QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

AmerenUE QAPD

Revision 1

Effective Date:

NOTE UNSIGNED

| Approved by _ | Date | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | C. D. Naslund | |
| | Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer, AmerenUE | |

SUMMARY OF ALTERATIONS

| Revision | Summary of Revision or Change |
|----------|--|
| 0 | Not-issued. See Revision 1 notes below. |
| 1 | 1) Revision 1 is the initial issue for the AmerenUE QAPD. AmerenUE has adopted the UniStar Nuclear QAPD (Reference Topical Report No. UN-TR-06-001-A). |
| | 2) Revision 1 of the AmerenUE QAPD reflects that the AmerenUE QAPD has incorporated changes as described in Revision 1 of the UniStar Nuclear Energy QAPD, Effective Date 1/21/2008. |
| | 3) References to UniStar Nuclear Energy changed throughout to Ameren IE |

positions.

4) Organizational and functional positions in Section A and elsewhere changed to reflect the AmerenUE organizational and functional

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INTRODUCTION

AmerenUE maintains full responsibility for ensuring that the Nuclear Power Plants are sited, designed, constructed and operated in conformance with applicable regulatory requirements, specified design requirements, applicable industry standards and good engineering practices in a manner to protect the health and safety of the employees and the public. To this end, the AmerenUE Quality Assurance Program conforms to the criteria established in Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants and Fuel Reprocessing Plants. AmerenUE commits to implement the:

- Basic Requirements and Supplements of NQA-1-1994, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications," as described in the QAPD.
- Specific subparts of NQA-1-1994, as described in Section U.

Exceptions or alternatives to these documents are delineated in Table 1.

For the purpose of this QAPD, activities occurring prior to the commencement of initial fuel loading are considered "construction phase" activities. Those activities that occur once initial fuel loading has commenced are referred to "operations and/or operational phase" activities. The Operations Phase elements of the QAPD will be implemented no later than 30 days prior to the scheduled date for the initial loading of fuel.

This QAPD will be identified in FSAR Table 13.4-1, "Operational Programs Required by NRC Regulations and Program Implementation," or its equivalent.

The AmerenUE QA Program described herein covers siting, design, fabrication, construction (including pre-operational testing), operation (including testing), maintenance and modification of the facility. This Quality Assurance Program Description (QAPD) describes the requirements to be applied to those safety-related structures, systems and components, (SSCs) and related activities that have been designated Quality Assurance (QA) Level 1 and to the nonsafety-related structures, systems, and components, which are determined to be QA Level 2.

These two QA Levels have been established and will apply throughout the life of the facility from licensing and siting through design, fabrication, construction, and operation. The two AmerenUE Quality Assurance Program Description levels are defined as follows:

Safety Related (QA Level 1)

The QA Level 1 program shall conform to the criteria established in 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and the commitment to NQA-1-1994.

The QA Level 1 program shall be applied to those structures, systems, components, and administrative controls that have been determined to meet the definition of safety-related in 10 CFR 50.2, which states:

Safety-related structures, systems and components means those structures, systems and components that are relied upon to remain functional during and following design basis events to assure:

- (1) The integrity of the reactor coolant pressure boundary
- (2) The capability to shut down the reactor and maintain it in a safe shutdown condition; or
- (3) The capability to prevent or mitigate the consequences of accidents which could result in potential offsite exposures comparable to the applicable guideline exposures set forth in 10 CFR 50.34(a)(1) or 10 CFR 100.11.

The development of the SSCs classified as QA Level 1, i.e. Q-List, occurs as part of the initial design process and is maintained by the ongoing design process implemented during the operational phase.

Additionally, this QAPD is applied to the "important to safety" activities for the packing and transport of radioactive material, except for the design and fabrication, as delineated and allowed by 10CFR71.101(f), and will be classified as QA Level 1.

NonSafety-Related SSC Quality Controls (QA Level 2)

The QA Level 2 program is an owner-defined QA program that uses the ASME NQA-1 standard as guidance. The QA Level 2 program does not include SSCs that are otherwise classified as safety related or important to safety. General QA Level 2 requirements are described in Section V, "NON-SAFETY RELATED SSC CONTROLS." These requirements are implemented by AmerenUE and AmerenUE contractors through the use of approved QA programs and procedures. The Owner defined QA Level 2 SSCs and their associated activities are evaluated against the requirements in Section V of this QAPD. This evaluation identifies which QA controls are needed to ensure these SSCs meet their intended functions and do not affect the function of the safety-related SSCs. This evaluation may also include nuclear industry precedent in the application of augmented QA requirements.

For contractors, the QA Level 2 program shall be described in documents that must be approved by AmerenUE. The QA Level 2 program shall be applied to Owner designated structures, systems, components, and activities.

Program Changes

The process for reviewing and approving a change to the AmerenUE QAPD is described in Appendix 1.

SECTION A

ORGANIZATION

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 1, Organization, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 1 and Supplement 1S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

AmerenUE employees and contractor employees representing AmerenUE have full responsibility to ensure that the facility is designed, constructed, operated, and decommissioned in a manner to protect the health and safety of the public. This responsibility begins with initial design and continues throughout the life of the facility. The AmerenUE QA Program is designed to ensure that the necessary quality requirements for structures, systems, components and work activities are met. This objective is attained by ensuring that the organizational structure and the responsibility assignments are such that: (a) quality is achieved and maintained by those who have been assigned responsibility for performing work and, (b) quality achievement is verified by persons or organizations not directly responsible for performing the work.

This Section describes the AmerenUE organizational structure, functional responsibilities, levels of authority and interfaces for establishing, executing, and verifying QAPD implementation. The organizational structure includes offsite and onsite functions for AmerenUE. Implementing documents assign more specific responsibilities and duties, and define the organizational interfaces involved in conducting activities and duties within the scope of this QAPD. Management gives careful consideration to the timing, extent and effects of organizational structure changes.

As the owner and operator, AmerenUE is responsible for siting, design, licensing, engineering, procurement, fabrication construction, startup and operation of AmerenUE facilities in accordance with its QA program. There are several organizations within AmerenUE that implement and support the QAPD. These organizations include, but are not limited to Nuclear Generation Development, Regulatory Affairs, Engineering Services, Plant Engineering, Maintenance, Training, Operations, Quality & Performance Improvement and Business Operations. Collectively, the organization is responsible for the following activities affecting quality: preparing, reviewing, approving, and verifying designs; qualifying suppliers; preparing, reviewing, approving, and issuing instructions, procedures, schedules, and procurement documents; purchasing; verifying supplier activities; identifying and controlling acceptable and nonconforming hardware and software; manufacturing; calibrating and controlling measuring and test equipment; qualifying and controlling special processes; constructing; inspecting; testing; startup; operating; performing maintenance; performing the audit function; and controlling records.

During the design and construction phases, preparation of design and construction documents and construction itself are contracted to qualified contractors. Contractor QA Programs must be approved by the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement

before work can start as described in Section D, "Procurement Document Control," and Section G, "Control of Purchased Material, Equipment and Services." QA procedures will be developed by management to implement this QAPD in their respective areas.

The following sections describe the reporting relationships, functional responsibilities and authorities for organizations implementing and supporting the AmerenUE QA Program. Organizations are responsible to develop and implement procedures to implement the Quality Assurance functions for which they are responsible. Positions listed below include those which describe a responsible functional management position and not the title of the individual responsible for the described area. Regardless of position title, a management position is assigned responsibility for functions listed below as applicable to new plant construction and operation. Figure A-1 shows the on site and offsite organizations and reporting relationships.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Ameren Corporation (offsite)

This is the highest level position in Ameren Corporation and is responsible for the corporation. The Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Ameren is responsible to the Ameren Board of Directors and directs officers in AmerenUE.

President and Chief Executive Officer, AmerenUE (offsite)

This position reports to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for AmerenUE. The President and Chief Executive Officer, AmerenUE, directs the Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer.

Senior Vice President and Chief Nuclear Officer (CNO)

This position reports to the President and Chief Executive Officer, AmerenUE, and is responsible for overall corporate policy, overall responsibility for the implementation of the quality assurance program and provides executive direction and guidance as well as promulgates corporate policy through the Company's senior management staff.

The position has overall responsibility for the siting, design, fabrication, construction, and safe reliable operation of the AmerenUE stations, including management oversight and support of the day-to-day operations of the stations. This is the senior executive responsible for setting and implementing policies, objectives, expectations, and priorities to ensure activities are performed in accordance with the quality assurance program and other requirements.

The Senior Vice President and CNO is also responsible for all technical and administrative support activities provided by AmerenUE and contractors. The Senior Vice President and CNO directs the Vice President, Engineering, Vice President Nuclear Operations and the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement. During the operations phase, the Independent Review Committee (IRC) reports to the Senior Vice President and CNO.

Vice President, Engineering

This position reports to the Senior Vice President and CNO and is responsible for the siting, fabrication, construction, preoperational and startup testing, procurement, licensing, and Information Technology during these phases.

During the Operations phase, this position is responsible plant engineering, engineering services including responsibility for the implementation of large projects for the nuclear facilities, nuclear fuel services, and regulatory affairs.

Vice President, Nuclear Operations

During the operations phase, this position is responsible for overall plant nuclear safety, operation, maintenance, training, and operations support including business operations areas of document control and records management. This position reports to the Senior Vice President and CNO and is responsible for the station's compliance with its NRC Operating License, governmental regulations and ASME Code requirements.

Management Position Responsible for Nuclear Generation Development

This position reports to the Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for managing the siting, fabrication, construction, preoperational and startup testing, procurement, and Information Technology during these phases for new plant development. Siting, design, fabrication, construction activities, preparation of design and construction documents, and construction itself are contracted to qualified contractors. During the construction phase, assistant managers responsible for new plant licensing, new plant project management and administration supervision responsible for document control and records management report to this position. Engineering staff reporting to this position are responsible to provide technical support prior to the operations phase.

Management Position Responsible for New Plant Operations and Maintenance Training

Prior to the operations phase, this position reports to the Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for development of training to support operations and maintenance for new plant facilities. Responsibility for training programs during the Operations phase will transition to the Management Position Responsible for Training under direction of the Vice President, Operations.

Management Position Responsible for Engineering Services

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for managing the design, modification, testing, configuration control, and technical support programs.

Management Position Responsible for Plant Engineering

During the Operations phase, this position reports to the Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for day to day engineering and technical services to support plant operations and

maintenance including engineering programs, equipment reliability, system engineering, and nuclear fuel services.

Management Position Responsible for Regulatory Affairs

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for licensing and regulatory affairs and provides organizational support and management oversight of the facilities to ensure prompt and proper disposition of regulatory issues, develops regulatory positions and advises senior management on priorities and activities affecting regulatory issues at the nuclear facilities. Responsibilities include developing policies and standardized processes and procedures for the maintenance of the licensing basis, and the preparation of submittals to the NRC and other regulatory organizations. This position is also responsible for security, emergency preparedness and probabilistic risk assessment (PRA) departments. Responsibilities for nuclear security include facility physical security, nuclear access programs, and fitness for duty programs.

Management Position Responsible for Nuclear Fuel Cycle Management

The Management Position Responsible for Nuclear Fuel Cycle Management reports to Vice President, Engineering and is responsible for providing fuel and related business and technical support consistent with plant operational needs.

Management Position Responsible for Direction of Plant Operations

During the operations phase, this position reports to Vice President, Nuclear Operations and is responsible for operation and maintenance. This position assures the safe, reliable, and efficient operation of the plant within the constraints of applicable regulatory requirements, Operating License, the quality assurance program, and provides day-to-day direction and management oversight of activities. Areas of responsibility also include chemistry activities, health physics/radiological protection and work management.

Management Position Responsible for Operations

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Management Position Responsible for Direction of Plant Operations and is responsible for plant operations including radiation protection, chemistry and radwaste. This position assures the safe, reliable, and efficient operation of the plant within the constraints of applicable regulatory requirements, Operating License, the quality assurance program, and provides day-to-day direction and management oversight of onsite activities. The Management Position Responsible for Operations in carrying out the responsibility for overall safety of plant operations, is responsible for timely referral of appropriate plant matters to management and independent reviewers.

Management Position Responsible for Radiation Protection

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Management Position Responsible for Direction of Plant Operations and is responsible for the radiological protection function.

Management Position Responsible for Maintenance

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Management Position Responsible for Direction of Plant Operations and is responsible for work management and plant maintenance activities

Management Position Responsible for Planning, Scheduling and Outages

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Management Position Responsible for Direction of Plant Operations and is responsible for planning and implementation of outages and planning and scheduling of work activities.

Management Position Responsible for Training

During the operations phase, this position reports to the Vice President, Nuclear Operations and is responsible for training of personnel who operate or support the nuclear facilities. Training responsibilities include determining the need for training based on information provided by the various groups, developing performance-based training programs, implementing training programs to support employee and facility needs, and evaluating training programs. Certain functional groups may be assigned responsibility for the development and conduct of their own training programs provided these groups are not required to have a systems approach to training under 10 CFR 50.120.

During the operations phase, reporting to this position are the staff responsible for administration of the corrective action, nonconformance, self-assessment, and industry operating experience programs.

Management Position Responsible for Business Operations

This position reports to the Vice President, Nuclear Operations and is responsible for providing document control, records management, organizational support, administration, strategic planning, cost forecasting, status reporting and budgeting during the operations phase. Callaway Materials management activities are provided by a Materials Department under the oversight of this position.

Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement

This position reports to the Senior Vice President and CNO and is responsible for independently planning and performing activities to verify the development and effective implementation of the AmerenUE QAPD including, but not limited to, siting, design, fabrication, construction, engineering, licensing, document control, records, corrective action program, procurement, and operations. Further details of the quality assurance organization and responsibilities are described below

QUALITY ASSURANCE ORGANIZATION

Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement

The AmerenUE QA organization during the design, construction, and operations phases will be headed by this position. The staffing of the QA organization will be commensurate with its duties and functions. This position reports directly to the Senior Vice President and CNO. This position is:

- Vested with the authority and organizational freedom to ensure that the requirements of this QAPD are properly implemented, including the imposition of "stop work." The decision to "stop work" is not influenced by costs or schedule.
- Responsible for the overall responsibility for development, management and implementation of the AmerenUE QA Program during all phases of the facility and referring appropriate matters to senior management in a timely manner.
- Responsible for performance of an annual assessment of the adequacy of the QA program's implementation.
- In the AmerenUE organization such that it has effective lines of communication with persons in other senior management positions.

This position is responsible for the following activities.

- QA Technical Support
 - Maintain the AmerenUE QAPD
 - Maintain QA procedures
 - QA technical reviews of procurement documents
 - Administer the Corrective Action and Nonconformance Processes during construction
 - o Maintain the AmerenUE Qualified Suppliers List (QSL)
 - o Administer the Auditor and Lead Auditor Certification Process
 - o Approval of contractor QA Programs
 - Oversight of contractor QA Programs Implementation
 - Oversight of the quality of design and construction
 - Management of the Training and Qualification Program for Inspection and Test Personnel
- Oversight of document and records control
- OA Verification
 - o Audits, surveillances and assessments

- o Contractor/supplier evaluations
- o Equipment/vendor shop inspections
- Witness vendor acceptance testing

During the operations phase the corrective action and nonconformance process will be managed by the Management Position Responsible for Training.

This position is responsible for the following activities during start up testing and operations.

- o Quality Engineering support of startup organization
- Oversight of startup activities
- QA selected reviews and oversight of programs developed for operations including, but not limited to, the identification of QA Level 1 SSCs and any changes thereto, their performance, and verifying and maintaining the facility design basis.
- QA selected reviews and oversight of operations, including maintenance, testing and modification procedures
- o Review and concurrence of changes to the identified QA Level 1 items that could affect their function.
- o QA Oversight of operations procedure implementation
- o Quality Control (QC) Inspection certification process
- o Applicable discipline QC inspections of modifications to QA Level 1 components

The Vice President, Engineering is responsible for receipt inspections of AmerenUE procured QA Level 1 SSCs and QA Level 2 SSCs.

Accordingly, during the transition from construction to operations and during the operations phase, the management of the QA organization, the QA staff, and QC receipt inspectors have the responsibility to make quality assurance decisions and have sufficient authority, access to work areas, and organizational freedom to:

- Identify quality problems
- Initiate and recommend solutions to quality problems through designated channels
- Verify implementation of solutions
- Assure that further processing, delivery, installation, or use of items is controlled until proper disposition of nonconformances, deficiencies or unsatisfactory conditions has occurred
- Have direct access to highest levels of management
- Be sufficiently independent from cost and schedule considerations and have stop-work authority.

ORGANIZATIONAL INTERFACES

The organizational interfaces between AmerenUE, contractors, and project applicable regulatory agencies are identified in the appropriate plans, contracts and implementing procedures. These documents contain the appropriate protocols, applicable roles, responsibilities and approval authorities for the specific topics for which they apply. AmerenUE design interfaces shall be identified and procedurally controlled. Design efforts shall be coordinated among interfacing organizations as detailed in AmerenUE procedures. Interface controls shall include the assignment of responsibility and the establishment of implementing documents among interfacing design organizations for the review, approval, release, distribution and revision of documents involving design interfaces. AmerenUE design information transmitted across interfaces shall be documented and procedurally controlled. AmerenUE transmittals of design information and/or documents shall reflect the status of the transmitted information and documents. Incomplete designs that require further evaluation, review or approval shall be identified. When it is necessary to initially transmit the design information orally or by other informal means, design information shall be promptly confirmed through a controlled implementing document.

DELEGATION OF WORK

The delegation of work between AmerenUE and contractors is identified in applicable plans, contracts and implementing procedures. If AmerenUE delegates responsibility for planning, establishing, or implementing any part of the overall QA program, sufficient authority to accomplish the assigned responsibility is also delegated. The responsible manager formally evaluates the performance of delegated work by contractors. In all cases of delegation, AmerenUE retains the overall responsibility for all work performed under the direction of AmerenUE. All AmerenUE QA Level 1 and Level 2 work activities shall meet the applicable requirements of this QAPD. Responsible managers have the authority to delegate tasks to another qualified individual within their organization provided the designated individual possesses the required qualifications and these qualifications are documented. All delegations shall be in writing. The responsible manager retains the ultimate responsibility and accountability for implementing the applicable requirements.

