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Clinton Power Station
Facility Operating License No. NPF-62
NRC Docket No. 50-461

Subject: Clinton Power Station
2006 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Attached is the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for Clinton Power Station (CPS) for the period of January 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006.
This submittal is provided in accordance with the requirements of section 5.6.3 of the CPS Technical Specifications and section 7.1 of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual.

Respectfully,

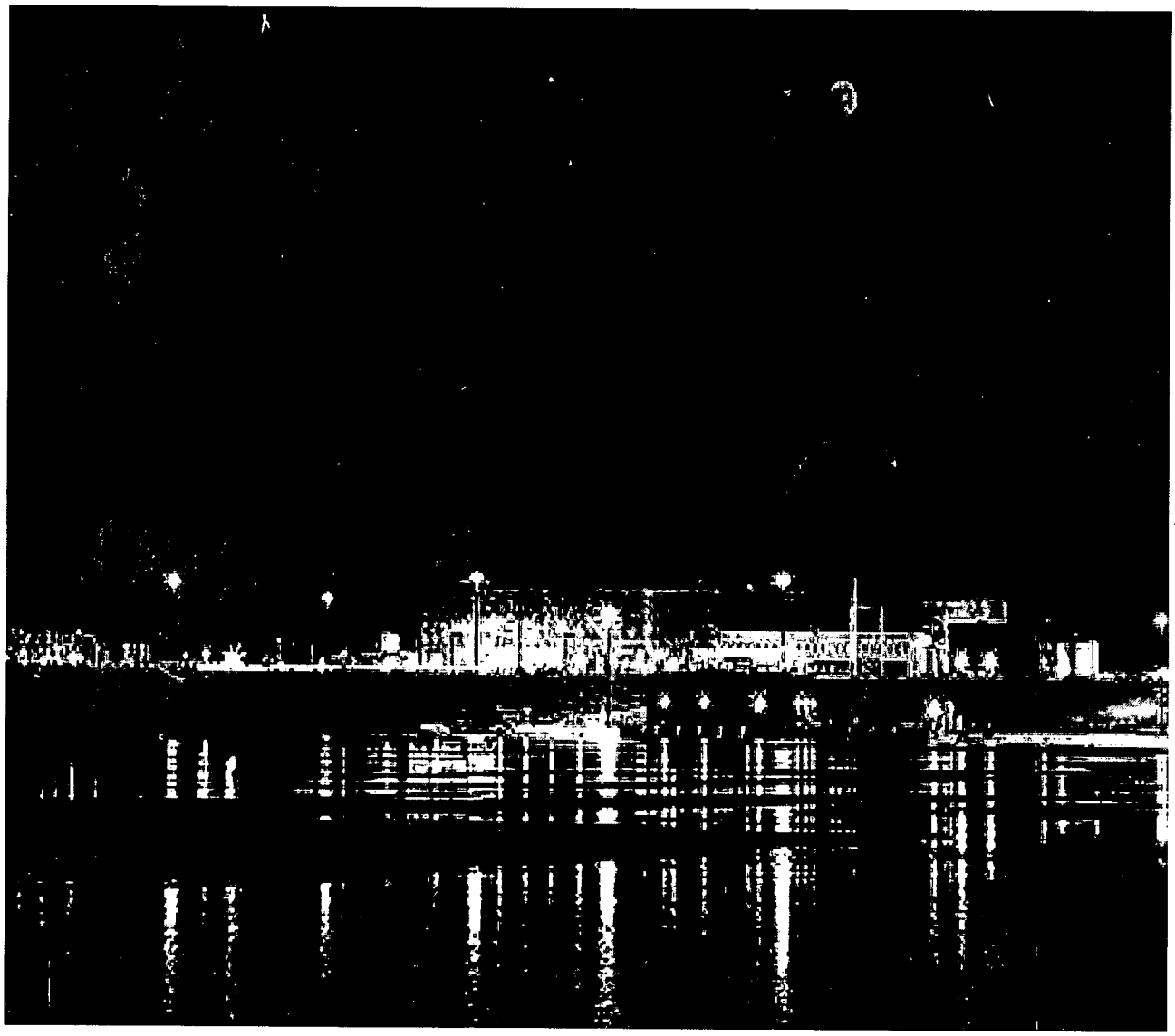
F. A. Kearney
Plant Manager
Clinton Power Station

EET/RJC/blf

Attachment

cc: Regional Administrator, Region III
NRC Senior Resident Inspector - Clinton Power Station
Office of Nuclear Facility Safety – Illinois Emergency Management Agency

IE48



Exelon
Nuclear

01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

CLINTON POWER STATION – DOCKET NUMBER 50-461

Prepared by:

Clinton Power Station

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SECTION 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report is a detailed description of gaseous and liquid radioactive effluents released from Clinton Power Station [CPS] and the resulting radiation doses for the period of 01 January 2006 through 31 December 2006. This report also includes a detailed meteorological section providing weather history of the surrounding area during this period. This information is used to calculate the offsite dose to our public.

The report also includes a summary of the amounts of radioactive material contained in solid waste that is packaged and shipped to a federally approved disposal / burial facility offsite. Additionally, this report notifies the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission [NRC] staff of changes to CPS's Offsite Dose Calculation Manual [ODCM] and exceptions to the CPS effluent monitoring program that must be reported in accordance with ODCM Remedial Requirements 2.7.1.b and 3.9.2.b.

The NRC requires that nuclear power facilities be designed, constructed, and operated in such a manner as to maintain radioactive effluent releases to unrestricted areas As Low As Reasonably Achievable [ALARA]. To ensure compliance with this criterion, the NRC has established limitations governing the release of radioactivity in effluents.

During 2006, CPS operations were well within these federally required limits. The maximum annual radiation dose delivered to the inhabitants of the area surrounding CPS - due to radioactivity released from the station – was 1.20E-03 [or 0.00120] mR [milli-Roentgen]. The radiation dose to the public in the vicinity of CPS was calculated by using the concentration of radioactive nuclides from each gaseous effluent release coupled with historical weather conditions. The dose from CPS gaseous radioactive effluents was only a small fraction of the limit for the maximum exposed member of the public. There were no liquid effluent releases in 2006. As such, there was no dose received by the public from the liquid radioactive effluent pathway.

SECTION 2

INTRODUCTION

CPS is located in Harp Township, DeWitt County approximately six (6) miles east of the city of Clinton in east-central Illinois. CPS is a ~1,140 megawatt gross electrical power output boiling water reactor. Initial fuel load commenced in September of 1986 with initial criticality of the reactor occurring on 27 February 1987. Commercial operation commenced in April 1987 and the reactor reached 100% power for the first time on 15 September 1987.

CPS releases airborne effluents via two (2) gaseous effluent release points to the environment. They are the Common Station Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning [HVAC] Vent and the Standby Gas Treatment System [SGTS] Vent [see Figure 1]. Each gaseous effluent release point is continuously monitored consisting of a surveillance program of periodic sampling and analysis as specified in the ODCM.

CPS is licensed to release radioactive liquid effluents in a batch mode, however there were no radioactive liquid releases in 2006 at CPS. Each release would have been sampled and analyzed prior to release. Depending upon the amount of activity in a release, liquid effluents would vary from 10 to 300 gallons per minute [GPM]. This volume is then further combined with both Plant Service Water flow [a minimum of approximately 5,000 GPM] along with Plant Circulating Water flow [0 to 567,000 GPM] in the seal well, just prior to entering the 3.4 mile discharge flume into Lake Clinton [see Figure 2].

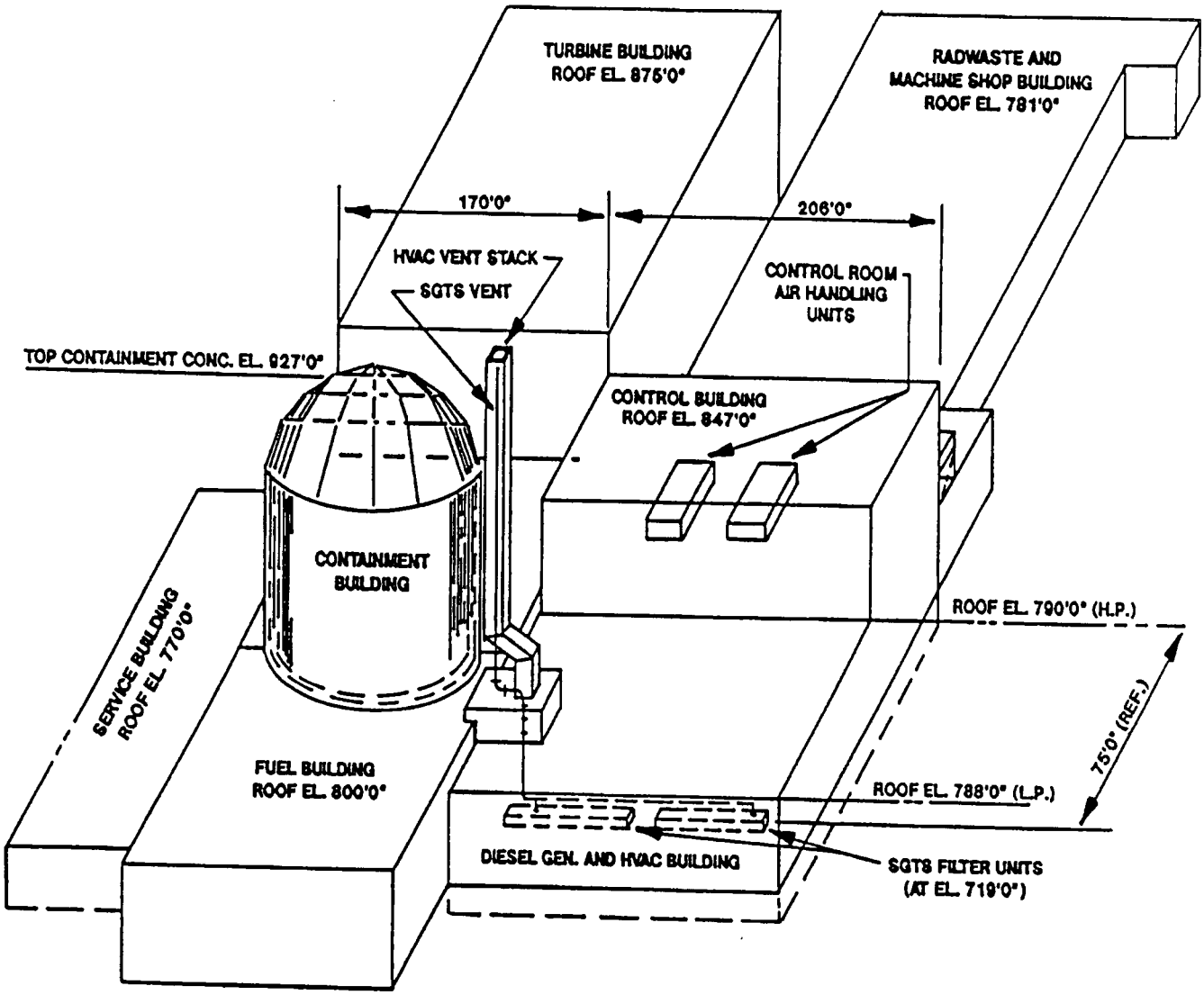
Processing and Monitoring

CPS strictly controls effluents to ensure radioactivity released to the environment is maintained ALARA and does not exceed federal release limit criteria. Effluent controls include the operation of radiation monitoring systems within the plant as well as an offsite environmental analysis program. In-plant radiation monitoring systems are used to provide a continuous indication of radioactivity in effluent streams. Some are also used to collect particulate and radioiodine samples. Radioactive effluent related samples are analyzed in a controlled laboratory environment to identify the specific concentration of those radionuclides being released. Sampling and analyses provides for a more sensitive and precise method of determining effluent composition to complement the information provided by real-time radiation monitoring instruments.

Beyond the plant itself, a Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program [REMP] is maintained in accordance with Federal Regulations. The purpose of the REMP program is to assess the radiological impact on the environment due to the operation of CPS. Implicit in this charter is the license requirement to trend and assess radiation exposure rates and radioactivity concentrations that may contribute to dose to the public. The program consists of two phases; pre-operational and operational. During the pre-operational phase of the program, the baseline for the local radiation environment was established. The operational phase of the program includes the objective of making confirmatory measurements to verify that the in-plant controls for the release of radioactive material are functioning as designed. Assessment of the operational impact of CPS on the environment is based on data collected since initial criticality of the reactor.

