REMP Requirement-Two-locations

Representative vegetables, normally one leafy and one fleshy are collected at harvest time at two locations. The locations are one indicator and one control. The control has typically been a truck farm in the Oceanside area, over 20 miles distant in the downcoast direction. The indicator location has usually been the San Clemente Ranch at 2.6 miles in the northwest direction. These indicator and control locations were specified in the original program in Reference 1. Because of the required ODCM analysis for the highest radiation exposure contribution, samples may also be taken from the Cotton Point Estates gardens, residential gardens at 2.8 miles in the west northwest direction,

The lack of milk cows in the area around San Onofre and the limitations in vegetable crops cause the ODCM requirements to differ from the standard programs in NUREG0472 and NUREG-1301.

#### **ADDITIONAL SAMPLES**

The program has historically collected two types of samples that are not required by the ODCMs. These are kelp samples and soil samples. Kelp samples were originally specified in Reference 1 and have been collected for many years because of the commercially harvested kelp bed near San Onofre. Kelp is used in many consumer products. Should any accumulation of radioactivity in kelp occur, it would be important to monitor and assess potential exposure to the public.

Soil samples have also been historically taken in the vicinity of SONGS. The purpose is to evaluate whether there might be any accumulation of radioactivity in the soil around the plant. There are four indicator locations and one control.

The original program as described in Reference 1 also included jackrabbit samples. The animals' thyroids were evaluated for the presence of Iodine-131 and femurs were evaluated for Strontium-89 and Strontium-90. This sampling medium and associated analysis was eliminated.

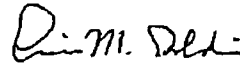
The original REMS was described in the Unit 1 Final Environmental Statement (Reference 10). The Units 2/3 program was described in the Environmental Report, Operating License Stage or ER-OLS (Reference 11). The ER-OLS described the early

sampling for soil and kelp that are no longer required by the ODCMs or by regulatory guidance, and other sample types no longer collected (such as jackrabbits). Much of the present program was built upon the early programs for the sake of continuity. Moreover, the older program at Unit 1 was used as the preoperational program for Units 2/3. The State of California Department of Health has also required environmental monitoring around commercial nuclear power plants. See Reference 12 for the proposal to the State for the REMP. The California agency also collects and analyzes some samples of certain media. Reference 13 is representative of the level of detail for this confirmatory program.

For all the above reasons, the REMP has been built on existing programs and requirements rather than simply starting fresh when new regulatory guidance was issued.

### **SAMPLE ANALYSES**

Samples are analyzed according to ODCM requirements. In the past, many analytical practices were employed that were not required. Several memoranda were written to justify elimination of these unnecessary sample analyses. References 14 and 15 describe elimination of unnecessary analytical procedures. After the deletion of unnecessary analyses, the requirements of the ODCMs match the guidance in NUREG-0472 and NUREG-1301 relatively closely.



E. M. GOLDIN

Attachment  
cc: E. S. Medling  
M. J. Johnson  
D. Dick  
K. C. Yhip  
N. A. Hansen  
HPE/CDM Files

### DEVELOPMENTAL RESOURCES

The following documents were not specifically referred to in the text. They are, however, helpful in a complete description of the development of the REMP and in some cases provide a basis for specified aspects of the REMP.

1. Letter from M. O. Medford, SCE to NRC, Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications, December 12, 1983.
2. Letter from NRC to K. P. Baskin, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, October 2, 1984.
3. Letter from NRC to K. P. Baskin, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, August 30, 1985.
4. Memorandum from E. S. Medling to D. L. Cox, Request for Amendment to SONGS Units 2/3 Technical Specifications, September 16, 1988.
5. Memorandum from J. Brown to K. Yhip, Critical Organ for 40CFR190 Evaluation of Gaseous Effluent Dose, April 2, 1991.
6. Memorandum from W. Edwards to K. Yhip, Calcium Sulfate vs Lithium Fluoride TLD Comparison, September 17, 1991.
7. Memorandum for File, M. Goeders, Channeling in Radioiodine Charcoal Cartridges, December 30, 1993
8. Memorandum from M. Goeders to E. M. Goldin, Justification for Not Collecting Leafy Vegetables at SONGS, March 15, 1994.
9. Memorandum from E. M. Goldin to P. K. Chang and M. J. Johnson, Revision of Tables for Environmental Sample Analyses, June 7, 1996.
10. Memorandum from M. J. Johnson to E. Goldin, Revision of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) Sample Locations, January 21, 1997.

Subject: Approval of Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Changes, April 27, 2010



Ross T. Ridenoure  
Senior Vice President and CNO  
San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station

April 27, 2010

MESSR: L. L. MCCANN

SUBJECT: Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) Approval Designee

Technical Specification 5.5.2.1.1 "Licensee-initiated changes to the ODCM," Section 5.5.2.1.1.b requires licensee-initiated changes to the ODCM to become effective upon review and approval by the corporate officer with direct responsibility for the plant or designee.

Consistent with the above, effective May 5th, 2010, Doug Bauder is assigned as my designee for approval of ODCM revisions.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ross T. Ridenoure', written over a large, stylized flourish.

cc:

D. R. Bauder  
R. J. St Onge  
L. T. Conklin  
E. S. Medling  
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B4-1

SO123-ODCM-B  
Revision 6  
08-09-12

## Memorandum for File

SUBJECT: Units 2/3 Building/Ventilation Envelopes/Turbine/MSIV  
Areas, Revision 1

January 13, 2012

### BACKGROUND

Units 2/3 consists of the following building/ventilation envelopes/areas: Control Room Complex Ventilation; Control Building Ventilation; Radwaste Building Ventilation; Safety Equipment Building Ventilation System; Penetration Building Ventilation System; MSIV/Turbine Building General Areas; Electrical Tunnels; Fuel Handling Building Ventilation System; Containment Purge System; and Tendon Gallery Ventilation System.

Occasionally, a potential pathway is created for an unplanned and/or unmonitored release of airborne radioactive material directly to atmosphere through open doors, building air leakage, steam leak. In addition, there are also planned but unmonitored releases of airborne radioactive material that result from system operation as designed but occur infrequently and are impractical to monitor.

For each one of the ventilation envelope/areas, the following documents form the regulatory guidance or licensing basis:

1. 10 CFR 20 and 10 CFR 50 (subpart 50.34, 50.34a, 50.36a, appendix A GDC 60 and 64, and Appendix I) require that licensees establish programs and instruments to control and monitor radioactive effluents under normal operation, anticipated operational occurrences, and accident conditions.
2. The UFSAR commits to providing an effluent monitoring system which is designed to perform to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 20, 10 CFR 50, and follow the recommendations of Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.21 Revision 1. Additionally, guidance from NUREG-0800, NUREG-0472, NUREG-0133, and RG 1.109 were used in the development of the radiological effluents specifications and the ODCM.
3. NUREG-0800, Standard Review Plan, recognizes that there are some unmonitored release points, such as containment leakage, and that "continuous gaseous effluent monitors are not required for open structures, such as PWR turbine buildings or atmospheric vents for liquid waste tanks containing treated or processed liquid waste and located outside of buildings." As a practical consideration, the regulatory guidance recognizes that there may be release points that cannot be monitored because (a) instrumentation may not exist that could reliably function under the operating conditions of the system that is being monitored or (b) because the concentrations are typically below concentrations that can be reliably determined, particularly in-line. These releases are not anticipated to result in a significant amount (curies) of activity being released or in a significant dose to the public.
4. Section 9.4 and Section 11.3 of the UFSAR recognize that there are building leakages and steam leaks, which are not monitored, to the outside atmosphere.
5. 10 CFR 20 provides airborne Derived Air Concentration (DAC) limits for station workers within the radiologically controlled area, which is controlled by the health physics radiation protection program, as well as Maximum Permissible Concentration (MPC) limits for a member of the public in the unrestricted area, which is assessed by the effluent program.

For example, Xe-133 is an isotope most likely to cause an airborne problem for building/ventilation envelopes/areas. One DAC Xe-133 =  $1E-4$  uCi/cc for the radiologically controlled area and one MPC =  $3E-7$  uCi/cc for the unrestricted area. Station Health Physics (HP) procedure considers 25% DAC an airborne radioactivity area. The unmonitored effluent impact is based on this criterion and the affected envelope exhaust ventilation flowrate. The actual or estimated flowrate and isotopes are determined when Effluent



Engineering implements S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release.

For steam leaks or steam releases from equipment (e.g. ADVs or Auxiliary Feedwater pump turbines, tritium ( $^3\text{H}$ ) is the most likely isotope present and potentially released in the absence of a primary to secondary leak. One DAC H-3 =  $2\text{E}-5$   $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$  for the radiologically controlled area and one MPC =  $2\text{E}-7$   $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{cc}$  for the unrestricted area. The effluent impact for steam releases are evaluated in Attachments A and C

- For 60 hours of Auxiliary Feedwater Pumps operation per year, the effluent impact is  $6.58\text{E}-7$  mrem during the year at the controlling location (Camp Mesa)
- For 100 hours of Atmospheric Dump Valves operation at full capacity per year, the effluent impact is  $6.58\text{E}-5$  mrem during the year at the controlling location (Camp Mesa)

While these examples are provided for Xe-133 and H-3, it holds true for other isotopes as well.

## NUISANCE PATHWAYS

Nuisance pathways are releases that occur passively and are expected to result in insignificant doses to the public, generally less than 1% of the ALARA standards in 10 CFR 50 Appendix I. Because the concentration of licensed material in these sources is typically below RETS LLDs or the total quantity of licensed material that could be released is very small, it is impractical to monitor or control these incremental releases. Examples of nuisance pathways include:

- Diffusion across the surface of water contained in an open sump
- Normal leakage from a PWR turbine building
- Atmospheric vent valves on tanks containing treated or processed liquid waste

In several of the ventilation envelopes discussed below, the ventilation exhaust is routed to the plant vent stack for discharge. The plant vent stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is routinely sampled and is equipped with in-line instrumentation that monitors the discharge to ensure that the release meets all regulatory requirements.

### Control Room Complex Ventilation (Units 2/3)

The Control Room Complex Ventilation System envelopes the areas, equipment and materials to which the control room operator could require access during an emergency. The control room is maintained at a slightly positive pressure by a normal supply fan and exhausted to the atmosphere at 2700 cfm. Of all the areas in this envelope, the Turbine Laboratory is kept at a slightly negative pressure relative to the other areas, because it is a potentially airborne radioactive area. This negative pressure is maintained by an exhaust fan dedicated to the lab; the exhaust of this fan (about 1050 cfm) is directed to the Plant Vent Stack. The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

Although the Turbine Laboratory is considered a potentially airborne radioactive area, due to administrative practices that limit operation with primary to secondary leakage, it does not typically present an airborne issue. A primary to secondary leak is the only credible source term to the lab. However, the steam generator sample passes through a flow orifice and a pressure control valve, and when the sample reaches the Turbine Lab, it is at ambient pressure. As a result, the likelihood of an airborne issue for radioactive materials is remote.