RESOLUTION OF DISPUTES

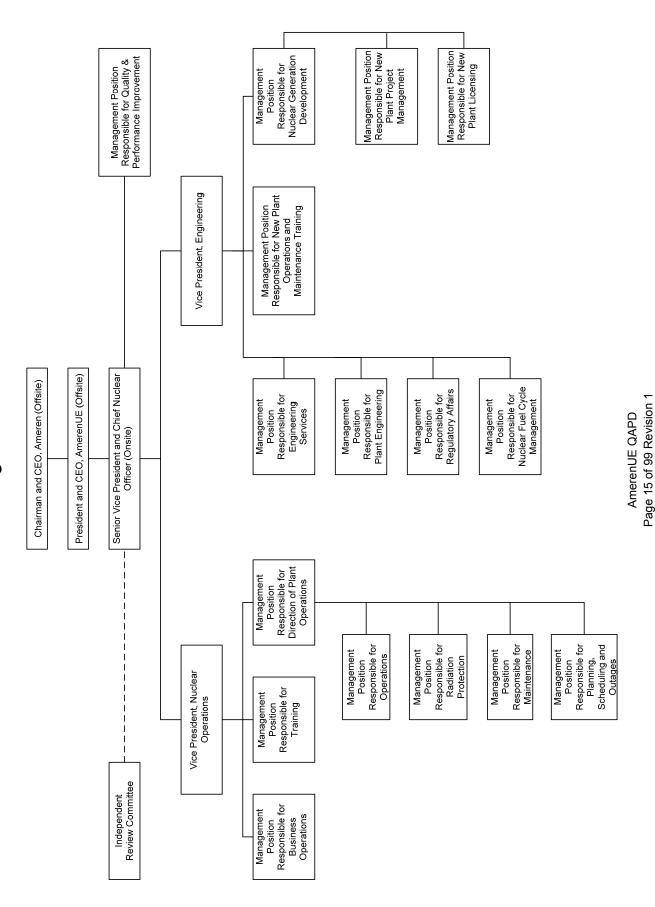
Disputes involving a difference of opinion on quality matters or issues are brought to the attention of line management, and if not resolved by the individual's manager, are elevated progressively to the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement. If satisfactory resolution cannot be obtained at that level, the matter is then elevated to the Senior Vice President and CNO for final resolution.

WORKER RESPONSIBILITIES

Personnel performing activities affecting quality are responsible for achieving an acceptable level of quality. Each employee has an obligation to identify concerns using the corrective action process with respect to work within their scope of responsibility whenever the health and safety of our workers, the public, or the environment is involved, or when continued work will produce results that are not in compliance with the AmerenUE QA Program. Provisions are

implemented to assure that personnel have the opportunity to suggest, recommend, or provide solutions to the identified concern. This process is controlled by an AmerenUE procedure, which applies across the entire project/facility. The authorities and responsibilities for stopping work, the criteria and documentation required to process the stop work, and the actions required before work may resume are detailed in an AmerenUE procedure. This process ensures that safety related activities are controlled until the deficiency, or unsatisfactory condition, has been resolved. Worker responsibilities are further discussed in Section P, Corrective Action.

AmerenUE Organization Chart



SECTION B

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 2, Quality Assurance Program, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 2 and Supplement 2S-4 of NQA-1-1994.

PROGRAM BASIS

The AmerenUE Quality Assurance Program complies with 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, "Quality Assurance Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants and Fuel Reprocessing Plants," and applies to all levels of the organization, including contractors, who perform QA Level 1 activities. The QA program provides control over activities affecting the quality of the identified structures, systems, and components to an extent consistent with their importance to safety. ASME NOA-1-1994 Parts I and Part II, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications" are used in conjunction with 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, and provide additional detailed quality assurance guidelines which are committed to in this QAPD. The AmerenUE QAPD describes the AmerenUE overall compliance with 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and commitments to ASME NQA-1-1994. This document states the AmerenUE policies, assigns responsibilities, and specifies requirements governing implementation of the QA Program to the siting, design, fabrication, construction, and operation of the AmerenUE facilities. All 18 criteria of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B have been addressed to identify the scope of the QA Program applied to AmerenUE facilities. QA requirements will also apply to contractors as delineated in procurement documents controlled under Section D, "Procurement Document Control," of this QAPD. The necessary management measures to control the quality of subcontracted activities for the AmerenUE design, procurement, and installation and testing of QA Level 1 components and activities have been established in this QAPD. The QAPD will be reviewed for needed revisions as described in Appendix 1, Provisions For Change.

Specific processes and controls, which implement the provisions of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B and the commitment to ASME NQA-1-1994, as specified in this QAPD, are delineated in procedures.

The QA Program provides for the planning and accomplishment of activities affecting quality under suitably controlled conditions. Controlled conditions include the use of appropriate equipment, suitable environmental conditions for accomplishing the activity, such as adequate cleanness, and assurance that all prerequisites for the given activity have satisfied. The AmerenUE QA Program provides for special controls, processes, test equipment, tools and skills to attain the required quality and verification of quality. QA requirements contained in this QAPD are also invoked on AmerenUE contractors, as appropriate to the circumstances of procurement, for their contracted scope of work. When work cannot be accomplished as specified in implementing QA procedures, or accomplishment of such work would result in an adverse condition, work is stopped until proper corrective action is taken. If procedures cannot

be used as written, then the work is stopped until the procedures are changed. Requirements for stop work are further discussed in Section P, "Corrective Action."

In general a grace period of 90 days may be applied to provisions that are required to be performed on a periodic basis unless otherwise noted. Annual evaluations and audits that must be performed on a triennial basis are examples where the 90 day general grace period could be applied. The grace period does not allow the "clock" for a particular activity to be reset forward. The "clock" for an activity is reset backwards by performing the activity early.

Flowdown of QA Requirements to Contractors and Suppliers

QA requirements for QA Level 1 activities are imposed on AmerenUE contractors and suppliers through the respective procurement documents for the particular scope of work being contracted. Determination of the specific QA requirements, supplier evaluations, and proposal/bid evaluations are in accordance with the requirements of Section D, "Procurement Document Control," and Section G, "Control of Purchased Material, Equipment and Services," of this document. Applicable QA Program elements required for the particular scope of work are identified in procurement documents. Potential contractors/suppliers are required to submit their QA Programs to the AmerenUE QA organization for review in accordance with the request for proposal/procurement specification. Audits are performed at the contractor's/supplier's facility of their QA program and its implementation verifying that the contractor's/supplier's QA program meets the requirements established in the request for proposal/procurement specification. If the audit is acceptable then the contractor/supplier is approved on the AmerenUE Qualified Suppliers List (QSL) and a contract between AmerenUE and the contractor/supplier may be issued. For procured items, AmerenUE may also require that the AmerenUE QA organization perform source inspections or witness tests at the supplier's facility prior to shipment, if the equipment/component warrants inspection due to its safety significance and/or complexity. Such requirements are also identified in the procurement documents and/or contract.

Construction contractors for AmerenUE QA Program controlled construction activities are required to be placed on the QSL prior to contract award. Construction contractors are required to perform the QA activities required by their QA program, including audits of their own activities, as well as any required quality control (QC) inspections. The AmerenUE QA organization will provide oversight of these contractors in the form of audits and surveillances, verifying that each contractor is properly implementing its QA program as approved by AmerenUE QA. Contractually, contractors will be required to promptly correct AmerenUE identified deficiencies and nonconformances.

IDENTIFICATION AND APPLICATION OF QA CONTROLS

QA Level 1 is applied exclusively to safety-related SSCs. All applicable sections of this QAPD are applied to QA Level 1 SSCs. Application of the QAPD requirements is part of the configuration management program used to verify and maintain the facility design basis and will be performed in accordance with documented procedures. Accordingly, as described in Section A, "Organization," the QA organization is responsible for oversight of these processes and programs.

The QA Level 2 program description is provided in Section V, "Nonsafety-related SSC Quality Controls," of this QAPD, which includes Nonsafety-Related SSCs That Perform Safety Significant Functions and Nonsafety-Related SSCs Credited for Regulated Events. These requirements are implemented by AmerenUE and AmerenUE contractors through the use of approved QA programs and procedures. The AmerenUE defined QA Level 2 SSCs and their associated activities i.e., those SSCs that are not Quality Level 1 and do not affect the functions of the safety-related or important to safety SSCs, are evaluated against the requirements in Section V of this QAPD. This evaluation identifies which QA controls are needed to ensure these SSCs meet their intended functions and do not affect the functions of the safety-related SSCs. This evaluation may also include nuclear industry precedent in the application of these augmented QA requirements.

The two QA Levels have been established and apply throughout the life of the facility from licensing and siting through design, fabrication, construction, testing, startup, operation, maintenance, and modification.

QA LEVEL 1 REQUIREMENTS

The QA Level 1 Program shall conform to the criteria established in 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, and the commitment to NQA-1-1994. The QA Level 1 program shall be applied to those structures, systems, components, and administrative controls that have been determined to be safety-related.

QA LEVEL 2 REQUIREMENTS

The QA Level 2 program is an owner-defined QA program that uses the ASME NQA-1 standard as guidance. The general QA Level 2 requirements are described in Section V, "Nonsafety-Related SSC Quality Controls." For contractors, the QA Level 2 program shall be described in documents that must be approved by AmerenUE. The QA Level 2 program shall be applied to Owner designated structures, systems, components, and activities.

QUALITY ASSURANCE TRAINING

AmerenUE employees who perform QA Level 1 activities receive AmerenUE QA Indoctrination Training. This training includes general criteria, including introduction to applicable codes, standards, QA Procedures, QA Program elements, and job responsibilities and authorities. AmerenUE personnel assigned to perform QA Level 1 activities are also required to complete training in the specific AmerenUE QA procedures needed to perform their job roles and responsibilities as assigned by their supervisor. Detailed QA training is provided on the AmerenUE QA Program and job specific QA procedures prior to an employee beginning QA Level 1 work. Supervision is responsible for ensuring that personnel performing work under their supervision are appropriately trained and qualified to perform assigned work. Sufficient managerial depth is provided to cover absences of incumbents. When required by code, regulation, or standard, specific qualification and selection of personnel is conducted in accordance with those requirements as established in the applicable AmerenUE procedures. AmerenUE will also include a version of QA Indoctrination Training as part of the general employee training given to all full-time employees. The Management Position Responsible for

Training is responsible for coordinating QA training activities for AmerenUE personnel. This position serves as a centralized training support service for supervision in coordinating training and maintaining QA training records. This responsibility is carried out as support for line management. AmerenUE supervisory personnel are responsible for determining the type and extent of the training to be provided to an individual, and ensuring that the training is properly documented for personnel performing QA Level 1 activities. Training for positions identified in 10 CFR 50.120 is accomplished according to programs accredited by the National Nuclear Accrediting Board of the National Academy of Nuclear Training that implement a systematic approach to training. Retraining, when applicable, shall occur in order to maintain proficiency or when changes to work methods, technology, or job responsibilities occur. Retraining shall be documented.

MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENTS

Management of those organizations implementing the QA program, or portions thereof, shall assess the adequacy of that part of the program for which they are responsible and assure its effective implementation at least once each year or at least once during the life of the activity, which is ever shorter. During the operations phase, the period for assessing QA program implementation may be extended to once every two years.

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM STATUS REPORTING TO MANAGEMENT

Management is regularly informed by the AmerenUE QA organization of adverse trends and lessons learned as a result of reviews conducted on audit reports, surveillance reports, corrective action reports, management assessments, etc. Corrective action is initiated as necessary.

SECTION C

DESIGN CONTROL AND VERIFICATION

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 3, Design Control, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirements 3 and Supplements 3S-1 and 11S-2 of NQA-1-1994; and
- The following Subpart from NQA-1- 1994, Part II
 - Subpart Part 2.7, Quality Assurance Requirements of Computer Software for Nuclear Facility Applications. This commitment also applies to computer software that is used to produce or manipulate data that is used directly in the design, analysis and operation of structures, systems and components relied on for safety.

Measures are established in procedures to assure that applicable requirements are correctly translated into design documents. Design control measures shall be applied to items such as the following: reactor physics, stress, thermal, hydraulic, and accident analyses; compatibility of materials; accessibility for inservice inspection, maintenance, and repair; and delineation of acceptance criteria for inspections and tests. Design inputs are specified on a timely basis to support AmerenUE milestones. Controls are established for the selection and suitability of application of materials, parts, equipment and processes that are essential to the functions of structures, systems and components. Design interfaces to ensure completeness and efficiency of design are established in applicable procedures. Procedures detail the controls for design input, design process, design verification, design changes and approval. These procedures include appropriate quantitative and/or qualitative acceptance criteria for determining that activities have been satisfactorily accomplished. During the Design and Construction phase, personnel from the QA organization shall review and concur with quality related procedures associated with design, construction and installation. AmerenUE design documents are prepared, reviewed and approved by qualified individuals. Applicable information derived from experience, as set forth in reports or other documentation, shall be made available to the design organization personnel.

Design is verified by one or more of the following verification methods: design reviews, alternate calculations or qualification tests. Design changes are governed by control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design. The design process and design verification practices and procedures shall be reviewed and modified, as necessary, when a significant design change is required because of an incorrect design. These and any other design deficiencies discovered during the design process on subsequent design related activities that affect the design of SSCs shall be entered into the Corrective Action Program (CAP) according to Section P, "Corrective Action." If these deficiencies cause constructed or partially constructed items (systems, structures or components) to be deficient, the affected items shall be controlled in accordance with Section O, "Nonconforming Material, Parts, or Components." Configuration management is maintained in accordance with the applicable procedures controlling changes to the various types of design documents.

DESIGN INPUT CONTROL

Applicable design inputs (such as design basis, conceptual design reports, performance requirements, regulatory requirements, codes and standards) shall be controlled according to the following requirements:

- Design inputs shall be identified and documented, and their selection reviewed and approved.
- Design inputs shall be specified and approved in a manner to support the schedule.
- Design inputs shall provide the necessary details to permit design to be carried out in a manner that provides a consistent basis for making design decisions, accomplishing design verification, and evaluating design changes.
- Changes from approved design inputs and reasons for the changes shall be identified, approved, documented and controlled.
- Design inputs based on assumptions that require re-verification shall be identified and controlled by the appropriate procedures.

DESIGN PROCESS

The AmerenUE design process shall be controlled by Vice President, Engineering according to the following requirements:

- AmerenUE design work shall be prescribed and documented on a timely basis and to the level of detail necessary to permit the design process to be carried out in a correct manner and to permit verification that the design meets requirements.
- Design documents shall be adequate to support design, construction and operation.
- Appropriate quality standards shall be identified and documented, and their selection reviewed and approved.
- Changes from specified standards, including the reasons for the change, shall be identified, approved, documented and controlled.
- Design methods, materials, parts, equipment and processes that are essential to the function of the structure, system, or component shall be selected and reviewed for and suitability of application.
- Applicable information derived from experience as set forth in reports or other documentation, shall be made available to cognizant design personnel.
- Final design documents (i.e., approved design output documents and approved changes thereto) shall be sufficiently detailed as to purpose, method, assumptions, design input, references and units such that a person technically qualified in the subject/engineering

discipline can understand the documents and verify their adequacy without recourse to the originator of the design document.

- Procedural controls for identifying sub-assemblies or components on final design
 documents that are part of the item being designed shall be established. When a
 commercial-grade item is modified and/or tested to new requirements that are different
 from the supplier's published product description, the component part shall be traceable
 to documentation noting that it is different from the originally approved commercialgrade item.
- AmerenUE design drawings, specifications or other design output documents shall contain appropriate inspection, examination and testing acceptance criteria.

DESIGN ANALYSIS

AmerenUE design analyses shall be planned, controlled and documented. Design analysis documents shall be legible, in a form suitable for reproduction, filing and retrieval, and under configuration management control. AmerenUE design calculations shall be identifiable by subject (including structure, system or component to which the calculation applies), originator, reviewer and date, or by other designators in order that approved calculations are retrievable.

Design analysis documents are required to be legible and in a form suitable for record keeping. They are sufficiently detailed as to the purpose, method, assumptions, design input, references, and units such that a person technically qualified in the subject are can review and understand the analyses and verify the adequacy of the results without recourse to the originator.

Computer software used to perform design analyses shall be developed and/or qualified, and used according to the provisions of ASME NQA-1-1994, Part II, Subpart 2.7 and Supplement 11S-2. Computer software developed and/or qualified under the AmerenUE or its contractor QA programs may also be used to perform design analyses for AmerenUE, provided that the AmerenUE QA organization confirms these contractor QA programs meet the provisions NQA-1-1994, Part I, Supplement 11S-2 and NQA-1-1994 Part II, Subpart 2.7. Computer programs may be utilized for design analysis without individual verification of the program for each application provided:

- The computer program has been verified to show that it produces correct solutions for the encoded mathematical model within defined limits for each parameter employed; and
- The encoded mathematical model has been shown to produce a valid solution to the physical problem associated with the particular application.

Computer programs shall be controlled to assure that changes are documented and approved by authorized personnel. Where changes to previously verified computer programs are made, verification shall be required for the change, including evaluation of the effects of these changes on the above

AmerenUE design analyses documentation shall include:

- Definition of the objective of the analyses,
- Definition of design inputs and their sources,
- Results of literature searches or other applicable background data,
- Identification of assumptions and designation of those that must be verified as the design proceeds,
- Identification of any computer calculation, including computer type, computer program (e.g., name), revision identification, inputs, outputs, evidence of reference to computer program verification and the bases (or reference thereto) supporting application of the computer program to the specific physical problem,
- Review and approval.

DESIGN VERIFICATION

The following design control requirements shall be applied to verify the adequacy of AmerenUE design:

- AmerenUE design verification is required for design documents, and shall be performed using one or a combination of the design review, alternate calculations and/or qualification testing methods.
- The particular design verification method used shall be documented.
- Results of design verification shall be documented and shall include the identification of the verifier(s).
- Competent individuals or groups, other than those who performed the original design (but may be from the same organization), shall perform design verification. If necessary, this verification may be performed by the originator's supervisor provided that the supervisor did not specify a singular design approach or rule out certain design considerations and did not establish the design inputs used in the design; or the supervisor is the only individual in the organization competent to perform the verification.

AmerenUE design verification shall be performed in a timely manner at appropriate times during the design process. Verification shall be performed before release for procurement, manufacture or construction, or release to another organization for use in other design work. In some cases (such as when insufficient data exists) it may be necessary to release unverified designs to other engineering organizations or disciplines to support schedule requirements. Unverified portions of the design shall be clearly identified and procedurally controlled. In all cases, design verification shall be completed before relying on the item or computer program to perform its function. The extent of design verification required shall be a function of the importance to safety, complexity of design, degree of standardization, state of the art, and similarity with

previously proven designs. If the design has been subjected to the verification process in accordance with ASME NQA-1-1994, it need not be duplicated for identical designs.