Figure 1

CPS AIRBORNE EFFLUENT RELEASE POINTS

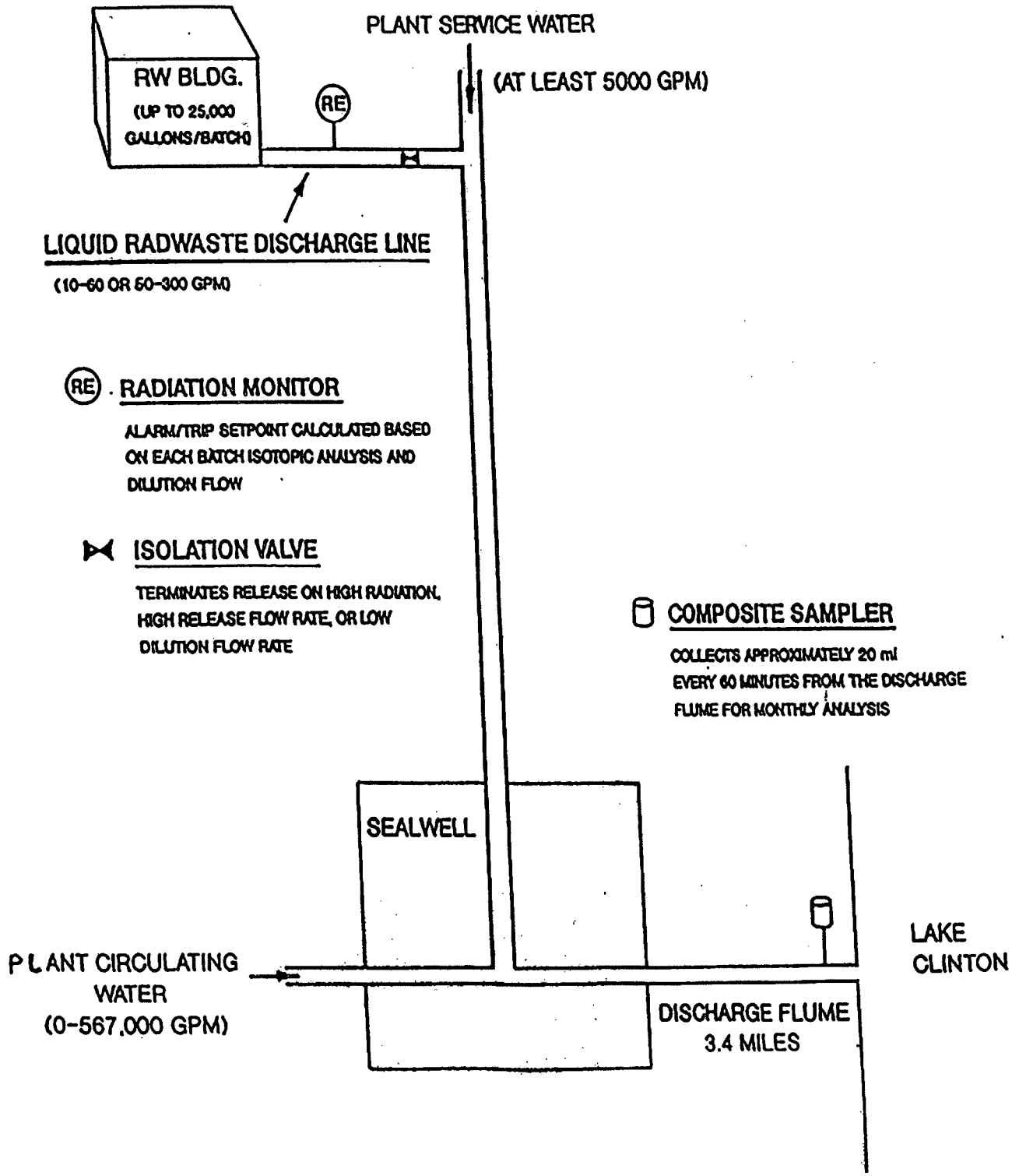


	HVAC Exhaust Vent	SGTS Exhaust Vent
Release Point Height (feet)	200	200
Building Height (feet)	190	190
Release Point Geometry	Duct	Pipe
Release Point Area (ft^2)	120	2
Release Point Diameter (feet)	12*	1
Annual Average Flow Rate (ft^3/sec)	2,738	73
Vertical Exit Velocity (feet/sec)	33	41

* Effective $2(A/\pi)^2$ diameter

Figure 2

CPS WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS RELEASE PATHWAY



Exposure Pathways

A radiological exposure pathway is the vehicle by which the public may become exposed to radioactivity released from nuclear facilities. The major pathways of concern are those that could cause the highest calculated radiation dose. These pathways are determined from the type and amount of radioactivity released, the environmental transport mechanism, and how the plant environs are used (i.e., residence, gardens, etc.). The environmental transport mechanism includes the historical meteorological characteristics of the area that are defined by wind speed and wind direction. This information is used to evaluate how the radionuclides will be distributed within the surrounding area. The most important factor in evaluating the exposure pathway is the use of the environment by the public living around CPS. Factors such as location of homes in the area, use of cattle for milk, and the growing of gardens for vegetable consumption are important considerations when evaluating exposure pathways. Figure 3 illustrates the effluent exposure pathways that were considered.

The radioactive gaseous effluent exposure pathways include direct radiation, deposition on plants and soil, and inhalation by animals and humans. The radioactive liquid effluent exposure pathways include fish consumption and direct exposure from Lake Clinton.

Dose Assessment

Whole body radiation involves the exposure of all organs in the human body to ionizing radiation. Most naturally occurring background radiation exposures consist of whole body exposure although specific organs can receive radiation exposure from distinct radionuclides. These radionuclides enter the body through inhalation and ingestion and seek different organs depending on the nuclide. For example, radioactive iodine selectively concentrates in the thyroid, radioactive cesium collects in muscle and liver tissue, and radioactive strontium in mineralized bone.

The total dose to organs from a given radionuclide also depends on the amount of activity in the organ and the amount of time that the radionuclide remains in the body. Some radionuclides remain for very short periods of time due to their rapid radioactive decay and / or elimination rate from the body, while others may remain longer.

Radiation dose to the public in the area surrounding CPS is calculated for each release using historical weather conditions coupled with the concentrations of radioactive material present. The dose is calculated for all sixteen geographical sectors surrounding CPS and includes the location of the nearest residents, vegetable gardens producing broad leaf vegetables and dairy animals in all sectors. The calculated dose also uses the scientific concept of a "maximum exposed individual" and "standard man", and the maximum use factors for the environment, such as how much milk an average person consumes and how much air a person breathes in a year.

Section 6 contains more detailed information on dose to the public.

Gaseous Effluents

Gaseous effluent radioactivity released from CPS is classified into two (2) categories. The first category is noble gases. The second category consists of I^{131}, I^{133}, H^3, and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days. Noble gases - such as xenon and krypton - are biologically and chemically non-reactive. As such, these radionuclides – specifically Kr^{85m}, Xe^{133} and Xe^{135} – are the major contributors to external doses. Halogens I^{131} and I^{133}, H^3 and radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days are the major contributors to internal doses.

Liquid Effluents

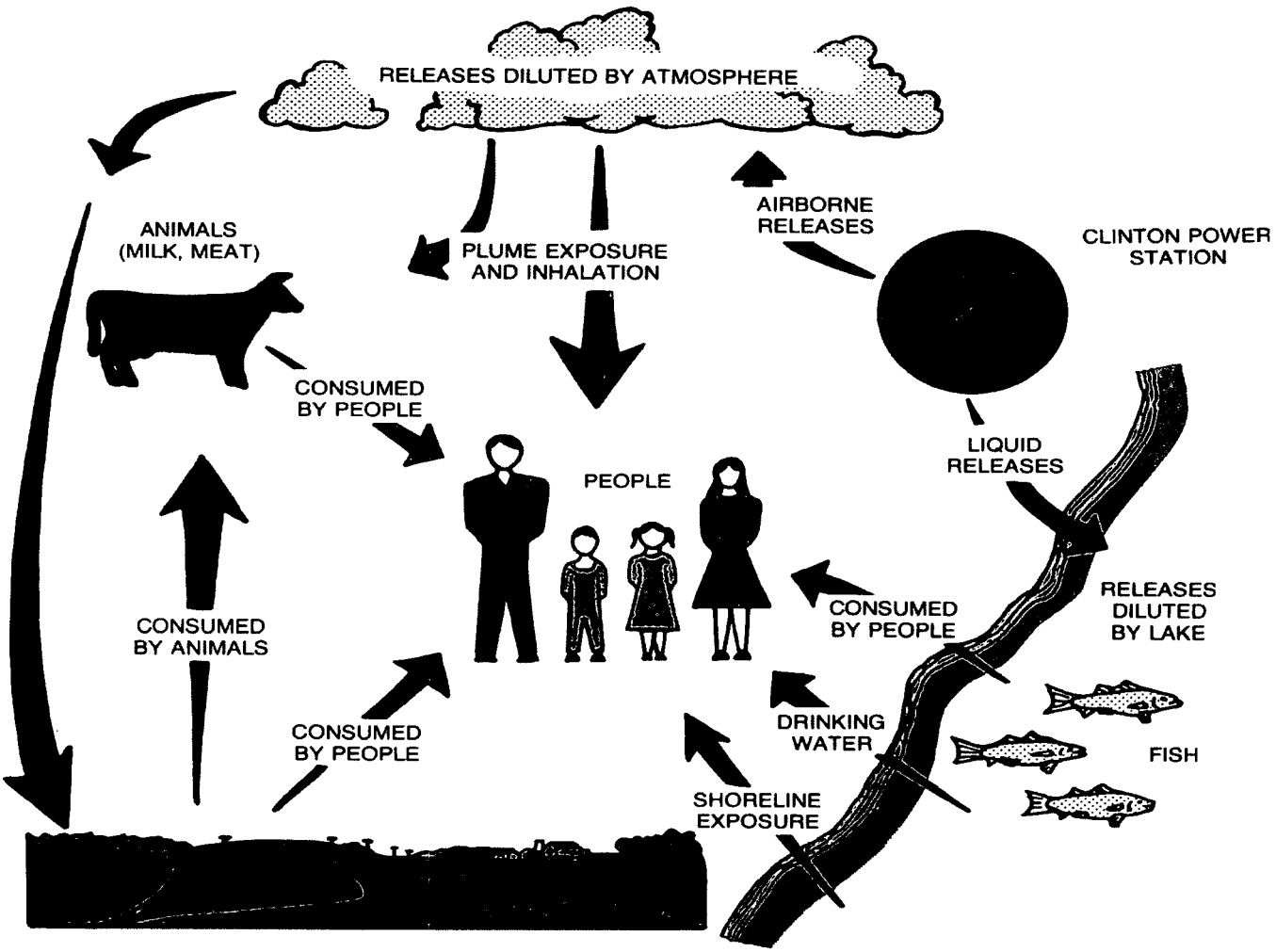
Liquid effluents may originate from two (2) sources at CPS. The first is effluent from the Radioactive Waste Treatment System. This water is demineralized prior to release. Samples are taken after the tank has been allowed to adequately recirculate. The second is from heat exchanger leaks found in closed cooling water systems that service radioactively contaminated systems. This would be considered an abnormal release. As a matter of station management commitment, CPS strives to be a zero (0) radioactive liquid release plant. The last liquid release occurred in September of 1992.

Solid Waste Shipments

To reduce the radiation exposure to personnel and maintain the federally required ALARA concept, the NRC and the Department of Transportation [DOT] have established limits on the types of radioactive waste and the amount of radioactivity that may be packaged and shipped offsite for burial or disposal. To ensure that CPS is complying with these regulations, the types of waste and the radioactivity present are reported to the NRC.