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Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactivity. If airborne at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Control Room Complex Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 2700 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 5.13E-6 mrem/hr

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 2700 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min}/60 \text{ sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} = 5.13E-6 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

Control Building Ventilation (Units 2(3))

The Control Building Ventilation System serves the Control Building except for the Control Room Complex Ventilation Envelope. It includes the following subsystem:

Consistent with standard ALARA practices, ESF Switchgear Room Normal and Emergency Cooling subsystem, ESF Battery Rooms Normal and Emergency Ventilation subsystem, Switchgear Room Ventilation subsystem, Communication Battery Room Ventilation subsystem, HP Computer Air Conditioning subsystem, Communication Room Air Conditioning subsystem, Cable Spreading and Electrical Room Ventilation subsystem, Chiller Rooms Normal and Emergency Ventilation subsystems, Public Address and Communication Rooms Air Conditioning subsystem, and Health Physics and Locker Room Air Conditioning subsystem. Several potentially airborne radioactive zones in the Health Physics and Locker Room areas are maintained at a slightly negative pressure relative to other areas and are exhausted (about 14,000 cfm) to the Plant Vent Stack. The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

Areas include: central liquid sampling room, radioactive chemical laboratory, restrooms, corridor, personnel decontamination areas and decontamination monitor area. Plant experience has shown these areas rarely, if ever, pose an airborne issue for radioactive materials. All other areas are not potentially airborne radioactive and are exhausted by normal exhaust fans at about 110,000 cfm to the atmosphere.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactivity. If airborne radioactive material at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the extremely unlikely event that the entire Control Building Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 110,000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 2.09E-4 mrem/hr.

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 110000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min}/60 \text{ sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} = 2.09E-4 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

Radwaste Building Ventilation (Units 2/3)

The Radwaste Ventilation System serves the Radwaste Building and is comprised of several subsystems: Radwaste Area Ventilation subsystem, Post Accident Sampling Laboratory Air Conditioning subsystem, Control Element Drive Mechanism Control System Room Air Conditioning subsystem, Radwaste Building Addition Ventilation subsystem, and Charging and Boric Acid Pump Rooms Emergency Ventilation.

Relative to other building/ventilation envelopes, the Radwaste envelope has a higher potential for unmonitored releases since it contains most, if not all, of the systems and components associated with liquid (such as hold up tanks) and gas processing (such as waste gas compressor and decay tanks) involving licensed material. As a result, consistent with standard ALARA practices, the entire envelope is considered potentially airborne radioactive and is maintained under a negative pressure relative to other adjacent building/ventilation envelopes. This envelope is normally exhausted (about 78,100 cfm) to the Plant Vent Stack. The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

Due to this envelope's higher potential to become airborne, additional design, procedural, and administrative controls are implemented to ensure a negative pressure is maintained to minimize ex-filtration to the outside atmosphere. For example: The ventilation supply and exhaust units are interlocked to operate in pairs. A supply unit cannot operate without an exhaust unit, which is at a higher capacity to maintain a slightly negative pressure, also operating. The Radwaste Truck Bay dampers are interlocked with the truck bay door, a boundary door to the outside atmosphere. The dampers cannot be opened when the roll up door is open and the roll up door cannot be opened when the dampers are open. Operations Instruction S023-1-5, "Auxiliary Building Normal HVAC System Operation," provides explicit directions on the Radwaste/Truck Bay ventilation envelope to ensure a negative pressure envelope is maintained. If Radwaste HVAC is lost, an immediate action is directed by this procedure to close all Radwaste doors leading to adjacent buildings and to outside areas. Operations Instructions S023-15-60.B, "Annunciator Panel," directs that Effluent Engineering be notified for a potential unplanned or uncontrolled release if Radwaste HVAC is lost. As an additional note, signs are posted on appropriate radwaste envelope doors to remind station personnel to keep doors closed when egress or ingress is not required.

Based on the relative potential for radioactive material to become airborne, the design and procedural controls that are being implemented are proper and adequate.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If airborne radioactive material at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope and concurrent with a loss of Radwaste HVAC, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Radwaste Ventilation envelope is determined to contain or exceed the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area and concurrent with a loss of Radwaste HVAC, at an exhaust rate of 78100 cfm from the Radwaste Building Ventilation Envelope, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 1.48E-4 mrem/hr. Note: Upon loss of Radwaste HVAC, there is essentially no differential pressure between the Radwaste Envelope and outside atmosphere.

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 78100 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min}/60 \text{ sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} = 1.48E-4 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

Safety Equipment Building Ventilation System (Per Unit)

The Safety Equipment Building Ventilation System include these subsystems: the safety injection pump rooms, the component cooling water pump rooms, the safety equipment building heat exchanger rooms and piping rooms, the safety equipment building air conditioning equipment room, the safety equipment building lobby area air conditioning subsystem, and the elevator room (Unit 2 only).

Under normal operation, this ventilation envelope is not considered potentially airborne radioactive. In the unlikely event of an accident condition, particularly with fuel failure, safety injection system actuation followed by a breach of pressure boundary equipment or components in the safety equipment building can potentially result in airborne radioactive material. For this reason, the exhaust of this envelope is directed to the Plant Vent Stack by the Penetration and Safety Equipment Exhaust Fan (about 9000 cfm per Unit). The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment. The only excepted area is the elevator equipment room (Unit 2 only), that draws outside air directly and exhausts (1160 cfm) directly to the outside atmosphere.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If airborne radioactive material at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Safety Equipment Building Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 9000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 1.71E-5 mrem/hr Note: Upon loss of Safety Equipment Building HVAC, there is essentially no differential pressure between the Safety Equipment Building envelope and outside atmosphere.

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 9000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min}/60 \text{ sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr} \\ \text{per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} = 1.71E-5 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

Penetration Building Ventilation System (Per Unit)

The Penetration Building Ventilation System includes these subsystems: Penetration Building Air Conditioning Subsystem, and Penetration Area Cooling Subsystem. This envelope is normally not considered potentially airborne radioactive. However, in the unlikely event of a breach of integrity in a mechanical or electrical penetration, the potential exists for an airborne concern. For this reason, this envelope is exhausted (about 9000 cfm per Unit) to the Plant Vent Stack. The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment..

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If airborne radioactive material at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

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Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Penetration Building Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 9000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 1.71E-5 mrem/hr. Note: Upon loss of Penetration Building HVAC, there is essentially no differential pressure between the Penetration Envelope and outside atmosphere.

$$1\text{E-4 uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 9000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832\text{E4 cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min/60 sec} * 4.8\text{E-6 sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr/8766 hrs} = 1.71\text{E-5 mrem/hr}$$

Electrical Tunnel Ventilation (Units 2/3)

The Electrical Tunnel Ventilation System includes these subsystems: Safety Equipment Building (SEB) Electrical Tunnel, and the Access Building and Underground Cable Tunnel. The potential airborne radioactive concern would be if either of these structures were to become flooded with water containing licensed material, including tritium. They are exhausted directly to the environment with the SEB tunnel at a normal rate of about 11,000 cfm and the Access Building and Underground Cable tunnel at a normal rate of about 17,000 cfm.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If the Safety Equipment Building (SEB) Electrical Tunnel, or the Access Building and Underground Cable Tunnel becomes flooded with water containing licensed material, including tritium, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Electrical Tunnel Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 28000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 5.32E-5 mrem/hr.

$$1\text{E-4 uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 28000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832\text{E4 cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min/60 sec} * 4.8\text{E-6 sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr/8766 hrs} = 5.32\text{E-5 mrem/hr}$$

Fuel Handling Building Ventilation System (Per Unit)

Barring the loss of the Fuel Handling Building Ventilation System or an accident and emergency condition such as a fuel handling accident, the Fuel Handling Building Ventilation envelope does not present an airborne radioactive material concern. This ventilation is exhausted (about 26,000 cfm) to the Plant Vent Stack with the option to route the air through a HEPA filter system. The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If airborne radioactive material at 25% DAC or higher is detected by HP or Area Radiation Monitors in this ventilation envelope, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Fuel Handling Building Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 26000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 4.94E-5 mrem/hr. Note: Upon loss of Fuel Handling Building HVAC, there is essentially no differential pressure between the Fuel Handling Building Envelope and outside atmosphere.

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 26000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min/60 sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr/8766 hrs} = 4.94E-5 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

#### Tendon Gallery Ventilation System

This system is operated continuously to maintain personnel habitability in the Tendon Gallery. A potential airborne radioactive concern would be if the Tendon Gallery became flooded with water containing licensed material, including tritium. The exhaust (about 5000 cfm) goes directly to outside atmosphere.

Effluent Controls: For this envelope, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities in the absence of airborne radioactive materials. If the Tendon gallery becomes flooded with water containing licensed material, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the entire Tendon Galley Ventilation envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 5000 cfm, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 9.50E-6 mrem/hr.

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 5000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min/60 sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec/m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr/8766 hrs} = 9.50E-6 \text{ mrem/hr}$$

#### MSIV/Turbine Building General Area (Per Unit)

Since these areas are open structures that contain equipment and components to support the steam and power conversion cycle, there is the potential for an unmonitored airborne release. Under typical operating conditions, there is detectable tritium present in the steam and power conversion system due to migration across the steam generator tubes. The concentration(s) of licensed material in the main condenser evacuation system, main steam line monitors, steam generator blowdown monitor and sampling system are determined by sampling the condensate and feedwater systems.

It is also possible for this system to contain licensed material as a result of primary to secondary leak. Section 11.3 of the UFSAR indicates that the preponderance of the primary to secondary gaseous radioactivity will be released through the Main Condenser Evacuation System. The Main Condenser Evacuation System is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment. The other turbine area flow paths listed in UFSAR Section 11.3 represent the following percentages in terms of curies released to the atmosphere relative to the Main Condenser Evacuation System on an annual basis:

- a. Turbine Building Steam Leakage: 2.4% (1,700 lbm/hr)
- b. Turbine Gland Seal Steam System: 1% (708 lbm/hr)

As is the case for the steam and power conversion systems mentioned earlier in this section, samples of feedwater and condensate systems are routinely collected and analyzed to determine levels of radioactivity in these systems.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the absence of a primary to secondary leak where tritium activity is released from the Unit 2 and 3 turbine building steam leakage and Turbine Gland Seal Steam system occur for 8760 hrs/yr the effluent impact at the controlling location (Camp Mesa) would be  $9.14E-6$  mrem/yr (Attachment B)

## PLANNED BUT UNMONITORED RELEASES

Section 10 of the UFSAR also discusses three other main steam flowpaths: steam driven auxiliary feedwater pump, main steam safeties, and atmospheric dump valves (ADV). Samples of feedwater and condensate systems are routinely collected and analyzed to determine levels of radioactivity in these systems.