- AmerenUE's use of previously standardized designs shall be controlled according to the following requirements:
 - The applicability of standardized or previously proven designs shall be verified with respect to meeting pertinent design inputs for each application.
 - Known problems affecting standard or previously proven designs and their effects on other features shall be considered.
 - o The "Americanization" of previously proven European designs shall be documented in accordance with the applicable QA procedure.
 - o The original design and associated verification measures shall be adequately documented and referenced in the files for subsequent application of the design.
 - Changes in previously verified designs shall require re-verification. Such verifications shall include the evaluation of the effects of those changes on the overall previously verified design and on any design analyses upon which the design is based.

DESIGN VERIFICATION METHODS

Acceptable verification methods include, but are not limited to, any one of the following, or a combination of the following:

- Design Reviews
- Alternate Calculations
- Qualification Testing

The design organization is required to identify and document the particular design verification method(s) that were used.

DESIGN REVIEWS

Design reviews are critical reviews to provide assurance that the final design is correct and satisfactory. The following items shall be addressed, as applicable during the review:

- Were the design inputs correctly selected and incorporated into the design?
- Are assumptions necessary to perform the design activity adequately described and reasonable? Are the assumptions adequately identified to enable subsequent reverifications after detailed design activities are completed?

- Was an appropriate design method used?
- Is the design output reasonable compared to the design inputs?
- Are the necessary design input and verification requirements for interfacing organizations specified in the design documents or in supporting procedures and instructions?

ALTERNATE CALCULATIONS

The appropriateness of assumptions, input data, and the computer program or other calculation methods used, shall be evaluated and the results shall be checked through the use of alternate calculation methods to verify the correctness of the original calculations or analyses.

QUALIFICATION TESTS

If design adequacy is to be verified by qualification testing, the tests shall be identified, procedurally controlled and documented according to the following:

- The test configuration shall be defined and documented.
- Testing shall demonstrate the adequacy of performance under conditions that simulate the most adverse design conditions. Operating modes and environmental conditions in which the item must perform satisfactorily shall be considered in determining the most adverse design conditions.
- If the tests verify only specific design features, then the other features of the design shall be verified by other means.
- Test results shall be documented and evaluated to ensure that test requirements have been met.
- If qualification testing indicates that a modification to an item is necessary to obtain acceptable performance, then the modification shall be documented and the item modified and re-tested or otherwise verified to ensure satisfactory performance.
- Scaling laws shall be established, verified and documented when tests are being performed on models or mockups.
- The results of model test work shall be subject to error analysis, where applicable, before using the results in final design work.

DESIGN CHANGE CONTROL

Design changes during the initial design phase and the operational phase shall be controlled according to the following requirements:

• Changes to final designs, field changes, modifications to the operating facility, and nonconforming items dispositioned as "use-as-is" or "repair," as described in Section O,

"Nonconforming Materials, Parts, and Components," shall have documented justification for use and are subject to the same design control measures and reviews as those applied to the original design.

- Design control measures for changes shall include provisions to ensure that the design analyses for the item are still valid.
- Changes shall be reviewed and approved by the affected groups or organizations that reviewed and approved the original design documents, with the following clarifications:
 - If the organization that originally was responsible for approving a particular design document is no longer responsible, then a new responsible organization shall be designated.
 - The designated organization shall have demonstrated competence in the specific design area of interest and have an adequate understanding of the requirements and intent of the original design.
- The interface between the design organization responsible for finalizing a design change and other organizations either involved in the review of the change, such as the QA and configuration management organizations, and those affected by the change, such as the operations and maintenance organizations, described in the next subsection, "Design Interface Control," shall be maintained.
- The design process and design verification practices and procedures shall be reviewed and modified, as necessary, when a significant design change is required because of an incorrect design. These design deficiencies shall be documented according to Section P, "Corrective Action." If these deficiencies cause constructed or partially constructed items (systems, structures or components) to be deficient, the affected items shall be controlled in accordance with Section O, "Nonconforming Materials, Parts, and Components."
- When a design change is approved other than revision to the affected design documents, field changes shall be incorporated into affected design documents when such incorporation is appropriate.

DESIGN INTERFACE CONTROL

AmerenUE design interfaces shall be identified and procedurally controlled. Design efforts shall be coordinated among interfacing organizations as detailed in AmerenUE procedures. Interface controls shall include the assignment of responsibility and the establishment of procedures among interfacing design organizations for the review, approval, release, distribution and revision of documents involving design interfaces. AmerenUE design information transmitted across interfaces shall be documented and procedurally controlled. AmerenUE transmittals of design information and/or documents shall reflect the status of the transmitted information and documents. Incomplete designs that require further evaluation, review or approval shall be

identified. When it is necessary to initially transmit the design information orally or by other informal means, design information shall be promptly confirmed through a controlled document.

During the operational phase, the Vice Presidents of Engineering and Nuclear Operations are responsible for ensuring the facility complies with all applicable regulatory requirements including the requirements of this QA Program. In the discharge of these responsibilities, the Vice Presidents direct the activities of the Engineering, Operations, Maintenance, Business Operations and Training organizations through the applicable management. Procedures for controlling the interfaces and configuration management ensure that changes and modifications are properly managed and disseminated to those responsible personnel or organizations whose duties may be affected by the design change or modification and that they do not adversely impact the safe operation of the plant.

COMPUTER SOFTWARE CONTROLS

If AmerenUE uses software to produce or manipulate data that is used directly in the design, analysis and operation of structures, systems, and components relied on for safety, the provisions provided in ASME NQA-1-1994 Subpart Part 2.7, Quality Assurance Requirements of Computer Software for Nuclear Facility Applications, and ASME NQA-1-1994 Supplement 11S-2, Supplementary Requirements for Computer Program Testing, shall apply. Procedures will be developed to implement these provisions as applicable.

DOCUMENTATION AND RECORDS

Design documentation which provides evidence that the design and design verification were performed in accordance with this QAPD shall be collected and maintained in accordance with the requirements of Section Q, "Records." The documentation shall include not only final design documents such as drawings, specifications and revision thereto; but also documentation, which identifies the important steps, including sources of design inputs that support the final design.

QA ROLE IN DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

During the construction phase, design documents are reviewed by individuals knowledgeable and qualified in QA to ensure the documents contain the necessary QA requirements. QA also provides oversight of the quality of design and analysis activities as described in Section R, "Audits."

SECTION D

PROCUREMENT DOCUMENT CONTROL

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 4, Procurement Document Control, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 4 and Supplement 4S-1 of NQA-1- 1994, except for commercial-grade items which is addressed here.

AmerenUE procurements shall be issued only to those suppliers that have been evaluated and qualified as acceptable for the particular scope of material, equipment and services to be procured. The material, equipment and services shall be procured from approved suppliers by procurement documents, approved by procurement management and the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement or their qualified designees. Applicable design bases and other requirements necessary to assure adequate quality shall be included or referenced in documents for procurement of items and services. This program is applied to all phases of procurement including, as necessary, verification of activities of suppliers below the first tier. Procurement documents for commercial-grade items or services that will be dedicated as safety-related items or services shall contain technical and quality requirements such that the procured item or service can be appropriately dedicated. The requirements of 10 CFR 21, "Reporting of Defects and Noncompliance," is invoked during siting, design, fabrication, construction, and testing for OA Level 1 procurement or dedication of items and services including the dedication of items or services used to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B. Additionally 10 CFR 50.55 "Conditions of construction permits, early site permits, combined licenses, and manufacturing licenses," paragraph (e) is imposed on suppliers of QA Level 1 materials and services until approval of the operating license by the NRC in accordance with 10 CFR 52.103(g), "Operation under a combined license."

During operations the requirements of 10 CFR 21 are continued for QA Level 1 procurement or dedication of items and services including the dedication of items or services used to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B.

PROCUREMENT DOCUMENT CONTENT

AmerenUE procurement documents issued for QA Level 1 items or services shall include the following provisions, as applicable to the procured material, equipment or service:

- Statement of the scope of work to be performed by the supplier.
- Technical requirements including:
 - o Design bases, identified or referenced in the procurement documents.
 - Specific documents (such as drawings, codes, standards, regulations, procedures or instructions) describing the technical requirements of the material, equipment

- or services to be furnished, shall be specified along with their revision level or change status.
- Tests, inspections or acceptance requirements that AmerenUE will use to monitor and evaluate the performance of the supplier shall be specified.
- Quality Assurance Program requirements including:
 - A requirement for the supplier to have a documented quality assurance program that implements the applicable requirements of 10CFR50 Appendix B and this QAPD, as appropriate to the circumstances of procurement (or the supplier may work under this QAPD). The extent of the quality assurance program shall depend on the scope, nature or complexity of the material, equipment or service to be procured. The supplier shall also incorporate the appropriate requirements into any subtier supplier issued procurement documents.
- Right of access to supplier, including subtier, facilities and records for inspection or audit by AmerenUE, or other designee authorized by AmerenUE.
- Provisions for establishing witness/inspection hold points beyond which work cannot proceed by the supplier without AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement authorization.
- Documentation required to be submitted to AmerenUE for information, review or acceptance shall be identified along with a document submittal schedule. Record retention times, disposition requirements and record maintenance responsibilities shall be identified for documentation that will become quality assurance records.
- Requirements for the supplier to report to AmerenUE in writing adverse quality conditions resulting in nonconformances. AmerenUE approval of partial and full work releases and disposition of nonconformances is required.
- Identification of any spare and replacement parts or assemblies and the appropriate delineation of technical and quality assurance data required for ordering these parts or assemblies. Commercial-grade procurements shall also be identified in procurement documents.
- A requirement invoking NRC reporting requirements of 10 CFR 21 and/or 10 CFR 50.55(e) for QA Level 1 procurements.

PROCUREMENT DOCUMENT REVIEW AND APPROVAL

Procurement document reviews shall be performed and documented before issuing the procurement documents to the supplier. A review of the procurement documents and any changes thereto shall be made to verify that documents include all applicable requirements specified under Procurement Document Content above, and contain appropriate provisions to ensure that material, equipment or services will meet the governing requirements. Reviews shall be performed and documented to provide objective evidence of satisfactory accomplishment of such review prior to contract award. Changes made as a result of the bid evaluation or precontract negotiations shall be incorporated into the procurement documents. The review of such changes and their effects shall be completed prior to contract award. This review shall include the following considerations: 1) appropriate requirements specified in Procurement Document Content above, 2) a determination of any additional or modified design criteria, and 3) an analysis of exceptions or changes requested by the supplier and a determination on the impacts such changes may have on the intent of the procurement documents or quality of the item or service to be provided and shall be performed by the AmerenUE organization initiating the procurement. Reviews of procurement documents shall be performed by personnel who have access to pertinent information and have an adequate understanding of the requirements and intent of the procurement.

PROCUREMENT DOCUMENT CHANGE

Changes to the scope of work, technical requirements, quality assurance program requirements, right of access, documentation requirements, nonconformance, hold points and lists of spare and replacement parts delineated in procurement documents, shall be subject to the same degree of control as used in the preparation of the original procurement document.

SECTION E

INSTRUCTIONS, PROCEDURES, AND DRAWINGS

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 5, Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 5 of NQA-1-1994

Activities affecting quality shall be prescribed by and conducted in accordance with approved procedures and other implementing documents (drawings, specifications, etc.) appropriate to the circumstances. Those procedures that delineate the responsibilities and functions of the QA organization, the QA procedures, are approved by the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement to ensure compliance with this QAPD. During the Operations phase, the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement, the management positions responsible for Operations, Maintenance, Engineering, and Training have the responsibility to review and approve the procedures that cover activities under their organizational purview that relate to the QAPD and the safe operation of the plant. Procedures approved by the management positions responsible for Operations, Maintenance, Engineering, and Training will be subject to selected review and oversight by the QA organization.

TYPES OF DOCUMENTS

The type of document to be used to perform work shall be appropriate to the nature and circumstances of the work being performed. Documents include procedures, drawings, and specifications. Work controlling procedures may also utilize approved checklists, travelers or other means to assure process requirements are met, including prerequisite requirements prior to starting work. Procedures provide a consistent method for process performance and documentation of completion as well as ensure specified safety and environmental conditions are maintained.

CONTENT OF DOCUMENTS

Documents shall include or reference the following information as appropriate to the work to be performed:

- Responsibilities of the organizations affected by the document,
- Quality, technical and regulatory requirements,
- A sequential description of the work to be performed including controls for altering the sequence of required inspections, tests and other operations,
- Quantitative or qualitative acceptance criteria sufficient for determining that prescribed activities have been satisfactorily accomplished,

- Prerequisites, limits, precautions, process parameters and environmental conditions,
- Quality verification points and hold points,
- Methods for demonstrating that the work was performed as required,
- Identification of the lifetime or nonpermanent quality assurance records generated by the implementing document, and
- Identification of associated QA Levels, as appropriate.

REVIEW, APPROVAL, AND CONTROL OF DOCUMENTS

Procedures and implementing documents shall be reviewed, approved, and controlled, according to the requirements of Section F, "Document Control," of this QAPD.

SECTION F

DOCUMENT CONTROL

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 6, Document Control, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 6 and Supplement 6S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

Procedures are established which control the preparation, issuance and changes of documents that specify quality requirements or prescribe activities affecting quality. Measures are established to ensure that documents, including revisions are adequately reviewed, approved, and released for use by authorized personnel. Controlled documents are transmitted to the appropriate locations where the prescribed activity is being performed. Superseded documents are destroyed or retained only when they have been properly marked.

TYPES OF DOCUMENTS

QA procedures, other administrative procedures and implementing documents, and documents specifying quality requirements or prescribing activities affecting quality shall be controlled in accordance with this section. AmerenUE documents controlled under the AmerenUE QA Program will be specified by procedures and include, but are not limited to, design drawings, asbuilt drawings, engineering calculations, design specifications, purchase orders and related documents, vendor-supplied documents, audit and surveillance procedures, operating procedures, emergency operating procedures, technical specifications, nonconformance reports, corrective action reports, work instructions and procedures, calibration procedures, quality verification procedures, inspection and test reports, and all such documents made electronically available.

PREPARING AND REVIEWING DOCUMENTS

The document control system shall ensure that the identification of documents to be controlled and their specified distribution are proceduralized. The system shall further ensure that the responsibility for preparing, reviewing, approving and issuing documents shall be assigned by procedure to the appropriate AmerenUE functional area manager. Implementing documents and documents specifying quality requirements or prescribing activities affecting quality, shall be reviewed in accordance with applicable procedures for adequacy, correctness and completeness, prior to approval and issuance. The organizational position(s) responsible for approving the document(s) for release shall be identified in the applicable procedures. During the Design and Construction phase, personnel from the QA organization shall review and concur with quality related procedures associated with design, construction, and installation.

During the Operations phase, temporary procedures may be used to direct operations during testing, refueling, maintenance and modifications; to provide guidance in unusual situations not within the scope of normal procedures; and to insure orderly and uniform operations for short periods when the plant, a system, or a component of a system is performing in a manner not covered by existing detailed procedures, or has been modified or affected in such manner that

portions of existing procedures do not apply. Temporary Procedures include designation of the period of time during which they may be used.

CONTROLLING THE DISTRIBUTION AND USE OF DOCUMENTS

Documents needing to be placed under the document control system are transmitted to the Document Control organization with the distribution list for document holders. The Document Control organization shall enter the document into the Document Control electronic database and master list of controlled documents, assign document control numbers, complete transmittal forms and distribute the documents and transmittal form to the document holders. Document holders shall acknowledge receipt on the transmittal and send the acknowledgement to the Document Control organization. The up-to-date master listing of controlled documents will be made continuously available to personnel to verify that they have the current revision(s) for the performance of the activity affecting quality. The document control process will be periodically audited in accordance with the requirements of Section R, "Audits," to verify implementation effectiveness.

CHANGES TO DOCUMENTS

Changes to documents other than minor changes shall be reviewed for adequacy, correctness and completeness, prior to approval and issuance. Major changes shall be reviewed and approved by the same organization that performed the original review and approval unless other organizations are specifically designated. The reviewing organization shall have access to the applicable background data or information upon which to base their approval. During the operational phase, a temporary procedure change that does not change the intent of the procedure may be made provided the change is approved by two members of the staff knowledgeable in the areas affected by the procedures. The applicable procedure shall control the process, documentation and approval of the temporary changes.

MINOR CHANGES

Minor changes, such as inconsequential editorial corrections, may be made to documents without being subject to the review and approval requirements specified above. The applicable procedure shall define the organizational positions authorized and criteria acceptable for making minor changes.

PERIODIC PROCEDURE REVIEWS

Procedures used during the Operations phase will be reviewed by an individual knowledgeable in the area affected by the procedure no less frequently than every 2 years to determine if changes are necessary or desirable. Procedures are not required to be reviewed every 2 years provided that all of the following are met:

- a. Applicable procedures are reviewed following any modification to a system.
- b. Applicable procedures are reviewed following an unusual incident, such as an accident, significant operator error, or equipment malfunction.
- c. Procedures are updated during use when discrepancies are found.

- d. Procedures are reviewed prior to use if not used in the previous 2 years.
- e. A QA program audit of procedures is conducted every 2 years.

PROCEDURE IMPROVEMENT

A process shall be in place to continually improve work instructions through reviews and incorporation of feedback from users.

SECTION G

CONTROL OF PURCHASED MATERIAL, EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 7, Control of Purchased Material, Equipment and Services, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 7 and Supplement 7S-1 of NQA-1-1994, except for commercial-grade items which are addressed at the end of this section. In addition, the following clarification/exception noted in Section U is included:
 - Other 10 CFR 50 or 10 CFR 52 licensees, Authorized Nuclear Inspection Agencies, National Institute of Standards and Technology, or other State and Federal agencies that may provide items or services to AmerenUE are not required to be evaluated or audited.

AmerenUE procurement of material, equipment and services is controlled to assure conformance with specified requirements. These controls include requirements for pre-award evaluations of suppliers' QA programs, annual evaluations, periodic audits/source inspections, and surveillances. Suppliers with an AmerenUE approved QA program are placed on the AmerenUE Qualified Suppliers List (QSL) prior to award of contract. Source inspections and surveillances, evaluation of objective evidence of quality furnished by the supplier and maintaining the QSL are the responsibility of AmerenUE QA organization and are performed, as necessary, upon delivery or completion to ensure requirements specified in procurement documents are met. Inspection of received items and services is the responsibility of the procurement organization. Supplier evaluations, annual evaluations, audits, surveillances, source inspections and receipt inspections shall be documented.