FIGURE 3

EFFLUENT EXPOSURE PATHWAYS



SECTION 3

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

I. REGULATORY LIMITS

The NRC requires nuclear power facilities to be designed, constructed and operated in such a way that the radioactivity in effluent releases to unrestricted areas are kept ALARA. To ensure these criteria are met, each license authorizing nuclear reactor operation includes the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual [ODCM] governing the release of radioactive effluents. The ODCM designates the limits for release of effluents, as well as the limits for doses to the general public from the release of radioactive liquids and gases. These limits are taken from Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I (10CFR50 Appendix I), Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20.1301 (10CFR20.1301) and Section 5.5.1 of our Station's Technical Specifications. Maintaining effluent releases within these operating limitations demonstrates compliance with ALARA principles. These limits are just a fraction of the dose limits established by the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] found within Environmental Dose Standard Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 190 [40CFR190]. The EPA has established dose limits for members of the public in the vicinity of a nuclear power plant. These dose limits are:

- Less than or equal to 25 mRem per year to the total body.
- Less than or equal to 75 mRem per year to the thyroid.
- Less than or equal to 25 mRem per year to any other organ.

Specific limit information is given below.

A. Gaseous Effluents

1. The maximum permissible concentrations for gaseous effluents shall not exceed the values provided within Section 5.5.4.g of Station Technical Specifications. To ensure these concentrations are not exceeded, dose rates due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at and beyond the site area boundary shall be limited to the following:

   a. Noble gases

      - Less than or equal to 500 mRem/year to the total body.
      - Less than or equal to 3,000 mRem/year to the skin.

   b. I^{131}, I^{133}, H^3, and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days:

      - Less than or equal to 1,500 mRem/year to any organ.

2. In accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I, (10CFR50 Appendix I) air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following:

   a. Less than or equal to 5 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mRad for beta radiation during any calendar quarter.

   b. Less than or equal to 10 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mRad for beta radiation during any calendar year.

3. In accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I, (10CFR50 Appendix I), dose to a member of the public (from I^{131}, I^{133}, H^3, and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days) in gaseous effluents released to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following values:

   a. Less than or equal to 7.5 mRem to any organ, during any calendar quarter.

   b. Less than or equal to 15 mRem to any organ, during any calendar year.

B. Liquid Effluents

1. The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas shall be limited to the values provided within Section 5.5.4.b of Station Technical Specifications for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-04 µCi/ml total activity.

2. The dose or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas shall be limited to:

   a. Less than or equal to 1.5 mRem to the total body and less than or equal to 5 mRem to any organ during any calendar quarter.

   b. Less than or equal to 3 mRem to the total body and less than or equal to 10 mRem to any organ during any calendar year.

II. AVERAGE ENERGY

The CPS ODCM limits the dose equivalent rates due to the release of fission and activation gases to less than or equal to 500 mRem per year to the total body and less than or equal to 3,000 mRem per year to the skin. These limits are based on dose calculations using actual isotopic concentrations from our effluent release streams and not based upon the gross count rate from our monitoring systems. Therefore, the average beta and gamma energies [E] for gaseous effluents as described in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and

Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants", are not applicable.

III. MEASUREMENT AND APPROXIMATIONS OF TOTAL RADIOACTIVITY

A. Fission and Activation Gases

1. Gas samples are collected weekly and are counted on a high purity germanium detector (HPGe) for principal gamma emitters. The HVAC and SGTS release points are continuously monitored and the average release flow rates for each release point are used to calculate the total activity released during a given time period.

2. Tritium is also collected by passing a known volume of the sample stream through a gas washer containing a known quantity of demineralized water. The collected samples are distilled and analyzed by liquid scintillation. The tritium released was calculated for each release point from the measured tritium concentration, the volume of the sample, the tritium collection efficiency, and the respective stack exhaust flow rates.

B. Iodines

Iodine is continuously collected on a silver zeolite cartridge filter via an isokinetic sampling assembly from each release point. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and then analyzed on an HPGe system. The average flow rates for each release point are averaged over the duration of the sampling period and these results - along with specific isotopic concentrations - are then used to determine the total activity released during the time period in question.

C. Particulates

Particulates are continuously collected on a filter paper via an isokinetic sampling assembly on each release point. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and then analyzed on an HPGe system. The average flow rates for each release point are averaged over the duration of the sampling period and these results - along with specific isotopic concentrations - are then used to determine the total activity released during the time period in question.

D. Liquid Effluents

Each tank of liquid radwaste is recirculated for at least two (2) tank volumes, sampled, and analyzed for principal gamma emitters prior to release. Each sample tank is recirculated for a sufficient amount of time prior to sampling ensuring that a representative sample is obtained. Samples are then analyzed on an HPGe system and liquid release permits are generated based upon the values obtained from the isotopic analysis and the most recent values for H^3, gross alpha, Fe^{55}, Sr^{89} and Sr^{90}. An aliquot based on release volume is saved and added to composite containers. The concentrations of composited isotopes and the volumes of the releases associated with these composites establish the proportional relationships that are then utilized for calculating the total activity released for these isotopes.

IV. DESCRIPTION OF ERROR ESTIMATES

Estimates of measurement and analytical error for gaseous and liquid effluents are calculated as follows:

$$E_T = \sqrt{[(E_1)^2 + (E_2)^2 + ...(E_n)^2]}$$

where: E_T = total percent error, and
$E_1 ... E_N$ = percent error due to calibration standards, laboratory analysis, instruments, sample flow, etc.

SECTION 4

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT DATA

TABLE 1
GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - Summation Of All Releases
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006
Continuous Mixed Mode

	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error, %
A. Fission & Activation Gases						
1. Total Release	Ci	**5.44E+00**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	30
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	6.99E-01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
B. Iodines						
1. Total Iodine-131	Ci	**1.51E-04**	**0.00E+01**	**3.85E-06**	**0.00E+01**	31
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	1.94E-05	0.00E+01	4.84E-07	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
C. Particulates						
1. Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	**3.29E-04**	**1.75E-05**	**5.07E-06**	**0.00E+01**	24
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	4.23E-05	2.23E-06	6.37E-07	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
4. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	1.25E-05	3.80E-08	5.97E-07	5.38E-07	
D. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	**9.29E+00**	**1.01E+01**	**9.93E+00**	**1.15E+01**	21
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	1.20E+00	1.28E+00	1.25E+00	1.45E+00	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	

* Applicable limits are expressed in terms of dose. See Tables 1A and 1B of this report.

TABLE 1A

Air Doses Due to Gaseous Releases

Doses per Quarter

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	1st Quarter	% of Limit	2nd Quarter	% of Limit	3rd Quarter	% of Limit	4th Quarter	% of Limit
Gamma	5 mRad	2.46E-04	4.91E-03	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Beta	10 mRad	8.90E-05	8.90E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01

Doses per Year

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	Year	% of Limit
Gamma	10 mRad	2.46E-04	2.46E-03
Beta	20 mRad	8.90E-05	4.45E-04

TABLE 1B

Doses to a Member of the Public Due to Radioiodines, Tritium, and Particulates in Gaseous Releases

Doses per Quarter

Type of Organ	ODCM Limit	Quarter 1	% of Limit	Quarter 2	% of Limit	Quarter 3	% of Limit	Quarter 4	% of Limit
Bone	7.5	1.05E-06	1.40E-05	1.34E-05	1.79E-04	1.73E-06	2.31E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Liver	7.5	1.60E-04	2.14E-03	1.72E-04	2.29E-03	1.69E-04	2.26E-03	1.96E-04	2.62E-03
TBody	7.5	1.70E-04	2.27E-03	1.73E-04	2.30E-03	1.71E-04	2.28E-03	1.97E-04	2.62E-03
Thyroid	7.5	6.49E-04	8.66E-03	1.72E-04	2.30E-03	1.82E-04	2.43E-03	1.97E-04	2.62E-03
Kidney	7.5	1.61E-04	2.15E-03	1.72E-04	2.30E-03	1.70E-04	2.26E-03	1.97E-04	2.62E-03
Lung	7.5	1.59E-04	2.12E-03	1.72E-04	2.30E-03	1.71E-04	2.28E-03	1.97E-04	2.62E-03
GI LLI	7.5	1.64E-04	2.18E-03	1.74E-04	2.32E-03	1.88E-04	2.51E-03	1.97E-04	2.62E-03

Doses per Year

Type of Organ	ODCM Limit	Year	% of Limit
Bone	15	1.62E-05	1.08E-04
Liver	15	6.98E-04	4.66E-03
TBody	15	7.10E-04	4.74E-03
Thyroid	15	1.20E-03	8.00E-03
Kidney	15	7.00E-04	4.67E-03
Lung	15	6.99E-04	4.66E-03
GI LLI	15	7.23E-04	4.82E-03

TABLE 2

CLINTON POWER STATION
GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - Nuclides Released

YEAR: 2006

Mixed Mode Release	X
Elevated Release	
Ground-Level Release	

Continuous Mode	X
Batch Mode	

	Units	Quarter 1[2]	Quarter 2[2]	Quarter 3[2]	Quarter 4[2]
A. Fission Gases [1]					
Ar^{41}	Ci	5.14E+00	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Kr^{85m}	Ci	3.00E-01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Total for Period	Ci	**5.44E+00**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**
B. Iodines [1]					
I^{133}	Ci	1.59E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
I^{131}	Ci	1.51E-04	0.00E+01	3.85E-06	0.00E+01
Total for Period	Ci	**1.67E-04**	**0.00E+01**	**3.85E-06**	**0.00E+01**
C. Particulates [1]					
Co^{60}	Ci	5.14E-06	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Sr^{89}	Ci	0.00E+01	1.75E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Mn^{54}	Ci	1.29E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Cs^{138}	Ci	3.06E-02	2.51E-01	1.57E-01	0.00E+01
Ce^{141}	Ci	3.47E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Cr^{51}	Ci	2.76E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Ce^{144}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	1.13E-07	0.00E+01
Sb^{125}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	4.95E-06	0.00E+01
Gross Alpha	Ci	1.25E-05	3.80E-08	5.97E-07	5.38E-07
Total for Period	Ci	**3.09E-02**	**2.51E-01**	**1.57E-01**	**5.38E-07**
D. Tritium [1]					
Total for Period	Ci	**9.29E+00**	**1.01E+01**	**9.93E+00**	**1.15E+01**

[1] Ten (10) times the values found in 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1 are used for all Effluent Concentration Limit [ECL] calculations. For dissolved and entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to 2.00E-04 µCi/cc total activity.

[2] The lower the value of the actual sample activity - with respect to background activity – the greater the counting error. Proportionally, large errors are reported for the various components of CPS gaseous effluents because of their consistent low sample activity.

An entry of 0.00E+01 indicates that the Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) concentration of the radionuclide was below the LLD value listed in Table 6.

TABLE 3

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE LLD VALUES

TYPE OF ACTIVITY ANALYSIS	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) [a] (μCi/cc)
Principal Gamma Emitters, [Noble Gases] [b,c]	≤1.00E-04
H^{3} [c]	≤1.00E-06
I^{131} [d]	≤1.00E-12
I^{133} [d]	≤1.00E-10
Principal Gamma Emitters, [Particulates] [b,e]	≤1.00E-11
Sr^{89}, Sr^{90} [g]	≤1.00E-11
Gross Alpha [f]	≤1.00E-11

Table 3 Notations

[a]The Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as defined for purposes of these specifications, as an "a priori" determination of the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count - above system background - that will be detected with a 95% probability and with a low (5%) probability of incorrectly concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 \cdot s_b}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22 \times 10^{6} \cdot Y \cdot e^{-\lambda \Delta t}}$$

Where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above, as µCi per unit mass or volume,

s_b is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate, in counts per minute (cpm),

E is the counting efficiency, in counts per disintegration,

V is the sample size in units of mass or volume,

2.22E+06 is the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide (sec^{-1}) and

Δt for plant effluents is the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and the time of counting (sec).

Typical values of E, V, Y, and Δt should be used in the calculation.

The LLD is defined as an ***a priori*** (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an ***a posteriori*** (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

[b]The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies include the following radionuclides: Kr^{87}, Kr^{88}, Xe^{133}, Xe^{133m}, Xe^{135}, and Xe^{138} in noble gas releases and Mn^{54}, Fe^{59}, Co^{58}, Co^{60}, Zn^{65}, Mo^{99}, I^{131}, Cs^{134}, Cs^{137}, Ce^{141}, and Ce^{144} in iodine and particulate releases. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other gamma peaks that are identifiable - together with those of the above nuclides - shall also be analyzed and reported in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

[c]Weekly grab sample and analysis

[d]Continuous charcoal sample analyzed weekly

[e]Continuous particulate sample analyzed weekly

[f]Composite particulate sample analyzed monthly

[g]Composite particulate sample analyzed quarterly

TABLE 4

WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS - Summation Of All Releases
Data Period: 01 January 2006 through 31 December 2006

There were zero (0) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2006.