There are systems or components that, integral to their operation as designed, are more likely to have a radioactive release during the use of the equipment but, due to operating conditions, monitoring for licensed material cannot practicably be accomplished. As previously discussed, regulatory guidance recognizes that there may be release points that cannot be monitored because (a) instrumentation may not exist that could reliably function under the operating conditions of the system that is being monitored or (b) because the concentrations are typically below concentrations that can be reliably determined, particularly by in-line instruments. These releases are not anticipated to result in a significant amount (curies) of activity being released or in a significant dose to the public.

### Steam Driven Auxiliary Feedwater Pump

In an accident scenario or for quarterly IST surveillance, operation of the steam driven auxiliary feedwater pump may be required. The exhaust of the steam driven pump turbine goes to outside atmosphere. Typically, in an accident scenario, the other two electric driven auxiliary feedwater pumps will be used unless the accident involves a loss of power. Although the main steam supply rate to the turbine pump is not explicitly provided in the UFSAR or other readily available documents, based on the maximum pump flow conditions in Section 10.4 of the UFSAR for accident mitigation, the maximum steam flow rate to the pump can be calculated to be about 25,000 lbm/hr (Attachment A).

Assuming these planned releases occur 6 times per year for 60 hours, 4 times for IST and 2 times for abnormal/accident conditions, a total of  $1.5 E6$  lbm of steam would have been exhausted to the atmosphere.

Since the main steam flowrate is approximately  $1.5E7$  lbm/hr, for a primary to secondary leak, this would represent about 0.2% of the noble gas activity released through the Main Condenser Evacuation System. The Main Condenser Evacuation System is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment

In the absence of a primary to secondary leak, where tritium activity is released in the steam but not from the Main Condenser Evacuation System, this would represent about 0.01% of the airborne tritium activity released from the Plant Vent Stack. (Attachment A) The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

The conclusion is that similar to turbine building steam leakage and the turbine gland seal steam system, operation of the steam driven auxiliary feedwater pump does not constitute a significant or major release flowpath. However, since these are planned but unmonitored releases and the secondary systems normally contain tritium, each release shall be evaluated per the Corrective Action Program to determine if the dose and curies released should be included in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

In the unlikely event of an abnormal/accident condition when the steam drive auxiliary feedwater pump is needed:

- subsequent to an emergency event declaration, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.22.23, "Determining a Source Term for Offsite Dose Calculations in an Accident Situation,"
- subsequent to the emergency event, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material ". All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

#### Main Steam Safety Valves

There are a total of 18 main steam safety valves per unit with a maximum total of 1.5 E7 lbm/hr of relieving capacity during an accident or abnormal scenario depending on plant condition such as decay heat history, etc,. Actuation of the valves is an unlikely event (unplanned release) supported by plant experience. During the dual unit trip from full power in September, 2011, the Steam Bypass Control System relieved excess steam to the Main Condensers. No Main Steam Safety Valves opened during this event.

If the main steam safety valves are used, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release.

In the unlikely event of an abnormal/accident condition when the main steam safety valves are needed for decay heat removal:

- subsequent to an emergency event declaration, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.22.23, "Determining a Source Term for Offsite Dose Calculations in an Accident Situation,"
- subsequent to the emergency event, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material ". All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

#### Atmospheric Dump Valves

There are two atmospheric dump valves per unit with a maximum total of 1.5 E6 lbm/hr of relieving capacity during an accident or abnormal scenario depending on plant condition such as decay heat history, etc,. Under normal operations, these valves typically are not used since the main condenser is available. Even if they are used during normal plant operations, they are throttled to a fraction of the maximum relieving capacity.

For a primary to secondary leak and assuming that the dump valves are operated 10 hours per year at full capacity, a total of 1.5 E7 lbm of steam would be exhausted to the atmosphere. Since the main steam flowrate is approximately 1.5E7 lbm/hr, this represents about 10 % of the noble gas activity released through the Main Condenser Evacuation System.



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In the absence of a primary to secondary leak, where tritium activity is not released through the Main Condenser Evacuation System, operation of the dump valves for 100 hours per year at full capacity would represent about 1 % of the airborne tritium activity released through the Plant Vent Stack. (Attachment C) The Plant Vent Stack is an ODCM-credited release point that is periodically sampled per the ODCM and is monitored prior to discharge to the environment.

Therefore, for normal operation, the conclusion is similar to turbine building steam leakage, the turbine gland seal steam system, and the steam driven aux feedwater pump, operation of the atmospheric dump valves does not constitute a significant or major release flowpath. However, since use of the ADVs are planned releases and the secondary systems normally contain tritium, each release shall be evaluated per the Corrective Action Program to determine if the dose and curies released should be included in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. Refer to Attachment D to calculate the steam flowrate from the ADVs.

In the unlikely event of an abnormal/accident condition when the atmospheric dump valves are needed to assist the main steam safeties for decay heat removal:

- subsequent to an emergency event declaration, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.22.23, "Determining a Source Term for Offsite Dose Calculations in an Accident Situation,"
- subsequent to the emergency event, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material ". All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Containment with Equipment Hatch Open and No Purge in Progress (Per Unit)

With its inherent source term, the containment envelope is an ODCM-credited release point. Mini and normal purges of the containment are conducted through a monitored and sampled flowpath prior to release. The mini purge is exhausted at a rate of about 2000 CFM, and the normal purge at about 40,000 cfm. When shutdown to Mode 5, primarily for a refueling outage, the purge system supplies the containment with outside air through the equipment hatch. When the hatch is open, auxiliary air samplers at the hatch are continuously sampling for particulate and iodine activity.

Effluent Controls: If concentrations of licensed material are detected around the equipment hatch opening, Effluent Engineering will implement S0123-III-5.25, "Evaluation and Reporting of Abnormal Releases of Radioactive Material," for a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Unmonitored Effluent Impact: In the unlikely event that the containment envelope is contaminated to the 25% DAC HP threshold for an airborne radiation area, at an exhaust rate of 40000 CFM, the effluent impact at the site boundary is no greater than 7.60E-5 mrem/hr. Note: Upon loss of containment purge, there is essentially no differential pressure between the Containment Envelope and outside atmosphere

$$1E-4 \text{ uCi/cc} * 0.25 * 40000 \text{ cfm} * 2.832E4 \text{ cc/ft}^3 * 1 \text{ min}/60 \text{ sec} * 4.8E-6 \text{ sec}/\text{m}^3 * 294 \text{ mrem}/\text{yr} \\ \text{per uCi}/\text{m}^3 * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} = 7.60E-5 \text{ mrem}/\text{hr}$$

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Areas, Revision 1

North Industrial Area (formerly Unit 1)

Unit 1 was permanently shutdown in November 1992 and systems containing or potentially containing licensed material have been drained and removed or abandoned in place. Used fuel from Unit 1 is stored in the ISFSI. Barring a fuel handling accident in the ISFSI, there is simply no credible airborne source term.

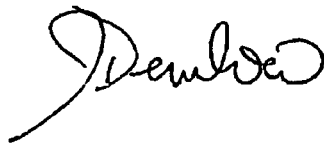
Occasionally, work is performed in the North Industrial Area (Unit 1) on large components for Units 2 or 3. Each major work activity that has the potential to result in airborne radioactivity shall have an Effluent Evaluation (EOE) performed.

**CONCLUSION**

The evaluation of the Units 2/3 building ventilation envelopes/areas with a potential for an unmonitored airborne release has determined that:

1. The design of the building ventilation envelopes, turbine building/MSIV areas does not assume that they are air-leak tight or steam-leak tight. Building air leakage/steam leaks are unavoidable facts of plant operations. However, they are not significant or major radioactive effluent flowpaths and cannot practicably be monitored and sampled.
2. In the absence of airborne radioactive materials, doors may be opened for personnel and equipment ingress/egress, operational and maintenance activities.
3. The adoption of 25% DAC Health Physics criterion for an airborne area within the radiologically controlled area as a threshold for an evaluation of a potentially unplanned or uncontrolled effluent release from an unmonitored flowpath is proper and appropriate. Performing an evaluation and taking actions at this point will further mitigate the impact of any potentially unplanned or uncontrolled release to a member of the public.
4. Additional design and procedural controls are implemented for the radwaste and containment open to atmosphere with purge in progress envelopes. This attention reflects the inherently higher potential for an unplanned or uncontrolled release from an unmonitored flowpath directly to the atmosphere.
5. Planned but unmonitored releases such as the use of main steam safety valves or atmospheric dump valves or auxiliary feedwater pump or opening of containment with no purge in progress will be evaluated case-by-case using approved station procedures. All unplanned or unmonitored releases of radioactive material that meet the criteria in RG 1.21 rev 1 will be included in the applicable Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this matter, please contact James Demlow at 86780.



\_\_\_\_\_  
J. Demlow

\_\_\_\_\_  
1/13/2012  
Date

- Attachment: A Units 2 and 3 Steam Driven Aux Feedwater Pump Release Calculation  
Attachment B Units 2 and 3 Turbine Gland Seal Steam System Release Calculation  
Attachment C Units 2 and 3 Atmospheric Dump Valve Release Calculation  
Attachment D Units 2 and 3 Atmospheric Dump Valve Steam Flowrate Calculation

cc: L. McCann  
K. Yhip  
J. Scott  
CDM

Attachment A

Units 2 and 3 Steam Driven Aux Feedwater Pump Calculation

Steam Flow Rate

Although the main steam flowrate to the Units 2 and 3 Steam Driven Aux Feedwater Pump turbine is not provided in the UFSAR or other available references, the expected maximum flowrate can be calculated based on accident design conditions provided in Section 10.4 of the UFSAR.

For accident conditions, using main steam from the steam generator to the turbine and exhausting the steam to atmosphere, the pump is designed to draw from the condensate storage tank (ambient conditions of 80 F water at atmospheric pressure) at a rate of 500 gpm for a steam generator pressure of 1172 psia or 700 gpm for a steam generator pressure of 1000 psia. Applying the conservation of energy principle, the work done by the main steam on the turbine can be equated to the work done by the pump in transporting the condensate storage tank fluid to the steam generator.

The work done by the steam on the turbine is:

$$M \times \Delta h$$

where M is main steam mass flowrate,  $\Delta h$  is the change in enthalpy of the steam between steam generator pressure and atmospheric pressure.

The work done by the pump on the fluid is:

$$F \times v \times \Delta P$$

where F is the pump flowrate, v is the specific volume of the condensate tank water at 80° F,  $\Delta P$  is the change in pressure from atmospheric to steam Generator pressure. Using a steam table, for the two flow conditions described in the UFSAR, the maximum steam flowrate to the aux feedwater pump turbine may be calculated. It turns out to be about 25,000 lbm/hr.

Attachment A

Assumptions

- Each unit pumps are operated 6 times per year for 60 hours
- 2.5E4 lbm/hr is discharged
- No detectable Primary to Secondary Leak
- Steam Generator tritium activity is 1E-5 uCi/cc due to diffusion
- 82 Ci/yr of gaseous <sup>3</sup>H released from Plant Vent Stack (2010 ARERR)
- 870 Ci/yr of liquid <sup>3</sup>H released (2010 ARERR)
- Condensed steam is contained in air as water vapor at 100% humidity

Since tritium is not released from the Condenser Evacuation System, only non-condensable gases, the Plant Vent Stack is used for this calculation.