PROCUREMENT PLANNING

AmerenUE procurements shall be planned and documented to ensure a systematic approach to the procurement process exists and supports the schedule. Procurement planning shall:

- Identify procurement methods and organizational responsibilities, including what is to be accomplished, who is to accomplish it, how it is to be accomplished, and when it is to be accomplished.
- Identify and document the sequence of actions and milestones needed to effectively complete the procurement.
- Provide for the integration of the following activities:
 - o Procurement document preparation, review and change control according to the requirements of Section D, "Procurement Document Control"

- o Selection of procurement sources, proposal/bid evaluation, and award
- o AmerenUE evaluation of supplier performance
- o AmerenUE verifications including any hold and witness point notifications
- Control of nonconformances
- Corrective action
- o Acceptance of the material, equipment or service
- o Identification of quality assurance records to be provided to AmerenUE
- Be accomplished as early as possible, and no later than at the start of those procurement activities that are required to be controlled, to assure interface compatibility and a uniform approach to the procurement process.
- Be performed relative to the level of importance, complexity and quantity of the item or service being procured and the supplier's quality performance.

SOURCE EVALUATION AND SELECTION

Supplier selection shall be based on an evaluation, performed before the contract and/or purchase order is awarded, of the supplier's capability to provide the items or services in accordance with procurement document (technical and quality) requirements. The functional area needing the procurement shall request that the AmerenUE QA organization evaluate the potential supplier for placement on the AmerenUE QSL. Responsibilities and measures for evaluating and selecting procurement sources are detailed in the applicable QA procedure and include one or more of the following methods for evaluating potential suppliers:

- Evaluation of the supplier's history for providing an identical or similar product that performs satisfactorily in actual use. The supplier's history shall reflect current capability.
- Evaluation of supplier's current quality assurance records supported by any documented qualitative and quantitative information which can be objectively evaluated.
- Evaluation of the supplier's technical and quality capability based on a direct evaluation of supplier facilities, personnel, and quality assurance program implementation.

The results of procurement source evaluation and selection shall be documented in accordance with the applicable QA procedure.

PROPOSAL/BID EVALUATION

For proposals and bids, technically qualified personnel from the procurement organization shall perform an evaluation to determine if the proposal/bid meets procurement document

requirements. As a minimum, this evaluation shall review the following subjects consistent with the importance, complexity and quantity of items or services being procured:

- Technical considerations
- QA program requirements
- Supplier personnel qualifications
- Supplier production capability and past performance
- Alternatives and exceptions

Before the contract is awarded, the procurement organization shall resolve, or obtain commitments to resolve, unacceptable quality conditions identified during the proposal/bid evaluation.

Supplier quality assurance programs shall be evaluated by the QA organization before contract placement, and any deficiencies that would affect quality shall be corrected before starting work subject to these requirements. Supplier QA programs shall be accepted by the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement before the supplier starts work.

SUPPLIER PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The AmerenUE procurement organization shall establish measures to routinely interface with the supplier and to verify supplier performance. The measures shall include:

- Establishing an understanding between AmerenUE and the supplier of the requirements and specifications identified in procurement documents.
- Requiring the supplier to identify planning techniques and processes to be used in fulfilling procurement document requirements.
- Reviewing supplier documents that are prepared or processed during work performed to fulfill procurement requirements.
- Identifying and processing necessary change information.
- Establishing the method to be used to document information exchanges between AmerenUE and supplier.
- Establishing the extent of source surveillance and inspection.
- Ensuring that the AmerenUE verification activities do not relieve the supplier of its responsibilities for verification of quality achievement.

The extent of AmerenUE verifications shall be a function of the relative importance, complexity/quantity of items or services being procured and the supplier's quality performance. Verification activities shall be accomplished by qualified personnel assigned to check, inspect, audit, or witness the activities of the suppliers. AmerenUE verifications shall be conducted as early as practical and shall not relieve the supplier of the responsibility for the verification of quality achievement. Verifications shall include supplier audits, surveillances or source inspections (or combinations) used as a method of evaluating the supplier's performance, and evaluation of purchaser's documentation to aid in the determination of the effectiveness of the supplier's quality assurance program. Records, including source surveillances and inspections, audits, receiving inspections, nonconformances, dispositions, waivers, and corrective actions shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements of Section Q, "Records."

CONTROL OF SUPPLIER GENERATED DOCUMENTS

Supplier generated documents shall be controlled, processed and accepted by AmerenUE in accordance with the requirements established in the applicable QA procedures. Measures shall be implemented to ensure that the submittal of supplier generated documents is accomplished in accordance with the procurement document requirements. These measures shall also provide for the acquisition, processing and recorded evaluation of technical, inspection and test data compared against the acceptance criteria. When the supplier is required to maintain specific records, the retention and disposition requirements are established.

CONTROL OF CHANGES IN ITEMS OR SERVICES

AmerenUE shall establish contractual controls with suppliers to ensure that changes in procurement documents are controlled and documented in accordance with this QAPD.

ACCEPTANCE OF ITEMS OR SERVICES (other than calibration services).

Methods for accepting supplier furnished material, equipment or services shall include one or more of the following, as appropriate to the items or services being procured:

- Evaluating the supplier certificate of conformance,
- Performing either source verification, receiving inspection, post installation test, or a combination thereof,
- Technical verification of the data produced (services only),
- Surveillance or audit of the activities (services only),
- Review of objective evidence for conformance to procurement requirements (services only).

The supplier shall verify that furnished material, equipment or services comply with AmerenUE procurement requirements before offering the material, equipment or services for acceptance and shall provide to AmerenUE objective evidence that material, equipment or services conform to the procurement documents. Where required by code, regulations or contract provisions,

documentary evidence that items conform to procurement documents shall be available at the site prior to installation or use, i.e., prior to placing reliance on the item for its intended safety function

QUALIFICATION AND ACCEPTANCE OF CALIBRATION SERVICES

For procurement of commercial-grade calibration services for safety-related applications, laboratory accreditation programs administered by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, and ACLASS Accreditation Services as recognized through the mutual recognition arrangement of the International Laboratory Accreditation Program (ILAC), are acceptable in lieu of a supplier audit, commercial-grade survey, or in-process surveillance provided that all of the following conditions are met:

- Accreditation is to ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025, "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories."
- Use of this method is limited to the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, and ACLASS Accreditation Services as recognized by ILAC signatories.
- The scope of the accreditation covers the contracted services.
- Purchase documents impose additional technical and administrative requirements to satisfy necessary QA program and technical requirements.
- Purchase documents require reporting as-found calibration data when calibrated items are found to be out-of-tolerance.
- Purchase documents require identification of the laboratory equipment/standards used.
- This method is limited to the domestic calibration service suppliers.
- This method is applicable to subsuppliers of calibration service suppliers, provided the above conditions are met.

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

When a certificate of conformance is used to accept material, equipment or service:

- The certificate shall identify the purchased material, equipment or service to the specific procurement document.
- The certificate shall identify the specific procurement requirements met by the purchased
 material, equipment or service, such as codes, standards, pre-installation tests, and other
 specifications. This may be accomplished by including a list of the specific requirements
 or by providing, onsite, a copy of the purchase order and the procurement specifications
 or drawings, together with a suitable certificate.

- The procurement requirements identified shall include any approved changes, waivers or deviations applicable to the material, equipment or service.
- The certificate shall identify any procurement requirements that have not been met, together with an explanation and the means for resolving nonconformances.
- The certificate shall be signed and dated or otherwise authenticated by an individual who is responsible for the supplier's quality assurance function and whose responsibilities and position are described in the supplier's quality assurance program.
- The certification process, including the implementing documents to be followed in filling out a certificate and the administrative implementing documents for review and approval of the certificates, shall be described in the supplier's quality assurance program.
- Measures shall be identified to verify the validity of supplier certificates and the effectiveness of the certification process (such as by audit of the supplier or by an independent inspection or test of the item). Verifications shall be conducted by AmerenUE at intervals commensurate with the past quality performance of the supplier.

SOURCE VERIFICATION

AmerenUE may accept material, equipment or service by monitoring, witnessing or observing activities performed by the supplier. This method of acceptance is called source verification. Source verification shall be implemented consistent with the supplier's planned inspections, examinations or tests at predetermined points and performed at intervals consistent with the importance and complexity of the item. Documented evidence of acceptance of source verified material, equipment or services shall be furnished to the receiving destination of the item, to AmerenUE, and to the supplier. Personnel qualified in accordance with the applicable requirements for the material, equipment or service being procured shall perform source verification.

RECEIVING INSPECTION

When receiving inspection is used to accept an item:

- The inspection shall consider any source verifications/audits and the demonstrated quality performance of the supplier.
- The inspection shall be performed in accordance with established inspection procedures.
- The inspection shall verify, as applicable, proper configuration; identification; dimensional, physical and other characteristics; freedom from shipping damage; and cleanliness.
- The inspection shall be planned and executed according to the requirements of Section J, "Inspection."

• Receiving inspection shall be coordinated with a review for adequacy and completeness of any required supplier documentation submittals.

POST-INSTALLATION TESTING

When post-installation testing is used as a method of acceptance, the AmerenUE procurement organization and/or the affected/involved AmerenUE organization manager establishes post-installation test and acceptance documentation giving due consideration to supplier recommendations. The AmerenUE procurement organization is ultimately responsible for ensuring appropriate test requirements and acceptance documentation are established.

CONTROL OF SUPPLIER NONCONFORMANCES

AmerenUE procurement management and the supplier shall establish and document the process for disposition of items that do not meet procurement document requirements. The supplier shall evaluate nonconforming items according to the applicable requirements of the purchase order and submit a report of the nonconformance to AmerenUE, including the supplier recommended disposition (for example, use-as-is or repair) and technical justification. Reports of nonconformances to procurement document requirements, or documents approved by AmerenUE, shall be submitted to the AmerenUE Engineering organization for approval of the recommended disposition whenever one of the following conditions exists:

- Technical or material requirements are violated.
- A requirement in supplier documents, which have been approved by AmerenUE is violated.
- The nonconformance cannot be corrected by continuation of the original manufacturing process or by re-work.
- The item does not conform to the original requirement, even though the item can be restored to a condition such that the capability of the item to function is unimpaired.

AmerenUE Engineering shall disposition the supplier's recommendation and verify implementation of the disposition. AmerenUE will maintain records of the supplier-submitted nonconformances.

QUALIFIED SUPPLIERS LIST

The AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement is responsible for the development and maintenance of the AmerenUE QSL. The QSL contains those suppliers with acceptable QA Programs that have been evaluated and approved by AmerenUE QA in accordance with approved procedures. The AmerenUE QA organization is responsible for the procurement audit program. Satisfactory results will allow the supplier to remain on the QSL. Suppliers that have unacceptable evaluations or that have not had a procurement placed with them in three years will be disapproved or restricted from procurement activity.

COMMERCIAL-GRADE ITEMS

Controls are imposed for the selection, determination of suitability for intended use (critical characteristics), evaluation, receipt and acceptance of commercial-grade items or services to assure they will perform satisfactorily in service in safety-related applications.

Controls for purchased commercial-grade items and services are established in procedures using 10 CFR 21 and the guidance of EPRI NP-5652, June 1988, "Guideline for the Utilization of Commercial Grade Items in Nuclear Safety-Related Applications (NCIG-07)," as modified by Generic Letter 89-02, 3/21/89, "Actions to Improve the Detection of Counterfeit and Fraudulently Marketed Products," and Generic Letter 91-05, 4/9/91, "Licensee Commercial-Grade Procurement and Dedication Programs."

For commercial-grade items, special quality verification requirements are established and described in procedures to provide the necessary assurance an item will perform satisfactory in service. Procedures address determining the critical characteristics that ensure an item is suitable for its intended use, a technical evaluation of the item, receipt requirements, and quality evaluation of the item.

Other appropriate approved regulatory means and controls will be used to support commercial-grade dedication activities. AmerenUE assumes 10 CFR 21 reporting responsibility for all items that AmerenUE dedicates as safety-related.

SECTION H

IDENTIFICATION AND CONTROL MATERIALS, PARTS AND COMPONENTS

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 8, Identification and Control of Materials, Parts and Components, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 8 and Supplement 8S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

The controls necessary to ensure that only correct and accepted items (consumables, items with limited shelf life, materials, parts, and components, including partially fabricated assemblies) are used or installed will be required by the appropriate QA procedure. These identification and control measures are designed to prevent the use of incorrect or defective material, parts and components. Identification requirements for materials, parts and components are stated in design specifications, drawings, and procurement documents. Specific identification requirements are as follows.

- Items of production (batch, lot, component, part) are identified from the initial receipt and fabrication of the items up to and including installation and use. This identification relates an item to an applicable design or other pertinent specifying document.
- Physical identification is used to the maximum extent possible. Where physical
 identification on the item is either impractical or insufficient, physical separation,
 procedural control, or other appropriate means are employed.
- Identification markings, when used, are applied using materials and methods
 which provide a clear and legible identification and do not detrimentally affect the
 function or service life of the item. Markings are transferred to each part of an
 identified item when subdivided, and cannot be obliterated or hidden by surface
 treatment or coatings unless other means of identification are substituted.
 Sufficient precautions shall be taken to preclude identifying materials in a manner
 that degrades the function or quality of the item being identified.
- When required by specifications or codes and standards, that include specific identification or traceability requirements (such as identification or traceability of the item to applicable specification and grade of material; heat, batch, lot, part, or serial number; or specified inspection, test, or other records) the program shall be designed to such identification and traceability control.

Where specified, items having limited calendar or operating life or cycles shall be identified and controlled to preclude use of items whose shelf life or operating life has expired.

Provisions are made for the control of item identification consistent with the planned duration and conditions of storage, such as the following:

- Provisions for maintenance or replacement of markings and identification records from damage during handling or aging
- Protection of identifications on items subject to excessive deterioration from environmental exposure
- Provisions for updating existing plant records

SECTION I

CONTROL OF SPECIAL PROCESSES

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 9, Control of Special Processes, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 9 and Supplement 9S-1 of NQA-1-1994.
- Supplement 2S-2 of NQA-1-1994, except for qualification of Nondestructive Examination personnel which is addressed here.

Processes affecting the quality of items or services shall be controlled by written procedures using drawings, checklists, travelers or other appropriate means. These means shall ensure that the process parameters are controlled and that specified environmental conditions are maintained. Special processes that control or verify quality, such as those used in welding, heat treating, and nondestructive examination, shall be performed by qualified personnel using qualified procedures in accordance with applicable codes, standards, specifications, criteria, and other special requirements.

SPECIAL PROCESSES

For the purpose of this section, a special process is a process, the results of which are highly dependent on the control of the process or the skill of the operators, or both, and in which the specified quality cannot be readily determined by inspection or test of the product.

Special processes that control or verify quality shall be controlled according to the requirements of this section whether or not they are covered by existing codes and standards, or whether or not the quality requirements specified for an item exceed those of existing codes or standards

PERSONNEL, IMPLEMENTING DOCUMENTS, AND EQUIPMENT QUALIFICATIONS

Implementing AmerenUE documents shall be used to ensure that process parameters are controlled and that the specified environmental conditions are maintained. Each special process shall be performed in accordance with appropriate implementing documents and these implementing documents shall include or reference:

- The responsibility of the organization performing the special process to adhere to the approved procedures and processes,
- Qualification requirements for personnel, implementing documents and equipment,
- Conditions necessary for accomplishment of the special process. These conditions shall include proper equipment, controlled parameters of the process and calibration requirements, and/or

• Requirements of applicable codes and standards, including acceptance criteria for the special process.

For special processes not covered by existing codes and standards or where quality requirements specified for an item exceed those of existing codes or standards, the necessary requirements for qualifications of personnel, procedures, or equipment shall be specified or referenced in the procedures or instructions.

QUALIFICATION/CERTIFICATION OF NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) PERSONNEL

Nondestructive Examination (NDE) personnel performing QA Level 1 activities shall be certified in accordance with specified requirements.

In lieu of Supplement 2S-2, for qualification of Nondestructive Examination personnel, certification shall be to the applicable versions of the standards referenced in Section XI of the ASME code, as permitted for use by 10 CFR Part 50.55a, for performing nondestructive examinations required by ASME Code Sections III or Section XI, or design specifications, provided that other applicable rules contained in Section XI of the ASME Code are met.

DOCUMENTATION

Records shall be maintained as appropriate in accordance with Section Q, "Records," for currently qualified personnel, processes and equipment of each special process.

SECTION J

INSPECTION

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 10, Inspection, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 10 and Supplement 10S-1 of NQA-1-1994; and
- The following Subparts from NQA-1-1994:
 - Subpart 2.4, "Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Power, Instrumentation, and Control Equipment at Nuclear Facilities," with the exceptions noted in Section U, and
 - Subpart 2.5, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete, Structural Steel, Soils, and Foundations for Nuclear Power Plants," with the exception noted in Section U, and
 - Subpart 2.8, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for Nuclear Power Plants"

Inspections required to verify conformance of an item or activity to specified requirements are planned and executed. Characteristics to be inspected and inspection methods to be employed are specified in procedures. Inspection results are documented. Inspection requirements and acceptance criteria shall include specified requirements contained in the applicable design documents or other pertinent technical documents approved by the responsible design organization. Inspection activities are documented and controlled by instructions, procedures, drawings, checklists, travelers or other appropriate means.

INSPECTION PLANNING

Inspection planning shall be performed, documented and include:

- Identification of each work operation where inspection is necessary to ensure quality and implementing documents that shall be used to perform the inspections;
- Identification of the characteristics to be inspected and the identification of when, during the work process, inspections are to be performed;
- Identification of inspection or process monitoring methods to be employed;
- The final inspection shall be planned to arrive at a conclusion regarding conformance of the item to specified requirements;

- Identification of the functional qualification level (category or class) of personnel performing inspections;
- Identification of acceptance criteria;
- Methods to record objective evidence of inspection results; and
- Selection and identification of the measuring and test equipment to be used to perform the inspection.