	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error, %
A. Fission & Activation Products						
1. Total Release	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	N/A
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
B. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	N/A
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
C. Dissolved and Entrained Gases						
1. Total Release	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	N/A
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
D. Gross Alpha Radioactivity						
Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	N/A
E. Volume of Waste Released (prior to Dilution)	Liters	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	N/A
F. Volume of dilution water used during period	Liters	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	N/A

TABLE 5

WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS - Nuclides Released [1]
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006
All Modes

There were zero (Ø) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2006.

Continuous Mode		**Batch Mode**	**X**

Nuclide	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
A. Tritium					
H^{3}	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**
B. Fission and Activation Products					
Sr^{89}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Sr^{90}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Cs^{134}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Cs^{137}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
I^{131}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Co^{58}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Co^{60}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Fe^{59}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Zn^{65}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Mn^{54}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Cr^{51}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Zr/Nb^{95}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Mo^{99}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Tc-99m	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Ba/La^{140}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Ce^{141}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Ce^{144}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Total	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**
C. Dissolved and Entrained Noble Gases					
Xe^{133}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Xe^{135}	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
Total	Ci	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**	**0.00E+01**

[1] A value corresponding to ten times the values found in 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 are used for all Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL) calculations. For dissolved and entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to 2.00E-04 µCi/ml total activity.

TABLE 6

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE LLD VALUES

TYPE OF ACTIVITY ANALYSIS	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) [a] (µCi/ml)
Principal Gamma Emitters [b]	≤5.00E-07
I^{131}	≤1.00E-06
Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma Emitters) [c]	≤1.00E-05
H^3	≤1.00E-05
Gross Alpha	≤1.00E-07
Sr^{89}, Sr^{90}	≤5.00E-08
Fe^{55}	≤1.00E-06

Table 6 Notations

[a]The Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as defined for purposes of these specifications, as an "a priori" determination of the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count - above system background - that will be detected with a 95% probability and with only a 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 \cdot s_b}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22 \times 10^6 \cdot Y \cdot e^{-\lambda \Delta t}}$$

Where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above, as µCi per unit mass or volume,

s_b is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate, in counts per minute (cpm),

Table 6 Notations (continued)

E is the counting efficiency, as counts per disintegration,

V is the sample size in units of mass or volume,

2.22E+06 is the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide (sec^{-1}) and

Δ_t for plant effluents is the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and the time of counting (sec).

Typical values of E, V, Y, and λt should be used in the calculation.

The LLD is defined as an ***a priori*** (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an ***a posteriori*** (after the fact, MDA) limit for a particular measurement.

[b]The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD requirement applies include the following radionuclides: Mn^{54}, Fe^{59}, Co^{58}, Co^{60}, Zn^{65}, Mo^{99}, Cs^{134}, Cs^{137}, Ce^{141}, and Ce^{144} shall also be measured, but with an LLD of 5.0E-06. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are detected and reported. Other gamma peaks that are measurable - together with those of the above nuclides - shall also be analyzed and reported in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

[c]Dissolved and entrained gases are: Xe^{133}, Xe^{135}, Xe^{138}, Kr^{85m}, Kr^{87} and Kr^{88}.

BATCH RELEASES

There were zero (Ø) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2006.

A. Batch Liquid Releases: 2006

1.	Number of batch releases:	Ø
2.	Total time period for batch releases:	N/A
3.	Maximum time period for batch release:	N/A
4.	Average time period for batch release	N/A
5.	Minimum time period for batch release:	N/A
6.	Average stream flow during periods of release:	N/A
7.	Total waste volume:	N/A
8.	Total dilution volume:	N/A

B. Batch Gaseous Releases: 2006

1.	Number of batch releases:	Ø
2.	Total time period for batch releases:	N/A
3.	Maximum time period for batch release:	N/A
4.	Average time period for batch release	N/A
5.	Minimum time period for batch release:	N/A

ABNORMAL RELEASES

Information concerning abnormal radioactive liquid and gaseous releases is presented below for the year 2006. There were no abnormal or unplanned liquid or gaseous releases from CPS in 2006.

Liquid Releases:

Number of Abnormal Liquid Releases: Ø

Activity Released [Ci]

Nuclides	Activity [Ci]
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
Total	Ø

Gaseous Releases:

Number of Abnormal Gaseous Releases: Ø

Activity Released [Ci]

Nuclides	Activity [Ci]
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
N/A	Ø
Total	Ø

SECTION 5

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL INFORMATION

During this reporting period – 01 January 2006 through 31 December 2006 - there were twenty-five (25) radioactive waste shipments and zero **(Ø)** irradiated fuel shipments from CPS. In addition, the CPS ODCM requires reporting of the following information for solid waste shipped offsite during the above reporting period:

1. Container volume: Class A Waste: **38,000*** ft^3 Class B Waste: **Ø** ft^3

   * This total includes Dry Active Waste (DAW), resins, filter sludges and evaporator bottoms.

2. Total curie quantity: Class A Waste was 1,000.360 curies and Class B Waste was **Ø** curies (determined by dose-to-curie and sample concentration methodology estimates). There were no Class C Waste shipments in 2006.

3. Principal radionuclides: See A.2 for listing of measured radionuclides.

4. Source of waste and processing employed: Resins, filter sludges and evaporator bottoms dewatered or solidified in cement and non-compacted dry active waste.

5. Type of container: Type A and Strong Tight Container.

6. Solidification agent or absorbent: None.

Table 7

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

A. Solid Waste Shipped Offsite for Burial or Disposal: [***NOT*** irradiated fuel]

A.1. Type of Waste		Units	January – June 2006	July – December 2006	Est. Total Error, %
a.	Spent resins, filter sludges, evaporator bottoms, etc.	ft^3	1,460	640	25
		Ci	33.0	964	
b.	Dry compactable Waste, contaminated Equipment, etc.	ft^3	27,300	6,560	25
		Ci	3.08	0.28	
c.	Irradiated components, control rods, etc.	ft^3	(Ø)	(Ø)	0
		Ci	(Ø)	(Ø)	
d.	Other Wastes	ft^3	(Ø)	(Ø)	0
		Ci	(Ø)	(Ø)	

* Total curie quantity and principal radionuclides were determined by measurements.

A.2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

1. Spent resins, filters, evaporator bottoms, etc.

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
A	Mn^{54}	7.166	71.4
	Fe^{55}	69.665	694
	Co^{60}	19.758	197
	Ni^{63}	0.609	6.07
	Other	2.802	27.87

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
B	Mn^{54}	Ø	Ø
	Fe^{55}	Ø	Ø
	Co^{60}	Ø	Ø
	Other	Ø	Ø

2. Dry compactable waste, contaminated equipment, etc.

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
A	Mn^{54}	6.138	0.206
	Fe^{55}	76.746	2.58
	Co^{60}	13.834	0.465
	Other	3.282	0.110

Table 7

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS [continued]

A.3. Solid Waste Disposition

January - June 2006

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
3	Hittman Transport	ALARON Wampum, Pennsylvania
7	Tag Transport Company	ALARON Wampum, Pennsylvania
2	Hittman Transport	Duratek Oak Ridge, Tennessee
1	Hittman Transport	Duratek Kingston, Tennessee
1	Hittman Transport	Energy Solutions LLC, Bulk Clive, Utah
5	Hittman Transport	Energy Solutions LLC, Containerized Clive, Utah

July - December 2006

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
1	Hittman Transport	Energy Solutions LLC, Bulk Clive, Utah
1	Hittman Transport	Duratek Oak Ridge, Tennessee
1	Hittman Transport	Duratek Kingston, Tennessee
3	Hittman Transport	ALARON Wampum, Pennsylvania

B. Irradiated Fuel Shipments (Disposition)

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
Zero (Ø)	N/A	N/A

SECTION 6

DOSE MEASUREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

This section of the Annual Effluent Release Report provides the dose received by receptors around CPS from gaseous and liquid effluents. The dose to the receptor that would have received the highest dose in each sector (defined as the Critical Receptor for that sector) is listed within this report. This section also provides the dose to individuals who were inside the Site Boundary. This section also summarizes CPS's compliance with the requirements found within 49CFR190.

The assumptions used in determining dose values are as follows:

- All receptors within a five (5) mile radius are included in the Annual Land Use Census. This Annual Census determines what dose pathways are present as well as the distance of each receptor from the site.

- The annual average meteorological data for 2006 was used in conjunction with the Annual Land Use Census to determine the dose to each receptor within five (5) miles.

- The doses for each receptor from each sector were determined using methodologies given in the ODCM.

- The activity used in these assessments is the total activity released by CPS for the year 2006 including radionuclides with half-lives less than eight (8) days and when dose pathway factors were available.

- The occupancy factor was taken into consideration by calculating the dose to individuals using areas inside the Site Boundary in non-residential areas. The occupancy factor is determined by dividing the number of hour[s] of occupancy per year (taken from the ODCM) and dividing that value by the total number of hour[s] per year.

- Dose to individuals using areas inside the Site Boundary (that are not residences) was calculated using the Ground Plane and Inhalation pathways.

TABLE 8

MAXIMUM OFFSITE DOSES AND DOSE COMMITMENTS
TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC IN EACH SECTOR
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

This table illustrates the dose that a member from the public would most likely be exposed to from radioactive effluents in each sector from CPS. These values represent the maximum dose likely to expose a member of the public in each sector.

RECEPTOR INFORMATION					AIRBORNE EFFLUENT DOSE				WATERBORNE EFFLUENT DOSE (mRem) [1]	
					Iodine and Particulates (mRem)		Noble Gases (mRad)			
Sector	Distance (miles)	Pathways	Organ	Age	Organ	Total Body	Gamma	Beta	Organ	Total Body
N	0.9	GP, I, M, V	Th	A	1.25E-03	7.50E-04	2.26E-04	8.19E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
NNE	1.0	GP, I	Th	A	2.16E-04	2.09E-04	1.86E-04	6.75E-05		
NE	1.3	GP, I	Th	T	9.94E-05	9.62E-05	8.66E-05	3.14E-05		
ENE	1.8	GP, I	Th	A	7.22E-05	6.98E-05	6.34E-05	2.30E-05		
E	1.0	GP, I	Th	A	1.21E-04	1.18E-04	1.04E-04	3.77E-05		
ESE	3.2	GP, I	Th	A	7.39E-05	7.15E-05	6.49E-05	2.35E-05		
SE	2.4	GP, I	Th	C	9.30E-05	8.84E-05	8.99E-05	3.26E-05		
SSE	1.8	GP, I	Th	T	8.29E-05	7.96E-05	7.15E-05	2.59E-05		
S	3.0	GP, I, V	Th	A	1.71E-04	1.27E-04	4.21E-05	1.53E-05		
SSW	2.9	GP, I	Th	A	4.38E-05	4.24E-05	3.86E-05	1.40E-05		
SW	0.7	GP, I	Th	A	1.81E-04	1.75E-04	1.56E-04	5.64E-05		
WSW	1.6	GP, I	Th	A	6.75E-05	6.53E-05	5.92E-05	2.15E-05		
W	1.2	GP, I, V	Th	C	2.43E-04	1.93E-04	4.09E-05	1.48E-05		
WNW	1.6	GP, I, V	Th	A	2.34E-04	1.78E-04	5.92E-05	2.15E-05		
NW	1.6	GP, I	Th	A	1.24E-04	1.20E-04	1.10E-04	3.97E-05		
NNW	1.3	GP, I, M, V	Th	A	6.61E-04	4.58E-04	1.39E-04	5.03E-05		

Key for Table 8

GP = Ground Plane
I = Inhalation
M = Cows Meat
V = Vegetables
Th = Thyroid
A = Adult
T = Teen
I = Infant
C = Child

All doses were within all regulatory limits, including limits from 40CFR190.

[1] There were zero (Ø) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2006.

COMPLIANCE WITH 40CFR190 REQUIREMENTS

Thermoluminescent dosimeters [TLD] are stationed around CPS to measure the ambient gamma radiation field. Monitoring stations are placed near the site boundary and approximately five (5) miles from the reactor, in locations representing the sixteen (16) compass sectors. Other locations are chosen to measure the radiation field at places of special interest such as nearby residences, meeting places and population centers. Control sites are located further than ten (10) miles from the site, in areas that should not be affected by plant operations. The results from the TLDs are reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Monitoring Report [REMP]. The results from this effort indicated no excess dose to offsite areas.