Data

- 1lbm of saturated steam = 334 ft<sup>3</sup> (Steam Tables)
- 1 m<sup>3</sup> of air contains 30 g water vapor at 30 C° (100% humidity )
- 1 ft<sup>3</sup> = 0.02813 m<sup>3</sup>

Calculations

Tritium Release Rate into atmosphere

$$2.5E4 \text{ lbm/hr} * 334 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lbm} * 0.02813 \text{ m}^3/\text{ft}^3 * 30 \text{ g/m}^3 * 1E-5 \text{ uCi/cc} * 1\text{hr}/3600 \text{ sec} \\ = 2.0E-2 \text{ uCi/sec}$$

Tritium Curies released into atmosphere

$$2.0E-2 \text{ uCi/sec} * 60 \text{ hrs} * 3600 \text{ sec/hr} * 1E-6 \text{ Ci/uCi} * 2 \text{ units} = 8.6E-3 \text{ Ci}$$

Percent of Tritium Curies Released from Plant Vent Stack

$$8.6E-3 \text{ Ci} / 82 \text{ Ci (PVS)} * 100 = 1E-2\%$$

Effluent Impact

Dose (Camp Mesa)

$$2.0E-2 \text{ uCi/sec} * 4.81E-3 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/sec} * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} * 60 \text{ hrs} = 6.58E-7 \text{ mrem per year}$$

$$4.81E-3 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/sec from ODCM Table 2-6}$$

Attachment B

Units 2 and 3 Turbine Building Leakage and Gland Seal Steam System Release Calculation

Assumptions

- Each unit seal steam operated for 8766 hrs/yr
- 2408 lbm/hr is discharged
- No detectable Primary to Secondary Leak
- Steam Generator tritium activity is 1E-5 uCi/cc due to diffusion
- 82 Ci/yr of gaseous <sup>3</sup>H released from Plant Vent Stack (2010 ARERR)
- 870 Ci/yr of liquid <sup>3</sup>H released (2010 ARERR)
- Condensed steam is contained in air as water vapor at 100% humidity

Since tritium is not released from the Condenser Evacuation System, only non-condensable gases, the Plant Vent Stack is used for this calculation.

Data

- 1lbm of saturated steam = 334 ft<sup>3</sup> (Steam Tables)
- 1 m<sup>3</sup> of air contains 30 g water vapor at 30 C° (100% humidity )
- 1 ft<sup>3</sup> = 0.02813 m<sup>3</sup>

Calculations

Tritium Release Rate into atmosphere

$$2408 \text{ lbm/hr} * 334 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lbm} * 0.02813 \text{ m}^3/\text{ft}^3 * 30 \text{ g/m}^3 * 1\text{E-}5 \text{ uCi/cc} * 1\text{hr}/3600 \text{ sec}$$
$$= 1.9\text{E-}3 \text{ uCi/sec}$$

Effluent Impact

Dose (Camp Mesa)

$$^3\text{H: } 1.9\text{E-}3 \text{ uCi/sec} * 4.81\text{E-}3 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/sec} = 9.14\text{E-}6 \text{ mrem/yr}$$

4.81E-3 mrem/yr per uCi/sec from ODCM Table 2-6

Attachment C

Units 2 and 3 Atmospheric Dump Valve Release Calculation

There are two atmospheric dump valves per unit with a maximum total of 1.5 E6 lbm/hr of relieving capacity depending on plant condition such as decay heat history, etc.. If the valves are used during normal plant operations, they are throttled to a fraction of the maximum relieving capacity. Secondary systems tritium activity is due to diffusion across the Steam Generator tubes.

Assumptions

- Each unit dump valves are operated continuously at 100% for 100 hours per year
- 1.5E6 lbm/hr is discharged
- No detectable Primary to Secondary Leak
- Steam Generator tritium activity is 1E-5 uCi/cc due to diffusion
- 82 Ci/yr of gaseous <sup>3</sup>H released from Plant Vent Stack (2010 ARERR)
- 870 Ci/yr of liquid <sup>3</sup>H released (2010 ARERR)
- Condensed steam is contained in air as water vapor at 100% humidity

Since tritium is not released from the Condenser Evacuation System, only non-condensable gases, the Plant Vent Stack is used for this calculation.

Data

- 1lbm of saturated steam = 334 ft<sup>3</sup> (Steam Tables)
- 1lbm = 2200 g
- 1 m<sup>3</sup> of air contains 30 g water vapor at 30 C° (100% humidity )
- 1 ft<sup>3</sup> = 0.02813 m<sup>3</sup>

Calculations

Tritium Release Rate into atmosphere

$$1.5E6 \text{ lbm/hr} * 334 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lbm} * 0.02813 \text{ m}^3/\text{ft}^3 * 30 \text{ g/m}^3 * 1E-5 \text{ uCi/cc} * 1\text{hr}/3600 \text{ sec} \\ = 1.2 \text{ uCi/sec}$$

Tritium Curies released into atmosphere

$$1.2 \text{ uCi/sec} * 100 \text{ hrs} * 3600 \text{ sec/hr} * 1E-6 \text{ Ci/uCi} * 2 \text{ units} = 0.8 \text{ Ci}$$

Percent of Tritium Curies Released from Plant Vent Stack

$$0.8 \text{ Ci} / 82 \text{ Ci (PVS)} * 100 = 1.0\%$$

Effluent Impact

Dose (Camp Mesa)

$$1.2 \text{ uCi/sec} * 4.81E-3 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/sec} * 1 \text{ yr}/8766 \text{ hrs} * 100 \text{ hrs} = 6.58E-5 \text{ mrem for the year}$$

$$4.81E-3 \text{ mrem/yr per uCi/sec from ODCM Table 2-6}$$

Attachment D

Units 2 and 3 Atmospheric Dump Valve Steam Flowrate Calculation

NN 201286374 SPT 5

Results:

The Tab "Summary Table" to Microsoft Excel spreadsheet "stmflow.xls" attached to this notification SPT assignment contains the table/methodology to estimate steam flow out of an Atmospheric Dump Valve (ADV) for various valve positions and steam generator pressure ranges.

Background:

Steam Flow instruments are not very accurate at the low flows of an ADVs, therefore it was decided the best/most accurate way to determine ADV flows at various ADV positions and steam pressures was to utilize the SONGS Simulator to attain flow values. The rationale is that the simulator is model for SONGS so it should provide good predicted values.

Twelve simulator runs were completed. One run for each of the following ADV open positions: 5%, 10%, 15%, 25%, 30%, 35%, 45%, 55%, 65%, 80%, 90%, and 100%. The runs were started with simulator set for normal operating temperature (NOT) and pressure (NOP) with plant in Mode 3. The ADVs were run up to position slightly above the runs ADV position. For example for the 5% run, then ADV was at 5.1% open. The steam generator pressure was then allowed to drift down. The files from these runs data files were pulled. The data files contain five data columns. Data columns were for time into the run, ADV #1 position open, ADV #2 position open, Flow from ADV #1 in million lbm/hr, Flow from ADV #2 in million lbm/hr, steam generator #1 pressure in psia, and steam generator #2 pressure in psia. Simulator George Marengo provided these data files to Main Steam System Engineer Danny Lowenberg.

(Those files are being stored in the "reference" section of the Main Steam System Notebook. To get to these files go to data3 on sos2/ME&SE Library/Engineering Notebooks/ MSTM/References. The spreadsheet "stmflow.xls" will also be stored here.)

Each file was used as input for the applicable valve position tab on Microsoft Excel spreadsheet "stmflow.xls". It was observed at very high pressures that the ADV flow increased with decreasing pressure until a certain pressure was reached based on ADV valve position, then ADV flow would start to decrease with decreasing pressure. For the generation of the applicable valve position tab on Microsoft Excel spreadsheet "stmflow.xls" the steam generator pressure of highest steam flow was identified. Data fields from the data files for various pressures were copied onto the applicable valve position tab on spreadsheet "stmflow.xls". The data fields were always at slightly higher pressure than pressure desired ensuring conservative flows were attained. On the valve position tab the data was then summarized in table by using ADV #1 flow and ADV #1 pressure with the pressure rounded to down to whole value. The maximum pressure in the table was pressure that had the highest flow. This summary table from the individual valve position tab was then used as input to the Summary Table in the "Summary Table" tab of the spreadsheet.



Units 2 and 3 Atmospheric Dump Valve Steam Flowrate Calculation

NN 201286374 SPT 5

The Summary Table results were compared to results attained from actual ADV flow test on the units during the 1986/1987 time frame. Memorandum for File dated March 26, 1987, Subject: Atmospheric Dump Valve Capacity San Onofre Nuclear Generating station, Units 2 & 3 contains summary flow results of the testing corrected to 900 psia. The 100% open nominal flows in lbm/hr were 816,478 (3HV8419); 804,240 (3HV8421); 885,660 (2HV8419); and 800,320 (2HV8421). The Summary Table value for 100% open at 900 psia of 837,690 compares favorably with the as found test values.

The Memorandum for File provides additional flows corrected to 900 psia of other valve positions for 2HV8419 and 3HV8419. A comparison of the test nominal flow values at various positions to Summary Table flow values is provided below. Again the Summary Table values compare favorably with the test values.

Summary Table				
Valve	Position	Flow	Position	Flow
3HV8419	68%	546,809	65%	543,370
3HV8419	50%	354,861	45%	375,350
3HV8419	40%	231,596	35%	289,730
2HV8419	64%	583,040	65%	543,370
2HV8419	23%	119,860	25%	208,420

The methodology for use is conservative in that it will in generally give greater values for flow then expected. The only non-conservative direction is that for brief open spikes in valve position (<15 seconds), the maximum valve position does not have to be used. The methodology for use is contain at top of the Table on the Summary Table and is repeated below.

Usage instructions

Enter Column for percent valve open and row associated for associated S/G pressure (PI1013/1023) read the corresponding million Lbms/hr in flow. If actual pressure >max reading for associated valve position, then use the highest flow value for that valve position. When actual steam generator pressure is not listed, then use the pressure in table that is just above actual.

When actual percent open is not listed, then use the percent open in the table that is just above actual. For large changes in ADV position or steam pressure, then use smaller duration to give better estimate of flow. Duration should not be greater than 15 minutes unless steam pressure is stable. Typically should use the highest open position during an duration. If the highest open position was held for less than 15 seconds, can use the highest position that valve was at or above for at least 15 seconds assuming duration period for flow calculation is at least 5 minutes.