SELECTING INSPECTION PERSONNEL TO PERFORM INSPECTION

All individuals who perform an inspection to verify conformance of an item to specified acceptance criteria shall be qualified to perform the assigned inspection tasks in accordance with the requirements of Section T, "Training and Qualification-Inspection and Test." Data recorders, equipment operators or other inspection team members who are supervised by a qualified inspector shall not be required to be a qualified inspector. Verification of conformance shall be by a qualified person.

With the exception of receipt inspectors, inspection personnel for construction phase activities will be members of the QA organization. Receipt inspectors, given the nature of the receipt inspection activities are independent from those responsible for performing the function, i.e., the supplier.

During the operations phase, inspections required for modification activities will be performed by personnel from the QA organization.

In the operational phase, inspections are performed by individuals other than those who performed the activity being inspected. These inspection personnel do not report directly to the immediate supervisors who are responsible for performing the work being inspected.

INSPECTION HOLD POINTS

When mandatory hold points are used to control work that shall not proceed without the specific consent of the organization placing the hold point, the specific hold points shall be indicated in implementing documents. Consent to waive specified hold points shall be documented and approved before continuing work beyond the designated hold point.

STATISTICAL SAMPLING

When statistical sampling is used to verify the acceptability of a group of items, the statistical sampling method used shall be based on recognized standard practices and these practices shall be implemented through applicable approved procedures.

IN-PROCESS INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING

Items shall be inspected when necessary to verify quality. If inspection of processed items is impossible or disadvantageous, indirect control by monitoring of processing methods, equipment and personnel shall be provided. Inspection and process monitoring shall be conducted when

control is inadequate with only one method. A combination of inspection and process monitoring methods, when used, shall be performed in a systematic manner to ensure that the specified requirements for control of the process and the quality of the item are met throughout the duration of the process. Controls shall be established and documented for the coordination and sequencing of inspections and monitoring at established inspection points during successive stages of the process or construction.

FINAL INSPECTION

Finished items shall be inspected for completeness, markings, calibration, adjustments, protection from damage or other characteristics as required in order to verify the quality and conformance of the item to specified requirements. Documentation not previously examined shall be examined for adequacy and completeness. The final inspection shall be planned to arrive at a conclusion regarding conformance of the item to specified requirements. Final inspections shall include a review of the results and resolution of any nonconformances identified by earlier inspections. Modifications, repairs or replacements of items performed subsequent to final inspection shall require re-inspection or retest, as appropriate, to verify acceptability.

ACCEPTING ITEMS

The acceptance of an item shall be documented and approved by qualified and authorized personnel. The inspection status of an item shall be identified in accordance with Section N, "Inspection, Test and Operating Status."

INSPECTION DOCUMENTATION

Inspection documentation shall identify:

- The item inspected, date of inspection, the name of the inspector who documented, evaluated and determined acceptability;
- Name of data recorder, as applicable, and type of observation or method of inspection;
- The inspection criteria, sampling plan or reference documents (including revision levels) used to determine acceptance;
- Results or acceptability of characteristics inspected;
- Measuring and test equipment used during the inspection including the identification number and the most recent calibration date; and
- Reference to information on actions taken in connection with nonconformances, as applicable.

SECTION K

TEST CONTROL

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and Section T, "Training and Qualification - Inspection And Test," and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 11, Test Control, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 11 and Supplements 11S-1 and 11S-2 of NQA-1-1994; and
- The following Subparts of NQA-1-1994:
 - Subpart 2.4, "Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Power, Instrumentation, and Control Equipment at Nuclear Facilities," with the exceptions noted in Section U, and
 - Subpart 2.8, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for Nuclear Power Plants"

Tests required to verify conformance of an item or computer program to specified requirements and to demonstrate satisfactory performance for service are planned and executed. Characteristics to be tested and test methods to be employed are specified. Test results are documented and their conformance with acceptance criteria is evaluated. Tests required to collect data, such as for siting or design input, shall be planned, executed, documented and evaluated.

TEST REQUIREMENTS

Test requirements and acceptance criteria shall be provided or approved by the organization responsible for the design of the item to be tested unless otherwise designated. Required tests including, as appropriate, prototype qualification tests, production tests, proof tests prior to installation, construction tests, pre-operational tests, and operational tests are controlled. Test requirements and acceptance criteria are based upon specified requirements contained in applicable design or other pertinent technical documents.

TEST PROCEDURES

Test procedures shall include:

- Test objectives and the identification of any implementing documents to be developed to control and perform tests as appropriate
- Identification of items to be tested, test requirements and acceptance limits, including required levels of precision and accuracy;
- Identification of test methods to be employed and instructions for performing the test;

- Test prerequisites that address calibrated instrumentation, appropriate and adequate test equipment/instrumentation, trained personnel, condition of test equipment and the item to be tested, suitably controlled environmental conditions and provisions for data acquisition;
- Mandatory test hold points and methods to record data and results;
- Provisions for ensuring that prerequisites for the given test have been met;
- Selection and identification of the measuring and test equipment to be used to perform the test to ensure that the equipment is of the proper type, range, accuracy, and tolerance to accomplish the intended function; and
- Identification of the functional qualification level of personnel performing tests.

PERFORMING TESTS

Tests shall be performed in accordance with procedures that address the following requirements as applicable:

- Provisions for determining when a test is required, describing how tests are performed, and ensuring that testing is conducted by trained and appropriately qualified personnel.
- Include or reference test objectives and provisions for ensuring that prerequisites for the given test have been met, adequate calibrated instrumentation is available and used, necessary monitoring is performed and suitable environmental conditions are maintained.
- Test requirements and acceptance criteria provided or approved by the organization responsible for the design of the item to be tested, unless otherwise designated.
- Test requirements and acceptance criteria based upon specified requirements contained in applicable design or other pertinent technical documents.
- Potential sources of uncertainty and error. Test parameters affected by potential sources of uncertainty and error shall be identified and controlled.

USE OF OTHER TESTING DOCUMENTS

Other testing documents (e.g., American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)) specifications, supplier manuals or other related documents containing acceptance criteria may be used instead of preparing special test procedures. If used, the information shall be incorporated by reference in the approved test procedure. Implementing documents shall include adequate supplemental instructions as required to ensure the required quality of the testing work.

TEST RESULTS

Test results shall be documented and their conformance with acceptance criteria shall be evaluated by a qualified individual within the responsible organization to ensure that test requirements have been satisfied.

TEST DOCUMENTATION

Test documentation shall include:

- Item or work product tested, date of test, names of tester and data recorders, type of observation and method of testing;
- Identification of test criteria or reference documents used to determine acceptance;
- Results and acceptability of the test;
- Actions taken in connection with any nonconformances or deviations noted;
- Name of the person evaluating the test results; and
- Identification of the measuring and test equipment (M&TE) used during the test.

Training and Qualification of Test personnel shall be in accordance with Section T, "Training and Qualification - Inspection and Test."

SECTION L

CONTROL OF MEASURING AND TEST EQUIPMENT

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 12, Control of Measuring and Test Equipment, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 12 and Supplement 12S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

This section establishes AmerenUE control for tools, gages, instruments, reference and transfer standards, non destructive examination equipment, and other measuring and test equipment (M&TE) used for activities affecting quality, including design activities where applicable, construction, and operation. M&TE is controlled and at specified periods calibrated and adjusted to maintain accuracy within necessary limits. Selection of M&TE shall be controlled to ensure that such items are of proper type, range, accuracy, and tolerance to accomplish the functions of determining conformance to specified requirements.

Measuring and test equipment is labeled, tagged, or otherwise controlled to indicate its calibration status and to ensure its traceability to calibration test data.

CALIBRATION

The method and interval of calibration for each item shall be defined, based on the type of equipment stability characteristics, required accuracy, intended use, and other conditions affecting measurement control.

M&TE shall be calibrated, adjusted and maintained at prescribed intervals or, prior to use, against certified equipment having known valid relationships to nationally recognized standards. If no nationally recognized standards exist, the basis for calibration shall be documented.

For M&TE used in one-time-only applications, the calibration shall be performed both before and after use.

A calibration shall be performed when the accuracy of calibrated M&TE is suspect.

DOCUMENTING THE USE OF M&TE

The use of M&TE shall be documented. As appropriate to equipment use and its calibration schedule, the documentation shall identify the processes monitored, data collected and items inspected or tested since the last calibration.

OUT OF CALIBRATION M&TE

M&TE shall be considered to be out-of-calibration and not be used until calibrated. Out-of-calibration M&TE shall be tagged, segregated or otherwise controlled to prevent use until they have been recalibrated.

When M&TE is found out-of-calibration, the validity of results obtained using that equipment since its last valid calibration shall be evaluated to verify the acceptability of previously collected data or processes monitored for items previously inspected or tested. The evaluation shall be documented.

If any M&TE is consistently found out-of-calibration during the re-calibration process, it shall be repaired or replaced.

LOST M&TE

When M&TE is lost, the validity of results obtained using that equipment since its last valid calibration shall be evaluated to determine the acceptability of previously collected data or processes monitored for items previously inspected or tested. The evaluation shall be documented.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

M&TE shall be properly handled and stored to maintain accuracy.

COMMERCIAL DEVICES

Calibration and control shall not be required for rulers, tape measures, levels and other normal commercial equipment that provides adequate accuracy

M&TE DOCUMENTATION

Records of calibration status and the capability of measuring and test equipment to perform its intended function are maintained.

PROCUREMENT OF COMMERCIAL GRADE-CALIBRATION SERVICES

Section G, "Control Of Purchased Material, Equipment and Services," provides the details on the procurement of commercial-grade calibration services.

SECTION M

HANDLING, STORAGE, AND SHIPPING

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 13, Handling, Storage and Shipping, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 13 and Supplement 13S-1 of NQA-1- 1994; and
- The following from NQA-1- 1994, (Construction Phase only)
 - o Subpart 2.1, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components for Nuclear Power Plants,"
 - o Subpart 2.2, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants,"
 - o Subpart 2.15, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Hoisting, Rigging, and Transporting Items for Nuclear Power Plants."

Handling, storage, cleaning, packaging, shipping and preservation of items are controlled in accordance with requirements of this section to prevent damage or loss and to minimize deterioration.

CONTROLS

Handling, storage, and shipping of items shall be conducted in accordance with established work and inspection instructions, drawings, specifications, shipment instructions, or other pertinent documents or procedures specified for use in conducting the activity.

When required for particular items, special equipment (such as containers, shock absorbers, and accelerometers) and special protective environments (such as inert gas atmosphere, specific moisture content levels, and temperature levels) shall be specified, provided, and their existence verified.

When required for critical, sensitive, perishable, or high-value articles, specific procedures for handling, storage, packaging, shipping, and preservation shall be used.

During the operations phase the following are applicable:

- Controls for the packaging, shipping, handling and storage of items are required to be
 established on a case-by-case basis with due regard for the item's complexity, use,
 and sensitivity to damage.
- Prior to installation or use, items are inspected and serviced as necessary to ensure that no damage or deterioration exists which could affect their function.

- Controls for hoisting, rigging, and transport activities are established that protect the integrity of the item involved as well as potentially affected nearby structures and components. Applicable hoisting, rigging, and transportation regulations and codes shall be followed.
- Cleanliness controls for work on safety-related and risk-significant nonsafety-related
 equipment are required to be established that minimize the introduction of foreign
 material and maintain system/component cleanliness throughout maintenance or
 modification activities. Procedures require documented verification of absence of
 foreign material prior to system closure.

SPECIAL HANDLING TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Special handling tools and equipment shall be used and controlled as necessary to ensure safe and adequate handling. Special handling tools and equipment shall be inspected and tested at specified time intervals and in accordance with procedures to verify that the tools and equipment are adequately maintained.

Operators of special handling and lifting equipment shall be experienced or trained in the use the equipment.

MARKING AND LABELING

Measures shall be established for marking and labeling for the packaging, shipping, handling and storage of items as necessary to adequately identify, maintain and preserve the item. Markings and labels shall indicate the presence of special environments or the need for special controls if necessary.

SECTION N

INSPECTION, TEST, AND OPERATING STATUS

During the operations phase, the elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 14, Inspection, Test and Operating Status, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 14 of NQA-1-1994.

This section establishes requirements for AmerenUE to identify the status of inspection and test activities. Status is indicated either on the items or in documents traceable to the items where it is necessary to assure that required inspections and tests are performed and to assure that items which have not passed the required inspections and tests are not inadvertently installed, used or operated.

Status is maintained through indicators (i.e., physical location and tags, markings, shop travelers, stamps, inspection records or other suitable means). The authority for application and removal of tags, markings, labels and stamps are specified in procedures. Procedures require independent verifications, where appropriate, to ensure that necessary measures such as tagging equipment have been implemented correctly.

During operation, in order to ensure that equipment status is clearly evident, and to prevent inadvertent operation, the AmerenUE QA Program requires structures, systems and components that are inoperable to be identified as such. This identification may be by means of tags, labels, stamps or other suitable methods. When tags, labels, or stamps are utilized for the identification of equipment status, the issuance and removal thereof is documented to ensure proper control of such identification measures

Process control procedures, test and inspection procedures, nonconforming item control procedures, installation records and checklists are used as applicable to control the installation of structures, system and components. These documents contain hold points, activity checklists, and in many cases, step-by-step signoffs which indicate the status of fabrication, installation, inspections, and test. This system is used to prevent inadvertent use of nonconforming items or bypassing of inspections and tests and prevent inadvertent operation.

Temporary modifications, such as temporary bypass lines, electrical jumpers, lifted electrical leads, and temporary trip point settings, are controlled by approved procedures, which include a requirement for independent verification.

Changing the sequence of inspections, tests, and other activities involving safety requires the same controls as the original review and approval.

SECTION O

NONCONFORMING MATERIALS, PARTS, OR COMPONENTS

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 15, Nonconforming Items, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 15 and Supplement 15S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

This section provides the process for controlling items that do not conform to specified requirements (i.e., a nonconforming item is a deficiency in characteristic, documentation, or procedure that renders the quality of an item unacceptable or indeterminate) to prevent its inadvertent test, installation, or use. For the purposes of this QAPD, items referenced to in this section means materials, parts, or components. The control of nonconforming activities and services is described in Section P, "Corrective Action." Procedures are used, as appropriate, to provide for identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation when practical, disposition of nonconforming items, and for notification to affected organizations.

DOCUMENTING AND EVALUATING NONCONFORMING ITEMS

Nonconformance documentation shall clearly identify and describe the characteristics that do not conform to specified criteria. Nonconformance documentation shall be reviewed by the responsible affected organization and recommended dispositions of nonconforming items shall be proposed in accordance with procedures. The review shall include determining the need for additional corrective actions according to the requirements of Section P, "Corrective Action." In addition, nonconformances shall be evaluated as required by 10 CFR Part 21 and/or 10 CFR 50.55(e) for reporting of defects and noncompliance. Organizations affected by the nonconformance shall be notified. Recommended dispositions shall be evaluated and approved in accordance with procedures. Personnel performing evaluations of recommended dispositions shall have demonstrated competence in the specific area they are evaluating, have an adequate understanding of the requirements, and have access to pertinent background information. The responsibility and authority for reviewing, evaluating, approving the disposition and closing nonconformances shall be specified in procedures. The AmerenUE procurement organization is responsible for administering the nonconformance process for external agencies, e.g., suppliers. The AmerenUE engineering organization is responsible for the internal organizations. Further processing, delivery, installation or use of a nonconforming item shall be controlled pending the evaluation and approval of the disposition by authorized personnel.

IDENTIFYING NONCONFORMING ITEMS

Employees of AmerenUE and AmerenUE contractors have a procedural obligation to identify and document nonconformances. Nonconforming items shall be identified by marking, tagging or other methods that do not adversely affect their end use. The identification shall be legible and easily recognizable. If the identification of a nonconforming item is not practical, the container, package or segregated storage area, as appropriate, shall be identified.

SEGREGATING NONCONFORMING ITEMS

Nonconforming items shall be segregated, when practical, by placing them in a clearly identified and designated hold area until properly dispositioned. If segregation is impractical or impossible due to physical conditions, then other precautions shall be employed to preclude inadvertent use.

DISPOSITION OF NONCONFORMING ITEMS

The disposition, such as "use-as-is," "reject," "repair," or "rework," of nonconforming items shall be identified and documented. The technical justification for the acceptability of a nonconforming item that has been dispositioned "repair" or "use-as-is" shall be documented.

Items that do not meet original design requirements that are dispositioned "use-as-is" or "repair" shall be subject to design control measures commensurate with those applied to the original design. If changes to the specifying document are required to reflect the as-built condition, the disposition shall require action to change the specifying document to reflect the accepted nonconformance. Any document or record change required by the disposition of the nonconformance shall be identified in the nonconformance documentation; and, when each document or record is changed, the justification for the change shall identify the nonconformance documentation. The disposition of an item to be reworked or repaired shall contain a requirement to reexamine (inspect, test, or nondestructive examination) the item to verify acceptability.

Reworked, repaired or replacement items shall be reexamined in accordance with applicable procedures using the original process and acceptance criteria unless the nonconforming item disposition has established alternate acceptance criteria.

SECTION P

CORRECTIVE ACTION

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 16, Corrective Action, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B, and
- Basic Requirement 16 of NQA-1-1994.

Conditions adverse to quality, including activities and services, shall be identified promptly and corrected as soon as practical. Conditions adverse to quality is an all-inclusive term used in reference to any of the following: failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, defective items, and nonconformances. Conditions adverse to quality shall be documented.

AmerenUE procedure(s) shall be issued to establish the Corrective Action Program (CAP), which includes the following processes, including closure:

- Prompt identification and correction of conditions adverse to quality by all personnel;
- Determining cause and corrective actions, including action to preclude recurrence, for significant conditions adverse to quality;
- Provision to ensure that corrective actions are not nullified by subsequent action;
- Follow-up actions to verify implementation of corrective actions taken for significant conditions adverse to quality.

Personnel performing evaluations to determine a corrective action/disposition have demonstrated competence in the specific area they are evaluating, have an adequate understanding of the requirements, and have access to pertinent background information.

IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING CONDITIONS ADVERSE TO QUALITY

Conditions adverse to quality shall be classified in one of two categories in regard to their significance, and corrective actions shall be taken accordingly. The two categories of significance include:

- Conditions adverse to quality
- Significant conditions adverse to quality

Responsible management shall investigate and fully identify the condition and document the results. Responsible management shall then utilize investigation results to determine and document corrective action (including remedial action and if appropriate, actions to prevent recurrence). Responsible management shall complete remedial action and document completion of actions in a timely manner.