Additionally, NUREG-0543, METHODS FOR DEMONSTRATING LWR COMPLIANCE WITH THE EPA URANIUM FUEL CYCLE STANDARD (40 CFR PART 190) states in section IV, "As long as a nuclear plant site operates at a level below the Appendix I reporting requirements, no extra analysis is required to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 190." The organ and whole body doses reported in Table 8 are determined using 10 CFR 50 Appendix I methodology. The doses reported are well below the limits of Appendix I.

DOSE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE SITE BOUNDARY

CPS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual section 7.2 requires that the Radioactive Effluent Release Report include an assessment of the radiation doses from radioactive liquids and gaseous effluents to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY. Within the CPS site boundary there are seven areas that are open to members of the public as identified by CPS ODCM Table 3.4-4 (see Figure 4):

- The Department of Natural Resources Recreation Area at 1.287 kilometers (0.8 miles) in the ESE sector
- A road at 0.495 kilometers (0.3 miles) in the SE sector
- A residence at 2.736 kilometers (1.7 miles) in the SSE sector
- A residence at 1.219 kilometers (0.8 miles) in the SW sector
- Agricultural acreage at 1.372 kilometers (0.9 miles) in the SSW sector
- A residence at 2.414 kilometers (1.5 miles) in the WSW sector
- A portion of Clinton Lake at 0.335 kilometers (0.2 miles) in the NW sector

At all of the above locations, the plume, inhalation and ground-plane exposure pathways are used for dose calculations. The 2006 Annual Land Use Census identified no other exposure pathways. All dose calculations were performed using the methodology contained in the CPS ODCM.

FIGURE 4

AREAS WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY OPEN
TO MEMBERS OF THE
PUBLIC

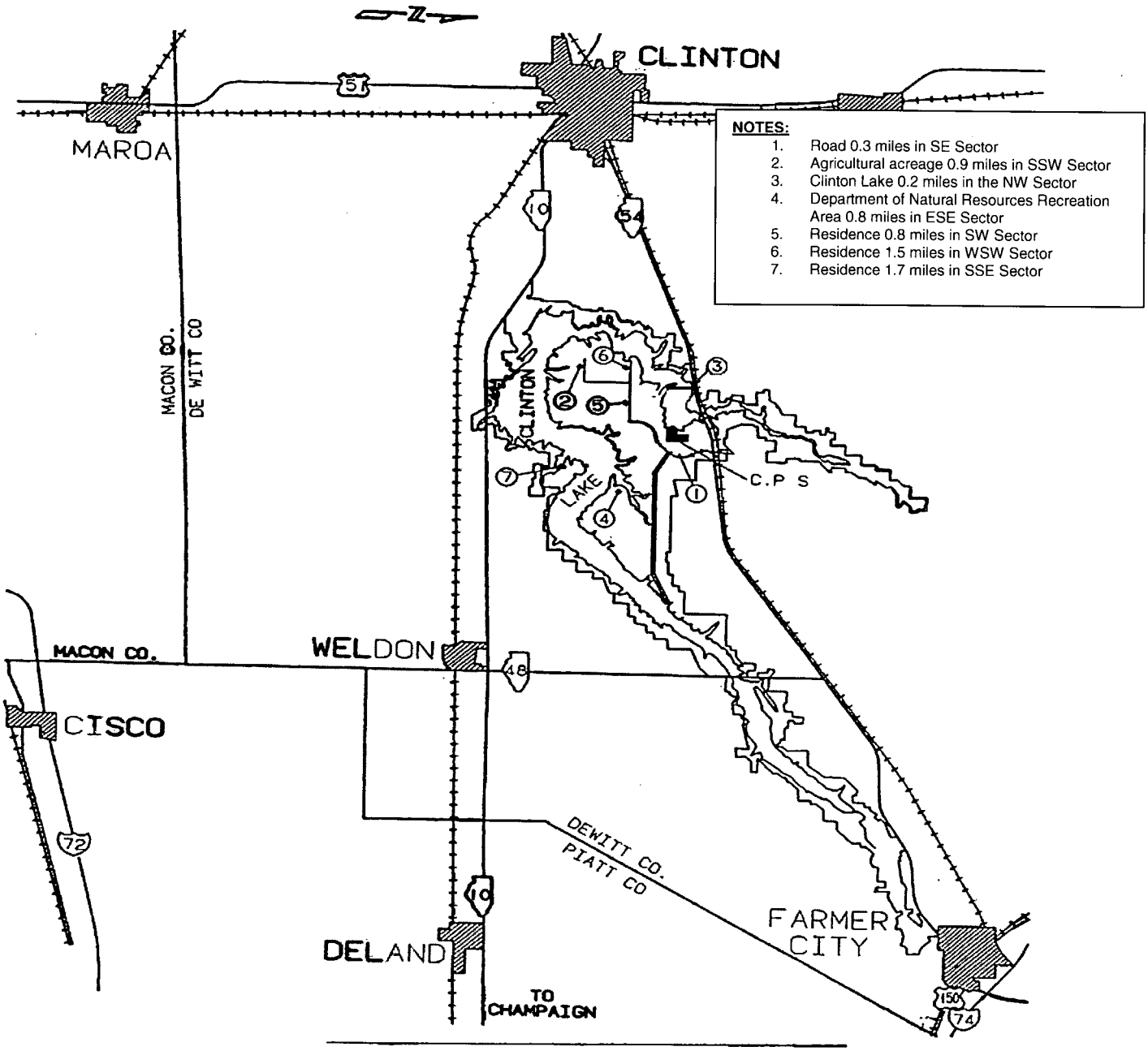


TABLE 9

CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES RECREATION AREA IN THE EAST-SOUTHEAST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	2.26E-04	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	3.33E-04	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	2.18E-04	mRad
Beta Air Dose	7.91E-05	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	2.50E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	1.97E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	2.62E-04	mRem
Adult Thyroid	2.58E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	2.36E-04	mRem
Infant Thyroid	1.47E-04	mRem

TABLE 10

CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE ROAD IN THE SOUTHEAST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	5.75E-04	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	8.44E-04	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	5.70E-04	mRad
Beta Air Dose	2.06E-04	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	6.43E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	4.09E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	6.75E-04	MRem
Adult Thyroid	6.65E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	6.07E-04	mRem
Infant Thyroid	3.74E-04	mRem

TABLE 11

CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE SOUTH-SOUTHEAST SECTOR
WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	7.56E-05	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	1.11E-04	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	7.42E-05	mRad
Beta Air Dose	2.69E-05	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	8.21E-05	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	3.30E-06	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	8.49E-05	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 12

CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE SOUTHWEST SECTOR
WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	1.55E-04	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	2.28E-04	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	1.50E-04	mRad
Beta Air Dose	5.42E-05	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.68E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	1.01E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	1.74E-04	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 13

CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE AGRICULTURAL ACREAGE IN THE SOUTH-SOUTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	9.35E-05	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	1.37E-04	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	9.01E-05	mRad
Beta Air Dose	3.26E-05	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.03E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	7.62E-06	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	1.08E-04	mRem
Adult Thyroid	1.06E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem

[2] Dose calculated only for the age groups likely to be in the field.

TABLE 14

CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE WEST-SOUTHWEST SECTOR
WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	6.13E-05	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	9.00E-05	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	6.03E-05	mRad
Beta Air Dose	2.19E-05	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	6.65E-05	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	2.46E-06	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	6.88E-05	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A [2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 15

CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF CLINTON LAKE IN THE NORTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	8.22E-04	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	1.21E-03	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	8.25E-04	mRad
Beta Air Dose	2.99E-04	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	9.11E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) [1]	3.47E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	9.56E-04	mRem
Adult Thyroid	9.42E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	8.59E-04	mRem
Infant Thyroid	5.21E-04	mRem

SECTION 7

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AND DISPERSION ESTIMATES

On 13 April 1972, the meteorological monitoring program commenced at the Clinton Power Station site. The meteorological system consists of a tower 199 feet high with two (2) levels of instrumentation at the 10-meter and 60-meter elevations. A combined cup and vane sensor measures wind direction and wind speed[s] at the 10-meter and 60-meter levels. An aspirated dual temperature sensor senses the temperatures at these levels. One-half of the dual sensors at each elevation are used for ambient temperature while the other half is used to provide a differential temperature between the 10-meter and 60-meter levels.

Meteorological monitoring instruments have been placed on the Clinton Power Station microwave tower at the 10-meter level to serve as a backup to the primary meteorological tower.

Clinton Power Station meteorological data is transmitted to the Main Control Room [MCR] via a dedicated communication link. Once the signals are received at the MCR, they are then converted to a 4 to 20 milliamp signal and fed individually to a microprocessor and chart recorders. The microprocessor is part of the Clinton Power Station Radiation Monitoring System [RMS]. Meteorological data is available via the microprocessors in the Main Control Room and the Technical Support Center [TSC].

Dispersion modeling for effluents for normal operation of Clinton Power Station is a straight-line, sector-averaged Gaussian plume model designed to estimate average relative concentration at various receptor points. The model was developed in accordance with routine release analysis procedures specified in Regulatory Guide 1.111. For joint frequency input data, periods of calm are distributed in accordance with a directional distribution. For hourly input data, periods of calm are the previous hour's wind direction. Periods of calm are assigned a wind speed value of half the specified instrument threshold value. Reference Table 18 for more detailed information on meteorology and dispersion data.

TABLE 16

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AVAILABILITY

Data Period: 01 January 2006 – 31 December 2006

PARAMETER	PERCENT OF VALID PARAMETER HOURS			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
1. Wind Speed				
a. 10-Meter sensor	99.9%	99.9%	100%	98.7%
b. 60 Meter sensor	99.9%	97.8%	100%	95.2%
2. Wind Direction				
a. 10-Meter sensor	99.8%	97.8%	98.6%	99.8%
b. 60 Meter sensor	99.8%	97.8%	98.6%	99.8%
3. Temperature				
a. 10-Meter sensor	99.9%	99.9%	100%	99.8%
b. 60 Meter sensor	99.9%	97.8%	99.9%	99.8%
c. Temperature Difference (10m-60m)	99.9%	97.8%	99.9%	99.8%
4. Percent of hours for which valid 10-meter Wind Speed, Wind Direction, and Delta Temperature were available	99.8%	97.8%	98.6%	98.7%
5. Percent of hours for which valid 60-meter Wind Speed, Wind Direction, and Delta Temperature were available	99.8%	97.8%	98.6%	95.2%

Clinton Power Station was able to achieve 99.2% Meteorological Recoverable Data during 2006 exceeding the minimum criteria of 90% as delineated within Regulatory Guide 1.23.

TABLE 17

CLASSIFICATION OF ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY

Stability Classification	Pasquill Category	Defining Conditions
Extremely unstable	A	------ $<\Delta T \leq -1.042$
Moderately unstable	B	$-1.042 <\Delta T\leq -0.933$
Slightly unstable	C	$-0.933 <\Delta T\leq -0.823$
Neutral	D	$-0.823 <\Delta T\leq -0.274$
Slightly stable	E	$-0.274 <\Delta T\leq 0.823$
Moderately stable	F	$0.823 <\Delta T\leq 2.195$
Extremely stable	G	$2.195 <\Delta T\leq$ ------

ΔT = temperature difference in degrees Fahrenheit per 100 feet

TABLE 18

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Reporting Period: 01 January 2006 through 31 December 2006

The following table contains the joint wind frequency tables for CPS. The tables are segregated by sensor elevation and calendar quarter. All tabled values are in hours.