Written by: Danny Lowenberg

Peer reviewed by: Wayne Hampton 3/16/11

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Edison

## San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Carbon-14 Production, Release and Offsite Dose Calculation Methodology

Prepared by:

  
Wayne Harshbarger

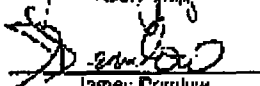
6/18/12  
Date

Reviewed by:

  
Kelly

6/18/2012  
Date

Approved by:

  
James Derrilow

6-18-2012  
Date

This paper documents the methodology to estimate carbon-14 (C-14) production and C-14 gaseous waste effluent source terms at San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS). The C-14 effluent source terms are used to estimate radiological doses from C-14 in effluent gaseous waste effluents. These estimates were generated in order to meet NRC requirements to incorporate C-14 in nuclear power plant 2010 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports (AREERs). The C-14 production and effluent source term estimates were based on EPRI methodology provided in EPRI Report 1021106, "Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents," December 2010. This document is applicable for estimating C-14 gaseous release activity and dose components for inclusion in future site AREERs.

## 1.0 Scope

This paper documents the methodology for estimating carbon-14 (C-14) production and C-14 gaseous waste effluent source terms at SONGS Unit 2 and Unit 3. C-14 effluent source terms are used to estimate radiological doses from C-14 in site gaseous waste effluents. These estimates are generated in order to meet NRC requirements to incorporate C-14 in nuclear power plant 2010 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports (ARERRs). The C-14 production and effluent source term estimates are based on EPRI methodology provided in EPRI Report 1021106, Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents, December 2010. This paper is applicable for estimating C-14 gaseous release activity and dose components for inclusion in future SONGS ARERRs.

## 2.0 Background - NRC Updated Guidance on Reporting Routine Releases

NRC regulations establish limits for radionuclides that potentially could be released from a nuclear power plant. There are a limited number of radionuclides that are released in sufficient quantities and concentrations at any site to warrant reporting to the agency. Under guidance issued by the NRC in 1974, nuclear power plants treated all radionuclides as "principal radionuclides" and performed sensitivity analysis to determine the radionuclides that had to be included in their annual reports.

In June 2009, the NRC provided revised guidance in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Measuring, Evaluating and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste, (RG 1.21) Revision 2, establishing a risk-informed approach for identifying principal radionuclides. SCE is not committed to implementation of Revision 2 of RG 1.21; SCE is committed to RG 1.21 Revision 1. However, there is new guidance in Revision 2 on the reporting of C-14 releases that is informative and useful in the preparation of the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

In Section 1.8 of Revision 2 of this document, the NRC revised guidance states, "if adopting a risk-informed perspective, a radionuclide is considered a principal radionuclide if it contributes either (1) greater than 1% of quarterly or yearly dose limits or (2) greater than 1% of the activity of all radionuclides in the type of effluent being considered."

In Section 1.9 of Revision 2t, the NRC states, "Radioactive effluents from commercial nuclear power plants...have decreased to the point that carbon-14 is likely to be a principal radionuclide...in gaseous effluents." In other words, while releases of carbon-14 have not increased, licensees' actions to reduce the quantity of radioactive effluents have been sufficiently successful that the decline in releases of other radionuclides now makes carbon-14 a more significant contributor in relative terms.

The same section goes on to state, "Carbon-14 releases in PWRs occur primarily as a mix of organic carbon and carbon dioxide released from the waste gas system ...Because the dose contribution of carbon-14 in liquid radioactive waste is much less than that contributed by gaseous radioactive waste, evaluation of carbon-14 in liquid radioactive waste is not required." {emphasis added}

Section 1.9 of this report also specifies that, "The quantity of carbon-14 discharged can be estimated by sample measurements or by use of a normalized carbon-14 source term and scaling factors based on power generation..., or estimated by use of the GALE code from NUREG-0017." {emphasis added}

The NRC has clarified to EPRI and NEI that C-14 production estimates may be made using EPRI methodology (provided in EPRI Report 1021106). The EPRI methodology was developed because the GALE code from NUREG-0017 has no provision for C-14 production or release as a function of reactor power. The EPRI methodology estimates full power C-14 production rates for BWRs and PWRs using (1) either two or three unit specific core neutron flux energy groups, (2) "effective" neutron cross sections for the neutron energy groups, and (3) unit specific coolant mass exposed to the core neutron flux. The EPRI report also summarizes distribution of C-14 source terms for gaseous, liquid and solid releases in BWRs and PWRs based on C-14 measurements cited in literature.

**3.0 EPRI Methodology for Estimating C-14 Production Rate in PWRs**

Equation 1 is used to calculate the maximum annual production rate of C-14,  $PR_{MAX}$ , in curies for each unit (operating at full power (FP) for one year) via the  $^{17}\text{O}(n,\alpha)^{14}\text{C}$  and  $^{14}\text{N}(n,p)^{14}\text{C}$  reactions.

$$PR_{MAX} = \frac{N \cdot [\sigma_{th} \cdot \phi_{th} + \sigma_i \cdot \phi_i + \sigma_f \cdot \phi_f] \cdot 1.0E-24 \cdot \lambda \cdot M \cdot 3.1536E+7}{3.7E+10}, \text{ Ci/yr} \quad [\text{Eq 1}]$$

where:

- $N$  = 1.27E+22 atoms  $^{17}\text{O}$ /kg H<sub>2</sub>O or 4.284E+19 atoms  $^{14}\text{N}$ /kg-ppm N
- $\sigma_{th}$  = "effective" thermal neutron cross-section (Table 2),
- $\phi_{th}$  = "core average" thermal neutron flux at FP (Table 3), n/cm<sup>2</sup>-s
- $\sigma_i$  = "effective" intermediate neutron cross-section (Table 2),
- $\phi_i$  = "core average" intermediate neutron flux at FP (Table 3), n/cm<sup>2</sup>-sec
- $\sigma_f$  = "effective" fast neutron cross-section (Table 2),
- $\phi_f$  = "core average" fast neutron flux at FP (Table 3), n/cm<sup>2</sup>-sec
- $1.0E-24$  = conversion factor, 1.0E-24 cm<sup>2</sup>/barn
- $\lambda$  = C-14 decay constant, 3.833E-12/sec
- $M$  = total "active coolant mass" exposed to neutron flux, kg
- $3.1536E+7$  = conversion factor, 3.1536E+7 sec/yr (365 days/yr).
- $3.7E+10$  = conversion factor, 3.7E+10 disintegrations/sec-Ci

	Active Coolant Volume <sup>(a)</sup>	Active Coolant Mass <sup>(c)</sup>	Thermal Power
Unit 2	784 ft <sup>3</sup> <sup>(b)</sup>	15881.5 kg	3438 MWt
Unit 3	784 ft <sup>3</sup> <sup>(b)</sup>	15881.5 kg	3438 MWt

(a) Active coolant volume is the portion of reactor coolant exposed to the core neutron flux.

(b) Active coolant volume from N-0220-030 ECN A54033

(c) Active coolant mass = Active coolant volume (ft<sup>3</sup>) x density correction at 100% power (20.257 kg/ft<sup>3</sup>)

Unit	Cross-Section <sup>(b)</sup>	$^{17}\text{O}(n,\alpha)^{14}\text{C}$ Reaction	$^{14}\text{N}(n,p)^{14}\text{C}$ Reaction
2 and 3	Thermal	0.121 barns	0.951 barns
	Intermediate	0.0291 barns	0.0379 barns
	Fast	0.1124 barns	0.0436 barns

(a) Values from EPRI Report 1021106 based on EPRI methodology.

(b) Thermal ≤ 0.625 eV, Intermediate > 0.625 eV and < 1 Mev, Fast > 1 Mev

Unit Cycle	Neutron Flux <sup>(a)</sup>	BOC n/cm <sup>2</sup> s	MOC n/cm <sup>2</sup> s	EOC n/cm <sup>2</sup> s	Average n/cm <sup>2</sup> s
U2 C17	FP thermal flux	3.482E+13	3.684E+13	4.355E+13	3.840E+13
	FP intermediate flux <sup>(b)</sup>	2.040E+14	2.094E+14	2.129E+14	2.088E+14
	FP fast flux <sup>(c)</sup>	7.356E+13	7.550E+13	7.677E+13	7.528E+13
U3 C17	FP thermal flux	3.428E+13	3.645E+13	4.369E+13	3.814E+13
	FP intermediate flux <sup>(b)</sup>	1.985E+14	2.064E+14	2.099E+14	2.049E+14
	FP fast flux <sup>(c)</sup>	7.155E+13	7.441E+13	7.568E+13	7.388E+13

(a) Full Power (FP) flux values from Plant Data Tables (M-38097, Unit 2 and M-38097, Unit 3) - Two neutron flux energy groups are listed: thermal (≤ 0.625 eV) and intermediate + fast (> 0.625 eV).

(b) Intermediate = intermediate + fast (I+F) x 0.75

(c) Fast = (I+F) x 0.25

### 3.1 RCS Nitrogen Calculation

During power operation, coolant ammonia concentrations average between 0.6 and 1 ppm. Equation 2 estimates the C-14 production via the  $^{14}\text{N}(n,p)^{14}\text{C}$  reaction using the yearly average ammonia concentration.

$$\text{RCS N, ppm} = (\text{ppm ammonia}) \cdot (14 \text{ g N} / 17 \text{ g NH}_3) \quad [\text{Eq 2}]$$

### 3.2 RCS/VCT Nitrogen Calculation

During power operation, coolant nitrogen concentrations are estimated from Volume Control Tank (VCT) overpressure. Equation 3 estimates the C-14 production via the  $^{14}\text{N}(n,p)^{14}\text{C}$  reaction using the yearly average VCT pressure, temperature and percent  $\text{N}_2$ .

$$\text{RCS N, ppm} = \frac{(\text{VCT N}_2, \text{mole fraction}) \cdot (28.01 \text{ g N}_2/\text{mole}) \cdot (1\text{E6 mg/kg})}{(18.02 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}/\text{mole})} \quad [\text{Eq 3}]$$

where:

$$\text{VCT N}_2, \text{ mole fraction} = (\text{VCT N}_2, \text{ atm}) / [\text{Henry's Constant (N}_2), \text{ atm- mole N}_2 / \text{mole H}_2\text{O}]$$

$$\text{Henry's Constant, N}_2 = \frac{[-3.6024 \cdot (\text{VCT Temp, deg F})^2 + 1284.6 \cdot \text{VCT Temp, deg F} + 9290.5]}{\text{atm - mole N}_2 / \text{mole H}_2\text{O}}$$

$$(\text{VCT N}_2, \text{ atm}) = [(\text{VCT N}_2, \%) / 100] \cdot (\text{VCT pressure, psig} + 14.7) / 14.7$$

### 3.3 Calculation Results for Estimating C-14 Production Rates

Using the EPRI methodology described above in equation 1, the annual C-14 production rates in each of the unit are calculated. The results are reported in the ARERR.

For each unit, the cycle-averages of the maximum annual C-14 production rate are used for estimating gaseous pathway C-14 activity releases and dose contributions in the ARERR

The maximum annual C-14 production rate values are calculated using a PWR spreadsheet developed for EPRI by NWT Corporation for utility information purposes.