Significant condition adverse to quality is defined as

- A deficiency that would seriously impact an item, activity or service from meeting or performing its intended function or output of assuring public health and safety;
- A deficiency in design that has been approved for fabrication or construction where the design deviates extensively from design criteria and bases;
- A deficiency in the fabrication or construction of, or significant damage to, structures, systems or components that require extensive evaluation, re-design or repair in order to establish the adequacy of the structure, system or component to perform its intended function of assuring public health and safety
- A deviation from performance specifications that shall require extensive evaluation, redesign, or repair to establish the adequacy of the structure, system or component to perform its intended function;
- A significant error in a computer program used to support activities affecting quality after it has been released for use;
- A deficiency, repetitive in nature, related to an activity or item subject to the AmerenUE QA Program; and
- A condition that, if left uncorrected, has the potential to have a serious negative impact on activities or items subject to the AmerenUE QA Program controls.

For significant conditions adverse to quality, the cause of the condition shall be determined and corrective action taken to preclude recurrence. The identification, cause, and corrective action for significant conditions adverse to quality shall be documented and reported to appropriate levels of management. Follow-up action shall be taken to verify implementation of the corrective action.

Significant conditions adverse to quality shall be evaluated for reportability to the NRC (when required) in accordance with 10 CFR Part 21 and/or 10 CFR 50.55(e), or other applicable reporting requirements, and reporting such conditions when warranted.

Significant conditions adverse to quality shall be evaluated for a stop work condition to determine if stopping work is warranted. If a stop work condition is identified, management shall issue stop work in accordance with the applicable procedure. Upon resolution of the related significant condition adverse to quality, management shall take appropriate action to lift and close (in part or total) the stop work order.

FOLLOW-UP ACTION

The procedure(s) establishing the CAP shall include a requirement for management to take follow-up action to verify implementation of corrective action taken to address significant conditions adverse to quality. The QA organization shall be responsible for conducting periodic assessments of these follow-up actions.

TRENDING

The procedure(s) establishing the CAP shall assign organizational responsibility for trending conditions adverse to quality and the criteria for determining adverse trends. Trend evaluation shall be performed in a manner and at a frequency that provides for prompt identification of adverse quality trends. Identified adverse trends shall be handled in accordance with the CAP described here and reported to the appropriate level of management.

SECTION Q

RECORDS

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 17, Quality Assurance Records, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 17 and Supplement 17S-1 of NQA-1- 1994, except for the storage of hard copy records (subsection 4.2(b)) which is addressed here; and
- Generic Letter 88-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks;" and
- The following Industry Standards:
 - Nuclear Information and Records Management Association, Inc. (NIRMA)
 Technical Guide (TG) 11-1998, "Authentication of Records and Media"
 - o NIRMA TG 15-1998, "Management of Electronic Records"
 - o NIRMA TG 16-1998, "Software Configuration Management and Quality Assurance"
 - o NIRMA TG 21-1998, "Electronic Records Protection and Restoration"

Measures have been established that ensure that sufficient records of completed items and activities affecting quality are appropriately stored.

The records system(s) is defined, implemented, and enforced in accordance with written procedures, instructions, or other documentation. Records may be hard copy or electronic records. The term "record(s)" used throughout this section is to be interpreted as "Quality Assurance Record(s)," unless otherwise specified.

For records in electronic media, the program includes provisions for the generation, distribution, use, maintenance, storage, and disposition of electronic records. The plan provides for all acceptable media on which electronic records are created and stored. Also, the program includes provisions to verify that the media is appropriate, suitable for the capture or storage of records, and error/defect free. The AmerenUE records management program implements Generic Letter 88-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks."

The records management program provide provisions for the administration, receipt, storage, preservation, safekeeping, retrieval, and disposition of all records. All electronic records are retrievable, maintained in a readable format, and safeguarded against equipment malfunction or human error. Document access controls, user privileges, and other appropriate security controls have been established. Periodic inspections of systems, software applications, and media are performed to ensure electronic records retrievability, integrity, and retention period.

Records shall include at least the following: Operating logs and the results of reviews, inspections, tests, audits, monitoring of work performance, materials analyses, training and qualification. Design documentation and records, which provide evidence that the design and design verification processes were properly performed are collected, stored, and maintained in accordance with documented procedures. The documentation includes not only final design documents, such as drawings and specifications, and revisions thereto but also documentation which identifies the important steps, including sources of design inputs that support the final design.

The program requires that records be examined for adequacy, legibility and completeness.

Requirements and responsibilities for record transmittal, location, distribution, retention, maintenance, and disposition have been described. Training is provided for individuals or organizations in charge of electronic records generation, data/media storage, implementation of security measures, migration/regeneration, and recovery.

The applicable design specifications, procurement documents, test procedures, operational procedures, or other documents specify the records generated, supplied, or maintained.

AUTHENTICATION

Documents are considered valid records only if stamped, initialed, authenticated, or signed and dated by authorized personnel. This authentication may take the form of a statement by the responsible individual or organization. Handwritten signatures are not required if the document is clearly identified as a statement by the reporting individual or organization. These records may be originals or reproduced copies. For electronic records, authentication is accomplished by manually affixing seal, signature, an electronic representation (user ID/password combination, digital signature) or other acceptable process control that ensures genuineness, validity, or reliability. Authorized personnel with access to electronic records and information systems should have a unique user ID/password for access. The system provides controls for users who enter or alter information in electronic records to ensure its data integrity and prevent unauthorized alteration or erasure. Transfer of authentication authority is documented and controlled in accordance with written procedures.

The records and/or indexing system(s) provides sufficient information to permit identification between the record and the item(s) or activity(ies) to which they apply. For electronic records, in addition to the minimum indexing information requirements, the software name, version, and equipment (hardware) used to produce and maintain the electronic media shall be provided.

RECORDS CLASSIFICATION

Records are classified as Lifetime or Nonpermanent. Lifetime records are those that meet one or more of the following criteria:

- a. Significant value in demonstrating capability for safe operation
- b. Significant value in maintaining, reworking, repairing, replacing, or modifying an item

- c. Significant value in determining the cause of an accident or malfunction of an item
- d. Provision of required baseline data for inservice inspections and inservice tests

Lifetime records are required to be maintained for the life of the particular item while it is installed in the plant or stored for future use.

Nonpermanent records are those required to show evidence that an activity was performed in accordance with the applicable requirements, but need not be retained for the life of the item because they do not meet the criteria for lifetime records. The retention period for nonpermanent records is established in writing.

Electronic records classified as lifetime or nonpermanent are subject to the same retention requirements prescribed for paper records/hardcopies. Retention requirements for electronic records also identify and maintain the information system (software/hardware), the documentation that describes the information system operation and use, and the record standard it produces.

ELECTRONIC RECORD MIGRATION

An electronic record migration/regeneration program is implemented for electronic records stored in media with a standard life expectancy that fails to meet the specific retention period. This program is implemented in accordance with documented procedures that provide for appropriate record authentication, quality verification of the completion, and accuracy of the data transferred.

STORAGE

Electronic media shall be stored in a dust-free environment, away from electronic devices and demagnetizing equipment. Media shall be maintained at the constant temperature of 40 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit, with a constant relative humidity of 30 to 50 percent. Magnetic and optical media shall be tested periodically to identify any loss of data, to ensure that they are free of permanent errors, and that the record system hardware/software still supports the retrieval of the records.

Non-electronic records shall be stored in facilities that minimize the risk of damage or destruction from the following:

- Natural disasters (i.e., winds, floods or fires);
- Environmental conditions (i.e., high and low temperatures and humidity);
- Infestation of insects, mold or rodents.

Originating organizations shall store records in temporary storage while active and required for use; subsequently the records shall be transmitted for permanent storage.

Temporary storage of records during processing, review or use, until turnover to the records management organization is controlled according to implementing procedures and the following requirements:

- Records shall be temporarily stored in a container or facility with a fire rating of one (1) hour. The temporary storage container or facility shall bear an Underwriters' Laboratories label (UL) (or equivalent) certifying one (1) hour fire protection, or be certified by a person competent in the technical field of fire protection.
- The maximum time limit for keeping records in temporary storage shall be specified by implementing procedures consistent with the nature or scope of work

RECORDS CORRECTION

Records are corrected in accordance with procedures which provide for appropriate review or approval by the originating organization. The correction includes the date and the identification of the person authorized to issue such correction. For records stored in electronic media, a new record is generated when substantial corrections or changes to previous electronic records are required.

RECEIPT CONTROL

The AmerenUE Records Management organization has been designated as the organization responsible for receiving the records. This organization is responsible for organizing and implementing a system of receipt control of records for permanent and temporary storage, and for providing protection from damage or loss during the time that the records are in his/her possession. For electronic records, in addition to the requirements described above, the organization is also responsible for organizing and implementing an inventory of system applications, record formats, and programs required to process and retrieve electronic records.

At a minimum, a receipt control system includes the following:

- a. A method for designating the required records
- b. A method for identifying records received
- c. Procedures for receipt and inspection of incoming records
- d. A method for submittal of completed records to the storage facility without unnecessary delay

Each receipt control system is structured to permit a current and accurate assessment of the status of records during the receiving process.

SECTION R

AUDITS

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 18, Audits, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 18 and Supplement 18S-1 of NQA-1-1994 Part 1.

Section S describes the Training and Qualification Criteria-Quality Assurance.

In accordance with the description of the QA organization during the various phases of design, construction, and operation provided in Section A, "Organization," the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement shall verify AmerenUE compliance with all aspects of the AmerenUE QA Program and determine QA Program effectiveness by ensuring that planned and scheduled audits are conducted. The AmerenUE audit program is designed to provide a comprehensive independent evaluation of activities and procedures.

Elements that have been selected for audit shall be evaluated against specified requirements. An auditing function reports to the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement and has the organizational independence and authority to execute an effective audit process to meet all requirements of the QA Program. Objective evidence shall be examined to the depth necessary to determine if these elements are being implemented effectively. AmerenUE audits are performed in accordance with written procedures or checklists by appropriately trained and qualified personnel who do not have direct responsibility for performing the activities being audited. Audit results are documented and provided to the appropriate management for review and corrective action as applicable. Follow-up action shall be taken to verify that corrective action is accomplished as scheduled.

AUDIT SCHEDULES

Internal or external audits shall be scheduled in a manner to provide coverage, consistency and coordination with ongoing work, and at a frequency commensurate with the status and importance of the work. Internal or external audits shall be scheduled to begin as early in the life of the work as practical and shall be scheduled to continue at intervals consistent with the schedule for accomplishing the work. As a minimum,

• Internal audits of organization and facility activities, conducted prior to placing a AmerenUE facility in operation, shall be performed in such a manner as to assure that an audit of all applicable QA program elements is completed for each functional area at least once each year or at least once during the life of the activity, whichever is shorter. Internal audits of activities, conducted after placing the facility in operation, shall be performed in such a manner as to assure that an audit of all applicable QA program elements is completed for each functional area within a period of two years.

These audits include oversight of the design and analysis activities, the purpose of which will be to detect design errors.

- Internal audit frequencies of well established activities, excluding the audit of procedures, conducted after placing a AmerenUE facility in operation, may be extended one year at a time beyond the above two-year interval based on the results of an annual evaluation of the applicable functional area and objective evidence that the functional area activities are being satisfactorily accomplished. The evaluation shall include a detailed performance analysis of the functional area based upon applicable internal and external source data and due consideration of the impact of any function area changes in responsibility, resources or management. However, the internal audit frequency interval shall not exceed a maximum of four years. If an adverse trend is identified in the applicable functional area, the extension of the internal audit frequency interval shall be rescinded and an audit scheduled as soon as practicable.
- Functional areas of the AmerenUE QA program for auditing include as a minimum verification of compliance and effectiveness of implementation of internal rules, procedures (e.g., operating, design, procurement, maintenance, modification, refueling, surveillance, test, security, radiation control procedures, and the emergency plan), Technical Specifications, regulations and license conditions, programs for training, retraining, qualification and performance of operating staff, corrective actions, and observation of performance of operating, refueling, maintenance and modification activities, including associated record keeping.
- Regularly scheduled internal audits shall be supplemented by additional audits of specific subjects when necessary to provide an adequate assessment of compliance or effectiveness.

An audit schedule shall be developed annually and revised as necessary to ensure that coverage is maintained current. When any work carried out under the requirements of the QA program is delegated to others, the QA audit program shall assess the work.

PROCUREMENT AUDITS

Procurement audits are accomplished as follows:

- Audits are not necessary for procuring the following items:
 - Those that are relatively simple and standard in design, manufacturing, and testing
 - Those that are adaptable to standard or automated inspections or tests of the end product to verify quality characteristics after delivery
- Audits are conducted as follows for procurement of items not covered by the exceptions listed above:

- o The supplier's QA program is audited on a triennial basis.
- o The triennial period begins when the first audit is performed.
- An audit is initially performed after the supplier has completed sufficient work to demonstrate that its organization is implementing a QA program.
- If a subsequent contract or a contract modification significantly enlarges the scope of or changes the methods or controls for activities performed by the same supplier, an audit of the modified requirements is conducted, thus starting a new triennial period.
- o If the supplier is implementing the same QA program for other customers that is proposed for use on the auditing party's contract, the preaward survey may serve as the first triennial audit. Therefore, when such preaward surveys are employed as the first triennial audits, they must satisfy the same audit elements and criteria as those used on other triennial audits.
- o If more than one purchaser buys from a single supplier, a purchaser may either perform or arrange for an audit of the supplier on behalf of itself and other purchasers to reduce the number of external audits of the supplier. The scope of this audit should satisfy the needs of all of the purchasers, and the audit report should be distributed to all the purchasers for whom the audit was conducted. When AmerenUE relies on the results of an audit performed on behalf of several purchasers, AmerenUE remains individually responsible for the adequacy of the audit.

Evaluations of suppliers are documented and take into account the following, where applicable:

- Receipt inspection, operating experience, and supplier evaluation programs are reviewed on an ongoing basis as the information becomes available. The results of the review are promptly considered for effect on a supplier's continued qualification and adjustments made as necessary (including corrective actions, adjustments of supplier audit plans, and input to third party auditing entities, as warranted).
- Additionally, results are reviewed periodically to determine if, as a whole, they constitute a significant condition adverse to quality requiring additional action.
- If there is no ongoing receipt inspection or operating experience with which to analyze the supplier for a period of twelve months, an annual evaluation shall be performed as follows:
 - Review of supplier-furnished documents and records such as certificates of conformance, nonconformance notices, and corrective actions
 - o Results of previous source verifications, audits, and receiving inspections
 - Operating experience of identical or similar products furnished by the same supplier

Results of audits from other sources (e.g., customer, NUPIC, ASME, or NRC audits)

The results of the evaluation shall be reviewed by procurement management and appropriate corrective action shall be taken. Adverse findings resulting from these evaluations shall be periodically reviewed in order to determine if, as a whole, they result in a significant condition adverse to quality and to provide input to the supplier audit program. Adverse findings shall be documented in accordance with Section P, "Corrective Action."

AUDIT PLANS

A documented audit plan shall be developed for each audit. This plan shall identify the audit scope, requirements for performing the audit, type of audit personnel needed, work to be audited, organizations to be notified, applicable documents, audit schedule, and implementing documents or checklists to be used.

AUDIT TEAMS

The AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement shall select and assign auditors who are independent of any direct responsibility for performing the work being audited. Audit personnel shall have sufficient authority and organizational freedom to make the audit process meaningful and effective. The audit team shall include one or more auditors comprised of representatives from the AmerenUE QA organization and any applicable technical organizations. A lead auditor shall be appointed to supervise the team, organize and direct the audit, prepare and coordinate issuance of the audit report and evaluate responses. Technical specialists may be used to assist in assessing the adequacy of technical processes. Before commencing the audit, the lead auditor shall ensure the personnel assigned to the audit team are prepared and collectively have experience and/or training commensurate with the scope, complexity or special nature of the work to be audited. Lead auditors, auditors and technical specialists shall be trained and qualified according to the requirements of Section S, "Training and Qualification Criteria-Quality Assurance."

PERFORMING AUDITS

The AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement shall provide written notification of a planned audit to the affected organizations at a reasonable time before the audit is to be performed. The notification shall include all relevant information pertaining to the audit, such as schedule, scope and names of audit lead and team members, if known. In addition, the audit team leader shall ensure the following is performed:

- The audit team shall be adequately prepared before starting the audit.
- Audits shall be performed in accordance with written procedures or checklists.
- Elements that have been selected for the audit shall be evaluated against specified requirements.

- Objective evidence shall be examined to the depth necessary to determine if the selected elements are being implemented effectively.
- Audit results shall be documented by auditing personnel, and reported to/reviewed by management having responsibility for the area audited. Conditions requiring prompt corrective action shall be reported immediately to management of the audited organization.
- Identified audit findings shall be documented and the audited organization shall correct the findings according to the requirements of Section P, "Corrective Action." Minor audit findings can be corrected during the conduct of the audit.

REPORTING AUDIT RESULTS

The audit report shall be prepared and signed by the audit team leader and issued to the management of the audited organization in a timely manner after completion of the audit. The audit report shall include the following information:

- A description of the audit scope.
- Identification of the auditors.
- Identification of persons contacted during the audit.
- A summary of audit results and the documents reviewed, persons interviewed and the specific results of the reviews and interviews (i.e., a summary of the checklist contents).
- Statement as to the effectiveness of the implementation of the QA Program elements audited.
- A description of each reported adverse audit finding in sufficient detail to enable corrective action to be taken by the audited organization.
- A requested date for response by the audited organization.

RESPONDING TO AUDITS

Management of the audited organization or activity shall:

- Investigate adverse audit findings in a timely manner;
- Determine and schedule corrective action, including measures to prevent recurrence;
- Prior to or by the requested response date, notify the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement in writing of the actions taken or scheduled.

EVALUATING AUDIT RESPONSES

The AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement or designee is responsible for evaluating audit responses.

FOLLOW-UP ACTION

Follow-up action shall be taken by the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement to verify that corrective actions are completed as scheduled according to the requirements of Section P, "Corrective Action."

RECORDS

- Audit records include audit plans and audit reports.
- Written replies and the record of completion of any required corrective actions.

These documents are QA records and shall be submitted as delineated in Section Q, "Records."

SECTION S

TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION CRITERIA - QUALITY ASSURANCE

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 2, Quality Assurance Program, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 2 and Supplement 2S-3 of NQA-1-1994, except for qualification of lead auditors (subsection 3.3) which is addressed here.