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	4	1	3	0	8
NNE	0	2	5	0	1	0	8
NE	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
ENE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
SE	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
WSW	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
W	0	0	0	1	3	0	4
WNW	0	1	3	3	6	0	13
NW	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	6	2	0	0	8
TOTAL	0	11	32	9	13	0	65

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: A **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
NNE	0	2	6	3	0	0	11
NE	0	2	3	4	0	0	9
ENE	0	5	1	2	0	0	8
E	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	1	5	0	0	0	6
SE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
SSE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	6	1	0	0	7
SSW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
SW	0	1	0	3	0	0	4
WSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
W	0	0	3	8	2	0	13
WNW	0	0	8	5	1	0	14
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	0	17	41	27	3	0	88

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
NNE	0	0	5	1	0	0	6
NE	0	5	11	0	0	0	16
ENE	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
S	0	3	6	0	0	0	9
SSW	0	5	11	1	0	0	17
SW	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	1	0	7	0	0	8
W	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
WNW	0	1	5	0	0	0	6
NW	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
TOTAL	0	26	57	9	0	0	92

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: A **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
NE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
SSW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	1	1	0	2	9	0	13
WNW	2	0	0	8	6	0	16
NW	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	3	5	10	14	15	0	47

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	3	0	0	6
NNE	0	1	3	2	0	0	6
NE	0	4	4	0	0	0	8
ENE	0	1	0	5	0	0	6
E	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
S	0	1	4	2	0	0	7
SSW	0	3	3	2	1	0	9
SW	0	2	8	1	1	1	13
WSW	0	3	4	6	0	0	13
W	0	1	3	1	0	0	5
WNW	0	3	8	3	2	1	17
NW	0	3	1	5	0	0	9
NNW	0	3	9	0	0	0	12
TOTAL	0	26	52	33	4	2	117

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: B **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	3	5	1	0	0	9
NNE	0	2	16	0	0	0	18
NE	0	3	6	1	0	0	10
ENE	0	15	0	0	0	0	15
E	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	6	3	0	0	0	9
SSE	0	10	0	1	0	0	11
S	0	2	12	6	0	0	20
SSW	0	1	6	3	0	0	10
SW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
W	0	1	8	7	1	0	17
WNW	0	0	11	3	2	0	16
NW	0	4	5	0	0	0	9
NNW	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
TOTAL	0	55	78	23	3	0	159

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
NNE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
NE	0	4	5	0	0	0	9
ENE	0	6	3	0	0	0	9
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	14	2	0	0	0	16
SSE	0	9	5	0	0	0	14
S	0	21	8	2	0	0	31
SSW	0	10	20	0	0	0	30
SW	1	8	11	2	0	0	22
WSW	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
W	0	4	0	2	0	0	6
WNW	0	4	5	6	0	0	15
NW	0	11	0	0	0	0	11
NNW	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	1	97	74	13	0	0	185

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: B **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	1	2	1	0	0	4
NNE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
NE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
S	0	2	4	1	0	0	7
SSW	0	1	5	1	0	0	7
SW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
W	1	2	3	2	3	0	11
WNW	0	0	5	9	1	0	15
NW	0	4	4	3	0	0	11
NNW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	1	19	34	18	4	0	76

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	1	3	1	2	0	7
NNE	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
NE	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
ENE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
E	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	3	2	1	0	0	6
SSE	1	2	1	5	0	0	9
S	0	0	3	5	0	0	8
SSW	0	1	3	9	0	0	13
SW	0	0	2	3	2	1	8
WSW	0	0	4	5	0	0	9
W	0	3	7	1	0	1	12
WNW	0	1	7	10	2	1	21
NW	0	2	10	3	5	0	20
NNW	0	1	6	12	0	0	19
TOTAL	1	16	58	55	12	3	145

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: C **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	3	10	1	0	0	14
NNE	0	2	8	2	1	0	13
NE	0	4	2	2	1	0	9
ENE	0	7	3	0	0	0	10
E	0	6	1	0	0	0	7
ESE	1	7	2	0	0	0	10
SE	1	8	1	0	0	0	10
SSE	0	7	3	0	0	0	10
S	0	6	5	3	0	0	14
SSW	0	0	7	4	0	0	11
SW	1	1	5	2	0	0	9
WSW	0	2	3	0	0	0	5
W	0	5	3	2	1	0	11
WNW	0	4	9	1	2	0	16
NW	0	4	10	1	0	0	15
NNW	0	2	6	1	2	0	11
TOTAL	3	68	78	19	7	0	175

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	3	4	0	0	0	7
NNE	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
NE	0	10	10	1	0	0	21
ENE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
E	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
ESE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
SE	1	12	1	0	0	0	14
SSE	1	5	2	1	0	0	9
S	0	10	4	2	0	0	16
SSW	1	5	16	0	0	0	22
SW	0	6	5	2	0	0	13
WSW	1	6	5	0	0	0	12
W	0	6	7	0	0	0	13
WNW	0	7	5	2	0	0	14
NW	0	16	1	0	0	0	17
NNW	0	2	2	1	0	0	5
TOTAL	4	99	66	9	0	0	178

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: C **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	1	3	2	0	0	6
NNE	0	2	3	2	0	0	7
NE	1	1	0	1	0	0	3
ENE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	3	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	2	5	0	0	0	7
S	0	7	13	4	0	0	24
SSW	0	4	11	5	0	0	20
SW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
WSW	1	4	2	2	0	0	9
W	0	1	0	2	2	0	5
WNW	0	2	8	4	0	0	14
NW	1	3	0	4	0	0	8
NNW	0	2	4	2	0	0	8
TOTAL	3	33	56	28	2	0	122

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	15	39	9	1	0	65
NNE	2	9	9	11	5	0	36
NE	3	6	17	9	6	0	41
ENE	1	11	22	13	2	0	49
E	0	10	11	0	0	0	21
ESE	1	29	9	0	0	0	39
SE	1	10	48	5	0	0	64
SSE	0	12	41	25	0	0	78
S	0	8	23	28	0	0	59
SSW	0	3	31	23	3	0	60
SW	0	9	30	14	3	0	56
WSW	0	4	22	24	1	6	57
W	0	16	25	7	3	4	55
WNW	0	11	49	73	35	5	173
NW	0	23	58	56	12	1	150
NNW	0	14	59	19	2	0	94
TOTAL	9	190	493	316	73	16	1097

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: D **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	11	10	7	0	0	29
NNE	0	13	21	7	6	4	51
NE	3	16	29	12	9	0	69
ENE	4	20	24	0	0	0	48
E	2	6	5	0	0	0	13
ESE	3	9	21	1	0	0	34
SE	1	16	11	11	3	0	42
SSE	2	22	16	7	3	0	50
S	3	12	41	14	6	0	76
SSW	1	4	19	11	1	0	36
SW	4	12	15	6	1	0	38
WSW	1	7	13	3	1	0	25
W	3	9	7	8	4	2	33
WNW	5	14	24	29	9	1	82
NW	1	25	47	11	8	1	93
NNW	3	12	14	5	0	0	34
TOTAL	37	208	317	132	51	8	753

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 2 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	4	29	21	2	0	0	56
NNE	2	16	20	0	0	0	38
NE	0	25	33	1	0	0	59
ENE	1	22	10	0	0	0	33
E	1	13	4	0	0	0	18
ESE	5	19	0	0	0	0	24
SE	6	26	14	2	0	0	48
SSE	6	37	20	2	0	0	65
S	4	21	16	8	0	0	49
SSW	3	45	36	2	0	0	86
SW	2	20	20	3	0	0	45
WSW	1	13	4	0	0	0	18
W	2	16	13	1	0	0	32
WNW	4	15	29	2	0	0	50
NW	1	24	17	1	0	0	43
NNW	2	13	11	0	0	0	26
TOTAL	44	354	268	24	0	0	690

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 3 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: D **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	4	5	19	19	6	0	53
NNE	2	6	14	11	4	9	46
NE	1	11	22	7	5	0	46
ENE	1	9	5	0	0	0	15
E	5	16	10	0	0	0	31
ESE	1	32	17	1	0	0	51
SE	2	47	37	4	0	0	90
SSE	2	18	43	1	0	0	64
S	0	7	62	29	4	0	102
SSW	6	18	37	39	4	0	104
SW	9	8	13	11	1	0	42
WSW	8	6	10	17	2	0	43
W	8	15	17	29	0	0	69
WNW	4	8	25	27	4	0	68
NW	13	13	37	20	1	0	84
NNW	1	15	29	32	11	0	88
TOTAL	67	234	397	247	42	9	996

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	4	7	4	1	0	0	16
NNE	2	13	7	0	0	0	22
NE	8	10	6	1	0	0	25
ENE	2	17	4	0	0	0	23
E	2	14	3	1	0	0	20
ESE	1	14	3	0	0	0	18
SE	2	24	19	0	0	0	45
SSE	3	18	46	5	0	0	72
S	1	21	38	31	6	0	97
SSW	2	11	23	32	3	0	71
SW	2	11	14	2	0	1	30
WSW	1	12	16	1	1	0	31
W	3	9	20	6	3	0	41
WNW	2	19	23	3	0	2	49
NW	6	26	9	2	0	0	43
NNW	2	11	3	0	0	0	16
TOTAL	43	237	238	85	13	3	619

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: E **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	12	4	2	0	0	18
NNE	2	23	6	0	0	0	31
NE	4	40	15	1	0	0	60
ENE	2	20	7	0	0	0	29
E	8	15	11	0	0	0	34
ESE	9	18	9	1	0	0	37
SE	7	40	10	0	0	0	57
SSE	1	48	21	4	0	0	74
S	1	42	38	12	1	0	94
SSW	3	14	13	5	0	0	35
SW	5	15	9	4	0	0	33
WSW	3	9	3	3	1	0	19
W	6	10	12	3	0	0	31
WNW	2	14	13	1	0	0	30
NW	2	29	5	1	0	0	37
NNW	2	24	11	2	0	0	39
TOTAL	57	373	187	39	2	0	658

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	14	4	1	0	0	20
NNE	0	9	7	0	0	0	16
NE	5	36	9	0	0	0	50
ENE	3	28	7	0	0	0	38
E	15	13	1	0	0	0	29
ESE	12	20	3	0	0	0	35
SE	9	35	2	1	0	0	47
SSE	6	55	9	0	0	0	70
S	8	86	20	0	0	0	114
SSW	5	52	52	0	0	0	109
SW	7	24	14	0	0	0	45
WSW	2	16	12	0	0	0	30
W	5	8	8	1	0	0	22
WNW	2	15	2	1	0	0	20
NW	1	13	6	1	0	0	21
NNW	4	15	1	0	0	0	20
TOTAL	85	439	157	5	0	0	686

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 2 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: E **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	3	11	3	0	0	0	17
NNE	4	3	6	0	0	3	16
NE	3	4	5	0	0	0	12
ENE	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
E	4	1	8	0	0	0	13
ESE	6	21	2	0	0	0	29
SE	7	64	11	0	0	0	82
SSE	5	48	52	1	0	0	106
S	2	25	89	10	1	0	127
SSW	6	13	43	19	2	0	83
SW	12	11	17	4	0	0	44
WSW	8	14	37	7	0	0	66
W	9	11	24	6	0	0	50
WNW	2	9	22	3	0	0	36
NW	2	19	7	0	0	0	28
NNW	2	9	6	0	0	0	17
TOTAL	77	265	333	50	3	3	731

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
NNE	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
NE	3	7	1	0	0	0	11
ENE	1	8	0	0	0	0	9
E	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SE	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
SSE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
SSW	0	6	1	0	0	0	7
SW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
WSW	1	0	5	0	0	0	6
W	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
WNW	0	5	0	0	0	0	5
NW	2	8	3	0	0	0	13
NNW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	18	55	14	0	0	0	87

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3

VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: F **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	11	1	0	0	0	13
NNE	2	6	0	0	0	0	8
NE	8	12	0	0	0	0	20
ENE	6	6	0	0	0	0	12
E	4	6	0	0	0	0	10
ESE	5	6	0	0	0	0	11
SE	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
S	2	4	0	0	0	0	6
SSW	2	10	0	0	0	0	12
SW	2	13	1	0	0	0	16
WSW	4	6	1	0	0	0	11
W	7	9	8	0	0	0	24
WNW	5	16	2	0	0	0	23
NW	2	16	0	0	0	0	18
NNW	1	4	0	0	0	0	5
TOTAL	54	130	13	0	0	0	197

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 2 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49

VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
NNE	4	3	0	0	0	0	7
NE	7	15	0	0	0	0	22
ENE	8	4	1	0	0	0	13
E	7	6	0	0	0	0	13
ESE	5	5	0	0	0	0	10
SE	5	3	0	0	0	0	8
SSE	2	9	1	0	0	0	12
S	2	11	0	0	0	0	13
SSW	7	33	4	0	0	0	44
SW	5	12	2	0	0	0	19
WSW	1	8	0	0	0	0	9
W	4	7	1	0	0	0	12
WNW	4	8	0	0	0	0	12
NW	9	12	0	0	0	0	21
NNW	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
TOTAL	73	138	10	0	0	0	221