#### 4.0 Estimating C-14 Gaseous Releases

For PWRs, EPRI Report 1021106 summarized the distribution of C-14 in release pathways as follows: gaseous 90% to 98%, liquid <1% and solid 2% to 10%. The report also states that 5% to 30% of C-14 in PWR gaseous waste effluents exists in the carbon dioxide form, which contributes to population dose via photosynthesis uptake in the food consumption cycle. EPRI Report 105715, Characterization of Carbon-14 Generated by the Nuclear Power Industry, November 1995, cited that the carbon dioxide form of C-14 averaged 20% in effluents from eight US and German PWRs.

For SONGS, C-14 gaseous dose calculations in the ARERRs are made using the following assumptions for each unit: (1) continuous release of the estimated C-14 generated during power operation based the number of effective full power days (EFPDs) for the period, (2) maximum C-14 activity literature values for gaseous releases cited in EPRI Report 11021106 (98%), and (3) average fraction of C-14 as carbon dioxide for gaseous releases referenced in EPRI Report 105715 (20%).

#### 4.1 Equation 4 estimates the C-14 activity released, $A_{C-14}$ , into the gaseous pathway during the time period for each unit.

$$A_{C-14} = PR_{MAX} \cdot 0.98 \cdot EFPD / \text{time period, days} \quad [Eq 4]$$

where:

$PR_{MAX}$	=	maximum annual production rate of C-14, Ci/yr
0.98	=	fraction C-14 in PWR gaseous pathway releases (maximum literature value in EPRI Report 1021106,
$EFPD$	=	number of effective full power days for the unit during the time period, e.g. quarterly or yearly, days
$Time\ period$	=	number of days during the time period, e.g. quarterly or yearly, days

#### 4.2 Equation 5 estimates the C-14 activity released in carbon dioxide form, $A_{C-14, CO_2}$ , into the gaseous pathway during the time period for each unit.

$$A_{C-14, CO_2} = A_{C-14} \cdot 0.20, Ci \text{ (for time period)} \quad [Eq 5]$$

where:

$A_{C-14}$	=	C-14 activity released into the gaseous pathway during the time period for each unit, Ci/yr
0.20	=	fraction of C-14 as carbon dioxide in PWR gaseous pathway releases (average value in EPRI Report 105715)

**5.0 C-14 Gaseous Releases Dose Calculations**

**5.1 C-14 Inhalation Dose Calculation (Reg. Guide 1.109 Eq. C-3)**

$$C_{14}^i(r,\theta) = 3.17 \times 10^4 \cdot Q_{i\ C-14} \cdot [X/Q](r,\theta)$$

where:

- $C_{14}^i(r,\theta)$  = annual average ground-level concentration of C-14 in air at location (r,θ), pCi/m<sup>3</sup>
- $Q_{i\ C-14}$  = release rate of C-14, Ci/yr, ( $A_{C-14}$ , from Eq. 4)
- $[X/Q](r,\theta)$  = average atmosphere dispersion factor at location (r,θ), sec/m<sup>3</sup> (using concurrent meteorology from RETDAS program), this value is not decayed or depleted since C-14 is released as organic (CH<sub>3</sub>, etc) or inorganic (CO<sub>2</sub>) and isotope C-14 half-life is greater than 5000 years

**5.2 C-14 Food Pathway Dose Calculations**

- Per the 2011 Land Use Census, the Milk pathway does not currently exist at SONGS

**5.2.1 C-14 Concentration in Vegetation (Reg. Guide 1.109 Eq. C-8)**

The concentration of C-14 in vegetation is calculated by assuming that its ratio to the natural carbon in vegetation is the same as the ratio of C-14 to natural carbon in the atmosphere surrounding the vegetation. (Reg Guide 1.109 Eq. C-8)

$$C_{14}^v(r,\theta) = 3.17 \times 10^7 \cdot p \cdot Q_{14} \cdot [X/Q](r,\theta) \cdot 0.11 / 0.16$$

where:

- $C_{14}^v(r,\theta)$  = the concentration of C-14 in vegetation grown at location (r,θ), pCi/kg
- p = 1, fractional equilibrium ratio, (continuous release)
- $Q_{14}$  = annual release rate of C-14 as CO<sub>2</sub>, Ci/yr ( $A_{C-14, CO_2}$  from Eq. 5)
- $[X/Q](r,\theta)$  = average atmosphere dispersion factor at location (r,θ), sec/m<sup>3</sup> (using concurrent meteorology from RETDAS program)
- 0.11 = fraction of the total plant mass that is natural carbon
- 0.16 = concentration of natural carbon in the atmosphere, g/m<sup>3</sup>
- $3.17 \times 10^7$  =  $1E+12\ pCi/Ci \cdot 1E+3\ g/kg / 3.15E+7\ sec/yr$

**5.2.2 C-14 Concentration in Milk (Reg. Guide 1.109 Eq. C-10)**

$$C_{14}^m(r,\theta) = F_m \cdot C_{14}^v(r,\theta) \cdot Q_f \cdot \exp-\lambda_1 t_f$$

where:

- $C_{14}^m(r,\theta)$  = the concentration of C-14 in milk at location (r,θ), pCi/liter
- $C_{14}^v(r,\theta)$  = the concentration of C-14 in animal feed, for C-14 this is the concentration of C-14 in vegetation grown at location (r,θ), pCi/kg
- $F_m$  = average fraction of daily intake of C-14 which appears in milk, Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-1, (carbon = 1.2E-2)
- $Q_f$  = amount of feed consumed by animal per day, Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-3, (cow = 50 kg/day)
- $\exp-\lambda_1 t_f$  = 1, due to C-14 half-life greater than 5000 years

**5.2.3 C-14 Concentration in Meat (Reg. Guide 1.109 Eq. C-12)**

$$C_{14}^F(r,\theta) = F_f \cdot C_{14}^V(r,\theta) \cdot Q_f \cdot \exp-\lambda_f t_f$$

where:

$C_{14}^m(r,\theta)$	=	the concentration of C-14 in animal flesh at location (r,θ), pCi/kg
$C_{14}^V(r,\theta)$	=	the concentration of C-14 in animal feed, for C-14 this is the concentration of C-14 in vegetation grown at location (r,θ), pCi/kg
$F_m$	=	average fraction of daily intake of C-14 which appears in each, kilogram of flesh, Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-1, (carbon = 3.1E-2)
$Q_f$	=	amount of feed consumed by animal per day, Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-3, (cow = 50 kg/day)
$\exp-\lambda_f t_f$	=	1, due to C-14 half-life greater than 5000 years

**5.2.4 Annual C-14 Dose by Food Exposure Pathway (Reg. Guide 1.109 Eq. C-13)**

Leafy Vegetables	=	$DFI_{C-14ja} \cdot U_a^V \cdot f_g \cdot C_{14}^V(r,\theta)$
Milk	=	$DFI_{C-14ja} \cdot U_a^m \cdot C_{14}^m(r,\theta)$
Meat	=	$DFI_{C-14ja} \cdot U_a^F \cdot C_{14}^F(r,\theta)$
Non-Leafy Vegetables	=	$DFI_{C-14ja} \cdot U_a^L \cdot f_l \cdot C_{14}^V(r,\theta)$

where:

$DFI_{C-14ja}$  = C-14 dose conversion factor for organ (j) and age group (a)  
Reg. Guide 1.109 Tables E-11 through E-14

where the following are from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-15:

$U_a^V$	=	ingestion rate of non-leafy vegetables by age group (a), kg/yr
$f_g$	=	0.76, fraction of non-leafy vegetables ingested grown in garden
$U_a^m$	=	ingestion rate of milk by age group (a), liters/yr
$U_a^F$	=	ingestion rate of meat by age group (a), kg/yr
$U_a^L$	=	ingestion rate of leafy vegetables by age group (a), kg/yr
$f_l$	=	1.0, fraction of leafy vegetables ingested grown in garden

**5.2.5 C-14 Total Dose**

The C-14 total dose in mrem at receptor (r,θ) is the sum of the exposure pathways which exist at that location per the Land Use Census. The highest receptor annual dose, age group, critical organ, sector and exposure pathway are reported in the ARERR.



## 6.0 References

- 6.1 Regulatory Guide 1.21, Measuring, Evaluating and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste, Revision 2
- 6.2 Regulatory Guide 1.109, Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluation Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, Revision 1
- 6.3 EPRI Report 1024827, Carbon-14 Dose Calculation Methods at Nuclear Power Plants, April 2012
- 6.4 EPRI Report 1021106, Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents, December 2010
- 6.5 EPRI Report 105715, Characterization of Carbon-14 Generated by the Nuclear Power Industry, November 1995
- 6.6 N-0220-030 Rev. 0 ECN A54033, SONGS Units 2 and 3 Transient Analysis Model (TAM): Reactor Coolant System Volumes
- 6.7 M-38097 Rev. 39, Plant Physics Data Book Unit 2 Cycle 17
- 6.8 M-38098 Rev. 29, Plant Physics Data Book Unit 3 Cycle 16
- 6.9 Radiological and Dose Assessment Software (RETDAS), Version 3.6, Canberra Industries, Inc.

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Radioactive Liquid Releases during Shutdown Conditions.

## 1. Purpose

This memo documents the basis and assumptions used in calculating Units 2/3 Liquid Monitor Setpoint Data Transmittal for a dilution flow of 14,000 gpm per saltwater pump due to the abandonment of the circulating water pumps. This document applies to San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS).

## 2. Background

NUREG 0133 Chapter 4, Liquid Effluents, Section 4.1.1 Setpoint Determination to be Provided in the ODCM, states that the alarm and trip setpoints for radiation monitoring instrument channels should be provided and should correspond to values which represent a safe margin of assurance that the instantaneous liquid release concentration limits in 10 CFR Part 20 are not exceeded.

SONGS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Section 1.4 Liquid Effluent Monitor Methods of Setpoint Calculation provides the method for calculating SONGS liquid radiation monitoring instrumentation setpoints to ensure that the regulatory limits are not exceeded.

With the imminent abandonment of the Circulating Water pumps, the dilution flow for liquid releases will be drastically reduced from 185,000 gpm per circulating water pump to about 14,000 gpm per saltwater cooling pump. During routine operation, typical dilution flow rates were 740,000 gpm with 4 circulation pumps running.

The calculation of new setpoints for this lower dilution flow requires changes to the currently used administrative factors, and permissible waste effluent flow rates. To allow for redistribution of the administrative factors, new administrative controls are needed to ensure that certain release points are no longer available for use. In addition, the effective effluent maximum concentration limits at the release to the unrestricted area are being revised to reflect isotopic distributions from these credited ODCM release points over the previous three years (2010 to 2012). Even with these changes, the significantly reduced dilution flow results in minimal margin below the regulatory limits.