Management of the Training and Qualification-Quality Assurance is the responsibility of the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement.

QUALIFICATION OF AUDITORS

The Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement shall establish the audit personnel qualifications and the requirements for the use of technical specialists to accomplish the auditing of quality assurance programs. Personnel selected for quality assurance auditing assignments shall have experience or training commensurate with the scope, complexity, or special nature of the activities to be audited. Auditors shall have, or be given, appropriate training or orientation to develop their competence for performing required audits. Competence of personnel for performance of the various auditing functions shall be developed by one or more of the following methods:

- Orientation to provide a working knowledge and understanding of NQA-1-1994 and the AmerenUE procedures for implementing audits and reporting results.
- Training programs to provide general and specialized training in audit performance. General
 training shall include fundamentals, objectives, characteristics, organization, performance,
 and results of quality auditing. Specialized training shall include methods of examining,
 questioning, evaluating, and documenting specific audit items and methods of closing out
 audit findings.
- On-the-job training, guidance, and counseling under the direct supervision of a Lead Auditor.
 Such training shall include planning, performing, reporting, and follow-up action involved in conducting audits.

The prospective Lead Auditor shall have the capability to communicate effectively, both in writing and orally. These skills shall be attested to in writing by the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement.

Prospective Lead Auditors shall have training to the extent necessary to assure their competence in auditing skills. Training in the following areas shall be given based upon management evaluation of the particular needs of each prospective Lead Auditor:

- Knowledge and understanding of this QAPD, NQA-1-1994 and other nuclear-related codes, standards, regulations, and regulatory guides, as applicable.
- General structure of quality assurance programs as a whole and applicable elements as defined in NQA-1-1994.
- Auditing techniques of examining, questioning, evaluating, and reporting; methods of identifying and following up on corrective action items; and closing out audit findings.
- Audit planning in the quality-related functions for the following activities: siting, designing, purchasing, fabricating, handling, shipping, receiving, storing, cleaning, erecting, installing, inspecting, testing, operating, maintaining, repairing, refueling, modifying, and decommissioning of nuclear facilities or associated components, and safety aspects of the nuclear facility.
- On-the-job training to include applicable elements of the audit program.

The prospective lead auditor shall have participated in a minimum of five QA audits within a period of time not to exceed 3 years prior to the date of qualification, one audit of which is a nuclear QA audit within the year prior to qualification or for individuals with related industry experience, demonstrated ability to properly implement the audit process, to effectively organize and report results, including participation in at least one nuclear audit within the year preceding the date of qualification.

The prospective Lead Auditor shall pass an examination which shall evaluate his comprehension of and ability to apply the body of knowledge identified above. The examination may be oral, written, practical, or any combination of the three types. The development and administration of the examination shall be the responsibility of AmerenUE. AmerenUE may delegate this activity to an independent certifying agency, but shall retain responsibility for conformance of the examination and its administration to NQA-1-1994. Integrity of the examination shall be maintained by AmerenUE or certifying agency through appropriate confidentiality of files and, where applicable, proctoring of examinations. Copies of the objective evidence regarding the type(s) and content of the examination(s) shall be retained by AmerenUE in accordance with the requirements of Section Q, "Records."

Lead Auditors who fail to maintain their proficiency for a period of 2 years or more shall require requalification. Requalification shall include retraining in accordance with the above requirements, including reexamination, and participation as an Auditor in at least one nuclear quality assurance audit.

Each Lead Auditor shall be certified by the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement as being qualified to lead audits. This certification shall, as a minimum, document the following:

- Employer's name
- Lead Auditor's name

- Date of certification or recertification;
- Basis of qualification (i.e., education, experience, communication skills, training, examination, etc.);
- Signature of the Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement

Records of personnel qualifications for Auditors and Lead Auditors performing audits shall be established and maintained. Records for each Lead Auditor shall be maintained and updated annually.

Qualification- Other QA Personnel

The AmerenUE management positions responsible for management of the implementation of the QA program shall be qualified as follows:

- Education: baccalaureate in engineering or related science; and
- Minimum experience for the position: 4 years of related experience (3 of the 4 years must include 2 years of nuclear power plant experience and 1 year of supervisory or management experience); and
- Special Requirements: management and supervisory skills and experience or training, including leadership, interpersonal communication, management responsibilities, motivation of personnel, problem analysis and decision making, and administrative policies and procedures; and
- 1 year of experience performing quality verification activities

Individuals who do not possess these formal education and minimum experience requirements shall not be eliminated automatically when other factors provide sufficient demonstration of their abilities. These other factors are evaluated on a case-by-case basis and approved and documented by the incumbent's management.

Other individuals responsible for planning, implementing, and maintaining the QA plan shall be qualified as follows:

- Education: high school diploma
- Minimum experience: 1 year related experience

Individuals who do not possess these formal education and minimum experience requirements shall not be eliminated automatically when other factors provide sufficient demonstration of their abilities. These other factors are evaluated on a case-by-case basis and approved and documented by the incumbent's management.

SECTION T

TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION - INSPECTION AND TEST

The elements of the AmerenUE QA Program described in this section and associated QA procedures implement the requirements of:

- Criterion 2, Quality Assurance Program, of 10 CFR 50, Appendix B; and
- Basic Requirement 2 and Supplements 2S-1 of NQA-1-1994.

Qualification/Certification of Inspection and Test Personnel

Inspection and test personnel initial qualification requirements are based on education, training, experience, and demonstration of capability in performing the type of inspection or test commensurate with the job.

Inspection and test personnel performing QA Level 1 activities shall be certified in accordance with NQA-1-1994 Supplement 2S-1, Supplementary Requirements for the Qualification of Inspection and Test Personnel. Written procedures are established for the qualification of inspection and test personnel, and for the assurance that only those personnel who perform inspection and test activities are required to be established.

The job performance of inspection and test personnel shall be reevaluated at periodic intervals not to exceed 3 years.

Any person who has not performed inspection or testing activities in his/her qualified area for a period of 1 year shall be reevaluated prior to performing inspection or test activities.

Inspections by persons during on-the-job training for qualification are performed under the direct observation and supervision of a qualified person and verification of the conformance is by the qualified person until certification is achieved.

TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION RECORDS

Training and certification records for inspection and test personnel shall be maintained as follows:

- Employer's name
- Identification of person being certified
- Activities certified to perform
- Basis used for certification which includes such factors as education, experience, indoctrination, and training test results, where applicable
- Results of periodic evaluation

- Results of physical examinations, when required
- Signature of employer's designated representative who is responsible for such certification
- Examination results
- Date of certification or recertification and date of certification expiration
- Results of capability demonstration

SECTION U

QA PROGRAM COMMITMENTS

Through this QAPD, AmerenUE commits to compliance with the regulatory guidance and industry standards governing quality assurance as described below along with any exceptions or alternatives described within this QAPD.

Regulatory Guides (RG)/Generic Letters (GL)

- a. RG 1.26, Revision 4, "Quality Group Classifications and Standards for Water-, Steam-, and Radioactive-Waste-Containing Components of Nuclear Power Plants"
- b. RG 1.29, Revision 4, "Seismic Design Classification"
- c. GL 88-18, "Plant Record Storage on Optical Disks
- d. GL 89-02, 3/21/89, "Actions to Improve the Detection of Counterfeit and Fraudulently Marked Products"
- e. GL 91-05, 4/9/91, "Licensee Commercial-Grade Dedication Programs"

Standards

a. Subpart 2.1, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME, NQA-1-1994, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications" – AmerenUE commits to implement this subpart during the Construction Phase. The following conditions as stated in Regulatory Guide 1.37, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Cleaning of Fluid Systems and Associated Components for Nuclear Power Plants," Revision 1, also apply:

1. Referenced Documents

Section 7 of the Introduction to ASME NQA-1-1994, Part II, which is applicable to Subpart 2.1, states that the codes, standards, and specifications referenced in this Part may be identified with the applicable date or citation at the point of reference or in Table entitled "Codes, Standards, and Specifications Referenced in Text." The specific applicability or acceptability of these listed documents has been (or will be) covered separately in other regulatory guides or in Commission regulations, as appropriate

2. Water Quality

Section 3.4.1 of ASME NQA-1-1994, Part II, Subpart 2.1 states that "the water quality for mixing cleaning solutions, rinsing, and flushing shall be specified by the organization responsible for cleaning unless otherwise stipulated in procurement documents or approved procedures." The water quality for final flushes of fluid

systems and associated components should be at least equivalent to the quality of the operating system water.

3. Precautions

Sections 8.2.2 and 8.2.3 of ASME NQA-1-1994, Part II, Subpart 2.1 provide precautions related to the use of alkaline cleaning solutions and chelating agents, respectively, by referencing nonmandatory Appendix 2.1 to ASME NQA-1-1994, Part III, Subpart 3.2. These precautions should be followed. In addition, a suitable chloride stress-cracking inhibitor should be added to the fresh water used to flush systems containing austenitic stainless steels.

- b. Subpart 2.2, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Packaging, Shipping, Receiving, Storage, and Handling of Items for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to implement this subpart during the Construction Phase.
- c. Subpart 2.4, "Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Power, Instrumentation, and Control Equipment at Nuclear Facilities," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to this subpart as addressed in Sections J and K of this QAPD, with the alternatives as identified in Table 1, Exception #2
- d. Subpart 2.5, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete, Structural Steel, Soils, and Foundations for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME NQA-1-1994 – AmerenUE commits to implementing this subpart with the alternative identified in Table 1, Exception #3
- e. Subpart 2.7, "Quality Assurance Requirements of Computer Software for Nuclear Facility Applications," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to this subpart as addressed in Section C of this QAPD.
- f. Subpart 2.8, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Mechanical Equipment and Systems for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to this subpart as addressed in Sections J and K of this QAPD.
- g. Subpart 2.15, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Hoisting, Rigging, and Transporting Items for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to implement this subpart during the Construction Phase.
- h. Subpart 2.20, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Subsurface Investigations for Nuclear Power Plants," ASME NQA-1-1994 AmerenUE commits to this subpart for subsurface investigation activities.
- i. Nuclear Information and Records Management Association, Inc. (NIRMA) Technical Guide (TG) 11-1998, "Authentication of Records and Media" AmerenUE commits to this TG as addressed in Section Q of this QAPD.
- j. NIRMA TG 15-1998, "Management of Electronic Records" AmerenUE commits to this TG as addressed in Section Q of this QAPD.

- k. NIRMA TG 16-1998, "Software Configuration Management and Quality Assurance" AmerenUE commits to this TG as addressed in Section Q of this QAPD
- 1. NIRMA TG 21-1998, "Electronic Records Protection and Restoration" AmerenUE commits to this TG as addressed in Section Q of this QAPD
- m. Section 4, "Storage, Preservation, and Safekeeping," of Supplement 17S-1, "Supplementary Requirements for Quality Assurance Records," NQA-1-1994 Edition AmerenUE commits to this Section as addressed in Section Q of this QAPD.

SECTION V

NONSAFETY-RELATED SSC QUALITY CONTROLS

This section outlines the owner defined Quality Assurance Program for QA Level 2 activities, including, Nonsafety-Related SSCs Credited for Regulated Events. For contractors, the QA Level 2 program shall be described in documents that must be approved by AmerenUE. The QA Level 2 program shall be applied to owner designated structures, systems, components, and activities. Requirements for QA Level 2 are defined below. QA Level 2 requirements shall not be applied to safety-related SSCs, items that may affect the functions of the safety-related SSCs, or items important to safety.

A. Nonsafety-related SSCs that are significant contributors to plant safety

The quality control criteria under subsection B below, apply to the Quality Assurance Program requirements for SSCs that are not safety related and are significant contributors to plant safety.

B. Nonsafety-Related SSCs Credited for Regulated Events

- AmerenUE commits to implement quality requirements to the fire protection system in accordance with Regulatory Position 1.7, "Quality Assurance," in RG 1.189, April 2001, "Fire Protection for Operating Nuclear Power Plants,"
- AmerenUE commits to implement the quality requirements to anticipated transients without scram (ATWS) equipment in accordance with Generic Letter 85-06, April 1985, "Quality Assurance Guidance for ATWS Equipment That Is Not Safety Related."
- AmerenUE commits to implement quality requirements to station blackout (SBO)
 equipment in accordance with Regulatory Position 3.5, "Quality Assurance and Specific
 Guidance for SBO Equipment That Is Not Safety Related," and Appendix A, "Quality
 Assurance Guidance for Non-Safety Systems and Equipment," in RG 1.155, August
 1988, "Station Blackout."

The following criteria apply to Quality Assurance Program requirements for non safety-related SSCs that perform safety significant functions or are credited for regulated events. This Quality Assurance program provides assurance that these nonsafety-related SSCs are designed, fabricated, erected, tested, maintained, and operated so that they will function as intended. Those SSCs that are safety-related shall be controlled in accordance with QAPD Sections A through U and W, including Appendix 1 and Table 1.

Organization

The organization structure and related responsibilities described in Section A, "Organization," of the AmerenUE QAPD apply.

Quality Assurance Program

The QA program shall be under the management control of the AmerenUE Management Position Responsible for Quality and Performance Improvement. This control consists of (1)

formulating and/or verifying that the QA program incorporates suitable requirements and is acceptable to the management responsible for these programs and (2) verifying the effectiveness of the QA program through review, surveillance, and audits.

Performance of other QA program functions may be performed by personnel outside of the QA organization.

The Quality Assurance Program requirements for fire protection, anticipated transients without scram (ATWS), station blackout (SBO) and SSCs that are not safety-related shall meet specified criteria. These criteria apply to items within the scope of the fire protection, e.g., such as fire protection systems and features, emergency lighting, communication and self-contained breathing apparatus, as well as the fire protection requirements of applicable equipment important to safety.

Design and Procurement Document Control

Measures shall be established to include these requirements in design and procurement documents and that deviations therefrom are controlled such that:

- a. Design and procurement document changes, including field changes and design deviations, are subject to the same level of controls, reviews, and approvals that were applicable to the original document.
- b. Quality standards are specified in the design documents, such as appropriate fire protection, ATWS, and SBO codes and standards, and deviations and changes from these quality standards are controlled
- c. New designs and plant modifications, including fire protection systems, ATWS systems, and SBO systems are reviewed by qualified personnel to ensure inclusion of appropriate requirements. These reviews should include items such as:
 - Design reviews to verify adequacy of wiring isolation and cable separation criteria.
 - Design reviews to verify appropriate requirements for room isolation (sealing penetrations, floors, and other fire barriers).
 - Design related guidelines used in complying with 10 CFR 50.63 are included in design and procurement documents.
 - Design requirements of 10 CFR 50.62 shall be translated into design and procurement documents.
- d. A review and approval of the adequacy of fire protection, ATWS, and SBO requirements and quality requirements stated in procurement documents are performed and documented by qualified personnel. This review shall determine that fire protection ATWS, and SBO requirements and quality requirements are correctly stated, inspectable, and controllable; there are adequate acceptance and rejection criteria; and the

procurement document has been prepared, reviewed, and approved in accordance with applicable QA program requirements.

Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings

Section E, "Instructions, Procedures, and Drawings," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for instructions, procedures, and drawings.

Specific requirements that apply to fire protection, ATWS, and SBO activities are:

- Fire Protection: Inspections, tests, administrative controls, fire drills, and training that govern the fire protection program shall be prescribed by documented instructions, procedures, or drawings and shall be accomplished in accordance with these documents such that:
 - i. Indoctrination and training programs for fire prevention and fire fighting are implemented in accordance with documented procedures.
 - ii. Activities such as design, installation, inspection, test, maintenance, and modification of fire protection systems are prescribed and accomplished in accordance with documented instructions, procedures, and drawings.
- iii. Instructions and procedures for design, installation, inspection, test, maintenance, modification, and administrative controls are reviewed to ensure that the proper fire protection requirements are addressed, such as control of ignition sources and combustibles, provisions for backup fire protection capability, disabling a fire protection system, and the restriction on material substitution unless specifically evaluated.
- iv. The installation or application of penetration seals, fire barrier systems, and fire retardant coatings is performed by trained personnel using approved procedures.
- ATWS Maintenance on the equipment shall be based on the appropriate use of vendor information. Any departure from the vendor guidance shall be based on a documented evaluation conducted by the Engineering Organization.
- SBO –Inspections, tests, administrative controls, and training shall be in compliance with 10 CFR 50.63

Document Control

Section F, "Document Control," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for document control.

Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services

Section G, "Control of Purchased Material, Equipment, and Services," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for control of purchased material, equipment, and

services. These measures are established to ensure that purchased material, equipment, and services conform to the procurement documents. These measures should include: 1) Provisions, as appropriate, for source evaluation and selection, objective evidence of quality furnished by the contractor, inspections at suppliers, or receipt inspections. 2) Source or receipt inspection, as a minimum, for those items whose quality cannot be verified after installation.

Identification and Control of Purchased Items

Section H, "Identification and Control of Materials, Parts, and Components," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for identification and control of materials, parts, and components. These controls include storage of environmentally sensitive equipment or material and the storage of material that has a limited shelf-life.

Special Processes

Section I, "Control of Special Processes," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for special processes.

Inspection

Section J, "Inspection," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for inspection activities. Personnel conducting these inspections are independent from the individuals performing the activity being inspected and are knowledgeable of the requirements.

This program shall include:

- a. Inspections of:
 - Installation, maintenance, and modification of fire protection systems or features.
 - Emergency lighting and communication equipment to ensure conformance to design and installation requirements.
- b. Inspection of penetration seals, fire barriers, and fire retardant coating installations to verify the activity is satisfactorily completed.
- c. Inspections of cable routing to verify conformance with design requirements.
- d. Inspections to verify that appropriate requirements for room isolation (sealing penetrations, floors, and other fire barriers) are accomplished during construction.
- e. Inspection procedures, instructions, and check lists that provide for:
 - Identification of characteristics and activities to be inspected.
 - Identification of the individuals or groups responsible for performing the inspection operation.

- Acceptance and rejection criteria.
- A description of the method of inspection.
- Recording evidence of completing and verifying a manufacturing, inspection, or test operation.
- Recording inspector or data recorder and the results of the inspection operation.
- f. Periodic inspections of fire protection systems, emergency breathing and auxiliary equipment, emergency lighting, and communication equipment to ensure the acceptable condition of these items.
- g. Periodic inspection of materials subject to degradation such as fire barriers, stops, seals, and fire retardant coatings to ensure these items have not deteriorated or been damaged.