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 2 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: F **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
NNE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NE	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
ENE	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
E	2	4	0	0	0	0	6
ESE	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SE	2	21	2	0	0	0	25
SSE	2	17	7	0	0	0	26
S	3	7	7	0	0	0	17
SSW	3	4	2	0	0	0	9
SW	2	4	0	0	0	0	6
WSW	3	8	3	0	0	0	14
W	0	7	1	0	0	0	8
WNW	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
NW	1	4	5	0	0	0	10
NNW	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	27	87	27	0	0	0	141

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	1	6	0	0	0	0	7
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
W	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
WNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
NNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	8	15	0	0	0	0	23

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: G **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
NNE	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
NE	16	15	0	0	0	0	31
ENE	9	0	0	0	0	0	9
E	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
SSW	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
SW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
WSW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
W	7	3	0	0	0	0	10
WNW	6	13	0	0	0	0	19
NW	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
NNW	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	57	42	0	0	0	0	99

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
NNE	7	0	0	0	0	0	7
NE	20	9	0	0	0	0	29
ENE	5	2	0	0	0	0	7
E	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
S	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SSW	4	4	1	0	0	0	9
SW	3	5	0	0	0	0	8
WSW	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
W	1	4	0	0	0	0	5
WNW	4	6	0	0	0	0	10
NW	8	2	0	0	0	0	10
NNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	62	36	1	0	0	0	99

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 14 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: G **10 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	11	0	0	0	0	11
ENE	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	2	6	0	0	0	0	8
SSE	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
S	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
SSW	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
SW	5	1	0	0	0	0	6
WSW	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
W	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
WNW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	23	35	0	0	0	0	58

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 5 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	3	2	0	5
NNE	0	0	2	1	3	0	6
NE	0	4	6	0	0	0	10
ENE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	1	3	0	0	4
SE	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
SSE	0	0	0	3	1	0	4
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
WSW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
W	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
WNW	0	1	0	4	5	4	14
NW	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	2	7	0	0	9
TOTAL	0	6	16	26	13	4	65

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: A **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	1	0	0	4
NNE	0	0	6	5	0	0	11
NE	0	1	2	3	0	0	6
ENE	0	0	5	2	5	0	12
E	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	1	4	1	0	6
SE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
SSE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	1	6	0	0	7
SSW	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
SW	0	1	0	2	2	0	5
WSW	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
W	0	0	1	3	4	1	9
WNW	0	0	2	8	6	1	17
NW	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
NNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	0	5	23	38	20	2	88

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	3	0	0	6
NNE	0	0	1	4	0	0	5
NE	0	1	8	4	0	0	13
ENE	0	0	3	4	0	0	7
E	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	1	1	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
S	0	1	3	5	0	0	9
SSW	0	0	14	2	1	0	17
SW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	1	0	6	1	0	8
W	0	0	1	4	0	0	5
WNW	0	1	1	5	0	0	7
NW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNW	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
TOTAL	0	7	42	41	2	0	92

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: A **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
NE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	0	3	2	0	0	5
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
SSW	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
W	0	1	0	0	3	6	10
WNW	0	3	0	2	6	5	16
NW	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	6	3	14	10	13	46

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	2	5	1	0	8
NNE	0	1	0	3	0	0	4
NE	0	0	7	1	0	0	8
ENE	0	1	1	0	4	1	7
E	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
ESE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	2	2	0	4
S	0	1	5	0	2	0	8
SSW	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
SW	0	3	6	5	1	3	18
WSW	0	1	6	3	1	0	11
W	0	1	3	3	0	0	7
WNW	0	2	5	6	0	3	16
NW	0	4	0	8	0	0	12
NNW	0	1	6	3	0	0	10
TOTAL	0	16	43	40	12	7	118

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: B **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	2	3	0	0	7
NNE	0	0	18	0	0	0	18
NE	0	0	6	1	1	0	8
ENE	0	5	12	1	1	0	19
E	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	7	2	0	0	0	9
SSE	0	4	1	1	1	0	8
S	0	3	4	11	4	0	22
SSW	0	0	0	8	2	0	10
SW	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
WSW	0	0	0	1	1	1	2
W	0	0	6	8	3	1	18
WNW	0	0	5	7	1	1	14
NW	0	1	6	3	1	0	12
NNW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	1	25	69	46	15	3	159

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	4	4	0	0	8
NNE	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
NE	0	2	3	3	2	0	10
ENE	0	1	6	2	0	0	9
E	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
SE	0	12	4	2	0	0	18
SSE	0	9	4	2	0	0	15
S	0	12	11	6	2	0	31
SSW	0	5	14	11	0	0	30
SW	0	3	8	7	1	0	19
WSW	0	0	1	3	1	0	5
W	0	2	3	1	2	0	8
WNW	0	1	4	4	4	0	13
NW	0	10	1	0	0	0	11
NNW	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	0	61	67	46	12	0	186

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: B **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
NNE	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
NE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	3	2	0	0	7
SSE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
S	0	0	2	4	0	0	6
SSW	0	1	2	5	0	0	8
SW	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	3	1	1	0	5
W	1	2	1	1	2	2	9
WNW	0	0	4	6	4	1	15
NW	0	3	1	5	1	0	10
NNW	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
TOTAL	1	10	24	26	10	3	74

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	4	1	0	8
NNE	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
NE	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
E	0	1	0	3	0	0	4
ESE	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
SE	0	1	2	1	0	0	4
SSE	1	1	2	0	1	3	8
S	0	0	2	2	4	2	10
SSW	0	0	2	4	4	0	10
SW	0	0	3	3	2	3	11
WSW	0	1	4	5	1	0	11
W	0	1	5	1	1	1	9
WNW	0	0	3	9	6	2	20
NW	1	2	5	6	4	0	18
NNW	0	0	5	8	8	1	22
TOTAL	2	7	41	49	33	13	145

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: C **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	4	5	1	0	12
NNE	0	1	7	0	2	0	10
NE	0	0	4	1	1	3	9
ENE	0	4	6	2	1	0	13
E	0	3	3	1	0	0	7
ESE	1	4	2	1	1	0	9
SE	0	8	3	0	0	0	11
SSE	0	6	0	3	0	0	9
S	0	4	3	7	2	0	16
SSW	0	0	2	7	2	0	11
SW	1	1	3	2	1	0	8
WSW	0	2	3	1	0	0	6
W	0	2	1	1	1	2	7
WNW	0	3	11	1	2	1	18
NW	0	5	4	7	0	0	16
NNW	0	1	6	4	0	2	13
TOTAL	2	46	62	43	14	8	175

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	1	3	0	0	6
NNE	0	2	1	1	0	0	4
NE	0	3	6	9	1	0	19
ENE	0	1	2	1	0	0	4
E	0	2	1	3	0	0	6
ESE	1	2	1	0	0	0	4
SE	0	11	1	1	0	0	13
SSE	0	3	4	1	1	0	9
S	1	5	6	4	2	0	18
SSW	0	0	10	8	0	0	18
SW	1	7	5	4	1	0	18
WSW	0	3	3	2	0	0	8
W	0	5	5	3	0	0	13
WNW	0	9	3	3	2	0	17
NW	0	9	3	1	0	0	13
NNW	0	4	2	2	0	0	8
TOTAL	3	68	54	46	7	0	178

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: C **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	3	1	1	0	5
NNE	0	0	5	2	1	0	8
NE	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
ENE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	0	3	0	0	5
SSE	0	0	4	4	0	0	8
S	0	2	6	9	2	2	21
SSW	0	2	7	11	3	0	23
SW	1	2	3	1	0	0	7
WSW	0	0	2	2	1	0	5
W	0	0	2	0	3	1	6
WNW	0	2	3	5	1	0	11
NW	1	2	1	2	1	0	7
NNW	0	2	3	2	1	0	8
TOTAL	2	14	41	43	15	3	118

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	3	3	30	30	2	1	69
NNE	0	5	9	11	10	2	37
NE	1	6	9	5	9	10	40
ENE	0	1	9	11	9	13	43
E	0	2	6	14	0	2	24
ESE	1	1	16	13	2	0	33
SE	0	3	18	38	2	0	61
SSE	1	5	11	27	35	10	89
S	0	3	9	17	24	5	58
SSW	0	1	8	20	20	8	57
SW	0	5	16	22	12	3	58
WSW	0	1	11	18	20	3	53
W	0	6	12	15	3	11	47
WNW	0	7	23	38	53	31	152
NW	0	6	33	71	33	22	165
NNW	0	7	40	45	13	6	111
TOTAL	6	62	260	395	247	127	1097

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: D **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	2	6	10	10	3	0	31
NNE	1	2	18	10	5	8	44
NE	1	3	10	15	11	14	54
ENE	1	10	15	14	17	0	57
E	0	8	3	8	3	0	22
ESE	1	6	1	8	11	0	27
SE	0	18	7	11	8	3	47
SSE	0	10	4	15	8	9	46
S	3	10	12	37	20	7	89
SSW	1	3	5	14	6	2	31
SW	1	6	12	11	5	0	35
WSW	1	7	5	8	3	2	26
W	1	3	8	4	4	8	28
WNW	5	8	13	20	21	15	82
NW	6	8	39	27	10	10	100
NNW	1	7	13	11	4	0	36
TOTAL	25	115	175	223	139	78	755

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	13	33	5	1	1	53
NNE	1	8	19	8	1	0	37
NE	0	5	19	35	2	0	61
ENE	0	2	5	21	1	0	29
E	0	4	10	9	0	0	23
ESE	0	8	10	3	0	0	21
SE	4	21	14	14	2	0	55
SSE	1	14	33	19	3	0	70
S	2	5	19	14	7	2	49
SSW	4	8	49	21	1	0	83
SW	0	11	11	15	4	0	41
WSW	2	6	10	4	0	0	22
W	1	7	14	10	0	0	32
WNW	1	4	14	24	2	0	45
NW	3	8	19	13	0	0	43
NNW	1	8	13	7	0	0	29
TOTAL	20	132	292	222	24	3	693

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: D **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	5	14	20	12	7	59
NNE	2	4	6	9	5	13	39
NE	1	1	13	12	15	8	50
ENE	0	1	5	6	2	0	14
E	1	3	6	5	2	0	17
ESE	0	3	27	11	12	0	53
SE	0	10	45	34	7	0	96
SSE	0	6	15	41	6	0	68
S	1	4	15	45	34	15	114
SSW	6	3	29	20	28	5	91
SW	1	2	8	12	11	2	36
WSW	2	8	4	11	17	2	44
W	1	13	16	13	20	0	63
WNW	3	5	3	12	20	5	48
NW	10	7	15	36	8	0	76
NNW	1	8	23	22	21	7	82
TOTAL	30	83	244	309	220	64	950

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	2	3	6	2	1	0	14
NNE	1	4	11	10	1	0	27
NE	2	2	3	7	0	1	15
ENE	0	3	11	8	1	0	23
E	1	6	10	12	0	0	29
ESE	0	2	7	4	4	0	17
SE	0	1	16	16	3	0	36
SSE	0	0	8	41	13	4	66
S	0	2	12	27	39	16	96
SSW	0	0	4	19	29	19	71
SW	0	2	9	10	13	3	37
WSW	0	3	9	16	5	1	34
W	0	5	12	20	2	3	42
WNW	0	1	10	15	11	4	41
NW	1	3	17	22	4	0	47
NNW	0	6	12	5	1	0	24
TOTAL	7	43	157	234	127	51	619

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: E **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	4	14	10	2	0	30
NNE	0	0	10	11	1	0	22
NE	0	2	14	28	5	0	49
ENE	0	4	9	17	2	0	32
E	0	4	14	14	5	0	37
ESE	0	6	10	12	8	1	37
SE	1	9	28	10	2	0	50
SSE	0	3	33	45	7	1	89
S	0	0	24	45	15	4	88
SSW	0	1	7	17	7	4	36
SW	1	1	11	14	7	1	35
WSW	0	3	7	6	6	1	23
W	2	2	6	8	5	0	23
WNW	0	3	12	14	4	0	33
NW	0	1	17	11	1	0	30
NNW	1	7	23	11	2	0	44
TOTAL	5	50	239	273	79	12	658