These changes and administrative controls will ensure the radiation monitoring instrumentation setpoints allow continuous releases with a single saltwater cooling pump except during liquid radwaste releases and will provide a safe margin of assurance that the limits of 10 CFR Part 20 will be maintained.

In addition to the concentration limits in 10 CFR 20, SCE is also required to maintain releases from the site ALARA and to meet 10 CFR 50 Appendix I.

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### 3. Determination of values

#### 3.1. Formulae

- The ODCM Liquid Concentration is limited to the Maximum Permissible Concentrations (MPC) specified in 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.
- ODCM Section 1.4 and SO123-III-5.8 contains the formulae for ensuring the MPCs are not exceeded.
- The following formulae were derived by solving equations for the Liquid Concentration Limits.

Maximum ODCM monitor setpoint concentration (ODCM equation, Section 1.4)

$$ODCM_{Max} = \frac{(AF)(F)(\sum_i C_{\gamma i})(MPC_{eff})}{(R)(C)}$$

Where:

$ODCM_{Max}$	=	Maximum allowed concentration at the monitor	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
AF	=	Administrative Factor for pathway	
F	=	Minimum dilution flow	[gpm]
$\sum_i C_{\gamma i}$	=	Total gamma isotopic concentration, excluding Xe-133	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
R	=	Maximum waste flow	[gpm]
C	=	Total isotopic concentration	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
$MPC_{eff}$	=	Effective Maximum Permissible Concentration	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]

Administrative factors (AF) are used to reduce each setpoint to account for the potential activity due to simultaneous releases from the following release points:

RW7813 = Radwaste Effluent discharge  
SG88-2 = Unit 2 Steam Generator E-088  
SG89-2 = Unit 2 Steam Generator E-089  
SG88-3 = Unit 3 Steam Generator E-088  
SG89-3 = Unit 3 Steam Generator E-089  
B2 = Unit 2 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump  
B3 = Unit 3 Blowdown Processing System Neutralization Sump  
T2 = Unit 2 Turbine Plant Sump  
T3 = Unit 3 Turbine Plant Sump  
Y = NIA Yard Drain Sump

The sum of the administrative factors (AF) is limited to 1.0 to ensure that the total concentration from all release points to the plant discharge will not result in a release exceeding the limits of 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. The administrative values shall be assigned such that:

$$(RW7813 + SG88-2 + SG89-2 + SG88-3 + SG89-3 + B2 + B3 + T2 + T3 + Y) < 1.0.$$

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Effective Maximum Permissible Concentration (ODCM equation 1-4)

$$MPC_{eff} = \frac{1}{\sum_i ((C_i/C)/MPC_i)}$$

Where:

$MPC_{eff}$	=	Effective Maximum Permissible Concentration	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
$C_i$	=	Concentration (each isotope)	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
$C$	=	Total isotopic concentration	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]
$MPC_i$	=	Maximum Permissible Concentration (each isotope)	[ $\mu$ Ci/cc]

Set

$$MPC_{\gamma eff} = \frac{(\sum_i C_{\gamma i})(MPC_{eff})}{(C)}$$

Where:

$MPC_{\gamma eff}$	=	Gamma Effective Maximum Permissible Concentration (adjusts for nono gamma isotopes in the source term [ $\mu$ Ci/cc])
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Then, Maximum ODCM monitor setpoint concentration becomes:

$$ODCM_{Max} = \frac{(AF)(F)(MPC_{\gamma eff})}{(R)}$$

The monitor trip value installed is recommended to be approximately three to ten times background to avoid spurious alarms, and it is required to be less than or equal to the Maximum ODCM monitor setpoint concentration.

### 3.2. Input Values

1. Values for Maximum Permissible Concentration (MPC<sub>i</sub>) are taken from 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.
2. Values for isotopic concentrations (C<sub>i</sub>) and (C <sub>$\gamma$ i</sub>) were taken sample activity analysis. If no activity detected, the MDA values for predominant isotopes are used.
3. Values for dilution flow (F) are taken from NN 202463337 task 6
4. Values for effluent release rate (R) are taken NN 202463337 task 6

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**4. Gamma Effective Maximum Permissible Concentration**

**4.1 North Industrial Area Yard Drain Sump (NIA YDS)**

Isotope	MPC ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Concentration ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Ratio ( $\text{Ci/C}$ )/MPC <sub>i</sub>
H-3	3.00E-03	2.52E-06 <sup>(1)</sup>	3.32E+02
Gamma Emitters:			
Cs-137	2.00E-05	1.35E-08 <sup>(2)</sup>	2.66E+02
	$\sum_i(\text{C}_i/\text{C})/\text{MPC}_i =$		5.98E+02
	C =	2.53E-06	
	$\sum_i \text{C}_{vi} =$	1.35E-08	
	MPC <sub>eff</sub> =	1.67E-03	
	MPC <sub>veff</sub> =	8.91E-06	

<sup>(1)</sup> Highest NIA YDS H-3 concentration on weekly composites observed during the first 7 months of 2013.

<sup>(2)</sup> MDA value

**4.2 Turbine Plant Sump (TPS)**

Isotope	MPC ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Concentration ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Ratio ( $\text{Ci/C}$ )/MPC <sub>i</sub>
H-3	3.00E-03	5.35E-06 <sup>(1)</sup>	3.32E+02
Gamma Emitters:			
Cs-137	2.00E-05	1.35E-08 <sup>(2)</sup>	1.26E+02
	$\sum_i(\text{C}_i/\text{C})/\text{MPC}_i =$		4.58E+02
	C =	5.36E-06	
	$\sum_i \text{C}_{vi} =$	1.35E-08	
	MPC <sub>eff</sub> =	2.18E-03	
	MPC <sub>veff</sub> =	5.49E-06	

<sup>(1)</sup> Highest TPS H-3 concentration on weekly composites observed during the first 7 months of 2013.

<sup>(2)</sup> MDA value

**4.3 Blowdown Processing System (BPS)**

Isotope	MPC ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Concentration ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Ratio ( $\text{Ci/C}$ )/MPC <sub>i</sub>
H-3	3.00E-03	1.13E-05 <sup>(1)</sup>	3.26E+02
Gamma Emitters:			
Cs-134	9.00E-06	9.99E-08 <sup>(1)</sup>	9.62E+02
Cs-137	2.00E-05	1.41E-07 <sup>(1)</sup>	6.09E+02
	$\sum_i(\text{C}_i/\text{C})/\text{MPC}_i =$		1.90E+03
	C =	1.15E-05	
	$\sum_i \text{C}_{vi} =$	2.41E-07	
	MPC <sub>eff</sub> =	5.27E-04	
	MPC <sub>veff</sub> =	1.10E-05	

<sup>(1)</sup> Highest concentrations from Hold Up Tank releases observed during the first 7 months of 2013.

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4.4 Radwaste Discharge

Isotope	MPC ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Concentration ( $\mu\text{Ci/ml}$ )	Ratio ( $\text{Ci/C}$ )/MPC <sub>i</sub>
H-3	3.00E-03	8.95E-01	3.33E+02
Xe-133	2.00E-04	1.91E-05	1.06E-01
Gamma Emitters:			
Cr-51	2.00E-03	1.97E-06	1.10E-03
Mn-54	1.00E-04	1.29E-07	1.44E-03
Co-58	9.00E-05	3.35E-06	4.15E-02
Co-60	3.00E-05	7.89E-07	2.93E-02
Kr-85	2.00E-04	1.68E-03	9.37E+00
Nb-95	1.00E-04	3.63E-07	4.05E-03
Zr-95	6.00E-05	2.75E-07	5.11E-03
Sb-125	1.00E-04	8.06E-07	8.99E-03
Xe-131m	2.00E-04	1.18E-05	6.58E-02
Cs-137	2.00E-05	1.20E-07	6.69E-03
	$\sum_i (\text{C}_i/\text{C})/\text{MPC}_i =$		3.42E+02
	C =	8.97E-01	
	$\sum_i \text{C}_{vi} =$	1.70E-03	
	MPC <sub>eff</sub> =	2.92E-03	
	MPC <sub>veff</sub> =	5.54E-06 <sup>(1)</sup>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Highest MPC<sub>veff</sub> from a sample of liquid radwaste permits during 2010-2011, corresponding to permit 1L-421-0.

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**5. Dilution flow and for effluent release rate (as discussed in NN 202463337 task 6):**

Request an evaluation of minimum SWC flow per pump at 14,000 gpm to be used for dilution of effluent discharges. This flowrate was selected based on the control room alarm setpoint for low SWC flow windows 64A15 and 64A20.

CCN D0069798 to M-0027-023, submitted to CDM 4/11/13 for 11,000 gpm limit on SWC to CCW with 13 psid dP adequate to meet the cooling requirements for CCW. This calculation also shows it is safe to operate the Salt Water Cooling pumps up to the maximum normal operating range of the pump 21,000 gpm (ref SO23-405-33-M96) with a dP of 13 psid across the heat exchanger.

A review of SWC flow since 01/20/2012 (ET Database) shows that Operations consistently operates the SWC pumps with flows above 14,000 gpm. This indicates that for liquid radwaste effluent discharges, Operations will be able to ensure flow at 14,000 gpm.

The currently evaluated limit of radwaste liquid release rates is 75 gpm based on two Saltwater Cooling (SWC) pumps operating at the minimum allowed flow of 11,000 gpm per SO23-2-8 "SWC System Operation" during the extended outage condition.

At this release rate and SWC flows, the "margin" to 10CFR20 limits is essentially non-existent.

The 75 gpm liquid radwaste release rate limit will be administratively controlled by procedure, some "margin" to 10CFR20 limits can be gained if the permit is based on other SWC pump flowrate operating conditions. For example, if the SWC pump flows are maintained above the low flow control room alarm of 14,000 gpm per Saltwater Cooling pump and a minimum of two Saltwater Cooling pumps operating during liquid radwaste releases, the actual liquid radwaste release rate would have to exceed 95 gpm to exceed 10CFR20 limits. In other words, there would be approximately up to 20 gpm "margin" for controlling the liquid radwaste effluent discharge flow rate. Note however, that in addition to the regulatory requirements in 10 CFR 20 to keep concentrations below the limits in part 20 at all times, the regulations also require licensees to maintain doses ALARA.

Evaluated conditions:

Condition	Dilution Flow	Release rate	Release "margin" to 10CFR20
SWC at minimum	22,000 GPM	75 GPM	0 GPM
SWC low flow alarm	28,000 GPM	95 GPM	20 GPM
SWC Design Flow	34,000 GPM	116 GPM	41 GPM
SWC Nominal Flow	36,000 GPM	123 GPM	48 GPM

Since the only immediately available method currently available to identify a flow limit is the SWC low flow alarm, this SWC dilution flowrate of 28,000 gpm should be used as the basis for the ODCM and UFSAR change.

In accordance to this evaluation, a dilution flow of 14,000 gpm and an effluent release rate of 75 gpm are used to calculate Units 2/3 Liquid Monitor Setpoint Data Transmittal.

