

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P77

Overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency will decrease if...

- A. the temperature of the steam at the turbine exhaust increases.
- B. additional moisture is removed from the steam entering the turbine.
- C. the temperature of the feedwater entering the steam generator increases.
- D. the amount of condensate depression (subcooling) in the main condenser decreases.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P277

Which one of the following will cause overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency to increase?

- A. Increasing total steam generator blowdown from 30 gpm to 40 gpm.
- B. Changing steam quality from 99.7 to 99.9 percent.
- C. Bypassing a feedwater heater during normal plant operations.
- D. Increasing condenser pressure from 1 psia to 2 psia.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P378 (B3578)

Steam turbines X and Y are identical 100 percent efficient turbines that exhaust to a condenser at 1.0 psia. Saturated steam at 250 psia enters turbine X. Superheated steam at 250 psia and 500°F enters turbine Y.

Which one of the following lists the percentage of moisture at the exhaust of turbines X and Y?

	<u>Turbine X</u>	<u>Turbine Y</u>
A.	24.5%	20.5%
B.	26.3%	13.0%
C.	24.5%	13.0%
D.	26.3%	20.5%

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P379

Which one of the following actions will decrease overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency?

- A. Reducing turbine inlet steam moisture content
- B. Reducing condensate depression
- C. Increasing turbine exhaust pressure
- D. Increasing temperature of feedwater entering the steam generators

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P478

To achieve maximum overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency, feed water should enter the steam generator (SG) _____ and the pressure difference between the SG and the condenser should be as _____ as possible.

- A. as subcooled as practical; great
- B. as subcooled as practical; small
- C. close to saturation; great
- D. close to saturation; small

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P878

Feed water heating increases overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency because...

- A. the average temperature at which heat is transferred in the steam generators is increased.
- B. less steam flow passes through the turbine, thereby increasing turbine efficiency.
- C. increased feed water temperature lowers the temperature at which heat is rejected in the condenser.
- D. less power is required by the feed water pumps to pump the warmer feed water.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P978

Which one of the following changes will cause an increase in overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency?

- A. Decreasing the temperature of the water entering the steam generators
- B. Decreasing the superheat of the steam entering the low pressure turbines
- C. Decreasing the circulating water flow rate through the main condenser
- D. Decreasing the concentration of noncondensable gases in the main condenser

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P1378

Which one of the following actions will result in a decrease in overall nuclear power plant thermal efficiency?

- A. Increasing steam quality by adding additional heat to the steam prior to entering the turbine.
- B. Increasing the temperature of the feed water entering the steam generator.
- C. Decreasing the amount of condensate depression in the main condenser.
- D. Decreasing the amount of turbine steam extracted for feed water heating.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P1478

Turbine X and turbine Y are ideal steam turbines that exhaust to a condenser at 1.0 psia. Turbine X is driven by saturated steam (100 percent quality) at 900 psia. Turbine Y is driven by superheated steam at 500 psia and 620°F.

The greatest amount of work is being performed by turbine _____, and the greatest moisture content exists in the exhaust of turbine _____.

- A. X; Y
- B. X; X
- C. Y; Y
- D. Y; X

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P1678

Turbine X and turbine Y are ideal steam turbines that exhaust to a condenser at 1.0 psia. Turbine X is driven by saturated steam (100 percent quality) at 500 psia. Turbine Y is driven by saturated steam (100 percent quality) at 700 psia.

The greatest amount of specific work is being performed by turbine _____; the greatest moisture content exists in the exhaust of turbine _____.

- A. X; X
- B. X; Y
- C. Y; X
- D. Y; Y

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P1878 (B1879)

A nuclear power plant is operating at 85 percent power when the extraction steam to a high-pressure feedwater heater is isolated. After the transient, the operator returns reactor power to 85 percent and stabilizes the plant. Compared to conditions just prior to the transient, current main turbine generator output (MWe) is...

- A. higher because increased steam flow causes the turbine generator to pick up load.
- B. lower because decreased steam flow causes the turbine generator to reject load.
- C. higher because plant efficiency has increased.
- D. lower because plant efficiency has decreased.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P1980 (B1679)

A nuclear power plant is initially operating at steady state 85 percent reactor power when extraction steam to a high-pressure feedwater heater is isolated. Main generator load is returned to its initial value. When the plant stabilizes, reactor power will be _____ than 85 percent, and overall plant thermal efficiency will be _____.