Test and Test Control

Section K, "Test Control," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for test and test control activities.

A test program shall be established and implemented to ensure that testing is performed and verified by inspection and audit to demonstrate conformance with design and system readiness requirements. The tests shall be performed in accordance with written test procedures; test results shall be properly evaluated and acted on. This test program shall include:

- a. Installation Testing- following construction, modification, repair or replacement, sufficient testing should be performed to demonstrate that fire protection systems, emergency lighting, and communication equipment will perform satisfactorily in service and that design criteria are met. Written test procedures for installation tests incorporate the requirements and acceptance limits contained in applicable design documents.
- b. Periodic testing- the schedules and methods for periodic testing are developed and documented. Fire protection equipment, emergency lighting, and communication equipment are tested periodically to ensure that the equipment will function properly and continue to meet the design criteria.
- c. Programs are established for QA/QC to verify testing of fire protection systems and features and to verify that test personnel are effectively trained.
- d. Test results are documented, evaluated, and their acceptability determined by a qualified responsible individual or group.
- e. ATWS SSCs are tested, as appropriate, prior to installation and operation and periodically.

Control of Measuring and Test Equipment

Measuring and test equipment (M&TE) control measures include provisions to control, calibrate, and adjust M&TE at specified intervals.

Handling, Storage, and Shipping

The handling, storage, and shipping of items shall include provisions for handling, storage, shipping, cleaning, packaging, and preservation in accordance with practices established by AmerenUE and the manufacture's recommendations.

Inspection, Test, and Operating Status

Section N, "Inspection, Test, and Operating Status," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for Inspection, Test, and Operating Status. This program includes measures for the 1) documentation or identification of items that have satisfactorily passed required tests and inspections, and 2) The identification by means of tags, labels, or similar temporary markings to indicate completion of required inspections and tests and operating status.

Nonconforming Items

Section O, "Nonconforming Materials, Parts, and Components," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to provide the overall program for the control of nonconforming materials, parts, and components.

This program ensures that nonconforming material, parts or components are controlled to prevent inadvertent use or installation. These measures include provisions to ensure that:

- a. Nonconforming, inoperative, or malfunctioning fire protection systems, emergency lighting, and communication equipment are appropriately tagged or labeled.
- b. The identification, documentation, segregation, review disposition, and notification to the affected organization of nonconforming materials, parts, components, or services are procedurally controlled.
- c. Documentation identifies the nonconforming item, describes the nonconformance and the disposition of the nonconforming item and includes signature approval of the disposition.
- d. Provisions are established to identify those individuals or groups delegated the responsibility and authority for the disposition and approval of nonconforming items.

Corrective Action

Section P, "Corrective Action," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to ensure that conditions adverse to quality such as failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and uncontrolled combustible materials are promptly identified, reported, and corrected. These measures ensure that:

- a. Procedures are established for evaluation of conditions adverse to fire protection (such as nonconformance, failures, malfunctions, deficiencies, deviations, and defective material and equipment) to determine the necessary corrective action.
- b. In the case of significant or repetitive conditions adverse to AWTS, SBO, and fire protection, including fire incidents, the cause of the conditions is determined and analyzed, and prompt corrective actions are taken to preclude recurrence. The cause of the condition and the corrective action taken are promptly reported to cognizant levels of management for review and assessment.

Records

Section Q, "Records," of the AmerenUE QAPD shall be used to ensure that required records are maintained and controlled. This program includes processes that ensure the following:

- a. Records are identifiable and retrievable and shall demonstrate conformance to fire protection requirements. The records include results of inspections, tests, reviews, and audits; non-conformance and corrective action reports; construction, maintenance, and modification records; and certified manufacturers' data.
- b. Record retention requirements are established.
- **c.** ATWS records delineated in 49 FR 26036 (pages 26042-26043) shall be maintained and controlled.

Audits

In lieu of independent audits, line management may periodically review and document the adequacy of the quality controls and take any necessary corrective action. Line management is responsible for determining whether reviews conduced by line management or audits conducted by any organization independent of line management are appropriate. If performed, audits are conducted and documented to verify compliance with design and procurement documents, instructions, procedures, drawings, and inspection and test activities.

Audits shall be conducted and documented in accordance with Section R, "Audits," of the AmerenUE QAPD to verify compliance with the fire protection program such that:

- Audits are performed to verify compliance with the administrative controls and implementation of quality assurance criteria, including design and procurement documents, instructions, procedures, drawings, and inspection and test activities as they apply to fire protection features and safe shutdown capability.
- b. Additionally, fire protection audits shall be performed by a qualified audit team. The team shall include at least a lead auditor from the licensee's QA organization, a systems engineer, and a fire protection engineer. The lead auditor shall be qualified, for example, per ASME NQA-1-1994, "Quality Assurance Program Requirements for Nuclear Facilities." The systems engineer shall be knowledgeable in safety systems, operating procedures, and emergency procedures. The fire protection engineers (or engineering

consultant) shall meet the qualifications for membership in the Society of Fire Protection Engineers at the grade of member. The fire protection engineer can be a licensee employee who is not directly responsible for the site fire protection program for two of three years, but shall be an outside independent fire protection consultant every third year. This audit team approach will ensure that the technical requirements as well as the QA requirements are adequately assessed.

c. Insurance company inspections shall not be used to satisfy any of the fire protection audit requirement. However, if the insurance company develops an inspection that has the proper scope and the inspection team includes a person knowledgeable in nuclear safety, an insurance company may perform these audits in conjunction with a lead auditor from the licensee's QA organization.

Two distinct fire protection audits are specified below:

1. **24 months (maximum interval of) Fire Protection Audit**. AmerenUE has developed performance based schedule for fire protection. This program requires periodic performance reviews. The audit frequency shall not exceed 24 months.

The elements that are incorporated in the 24-month audit are:

- a. Purpose The purpose of the 24-month audit of the fire protection program and implementing procedures is to ensure that the requirements for design, procurement, fabrication, installation, testing, maintenance, and administrative controls for the respective programs continue to be included in the plant QA program for fire protection and meet the criteria of the QA/QC program established by the AmerenUE. The 24-month audit shall be performed by qualified AmerenUE personnel who are not directly responsible for the site fire protection program or by an outside independent fire protection consultant. These audits shall normally encompass an evaluation of existing programmatic documents to verify continued adherence to NRC requirements.
- b. Scope Each audit shall verify that the commitments of the Safety Analysis Report (SAR) and that the requirements of the Technical Specifications and license conditions have been met and that modifications to systems and structures or changes in operating procedures have not decreased the level of safety in the plant. The audit shall include inspection of all plant areas for which fire protection is provided and, in particular, examination of fire barriers, fire detection systems, and fire extinguishing systems provided for equipment important to safety. The audit shall verify that:
 - The installed fire protection systems and barriers are appropriate for the objects protected by comparing them to NRC guidelines and SER-approved alternatives and noting any deviations.
 - The fire hazard in each fire area has not increased above that which was specified in the SAR.

- Regularly scheduled maintenance is performed on plant fire protection systems.
- Identified deficiencies have been promptly and adequately corrected.
- Special permit procedures (hot work, valve positioning) are being followed.
- Plant personnel are receiving appropriate training in fire prevention and firefighting procedures and the training program is consistent with approved standards. (The audit team should witness a typical training session.)
- Plant response to fire emergencies is adequate by analyzing incident records and witnessing an unplanned fire drill.
- Administrative controls are limiting transient combustibles in areas important to safety.
- Problem areas identified in previous audits have been corrected.
- The audit shall analyze all problem areas identified by the audit and recommend appropriate fire protection measures to provide a level of safety consistent with NRC guidelines.
- 2. **Triennial Fire Protection Audit**. The triennial audit is basically the same as the 24-month fire protection audit; the difference lies in the source of the auditors. The triennial audit shall be performed by an outside independent fire protection consultant. These audits shall normally encompass an evaluation of existing documents (other than those addressed under the 24-month audit) plus an inspection of fire protection system operability, inspection of the integrity of fire barriers, and witnessing the performance of procedures to verify that the fire protection program has been fully implemented and is adequate for the objects protected. Duplicate audits are not required.

SECTION W

INDEPENDENT REVIEW

During the Operation phase, an Independent Review Committee (IRC), reporting to the Senior Vice President and CNO will perform the following:

- o Reviews proposed changes to the facility as described in the SAR. The IRC review verifies that such changes do not adversely effect safety and if a technical specification change or NRC review is required.
- o Reviews proposed tests and experiments not described in the SAR. These tests and experiments are reviewed prior to implementation. The IRC also verifies that tests or experiments do not require a technical specification change or NRC review.
- o Reviews proposed technical specification changes and license amendments relating to nuclear safety prior to implementation, except in those cases where the change is identical to a previously approved change.
- o Reviews violations, deviations, and reportable events that are required to be reported to the NRC in writing within 24 hours. This review includes the results of investigations and recommendations resulting from such investigations to prevent or reduce the probability of recurrence of the event.
- o Reviews any matter related to nuclear safety that is requested by the Senior Vice President and CNO, Vice President, Nuclear Operations, Vice President, Engineering, or any IRC member,
- o Reviews corrective actions for significant conditions adverse to quality.
- o Auditing the adequacy of the audit program every two years.

The IRC serves in an advisory capacity to the Senior Vice President and CNO on all matters related to nuclear safety for their assigned AmerenUE facilities.

Composition

The IRC shall be composed of a minimum of five members. No more than a minority of members are from the onsite operating organization. A minimum of the chairman or alternative chairman and 2 members must be present for all meetings. The Senior Vice President and CNO shall appoint, in writing, the members of IRC, including the IRC Chairperson and the Vice Chairperson drawn from the IRC members.

Consultants and contractors shall be used for the review of complex problems beyond the expertise of the IRC.

Alternates

Alternate members shall be appointed in writing by the IRC Chairperson to serve on a temporary basis. Each alternate shall meet the minimum qualifications described above for IRC, and shall have the same area of expertise as the member being replaced.

Meeting Frequency

The IRC shall meet at least once per calendar quarter until 30 days of continuous full power operation is achieved. Afterwards meetings are conducted no less than twice a year. Meetings may also be convened by the IRC Chairperson.

Persons on the IRC are qualified as follows:

- Supervisor or Chairman of the IRC
 - o Education: baccalaureate in engineering or related science.
 - o Minimum experience: 6 years combined managerial and technical support.

• IRC members

o Education:

Baccalaureate in engineering or related science for those IRC review personnel who are required to review problems in nuclear power plant operations, nuclear engineering, chemistry and radiochemistry, metallurgy, nondestructive testing, instrumentation and control, radiological safety, mechanical engineering, and electrical engineering.

High school diploma for those independent review personnel who are required to review problems in administrative control and quality assurance practices, training, and emergency plans and related procedures and equipment.

 Minimum experience: 5 years experience in their own area of responsibility (nuclear power plant operations, nuclear engineering, chemistry and radiochemistry, metallurgy, nondestructive testing, instrumentation and control, radiological safety, mechanical engineering, and electrical engineering, administrative control and quality assurance practices, training, and emergency plans and related procedures and equipment)

Records

Results of the meeting are documented and recorded.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX 1

PROVISIONS FOR CHANGE

This QAPD is reviewed and revised as necessary to reflect any changes that occur during the siting, fabrication, design, construction, operation, including maintenance and modifications. In addition, this QAPD is revised when corrective actions, regulatory, organizational, or work scope changes warrant changes to the AmerenUE QA Program. The AmerenUE QAPD is maintained current through design, construction, and operation. The AmerenUE QAPD is kept current as the design, construction, and operation activities progress, and appropriate changes are made based on any of the following:

- AmerenUE lessons learned from audit and assessment findings,
- Program improvements identified from analysis of trends, and
- Changes due to regulations, commitments, reorganizations, revised project schedule, or program improvements from continuous review of assessment results and process improvement initiatives.

Any changes that reduce commitments in the approved QAPD, including those commitments that affect the QA Level requirements in this QAPD, will be submitted to the NRC for review and approval prior to implementation as required by 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3) and 10 CFR 50.55(f)(4). Changes that do not reduce commitments will be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.54 and 10 CFR 50.55(f)(4), as applicable.

For the purposes of 10 CFR 50.54(a)(3) and 10 CFR 50.55(f)(4) the following are not considered a reduction in commitment.

- Quality assurance program changes involving administrative improvements and clarifications, spelling corrections, punctuation, or editorial items,
- The use of a QA standard approved by the NRC which is more recent than the QA standard in the licensee's current QA program at the time of the change;
- The use of a quality assurance alternative or exception approved by an NRC safety evaluation, provided that the bases of the NRC approval are applicable to the licensee's facility;
- The use of generic organizational position titles that clearly denote the position function, supplemented as necessary by descriptive text, rather than specific titles;
- The use of generic organizational charts to indicate functional relationships, authorities, and responsibilities, or, alternately, the use of descriptive text;
- The elimination of quality assurance program information that duplicates language in quality assurance regulatory guides and quality assurance standards to which the licensee is committed; and

| • | Organizational revisions that ensure that persons and organizations performing quality assurance functions continue to have the requisite authority and organizational freedom, including sufficient independence from cost and schedule when opposed to safety considerations. |
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Table 1 AmerenUE Exceptions/Alternatives with Basis

| | AMERENUE EXCEPTIONS/ALTERNATIVES | SOURCE/BASIS FOR ACCEPTANCE |
|---|--|--|
| - | In lieu of the applicable requirements of NQA-1-1994 Basic Requirement 4, Supplement 4S-1 and Supplement 7S-1, controls for the procurement of commercial-grade items shall be based on the requirements of 10 CFR 21 and the guidance of EPRI NP-5652, June 1988, as modified by Generic Letter 89-02, March 21, 1989, and Generic Letter 91-05, April 9, 1991. | NQA-1-1994 does not adequately address the process for procurement of commercial-grade items and services, and has not been endorsed by the NRC staff for that purpose. Generic Letter 89-02 conditionally endorses EPRI NP-5652 for evaluating commercial grade products for suitability for use in safety-rated applications. Generic Letter 91-05 reaffirms the conditional endorsement of EPRI NP-5652. 10 CFR 21 was amended effective October 19, 1995 to revise the terms Basic Component, Commercial Grade Item, and Dedication, and add the terms Critical Characteristics and Dedication Entity. |
| | | This alternative is acceptable for AmerenUE to assure the quality of procured supplier products since this requirement and guidance is the latest issued and endorsed by the NRC staff for procurement of commercial-grade items. |
| 7 | In addition to the applicable requirements of NQA-1-1994 Basic Requirement 4, Supplement 4S-1 and Supplement 7S-1, controls for the procurement, the AmerenUE procurement program includes the following provision: | The NRC has accepted this position in the SE (ML070510300) for NEI 06-14A, Quality Assurance Program Description, as follows: "The staff acknowledges that 10 CFR Part 50 licensees, authorized nuclear inspection agencies, the NIST, and |
| | Other 10 CFR 50 and 10 CFR 52 licensees, Authorized Nuclear Inspection Agencies, National Institute of Standards and Technology, or other State and Federal agencies, which may provide items or services to AmerenUE, are not required to be evaluated or audited. | other State and Federal agencies perform work under acceptable quality programs, and no additional audit or evaluation is required. The staff determined that this exception is acceptable as documented in a previous safety evaluation (Ref. ADAMS Accession No. ML003693241). The applicant or holder is still responsible for ensuring that the items or services conform with its Appendix B program, applicable |

Table 1 AmerenUE Exceptions/Alternatives with Basis

| | AMERENUE EXCEPTIONS/ALTERNATIVES | SOURCE/BASIS FOR ACCEPTANCE |
|---|--|--|
| | | ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code requirements, and other regulatory requirements and commitments. The applicant or holder is also responsible for ensuring that the items or services are suitable for the intended application and for documenting this evaluation. The proposed exception is acceptable on the basis that it provides an appropriate level of quality and safety." |
| 3 | Section U – NQA-1-1994, Subpart 2.4, "Installation, Inspection, and Testing Requirements for Power, Instrumentation, and Control Equipment at Nuclear Facilities" (ANSI/IEEE Std. 336-1985), will be implemented with the following alternatives: | These alternatives are consistent with the provisions approved by the NRC in <u>Safety Evaluation of Proposed Changes to the Quality Assurance Program, Quality Assurance Program Consolidation</u> for Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. and Virginia Electric and Power Company, dated September 9, 2005. |
| | • All references to ANSI/ASME NQA-1, ANSI/ASME NQA-2, and ANSI/ANS-3.2 are changed to refer to the appropriate sections of ANSI/ASME NQA-1-1994 and this QAPD | This alternative is acceptable because it provides consistency with this QAPD to implement AmerenUE's commitment to 10 CFR 50, Appendix B. |
| | • With regard to subsection 3.3, "Procedures and Instructions," as an alternative to the requirement to utilize a checklist and mark as required or not appropriate the listed items during preparation of procedures or instructions, AmerenUE utilizes administrative controls to ensure the appropriateness and correctness of procedures and instructions including reviews against standards that may not require a checklist to be marked. | This alternative is acceptable because it allow for a consistent method of preparing procedures and instructions in accordance with company administrative controls. |
| | • Instrumentation and control devices installed in operating facilities are not required to be labeled as described in subsection 7.2.1, provided the information | This alternative is acceptable based on providing an equivalent level of control over information related to the calibration of these devices. |

Table 1 AmerenUE Exceptions/Alternatives with Basis

| | AMERENUE EXCEPTIONS/ALTERNATIVES | SOURCE/BASIS FOR ACCEPTANCE |
|---|--|---|
| | is maintained in suitable documentation traceable to the device. | |
| 4 | Section U – NQA-1-1994, Subpart 2.5, "Quality Assurance Requirements for Installation, Inspection, and Testing of Structural Concrete, Structural Steel, Soils, and Foundations for Nuclear Power Plants," will be implemented with the following alternative: | This alternative is consistent with the provisions approved by the NRC in <u>Safety Evaluation of Proposed Changes to the Quality Assurance Program, Quality Assurance Program Consolidation</u> for Dominion Nuclear Connecticut, Inc. and Virginia Electric and Power Company, dated September 9, 2005. |
| | • With regard to subsection 7.7, "Curing," ASTM C 1315 is added to the first paragraph as another applicable standard for test methods for curing compounds. | This alternative is acceptable based on a later approved standard that is comparable for meeting the requirements of subsection 7.7. |