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## 6. Administrative Controls

The following administrative controls are required at all times to ensure the radiation monitoring instrumentation trip setpoints ensure a safe margin of assurance that limits of 10 CFR Part 20 will not be exceeded and that dose to the public remains as low as reasonable achievable:

- I. Operations procedures for performing steam generator blowdown releases directly to the outfall (bypass) will be cancelled and the discharge valves verified closed. The administrative factor provided for these release points is 0.00 and no discharges will be allowed using this flowpath.
- II. Liquid radwaste releases shall only be performed using an approved batch release permit and site procedures. Radwaste discharges represent the majority of SONGS dose to the public in the unrestricted area. Discharges through this flowpath are normally conducted with a planned batch release permit and provisions are made to ensure additional dilution flow is provided during the release. After each batch liquid radwaste release has been completed, the radwaste release flowpath will be isolated and valves independently verified closed.
- III. Revise Alarm Response Procedure on low SWC flow rate to evaluate and restore the flow rate to 14,000 gpm or greater. If the SWC flow rate cannot be restored, secure all liquid releases in progress.

During liquid radwaste batch releases, the additional administrative controls are required:

1. Operations procedure for performing liquid radwaste releases will be revised as follows:
  - a. Liquid radwaste effluent release rate upper limit to approximately 75 GPM- 80 GPM, as specified on the batch release permit.
  - b. Dilution flow rate through a single outfall to a minimum of 28,000 gpm. If the SWC flow data indicates a low flow rate, improve the SWC flow per guidance from Operations SWC system operating procedure. If the SWC flow rate cannot be restored, terminate the liquid radwaste release.
2. Install temporary PCS alarm for radwaste discharge flow rate 2/3FI7643 to ensure that the release discharge flow limit is not exceeded.
  - a. Operations procedure for performing liquid radwaste releases will be revised to require hourly verification of the radwaste discharge flow rate if the PCS alarm is not available.

## 7. Administrative Factors

The following administrative factors were used in the setpoint calculation:

RW7813: 0.58  
SG88-2: 0.00  
SG89-2: 0.00  
SG88-3: 0.00  
SG89-3: 0.00  
B2: 0.13  
B3: 0.13  
T2: 0.06  
T3: 0.06  
Y: 0.04



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8. Units 2/3 Liquid Effluent Setpoint Data Sheet

UNITS 2/3 LIQUID EFFLUENT SETPOINT DATA SHEET

FLOWPATH	MONITOR ID	ADMIN FACTOR	FLOW RATE, GPM	MPC y EFFECTIVE, $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$	CALIB CONST, $\mu\text{Ci/cc/cpm}$	MAXIMUM ODCM CONC, $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$	ALLOWED ODCM MAX, cpm	TRIP VALUE INSTALLED, $\mu\text{Ci/cc}$	TRIP VALUE INSTALLED, cpm
NIA Yard Sump	2/3-2101	0.04	4100	8.91E-06	N/A	1.57E-06	N/A	5.00E-07	N/A
RW Discharge	2/3-7813	0.58	75	5.54E-06	N/A	6.03E-04	N/A	1.00E-04	N/A
2-TPS	2-7821	0.06	200	5.49E-06	N/A	2.34E-05	N/A	5.00E-06	N/A
3-TPS	3-7821	0.06	200	5.49E-06	N/A	2.34E-05	N/A	5.00E-06	N/A
2-BPS Blowdown	2-7817	0.13	1000	1.10E-05	N/A	2.15E-05	N/A	5.00E-06	N/A
3-BPS Blowdown	3-7817	0.13	1000	1.10E-05	N/A	2.15E-05	N/A	5.00E-06	N/A
2-E089 BD Bypass	2-6753	0.00	0	1.60E-06	1.90E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	N/A
2-E088 BD Bypass	2-6759	0.00	0	1.60E-06	1.90E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	N/A
3-E089 BD Bypass	3-6753	0.00	0	1.60E-06	2.21E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	N/A
3-E088 BD Bypass	3-6759	0.00	0	1.60E-06	1.97E-08	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	N/A

FACTOR SUM 1.00

Note: UNIT 2 setpoint data based on dilution flow of:

14000 gpm

Note: UNIT 3 setpoint data based on dilution flow of:

14000 gpm

February 2001

**SUBJECT: Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Changes  
Safety Evaluation for Modifying References to 10 CFR 50.59**

#### INTRODUCTION

In 10 CFR Part 50, "Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities," Section 50.59, "Changes, Tests and Experiments," contains requirements for the process by which licensees may make changes to their facilities and procedures as described in the safety analysis report, without prior NRC approval, under certain conditions. The rule was promulgated in 1962 and revised in 1968.

A proposed new rule was published for comment in October 1998. Following consideration of public comments, on October 4, 1999 the NRC issued a final revision to 10 CFR 50.59 that will become effective March 12, 2001. The new program is scheduled for implementation at San Onofre on July 31, 2001.

#### DISCUSSION

Following publication of the revised rule, the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) submitted a guidance document for the implementation of 10 CFR 50.59 and requested NRC endorsement through a regulatory guide. Subsequently, NEI submitted document NEI 96-07 for endorsement.

According to Regulatory Guide 1.187, Revision 1 of NEI 96-07, "Guidelines for 10 CFR 50.59 Evaluations," dated November 2000, provides methods that are acceptable to the NRC staff for complying with the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59.

The new 10 CFR 50.59 (c) (4) states: The provisions in this section do not apply to changes to the facility or procedures when the applicable regulations establish more specific criteria for accomplishing such changes. NEI 96-07 clarifies that statement to include 'Offsite Dose Calculation Manual changes controlled by technical specifications\_' San Onofre Licensee Controlled Specification 5.5.2.1.1 provides the specific criteria for accomplishing ODCM changes.

##### 5.5.2.1.1 Licensee-initiated changes to the ODCM:

- a. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained. This documentation shall contain:
  1. Sufficient information to support the change(s) together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s);
  2. A determination that the change(s) maintain the levels of radioactive effluent control required by 10 CFR 20.106, 40 CFR 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations.
  3. Documentation of the fact that the change has been reviewed and found acceptable.
- b. Shall become effective upon review and approval by the Vice President-Nuclear Generation or his designee.
- c. Shall be submitted to the NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of or concurrent with the Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change in the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (i.e. •• month and year) the change was implemented.

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To reflect the changes in the regulatory guidance, ODCM section 6.3.1.1.a will be changed as follows:

from:

"A summary of the evaluation that led to the determination that the change could be made in accordance **with 10 CFR 50.59**";

to:

"A summary of the evaluation that led to the determination that the change could be made in accordance **with applicable regulations**".

As part of the implementation of the revised 10 CFR 50.59, a separate procedure is being implemented for effluent evaluations. Included in the procedure will be a checklist of related regulations, regulatory guidance, and licensing basis documents to ensure a comprehensive review. The effluent evaluations will be performed by qualified personnel for changes to the ODCM as well as design changes. Other regulatory guidance documents (e.g. NRC Information Bulletin 80-10, NRC Information Circular 80-18, NRC Generic Letter 81-38) also refer to performing a 10 CFR 50.59 evaluation for situations that could affect the control of radioactive effluents. Wherever the regulatory guidance refers to a 10 CFR 50.59 evaluation that addresses the potential for creating or modifying the control of radioactive effluents, an effluent evaluation using the new procedure will be performed instead.

#### CONCLUSION

The purpose of the ODCM is to ensure compliance with regulations regarding dose and curies released, setpoint calculations, sampling and monitoring of effluent pathways, and control and maintenance of radiation monitors. This new method of change evaluation more directly addresses these issues through a set of review questions developed as a method for evaluating changes to the ODCM. These questions will replace the 50.59 evaluation and will be used to assess the effects related to ODCM changes.

Effluent evaluations will be performed by qualified personnel in accordance with a site procedure to ensure compliance with all applicable regulations and regulatory guidance. As such, there will be no increase in radioactive effluents released to the environment and no increase in dose to a member of the public.

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1. May the proposed activity increase the probability of occurrence of an accident evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

The Licensee Controlled Specifications provide the guidance necessary to ensure that ODCM changes reflect the requirements of the specific controlling regulations. The ODCM has no effect on the probability of accidents and therefore this change will not increase the probability of occurrence of any previously evaluated accident.

2. May the proposed activity increase the consequences of an accident evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

The proposed change is an administrative change that does not affect operation of equipment or the facility. It does not influence any credible accident at Units 2/3 - a release due to leakage or failure of a radioactive waste system (section 15.7.3.2); and the postulated failure of a liquid tank (section 15.7.3.3). As such, this activity cannot increase the consequences of an accident previously evaluated in the UFSAR.

3. May the proposed activity increase the probability of occurrence of a malfunction of equipment important to safety evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

The ODCM has no effect on the operability of any equipment. It provides guidance for determining whether some equipment important to safety is operable and in some cases provides compensatory action to mitigate for inoperable equipment used to collect, transfer, treat, or discharge radioactive effluents. Therefore this change has will not increase the probability of occurrence of a malfunction of equipment important to safety.

4. May the proposed activity increase the consequences of a malfunction of equipment important to safety evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

The ODCM does not alter operation of important to safety equipment nor does it change the frequency of operation of the equipment, it cannot increase the consequence of a malfunction of equipment important to safety evaluated previously in the safety analysis report.

5. May the proposed activity create the possibility of an accident of a different type than any evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

Operation of plant equipment is not modified by this activity and therefore cannot create the possibility of an accident of a different type than any evaluated previously in the safety analysis report.

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6. May the proposed activity create the possibility of a malfunction of equipment important to safety of a different type than any evaluated previously in the safety analysis report?

No.

The ODCM does not alter operation of important to safety equipment nor does it change the frequency of operation of the equipment. The proposed change creates a set of screening questions that ensure that ODCM and design changes are reviewed for their effect related to applicable regulations and controlling documents. These questions require review of specific regulations, licenses, and safety analysis reports. Changes to the new method will not create the possibility of a malfunction of equipment important to safety of a different type than any evaluated previously.

7. Does the proposed activity reduce the margin of safety as defined in the basis for technical specification?

No.

The Licensee Controlled Specification currently requires and will continue to require (1) justification for ODCM changes, (2) no adverse impact to effluent controls, and (3) documentation of adequate review for acceptability. Currently, changes to the ODCM are evaluated using the 10 CFR 50.59 process.

The current process ensures that the ODCM provides adequate instruction to ensure that the requirements of applicable regulations are fulfilled. The proposed process will specifically callout each regulation against which changes to the ODCM are to be evaluated. Evaluating ODCM changes against these criteria has been, and will continue to be, the standard. The new method simply will ensure that all applicable requirements are considered. Chemistry procedures changes and review question development are in progress that will ensure the Technical Specification requirements are met and that there is no reduction in the margin of safety. There will be no resultant dose to a member of the public and no reduction in the margin of safety for any licensing specification or in the control of radioactive effluents as required by 10 CFR 20 and 10 CFR 50.