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	1	22	4	1	0	29
NNE	0	0	4	6	0	0	10
NE	0	2	13	19	0	0	34
ENE	0	1	18	26	0	0	45
E	1	3	18	6	0	0	28
ESE	2	6	16	4	0	0	28
SE	1	14	34	5	0	1	55
SSE	0	14	36	26	3	0	79
S	0	7	51	56	1	0	115
SSW	1	6	31	67	3	0	108
SW	1	5	23	23	0	0	52
WSW	0	3	8	12	0	0	23
W	0	3	7	14	1	0	25
WNW	0	0	9	1	2	1	13
NW	0	0	20	7	0	0	27
NNW	1	2	11	3	0	0	17
TOTAL	8	67	321	279	11	2	688

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: E **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	13	6	0	0	21
NNE	1	3	3	4	1	3	15
NE	3	1	2	2	3	0	11
ENE	0	3	4	0	0	0	7
E	1	0	0	1	8	0	10
ESE	0	2	6	7	1	0	16
SE	0	14	33	17	0	0	64
SSE	1	6	25	77	19	0	128
S	0	4	15	66	38	4	127
SSW	3	2	7	35	30	2	79
SW	5	4	14	15	9	0	47
WSW	2	3	5	26	14	0	50
W	2	10	5	20	14	0	51
WNW	0	8	5	20	7	0	40
NW	0	2	5	10	0	0	17
NNW	0	0	16	7	0	0	23
TOTAL	18	64	158	313	144	9	706

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	3	6	0	0	0	9
NNE	0	1	0	2	0	0	3
NE	1	2	1	2	0	0	6
ENE	0	1	2	1	1	0	5
E	1	1	3	4	0	0	9
ESE	0	3	4	1	0	0	8
SE	0	2	1	2	0	0	5
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	1	2	1	1	0	5
SSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SW	0	0	2	4	0	0	6
WSW	0	0	0	5	1	0	6
W	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
WNW	0	2	3	0	0	0	5
NW	0	1	3	3	0	0	7
NNW	0	1	5	2	0	0	8
TOTAL	2	18	32	31	3	0	86

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: F **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	6	8	0	0	14
NNE	0	0	4	4	0	0	8
NE	1	0	6	8	0	0	15
ENE	0	3	5	4	0	0	12
E	1	1	11	1	0	0	14
ESE	0	2	5	9	0	0	16
SE	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
S	0	3	2	4	0	0	9
SSW	1	0	3	12	0	0	16
SW	1	1	2	7	0	0	11
WSW	1	0	8	5	0	0	14
W	0	1	6	8	1	0	16
WNW	1	2	5	6	3	0	17
NW	1	1	12	5	0	0	19
NNW	1	1	7	2	0	0	11
TOTAL	8	19	84	84	4	0	199

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	3	4	0	0	0	8
NNE	0	1	5	0	0	0	6
NE	0	1	2	6	0	0	9
ENE	0	0	7	4	1	0	12
E	0	0	9	3	0	0	12
ESE	0	1	11	3	0	0	15
SE	0	5	5	1	0	0	11
SSE	1	1	5	1	0	0	8
S	0	4	13	6	0	0	23
SSW	0	5	11	16	0	0	32
SW	0	2	4	16	3	0	25
WSW	0	1	5	8	0	0	14
W	0	0	4	3	0	0	7
WNW	0	2	7	1	0	0	10
NW	0	2	8	3	0	0	13
NNW	1	5	4	6	0	0	16
TOTAL	3	33	104	77	4	0	221

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 2 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: F **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
ENE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
E	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
ESE	0	2	1	2	1	0	6
SE	0	1	1	7	0	0	9
SSE	0	1	5	16	3	0	25
S	1	3	5	17	4	0	30
SSW	0	2	1	4	5	0	12
SW	0	0	8	2	0	0	10
WSW	0	0	1	1	2	0	4
W	0	3	2	5	0	0	10
WNW	1	0	3	3	0	0	7
NW	0	3	0	1	0	0	4
NNW	0	4	5	5	0	0	14
TOTAL	4	23	33	66	15	0	141

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 1**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
NNE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	1	3	1	0	0	5
E	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SW	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NW	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
NNW	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	1	10	9	4	0	0	24

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 3
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: G **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 2**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
NNE	1	1	4	0	0	0	6
NE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
ENE	0	1	6	1	0	0	8
E	0	3	15	2	0	0	20
ESE	0	5	8	0	0	0	13
SE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SSW	0	1	1	2	0	0	4
SW	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
WSW	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
W	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
WNW	1	3	2	5	0	0	11
NW	0	1	10	2	0	0	13
NNW	1	1	4	0	0	0	6
TOTAL	4	21	58	17	0	0	100

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 49
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 3**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
NNE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
NE	2	0	4	2	0	0	8
ENE	0	1	8	3	0	0	12
E	0	7	9	1	0	0	17
ESE	1	3	8	0	0	0	12
SE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
SW	0	1	3	7	1	0	12
WSW	0	1	3	3	0	0	7
W	0	2	6	1	0	0	9
WNW	0	1	5	1	0	0	7
NW	0	6	4	1	0	0	11
NNW	2	0	0	2	0	0	4
TOTAL	6	26	58	21	1	0	112

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 1 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 2
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

Stability Class: G **60 Meter Height** **Quarter: 4**

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH) 1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	TOTAL
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	2	2	5	0	0	9
E	0	0	4	3	0	0	7
ESE	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
SE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
SSE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
S	0	0	6	4	0	0	10
SSW	0	2	5	1	0	0	8
SW	0	3	7	0	0	0	10
WSW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
W	0	1	2	2	0	0	5
WNW	0	1	3	1	0	0	5
NW	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	10	35	18	1	0	64

PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) : 0 HOURS OF MISSING DATA : 5
VARIABLE DIRECTION : 0

SECTION 8

ODCM OPERATIONAL REMEDIAL REQUIREMENT REPORTS

In accordance with CPS ODCM section[s] 2.7.1 and 3.9.2, INOPERABLE radioactive liquid and gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels remaining in an INOPERABLE condition for greater than 30 days shall be reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

During the course of 2006, there were zero **(Ø)** instances when either a radioactive liquid or gaseous effluent instrumentation channel[s] was INOPERABLE for greater than any 30 day period.

However, there were three (3) occurrences where Surveillance Requirements were not met.

From 25 February 2006 at 2137 hours through 26 February 2006 at 2230 hours, RHR 'B' was placed into a 'pool-to-pool' line-up and 1RIXPR039, RHR 'B' Liquid Process Radiation Monitor (PRM) was not placed into service. The Remedial Requirement for not having this Liquid PRM in service was to perform grab samples, once every twelve (12) hours. In accordance with ODCM 1.3.2, a failure to perform a surveillance requirement within the specified time interval shall be a failure to meet the Operation Requirement (OR). The Remedial Requirement is to immediately restore the release rates to within the above limits. At no time were the release rates above the limits specified. This event was captured in Issue Report #459099.

On 07 February 2006, Containment Vent Mode was started and Chemistry was not informed to obtain required sampling per ODCM Surveillance Requirement 3.4.1.1. The ODCM Surveillance Requirements states that Chemistry sampling and subsequent analysis is due upon the initiation of flow. This was a missed surveillance requirement. In accordance with ODCM 1.3.2, failure to perform a surveillance requirement within the specified time interval shall be a failure to meet the Operation Requirement (OR). The Remedial Requirement is to immediately restore the release rates to within the above limits. At no time were the release rates above the limits specified. This event was captured in Issue Report #00452231.

During a Unit Sub 1L Bus Outage on 18 February 2006, an HVAC analysis achieved seven (7) of the twelve (12) LLDs. A recount was able to achieve eleven (11) of the twelve (12) LLDs. The SGTS analysis achieved eleven (11) of the twelve (12) LLD values. ODCM Table 3.4.1 identifies the Lower Limits of Detection for Iodine 131, Iodine 133 and ten (10) principal gamma emitters. Because the LLD value for Iodine 131 was not achieved, the Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) value was used for generating the Gaseous Effluent Release Permit[s] from these release paths. In accordance with ODCM 1.3.2, failure to perform a surveillance requirement within the specified time interval shall be a failure to meet the Operation Requirement (OR). The Remedial Requirement is to immediately restore the release rates to within the above limits. At no time were the release rates above the limits specified. This event was captured in Issue Report #00455711.

SECTION 9

CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

In accordance with Section 7.2 of the CPS ODCM, licensee-initiated changes to the liquid, gaseous or solid radioactive waste treatment systems shall be reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

The Process Control Program (PCP) for Radioactive Wastes procedure, RW-AA-100, Revision 3 had no changes in 2006.

There were no permanent changes to the Solid Radioactive Waste Treatment System during the course of the 2006 reporting period.

SECTION 10

NEW LOCATIONS FOR DOSE CALCULATION AND / OR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

The following is a summary of the 2006 Annual Land Use Census. It shows changes in locations for dose calculations and / or environmental monitoring identified by the Annual Land Use Census. The distance of the receptor is being listed in the report in lieu of the name of the resident. This is being done to maintain and respect the privacy of the residents.

1.0 Nearest Residence

The nearest residents identified in each of the sixteen (16) sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*)

	SECTOR	2006 RESIDENT (miles)	AGE GROUP	2005 RESIDENT (miles)	AGE GROUP
	N	0.9	A	0.9	A
	NNE	1.0	A	1.0	A
	NE	1.3	T, A	1.3	T, A
	ENE	1.8	A	1.8	A
	E	1.0	A	1.0	A
	ESE	3.2	A	3.2	A
*	SE	2.4	C, T, A	2.8	C, A
	SSE	1.8	T, A	1.8	A
	S	3.0	A	3.0	A
	SSW	2.9	A	2.9	A
	SW	0.7	A	0.7	A
	WSW	1.6	A	1.6	A
*	W	1.2	C, A	1.6	T, A
	WNW	1.6	A	1.6	A
	NW	1.6	A	1.6	A
	NNW	1.7	A	1.7	A

(**I**)nfant (**C**)hild (**T**)een (**A**)dult

2.0 Broadleaf Garden Census

Seventy-eight (78) gardens within a three (3) mile radius were located in the sixteen (16) geographical sectors surrounding CPS. Eleven (11) gardens contained broad leaf vegetation, which were specifically identified for this report. Although other crops were identified within these areas, they are not addressed as part of this report.

The nearest gardens identified in each of the sixteen (16) geographical sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*).

	SECTOR	2006 GARDENS (miles)	AGE GROUPS	2005 GARDENS (miles)	AGE GROUPS
	N	0.9	A	0.9	A
*	NNE	2.3	A	3.6	A
	NE	2.1	T, A	2.1	T, A
	ENE	2.6	I, C, T, A	2.6	I, C, T, A
	E	> 5		> 5	
	ESE	3.3	T, A	3.3	T, A
	SE	> 5		> 5	
	SSE	2.8	C, A	2.8	C, A
	S	3.0	A	3.0	A
	SSW	> 5		> 5	
	SW	> 5		> 5	
*	WSW	2.9	T, A	> 5	
*	W	1.2	C, A	2.1	C, A
*	WNW	1.6	A	2.0	A
	NW	> 5		> 5	
	NNW	1.3	A	1.3	A

(**I**)nfant (**C**)hild (**T**)een (**A**)dult

3.0 Milking Animal Census

Milking animals within the sixteen (16) geographical sectors were located within five (5) miles surrounding CPS. These milking animals were either used for the nursing of their offspring or used for meat production for their own personal use and sold commercially. There were no residents that milked their animals for human consumption.

Milking animals were specifically identified for this report. Although other livestock were identified within these areas, they are not addressed as part of this report.

The nearest milking animals identified in each of the sixteen (16) geographical sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*).

	SECTOR	2006 MILKING ANIMALS (miles)	AGE GROUPS	2005 MILKING ANIMALS (miles)	AGE GROUPS
	N	0.9	A	0.9	A
	NNE	2.3	A	2.3	A
	NE	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	ENE	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
*	E	> 5	N/A	1.0	A
	ESE	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	SE	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	SSE	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	S	4.1	A	4.1	A
*	SSW	3.4	A	> 5	N/A
	SW	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	WSW	3.4	A	3.4	A
	W	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	WNW	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	NW	> 5	N/A	> 5	N/A
	NNW	1.3	A	1.3	A

(**I**)nfant (**C**)hild (**T**)een (**A**)dult

SECTION 11

CORRECTIONS TO DATA REPORTED IN PREVIOUS REPORTS

There were no administrative changes identified in 2006 against previously submitted Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report[s] resulting in an errata data submittal to the Commission.

SECTION 12

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

There were no changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual during 2006.