- A. greater; lower
- B. greater; higher
- C. less; lower
- D. less; higher

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2078

A nuclear power plant is operating at 90 percent power. Main condenser pressure is 1.7 psia and hotwell condensate temperature is 120°F.

If main condenser cooling water flow rate is reduced by 5 percent, overall steam cycle efficiency will...

- A. increase because condensate depression will decrease.
- B. decrease because condensate depression will increase.
- C. increase because the work output of the main turbine will increase.
- D. decrease because the work output of the main turbine will decrease.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2178 (B2178)

If superheating of the inlet steam to a low pressure turbine is reduced, low pressure turbine work output will _____ and low pressure turbine exhaust steam moisture content will _____.
(Assume steam mass flow rate does not change.)

- A. remain the same; increase
- B. remain the same; decrease
- C. decrease; increase
- D. decrease; decrease

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2278 (B2978)

If the moisture content of the steam supplied to a main turbine increases, (assume no change in steam pressure, condenser pressure, or control valve position) turbine work will...

- A. decrease, because the enthalpy of the steam being supplied to the turbine has decreased.
- B. decrease, because moist steam is more likely to leak between turbine stages.
- C. increase, because the enthalpy of the steam being supplied to the turbine has increased.
- D. increase, because moist steam is less likely to leak between turbine stages.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2478

Turbine X is an ideal steam turbine that exhausts to a condenser at 1.0 psia. Turbine X is driven by saturated steam (100 percent quality) at 500 psia. Which one of the following lists the approximate specific work output of turbine X and the moisture content of the steam exiting turbine X?

<u>Specific Work</u>	<u>Moisture Content</u>
A. 388 Btu/lbm	72%
B. 388 Btu/lbm	28%
C. 817 Btu/lbm	72%
D. 817 Btu/lbm	28%

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2678 (B1978)

If the moisture content of the steam supplied to a main turbine decreases, the overall steam cycle efficiency will increase because the...

- A. operating temperature of the turbine blades has increased.
- B. reheat capacity of the turbine extraction steam has increased.
- C. mass flow rate of the steam through the turbine has increased.
- D. enthalpy of the steam being supplied to the turbine has increased.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P2778 (B2774)

The theoretical maximum efficiency of a steam cycle is given by the equation:

$$\text{Eff}_{\text{thmax}} = (1 - T_{\text{out}}/T_{\text{in}}) \times 100\%,$$

where T_{out} is the absolute temperature for heat rejection and T_{in} is the absolute temperature for heat addition. (Fahrenheit temperature is converted to absolute temperature by adding 460°.)

A nuclear power plant is operating with a stable steam generator pressure of 900 psia. What is the approximate theoretical maximum steam cycle efficiency this plant can achieve by establishing its main condenser vacuum at 1.0 psia?

- A. 35 percent
- B. 43 percent
- C. 57 percent
- D. 65 percent

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P3078 (B3077)

Which one of the following will be caused by a decrease in main condenser vacuum (higher absolute pressure) on a nuclear power plant operating at full power? (Assume main steam flow rate and condenser circulating water flow rate are unchanged.)

- A. Decrease in the condensate temperature.
- B. Decrease in the ideal steam cycle efficiency.
- C. Decrease in the condensate pump required NPSH.
- D. Decrease in the mass of noncondensable gas in the condenser.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P3378 (B1278)

A nuclear power plant was initially operating at steady-state 90 percent reactor power when heating steam (supplied from main turbine extraction steam) to the feedwater heaters was isolated. With heating steam still isolated, reactor power was returned to 90 percent and the plant was stabilized.

Compared to the initial main generator MW output, the current main generator MW output is...

- A. lower, because the steam cycle is less efficient.
- B. higher, because the steam cycle is less efficient.
- C. lower, because more steam heat energy is available to the main turbine.
- D. higher, because more steam heat energy is available to the main turbine.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 193005
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [2.5/2.6]
QID: P4441

Consider the steam cycle thermal efficiency of a nuclear power plant operating at rated power.

If the pressure at which saturated steam is produced in the steam generators is increased, thermal efficiency will _____; and if the temperature of the feedwater entering the steam generators is increased, thermal efficiency will _____.

- A. increase; increase
- B. increase; decrease
- C. decrease; increase
- D. decrease; decrease

ANSWER: A.